OFFICE 65 SOUTH FOURTH STREET

#### MINNEAPOLIS GLORULES.

Johanna Cramslie has been adjudged in sane in the probate court and committed to St. Peter.

The Bank of Minneapolis Wednesday paid the state its deposit of \$18,614.58 and \$58.29

interest.

The Young Men's Democratic club will meet next Monday evening to arrange for meetings and entertainment for the coming winter.

A meeting of Clan Gordon members will be held next Thursday evening to make arrangements for the proper observance of Hallow'een the great day for the Scotchmen, second only to Bobby Burns' birthday.

Darwin Bacon, 35 years old, disappeared from his home, Twenty-sixth avenue northeast, Monday, and his relatives are anxious regarding him. He is 5 feet 5 inches tall, weighs 140 pounds, light complexioned and smooth face.

smooth face.

The police have been requested to apprehend George Marwaring, 14 years old, and Merwin Whipple, the same age, should they turn up in this city. They ran away from their homes in West Superior and boarded a Great Northern train for this city.

William Baxter was arraigned in the police court yesterday morning charged with the larceny of \$50 from Charles Tyler, the colored gambler. It is said that the skeleton key used to gain entrance was found on Baxter's person. Baxter's examination will take place Sept. 21, pending which he was held in \$300 bail.

The grand jury reported to Judge Elliott yesterday afternoon and returned a large batch of indictments and a few no-bills, the first fruits of its investigations. Yesterday t took up the case of Charles Nelson and James Burns, accused of burglary in the hird degree, and a number of firemen from ngine house No. 19 were called as witnesses. The formal degree of distribution of the engine nouse No. 19 were called as witnesses. The formal decree of distribution of the McNair estate was filed in the probate court yesterday morning. By it Mrs. McNair is given the home on Linden avenue, together with all the personal effects appertaining to it. A large portion of the property is divided between the three heirs, but there still remains a large quantity of property which is allotted to the heirs in "undivided one-thirds.".

## THEY WEDDED AT HUDSON.

Miss Rutherford Must Have Made a Trip April 2.

Trip April 2.

The latest development in the Rutherford case is that the Hudson wedding took place some two weeks earlier than has been reported. All the statements heretofore made were to the effect that the marriage was on May 6, or possibly a day or so later. A search in the records at Hudson shows that the wedding was on April 24. In supplying the facts required under the Wisconsin law, Morris gave the name of Philip M. Lootz, and said that he resided in Stillwater and was a bookkeeper. He represented himself to have been born in Sweden and said that his father's name was John P. Lootz. His young wife's name was given as Florence Alice Rutherford and Stillwater was named as her birthplace. The certificate of marriage was filled out in full and regular form by Rev. Charles T. Burnley, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Hudson.

This seems to indicate that Miss Rutherford must have made a trip to Hudson before the date at which she finally left with Morris. Or else all the statements previously made were minstaken as to the date.

TWO UNDER WHEELS.

Railway Employes Run Down and

Injured. Thomas Conroy, aged fifty years, a married man, residing at 1214 Sixth street south, was struck by a switch engine while walking along the Milwaukee tracks near the Washington avenue viaduct yesterday. The engine was moving slowly, and for that reason Conroy escaped serious injury. He was painfully bruised about the body. He was taken home.

was painfully bruised about the body. He was taken home.
Thomas Fitzgerald, aged seventy years, residing at 760 De Soto street, St. Paul, was run down by a switch engine while working on a side track in the Omaha yards, at Eighth avenue southeast, yesterday. He was seriously and perhaps fatally injured. His right hand was entirely severed from the arm at the wrist, his head was badiy cut and he was painfully bruised about the body. Owing to deafness he did not notice the approach of the engine.

He was taken to the St. Louis depot on the engine and was then removed to St. Mary's hospital. He lost considerable blood and owing to his advanced age death may result. He is a married man with a family.

#### Struck Him With a Hammer.

John McGinnis, the heavyweight watchman for a large South side concern, was fined \$25 or thirty days in the municipal court Wednesday for assaulting Joseph Dalsen, an aged man, thin and small in stature. McGinnis claimed that he had repeatedly warned the old man to keep off the premises, and that when he encountered him on his beat recently the plaintiff picked up a rock as if to strike him. In self-defense McGinnis claims, he struck Dalsen repeatedly with a hammer, rendering him unconscious. The evidence tended to show that the assault was entirely unprovoked, and that Dalsen was assaulted when least expecting it.

#### Three Young Runaways.

Three Young Runaways.

The police have been asked to be on the watch for 19-year-old Nicholas Ostadt, of Parker's lake, 15 miles from Minneapolis, who ran away from home Wednesday. He is thought to have come to this city. Roy Douglas, aged 15 years, living with his parents at 305 Eleventh street south, ran away from home Wednesday because he was forced to go to school. His father has asked the police to look him up. George Kellog, 12 years of age, whose family lives at 320 Ninth street southeast, is the third boy who caught the runaway fever Wednesday. His parents missed him at the supper hour.

