MINNEAPOLIS.

OFFICE 29 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

Eugene O'Rourke and Ada Dare will head the coming week's vaudeville bill at the Bijou and will present one of the most unique and highly entertaining novelty acts on the vaudeville stage.

John A. Baxter, an old resident of Minneapolis and for many years in the employ of the school board as custodian of the central high school, left the city for Deadwood Feb. 25 last, and nothing has been heard of him since.

John Annan, a London capitalist, who has been in the city for several days, was dined at the Minneapolis club Thursday evening by some of the prominent business men of the city. During yesterday he was the guest of the officers of the street railway company.

Prof. Conway MacMillan expects to sail June 9 on the Germanic from New York for Liverpool. He will spend the summer and autumn in the European capitals pursuing certain educational investigations for the furtherance of his work in the university upon his return.

Mayor Pratt has half promised to issue a proclamation asking all good citizens to observe a half holiday on May 17 in order that the exercises in connection with the unveiling of the Ole Bull statue in Loring park and its presentation to the city may be carried out with a worthy concourse of people in attendance.

PUTNAM IN CONTEMPT.

Claimed the Municipal Court Had No Jurisdiction.

William C. Putnam was before Judge Smith on habeas corpus proceedings, but after the arguments, was remanded back to the custody of the sheriff. Putnam was the defendant in litigation before the municipal court, in which judgment was rendered against him for the possession of certain goods or their value. Upon the advice of his attorney, Putnam refused to answer certain questions when brought before the court again to disclose where the goods were. Therefore the municipal court ordered him to jail for contempt. The attorney began habeas corpus proceedings, claiming that the municipal court had no jurisdiction in the matter of contempts of that nature, as the case had reached a final judgment. Judge Smith thought that the municipal court had just such a right in cases of that kind, and therefore refused the relief sought.

Carleton Alumni in Reunion.

Last evening the Carleton Club of the Twin Cities met with Mrs. F. A. Olds, 309 Seventeenth avenue southeast. The club numbers about forty members, and nearly all were present. All students of Carleton, whether graduates or not, are eligible to membership, and a warm interest in Alma Mater is maintaned by the semi-annual meetings. Mr. Jackson, of St. Paul, presided over the brief business meeting, after which the members gave their attention to passing a pleasant social evening. A brief examination on the history of Carleton college provoked much merriment, and reminded all of the more severe historical quizzes they once endured. Bert Taylor, of Plymouth choir, sang several selections, and Mrs. J. E. Ware dispensed ices to the guests. Masses of plum blossoms were used in decorating the rooms, and hereafter that modest blossom will recall a pleasant evening to all the members of the Carleton club.

Two Serious Blazes.

Charles Fitzer's residence at 1329 Fremont avenue north, was damaged to the extent of $300 early yesterday morning. An insurance of $1,000 was carried on the house and the household contents, which were considerably damaged, are insured for $400. The members of the family had barely time to escape in their night clothes. The fire is a double misfortune, as the expensive wedding wardrobe of Miss Mary Fitzer, a daughter, was destroyed, the fire originating in the room where the clothes were stored.

In attempting to save a buggy from her burning barn yesterday afternoon, Mrs. M. E. Johnson, residing at 2113 Lincoln street northeast, had her face and arms badly blistered. Although painful, her burns are not expected to result seriously. The fire was started by children playing with matches. The roof of the barn was badly burned, and with the damage to the contents, the total loss will be about $100.

Will Build Hedges.

The Austin Hedge and Fence company was organized in this city yesterday afternoon with a capital of $100,000, its incorporators and officers being all residents of Mower county, Minnesota. The purpose of the company is to build fences for the farmers in the counties of Mower, Dodge, Steele, Freeborn and Faribault, under the rights held by letters patent controlled by the Minnesota Hedge and Wire company, of this city. The Mower county men who participated in the formation of the company yesterday were J. J. Furlong, H. A. Peterson, Blooming Prairie; W. R. Tait, Austin; W. S. Willis, E. C. Dorr, R. J. Dowdall and O. G. Anderson. The company will plant twelve acres of honey locust seeds this season for the hedges, and will put in twenty miles of fence this summer.

Ging Case Will Be Compromised.

It is probably that the litigation between Julia A. Ging, as adminis ratrix of the estate of Catherine Ging, and the Travelers Insurance company, will be settled out of court. The case was set down for trial at the present term of court, and it was supposed that it was to be tried, but yesterday a stipulation was filed, continuing the case until the September general term of court. The action was brought to recover on the insurance policy issued to Miss Ging, for which she was murdered by Hayward. It was expected that there would be an interesting trial for the recovery of the money th's term, as there were some peculiar claims in the defense.

