# SAINT PAUL.

### LOCAL NEWS NOTES.

Paul Bosquet, 24 years old, died at the hospital yesterday, from spinal meningitis. He lived at 52 East Fairfield avenue.

A small blaze in a barn at Summit avenue and Victoria street, yesterday morning, damaged the building in the sum of $50. The fire was started by children playing in the barn.

The Evangelical Lutheran St. John's Congregation church (Unaltered Augsburg Confession), of Arlington, Sibley county, filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state yesterday.

Fire in the billiard room of Dr. Brimhall's residence, Central avenue and Rice streets, at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, damaged the apartment to the extent of $100. The blaze was caused by a defective chimney.

Mrs. Kate Polk, a colored woman formerly living at 291 Grove street, died at the city hospital yesterday, from pulmonary tuberculosis. Deceased was 26 years of age and had been at the hospital one week.

Henry Hall also secured a permit for a two-story frame dwelling on Fuller street, near Kent, to cost $1,500, and the McQuillan estate will make $1,500 worth of repairs on the brick block on Seventh street, near Minnesota.

The Commercial club will try a new departure tomorrow noon. Two musicians will play during the noon hour for the entertainment of the members of the club and their guests. These musicians will give selections on half a dozen instruments. All members of the club are invited to be present.

A meeting of the St. Paul and Minneapolis members of the Co-operative Company of Philadelphia will be held in room 203, Drake block, second floor, Saturday evening, Jan. 22, at 8 p. m. At this meeting an agent is to be elected by the stockholders here to conduct the business of the association, and as immediate action is called for, it is necessary that all who have the interest of our cause at heart should attend and help get our interest started in the proper channel.

Mary Corrigan, 74 years of age, died yesterday at 21 Exchange street. The deceased was a most estimable woman, and had resided in St. Paul for nearly 50 years. The funeral services will be held Thursday morning from her late residence, 21 West Exchange street, at 8:45, and from the cathedral at 9 o'clock. The pall-bearers selected are Patrick Deegher, Thomas Grace, Peter Daly, Charles Fallon, Patrick Keigher and Patrick Butler.

M. P. Ryan yesterday took out a building permit for alterations and repairs to the brick block at the southeast corner of Fourth and Robert streets. The estimated cost, according to the permit, was $3,500, but this it is understood, applies only to the masonry and carpenter repairs. The block is to be fitted up as a European hotel, with a restaurant connected, to be run by George Magee. The plumbing, elevators and interior repairs will call for an expenditure of $3,000 additional.

### NOTES ON AMUSEMENTS.

Henry E. Dixey, in his entertainment of magic, with its spectacular and scenic accessories, continues to please large crowds at the Grand. For the matinee performance this afternoon a number of new tricks and illusions will be given.

The Grand opera house seems to be bent on giving its patrons the cleverest things out this season, inasmuch as on Sunday night it will open its doors for a week to the people who may come to witness "McFadden's Row of Flats" above the footlights, the jolliest, funniest, most side-splitting farce comedy ever created by man's clever brain and facile pen.

In "A Coat of Many Colors," which Herbert Kelcey and Miss Effie Shannon are playing at the Metropolitan opera house this week, one of the cleverest features of a very clever comedy is the character of an irascible Scotchman, played by Edmund D. Lyons with a fidelity to nature that is really wonderful. Mr. Lyons has the genuine Scotch accent and is beyond all question the very best and most artistic Scotch impersonation ever heard over the footlights.

The attraction at the Metropolitan for four nights and Wednesday matinee, commencing Sunday evening, will be John Stapleton's farcical comedy, "A Bachelor's Honeymoon."

**Chippewa Spring Water,**

The purest and softest natural Spring water known. Drewry & Sons, distributors.

