BIG LEAGUE BOSSES

FINAL SESSION OF THE MAGNATES DEVOID OF ANY SENSATIONS.

TEMPLE CUP GAMES STAY.

MOTION TO ABOLISH THE SERIES BEATEN ON A CLOSE VOTE.

CAPT. TEBEAU'S CASE DROPPED.

Fine Remitted and the League Will Pay the Expenses of the Litigation Involved.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—The quiet that follows a storm reigned at the National League convention today. During the forenoon, the magnates loitered about the corridors and seemed to be in no hurry to take up the routine business of the final session. About the only deals that went through were with the minor league teams. St. Louis drafted Hartman from Milwaukee and gave in exchange Bert Meyers; Crooks was sold by the Louisville team to Columbus. Other deals were rumored but were not substantiated.

Shortly after 1 o'clock the members settled down for the final session, which was devoid of anything like the pyrotechnics that have characterized the earlier sessions. The first thing done was to pass an amendment to section 24 of the national agreement reading as follows: This agreement may be altered at any time by the National league and American association of professional baseball clubs."

Mr. Hart, of Chicago, then introduced a resolution to abolish the Temple Cup series which was lost by a vote of 7 to 5. A motion was passed to create a committeee of which President Young should be the chairman, to devise better means for controlling umpires. This committee will report at the spring meeting. The question of season passes was next broached. President Freedman related some of the abuses of the system in New York and favored their abolishment, which was brought about upon the motion of Mr. Robinson. The following were then passed:

Whereas, Oliver Tebeau, a player of the Cleveland baseball club, was fined $200, June 29, 1896, apparently by the board of directors, although in reality the resolution of the board was merely in the form of a suggestion to the president by the league to impose such fine under authority of section 22 of the constitution, and

Whereas, A court of common pleas of Cuyahoga county, of Ohio, has decided that said fine was irregular and not in accord with the league constitution and therefore null and void.

Resolved, That without reflecting on the action of the board, or deciding anything on the merits of the case, the president of the league be directed to instruct the attorneys retained by him to defend the suit brought by Tebeau to discontinue any further defense and pay the costs charged against this league as defendants in the suit.

In commenting on this action President Young said that the imposition of the fine was a mistake for which no one was responsible and the league deemed it only right to settle the matter without further trouble. Over two hours were consumed in discussing the Amos Rusie case and the effect a verdict of the court in his favor would have on the reservation clause. A strong inclination to make some concessions to Rusie was manifested, it being tacitly acknowledged that should he win his case no club would be able to hold players over.

President Andrew Freedman, of the New York baseball club, accuses other presidents of the National league clubs of instigating the suits brought by Pitcher Rusie against the New York club. He lays his troubles at the door of John T. Brush and F. De H. Robinson, and at the final meeting of the league session this afternoon created a sensation by making statements to that effect before the members of the league. For a moment they sat dazed by the accusation made by the Gotham magnate, and then speedily Mr. Freedman was calmed down and an exciting scene narrowly averted.

The business of the session being all transacted, the league adjourned to meet in Baltimore the last Thursday in February, 1897.

WESTERN CHAMPIONSHIP.

Michigan Does Not Want It to Be in Doubt.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Nov. 13.—Manager Hughes, of the Michigan football eleven, has taken a step, which, if carried out, will result in the definite settlement of the championship of the West this season. Last night he wired the following challenge to the managers of the Wisconsin and Northwestern teams:

Mihigan challenges the winner of the Northwestern-Wisconsin game to play her in Chicago, on Saturday, Nov. 28, following Thanksgiving day, to decide any doubts as to the Western championship.

Manager Hughes expects to have an answer before Thanksgiving day.

Manager Ward Hughes has also replied to the recent protest made by the Minnesota management on the Michigan-Minnesota game as follows:

"To Manager Minnesota Football Team—Michigan defeated Minnesota last Saturday and can see no necessity for playing again. —"Ward Hughes."

The Michigan men say: As Referee Donnelly, against whose decision Minnesota now protests, was the official representing the Minnesota management and the point on which they base their claim is so trivial their protest is unreasonable. Michigan men who saw the game claim that there were more grounds for a protest from Michigan than from Minnesota, in view of the touch-down which was made by Michigan in the first half and not allowed, although it is claimed that the so-called off-side play was not seen by the officials.

McKinley Carried Kentucky.

To the Editor of the Globe.

Does a man betting that McKinley carries Kentucky win his bet?