## Cut Green Timber.

The Indians who testified in the logging cases stood by Attorney Stryker with a loyalty that was touching. They one and all testified that they had cut green timber for the lumbermen and lots of it, too. Some said that 90 trees out of 100 were green. Chief No-din-nah-quam himself, John Mesha-quad and George Reez testified to cutting green timber while in the employment of the defendants. Lewis S. Card, a logging camp bookkeeper, who was the last witness examined yesterday, testified that in his neighborhood 75 per cent of the timber cut was green. Other witnesses examined were Charles S. Hilldreth and Walter O. Goodwin.

## Will Go on the Junket.

Mayor Pratt, President Loye, of the city council, and Ald. Rand, of the Sixth ward, have decided to represent the city at the national conference of mayors and councilmen to be held Sept. 26-30 at Columbus, O. It is understood that the board of tax levy, which was to have met Sept. 28, will wait until the mayor's return before convening, owing to his desire to have a hand in fixing the tax levy.

Oftedal on the Stand. In the Augsburg Seminary case before Judge cussell, Sven Oftedal was on the stand all Russell, Sven Oftedal was on the stand all day for cross-examination under the statute. It was an effort on the part of the plaintiffs to obtain evidence as to the meetings and doings of the directors of Augsburg, to be used in their behalf. While an unwilling witness at this time, the plaintiffs claim that they have secured many pointers which will be of value to them in establishing their case.

Think the Price Too High. As a result of the action of the county commission in raising the price of board for city boarders at the poor farm, there is a plan being agitated for the maintenance of a poor farm by the city on its own behalf. The board of corrections and charities claims that it will cost the city \$10,000 to maintain the poor for the next year, and they think it can be done for much less.

Charged With Highway Robbery. Eugene Blanon, John S. Mitchell and Wins Wood, the colored men held for an assault npon Henry Klar, in the Milwaukee yards some time ago, were arraigned yesterday upon an indictment charging them with highway robbery. They pleaded not guilty and were held in bonds of \$2,000 each.

#### That House Warming

At Walker, Minn., on the shores of beautiful Leech Lake, ought to attract a good size crowd. A newly opened hotel in a new and picturesque locality always conduces to a pleasant time. Fishing, boating and rambling in the pine woods are accompanying pleasures. Special \$5.00 round trip rate, via ures. Special \$5.00 round trip rate, via Northern Pacific and Brainerd & Northern Minnesota railway only. Tickets sold Sept. 17, only. Good for return until Sept. 20. Northern Pacific ticket offices, 19 Nicollet House Block, Minneapolis, 162 East Third street, St. Paul.

#### For Delicacy. for purity, and for improvement of the com-

plexion nothing equals Pozzoni's Powder.

# MINNEAPOLIS. ONE MORE ENDS LIFE

BODY OF EDWARD DU FRESNE, OF ESCANABA, MICH., TAKEN FROM THE RIVER.

MISSING MORE THAN A WEEK.

EVIDENT THAT HE COMMITTED SUICIDE IN A FIT OF DESPONDENCY.

GERMAN BAPTISTS AT WORK.

They Elect Officers and Hear Reports-News of the Mill City.

The body of Edward Du Fresne, of Escanaba, Mich., was found in the Mississippi river yesterday, and all indications point to suicide. Early yesterday afternoon while Burdelle Frost, an employe for McMillan Bros., was driving logs beneath the Northern Pacific railroad bridge, near East Island, he saw a floater in the river, and managed to secure it and draw it to shore. It proved to be the body of a man weighing about 200 pounds and about 30 years of age. He called Officers Chamberlain and Sullivan and turned the body over to them. They notified the coroner, who ordered it removed to the county morgue. A post mortem was held, and letters and papers upon the person of the deceased proved him to be Edward Du Fresne, of Escanaba, Mich., aged 32 years, and stating that he was employed by the College

Fuel and Lumber company.

A telegram was at once sent to his home and a reply was received from his father-inlaw, H. Selba, requesting that the body be shipped at once to Escanaba. It was afterwards disaovered that the dead man had left a check for \$100 and a fine gold watch at Anderson & Sandberg's, 209 Nicollet avenue, Sept. 7, and had never returned to claim them. Mr. Sandberg said last night that from the way the man talked he thought he must have had some domestic trouble. Du Fresne acted moody and despondent, says Sandberg, but gave no indications of contemplating self-extinction. So far as could be learned no one saw him after Sept. 7, whe'l he left his valuables with Anderson and Sandberg. It is conjectured that he at once took his life. The body had been in the water a long time and was badly decomposed. The remains will be shipped to his home this morning.

attempt to reach the Yukon gold fields this winter. C. G. Shaw, representing and English syndicate, accompanied by a party of seven, took passage on the Carrallton from Fort Wrangle, and a party of seven, took passage on the Carrallton from Fort Wrangle, and are in Seattle. Mr. Shaw has been prospecting the divide between Cassier and the headwaters of the Yukon emptying into Teslin lake. He reports the existence of large quartz ledges of the same grade as the Treadwell, but they cannot be worked with profit on account of not being able to get maching or anything in the nature of a demonstration, and no attempt will be made to bring about sympathetic strike movements.

