WORLD MILE MARK

PACED CYCLE RECORD IS CUT THREE-FIFTHS AT WILLOW GROVE PARK.

EDDIE M'DUFFIE DID IT.

TIME EQUAL TO THAT MADE BY STOCK IN LONDON RECENTLY.

FORMER RECORD NOT ALLOWED.

The Recognized Time That Established by Jimmy Michael, Also at Willow Grove.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 28.—Eddie McDuffie today at Willow Grove bicycle track established a new world's record for one mile, paced, covering the distance in 1:35 2-5, 3-5 of a second lower than the record made by Jimmy Michael, on the same track several weeks ago. McDuffie's time today also equals the time made by Stock in London last summer, although the latter's time was not accepted on account of the character of his pace, a motorcycle. Today's record was made after three unsuccessful attempts, fifteen minutes intervening between each trial. McDuffie was paced by a quint, a quad and two sextettes.

OPTIONAL SUNDAY RACING.

President Potter's Plan for Settling the Vexed Problem.

CHICAGO, Oct. 28.—Sunday racing, which has rent in twain the Eastern and Western realms of the League of American Wheelmen, may be effectually disposed of to the satisfaction of all disputants, if President Isaac B. Potter's idea is indorsed at the next annual assembly. The solution is in the nature of a compromise by which the national organization would go on record emphatically against Sunday racing, which would not in any way be sanctioned by the national racing meets. District option, however, which was so earnestly contended for by the Pacific coast contingent before its secession, would be in practical force, allowing the territory in charge of each member of the national board to exert local option by securing the consent of that official. Mr. Potter, who has come to Chicago to spend two days, outlined his idea at the Chicago Cycling club house, where he was a guest at a banquet.

BADGERS EN ROUTE.

They Will Arrive Today—Ball in Their Honor.

The Wisconsin football team, accompanied by a number of their adherents, left Madison last evening and will arrive in Minneapolis today. The players are reported to be in the best condition, ready to put up a stubborn contest Saturday. Their friends are confident they will win. At Madison Wednesday evening the enthusiasts were out en masse at Library hall, at the most successful athletic meeting ever held there. New yells and songs were practiced. The football men made speeches full of fire and wit. They say they are fit and well, and if defeated no one is to blame but themselves.

The visiting Badgers will be entertained this evening in the armory of the university, where will occur the third annual military and athletic ball, for the benefit of the Athletic association.

A large number of Wisconsin guests have signified their intention of being present. The ball will take the place of the numerous parties and receptions which the fraternities and societies generally give to their friends from Madison. The following is the list of the patronesses:

From Minneapolis—Mrs. Cyrus Northrop, Mrs. George H. Partridge, Mrs. W. C. Villin, Mrs. George W. Cole, Mrs. J. T. Wyman, Mrs. P. B. Winston, Mrs. Thomas Lowry, Mrs. H. A. Leonhauser, Mrs. W. B. Folwell, Mrs. W. F. Appleby, Mrs. F. W. Denton, Mrs. W. S. Pattee, Mrs F. F. Foreman, Mrs. W. F. Webster, Mrs. F. N. Peavey, Mrs. Emerson Cole, Mrs. Clarkson Frudley, Mrs. James G. Bell, Mrs. J. S. Pillsbury, Mrs. M. H. Gilbert, Mrs. C. McC. Reeve, Mrs. George H. Christian, Mrs. F. S. Westbrook, Mrs. Conway McWilliam, Mrs. D. F. Jones, Mrs. P. Nichols.

From St. Paul—Mrs. Conde Hamlin, Mrs. S. G. Smith, Mrs. E. N. Saunders, Mrs. M. H. Gilbert, Mrs. George H. Bell Mrs. J. J. Hill, Mrs. Theodore Schurmeier.

General Committee—E. B. Harding, chairman; Lieut. H. A. Leonhauser, Prof. F. W. Denton, W. B. Folwell Jr., F. U. Davis, J. K. Waterman, A. J. Dickinson.

DIAMOND DUST.

"Joe Quinn is playing dead ones in St. Louis this winter. You know Joe is in the undertaking business. He will be back in Baltimore next season as a utility man," writes Jack Crooks to Tom Brown.

