

BULLETIN OF
THE ST. PAUL GLOBE

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 3, 1897.

Weather for Today—
Fair; Variable Winds.

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Greater New York for Van Wyck.
New York State Democratic.
Legislature Is in Doubt.
Ohio Remains Republican.
Legislature Is for Hanna.
Maryland Very Close.
Mr. Gorman May Lose It.

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Many Democratic Mayors Win.
Pennsylvania Joined to Its Idols.
Nebraska Goes Fusion Again.
Massachusetts Remains Republican.
Heavy Republican Loss in Iowa.
Virginia Very Strongly Democratic.
Kentucky Slightly Democratic.
Republicans Win in South Dakota.

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Case of Nitric Acid Throwing.
Another Big Dam for Minneapolis.
Kentucky Election Day Riots.

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Editorial.
Gas Lighting in the City.
Protest of Austin Packers.

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Brutality at State Prison.
Cash Wheat in Chicago, 96c.
Krehbiel on Genius of Wagner.

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Second Day's U. P. Sale.
Attempt to Ignore the Soo.
Wants of the People.

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Big Gasoline Saving to City.
Legal Tills in Cleveland Case.

EVENTS TODAY.

Grand-Gay Coney Island, 2.30, 8.15.
Met-Otis Skinner, 2.30, 8.15.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK—Arrived: Nordland, Antwerp;
Aller, Genoa; Sailed: Saale, Bremen; Bovic,
Liverpool.
QUEENSTOWN—Arrived: Majestic, New
York.
MOBILE—Arrived: Ancheria, New York.
SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm
der Grosse, New York.
ANTWERP—Arrived: Kensington, New
York.

Platt won; Tracy lost.

Patrick Jerome Gleason "also" ran.

Now will you be good, Mr. Gorman.

Kentucky is opposed to big major-
ties.

Now turn the Chicago horse show
loose.

It was no easy thing for you, either,
Mr. Hanna.

Don't be downcast. They couldn't
all be elected.

The array of Democratic mayors is
quite imposing.

The returns from Massachusetts
read like ancient history.

It rained on both the just and the
unjust all over the East.

A whole lot of the candidates ran
against the usual "frost."

George Fred Williams bobs up with
another left-handed indorsement.

The prosecution of Mr. Croker may
as well be indefinitely postponed.

Don't strut around so, Mr. Turkey
Gobbler. Your turn will come next.

Canton was brought into prominence
again. President McKinley voted
there.

The fellows that didn't get elected
can now sue some of the yellow jour-
nals for libel.

Van Wyck's election need not neces-
sarily be considered an indorsement of
French balls.

The chairmen of several party com-
mittees are not so anxious to talk to-
day as yesterday.

Miss Evangelina Cossio y Cisneros is
nearly as good-looking as Mrs. Frances
Folsom y Cleveland.

The election being over, Spain
will probably have a quiet time of it
at least until congress meets.

A Milwaukee man found several nug-
gets of gold as large as lima beans in
a duck's craw. That duck didn't know
his wealth.

The University of Minnesota is re-
ported sick of football. Why doesn't
the University of Minnesota learn to
play football?

If the Andree relief expedition fails,
New York can employ it, when it re-
turns, to hunt up the candidates who
were snowed under yesterday.

The deficit for October was only a
little over a million dollars greater
than the deficit for October, 1896. So
well does the Dingley tariff work!

There will be no lack of gas even
after election in New York. What is
known as gas combine No. 2, with a
capital of \$2,000,000, has been launch-
ed.

The news from Lexington, Ky., had
a distinct pyrotechnic tinge. A dis-
patch from there says: "Every hard-
ware store sold out its stock of fire-
arms."

A test has been made which shows
that a woman can kiss only 156 times
in succession. Any man who would
ask for more would thus advertise
himself as a pig.

The last heard from Bill Chandler
was his effusive "appeal" to all Repub-
licans to greet with joyous welcome the
first step England may take towards
bimetallism. The sturdy refusal to
take one step seems to demand a re-
call of his appeal, but William remains
silent.

UNDER THE PAW OF
THE TAMMANY TIGER.Van Wyck Elected Mayor of Greater New
York by Eighty-Six Thousand.

LOW HAS A BIG LEAD OVER TRACY.

George, the Silver Candidate, Scarcely a Fac-
tor in the Great Contest.

THE STATE WRESTED FROM PLATT.