—Old Line Democrat.

(He does. The official count in Kentucky shows that twelve of the McKinley electors carried the state by an average plurality of 258. The fact that the highest Bryan elector beat the lowest McKinley elector does not affect the bet. The same state of things came about in 1892 in Ohio, where twenty-two Harrison electors won by about 1,000 plurality, but one Cleveland elector won by beating the lowest Harrison elector.—Editor.)

Pimlico Park.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13.—Summary: First race, five furlongs—Prisoner won, Periodical second, Minnie Alphonse third. Time, 1:07¼. Second race, six furlongs—Premier won, Harrington second, Medica third. Time, 1:19. Third race, mile—Laurelton won, Rockefeller second, Lida Woodlands third. Time, 1:48¾. Fourth race, six furlongs—Hiddaddy won, L E second, Dr. Jim third. Time, 1:18¼. Fifth race, mile and a sixteenth—Declare won, Doggett second, Fannie B third. Time, 1:52¾.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

HARRISON'S LAST NIGHT.

He Played Fast, but Not His Best Game.

Harrison finished his public billiard life in St. Paul for the present last night in the closing game of the series with young Foley. The game he put up was an erratic one. At times it was brilliant in the extreme and would fall off to a moderate pace for awhile, only to get going again faster than ever. It lacked the steadiness of the previous game, and from the standpoint of average was not up to any of the series, only averaging a little over 11 for the night. Foley played the first half of the game splendidly and then fell to nothing in the latter half. He scored 139 to Harrison's 400, with an average of about 4. Harrison had fourteen doubles, the best being 48, 41, 37, 27, 23 and 22; Foley had 28, 23 and 16. This evening Harrison will be at Foley's to say good-bye to his billiard friends, as he leaves for Chicago Sunday. Next week Foley's shortstop amateurs will begin a new series, with Thayer, Capen and Foley barred. Entries close this evening.

Ideal Park.

CHICAGO, Nov. 13.—Summary: First race, five-eighths of a mile—Anna Lyle won, Elsie Ferguson second, Wells Street third. Time, 1:04. Second race, five-eights of a mile—His Brother won, My Hebe second, Highland Fling third. Time, 1:03¾. Third race, five-eighths of a mile—Indictment won, Whitcomb second, Vanessa third. Time, 1:02¾. Fourth race, fifteen-sixteenths of a mile—Newhouse won, Glenbeau second, Terra Archer third. Time, 1:37. Fifth race, five-eighths of a mile—Moss Rose won, Fairy Queen second, Dockstader third. Time, 1:02½.

Latonia Track.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 13.—Summary: First race, seven furlongs—Rampart won, Katie G second, Birmingham third; time, 1:34¼. Second race, five and a half furlongs—Carlotta C won, Forsythe second, Mertie Reed third; time, 1:12¼. Third race, six furlongs—Hermes won, La Wanda second, Volima third; time, 1:18¾. Fourth race, one mile—Impskate won, John Kessler second, Basso third; time, 1:47. Fifth race, five furlongs—Brisies won, Fairoun second, Vitascope third; time, 1:07¼.

Nashville Races.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 13.—Summary: First race, Waldin won, Annie Sweet second, Trilby third. Time, 1:21½. Second race, five furlongs—Traveler won, Susie Howze second, G. R. Longhurst third. Time, 1:03¼. Third race, five furlongs—Granny won, Brambleinet second, Princess Maud third. Time, 1:07¼. Fourth race, five furlongs—Eton Jacket won, Miss Brambie second, Mamie Callan third. Time, 1:05. Fifth race, six furlongs, selling—Eleanor McY won, B. F. Ely Jr. second, F. M. B. third. Time, 1:18¾.

Frank Carpenter tells how Cotton is grown, baled and shipped in tomorrow's Sunday Globe.

Six-Day Score.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Nov. 13.—In the six-day, four hours daily, bicycle race, the score at the end of the eighteenth hour stood as follows: Hoffstetter, Florida, 368 miles 3 laps. Smith, Saratoga, 368 miles. Schoch, New York city, 367 miles. Golden, New York city, 363 miles 3 laps.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

Cards Issued for a Reception by Mrs. J. J. Hill.

Cards were issued yesterday by Mrs. James J. Hill and her daughters, Miss Hill and Miss Charlotte Hill, for an afternoon reception Thursday from 5 to 6 o'clock, at the Hill residence on Summit avenue.