Short Council Session.

At a special meeting of the city council yesterday the bonds of the following applicants for plumbers' licenses were favorably acted upon: Andressen & Kammerlohr, Henry Fischer, A. Abercromby, O. W. Bergholz, George W. Rineline, L. Hoffenbroedell, Hoy & Wren, Monahan & Hanlon, J. T. Morrison, A. Larson, Rothacher & Withoe, Worthington Plumbing company, Maurice P. McInerny, Mortimer Wagner, Colliton Bros., George S. Lyon, F. J. Yost.

The council was in session about ten minutes and adjourned immediately after passing upon the bonds, there being no other special business demanding attention before the regular meeting, May 14.

Methods of the Boo Gang.

John Webber, whose right name is said to be Reed, was locked up in the central station yesterday by Officer Rutledge on the charge of petit larceny. Thursday night, Reed and an accomplice are said to have stolen a large roll of linoleum from a man who was asked into a saloon near Fourth street south and Second avenue by the accomplice to have a drink. The owner left the linoleum outside and Reed is said to have purloined it. The two guilty parties are alleged to be members of the "Boo" gang.

Alcohol Caused His Insanity.

John Coughlin, who gave the name of John Smith when arrested several days ago by Officer Dailey, received a sentence of 20 days at the workhouse in the police court yesterday on the charge of disorderly conduct. Coughlin is the man who was violently insane at the time of his arrest and fought so hard it took three officers to place him in the county jail. He has been resting there for several days and regained his normal state of mind. He said that alcohol, which he had drank, made him temporarily insane.

Haney Lives on Reform Street.

A recent number of the Mexican Herald, Mexico, received by parties in the city, announcing the arrival there of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Haney, of Minneapolis in that city. Mr. Haney is spoken of as a retired merchant who is suffering from rheumatism. The ex-city clerk is located at Van Jamt's Paseo Reforma, 79, a very appropriate place of abode, if the popular conception of Mr. Haney is anywhere near correct.

Scorcher Put Up a V.

Al E. Brown, William Peterson, Oliff Ottegard and Andrew Carlson, the bicycle riders arrested Thursday evening for scorching on Park avenue, received a fine of $5 each in the municipal court yesterday upon pleading guilty to the charge.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25 cents, in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

BIG POWER THERE

SAYS D. S. B. JOHNSTON OF THE RIVER BETWEEN THE TWIN CITIES.

EXPERTS SHOULD EXAMINE.

QUESTIONS OF HIGH OR LOW DAMS OR OF LOCATION NOT MOST IMPORTANT.

THREE IMPORTANT POINTS,

Which He Thinks a Twin City Committee Should Look Into.

D. S. B. Johnston, of St. Paul, in speaking regarding Twin City industries, paying special attention to the present agitation regarding the new dams, says:

"I believe Minneapolis belongs to St. Paul, and St. Paul to Minneapolis, just as firmly as I believe St. Anthony belonged to Minneapolis and Minneapolis to St. Anthony when I went there in the early fifties. The Twin Cities are destined to form one future great city, and whatever may be said or done, children are now going to school in both cities who will see it.

"There are two ways to grow a tree. One is to set it out in an open pasture and let cattle tramp around and rub against it. The other is to fence and take care of it. Much of the growth of the Twin Cities comes from favorable location, but more from early protection and care. Each, however, has thus far depended upon its own unaided exertions.

"We now have an object lesson inviting combination of effort. The capstones of the great Pillsbury-Washburn dam at Minneapolis had hardly settled in their mortar beds before the Twin City Street Railway company leased the 10,000 horse power made possible by it, to run the street cars of both cities, using 6,000 horse power for the purpose, the remaining 4,000 to be wired where there is demand, and whoever in either city speaks first will probably get it.

THE SITUATION.

"Maj. Jones, who succeeded Maj. Allen as government engineer at this point, not long since estimated that a forty-foot dam at Fort Snelling, constructed for power and navigation purposes, would generate 30,000 horse power at low water and 50,000 at high water. He estimated that such a dam could be built and equipped with a hydraulic lift for passing steamboats, a sluiceway for logs, with ample arrangements for carrying off floods, and with assurance of navigation to Minneapolis at all river stages, for the sum of $1,250,000. He also estimated that for navigation purposes three dams could be erected at different points in the river between Fort Snelling and the old steam boat landing in Minneapolis, with a combined lift of thirty-nine feet, for $1,029,106.

