

BULLETIN OF THE ST. PAUL GLOBE

THURSDAY, SEPT. 23, 1897. Weather for Today—Fair, Southeasterly Winds.

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EVENTS TODAY. Met—The New Dominion, 8.15. Grand—Tennessee's Partner, 8.15. MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS. NEW YORK—Arrived: Mohawk, London; Majestic, Liverpool; Florida, Genoa. Sailed: St. Louis, Southampton; Westland, Antwerp; Britannic, Liverpool. QUEENSTOWN—Arrived: Pentonic, New York. SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived: St. Paul, New York. Sailed: Saale, Bremen for New York. The Saale carries 3,000,000 gold.

Hawaii has voted in favor of annexation, but Japan hasn't. Premier Azcarraga still has faith in Gen. Weyler. Azcarraga stands alone. This is a good year to apply the penal code to the football code as a plaster. A South Dakotan has been nominated for judge partly because he weighs over 400 pounds. Mary Anderson Navarro sang five songs in England Monday night. The audience didn't try to run away. Jack Frost, come on with your congealed barbs, you can't hurt anything now, not even the feelings of the coal man. It is now admitted that Elkins is the author of section 22. After all, isn't it strange that it hadn't been guessed before. The Winona Republican predicts the re-nomination and re-election of James A. Tawney. Not unless the people of the First district have gone daft. President Faure, of France, is really very good man. Because of this a great many people wonder why he associates with such a man as the czar of Russia. Bicycle racers earned nearly as much as bicycle makers during the season just closing. A combination between the two might make a comfortable sort of trust. The latest and funniest of monopolies is announced. Jesse Donzig has secured the exclusive privilege of selling lozenges and chewing gum in all the parks of New York. British newspapers are beginning to speak of us again as a fourth-rate power. Is it to be 1776, 1812, 1898? If so, let's have it over with in time for a celebration of the "famous victory" say about Thanksgiving, next year. It is announced that while George Gould was spending three months resting in Europe the business revival has added some \$15,000,000 to the value of the Gould securities. Some people don't have to go to the Klondike to get wealthy. A New York woman of 101, who has ridden the piloton, stage coach, canal boat, railroad, steamboat, horse and trolley car, has just learned to ride the bicycle. She has at least broken all records as to the number of vehicles she has ridden. A fellow from Connecticut has been arrested at the door of the white house with a loaded revolver in his pocket and a threat on his lips that he would kill some high official of the government. The only charges that can be made against him are vagrancy and carrying concealed weapons. George Fred Williams told a Boston audience, met to hear a discussion of government by injunction, that Hazleton paralleled the massacre on Boston common "when British soldiers shot down citizens of Boston in front of the old state house." We had supposed that George Fred was comparatively a young man.

AMERICA'S ULTIMATUM Spain must Face Without the Help of Europe.

Powers, Austria Excepted, Concede the Right of the United States to Interfere.

COURTS OF EUROPE ALL SOUNDED

This Fact, Known to Spain, a Tremendous Lever in Minister Woodford's Hands—Only a Tender of Good Offices Has as Yet Been Made.

MADRID, Sept. 22.—The correspondent here of the Associated Press learns upon high authority that the much-discussed interview of Saturday last, between the United States minister to Spain, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, and the Spanish minister for foreign affairs—the Duke of Tetuan—were merely preliminary. Gen. Woodford represented to the duke the gravity of the position of Cuba and requested in behalf of the United States that Spain would find a method of speedily ending the war and giving justice to the Cubans. He offered the good offices of the United States in effecting a settlement of the Cuban troubles, which practically gives Spain an opportunity of gracefully ending the war. If she does not embrace it within a reasonable time, notice will be given that that United States must interfere, though Gen. Woodford has not said so yet.