The pease prevailing during the past few days was broken today by a conflict between striking and working miners, which for a time threatened to be serious. A body of about 100 men and boys, led by a score or more chinery. Mr. Shaw says that the difficulties will be overcome by the condition of the Carsan, Star and Monarch collieries at Honey-brook, near Audenried. The women, as well as their followers, were armed with the operators.

#### BAPTISTS MADE REPORTS.

German Society Is Shown to Be in Flourishing Condition.

The first business session of the annual conference of the German Baptists of the Northwest was held at the First German Baptist church, Lyndale and Twentieth avenues north, at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The attendance was fair, and included many local Baptists, as well as delegates to the conference from outside the city. The conference embraces Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota, Southeastern Iowa, and the British Northwest. Delegates from all of the points named are precsent.

ern lowa, and the British Northwest. Detegates from all of the points named are precsent.

The session commenced with an hour's devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. Kludt, of North Dakota, after which the matter of organization was brought before the meeting. The election of officers, to serve during the ensuing year, resulted as follows: Moderator, Rev. J. Scholz, Tyndall, S. D.; vice president, Rev. J. Jaegar, St. Paul; secretary, W. J. Zirbes, Sheboygan, Wis.; assistant secretary, F. Kaiser, Milwaukee.

This feature of the business disposed of, the conference listened to reports from various churches and conferences. The reading of these consumed so much time that nothing more was accomplished before noon, at which time the body adjourned for dinner. At the afternoon session delegates from the different states of the Union and British provinces read reports showing the condition of the church in their respective communities. The reports were encouraging to the conference, showing that aggressive work is being done among the adherents of the church, and that its financial resources are increasing.

It was shown that the number of baptisms

church, and that its financial resources are increasing.

It was shown that the number of baptisms in the conference for the year just closed was double that of the previous year. There are not as many delegates in attendance as it was expected there would be, but what the meeting lacks in numbers is made up for in earnestness and enthusiasm, and those who are participating in the meetings feel much encouraged over the outlook.

After the reading of the papers the meetings was addressed by Dr. O. A. Williams, district secretary of the Baptist Home Mission society, E. R. Pope, secretary of the Baptist state convention and superintendent of missions: Rev. D. Roester, of Wisconsin; Rev. G. Herde, of Iowa; Rev. F. Heinemann, of Minnesota; Rev. J. Reichert, of North Dakota; Rev. W. H. Mueller, of Manitoba, all of whom spoke along the line of state work. The addresses were followed by the reading of the report of the secretary of missions of the conference, after which the meeting adjourned until 7:30 o'clock in the evening, when the delegates listened to a sermon by Rev. A. Liebig. Rev. A. Liebig.

## INDORSES PROF. ANDREWS.

In Doing So a Free Silver Man Airs His Views.

His Views.

To the Editor of the Globe.

Noting your comments on Prof. Andrews' letter to the corporation of Brown college, please allow me, a free silver man, a few lines in your valuable paper to fully indorse President Andrews' letter, as I believe every intelligent free silver man can, and at the same time to enlighten the readers of your paper somewhat along this line. Query First—No true silver man for one minute intends to pay our national debt or any other debt with money worth one whit less than the money was worth when the debt was contracted, and I believe there has been no change in the mint regulations of our coinage of gold, where it was at that time with the same privileges it had then, and it will have the same value it had then. We do object to paying our national debt with gold dollars at an appreciated value in the world of commerce over their value at the time the debt was contracted, because of the demonetization of silver by this country; we go further and W. J. Bryan has often demonetization of silver by this country; we go further, and W. J. Bryan has often maintained on the public platform and in go further, and W. J. Bryan hass often maintained on the public platform and in private letters, that all contracts now made payable in gold shall be paid in gold; but we maintain that no law shall remain on our statute books that will permit any individual or corporation to specify in any agreement the payment of any debt in any particular one of our many legal tender moneys, thus demonetizing or lessening the demand for any one, and producing an appreciative value on any other one of our basal money. No silver man believes or desires that this country shall be placed on a silver basis any more than they desire it placed on a gold basis. In this we all agree with President Andrews, and, with him, believe it possible to maintain the parity in this country alone, and also with him desire the co-operation of all leading nations of the world, but do not believe it absolutely necessary for their co-operation by any means. And with the coinage of silver on the same principle of gold coinage, without any further legislation, there would be no speculation in silver nor gold, and each or each of their representatives in paper would be legal payment for any and all debts, "not otherwise contracted," and no further contracts should be made permitting a corner on any of our legal tender moneys. —H. A. Campbell. be made permitting a corner on any of our legal tender moneys. -H. A. Campbell.

## A DOCTOR OF HIS WORD.

He Promised to Get a Subject and He Did, Though He Had to Shoot His Man.