* * *

Tim Hurst is resting at his home in Ashland, Pa., and will probably accept the official refereeship of the sparring club at Buffalo, to be controlled by Franklyn, one of the owners of the Bison City Base Ball club.

* * *

McGann's batting average in the Eastern league this year falls short of the prediction of those who touted the Kentuckian to stand among the first ten of the league. He hit thirty points under the .300 mark.

* * *

George Hogriever, of the Hoosiers, is to be located between his Satanic niblets, Mephisto, and Neptune. A thankless position for George, is this floundering between the diable and the amethyst seas, as it makes him too strong for the Western league and too weak for the major league.—Washington Post.

* * *

Manager Watkins, of the Pirates, should refrain from an error that is often fatal to a minor league manager, that of grafting a flux of young blood into the Smoketown ranks, so much of the new claret as to make it impossible to try out the youngsters. The error was one of the weaknesses of Stallings, in Philadelphia, this year. Watkins, however, has had experience as a major league impresario.

* * *

Clarke Griffith attributes his bad season to the miserable support in the field and at the bat by the Colonels whenever the anarchistic little pitcher was on the rubber. This loser's excuse of Clarke's is one that Jimmy McJames offered last season, though the medico has a more justifiable kick to register on the score of poor support than Griffith. Anson remarked late in the season that the Colts gave Griffith better support than any other twirler in the Anson stable.

* * *

There is a report that Pittsburg has drafted Will Terry for next year. If this is true Milwaukee will lose a valuable man. Terry stated before leaving the city that he preferred to play in Milwaukee, and would be much disappointed if he had to go back into the big league. He prefers the West, and if allowed to play in the West will make Milwaukee his home.—Milwaukee Wisconsin.

* * *

Harley Parker, the ex-Colt pitcher, has some caustic criticisms to make over the salary limit fixed by the Western league. "I can make more money pitching two games a week around Chicago than I could by accepting the minor league salary. I think Charles Comiskey is back of all my trouble with the Western league. He has given it out that I will pitch for St. Paul in that league or else I will not pitch for any league club. I will not go to Kansas City, and I am sure I will not go to St. Paul. There are other ways for a ball player to earn his living besides selling himself to some magnate's league."

* * *

Earl Wagner, having been convinced that Brooklyn had a prior right to the services of Third Baseman Hannivan, of Lancaster, has withdrawn his claim.

* * *

President Robison, of Cleveland, had to lend Sockalexis money to take him to his home in Old Town, Me. The Indian refused a number of chances to play football with athletic clubs.

* * *

Kelb, the pitcher whom Cleveland has secured from Toledo, was on the Cleveland team for a short time in the old Brotherhood days, but when that organization went up the flue, seven years ago, Kelb disappeared from the Cleveland roll of players.

* * *

As for deals and trades, the impression seems to be that the representatives of the Pittsburg, Cleveland, Washington and perhaps Philadelphia clubs will be the most active in offering and seeking propositions for the exchange of players at the coming annual meeting of the National league.

* * *

New Yorkers claim that their city is the greatest base ball city on earth. With a losing team the first part of the season, the total attendance for the year at the Polo grounds was 390,340, as against 334,800 at Boston. Cincinnati drew 336,800, while Cleveland drew only 115,250, 21,000 people fewer than St. Louis and 35,000 fewer than Louisville.

* * *

There are several curiosities in the league reserve list. New York still holds on to Huyler Westervelt. Poor Joe Sullivan—ill with consumption—will likely never play ball again, but St. Louis still claims him, as well as Wilfred Carsey, Lew Bierbauer and Charley Esper, last season's rebels. Philadelphia has not omitted Sam Thompson, and Cleveland clings to Harry Blake.—Sporting Life.

ONLY TWO HEATS.

Rain Interfered With the Programme at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 28.—It had been proposed to give a double bill at the Driving and Fair association track today and so conclude the meet on the day, but showers, however, kept the people away and caused a postponement until tomorrow, when two days' races will be given and the meet ended. Only two heats were given today. Nicol B won the first heat of the 2:10 pace while Emily won the first heat of the 2:15 trot from Caid. Lemonee, the only other starter, was distanced. Summary:

2:10 class, pacing; purse, $1,000—
Nicol B, b s, by Alcalus (McLaughlin) 1
W H G, b g (McCarthy) 2
Lady Nottingham, b m (Miller) 3
Capt. Crouch, b h (Ewing) 4
Col. Thornton, b h (C. C. Van Meter) 5
Gazette, b s (Shockency) 6
Miss Margaret, blk f (Water) 7
Nydia Wilkes, b m (Lapham) 8
Mill Williams, b m (Bush) 9
Josephine, b m (Dickerson) 10
Prince Hal, b h (Lawrence) 11
Time, 2:12¼.