"Since that time, Maj. McKenzie has made a report to the war department, showing where these three dams should be placed, and what the lift of each should be. He says: 'To provide navigation to the old steamboat landing, below the Washington avenue bridge in Minneapolis, two locks and dams will be required. Lock and dam No. 1 is placed just above Minnehaha creek, with a life of 33.3 feet. Lock and dam No. 2 is placed about 1,000 feet below the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway bridge, below Meeker's island, with a lift of 13.8 feet. To provide navigation to the Pillsbury-Washburn dam, about 3,000 feet below the Falls of St. Anthony, will require a third lock and dam, placed at the head of the rapids, about half a mile delow the steamboat landing, with a lift of 10.1 feet.

"To give a better understanding of this subject, I submit the following table based upon a survey made in the summer of 1887, by Maj. Allen, then government engineer at this point.

From—	Distance	Fall of by River Channel.	Water Surface.
Chicago, St. P., M. & O. railway bridge to Fort Snelling bridge	4.151		5.140
Fort Snelling bridge to Minnehaha creek	1.780		2.000
Minnehaha creek to foot of Meeker's island	3.540		11.774
Foot of Meeker's island to head of rapids	1.062		8.846
Head of rapids to Tenth avenue bridge, Minneapolis B.	1.538		18.216
Tenth avenue bridge to apron on St. Anthony falls	0.316		9.320

WHAT SHALL BE DONE?

"Let the different commercial bodies of the two cities appoint committees to look into this matter. Let these committees jointly consider three questions.

First—Will the high dam project develop more electrical power than the government system of low dams? If so, how much? This must be settled by experts.

Second—If no practical difference be found, will the United States allow the power made possible by the three dams to be utilized for manufacturing purposes? If so, what are the conditions? This will probably be answered by the authorities at Washington.

Third—Will any vested rights be disturbed by a high dam built for combined power and navigation purposes? If so, what and where are they.

"When this committee reports we shall be in posssession of facts for further action, if any be needed. But whatever be done, both cities should remember one fact. The time is forever past when industrial plants have to be located on or near a dam to get the benefit of the power controlled by it. The time is also coming rapidly nearer when powerful manufacturing interests will everywhere be arrayed against setting precedents for granting government aid to projects that waste water power, even for navigation purposes. Once clearly prove that use of water for the development of power and navigation of the Mississippi can be economically combined, and that these two cities will be a unit in the effort, and there will be no more doubt about swinging promised and expected government appropriations into line with it, than that the year 1900 is coming. If a single high dam will best do this, let us have it, and combination of effort to push it. If three low dams will do just as well, let there be equal combination of effort to push that, and no foolish short-sighted obstruction be attempted anywhere. Questions of location and how to do it come afterwards. Let us first learn the A of this matter.

"Thus far oblivious to our grand future as children to the possibilities of manhood, we have squabbled over our dish of suds to see whose soap bubbles should fly highest. Let us now show the world that we are of age, and ready for business."

AUGSBURG GRADUATES.

Nineteenth Class Sent Forth From the Seminary.

Augsburg seminary threw its nineteenth class of graduates out upon the world last evening. The graduating exercises were held in the seminary chapel, and proved exceedingly interesting. The chapel was early filled with relatives and friends of the members of the class of '97.

After the invocation by Prof. J. H. Blegen a song was sung by the Augsburg quartette. "Bastholm and Rationalism" was the subject chosen by Gilbert Olsen. The address was delivered in the Norwegian language, and showed a thorough knowledge of the early church history of his people. After a violin solo had been rendered by F. Melius Christiansen, J. F. Hendrickson delivered the valedictory. After a tenor solo by Prof. Theodore S. Reimstad, President George Sverdrup presented the diplomas to the following graduates: Gilbert Olson, J. F. Hendrickson, Edward Dvergedal, Nicolay Nilsen and A. J. Petersen. In closing, Prof. Sven Oftedal spoke a few words of admonition to the class.

The alumni of the institution will hold its seventh annual meeting today. The meeting will be called to order at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. A repast will be served at 5 o'clock, and a discussion of various matters will take place in the evening.

SMALL BOOK WAR ON.

One Company Secures an Injunction Against Another.

Late yesterday afternoon C. S. Jelly, acting for the American Book company, filed papers in the district court asking that the Kingdom Publishing company be permanently enjoined from printing and circulating President Yates' attack on that company. A temporary injunction was granted by Judge Elliott. Reasons cited were because the defendant, the Kingdom Publishing company, "with the purpose and intention of injuring the credit and business standing of the plaintiff, maliciously published and distributed throughout the state of Minnesota and in various other states, a certain false, scandalous and libellous publication called 'A Foe to American Schools.'"

The above-named book is claimed to be virtually an attack on the American Book company. A representative of the American Book company said yesterday that not only in Minnesota, but in Iowa and Montana had the fight on his company been waged. He claimed that two other companies are aiding the Kingdom Publishing company in circulating the book.