"There's one thing I have always admired about Dr. B.," said Dr. W., one night last week. "Since I went to college with him back in the seventies I have never because him. to college with him back in the seventies I have never known him to break his word. If he ever promised to do anything he would do it or break his neck rather than his word. He has the right material in him, and he showed it when a mere boy. The strongest proof of it is in what he did in 1876. There was a little group of close friends in our class at the medical school, and when we separated for the summer each man solemnly pledgthe summer each man solemnly pledged himself to bring back a 'subject' when he returned in the fall. I promised with the rest, but failed, as did everybody in the class except Dr. B. We did not feel sheepish about the matter until he came, and not a word was said until we met that night, and he asked how many stiffs we had. Then he saw by our looks that we had not kept our word, and he smiled.

#### "'Why, did you get one?' asked one ARMED WITH CLUBS

of us.
"'Deed I did, and he's down stairs in a box.' 'How did you get it?' asked several of us. "'Shot it,' he said, in a matter of THE PEACE WHICH HAS PRE-"Shot it,' he said, in a matter of fact way.

"Then he told us all about it. He said that he was at Northfield, Minn., on Sept. 7, when the Younger gang raided the town to rob the bank, and that he was in the second story of a friend's house near the bank when he heard somebody shout, "They're robbing the bank!" He ran to the window and saw three or four men on horses and another on foot firing pistols in every direction, and an instant VAILED AT HAZBETON BROKEN BY STRIKERS.

tered the frame of the window. When he looked again there were two men down in the street, and he made up his mind that one of them was his

"The robbers had fled and the street was deserted. The body lay almost in front of the house, and he went out and dragged it in. How he managed the rest he would not tell, but I know that he brought a body to the college, and that it was perforated by a rifle.

and that it was perforated by a rifle ball. After that he could have any-thing that was going at that school."— New York Sun.

KLONDIKERS DRIVEN BACK.

Thirty Give Up the Attempt to Reach

the Gold Fields.

steamer Carrallton arrived this morn-

ing from Skaguay and Dyea with thir-

ty passengers who have given up the

men via Wrangle, the Stockton river and Teslin lake next spring with in-

this divide have undoubtedly derived their gold from quartz reefs in the immediate vicinity, as Shaw had in his

possession a quantity of placer gold which is quite unworn and full of quartz. The purser of the Carrallton

the reported lynching of alleged thieves on Skaguay trail by vigilantes.

NO GRUB STAKES.

Credit Hard to Get at Dawson City Just Now.

winter. Singleton says the gold com-

are selling at Dawson City at \$10 each.

READY TO SIGN.

Proposition of the Powers Accepted

by Turkey.

UNIVERSAL

It Is Long Continued.

They were the center of attraction for

a whole street car full of people, but they didn't know it, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. They sat on the front

seat of a Lindell car-a pair of country

lovers. He was sitting in the most un-comfortable position possible, trying to face squarely to the front—just as

though nothing was wrong—and at the same time keep his arm on the

back of the seat, so that she might lean against it. His arm was bent back so far at the shoulder that it looked to be

dislocated, and it surely did seem out

of place. The girl in the case was a pretty, confiding country girl of about eighteen. She carried her handkerchief

in a little ball, clutched in her hand. Her dress was a fluffy creation with a wilderness of ruffle trimmings. Her

hands were rather large, and red, evidencing the soap and water of a recent

wash-day. The lover had on an upper case coat, a lower case vest, and a pair of wrong font pants, but they were "good stuff" and would "wear

well," and that was what his pa bought

The lovers didn't say a word. Every-

body in the car was waiting for them to talk, but not so. He held her hand; she looked into his eyes; he blushed and grinned and she tittered. That

made a whole volume of talk to them, and nobody could understand it fully

but them. The conductor came and the swain worked the combination on a buckskin purse and got out a dollar. While he waited for change he grinned

Uncle Allen.

Knew His Ways.

Explainable.

"Those people next door must be queer." "Why?"
"They've lived there more than a month,
and I've never seen the postman stop at their

house."

"Oh, we'l, maybe the man prefers to have the bills sent to his office."—Det News.

up at him.

Her

one selling as high as \$60.

quartz.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 16.-The

meat

# HUNGARIANS DRIVEN OUT.

TROUBLE THE DIRECT RESULT OF AN EFFORT TOERESUME WORK

horses and another on foot firing pistols in every direction, and an instant later a bullet smashed through a pane of glass just over his head. He ran to his friend's room and got a Winchester rifle and shot one of the robbers off his horse. Almost the instant he fired a bullet came back at him and splintered the frome of the window. When MINERS ARE TO BE ORGANIZED. E & BB'