2:15 class, trotting; stake, $1,000—
Emily, ch m, by Prince Regent (Geers) 1
Caid, br c (Wylie) 2
Lemonee, b m (Thomas) ..... dis
Time, 2:20.

BELOW THE RECORD.

Marion Mills Could Not Equal Her Own Mark.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 28.—Marion Mills, the guideless pacer, was the feature at Belmont track today in connection with the meeting of the North Pennsylvania Trotting association. The wonderful little bay mare made an effort to break her record for one mile of 2:04¼, but could not do better than 2:07½. She made the first quarter in 30½ seconds, and the second in 29½ seconds, or the half in 1:01. To the three-quarters she had to mount a slight hill, and the time, there was 1:35. A short distance from the wire she slowed up and finished just three and one-quarter seconds behind her record. She will make another trial on Saturday, after which she will be taken to Chicago.

Graney Referee.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 28.—Eddie Graney will act as referee in the fight between Walcott and Lavigne tomorrow night. Graney was selected several days ago by both sides, but his name has just been given out. Betting continues quite brisk in the pool rooms, with even money the popular price.

Morris Park.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The weather was fine at Morris Park today, and the attendance excellent. Summary: First race, seven furlongs, selling—Wordsworth won, Domitor second, Albert S third. Time, 1:29¼. Second race, six furlongs, selling—Oxnard won, Saratoga second, Ortoland third. Time, 1:12¼. Third race, Hurricane, five furlongs, selling—Hansdel won, Decanter second, Miss Tenny third. Time, :59. Fourth race, Fairview, one mile and a sixteenth, selling—Estaca won, Bannock second, Manassas third. Time, 1:48. Fifth race, one mile—Don De Oro won, Thomas Cat second, Dr. Cattlett third. Time, 1:41¼. Sixth race, one mile and three-sixteenths—Sir Walter won, Hastings second, Ben Halladay third. Time, 2:01¾.

Latonia Races.

CINCINNATI, O., Oct. 28.—Weather threatening, track fast. Summary: First race, six furlongs—Midnight won, Cyclone second, Mattie Lee third. Time, 1:16. Second race, five furlongs—Flop won, Benneville second, Tusculum third. Time, 1:02½. Third race, one mile—J H C won, The Elector second, Belle Bramble third. Time, 1:41. Fourth race, six furlongs—Caddie C won, Frank Thompson second, Aspasca third. Time, 1:15. Fifth race, one mile—Myth won, Lulu Dry second, Rockwall third. Time, 1:43¼. Sixth race—Postponed.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS

To California Via "The North-Western Line."

Tourist sleeping car through to Los Angeles, via the "North-Western Line," leaves Minneapolis 7:40 p. m.; St. Paul 8:15 p. m., every Thursday night in charge of a competent representative whose duty it is to look after the comfort of passengers. Hundreds of the best people have patronized these cars during the past two years and appreciate being accompanied by one of our own employes, as it relieves them of many petty cares of a long trip. For tickets, berth reservations, and other information call at city ticket offices, 413 Nicollet avenue, Minneapolis; 395 Robert street, St. Paul; or address T. W. Teasdale, general passenger agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Editor Moffett Again in Trouble.

BISMARCK, N. D., Oct. 28.—Editor Moffett, of the Settler, was arrested this afternoon on the charge of criminal libel, preferred by Mayor Patterson. This is the fourth time Moffett has been arrested on the same charge during the past month. In the last issue of his paper Moffett copied an article from the Monmouth (Ill.) Review, edited by Moffett's brother, which referred to Patterson as a "blind pigger." Moffett was taken before Justice Tibbetts and held to the district court in $1,000 bail.

Logging on the Rum.