The regular Friday afternoon tea for the mothers of the Bethel was held yesterday, Mrs. Frank B. Kellogg being in charge, assisted by the usual committee of women. Rev. A. B. Meldrum, of Central Presbyterian church, gave an address, and Mrs. Russell R. Dorr gave an interesting talk on music. There was an informal musical programme.

A mothers' meeting will be held this afternoon in the parlors of the House of Hope by the Primary Sunday School union. A programme has been prepared by Mrs. A. S. H. Dyer, who will be assisted by Mrs. F. H. Chamberlin. The subject for the afternoon will be, "How Much Success of the Sunday School Teacher Depends Upon the Home Relationship."

Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Pruden, of Ashland avenue, entertained last evening.

Miss Clara Canouse gave a card party at White Bear last evening, which was attended by a large number of young people from town, composing a last summer's camping party.

The second annual by the C. H. and M. A. social club was given last evening in Oxford hall with an attendance of 100 young people. Westminster orchestra furnished music, and supper was served at 11:30 o'clock in the dining room. Prof. Farnsworth and Miss Brunson received the guests and the committee on entertaining was composed of Walter Cummings, Walter Haskell, Howard Berser, Adolph Voges, Alex Nichol and others.

The Laurel Cycle club gave a dancing party last evening in the club house on Grand avenue. The rooms were cleared of furniture and after a dancing programme of some length, supper was served in the dining room from a couple of long tables. Misses Hagen, Johnson and Edwardson received the guests. The club will give a cinch party every other Friday evening. The record of games will determine the prize winner. Thanksgiving eve the club will give the play, "A Box of Monkeys," in the club house.

The board of the Bethel boat met yesterday morning with Mrs. R. M. Newport and discussed plans for the year's work.

Mrs. and Miss Tarbox will give a large reception at the Aberdeen Thursday.

Mrs. Robert Rantoul gave a dinner at the Aberdeen last evening. Covers were laid for eight.

Mrs. Philip Schufelt entertained this afternoon at her home, on Summit avenue.

St. Luke's Aid Society of St. Paul's Church met yesterday with Mrs. Powell, of Pennsylvania avenue.

The Arcadia Dancing club gives a masquerade this evening in Garfield hall.

The Home Misionary Society of Central Presbyterian Church met yesterday afternoon in the parlors of the church.

Miss Marianne Ritzinger and Miss Kate Wanzer give a euchre party this afternoon at the former's home, on Fairmount avenue.

Miss Muldoon, of the Newport, gave a cinch party last evening to the members of the J. J. G. club.

Miss Hattie Hamond, of Irvine park, gave a luncheon yesterday for Miss Furness and Miss Bigelow.

The monthly meeting of the Dayton Avenue Church W. H. M. S. was held yesterday in the church parlors.

The first meeting of the Bohemian Cinch club will be held this evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lange, 273 Selby avenue.

Miss Adele Lanpher, of Portland avenue, gave a large dancing party last evening to the young people of St. Anthony hill. Nearly 100 were present.

Mrs. Dudley Hersey has returned from Clinton, Io.

Mr. and Mrs. Reed, of Des Moines, who spent the summer on a ranch in Dakota, passed through the city last week on their way home for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis G. Sweet, of New York, who have been at the Aberdeen, have gone to Minneapolis.

C. J. Potts is in New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thompson are home from their wedding trip and have taken apartments at the Aberdeen.

SHEEP UNDER SUSPICION.

Trainload Quarantined by the Board of Health.

A train load of 2,000 sheep is held at the Minnesota Transfer under suspicion that the muttons are afflicted with scab. The load was shipped from Montana several days ago, but the prospective buyers have not paid for the sheep, fearing that they are affected with the disease. Meat Inspector Janssen and other who have examined some of the sheep, report that they are afflicted with "scab." A few are in very bad condition, and as they all came in herded together, it is believed that the whole flock is affected.

The health department proposes to condemn the meat if any of the sheep should be killed and placed on the market. The health officers will endeavor to have the sheep penned separately from other stock and disinfect the pens, so as to put the sheep in as good condition as possible. The health department has no authority to condemn the sheep. It is not known who consigned the sheep to St. Paul.

NORTH DAKOTA VOTE

M'KINLEY RECEIVES A PLURALITY OVER BRYAN OF NEARLY 6,000.

ONE CONTEST AT JAMESTOWN.

NORTH DAKOTA FORGER VICTIMIZES A DULUTH FIRM ON A GRAIN DEAL.