### INSTALLED ITS OFFICERS.

**Northwestern Legion of Honor Has a Public Meeting.**

The officers for the Northwestern Legion of Honor for the ensuing year were last evening installed at the headquarters of the lodge at Twin City hall, University avenue and Rice street. They were: Commander, G. W. Logan; vice commander, Mrs. John Horman; past commander, A. J. O'Brien, secretary; Miss Edna Dawson; collector, Mrs. Annie Cohen; treasurer, Mrs. Grace Cohen; chaplain, Mrs. G. W. Logan; guard, Dr. Lares; orator, Mrs. W. J. Fitzsimmons; warden, Miss E. Brown; sentry, Dr. W. E. Decoster. The installation ceremonies were performed by Past Commander W. Van Dusko and Grand Guide Maud L. Ross. Following the installation a short musical programme was presented by members of the lodge, when a supper was served and later dancing indulged in.

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The short purse has a long reach at Yerxa's, and these will be reachable. See the COOK BOOK today.

**19 cents**

A pound for a fancy Creamery Butter while this lot lasts.

**MEAT MARKET.**

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| Good Corned Beef, per lb | 4@5c |
| Fresh Pork Shoulders, per lb | 6c |
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**12½ cents**

A dozen for good Eggs; every one guaranteed.

**25**

Pounds Good, Light Brown Sugar for One Dollar.

**14 to 18 cents**

A pound for fresh Roll and Print Butter.

**15c, 17c, 18c and 19c**

A pound for 5-lb jars of fresh, high-flavored Dairy Butter. Fresh lots received every day, and plenty of it.

**25 cents**

For 10-pound bag of the best Buckwheat you can procure in the United States. Guaranteed absolutely pure.

**42 cents**

A bushel for choice Early Rose Potatoes (60 pounds); 50c for fancy White Potatoes.

**9 cents**

A package for Quaker Oats.

**12½ cents**

A can for Johnson's Sliced Bahama Pineapple.

**10 cents**

For 10-lb. bags best Granulated Yellow Cornmeal.

**Cook Books, 39c.**

We place on sale today 600 Atlantic cook books, containing several hundred recipes gathered by the ladies of the Atlantic Congregational church from the best housekeepers and cooks of St. Paul; every recipe being the pride of some St. Paul housekeeper, you can depend there is not a useless one in the book, and you will find this admirable book a great aid to cookery, bound substantially in leather, board cover. To close this lot out we offer them at 39c each.

EMPLOYERS

Save time and money in hiring help by using the Globe's Want Columns. Globe Wants bring best results. A trial convinces.

# CAME AS A SURPRISE

**JAMES J. HILL'S CONDITIONAL GIFT OF $20,000 TO HAMLINE UNIVERSITY.**

## PROF. BRIDGMAN HAD CALLED

**TO ASK THE GREAT NORTHERN PRESIDENT TO HEAD A SUBSCRIPTION LIST.**

**SUCH GENEROSITY UNEXPECTED.**

**The Head of the Institution Now Appeals to Its Friends—Whence Came the Debt.**

The announcement of the generous offer of President James J. Hill, to contribute $20,000 in cash to go towards lifting the floating and bonded debt of the Hamline university, on the condition that the faculty will take care of the remainder of the indebtedness, amounting to $15,000, was received with joy by the members of the faculty and the friends of the institution. President Bridgman is now devoting his time with added zeal to raise the necessary $15,000, and hopes to have the amount paid up by the next commencement, which will be a proud day for Hamline university, as the debt of $35,000 has for several years been a great impediment to the progress of the institution, as the interest has drained the comparatively small income of the college to such an extent that it has run behind in current expenses.