PRINCETON, Minn., Oct. 28.—Preparations are being made for extensive lumbering operations on Rum river. An estimate of the proposed 1897-98 cut is that it will be greater by several million feet than that of any preceding season. The estimate gives a total of 80,000,000 feet, of which 36,000,000 feet will be cut for the Foley-Bean Lumber company, of Milaca, and 30,000,000 feet for O'Neil Bros., of Stillwater. The O'Neil logs will be landed on the Knife river, the others in Rum river and tributaries.

Your cake again perfectly lovely?

Really that Royal Baking Powder is a wonderful leavener.

SHERMAN STEPS IN

SECRETARY OF STATE COMES TO THE AID OF SENATOR HANNA.

DINGLEY BILL DEFENDED.

IN LINE WITH THE TARIFF POLICY OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

FREE SILVER ISSUE DISCUSSED.

Faithful in Ohio Urged to Come to the Aid of the McKinley Administration.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 28.—For the first time since the beginning of the present campaign in Ohio, Secretary Sherman has published his views in the shape of the following letter addressed to the editor of the Cincinnati Volksblatt:

Department of State, Washington, Oct. 26, 1897.—To L. Markbrait, Esq., Cincinnati, O.—My Dear Sir: Your note of the 23rd instant in which you request my view of the coming election in Ohio and in Hamilton county is received. I have carefully observed the progress of the canvass with increasing interest as it advanced and can hardly express, in language, my appreciation of its importance. My chief regret is that I could not personally participate in it, as, by a usage observed from the days of Jefferson to this time, the secretary of state is precluded from actively sharing in political discussion other than on foreign affairs.

I look upon the pending canvass in Ohio as a retrial of the issues involved in the election of 1896. State issues, if any, do not seem to be the subject of debate. Naturally the first issue now is whether the administration of William McKinley, thus far, is approved by the people of Ohio. Upon this question there ought not to be any difference of opinion. His prompt calling together the congress of the United States to provide requisite revenue for the support of the government and his recommendation of the prompt repeal of the feeble and indefensible tariff law, known as the Wilson-Gorman law, has met with general approval. The revival of all industries and the commencement of prosperity in all parts of the United States was the natural and necessary result of the action of the president and a Republican congress.

TARIFF LEGISLATION.

Tariff laws have been the subject of discussion from the days of Washington to the days of McKinley. From the time I entered congress in 1855, to this hour, I have at every election heard, both in and out of congress, of the respective merits of a revenue tariff and a protective tariff, and upon these questions the two great parties have taken opposite sides. The Morrill tariff passed in March, 1861, is the text of the policy of protection to our American industries, and though greatly changed from time to time to meet new conditions it still forms the ground work of the policy of the Republican party in respect to the tariff.

This act was passed at a period of development with light taxes and increasing population. The average yearly expenses of the national government from 1840 to 1860, including the expenses of the Mexican war, were about $50,000,000. The civil war changed all this. Its cost has been stated as over six thousand million dollars. To meet this enormous demand the duties on imported goods were greatly increased and internal taxes in almost every form were levied on domestic products and upon the income of individuals and corporations. The ascertained national debt at the close of the war was $2,740,000,000, but this was greatly enlarged by claims afterwards presented and by the most liberal pensions ever provided by law. In the face of these obligations and expenditures, the interest of the debt every year from 1866 to 1893, and a portion of the principal of the public debt, was paid, thus reducing it to $961,431,766 on the 1st of July, 1893.

In 1890 congress passed what is known as the McKinley tariff act, which was a careful revision of all existing revenue laws. It largely reduced internal taxes and carefully revised the tariff laws then in force. If it had remained on the statute book to this time the policy of protection and debt paying would have largely reduced the public debt and prevented the severe stringency that followed its repeal. It is the declared purpose of the Republican party to restore and maintain the policy embodied in the McKinley tariff, and this end was kept in mind in framing the recent tariff act known as the Dingley tariff. It is unfortunate that the beneficial provisions of the latter act cannot be in full operation for a year or more, owing to excessive importations under the Wilson-Gorman act, but I confidently believe that, within a year, under the present law, the revenue of the government will be ample to pay not only current expenditures, but a large sum yearly in reduction of the public debt. To secure this desirable result, the Republican party must be sustained, not only in Ohio, but in the United States.

SILVER PROBLEM.