GOLD BOOM AT RAT PORTAGE.

Towne Planning a Lecture Tour Through Colorado—News of the Northwest.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, N. D., Nov. 13.—The official returns by counties are not yet all in, but, adding to the official majorities on president and governor the unofficial majorities reported, the result in North Dakota is about as follows:

	McKinley.	Bryan.	Briggs.	Richards'n.
Barnes	105	....	91	....
Benson	307	....	286	....
Billings	60	....	75	....
Bottineau	....	37	....	16
Burleigh	400	....	446	....
Cass	898	....	963	....
Cavalier	....	429	....	458
Dickey	17	....	12	....
Eddy	39	....	48	....
Emmons	150	....	175	....
Foster	75	....	80	....
Grand Forks	577	....	60	....
Griggs	....	50	....	50
Kidder	60	....	60	....
La Moure	46	....	67	....
Logan	50	....	54	....
McHenry	100	....	100	....
McIntosh	300	....	300	....
McLean	46	....	55	....
Mercer	75	....	75	....
Morton	304	....	383	....
Nelson	25	....	25	....
Oliver	25	....	25	....
Pembina	....	100	....	577
Pierce	147	....	164	....
Ramsey	205	....	228	....
Ransom	186	....	183	....
Richland	749	....	472	....
Rolette	25	....	25	....
Sargent	....	25	....	25
Stark	300	....	350	....
Steele	233	....	228	....
Stutsman	100	....	150	....
Towner	....	91	....	38
Traill	1,018	....	918	....
Walsh	....	332	....	438
Ward	107	....	45	....
Wells	261	....	276	....
Williams	10	....	10	....
Totals	7,000	1,064	6,429	1,602

McKinley's majority 5,936

Briggs' (Rep. governor) majority 4,827

CLAIMS IRREGULARITY.

Defeated Jamestown Senatorial Candidate Making a Contest.

JAMESTOWN, N. D., Nov. 13.—The sensational fight in this, the Twenty-third district, is not settled, although the election took place ten days ago and E. M. Sanford, the Democrat and independent candidate, had a majority of a dozen votes. Through some oversight of the election officials in two precincts, where Mr. Sanford has a majority of 22 over Bailey. W. Fuller, the Republican candidate and present state senator, the returns were not signed by the officials as provided by law. Mr. Fuller bases his claim that the vote of these precincts be thrown out on these facts.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, S. D., Nov. 13.—Before the mandamus order could be served on the county canvassing board today they had completed an abstract of the votes for electors, and congressmen, and transmitted the same to the secretary of state, so that portion is now in and the returns in the balance of the ticket awaits the order of the court. While there are but few votes involved, votes count in this state this year.

Special to the Globe.

PIERRE, S. D., Nov. 13.—Official returns from Stanley county show on electors: Republican 89, Populist 140, Prohibition 2, congressional, Crawford 88, Gamble 88, Kelly 137, Knowles 138; state, Ringsrud 90, Lee 139, Hindman 89, Crothers 139, Roddle 91, Harden 187; auditor, treasurer and attorney 89 to 139; Crane 87, Taubman 141, Lockhart 88, Allen 139, Nowlin county, McKinley 16, Bryan 23. Congressional and state, Republican 17, Populist 32. Sterling county, McKinley 19, Bryan 17. Congressional and staet, Republican 19, Populist 17. Jackson county, McKinley 18, Bryan 30. Congressional, Crawford 19, Gamble 18, Kelley 30, Knowles 29. Governor, Ringsrud 17, Lee 31. The balance of the ticket, Republican 18, Populist 30.

MADE MONEY IN WHEAT.

Forger Had a Scheme That Beat Bucket Shop Gambling.

JAMESTOWN, N. D., Nov. 13.—A smooth scheme was worked on a Duluth commission firm a short time ago by which $2,500 was secured as advance upon wheat which was never shipped from North Dakota. A man at Buffalo wired a prominent firm in Duluth asking what advance they would give him on a shipment of ten cars of wheat from a station in Cass county. The reply was, 80 per cent of the market price. A few days afterward the man appeared at the First National bank in Moorhead with bills of lading and a draft attached for $2,500 on the Duluth firm. The bank satisfied itself of the man's identity by telephoning to the Dakota town and getting a reply that the man was all right. It appears that his name was the same as that of a good farmer. The Duluth firm paid the draft and since has been anxiously looking for the wheat. The bills of lading were forgeries and the whereabouts of the swindler is unknown.