R. LF OT

Cause of the Men Taken in Hand by the American Federation of Labor. de

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 17.-A message came to headquarters at nearly 2 o'clock this morning from Cranberry, that a body of strikers were breaking into the powder house of Edward ance, might be considered one of the Turnbach. Request was made for a most valuable assets of the life indetachment of troops. The night surance companies. It sho guarded with the utmost care. of the deputy sheriffs.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 16. - The American Federation of Labor has taken up the cause of the mine workers in this region. Their organizers ment, and the necessity of strictly honare already at work here, and when this has been completed a uniform scale will be formulated and presentattempt to reach the Yukon gold fields ed to the operators. There will be no life insurance business would stand the marching or anything in the nature light of public investigation and come

and the headwaters of the Yukon emptying into Teslin lake. He reports the existence of large quartz ledges of the same grade as the Treadwell, but they cannot be worked with profit on account of not being able to get machinery. Mr. Shaw says that the difference of the same grade as the treadwell, but they cannot be worked with profit on account of not being able to get machinery. Mr. Shaw says that the difference of the striking and working they of the executive committee before discussion, was read by the secretary. The committee reported unfavorably on the resolution, and on motion the committee's report was adopted. This leaves the matter as it stood before Mr. Dyer's resolution. Teslin Lake road, which is now being out the missiles were used. Some of surveyed by the Canadian government on the Stockton river. on the Stockton river.

Mr. Shaw believes that Fort Wrangle will be the point of departure for the goods and machinery that will be sent into that part of the country. He intends sending in an outfit of twenty man vic Wrangle, the Stockton river. workingmen with stones. One Hun-garian was clubbed over the head and badly injured.
The encounter

badly injured.

The encounter was the direct result of an attempt to start up the Lehigh & Wilkesbarre collieries. Despite the determination to remain until Superintendent Lawall was heard from regarding the 10 per cent advance demanded, a number of Hungarians and Italians reported for work this morning. As soon as this news reached Bunker Hill and Honeybrook, the attack was made, each colliery being visited in turn.

ASKED FOR AID. structions to prospect the more remote districts of the headwaters of the Yukon immediately adjacent to the old Cassair gold diggings. The placers on

ASKED FOR AID.

The superintendent called for assistance of Sheriff Scott, of Schuylkill county, in which county Honeybrook lies, and that official made a demand on Gen. Gobin for a body of soldiers. A battalion of the Eighth regiment, under Col. MaGee, hurriedly marched from their Audenried camp to the scene of the trouble, but it was over and the men scattered when the soldiers reached there. Col. MaGee received a report of the occurrence and made a demonstration with the idea of subduing the turbulent inclinations of the foreigners. The march proceeded through Honeybrook, Bunker Hill and McAdoo. Here the troops were halted, while the officers made a short reconnoitre toward Silver Brook. Nothing of a suspicious character was seen, however, and the troops were marched back to camp.

The soldiers had not been out of sight ten minutes before a crowd of strikers pounced upon a squad of Hungarians, who were screening coal near the Star washery, and forced them to quit work. This second movement resulted in the sending of a squadron of the governor's troops to the disturbed district this attention. They returned at 6 o'clock, with the report that all was quiet.

Honeybrook being beyond the jurisdiction ASKED FOR AID. says there is a scarcity of boats at Lake Bennett, and that they are bring-ing upwards of \$300. None of the re-turning miners had heard anything of SALEM, Ore., Sept. 16.—A letter received here from Frank Singleton, an employe of the American Trading and

Transportation company, located at Fort Cudahy, sixty miles north of Dawson City, says hundreds around Dawson are already unable to secure grub stakes, supply companies refus-ing to give them credit for the coming

missioner has arrived at the Bonanza creek district to which he has given the name Trondike, instead of Klondike. Although there are plenty of Fing salmon from the river, the fish VIENNA, Sept. 16.—The Neue Freie Presse says it is reported in official circles that the sultan of Turkey and the council of ministers of the Ottoman empire have accepted the powers' conditions of peace with Greece, and that it is expected the preliminaries of the treaty will be signed on Friday next.

## WHEAT IS MOVING.

All Previous Records Bettered This Is the Complaint, and in Rare Cases Year at Portland.

PORTLAND, Or., Sept. 16.—The wheat crop of 1897 is moving seaward at a rate that is breaking all previous records. Within the past seven days five cargoes, totaling 481,437 bushels, valued at \$431,512, have cleared from Portland and are now on the way to England. A cargo of flour cleared for the Orient included 19,188 barrels, valued of \$78,820, brings the value of ued at \$78,830, brings the value of wheat products for the week up to ever \$500,000. Reports that have been coming from the grain districts north of Snake river this week have been of a very discouraging nature, and it is feared that all prospects of a record breaking crop in that section have vanished. Instead of the damage by rain being slight, in many places it has ruined from one-third to one-half of the crop.

## TROUBLE EXPECTED.

Three Troops of Cavalry to Arrest

Indian Chiefs. SANTA FE, N. M. Sept. 16.—Under orders from the Indian office, Capt. Nordstrom, United States agent in charge of the Pueblos, left for Zuni to assist Sheriff Sanchez in arresting to assist Sheriii Sanchez in arresting the big chiefs accused of attempting to murder an alleged Zuni witch. Three troops of cavalry are awaiting at Zuni the arrival of the agent and the sheriff. Trouble is feared at Zuni, when the arrests are made, as this is the season of the Pueblos' annual harvest dance.