Another question of public policy of equal importance to the tariff is what is known as the free coinage of silver, without regard to its market value or the action of the great commercial nations of the world. Silver and gold have, since the framing of the constitution, been the standard coins of our country—but the relative market value of each has changed from time to time. The coinage ratio of the dollar is the ounce of gold as the equivalent of sixteen ounces of silver. In the coinage of parts of dollars the ratio of silver to gold is about fourteen ounces of silver to one of gold, but the legal tender of such minor coins is limited to $10. Within the past twenty years the market price of silver bullion has been reduced more than one-half, so that one ounce of gold is now equal in value to thirty-nine ounces of silver. Notwithstanding this wide diversity of the market value of the two money metals, the United States and all the leading commercial nations of the world have maintained their silver coins without change. This was done and could only be done by limiting the use of the cheaper metals and by coining only on government account.

It is now proposed as the cardinal principle of scattered parties that the holder of any silver bullion, without regard to its market value, may present it to the mint and have it coined into dollars and made a legal tender for all debts, public or private. At present the silver in a dollar is worth about 41 cents. It would seem that this bold and transparent proposition of repudiation of more than one-half of debts, public and private, in the United States would shock the public sentiment of honest people and secure its prompt rejection. But, strange as it may seem, it is defended by so many that we are bound to consider their reasons before we denounce it as a fraud.

It is said that free coinage would bring up the price of silver bullion to the ratio of 16 to 1. There is not the slightest ground for this opinion. Silver has gone down in prices precisely as iron, tin, copper, or, indeed, the price of all the metals except gold. The development in minerology has kept pace with the cheapening of nearly all the productions of skill known to manufactures. Even gold may decline in relative value as the result of the recent development of mines in several parts of the earth, but from its superior value in the smallest space and being less effected by corrosion than any other metal, it is now and will continue to be the standard of value in the chief nations of the world. Silver will be largely used in all countries for minor coins, and, if limited in amount and redeemed at its coinage value, or made a legal tender for limited sums, it will be largely absorbed for minor transactions—but its free coinage for all who demand it would at once make it the sole coin in circulation, prevent the coinage of gold, and place our great and powerful country, in financial operations, among the minor and poorer nations of the world. This is the issue that will largely control the vote of Ohio next week.

OTHER ISSUES.

Aside from this important measure the people of Ohio should bear in mind that one of the most eminent citizens of the state is now president of the United States. He is especially entitled to your kind and considerate favor and deserves praise for careful selection and appointment of officers of the United States. There has been no abrupt haste in making changes, and while from the nature of things he could not appoint all who applied for office, yet the changes he did make met with and deserved the approval of the Republican party. It is impossible for any executive officer, charged with the duty of appointments, to meet the wishes of all. Many must be disappointed, but they will all concede that they have had a fair hearing, for no president could have given applicants more kindly and patient attention, nor could any president have felt more keenly his inability to comply with the wishes of his friends.

As to the issues of the future, I can say, with absolute confidence, that in the future, as in the past, the mode of levying duties on imported goods and the free coinage of silver will be the dividing lines of the two great parties. It may be that the benefits of protection will be so apparent that the South, now already a manufacturing community, and the West, filled with mineral resources of untold value, may be converted to the policy of protecting their nascent industries by tariff laws. And it may be that the manufacturing industries of the East may become so strong as to oppose duties on raw materials, thus reversing their positions. This would be a change of position in these sections, but the issue would remain.

As for the ticket that is presented by the Republican party, there ought to be no division of opinion among Republicans. Gov. Bushnell has proved to be an able and excellent officer, has performed his duties to the entire satisfaction of the people, has been honest and faithful, and deserves your hearty support. The election of a legislature in Ohio is always important. Its action more directly effects the people of Ohio than even the action of congress. The election of a senator of the United States is involved in the election of a legislature. The only Republican candidate who is mentioned is Mark A. Hanna, who is now serving out the remainder of the term to which I had the honor to be elected. His wide experience as a business man; his generous and kindly treatment of his employes; his sound judgment on all public questions of the day, ought to secure for him the hearty support of every Republican member of the legislature. I will, on Tuesday next, Providence permitting, go to Mansfield and contribute my vote, not only for his election, but for the election of the entire Republican ticket.

GREAT NAVAL SCANDAL.

Profound Sensation Caused in Athens by the Disclosures.