ZUHRAH'S CIRCUS.

It Would Have Turned Barnum or Forepaugh Green With Envy.

Barnum's and Forepaugh's no longer stand pre-eminent, and only that the small boy was in bed and fast asleep long before the procession started, the old-style circus would be pooh-poohed as inconsequential. The professional circus is safe yet awhile, however, for the small fry were not in evidence, and only the big Shriners, who had families or sweethearts, viewed that wonderful circus which the Zuhrahs gave last night on the top floor of Masonic Temple. All the appurtenances of the regulation circus were there, parade, sawdust ring, lemonade venders, after concert, clowns and ring master. There was also the usual circus crowd, except that the women wore their best clothes and the men were adorned with red fezzes. The menagerie animals, all of human kind, were laughable and grotesque, and the acrobatic feats of the actors would astonish the most seasoned veteran of the genuine circus ring. The attendance was such as to make the entire affair a most pronounced success.

BEDRIDDEN.

FIFTEEN YEARS OF SUFFERING.

The Doctors Wanted Seven Hundred Dollars to Attempt the Case.

The following is a letter we received a short time ago from Mrs. M. C. Hinkley, 602 North Mississippi St., Indianapolis, Ind.:

Gentleman:—While suffering intensely from piles, I became interested in your advertisement in one of our daily papers and procured a package of your Pyramid Pile Cure from our druggist. Contrary to any expectations, the relief was instantaneous. I used two boxes of the Pile Cure and one of the Pills and am convinced that they are the only sure cure for piles on the market. I have been a sufferer from piles for fifteen years and have been confined to my bed about one-half of the time, expecting and wishing for death for the pain was so great. I went to the college here and the doctors said my case was a new one to them, the great pain having brought on a large rupture, which they wanted seven hundred dollars to cut out. I was very much afraid that death would result from the blood-poisoning which they said would result from the operation. I feel as though I can't praise the Pyramid Pile Cure and the Pyramid Pills too highly, as I am convinced that they saved my life. Before using your cure I weighed only ninety pounds and now I weigh one hundred and fifty and feel as well as I ever did in my life. You are at liberty to use this testimonial in any manner you may see fit, as I want all sufferers from this terrible disease to know that there has at last been compounded a remedy that will cure piles. Mrs. M. C. Hinkley.

There is no need of the danger, pain and expense of a surgical operation for any form of piles. The Pyramid Pile Cure does the work without pain and is the safest and best. Remember also that the Pyramid Pills are a certain cure for constipation, acting without griping and restoring natural action to the bowels.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is sold by druggists at 50 cents and $1.00, and the Pyramid Pills at 25 cents, or by mail from Pyramid Co., Albion, Mich.

STILLWATER NEWS.

Midnight Closing of Saloons Goes Into Effect.

Mayor Pattee made an order yesterday requiring all gambling houses to close their doors, and also requiring saloonkeepers to close their saloons at midnight. Chief of Police Glennon informed all the gambling house proprietors of the mayor's determination, and while some of them kicked a little, all agreed to close. The chief says the mayor's order will be enforced to the letter, and for the first time in many years gambling will be prohibited.

The grand jury reconvened yesterday and completed its work soon after dinner. An indictment was returned against Fred Kuehn, who is charged with selling liquor without a license at Afton, this county. No bill was returned against John Shortall, who was held to the grand jury on a charge of causing the death of Peter Boo. The petit jury convenes next Tuesday, but the spring term of court will probably be a short one, inasmuch as there are few jury cases.

Considerable damage was done at West Newton during the high water a few weeks ago, which is to be repaired the coming summer. New piling will be put in and the Ed Douglass came here yesterday and cleared with a half raft of piling to be used there.

Log and lumber shipments were brisk yesterday. The Mountain Belle and bow boat cleared with logs for the Hannibal Sawmill company at Hannibal, Mo.; the Frontenac took out a raft of logs for Laird, Norton & Co., Winona; the Weyerhaeuser and bow boat took out two rafts of logs for the Rock Island Lumber company, and the Ravenna took out a raft for parties at Muscatine. The Juniata and R. J. Wheeler arrived at the levee. The former will leave with a raft early this morning, consigned to Bellevue and Dubuque. The Wheeler will probably not get out until the first of next week.

Recorder Hagerman, of the village of South Stillwater, has notified Messrs. Flint & Scott to remove the tracks of the Stillwater street railway from the streets of that village, the council having annulled the franchise because of non-fulfillment of contract.

The water in the Minnesota river is falling so rapidly that the steamer Henrietta will discontinue her excursion trips.