The liberality of Mr. Hill is the talk of the school, and the friends of the institution are expected to come forward and assist Dr. Bridgman in his efforts to take advantage of Mr. Hill's offer. Mr. Hill is thoroughly acquainted with the usefulness of the institution, and has contributed largely in the past towards its maintenance. Dr. Bridgman has been aroused to the necessity of raising the debt since the first of the year, and after consulting with the faculty he decided to make a concentrated effort, with the assistance of the many friends and patrons of the college, to lift the mortgage of $30,000 and the floating indebtedness of $5,000. Knowing Mr. Hill's kindly feeling towards the institution, and the fact that he had liberally contributed in the past, President Bridgman called upon Mr. Hill Saturday morning and asked him if he would start the paper. Dr. Bridgman did not ask for any specified amount, but requested that Mr. Hill head the paper, and he would try to raise the balance. Mr. Hill thought the matter over for a short time and then told Dr. Bridgman to go ahead with his movement to raise the debt, and if they could raise $15,000 he would contribute $20,000 in cash as soon as this was accomplished. Mr. Hill's offer came as a surprise to Dr. Bridgman. It gave him new impetus, and he went to work yesterday to raise the necessary $15,000. He announced at chapel yesterday that he would be out of the city the rest of the week, and it was understood among the students and faculty that Dr. Bridgman's mission out of the city was connected with the lifting of the debt.

The $35,000 is the only indebtedness the college has acquired, and this was at the beginning of the depression of 1893, just after the Science hall had been completed. A portion was for construction of this hall, and the remainder for additions put on the ladies' hall and the accruing interest during the past four years, which the college has not always been able to meet. This debt is practically a lien on all the holdings of the college, which amount to several hundred thousand dollars, including real estate property and endowments. Besides the buildings and grounds in Hamline, the institution owns property in Minneapolis and many parts of the state, and also property in Chicago. The property in Chicago, however, is the only holding of the college which is productive of any revenue.

The college has paid 6 per cent interest upon the mortgage, which has weighed heavily upon the faculty and those interested in the welfare of the institution, to say nothing of the embarrassment of being in debt, which has greatly hampered its usefulness as an educational institution.

The munificent gift of President Hill will practically put the college on its feet again, with the assistance of the faculty and friends. They feel that they will be able to raise the $15,000 when they know there is $20,000 more coming as soon as it has been done. This is not the first evidence of Mr. Hill's liberality in the matter of helping deserving institutions.

### MINNESOTA AT OMAHA.

**Commercial Bodies Waking Up—Coming Poultry Show.**

The regular meeting of the executive board of the Commercial club was held in the club rooms yesterday afternoon. Secretary Stine reported that over 100 manufacturers had responded to the invitation of the club for the manufacturers' banquet, to be held hJan. 28, and that this number included nearly all the representative manufacturers in the city.

A communication was received from E. J. Phelps, of Minneapolis, asking the St. Paul Commerical club to take some action towards sending an exhibition to the trans-Mississippi exposition, held in Omaha, from June to November. The matter was referred to a committee, which will confer with the chamber of commerce, with a view to taking steps to co-operate with similar bodies from Minneapolis, to give Minnesota a representation at the exposition. It was said that Minnesota and Utah were the only two trans-Mississippi states, which had not made provisions for either a building, or other representation at the show. The committee will consider the best plan to raise funds to enable Minnesota to have a showing at this exposition.

A committee was appointed to confer with the state fair managers on providing entertainment for visitors to the next state fair, during the evenings of fair week. The committee consists of B. McGinnis, chairman; H. C. McNair, E. Yanish, Walter J. Driscoll and M. H. Merrick.

The board also passed the following resolution, indorsing the coming poultry show, to be held in St. Paul, Feb. 11 to 12:

Whereas, This committee is informed that the Minnesota State Poultry association will hold a poultry exhibit in this city, Feb. 7 to 12 inclusive, at which will be exhibited thorough bred fowls from all parts of the Unted States, attracting to the city the agricultural classes of the state as well as exhibitors from all parts of the country, and

Whereas, We believe this industry to be one of great importance to our state, even in its present imperfect stage of development, and one capable of almost unlimited increase, be it, therefore,

Resolved, That we heartily endorse this enterprise and recommend it to the jobbers and citizens of St. Paul, as worthy of assistance and encouragement in every possible way.