Spain cannot expect the aid of European powers, as the United States ambassadors have ascertained that all the European countries, except Austria, recognize that the interests of the United States justify the latter's interference in Cuba. Austria in this matter is influenced by the relationship between the two dynasties, the queen regent of Spain being an Austrian archduchess, but it is not likely that Austria will take any part in the question, thus leaving to a foreign arm a diplomatic protest against the intervention of the United States. The Correspondencia de Espana asserts that four parliaments are proceeding between the United States and Spain for a friendly settlement of affairs in Cuba. El Epoca after denouncing as "sensational" the story of an ultimatum, points out that the Cubans have not been a party to the Spanish ultimatum and that the material co-operation of the American people. There is a great deal of comment as to the origin of the ultimatum. It has been attributed to a foreign ambassador, but all the ambassadors deny responsibility for it. The people do not think that war is inevitable. It is asserted that the Liberals will soon form a cabinet and that on the return of the queen from San Sebastian to Madrid, Capt. Gen. Weyler will be recalled and autonomy established in the island, thus leaving to a foreign arm a diplomatic protest against the intervention of the United States.

Contrary to expectations confidently entertained today, Senor Reverter, minister of finance, has not resigned his portfolio. The Duke of Tetuan, the Spanish minister of foreign affairs, in the course of an interview with a correspondent here, stated that he had received a cablegram from Senor de Woodford, minister to the United States, to the same effect. WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The state department officials refuse to discuss the very important statement made in the cable dispatch from Madrid today, namely that the countries of Europe, with the exception of Austria, justify the interposition of the United States in favor of a termination of the Cuban war. It is recalled that while Mr. Woodford was tarrying in an apparently purposeless manner in London and Paris, instead of proceeding to his post in Spain, it leaked out that the United States had intervened in favor of Cuba, and said he had received a cablegram from Senor de Woodford, minister to the United States, to the same effect.

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LONDON, Sept. 23.—A dispatch to the Standard from San Sebastian, says: Fresh communications have passed between United States minister Woodford and the Duke of Tetuan, minister of foreign affairs of the United States, as stated by the American minister last Saturday. Both press and public received the intimation of the American government with surprise and incredulity. Even now most Spaniards are loth to believe the United States is earnest in offering in the middle of September mediation, which is certain to be followed in November, by a declaration that it is too late to stop action because opinion in the United States calls for decisive policy and because the Cubans will not accept anything short of independence. The Spaniards cannot realize that President McKinley had finally made up his mind before he entrusted Minister Woodford with precise instructions,



Fever Germs Still Incubating. Twelve Cases of Yellow Jack Reported at New Orleans—Two Deaths.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 22.—The official record in the board of health office tonight at 6 o'clock showed a total of twelve new cases since yesterday evening, and two deaths. The new cases are, for the most part, widely scattered, and several of them at least do not seem to have been the outcome of local infection. It is apparent that the microbes brought over in baggage from Biloxi and Ocean Springs are still incubating, and that many more cases of fever are to be looked for. The system of quarantine and sanitation in vogue here is unquestionably showing good results, and whatever spread there is of the sickness is confined to houses in which yellow fever already exists or in premises immediately adjoining.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 22.—The second case of yellow fever to develop in Louisville was today announced by Health Officer White. The first case was that of Frank Derumsey, who died at an infirmary in the city on Aug. 16. Mr. Derumsey came here from Ocean Springs, Miss. Soon after his arrival he was taken sick. He was immediately removed to the infirmary, where he died in a few hours. Every precaution was taken and there was no spread of the disease. The second case was reported by Health Officer White this afternoon. The patient is John McDougall, a machinist in the L. & N. railroad shops at Mobile. McDougall arrived here from Mobile on Sept. 9. He was taken ill last Wednesday, and as his illness showed peculiar symptoms, Health Officer White was called in consultation. The doctor watched the case carefully, but it was not until this morning he was agreed upon. This week fully 15,000 miners have gone to work on terms fixed jointly by the miners and operators. It was won against the combined power of weak judicial usurpation and tyranny. The American Federation of Labor, believing only in practical methods, has decided to continue its support with organizations and money until a complete victory for the miners is won. To this end it calls on its full and unmeasured aid to this worthy movement. Many families still need support, and it is not by conventions, with irresponsible talk and infatuation with revolutionary buncombe that the cause of labor can be advanced. Violent appeals to the passions of the masses can serve no purpose. It is only by systematic organization with united hearts and united fronts that a purpose which no man knows no bounds color, nationality or politics that will uplift the masses. Trades unions are not the promoters of

BILOXI, Miss., Sept. 22.—The fever situation here today is less favorable. The record shows one death and five new cases. The death was Michael Levy, 37, a cooper, who died at 11 o'clock this afternoon. The new cases are Dr. J. M. Wright, J. W. Sweetman, druggist; Mrs. J. W. Sweetman, Ellis Hayes, of the Gulf News; F. H. Benedict, of the Review. CAIRO, Ill., Sept. 22.—The two yellow fever patients in the Marine hospital here are improving rapidly. The alleged case at East Cairo also is completely recovered. The quarantine against the Marine hospital will be raised tomorrow.