Company K, First regiment, N. G. S. M., was inspected last evening by Lieut. McCoy. It was one of the best inspections passed by the company in years, the marchings and calisthenic movements being exceptionally fine. Sixty-four men answered roll call, this being the entire strength of the command. After inspection, dancing was indulged in.

ELBERT RAIDED.

Small Colorado Town in the Hands of Bandits.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., May 7.—Deputy Sheriff Bramlitt has received a dispatch from Elbert, asking him to come at once with his bloodhounds, as that place had been raided by a band of desperadoes, who had looted the stores. Mr. Bramlitt left immediately. Elbert is a small town on the Gulf road, about forty miles north of this city. No additional particulars have been received.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days: no other treatment required, and without the nauseating results of dosing with Cubebs, Copaiba or Sandal-Wood. J. Ferré & Co., (successors to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris. At all druggists.

DISCIPLES OF JAHN

TURNFEST AT ST. LOUIS ONE OF THE MOST SUCCESSFUL EVER HELD.

SECOND DAY'S EXERCISES.

THIRTY-FIVE THOUSAND PEOPLE TURNED OUT TO SEE THE CONTESTS.

PRIZES TO BE AWARDED SUNDAY.

Mass Drills of the Afternoon of Most Interest to the Public—Good Records.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 7.—The disciples of Jahn turned out in full force today at the fair grounds, where the twenty-seventh national turnfest is being held. This is the second day of the festival and everything combines to make it one of the most successful ever held. Thirty-five thousand people turned out to see the contests. The forenoon was taken up with class competitions of the "actives" who made a fine appearance in their gray uniforms. During these contests there were fully 3,000 Turners on the field at one time. In marking the classes in wand work, the judges give points for accuracy and form. These marks, as well as those made in all the other contests, are averaged up and the class making the highest average wins. For this reason, added to the reticence of the judges, and the great number of Turners contesting, it is impossible to announce the winners before Sunday.

Several good records were made today. In putting the shot with the right hand, T. Sauers, of the Dayton, Ohio, Turngemeinde, covered 37 feet; and Steve Reprecht, of the South Side Turngemeinde, of Chicago, threw the shot 31 feet 7 inches with his left. These were the best records made.

In the afternoon came that part of the programme which seemed of most interest to the public. These were the mass exercises of the St. Louis juniors, with dumbbells and on parallel bars. Mass exercises by ladies' classes in club swinging ended this part of the programme. This evening's exercises, consisting of speeches and musical numbers, were held at the exposition hall.

As early as 7 o'clock societies marched to the infield of the race track at the fair grounds and took their places to begin the day's exercises. From 7 o'clock until noon the time was taken up with class competition of the active three groups. At times there were as many as 2,000 men on the field, and the scene was as picturesque as they marched and countermarched, their bright steel wands flashing in the sunlight as they went through the various exercises.

The first group consisted of 110 classes, numbering from eight to eighteen men inclusive and divided into four subdivisions. Emil Woerner and K. Bockhusen acted as judges for this group. In group two were eleven classes, numbering from nineteen to thirty-eight men inclusive, with Otto Boettinger and K. Heckrich as judges. There were ten classes in the third group, numbering from thirty-nine to fifty-eight men inclusive. Albert Nathan and Oscar Ernst were judges for this group. The competitive work consisted of prescribed exercises with iron wands, putting the sixteen-pound shot, high and far jumping and 100 yards running.

The 100-yard foot races were participated in by every one of the turners present, who ran in relays of four each, the finishes being recorded by an electrical device, which took the time and a picture of the contestants. Some good records were made, but it is impossible to get them today.

While the outdoor exercises were being proceeded with another competition was held in the upper hall of the House of the Public Comfort, on the fair grounds. This consisted of recitations and impromptu addresses. There were sixteen contestants. At Music hall, exposition building, there was a competition in chorus singing between a number of singing societies. This will continue through the week and Sunday, the winners will be awarded diplomas and other prizes.

This afternoon for an hour, there were model exercises by the seniors, the classes consisting of men over thirty years of age. This was followed by mass exercises with clubs, which were performed with precision and grace, and won great applause. At the same time there were individual contests in the amphitheater for supremacy in wrestling and fencing.

The heats of the one-mile bicycle race for amateurs were then run. The following finished in the first place: First heat, Alfred Schmidt, Harlem Turnverein, Chicago. Time, 2:33. Second heat, S. C. Gerger, of South St. Louis Turnverein. Time, 2:34. Third heat, E. Erpelding, Chicago Turngemeinde. Time, 2:36½. The final of this race will be run off tomorrow.