RAT PORTAGE ON GOLD BASIS.

Rush of Prospectors Causes a Boom in the Town.

Special to the Globe.

DULUTH, Nov. 13.—John McAuliff, of this city, returned today from the gold mines of the Rainy Lake and Seine river regions, and he brings reports of a boom that has been little suspected by the people of Minnesota, owing to the distance of the gold diggings from civilization and the lax conditions the mails have been allowed to fall into. The gold belt is over 200 miles in length from east to west, and about seventy-five miles wide. The country is full of prospectors, tenderfeet and capitalists. As a result of the excitement Rat Portage, Ont., usually sleepy, has taken on an unwonted activity. The mills there are turning out gold bricks daily and the town has a boom after waiting eight years. Real estate has advanced 400 per cent in ninety days, and rents have gone up in proportion. The hotels are packed and business rushing in all lines, all on a gold basis.

TO THE HAVEN OF SILVERITES.

Towne Also Will Go to Colorado for Consolation.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 13.—Congressman Towne leaves in a week or so to deliver speeches in Pueblo, Nov. 23; Denver, Nov. 24; Colorado Springs, Nov. 25; Denver, Nov. 27. From there he will go to Washintgon to bid farewell to congressional halls.

Sioux Falls Factories Resume.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Nov. 13.—This place is already beginning to feel the benefits of the election. The Eureka mill, idle for a year, is being thoroughly overhauled, and it will start up in about a week and run night and day, there being orders enough ahead to keep the mill running until next February. During the year the mill will consume about 500,000 bushels of oats, and the price paid by the company is about two cents above the market. The Sioux Falls Brewing company has decided to spend $150,000 in enlarging its plant. Two new buildings will be put up, and the plant will be one of the best in the Western country. The capacity will be increased from 25,000 to 75,000 barrels per year, and the number of men from twenty-five to seventy-five. Also $10,000 is to be spent doubling the bottling works. The A. J. Pettingill Manufacturing company has made arrangements for a loan of $50,000, which was conditioned on the election of McKinley, and two institutions now idle will be put to work.

WHAT MR. LOWRY SAYS

About a Report of a Reduction in Wages.

An article recently appeared in a Minneapolis evening paper to the effect that the street railway company had reduced the wages of its employes the day after election, and it has occasioned many inquiries of the company as to its correctness. Thomas Lowry, president of the company, says:

"Our company regularly employs in the operating department a force of 1,200 men, exclusive of the track force, which during the past summer has numbered over 600 men, and to whom has been paid over $70,000 in wages. In addition to this we have paid over $100,000 for paving, a large portion of which goes for labor. Included in the track force are a number of foremen, who, during the summer months, occupy responsible positions as assistants to the road master. To men of this class we have in the past furnished employment during the winter months by assigning them positions of minor importance, and at slightly reduced wages. Active work in the road master's department usually ends in the latter part of October and changes, such as are above described, are effective Nov. 1. This plan has been in operation for more than five years past. The change this year was made Nov. 1, as in former years.

"With the exception of the above mentioned men, who number about 30, and who are receiving an average of $40 per month, there has been no reduction in any department, and none is contemplated. The track laborers still in our employ, of whom we will have quite a large number for some time to come, are receiving exactly the same wages that were paid them during July and August. All changes were prior to the election, and politics had absolutely nothing to do with the matter. Hence the published statement after election was as false as many made before election. At no time before election did any officer or other person connected with the company request, suggest, or intimate to an employe of the road a desire or preference calculated to influence his vote, or detract from his rights as an American citizen. And further, no employe of the company has been discharged on account of his advocacy of free silver. Every employe is absolutely free in his political and religious views from any interference on the part of our company."

BOTH COATS STOLEN.

Articles Hess and Bernard Tried to Dispose Of.

George E. Hess and Paul Bernard alias Elcholz, were arraigned in the police court yesterday and had their cases continued to this morning. Albert Irving, of 212 West Sixth street, called at police headquarters yesterday morning and identified the ulster sold by the men to an employe of Shea's livery barn as his property. The coat was stolen from the Arion hall on the night of Nov. 7. Irving being one of the participants at a dance held there on the evening mentioned.

The other coat sold by the prisoners has been identified as one stolen from Frank Partridge, a waiter at the Tivoli saloon. In default of bail the twain were committed to jail. Elcholz, the police say, is a married man and formerly lived in Duluth. They infer this from a marriage certificate found in his room at the Rialto hotel. The police also found letters from the Elmquist sisters, stating that they would come back to St. Paul if the amount necessary for car fare was forwarded to them.