## Struck by Lightning.

at her, and after he got it he grinned again. She tittered each time. "Union Station!" yelled the conductor. The swain unwound his arm from its clasp on exquisite bliss, but held onto the girl's hand. He led her out of the con with pride showing in every feature. Struck by Lightning.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 16.—A special to the GlobeDemocrat from Gonzales, Mex., says: Five
Mexicans were seriously injured by a bolt
of lightning, on the farm of W. R. Houston,
four miles below here, during a severe thunder storm. Three men, a woman, and a child
were picking cotton, and, when the storm
came up, took shelter under a tree. Lightning struck the tree and rendered them all
unconscious. The woman and child are badly
burned and may die. car with pride showing in every feature and every awkward movement. "Gumsuckers from Podunk," remarked a smart young chap.
"That's all right," remarked a pros-perous-looking old man, turning around in his seat. "I was down myself with

## Postmaster Sustained.

the same complaint that boy has once, and I ain't over it yet." Then the matronly old lady in spec-tacles beside him blushed as she looked CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—In the federal court today, Judge Jenkins sustained Postmaster Gordon in his removal of Superintendent Carr, of the Englewood branch of the post-office, known as Station C." and dissolved the injunction secured by Carr. Judge Jenkins took a similar position to that of Judge Cox, of the district court of Columbia, in the Wood case, which was decided a day or two ago. "We have some kind of calamity shricker with us all the time," sighed Uncle Allen Sparks. "Just as soon as the wail about hard times begins to stop and things look a little cheerful, here comes the katydid predicting an early frost."—Chicago Tribune.

## Iron Higher.

CLEVELAND. O., Sept. 16.—During the present week there has been an advance of 50 cents a ton in bessemer pig iron, making the price \$10 a ton. No big sales at that price are recorded, but the market is firm at the new quotation. "Why do you say that we are perfectly safe if we elope on a railroad train?" "Because papa won't pursue us until he can get a pass."—Chicago Record.

To Keep Frost From Shop Windows Shopkeepers often find their fine display of goods hidden from the public eye by the

WOODBURY'S FACIAL SOAP FACIAL CREAM.

frost forming on the inside of the panes. A simple remedy for this is a thin coat of pure glycerine applied to the glass. This will prevent any moisture forming thereon and last until so much dust collects upon it as to make the window cloudy. Surveyors use it with advantage on their instruments in frosty or foggy weather. In fact, it can be used to prevent moisture forming upon anything, and engine drivers find it particularly useful to keep their windows clear from steam as well as cold or moisture.

#### INSURANCE AN INVESTMENT,

Says Secretary De Boer, Addressing the National Underwriters. MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 16.—It was 10:45 o'clock when the first session

of the second day's convention of the National Association of Life Underwriters was called to order. President Hendrick at once introduced J. A. De Boer, secretary and actuary of the National Life Insurance company, of New Hampshire. Mr. Boer addressed the convention on "The Relation of Public Opinion to Life Insurance." He said, in part, that life insurance had got beyond the stage of needing apol-ogy from those who advocated it, and, it had become a matter requiring apology on the part of any respectable citizen who did not carry insurance on his life. The fair opinion of the public, won by the companies represented in this convention, for life insur-It should ferred to editorial comments of some well-known papers of the business, and took occasion to score the great editors of the country for their ignorance on est, fair and liberal methods, not only in selecting risks but in the manage-ment of the funds and the general policy adopted. He believed that the from the trial with public approval.

The report of the executive committee on a resolution of W. H. Dyer, of

Massachusetts, with regard to the expunging of a part of Article 5, which provides for the reference of all mat-Mr. Dyer's resolution.

The treasurer's report shows total receipts, \$1,635.29; disbursements, \$979.19,

The treasurer's report shows total receipts, \$1,635.29; disbursements, \$979.19, leaving a balance on hand, \$656.10.

Simon Wolf, of Washington, D. C., who was to have read a paper at the afternoon session, was unable to be present on account of illness. His place on the programme\_was taken by Charles W. Pickell, of Detroit, Mich., who read an able paper on "Income and Disbursements in Life Insurance." After Mr. Pickell's address the report of the executive committee was presented. It refers briefly to the death of Maj. Ben S. Calef, on Jan. 9, and Col. G. P. Haskell, on Aug. 6, of this year. The association is in a prosperous condition, the membership being 1,337, an increase of 115. The matter of finances is taken up, and it is shown there will be an estimated defict of over \$200. Expenses have increased, and the committee recommends that a larger income be provided on the basis of \$25 dues yearly from each association and \$1 additional from each member. It also recommends an increased membership at the convention by adding one delegate for every twenty-five members of an association, which would be in addition to the five delegates now given each association, regardless\* of its numerical condition. numerical condition.

#### TO MAKE ROCK TRANSPARENT.

Prof. Dwight's Machine Can Slice the Hardest Flint to the Thinnest

in so doing he may destroy a choice specimen. Therefore, a machine that permits him to saw off almost the permits him to saw oil almost the thickness of a hair at a time, triples the opportunities of discovery and makes possible analysis of a rock specimen finer than those his fondest appears investigated might one day he dieams imagined might one day be possible.

possible.