Five-mile (amateur) bicycle race—First heat, Felix Gast, North St. Louis Turnverein, first, Time, 14:44. Second heat, O. Eichen, Chicago Turngemeinde, first. Time, 15:40. The final will be run tomorrow.

MUNICIPAL LEAGUE ADJOURNS.

Final Day of the Conference Held at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 7.—The business of the third annual convention of the National Municipal league was finished this morning. The league was called to order in the Exchange hall of the board of trade by Chairman George W. Ochs, of Chattanooga, at 10:30 o'clock. The attendance was lighter than at any previous meeting during this session, and the interest did not appear great. The paper on "The Results of a Victory for Reform," on the programme to be read by Charles J. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, was passed, as Mr. Bonaparte was unavoidably detained. The papers read today were as follows: "Municipal Affairs in Philadelphia," George Burnham Jr.; "Municipal Affairs in New Orleans," Charles Janvier, president Citizens' league; "Municipal Condition of Providence, R. I.," Hon. Edwin D. McGuinness, mayor of Providence; "The Municipal Condition of St. Louis," Frederick W. Dewart.

The league adjourned to meet at the call of the executive committee. The cities who are making a bid for the next convention are Indianapolis, Omaha, Denver, Atlanta and Boston. A drive over the city this afternoon, and a banquet at the Galt house this evening were provided as the closing entertainments offered by the city committee.

KRUEGER'S REPLY.

It Is in the Hands of the British Agent.

PRETORIA, May 7.—President Krueger's reply to the dispatches of Mr. Chamberlain, the British secretary of state for the colonies, on the subject of the Transvaal alien immigration law and other alleged breaches of the London convention, has been handed to the British diplomatic agent here. The contents are not known outside the Transvaal official circles, and the utmost secrecy is observed on the subject.

MAYOR AND COUNCIL AT WAR.

Hot Times at Sioux Falls Over Liquor Licenses.

Special to the Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 7.—The city is excited over a sharp fight between the mayor, who is Republican, and the council, which is Populist. Recently the mayor expressed a determination to change the police force, asserting that despite his positive orders the police were protecting the gamblers and saloons. The saloon keepers at once went to work, elected one of their number alderman and with him as spokesman and leader made a combination to prevent a change in the force. Last night the mayor nominated three irreproachable men for policemen, but they were promptly rejected. This afternoon he dismissed, for cause, the chief and two police and appointed specials to take their places. The council threatens to retaliate by cutting their pay to ten dollars per month. It is likely that the rest of the force will be dismissed in a few days. The fight is a bitter one and occurs chiefly over the declaration of the mayor that he would enforce to the letter the new liquor law which is very stringent.

CLEW TO BRYAN'S SLAYER.

Authorities Think They Are on the Right Track.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., May 7.—The inquest over the remains of William Bryan, who was found murdered near Cando, has brought to light a clew which may lead to the arrest of the murderer. Several days ago Sheriff Wilson received a package of letters from Sheriff Proctor, of Cascade county, Mont., relative to a murder alleged to have been committed near Fargo last February. The letters were written by O. D. Wickger, of Chinook, Mont., who claimed to have seen the letter written by one McBride confessing a murder and burying the body at night. The Montana authorities have the author of of the letter where they can place him under arrest at a moment's notice, and are only awaiting information from here. Coroner John Alden, of Cando, believes the Bryan murder the one referred to and today telegraphed Sheriff Wilson for the correspondence. The letters were sent to Cando tonight, and it is probable McBride will be ordered placed under arrest.

THREE-CENT PASSENGER RATE

Passed by the North Dakota Railway Commissioners.

Special to the Globe.

BISMARCK, N. D., May 7.—The order of the railroad commissioners putting the new maximum tariffs into effect includes, in addition to the reduction of merchandise and grain rates, a mandatory rate of three cents a mile for passenger traffic, and directs the roads to adopt immediately the statutory rates for transportation of lignite coal. The other rates go into effect July 1, till which time roads can appeal.

Where Is Mr. Ames?

FARGO, N. D., May 7.—Considerable interest is taken here in the reported disappearance of C. C. Ames, of the firm of Ames & Lockman, grain commission, Duluth. Ames formerly lived in Fargo, and is well known in North Dakota. About two years ago he and A. J. Lockman, of Lamoure, formed a partnership, with Ames to run the Duluth office and Lockman to work up North Dakota trade. It is reported that Ames disappeared about ten days ago, and the office accounts do not balance by $10,000, with liabilities of several thousand more. Ames' action is a surprise here, as he was favorably known, and his family fear he has committed suicide. Lockman, who now lives in Fargo, will be ruined by the deal if Ames' disappearance is not cleared up. He bears the best of reputation, and has lots of sympathy over his misfortune.