MORE STANDING ROOM.

New Interurban Cars Have One Advantage at Least.

The cars of the new model mentioned in the Globe, were placed in service on the Interurban line yesterday afternoon. The cars are of the same dimensions as the ones now in use, the only innovation being that the seats are on the sides of the car instead of the double railroad seats. The employes of the company say that the new cars will seat comfortably forty-five persons, which is two more than the ones now in use will accommodate. Nothing was said about the increased accommodations for standing room, but it is a fact that about thirty more passengers can be crowded into each new car than in the old ones. The new cars are made by grafting two regular size old cars together.

WHO SHOT CARROLL?

Mysterious Affray in the Tenderloin District.

A mysterious shooting occurred early this morning in the locality about Eagle and Washington streets. The patrol wagon from the central police station was called to that corner at 2 o'clock to take to the station three colored women who had been charged with disorderly conduct. When the wagon was about half way up the hill, a colored man named Rufus Carroll, about 52 years of age, clambered on the wagon and informed the officer in charge that he had been shot. Arriving at the central police station it was found that he had a bullet in his collar bone. He refused to tell how he received the wound or where. Carroll worked during the summer on the asphalt paving and says he was for ten years a member of the 26th United States infantry.

Christian Socialism.

Rev. W. D. P. Bliss is to preach at the Church of the Good Shepherd, Twelfth and Cedar streets, tomorrow at 11 a. m. Mr. Bliss is said to represent more, perhaps, than any other man in this country, that which has come to be known as "Christian Socialism;" that is, the endeavor to bring the ethical principles of Jesus Christ to bear upon the economic problems of industrial civilization with rare fidelity and laboriousness. His judgments, therefore, are entitled to unusual deference.

Free Show for Little Folks.

Rev. Charles Haupt, rector of the Church of the Messiah, is the posessor of a fine magic lantern. The reverend gentleman has consented to take it out to St. Peter's mission rooms, Post Siding, Tuesday next at 7:30 p. m., and give the little ones attending there a "free" exhibition. The two St. Andrew's Brotherhood men who have this mission in charge have begun a house to house visitation in search of children who do not go anywhere to Sunday school in that neighborhood, and inviting them to St. Peter's mission if they do not go elsewhere.

St. Paul Will Be Represented.

A meeting will be held at Labor hall Wednesday evening, Nov. 18, for the purpose of electing a delegate to the silver convention which will meet at Denver, Colo., Nov. 24. The members of all silver clubs and those interested in the silver question are invited to attend.

Six Months for Contempt.

F. W. Ritchie was received at the county jail yesterday, having been sentenced to six months' confinement by Judge Lochren. Ritchie was brought back from Missouri as a witness in a counterfeiting case, recently tried at Mankato. He refused to testify and was given six months for contempt of court.

Annoyed His Former Wife.

Charles R. Erickson, charged with creating a disturbance in the apartments of Mrs. Manson, at 196 East Seventh street, was before Judge Orr yesterday. Erickson is the divorced husband of the complaining witness and was required to give a bond to keep the peace.

No Meteors Seen Here.

The meteoric shower promised by Camille Flammarion was not visible locally, perhaps on account of the clouds.

The Minnesota Sandstone company filed with the secretary of state yesterday an amendment increasing its capital stock to $100,000.

An Important Letter....

From the

MINNEAPOLIS BREWING CO.

Brewery and General Office at the corner of Marshall Street and Thirteenth Avenue, N. E., Minneapolis, Minnesota.

Prompted by the universal and merited success and the constantly growing demand **of the Northwestern People for Northwestern Beer Brewed from Northwestern Grain,** we have, after forty years' experience in the Golden Grain Belt, adopted and registered a characteristic label, representing a geometric diamond with the words and pictorial representation of the words

Golden Grain Belt

upon it. This gives a particular and specific title and significance to all our good old lager beers, **thus protecting our patrons from unscrupulous imitations.** The main features of identification of these labels by the consumer are this design, located directly below the upper point of the diamond-shaped label and above its center, and the belt of grain extending horizontally across the middle of the label. The entire label is in colors, but this representation will give a good idea of its general effect and appearance.