\$20,000,000 GLASS TRUST. Output of the United States to be Controlled.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 22.—Representatives of window glass manufacturers from all parts of the country have been in session here all day for the purpose of devising a plan by which the window glass manufacturers of the country may be formed into one organization. The Western association and the Pittsburgh association have already agreed to amalgamate, providing sufficient numbers of manufacturers heretofore not identified with such a combine will enter into the agreement. The work of the committee today demonstrated that nine-tenths of the manufacturers are willing to go into the new organization, which will be known as the American Window Glass association. The new combination represents a capital of \$20,000,000 and includes all of the principal plants of the United States. The output of the combined concern is estimated at \$10,000,000 worth of glass a year. It will have virtual control of the trade. As stocks are low and uncertainty about the settlement of the wage question still exists, it is very probable that a decided advance in prices will soon follow. The committee today practically completed its plans and will convene again tomorrow to settle details. Under the new plan it is expected to have but one general selling agency, which will be in Pittsburgh, through which all window glass will be sold.

SOVEREIGN LODGE. Boston Selected for Next Year's Meeting by the Odd Fellows.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 22.—The selection of the next meeting place of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows was made a special order today. Six invitations were received, Tampa, Fla.; Detroit, Richmond, Boston, Baltimore, and Hot Springs, Ark. Competing, Boston was selected after a hard fight. Grand Sire Carleton appointed the committee to revise the Recharter bill. This afternoon the lodge visited the national Lincoln monument, where addresses were made by Hon. A. S. Pinkerton, deputy grand sire of Massachusetts; Gen. John C. Underwood, of Louisville, past grand sire of Kentucky, and ex-commander-in-chief of the Patriarch militant, and Hon. Charles M. Busbey, of Raleigh, past grand sire of North Carolina. HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 22.—The death of the Lovejoy boy at Beaumont, this morning, caused some feeling of consternation in this city. The town is rigidly quarantined. A number of health officers met here today for a conference on the situation. The following telegram was received: Orange, Tex., Sept. 22.—Mayor Rice, Houston: In Mississippi and Louisiana science has

JAPS SMOGGING IN SOLDIERS

Fighting Men Disguised as Immigrants Landed at Honolulu by the Crafty Orientals.

TO OPPOSE ANNEXATION BY FORCE.

One Thousand Trained Men Now on the Island and Four Hundred Expected by the Next Steamer, if the Stories Told Are True.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 22.—If the stories which are told by the passengers and crew of the Peking, which arrived here from Hong Kong, via Honolulu on Tuesday evening, be true, a state of affairs exists in Hawaii which demands the attention of the state department. When the City of Peking arrived at Honolulu the attention of the passengers on board that steamer was attracted by the remarkably symmetrical movements of 174 Japanese steamer passengers who were disembarking. Although classed as laborers, their well dressed and military appearance was too palpable to escape observation and occasioned considerable comment. The Japanese were apparently under the command of a veteran sergeant and divided into squads of twenty under non-commissioned officers. During the voyage a military discipline was observed, which created comment among the other steamer passengers and steamer's crew, and many conjectures were hazarded as to the meaning of their being shipped to the islands. It was generally believed that they were sent to the islands for the purpose of forcibly resisting annexation if necessary. Rumors of the presence of the mikado's soldiers are not new on the islands, and it is said that over 1,000 well drilled men have already been landed there, and about 400 veterans of the Japanese army are expected on the next steamer.

HUGH SMITH REBUKED. London Bankers Protest Against His Silver Policy.