Luverne to Get the Firemen.

LUVERNE, Minn., May 7.—At a meeting of the C. I. S. Firemen's association, matters relating to the forthcoming tournament were decided. It will be held here July 2 and 3. A resolution was passed admitting Sioux Falls and other South Dakota towns in 1898. The officers elected were: President, C. G. Cottrell; secretary, A. C. Mead; treasurer, Bert Schock, all of Luverne; vice presidents, A. Tofelmeyer, Pipestone; J. G. Grimes, Windom; board of control, M. J. Murphy, Ellsworth; Dr. C. A. Palmer, Luverne; C. S. Stone, Pipestone; R. Wagner, Rock Rapids, Io.; A. Queole, Windom; A. Johnsonton, Worthington.

Lands in Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 7.—Thomas Greenway, premier of Manitoba, is now in Ottawa, arranging with the dominion government for the repurchase of vacant railroad lands, and offering them free to actual settlers. Mr. Greenway will also impress upon the government of Canada the necessity of extending the boundaries of Manitoba to Regina on the west, and to a point a few miles north of Red Deer river, including Big Quill lake. This contemplated increase of Manitoba's boundaries will furnish additional homes for the large increase of settlers who are now preferring the fertile agricultural lands of the prairie province.

Fargo to Entertain the Bravest.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., May 7.—The North Dakota firemen's annual tournament will be held in Fargo after all. Grand Forks had asked for the tournament, but was unable to raise sufficient money. A committee of local firemen visited the business men this afternoon and received encouragement enough to warrant a guarantee on behalf of Fargo. Local committees will be appointed at once, and visiting firemen will be given an old-time Fargo welcome. The tournament will be held about the middle of June.

Tramps as Burglars.

Special to the Globe.

DODGE CENTER, Minn., May 7.—Four houses were broken into early this morning by burglars, the houses of Mrs. Plank, Mrs. Schrader, E. Kent and Charles Churchward. The thieves secured $35 in cash at Mrs. Schrader's, a gold watch at Churchward's and considerable money at the other places. An entrance was gained through the windows. A few nights ago Charles Ingham's house was entered, as was also N. G. Holliday's store. This is supposed to be the work of tramps, as there are many around town and in the woods near by.

Slayton Sentences.

Special to the Globe.

SLAYTON, Minn., May 7.—In district court today Judge Brown sentenced Howard Hunt to seven months in state's prison for stealing a suit of clothes; Thomas Heelan, one year for stealing $3 worth of coal from a school house; Dick Lee, three and a half years for stealing forty pounds of butter and breaking jail twice while awaiting trial. John C. Hawmesser, who embezzled about $2,000 from the Hubbard & Palmer Grain company, was given five years.

New Officials for Hastings.

Special to the Globe.

HASTINGS, Minn., May 7.—At the meeting of the new city council Mayor George Parker presiding, the following appointments were made: Chief of police, J. C. Hartin; policemen, G. J. Hethrington, A. C. Nesbitt; assessor, Peter Fasbender; street commissioner, Isaac Lytle; attorney, Albert Schaller; treasurer, N. B. Gregen; poundmaster, Jason Walbridge; official paper, the Daily Gazette.

TENSION RELIEVED

By the Repeal of the Transvaal Immigration Law.

LONDON, May 7.—The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, replying today in the house of commons to a question by Sidney C. Buxton, Liberal, who was under secretary of state for the colonies, in the Rosebery cabinet, said that no official confirmation had been received of the report that the Transvaal government had repealed the immigration law, but that there was no reason to doubt the truth of the report. If the report turned out to be correct, added Mr. Chamberlain, it would greatly relieve the tension which unfortunately existed between Great Britain and the Transvaal. The statement was received with cheers.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

VERY FUNNY FARCE

OFFICIALLY NO ONE KNOWS THE ANGLO-AMERICAN TREATY WAS DEFEATED.

SITUATION RATHER ODD.

ENGLAND CANNOT BE INFORMED OF THE FATE OF THE COMPACT.

OFFICIAL RECORD VERY VAGUE.

It Shows Only That the Treaty Was Sent to the Senate Four Months Ago.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The failure of the senate to make public its action on the arbitration treaty has created an unusual condition of affairs. There is no official information that the senate has taken any action or that the treaty has been rejected, or that the defeated treaty was different from the one originally submitted. All that is known officially is that a treaty was concluded by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote and sent to the senate. It then went into executive session, so that no official information has been given as to the amendments made, and the final action taken. The secrecy of executive session does not permit the state department or the British government to be notified as to what has occurred. It is felt to be due to the other contracting party to the treaty that some notice should be given as to what has been done and as to the form of the treaty when it was rejected. In case the senate never should make its action known, the last official record on the treaty would be its submission to the senate four months ago.