Remember that whenever you see this label with any of the following names upon it, you are assured that the contents of the bottle bearing the label is **a Pure Malt Food, bottled at the Brewery,** and that it is made by the Minneapolis Brewing Company, whose Golden Products are **Grain Belt, Gilt Edge, Extra Pale, Wiener, Porter,** and in season, **Bock.** One of these names appears upon the pictorial representation of the Grain Belt in large letters upon every bottle label.

. . . **Minneapolis Brewing Co.,** Minneapolis, Minnesota...

M'KINLEYISM'S TRIUMPH.

What a Correspondent Sees in the Election of Nov. 3.

To the Editor of the Globe.

In your editorial of Nov. 7, referring to the sound money Democrats, under the heading, "The Work of Our Hands," you say many true things, but when you ask the Republican party to go back on the first principles of McKinleyism and favor lower tariffs you are requesting something that no one has a right to expect. Every Democrat who voted for McKinley or Palmer did so with the full knowledge that he was voting for exactly what he had always voted and fought against every time he had cast a Democratic vote. These McKinley and Palmer Democrats doubtless acted honestly and patriotically, for they knew that they could hope for no recognition from the Republicans in case McKinley was elected; they also knew that if "Bryanism" triumphed they would have no part in that, so in either case they would be out in the cold, without home or party, and with the probability that they might not be able to get into any fold during the present generation.

I have the highest respect for every Democrat who, understanding this, disregarded all hope of personal gain and rose above partisanship to such a degree that he could vote for McKinley or Palmer.

It seems to me plain that it was McKinleyism that has triumphed in this contest; while nothing can be said against Mr. McKinley personally, he is certainly not a "magnetic" nor an eloquent man. He did not try to use the methods of "The Boy Orator of the Platte" to influence men to vote for him from sympathy, and against their sober judgment. The people that supported Mr. McKinley did so because they believed in "protection." One great cause of the "silver craze" getting so many Republican votes was that the Republican voters had been educated to believe in paternalism from their childhood; and many of them looked at the free silver idea as not much different from the "protective" theories that their own party had always taught them. They saw that "free" silver was really protected silver, and they argued that if the government could raise the price of wool or any other kind of merchandise by its flat, it could also "regulate" and raise or lower the real value of money by the same means. They reasoned logically, but they started from wrong premises.

Now the Republican party is pledged to restore McKinleyism. In his letter of acceptance Mr. McKinley himself speaks of the tariff as "a supreme issue," and in most of his speeches he keeps that idea constantly in view. Now is it wise or patriotic for any of us who are defeated to try to thwart the clearly expressed will of the majority of our countrymen, and obstruct legislation as the Republican party did in 1893? Is it not our duty to cheerfully submit to what we are compelled to endure, and not sit down and whine because we were out-voted?

It is no excuse at all to say that the Republicans did just this thing, and that they continued to sulk until Nov. 4, 1896. It is true that they did just that, but we as Democrats should scorn to follow so childish and unpatriotic example.

We must never forget that in a republic or a democracy the majority must rule, right or wrong; any other course is anarchy and will surely end in the destruction of free government.

If the Republicans had been sincere in their professions of faith in a gold standard they would have told the Democrats that if they would throw aside party ties for once and vote for McKinley and save the country from the disgrace of repudiation, the Republicans would meet them half way and allow the present tariff to stand as it is during the next four years, subject only to such changes as the two parties might mutually agree on as necessary and beneficial to the country at large.

The gold Democrats elected McKinley, and they voted for him or Palmer knowing that their votes were cast not only for "honest money," but for another period of McKinleyism, for another period of recklessness in public affairs and in private; another period of the rule of trusts and monopolies. They voted for all these things, because they believed that the triumph of free silver would have been worse.

It is useless for us to shut our eyes to the fact that the country has decided in favor of a "protective" policy, and it has given its decision in so emphatic a manner that it means something.

We are to have another period of McKinleyism which may last twenty years or more and is sure to end in a panic worse than that of 1893.

It is useless to ask the Republican party to give up the main object for which it fought the battle. They will not listen to the humble suplications of a few gold standard Democrats. The cause of "honest money" has no further use for the men who so unselfishly and patriotically helped win the battle with no hope of reward only the consciousness of having done their duty. The National Democrats may have been misguided as to what their duty was, but no one can deny that they are honest in their convictions. Which ever side gained the victory these men saw no hope of personal gain. They were branded as traitors by the free silver party, and now they are laughed at as dupes by the "honest money" men. The Republican monkey has again induced the cat to allow him to use her paws to rake his chestnuts out of the fire.