It has long been known, also, that the beauties of various varieties of stone increased in proportion as their density was lessened. Therefore it is possible by means of the new machine to study the grain of rock which may perhaps prove prismatic in a manner than the proposed to the possible.

never before supposed to be possible.

The geologist knows exactly the rock The geologist knows exactly the rock formations which represent certain periods in the earth's existence. The composition of rock is by no means the same. Each age has had its variation, and therefore this method which the and therefore this method which the married. machine makes possible of showing to the smallest degree the composition of the rock enables the geologist to trace its history beyond peradventure.

## Clothing Didn't Count.

Clothing Didn't Count.

In a recent discussion on improvements in the X ray apparatus, one of the speakers mentioned that he possessed a fluorescent screen measuring 6 feet by 1½ feet. It is intended to show the full length figure all at one view, and on an occasion when the apparatus was being inspected by a number of persons it was the means of creating an embarrassment almost beyond the power of words to describe. A lady having incautiously passed in the line of rays was displayed on the large screen, and as dress materials are very transparent to the rays her costume, of course, did not count for much in the picture.—Lancet.

Continued From First Page. e question of the decline in silveer as affecting the finances of Mexico, the president says: "Unfortunately the present fiscal year does not begin under as good auspices as the previous one, for the excessive weakness and fluctuations of silver, often sudden and

ses not absolutely necessary are being opposed or reduced,

violent in their character, have so in-fluenced some sections of the country that it is demanding the serious at-tention of the government. All expen-

SILVER QUESTION. "The magnitude and sudden character "The magnitude and sudden character of the present perturbation in silver certainly does not correspond to the known causes which have produced it, and therefore there are well-founded motives for expecting that the factors, more or less artificial, which may have had an influence in the decline of silver, will be of short duration and may even soon bring about a favorable re-action. There is not therefore, for the present, any serious reason for alarm. The nation will be able to pass through this difficult period confronting it with the same serenity which it displayed a few years ago when the same causes produced alarm."

#### NEWSBOY MILLIONAIRE.

London to See the Denouement of a Pretty Romance of the West

and South. The romance of the "Copper King" of Colorado and its approaching happy ending at St. Dunstan's, in Fleet street, is the thing of particular interest to American society in London at the

present moment.

The "Copper King" is Mr. John Mc-Donough, the president fo the John McDonough Security company, of Den ver, head of such a splendid property as the Gholson Copper company, and principal member of the company working the mother vein at Clear Creek. Col., adjoining the famous Stanley mine, from which gold, silver and copper to the value of \$3,000,000 have been taken. The bride, who is expected to arrive in England directly, on the steamer Mobile, of the Atlantic Transport line, is Miss Margaret Dare, a young lady who has succeeded in making the steamer was for heaves in literature in ing a name for herself in literature in New York, writing over the nom de plume of Richard Dare. She is a New Orleans girl, and comes from an old and distinguished Creole family. That Miss Dare is a beautiful young

woman goes without saying. How Miss Dare and Mr. McDonough met, fell ln love, were engaged to be married, sep-arated and came together again would make far more interesting reading than most novels.

most novels.

A number of prominent Americans with some well-known English guests are to accompany Mr. McDonough when he goes down to meet his bride at Tilbury, which he will do on a specially chartered boat as soon as the Mobile is signalled today or to-

morrow.

Mr. McDonough is a Liverpool Englishman by birth. He went to America as a lad, and his first experience of life on the other side of the Atlantic was gained in selling papers about the was gained in seming papers about the streets of New York. He was bright and energetic, and rose steadily, finally going to Albany and Troy, in New York state, and securing control of a small library which he soon developed into a publishing house that gained a decided separation in the western part decided reputation in the western part of the state. It was at Troy, when he had dis-

gold, and the event proved the wisdom

of his judgment.
Mr. McDonough, making copper his specialty, in this way organized syndicate after syndicate to operate the mines he secured. One of these mines, in Custer county, Col., is now paying good dividends on over \$2,000,000. The Gholson mine is an immense deposit of native copper, such as have heretofore only been found in the state of Michigan.

When the conner mines were in such a highly remunerative condition Mr. McDonough, who had all along kept a close watch on the movement of Miss Dare, again laid active siege to that young lady's affections. She had al-

## Only Relatively.

"You want too big a pront," grumbled the customer "Seventy-five dollars is a high price for a mere riding plaything."
"We have them cheaper, of course," said the bicycle dealer, anxious to please, "Up in the garret there is an old-fashioned high wheel, and out in the yard at the back of the shop I have a horse. Both are in fair condition, and you can have either for \$2.50,"—Chicago Tribune.

A Street Grab in 1920. Mr. Wheeler (reading the paper)-Goodness!