### STATE FAIR MANAGERS.

**Secretary and Treasurer Re-elected—Premium List Revision.**

The board of state fair managers met in parlor B of the Windsor hotel yesterday, and continued in session nearly all day. The election of officers resulted in the selection of E. W. Randall, secretary, and A. B. Moffit, treasurer. Both gentlemen have rendered the Minnesota state fair valuable assistance by their service as officers of the board in the past. Their re-election was a unanimous choice.

W. M. Cosgrove and D. R. McGinnis were elected members of the executive committee. Vice President Wyman Elliott presided, in the absence of President Cooper, who was unable to attend. Aside from the election of officers the most important matter which came up was the proposition to revise the premium lists. It was decided to revise and extend the lists, offering better inducements to exhibitors and thus insuring a better representation from the distant parts of the state. Many important changes were talked over, and will be referred to the superintendents of departments.

### CONFERENCE OF POPULISTS.

**J. C. Hanley Tells of the Action at St. Louis.**

Yesterday J. C. Hanley, member of the national organization committee of the People's party of this state, returned from a three-day session of a conference between the national committee of the People's party and the national organization committee of the same party. Said Mr. Hanley last night:

"The organization committee was appointed at the Nashville conference July 4, 1897, as an auxiliary national committee to act in calling a national convention in the event that the regular national committee, of which Senator Butler is the chairman, fails to do so. On Nov. 23, 1897, a meeting of the National Organization committee was held at LaClede hotel, St. Louis, and an address was issued to the Populists of the country, urging them to remain true to their party and principles. They also declared in favor of an early national convention to nominate a candidate for president and vice president, to occur early in April, 1898. An invitation was extended also to Mr. Butler's committee to meet with the organization committee on Jan. 12, at St. Louis, in conference to issue a call for the national convention and arrange all details. Two weeks or so before the Jan. 12 meeting was to occur, Mr. Butler, the national chairman, wrote J. H. Ferris, chairman of the National Reform Press association, a letter, requesting him to call the meeting of Jan. 12 off, and promising to use his influence to get the national committee together and have the organization committee abide by whatever they would do. This proposition was ignored and the meeting took place as per schedule.

"It turned out that seventy-four members of the Butler committee were present in person or by proxy, which was a considerable over a majority of the committee. The session was a very lively one; the national committeemen of the South were most vigorous in their protest of the action of Mr. Butler, and urged the complete severance of the committees present from the domination of Butler and his fusion policy. This radical step was opposed by the members of the organization committee. They maintained that there was no necessity for such revolutionary action, as they had already secured control of the national committee.

"The resolution severing the Butler committee was finally withdrawn by Mr. Livingston, of Missouri, member of the national committee, who introduced it. The address and resolutions were unanimously passed amid good feeling."

The following propositions were referred back to the people of the different states to pass upon:

"First—To hold state conventions in every state and elect national committeemen and also delegates to the national convention before May 1, 1898.

"Second—What date do you favor for holding national convention? July 4, 1898; May 1, 1899, or Feb. 22, 1900?

"Third—Do you favor a conference of the national committee and the organization committee early in June to harmonize the factions and outline the policy of the party in the future?

"The national committee met upon adjournment of the joint meeting and unanimously indorsed the action taken by the joint committees."

### CENTRAL CONVOCATION

**Of Diocese of Minnesota at St. Mary's Church, Merriam Park.**

Rev. H. P. Nichols, of St. Mark's church, Minneapolis, spoke in St. Mary's church, Merriam Park, last evening at the opening session of the central convocation of the diocese of Minnesota. Mr. Nichols took as his subject the "Mutual Responsibilities of the Clergy and Laity," and said that the convocation sets a seal to that mutual responsibility; that the clergy and laity should work together, not one give and the other receive, as this would bring about the danger of spiritual pauperism. He spoke of the responsibility for better thinking, for more intelligent administration, for more conscientious giving, and for higher consecration. The programme for today, beginning this morning at 10 o'clock, follows:

10 a. m.—Holy communion; address by the dean.