We Democrats of all kinds are beaten, and we may as well own it, and not make ourselves ridiculous by begging on our knees for a few crumbs from "our master's table." The only relief the Republicans promised us was that they would "restore confidence" as soon as McKinley was elected, and that then European money lenders would "flood this country with money." Then, in order to give this money a chance to work and also "protect American labor from the competition of European pauper labor," they solemnly promised to give us the highest kind of a tariff.

If the gold Democrats keep up the "agitation" for free trade and the silver lunatics in the senate obstruct legislation to such an extent that McKinley cannot protect the poor laboring man, the Republicans will have a good excuse for failing to furnish those "good times" they have so long promised.

The working men who voted for McKinley must be patient and remember that there will be no revival of business until there is a general rise in prices, and also that prices must rise faster than wages. We must submit to what is really a cut down in wages, which will be partly offset by more opportunities for labor and therefore less idleness.

Under the present circumstances, any demands for an increase of wages will only result in a delay of that "revival of business" which our Republican friends have sat down and waited for during these long four years. Wages are always the last thing to rise, and it is true, as our honest money friends so often told us, that wages never follow an apparent rise in values caused by a depreciation in the real value of the currency, at least wages never rise as much as other things. This is also true when a fictitious rise in prices is caused by any special legislation. A sudden sharp rise or fall in prices is beneficial to no man only to the extent that he is at the time a speculator in the things that rise or fall. The man who has a ton of coal on hand is benefited by a rise if he sells the coal, otherwise it does not affect him.

A raise of tariff rates puts money in the pockets of every man who has a stock of the articles that are affected in price, and takes from the pockets of those who buy the goods as much money as the first party makes by the rise. Is not any tariff as dishonest and immoral in its nature and effects, as a disturbance in values caused by a change in the currency laws? Of course, any great change in the value of the money of a country is more far-reaching and unjust than a change in value in a few articles caused by tariff legislation; but is not the moral principle involved the same in either case?

There is no tariff on men. Labor is subject to free trade. A tariff is never "protective" unless it raises the price of the commodity to be protected. McKinleyism tells us that a high tariff lowers prices by increasing home production. This is true in some cases after a time, but whenever the value is reduced below the price at which an article can be imported, there is no longer any protection against the "pauper labor" of foreign countries. They tell us that under a protective tariff "the foreigner pays the tax" imposed on the consumer by the increased price, but I notice that the domestic dealer always collects that tax, and enough additional to pay him a percentage on the tax collected, as well as his legitimate profit on the original cost. After that the consumer is allowed to get back the extra money he has paid out, if he can. His only method of doing this is to take it out in the "general prosperity of the country" caused by "protection."

Come to think of it, the Republicans did promise us bimetallism, as soon as it could be brought about by international agreement. Perhaps the gold Democrats might be allowed to modestly suggest that "the present period of little or no tariff" be allowed to continue until such time as "the leading nations of Europe" are willing to give us a higher tariff by "international agreement."

One more suggestion and I am done. It is generally admitted that we gold Democrats, silver fanatics, prohibitionists, etc., including a few straight McKinley Republicans, spend eight or ten times as much money for liquors and tobacco as Europe, and the "money power" robs us of means of "the present gold standard." How long would it take us if we saved this money to get enough ahead to pay all the shylocks both interest and principle?

There being, then, no debts to pay, no one would be clamoring for a "fifty-cent dollar" and the ghost of "free silver" would be forever laid. —One of the Workingmen.

St. Paul, Minn.

RECOGNIZED BY BOLIVIA.

Crumb of Comfort for the Insurgents in Cuba.

LIMA, Peru, Nov. 13.—Something of a sensation has been caused her by the news received yesterday from Sucre, Bolivia, of favorable report made by the committee on foreign affairs of the Bolivian chamber of deputies on a resolution to recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents. Upon hearing the news, the Spanish envoy to Peru, Senor de Vanelio, who is also acredited to Bolivia, immediately set out for Sucre to look after Spanish interests at that capital, and presumably to lodge a protest on behalf of his government against the proposed action. Further advices received today from Sucre show that the congress had held an exciting and stormy session to consider the resolution. The president of the chamber declared the resolution adopted and the senate proceeded to approve it in the midst of loud protests from excited senators, and great confusion in the senate chamber, so that the session had finally to be suspended.

Acapulco Shaken.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov. 13.—A heavy earthquake of considerable duration was felt at Acapulco this morning. No one was hurt, but great alarm was felt.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

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