ATHENS, Oct. 28.—A profound sensation has been caused here by a naval scandal of formidable dimensions. It has just been ascertained that all the cartridges fitted to the torpedoes during the war between Greece and Turkey were not provided with percussion caps and fulminating mercury. Hence, if the torpedoes had been wanted, they would have been perfectly harmless. The committee of investigation, which was appointed to inquire into the matter, has already decided that two officers, Rastopoulo and Anastasia, must be tried by court martial on the charge of culpable negligence.

The anti-dynastic newspapers are making violent attacks upon Prince George, who was the commander of the torpedo flotilla. The prince, who was a great favorite with the masses previous to the war, is deeply affected by these attacks. The Asty observes that the scandal surpasses anything that could be imagined, adding that Prince George emerges from it with diminished prestige.

BRINDISI, Italy, Oct. 28.—A dispatch from Athens, which the censor there refused to allow the operators to send, says that great excitement prevailed at the Greek capital on Monday. Several hundred volunteers, the message continues, invaded many of the shops of that city and seized clothing and food. The shopkeepers resisted, some of them using arms in so doing. This caused a panic, all the shops in the town were hurriedly closed, and, finally, the rioters were dispersed by strong patrols of troops, who succeeded in arresting the ringleaders. The rioters defended their conduct on the ground that they were cold and hungry.

STILLWATER NEWS.

Prison City Man Returns From Venezuela Dissatisfied.

J. W. Carlson, a former resident of Stillwater, has returned from Santa Catalina, Venezuela, where he assisted in building a hotel for the Orinoco company, limited. Mr. Carlson is not greatly pleased with the country, and doesn't like the climate.

H. C. Johnson has been received at the prison from Hennepin county, to serve two years and six months for grand larceny in the second degree.

A. H. Mooney, residing on the Miller farm, near the city, had a buggy stolen early yesterday morning. He tracked the vehicle to the brickyard, but has found no trace of it. A year ago his harnesses and a number of other articles were stolen.

The action of The George W. Palmes Company vs. Abe Rohrback has been transferred to the district court of Washington county from the district court of Ramsey county.

LATEST ANDREE REPORT.

Believed in Some Quarters and Doubted in Others.

CHRISTIANIA, Oct. 28.—Dispatches received here from the island of Vardoe, in the Arctic ocean, off Finmark, which with Vardoehuus, is the most northern fort in Europe, say the public there is fully convinced of the truth of the report that a whaling ship sighted Prof. Andree's balloon floating on Sept. 23, near Prince Charles promontory, Spitzbergen. The news has caused considerable depression among the friends of Prof. Andree. Brakmo, the Arctic explorer, proposed to sail for Prince Charles promontory in order to investigate the truth of the story told by the crew of the whaler. Capt. Sverdrup, of Dr. Fridjof Nansen's exploring ship, the Fram, does not believe the report of the sighting of Andree's baloon floating near Prince Charles promontory, is correct.

JOBBERS OF ST. PAUL

BOOTS AND SHOES.
Foot, Schulze & Co., MANUFACTURERS OF FINE SHOES. Northwestern Agents for "Goodyear Glove" OVERSHOES. Cor. 3d and Wacouta.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
C. GOTZIAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALERS OF Boots and Shoes. Proprietors of Minnesota Shoe Co. 242-280 EAST FIFTH STREET.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
KELLOGG, JOHNSON & CO. Manufacturers and Jobbers of Boots and Shoes. Northwestern Agents Boston Rubber Shoe Company. 225 to 231 East Fourth St.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
Tarbox, Schliek & Co., WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS Boots and Shoes. Salesroom and Factory: 228-240 East Third Street.

BICYCLES.
F. M. Smith & Bro., JOBBERS IN Bicycles and Sundries. Manufacturers of the "GOPHER SPECIAL" BICYCLE.

CLOTHING.
GEO. L. SWIFT & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF CLOTHING! Overalls, Butchers' Aprons, Etc. Corner Fourth and Sibley Sts.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
DE CAMP & BEYER, Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic FRUITS. COUNTRY TRADE A SPECIALTY. 92-94 E. Third St.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
R. E. COBB, Jobber and Broker of FRUITS AND VEGETABLES, Poultry, Game, Butter and Eggs. 31-33 EAST THIRD ST.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
F. L. PARSHALL, 12 East Third Street. Poultry, Game, Eggs, FRUITS AND PRODUCE. Car Lots a Specialty.