Parker, Democrat, Elected Judge of the Court of
Appeals—Legislature Probably Democratic.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The following is the grand total of the votes received by the three leading candidates for mayor in Greater New York, complete returns having been received from all of the districts: Van Wyck, 235,181; Low, 148,513; Tracy, 101,823. Van Wyck's plurality over Low, 86,668. Following is the grand total of the votes received by the two leading candidates for chief judge of court of appeals in the Greater New York territory, complete returns having been received from all of the assembly districts: Wallace (Rep.), 139,772; Parker (Dem.), 282,967. Parker's plurality over Wallace, 143,195.

While no figures have been reported of the vote for congressman in the Third district, where there was a vacancy caused by the resignation of F. H. Wilson, it is probable that William A. Prendergast (Rep.) is elected.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The indications are the Democrats have a small majority of the state assembly. In the greater city it is estimated, from very meagre returns, the representation will be fifty-one Democrats and ten Republicans, while in the upper part of the state there are said to have been changes from Republicans to Democrats in twenty districts. In the last assembly the Republicans had a majority of seventy-eight. Conceding all that is claimed by the Democrats, the next house will have ten Democratic majority. State senators were not elected this year. Other estimates give a Republican majority in the assembly of three.

Estimates of the majority of Parker (Dem.) for chief judge of the court of appeals range all the way from 35,000 to 50,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—At midnight 770 of the 883 election districts in Greater New York had been counted, showing: Van Wyck (Tammany Dem.), 123,733; Low (Citizens Union), 65,771; Tracy (Rep.), 48,787; George (Jeff. Dem.), 10,617; Van Wyck's plurality, 57,962. Van Wyck at this time is shown to have polled as large a vote as both Tracy and Low combined, while the George vote, which a week ago was regarded with more or less apprehension and was expected to be anywhere from 65,000 to 100,000, has fallen to almost infinitesimal proportions.

It is estimated upon the basis of the ballots already counted that Van Wyck's total vote will be from 146,000 to 148,000 in Manhattan and Bronx; 73,000 in the borough of Brooklyn, 8,500 in Queens and 1,900 in Richmond, or approximately 231,000 votes in New York. Low's vote will not be far from 124,000; Tracy's, 100,000, and George's 16,000. The total, 490,000, will not be materially altered either way. Gleason's vote and that of the Socialist and Prohibition nominee for the mayoralty are not so anxious to talk to-day as yesterday.

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will send the grand total above the half-million mark.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Tammany's victory in the first municipal election in Greater New York is a sweeping one. The only question remaining to be settled at 11 o'clock is the one of the plurality by which the entire ticket headed by Robert A. Van Wyck has carried the gigantic municipality. It can scarcely be less than 60,000 and may be larger than that. Van Wyck has polled a vote which falls possibly 40,000 under the combined votes of Gen. Tracy (Rep.) and Seth Low (Citizens Union). The latter was successful to the extent of polling an aggregate vote in excess of the 140,000 pledges implied by the signatures of the petition upon which he became the candidate of an independent movement, which at the outset offered to join hands with the Republican party organization in a concerted effort to exclude Tammany from power in the greater city to come into being on Jan. 1, 1898, with a population the second in magnitude of the great cities of the world. The offer was declined on the ground that in such a movement the Republican organization would participate only coincidentally with the other party to the compact, and the Citizens Union, on the other hand, refused to recall its nomination of Mr. Low in order that the form of selecting a candidate might be carried out conjointly with the Republican organization.

The total number of votes cast was not far either way from half a million. The indications are that Van Wyck received 210,000; Low, 145,000; Tracy, 100,000 and George 15,000. The aggregate is swelled by a few thousand votes cast for Gleason (Ind. Dem.), Saniel (Socialist) and Wardwell (Pro.).

On the city ticket with Judge Van Wyck, Bird S. Coler is elected comptroller and Randolph Guggenheimer, president of the municipal council. Charles F. Fairchild, who was secretary of the treasury during Cleveland's first term and whom the Citizens Union put up for comptroller, did not hold the pace with Mr. Low. Ashbel Fitch, originally a Republican and afterwards a Democratic member of congress from a Tammany district of this city, was the Republican nominee for comptroller. He is defeated by about the same vote as the head of his ticket. He was nominated with Gen. Tracy in recognition of the services rendered in the presidential campaign last year, fighting as a gold standard Democrat against the Democrats who had accepted the 16 to 1 platform of the Chicago convention.

