

BULLETIN OF THE ST. PAUL GLOBE.

MONDAY, NOV. 23, 1896.

Weather for Today—Threatening Snow.

Secretary Morton's Annual Weather Officer's Report, Gen. Weyler Heard From, Five Children Cremated, Score of Sailors in Deadly Peril.

Box Car Robbers Confess, East St. Paul Hotel Burned, Late Sunday Social, Minneapolis Matters, Markets of the World, Advertiser's Letters.

Editorial, International Wheat Conference, Air Ship at Last a Success.

The Household, Yagranat Verse, Official City Notices.

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Sermons of a Sunday, Police Capture Burglars, Wants of the People.

EVENTS TODAY, Met-Sol Smith Russell, 8.15, Grand-Saved From the Sea, 8.15.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Arrived: La Gasconne, from Havre, sailed: La Touraine, for Havre, Virginia, for Copenhagen, Werkendam, Rotterdam.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 22.—Arrived: Umbria, New York.

Now Mr. Peffer wants a new party. A party with nobody in it and Peffer would be about the right size.

Paterson, N. J., has a house which is reported full of ghosts and goblins. It is not the house of Garret A. Hobart.

Those Ohio fellows who have the Carver claim will be very odd before they obtain possession of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The returns are coming in from the Big Horn country, Wyoming, by mule train. It is hoped they will all be in by Christmas.

New York is having a surprisingly large number of pugilistic entertainments for a town which does not permit prize fighting.

Abnormal activity is reported in the whisky market. It appears that several of the Thanksgiving plum puddings will be "loaded."

The Cuban rebels cannot be whipped. One of them has been found still in the field in spite of forty-two wounds from Spanish machetes.

It is announced that the bicycle tire of 1897 is to be wider. That will be all right if the tire of the man on top of the bicycle doesn't increase.

The postal receipts of the coming year ought to show a big increase. Mr. Bryan has received over three thousand letters since the election.

Salt Lake City was pretty nearly as unanimous as Chicago county, Minn., only the other way. The Salt Lake vote was Bryan 13,745, McKinley 587.

It is said Helena will be without a police force after Dec. 1. What does Helena want of a police force anyhow? It never made any notable use of it.

Why go to Maine for cabinet officers? Mr. Reed doesn't want a cabinet officer, and Mr. Reed is the only man of any consequence who lives in Maine.

The wool men are said to favor the passage of the Dingley bill as an emergency measure. Is this an attempt to pull the wool over the eyes of the public?

Mr. Harrison has not yet been summoned to Canton. Perhaps because Mr. Harrison thought the mails fast enough to carry his congratulations to Mr. McKinley on his election.

Speaking of trusts, there is a law now on the statute books which aims at the suppression of trusts. Why not load it up with St. Paul swear words and fire it at the coal trust as an opener?

It has been learned that Russell Sage contributed \$5 to the Republican national campaign fund, and a facetious newspaper suggests that he be rewarded with the post of minister to Monaco.

The official organ at Madrid says Gen. Weyler is going home to Spain "because of the unhealthy season in Cuba." It is unhealthy in Cuba for a man of Weyler's caliber at almost any season of the year.

Congressman Joy, of St. Louis, is in tears. He spent \$204.50 more for his election than is allowed by law, and he is liable to be ousted from congress under the corrupt practices act. His majority was 4,000.

Young Mr. Tawney is at Winona telling what Mr. McKinley ought to do. It is strange that Mr. Tawney has not been called to Canton to tell the president-elect about the pitfalls that are right in front of him.

During the month last past Uncle Sam has sent nearly thirteen hundred million bushels of corn to countries south of the equator. People down there appear to be getting acquainted with corn juice.

The New York World is patting itself on the back for having predicted the result of the election about as it came out. The World made so many guesses that some of them were bound to be in the neighborhood of correct.

HAS SAVED MILLIONS

SECRETARY MORTON SHOWS WHAT ECONOMY IN AGRICULTURE CAN DO.

BELIEVES IN CIVIL SERVICE.

SAYS IMPROVEMENT HAS BEEN SECURED WITH LESSENER EXPENSE.

FREE SEED DISTRIBUTION Comes In For Another Denunciation—Opposes Free Distribution of "Horse Books," Also.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Secretary Morton in his fourth annual report just made public, shows that with \$280,000 which may be saved from the appropriations for the current fiscal year, there will have been turned back into the treasury since March 7, 1893, over \$2,000,000, out of total appropriations of \$11,179,455.45. That this great economy was effected without any loss of efficiency he attributes in a large degree to the improvement in the personnel of the force under civil service rules, which he declares to be "absolutely indispensable to the maintenance of an economic and efficient administration of the public service."

To complete "the already almost perfect system of civil service" in his department, the secretary recommends the appointment of a permanent director in charge of bureau's and scientific investigations. The chiefs of scientific bureaus and their assistants he declares are not adequately compensated, and strongly recommends that the salaries of this class of employes be increased.

The inspection of animals intended for food is treated of at length, and stress is laid upon the increased efficiency of the work, due to the extension of civil service rules, which has been in this service. The total number of ante-mortem inspections of cattle, sheep and hogs during the year was 25,917, an increase over the previous year of over 50 per cent. The total number of post-mortem inspections was 25,164,858, an increase of 25 per cent. The total number of abattoirs under inspection in 1896 was 102 in twenty-six cities; in 1892 there were but twenty-eight in twelve cities.

For the sake of economy, the exports of meat are inspected by the bureau in countries not exacting such inspection have been greatly discouraged. The total amount thus inspected was in round numbers 23,000,000 pounds, of which 21,500,000 pounds went to countries requiring inspection.

Cleanances were issued to 819 vessels carrying in excess of 100,000 lbs. of cattle, there were tagged for export 277,820 and 422,603 inspected sheep were exported. The percentage of loss in transit was considerably less than ever before. Mr. Morton urges strongly that the bureau should be extended to all animals intended for human food, whether for consumption in the United States or abroad.

The cattle and meat trade of Great Britain is reviewed at length. Of live meat the United States imported 1,000,000 lbs. during the first six months of 1896, the United States supplied 75 per cent of the total, and 45 per cent of the sheep. The testimony of the department's representatives abroad is that cattle from the United States arrive in England in better condition than the English market is especially commended to American shippers.

The report shows a steadily increasing number of animals imported from England for American horses. During the first six months of the present year more of these animals were shipped to that country than during the same period of any previous year.

Reviewing the work of the weather bureau, special stress is laid upon the value of the many timely warnings which have been issued by the bureau and have resulted in the prevention of loss or damage of many millions of dollars' worth of property, to say nothing of the many lives saved from impending danger. An increase in the percentage of verifications is noted.

During the year the department issued 276 publications, mainly for gratuitous distribution. The aggregate number of copies printed was 6,561,700. The publication work has grown enormously during the past few years, and increased appropriations must be provided, but the secretary declares that neither the department of agriculture nor the government is to be burdened for the next five years to increase its publications for gratuitous distribution.

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