LONDON, Sept. 22.—A meeting of the bankers of London, called to protest against the action of the governor of the Bank of England, Hugh C. Smith, who at the semi-annual meeting of that institution on Thursday last read a letter dated July 23, addressed to the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in which the governor announced that the bank was prepared to carry out what is held down as permissible in its charter, namely, to hoist one-fifth of the bullion held against its note issue in silver, provided always that the French mint is again open to the free coinage of silver, and that the prices at which silver is procurable and saleable are satisfactory, was held at the clearing house today. There was a large attendance of representatives of powerful interests. Several of the prominent banks were not represented, but, according to the statements of those who participated in the meeting, their absence was due to the fact that the heads of the banks unrepresented were not in or near London at the present time.

RIOT AND REVOLUTION FROWNED DOWN.

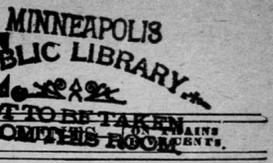
WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The executive council of the American Federation of Labor which has been in session here, tonight issued an address in part as follows: We call on the public and public for a labor convention in Chicago next Monday. The objects are to take mass trade unionist and of every lover of better conditions and of every lover of the sweeping powers of the courts in granting injunctions in defiance of popular rights during labor disputes. These objects are very commendable, and worthy the active practical support of every citizen. The only objection to the convention is that it is held in Chicago. It is not by conventions, with irresponsible talk and infatuation with revolutionary buncombe that the cause of labor can be advanced. Violent appeals to the passions of the masses can serve no purpose. It is only by systematic organization with united hearts and united fronts that a purpose which no man knows no bounds color, nationality or politics that will uplift the masses. Trades unions are not the promoters of

Forty Killed by Cyclone. Three Villages in an Italian Province Devastated by Wind.

BRINDISI, Italy, Sept. 22.—A cyclone swept over Sava, Orta and Latiano, all in the province of Lecce, yesterday evening. Forty persons were killed, seventy people were wounded, twenty houses were destroyed, and telegraphic communication with the scene of the disaster was cut off. At Orta the railroad men engaged there were killed. Two chateaux and thirty houses were destroyed in a neighboring village, where twenty were killed. At Mesagne fifteen were killed and five injured. Great tracts of country have been devastated by the wind.

CUMBERLAND VETERANS. Gen. Rosecrans Re-elected President of the Society.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 22.—About 4,000 people attended a public meeting of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland at the Auditorium tonight. Gen. H. L. Kilian, Delaware, delivered the annual address to the society. It was a fine effort and well received. A telegram from Gen. John C. Underwood, of Louisville, past grand sire of Kentucky, and ex-commander-in-chief of the Patriarch militant, and Hon. Charles M. Busbey, of Raleigh, past grand sire of North Carolina. HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 22.—The death of the Lovejoy boy at Beaumont, this morning, caused some feeling of consternation in this city. The town is rigidly quarantined. A number of health officers met here today for a conference on the situation. The following telegram was received: Orange, Tex., Sept. 22.—Mayor Rice, Houston: In Mississippi and Louisiana science has



NOT TO BE TAKEN FROM THIS ROOM

Federation of Labor Opposed to the Chicago Gathering.

GOLD COMING IN. Million and a Half Dollars for America From Europe.

NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—The sum of \$1,000,000 was shipped to the National City bank on London, and \$500,000 from Berlin. Both shipments are made to the National City bank by its European agents, the Deutsche bank, of Berlin and London. This is the first shipment of gold to be imported this fall. A special cablegram from London to the Evening Post says: Gold to the amount of £200,000 was withdrawn from the Bank of England today for shipment to New York. These shipments are regarded as the result of the more stringent money market in New York, which is now watched more closely than is the rate of exchange. More gold is expected to go, but at present opinion here favors only a moderate total in all. That will depend, however, of necessity, largely on the course of the markets.

ANTI-PEACE CRUSADE. Greece Not Yet Reconciled to the Terms of the Powers.

ATHENS, Sept. 22.—With the exception of the Asy and the Akropolis, the newspapers are preaching a national crusade against the conditions of the last utterance by the powers. Several of them publish interviews with members of the legislative assembly. In a few instances the deputies favor war, but the majority preserve a very reserved attitude.