Coler, the successful candidate, is new to the public. Charles W. Dayton, late postmaster of this city, who was nominated for comptroller on the George ticket, polled probably half as many votes again as were given to Mr. George.

The legislative branch of the city government is Tammany Democrat. It is a double headed body, one branch being the municipal council consisting of the president and twenty-eight members, and the other, the board of

aldermen, comprising sixty members. The precise number of Democrats chosen cannot be stated at the present writing. There appears to be a strong probability that the Democrats have won a majority of the county and borough officers along with the municipal places. The vote of Van Wyck in New York county is approximately the same as was cast for Bryan in 1896, which was 135,824. Gen. Tracy (Rep.) polled approximately 55,000, against McKinley's vote of 156,359 in New York county, while Low, Citizen's Union, polled approximately 77,000, and George 12,000. In Kings county, which includes the city of Brooklyn, the Bryan vote was 76,882, while Van Wyck has almost the same. Against McKinley's vote of 109,135, Gen. Tracy polls approximately 35,000, while Low's vote is approximately 65,000. In these two counties the straight Republican vote shows a falling off of nearly 175,000, or in excess of the total vote for Seth Low, while the Tammany vote equals, if it does not slightly exceed that cast for Bryan.

Whatever might have been the result, had Henry George survived the campaign, the elections, from the early returns, showed that the substitution of the son for the father as the

Continued on Third Page.

Battle of Ballots Briefly Told.

GREATER NEW YORK—Tammany ticket, headed by Van Wyck, for mayor, elected by 86,668 plurality. Van Wyck, 235,181; Low, 148,513; Tracy, 101,823; George, 20,386. Municipal assembly Democratic.

NEW YORK STATE—Parker (Dem.) elected chief justice of the court of appeals. Republicans claim working majority in the legislature, but indications favor the Democrats.

MARYLAND—Republicans claim the legislature, but Democrats may have a majority of one, which will return Gorman to the senate.

VIRGINIA—Democratic ticket elected by a heavy majority on a light vote. Legislature believed to be solidly Democratic.

NEBRASKA—Fusion state ticket elected by from 10,000 to 25,000.

IOWA—Republican state ticket, headed by Shaw, elected by probably 17,000. Legislature probably Republican.

OHIO—Victory for the state ticket and the legislature claimed by both Republicans and Democrats.

MASSACHUSETTS—Republicans elect their state ticket, headed by Wolcott for governor, 164,000; Williams (Dem.), 79,000. Legislature, Republican.

SOUTH DAKOTA—Republicans elected in a majority of the judicial districts.

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TAMMANY TIGER—WELL, FATHER KNICKERBOCKER, IT IS YOUR TURN NEXT.

GORMAN MAY SUCCEED HIMSELF.

All Indications Point to a Victory for the
Senator in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 2.—The Republicans have elected their municipal ticket in Baltimore by majorities ranging from 4,000 to 6,000, but the state ticket is in doubt and there is some reason for believing that the Democrats have carried the legislature and that United States Senator Gorman may succeed himself. Official returns from the state are of the meager and unsatisfactory character, so that even the chairmen of the state central committees hesitate to express an unqualified opinion as to the result on the state and the legislative tickets. A conservative estimate based upon partial returns indicates that the Democrats will have 60 votes on joint ballot, while the Republicans will have 57. The list of delegates and senators elected today by each party will probably be as follows:

Republicans—Allegany, 6; Anne Arundel, 4; Baltimore city, 19; Charles, 3; Frederick, 5; Garrett, 3; Harford, 1; Prince Georges, 4; Somerset, 2. Total, 48.

Democrats—Baltimore county, 6; Calvert, 3; Carroll, 3; Cecil, 4; Dorchester, 4; Harford, 4; Howard, 2; Kent, 2; Montgomery, 4; Queen Anne's, 3; St. Marys, 3; Talbot, 4; Wicomico, 3; Washington, 4; Worcester, 4. Total, 57.

There are twelve "hold over" senators of which nine are Republicans and three Democrats. When these are added to the list of those chosen today the total will be: Republicans, 57; Democrats, 60.

Chairman Scott, of the Republican state committee, gave out the following written statement at midnight: "I am very well satisfied with the result so far as heard from. We have carried Baltimore, including the three legislative districts by at least 8,000 majority, and our advices from the state indicate that the Republicans will send a successor to Mr. Gorman to the United States senate."