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.
Wemott, Howard & Co., Agents, Importers and Jobbers Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Lamp Goods, Etc. 385-387 Jackson St.

DRUGS.
Ryan Drug Co., Importers and Jobbers in Drugs and Druggists' Sundries. 225-229 East Third Street.

DRUGS.
NOYES BROS. & CUTLER, Oldest and Largest Drug House in the Northwest. IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, and Dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass and Glassware, Surgical Instruments and Appliances.

DRY GOODS.
Finch, Van Slyck, Young & Co. WHOLESALE Dry Goods, Notions and Carpets, And Manufacturers of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

DRY GOODS.
Lindeke, Warner & Schurmeier, WHOLESALE DRY GOODS and NOTIONS. Miners' and Lumbermen's Suits a Specialty.

DRY GOODS.
Powers Dry Goods Co., Importers and Jobbers of Dry Goods, Notions, Etc. And Manufacturers of MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

GROCERIES.
J. H. ALLEN & CO., Wholesale Grocers. 201-209 E. Third St. The Oldest Wholesale Grocery House in the Northwest.

GROCERIES.
FOLEY BROS. & KELLY MERCANTILE CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS. Tea Importers, Coffee Roasters, Spice Grinders and Manufacturers of Flavoring Extracts.

GROCERIES.
GRIGGS, COOPER & CO. IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE GROCERS 242-252 E. Third St.

GROCERIES.
SEABURY & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS AND IMPORTERS..... 193 to 199 E. Third St.

GROCERIES.
GRIGGS & CO., 190-192 E. Third St., St. Paul. GROCERIES. Supply Hotels, Restaurants, Boarding Houses, and all who buy in quantity. Call and see what can be saved.

GUNS, SPORTING GOODS, ETC.
M. F. Kennedy & Bros., GUNS! Sporting Goods, Athletic & Gymnasium Supplies, Tents and Klondyke Outfitters. Cor. Robert and 3d Sts.

HARDWARE.
Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co. WHOLESALE HARDWARE, CUTLERY, BICYCLES, GUNS, Etc.

HEAVY HARDWARE.
NICOLS & DEAN, Wholesale Iron, Steel, Wagon and CARRIAGE HARDWARE, Wagon and Carriage Wood Stock, LUMBERMEN'S SUPPLIES.

HARDWARE.
C. W. Hackett Hardware Co. Importers and Jobbers of Hardware, Cutlery, Sporting Goods, Tools, Bicycles and Sundries.

HEAVY HARDWARE.
THE CRANE & ORDWAY CO. Manufacturers of Iron Pipe, Brass Goods, Fittings, Etc., for Steam, Gas, Water and Sanitary Specialties; Jobbers in Iron and Wood Pumps, Well Machinery, Belting, Hose and Packing.

HATS, CAPS AND GLOVES.
GORDON & FERGUSON. Established 1871. Hats, Gloves and Furs 216-226 E. Fourth St.

HATS, CAPS AND GLOVES.
Lanpher, Finch & Skinner, Jobbers and Manufacturers of Hats, Caps, Furs and Gloves. Makers of the "North Star Fur Coat" and the "Lanpher Hat." 180-184 East Fourth Street.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.
P. R. L. Hardenbergh & Co. . . . Jobbers of . . . Leather, Shoe Findings and Saddlery Hardware. Manufacturers of Harness, Horse Collars and Saddlery in all branches.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.
The Konantz Saddlery Co., Manufacturers and Jobbers in HARNESS, STOCK SADDLES, COLLARS, ETC. For the Trade Only. 227-231 E. 6th St.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.
SCHEFFER & ROSSUM, Manufacturers and Jobbers of Harness, Saddlery, Shoe Findings and Shoe Store Supplies. 174-178 E. 4th St.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
Arthur & Sternberg, Manufacturers and Jobbers Men's Furnishing Goods, Notions, Hosiery, Etc. 228-230-232 EAST FOURTH STREET.

MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
Sam'l Schwab & Bro., Manufacturers and Jobbers of Men's Furnishing Goods, Notions and Hosiery. 209-211 EAST FOURTH ST.

MILLINERY.
Robinson, Straus & Co., Importers and Jobbers of Ribbons, Silks, Laces and ..MILLINERY GOODS.. 194-196 E. 3rd St.