SHORT CABINET MEETING.

Session Devoted to Consideration of Routine Matters.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The regular cabinet meeting today was very brief, and was consumed in the consideration of minor routine matters. There was some discussion of the official entertainment to be given to the delegates to the universal postal congress. The programme for the entertainment is now being arranged by a committee, of which First Assistant Postmaster General Heath is chairman, and, as soon as it is completed, the matter will be formally acted upon by the cabinet. The president today approved the joint resolution appropriating $50,000 for this entertainment.

The arrangements for the trip of the president and his cabinet to Philadelphia to attend the exercises in connection with the dedication of the Washington monument in Fairmount Park, May 15, have been completed. President McKinley and the cabinet will leave here on a special train on the afternoon of Friday, May 14, at 1 o'clock. They will be the guests of the Union League club at a banquet to be given in their honor the same evening, and will return to Washington, after the exercises in Fairmount Park on Saturday. Neither Mrs. McKinley nor the ladies of the cabinet will be of the party.

Among the callers at the White house today were Representative Evans, of Kentucky, and National Committeeman J. W. Yerkes, who is to be appointed internal revenue collector for the Danville district; Mayor Rice and wife, of Canton, O., who called to pay their respects, and Dr. Angell, the new minister to Turkey. Dr. Angell says he has not yet decided what day he will sail for the Orient.

TARIFF COMMISSION.

Senator Cullom Is in Favor of the Idea.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—In reply to inquiries as to his views on a permanent tariff commission, Senator Cullom has written the following letter:

Samuel B. Archer, Secretary of the Tariff Commission League: You have asked me two or three times whether I have been and am now, in favor of a permanent tariff commission. I have for many years thought that there ought to be some means devised by which we could avoid these constant and extreme changes in tariff legislation—first going far in the direction of a high tariff, and on the occasion of a change of politics going as far the other way. I believe that through the judicious agency of a permanent tariff commission, composed of experts, statisticians and business men, such changes could be made from year to year, by congress, as might be indicated and clearly shown to be wise. This would save the necessity of requiring a change on the whole tariff system by whatever party came into power.

Certainly we cannot continue indefinitely as we have been doing, with reference to that subject, because the business on the contrary will not tolerate it. I hope sincerely that this congress may provide for some kind of a commission which will aid in changing the situation, and I should be glad if an amendment of the indicated character were to be incorporated in the bill now before the senate, known as the Dingley bill.

CLAUSE AGAINST TRUSTS

Written Into the Indian Bill by the Conference Committee.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The conference committee of the senate and house today reached an agreement on the Indian appropriation bill. The differences between the two houses on the senate amendment for the opening of the Uncompahgre reservation were reconciled on the basis of a provision for the leasing of the gilsonite lands, instead of the purchase of them. The compromise agreement authorizes any person to take one claim on lease and hold it in perpetuity upon the payment of a royalty of 75 cents per ton on all the gilsonite mined. There is, however, a provision against trusts, which was insertetd upon the motion of Senator Pettigrew. This provision forfeits to the government claims of holders who enter into a combination to limit production, or raise the price of gilsonite.

Johnson May Not Accept.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—E. M. Johnson left for home last evening, without having decided to accept the judgeship to which he has been appointed by Gov. Clough. Johnson has fair prospects for a very good foreign appointment, and may decline the judgeship, but his friends here say that he will take time to consider it. He was advised of his appointment by a telephone message from Hotel Wellington here, sent to him at Fort McHenry, Baltimore.

Cost of White Pine.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Complying with a resolution of the senate, the commissioner of labor has sent to that body a statement showing the difference between the cost of producing white pine lumber in the United States and Canada. The report says that while the average wages in saw mills in the United States is $1.71 per day, and in Canada $1.41, the average labor cost of 1,000 feet of lumber is 91 cents in this country to $1.23 in Canada. This discrepancy is due to the fact that the improvemed machinery used in this country enables each laborer to accomplish more than in Canada.

New Manhood.

New snap, vim and vigor,
New life and strength,
New confidence,
New memory,
New business capacity,
New pleasures

are given to weak men by ELECTRICITY. Dr. Sanden's wonderful body battery in form of a belt is the easiest and most scientific way of applying this life-giving element, and does the work silently but surely while you sleep, as thousands throughout the northwest can and will testify. If you will favor us with a visit we shall be pleased to give you any information you may desire. If inconvenient to call, send us your name and P. O. address and we will send you free by mail Dr. Sanden's book, "Three Classes of Men," which contains much that will interest you.

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WASHINGTON, May 7.—Northwest