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BOTH SIDES CLAIM
A VICTORY IN OHIO.Republicans Insist They Have Elected Their
State Ticket and the Legislature.

DEMOCRATS DISPUTE THE STATEMENT

The Majority Assumed for Hanna Not More
Than a Dozen Votes.Clean Sweep in Hamilton County for Reform and
Against Republican Bossism.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 2.—The result in Ohio is so close that it may require the official count to determine the result, especially on the political complexion of the legislature. The Republicans and Democrats are both claiming the state and the legislature with such persistence that it will re-

quire the official count at least to get one or the other to concede defeat. Incomplete returns indicate the election of the Republican state ticket by from 10,000 to 12,000, but the result on the legislature is so close that no definite figures can be given on it tonight.

The Democrats claim confidently a majority in both branches of the legislature, but give no figures on the number of state senators or representatives. The Republicans claim 54 representatives and 17 senators sure, or 71 votes on joint ballot, 73 being necessary to elect a senator. They also claim all of the 12 representatives whose counties have not been definitely heard from and all of which are in the doubtful list. Out of the five state senators yet to hear from they claim three, so that the result on the legislature cannot be determined until all the doubtful counties and districts are heard from. Both sides are watching the count very carefully, especially on the legislative candidates that are in doubt.

The change from the result of last year shows that the Democrats have gained in all of the cities largely, except in Cleveland. The gains in Cincinnati and Columbus were very large. The Republicans gained in the rural districts, but most of the changes were due to the stay-at-home vote in the rural districts, which was fully 15 per cent.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3.—At 1 o'clock this morning, Senator Hanna claimed a majority of the legislature on joint ballot. On the result he said: "I am not surprised that the result of the election has been a victory for the Republican party. I have confidently believed from beginning to end that the people of Ohio would see no reason to alter the verdict they returned so emphatically one year ago, and I was certain, on the other hand, that they would see many reasons why they should endorse their own decision. The majority is a marked evidence of the appreciation the Republicans of the state feel for Gov. Bush-

nell's capable administration of state affairs. The effects of his decision will be, in my opinion, a confirmation of the expression of the nation on the issue of free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. There is in this result, so far as I can see, no encouragement for the continuance of that agitation as a political issue."

It is a full and unqualified indorsement of the national administration and a vote of confidence in President McKinley.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 2.—Since midnight the following was given out from the Republican state headquarters:

"I think Bushnell has been re-elected governor from 12,000 to 15,000 plurality. We have elected 54 of the 109 representatives, and 17 of the 38 state senators certain, assuring us of 71 votes on the joint ballot, 73 being necessary to elect a senator. We have twelve doubtful counties to hear from, in which we expect to elect twelve more representatives. There are also three doubtful senatorial districts unheard from, in which five state senators are to be elected, and from which we will certainly elect three senators. We claim re-election of Mark Hanna to the senate, the election of the entire Republican state ticket and a majority in each branch of the general assembly."

—George K. Nash, Chairman.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 2.—The following was given out tonight:

Bushnell and the Republican ticket are elected in Ohio by about 25,000 plurality. Later information may increase the figures here given. The legislature is absolutely safe for the Reps. The Democrats claim the legislature and the Cuyahoga county is Republican by 5,000, and conceding the Democrats everything which they claim, outside of Cleveland, the Republicans still have a majority on joint ballot of seven votes. The Republican majority in the legislature will be from twelve to sixteen."

—Charles J. Christie,
Editor of Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 2.—At 10 p. m. the Democratic state committee claimed the election of their state ticket by from 8,000 to 10,000 plurality, and a majority of the legislature on joint ballot for United States senator. No figures were given on the thirty-six state senators and 109 representatives, but it was claimed that the Republican loss of fourteen members of the legislature in Hamilton county would insure Democratic control of the legislature. The Democrats also claimed the loss of Hamilton county, which includes Cleveland, the home of Senator Hanna. The Republican state committee conceded the loss of Hamilton county, but claimed that there were not sufficient returns from Cleveland on which to base any estimate. With the loss of fourteen members of the legislature in Hamilton county, and of two members in Cuyahoga county, the Republicans do not expect to carry the legislature. The Republican state committee claim they will carry Cuyahoga county and make gains in other counties. They state that they