Mr. Wheeler (reading the paper)—Goodness!
There's another outrage!
"rs. Wheeler—What is it?
Mr. Wheeler—Why, the aldermen have
passed a resolution permitting pedestrians to
use six more streets, and they won't have to
pay the public a cent for the privilege!—Puck.

A SILEN T PARTNER.

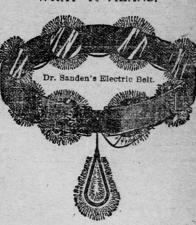


"Your wife is financially interested i n your business, is she?"

"A silent partner, I suppose?" "Well - er - that's what she calls her self."

# ATTACK ON DIAZ WEAK, LAME BACK!

WHAT IT MEANS.



Do you suffer from it? Do you know its cause? It generally means a great deal, and should not be neglected. Plasters and medicines hardly ever cure it, but electricity, properly applied, is a positive remedy, as our thousands of cures in this city testify. I have just issued a neat little book which every sufferer from Lame Back should read. It explains the many causes and effects of this annoying weakness, and a rational, positive cure by my wonderful Electric Beit, For

## WEAK MEN.

IF POSSIBLE, CALL AND EXAMINE MY FAMOUS BODY BATTERY IN FORM OF A BELT, OR ADDRESS FOR PAMPH-LET, "THREE CLASSES OF MEN.

#### DR. A.T. SANDEN 235 Nicollet Av., Cor. Washington,

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN. Office Hours-9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

CAUSE OF THE WAR.

Explanation of the Present Conflict Between Turkey and Greece.

The real cause of the trouble between Greece and Turkey is the determina-tion of the czar to crush the sultan and tion of the czar to crush the sultan and add the Ottoman empire to Russia, says the Chicago Record. The apparent cause, however, is the interference of Greece in the domestic affairs of Crete, which is a province of Turkey, and may be described as the Cuba of the Mediterranger. iterranean.

Last year the massacres in Armenia were incited by Russian intrigue, with the expectation that they would end in the dissolution of Turkey, but the sultan conducted himself with such skill and disperses in the conducted himself. and diplomacy that he was able to crawl out of the trouble. He saved himself from punishment by "bluffing" alt the rest of Europe. The revolution in Crete is believed by diplomatists to have originated in a similar manner, with the same motives, for the same object, and Gregor is supposed to be object, and Greece is supposed to be the decoy which Russia is using to involve Turkey in a war in which sooner or later the czar will take a hand.

hand.

For many centuries Crete was a part of Greece. The inhabitants are mostly of Greecian ancestry. They belong to the Greek Catholic church, of which the czar is the recognized head, as the pope is the head of the Roman Catholic church. They have been in a state of rebellion ever since Crete was annexed to Turkey. In 1868, after a war that lasted several years and was likely to exterminate the inhabitants and ruin the industries of the island, the great powers of Europe interfered and comacter was seen, however, and the troops were marched back to camp.

The solution of the state of

an agitation throughout Crete which caused a continual collision between the citizens and the military guards, the citizens and the military guards, and resulted in an open rebellion of the Christians, which was encouraged and aided by Greece. Absolute autonomy was demanded by some, and annexation by others, and finally the Greek army was sent to the assistance of the rebels. Then the powers of Furgree in rebels. Then the powers of Europe intervened, Greece was forbidden to in-terfere, but declined to obey, so that finally a collision occurred between the Greek and Turkish troops, and war was

ACRES OF PIGEONS.

A Flock a Mile in Length and Two Hundred Yards Wide.

News was brought in by James News was brought in by James Fletcher, a miner living near Round mountain, in the eastern part of Shasta county, that a flock of wild pigeons had visited that neighborhood that lays in the shade anything in the wild pigeons the pigeons that the pigeons the pigeons of the pige eon line since the pioneer days of the middle West, when flocks came in such middle West, when nocks came in such numbers as to darken the sun and to break the branches of the trees where they roosted, says a Redding, Cal., spe-cial to the New York World. Fletcher says that last Thursday he heard a whirring noise behind him like

the rush of a coming storm of wind. Turning, he saw a flock of wild pigeons. The whirring noise was only a prelude to a great storm yet to come. For probably five minutes, he says, he stood dazed, watching the flight of the birds dazed, watching the light of the birds that came by hundreds and thousands. He was so startled and so lost in wonderment that he can give no adequate description of the size of the flock or make any estimate of the number. Standing alone in the little valley at the base of the mountains, he was too much excited by the novel sight to much excited by the novel sight to take it in calmly, but he says that he thinks the flock must have been a mile

in length and with a varying width of from 100 to 200 yards. The birds took possession of the grove and apparently every twig and limb of the trees, covering perhaps 160 acres of land, was a roosting place for birds which he could now readily recognize which he could now readily recognize to be a variety of pigeons, though plainly not the domestic pigeons that abide in our barns. The cooing and love-making going on were enough to make his bachelor heart sick. The pigeons have evidently taken possession of the grove for a nesting and breeding place.

Another Brute.

Friend—Is your brother still the level-head-ed, sensible fellow he used to be? Henry Peck—Yes; he is still a bachelor.— Puck.