RUBBER GOODS.
GOODYEAR RUBBER CO., Rubber Goods..... 98-100-102 E. 7th St. Price lists furnished to dealers on application

RUBBER GOODS.
St. Paul Rubber Co., JOBBERS OF Rubber Goods! Boots and Shoes, and Mackintoshes. 371-373 ROBERT STREET.

SCALES, WINDMILLS, ETC.
Fairbanks, Morse & Co. Fairbanks Standard Scales, Gas and Gasoline Engines, Eclipse and Fairbanks Steel Windmills, Pumps, Pipe Fittings, Etc.

SEEDS.
L. L. MAY & CO., Seedsmen.

TEAS, COFFEES AND SPICES.
McCormick, Behnke & Co., Importers and Jobbers of ...Teas, Coffees and Spices... ... Manufacturers of.... Flavoring Extracts, Baking Powder, Coffee Roasters and Spice Grinders.

WALL PAPER.
Bazille & Partridge, WHOLESALE WALL PAPERS. We send to dealers free of cost our full line of samples. Factory discounts allowed. 468 JACKSON STREET.

DECEMBER AT A DOLLAR.

Par Mark for Wheat Again Touched at New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—In the face of discouraging cables today the bulls in wheat maintained yesterday's aggressive action, and after an opening decline succeeded in jumping the market for December up to $1 just before the close, amid excitement all over the floor. The shorts were the heaviest buyers on the advance, showing alarm over the strong statistical position in the country, bullish crop news from Australia and prospects of enormous weekly wheat and flour clearances from both coasts. Since December last sold at a dollar it has been down to 90⅞c, on Oct. 14. Its highest figure this season was $1.04⅝ on Aug. 25. The range today was from 98c to $1, closing at the latter figure. On this basis cash wheat here is nominally worth $1.04 per bushel.

CARRIES HER CIGARS.

Kansas Woman Electioneering on Her Own Account.

TOPEKA, Kan., Oct. 28.—The Populist candidate for register of deeds in Stanton county concedes his overwhelming defeat.

It is because his Republican opponent, Miss Anna B. Dodd, a popular young woman, has adopted practical measures for securing votes. Miss Dodd is now canvassing that sparsely settled county on horseback, going on the ranches, among the cattlemen and cowboys and personally apealing for their votes. She carries in an old-fashioned pair of saddlebags a supply of cigars, which she distributes freely. The election occurs next Tuesday, and, although the county is close as between the two parties, Miss Dodd's election is conceded by 200 majority.

SHERIFF MARTIN INDICTED.

True Bills the Result of the Lattimer Shooting.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 28.—The grand jury today returned a true bill against Sheriff Martin and his deputy for the Lattimer shooting. The true bills included nineteen for murder, one for each man killed, and one for the victims considered collectively. Thirty-six true bills were found in the same way for felonous wounding against the same defendants. The fact that true bills have been found occasions no surprise as this action was expected. If the jury had ignored the bills the defendants would have been at once re-arrested. The likelihood is that Sheriff Martin and his deputies will elect to be tried together.

WHITE RIBBONS FLUTTERING.

Hundreds of Women in Buffalo for the Convention.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 28.—The white ribbon, the badge of the W. C. T. U., is fluttering from the gowns of hundreds of women in this city today. The delegates to the great temperance convention are coming to Buffalo on every train, and when the convention is called to order tomorrow morning fully 5,000 will be present. Miss Frances E. Willard and other officials arrived from Toronto last night. The various departments of the W. C. T. U. opened for business today. Miss Willard presided at the meeting of the executive body. Forty women from different states and the general officers were present.

RED ROUGH HANDS

Itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails, and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads, oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itching, scaly scalps, all yield quickly to warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Produce Soft, White Hands," free.

ITCHING HUMORS Instantly relieved by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

GRAND A Scintillating Sunburst of Pantomimic Novelties. Hanlon Bros.' Extravagant Spectacle, 'SUPERBA' Matinee Tomorrow.

Seats and Boxes now on sale for "At Gay Coney Island."

FIRST CLASS ABBOTT FAIR PRICES PRINTING UNION BLOCK COMPANY SAINT PAUL.

ROCK SPRING TABLE WATER delicious and the *real health drink*. Sold everywhere. 40 W. 7th St., St. Paul, Minn. Tel. 149.