11 a. m.—Missionary reports.

11:30 a. m.—Paper, "The Parish Vestry," Rev. J. J. Faude.

12 m.—Paper, "The Perpetual Diaconate," Rev. Charles Holmes.

1 p. m.—Lunch.

2 p. m.—Business meeting.

Paper—"The Church and the Workingman," Rev. Edward M. Duff.

Paper—"The Monotheism of the Ancient Hebrew," Rev. George H. Mueller.

7:30 p. m.—Evening prayer.

Missionary service with addresses.

Adjournment.

### TO VISIT THE FARM.

**Chamber of Commerce Goes to St. Anthony Park.**

The invitation received recently from Col. William M. Liggett, dean of the state agricultural school at St. Anthony Park, has been accepted, and this morning President C. P. Noyes, of the chamber of commerce, and 100 of St. Paul's business men, many of the members of that body, will take the Hamline cars at the corner of Fifth and Robert streets at 9:30 this morning.

The visitors will be met at the end of the line by Col. Liggett and some members of the faculty, and will be escorted to the popular institution. Immediately upon their arrival the guests will be shown through the various class rooms, and will meet the school assembled at 11:15, when addresses will be made by some of the visitors, professors and scholars. The St. Paul folks will then be entertained at dinner, after which they will be shown about through the different departments. They will look over the live stock, will see the dairying and buttermaking, will watch the stout youths at their blacksmithing, wagonmaking, and will have a good opportunity of inspecting the work taught the sons and daughters of Minnesota farmers.

Among the prominent men who are included in the party is James J. Hill, who has always shown a great interest in the school.

### MOZART CLUB ANNUAL.

**It Is Postponed Until Next Thursday Night.**

The annual meeting of the St. Paul Mozart club, which was to have occurred at Mozart hall last night, has been postponed until Thursday night next. This was occasioned by the incomplete state of the annual reports of the officers. The reports and the annual election will be on the table for Thursday night's meeting, when P. J. Giesen, the present hustling president, will no doubt be re-elected.

The plans of the club for the present winter series of German operatic entertainments are most interesting, and the plan for the Mozart club, which it is proposed to arrange at Thursday night's meeting, will, no doubt prove a profitable and interesting one to the friends of the Mozart club and the lovers of German opera in St. Paul.

### THESE STOLE SHIRTS.

**Midnight Raid on Thad C. Jones' Factory.**

A bold theft was perpetrated at the store of Thad C. Jones, the shirt manufacturer at 80 East Fifth street, shortly after 12 o'clock last night, when the front window was broken out and half a dozen pieces of shirting stolen. In view of the fact that street cars pass the store every few minutes, the robbery was an unusually daring affair. With a stone or club the thieves shattered the window with one blow, and, hastily removing the missing property from spindles, ran up Fifth street to Cedar, and here disappeared through an alley. Their tracks were easily discernible in the snow, and several policemen, who ran to the store at the sound of the breaking glass, followed the thieves this far, but could find no suspicious persons in the vicinity.

**Specifications for a Sewer.**

Specifications for the building of a sewer on Cedar street from Eighth street to the river were submitted to the board of public works yesterday by the city engineer. The estimate for the work is $6,068, of which $5,000 will be paid by the city and the balance by assessment. Bids for doing the work have been advertised for.

Catarrh Cured.

**Found a Remedy for Both in Hood's Sarsaparilla.**

"I was troubled with catarrh for 20 years. I tried a great number of remedies, and about three years ago I was advised to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I have used six or eight bottles and am cured. I have also found Hood's Sarsaparilla excellent for rheumatism." WM. SHERMAN, 1030 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Remember

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

**Hood's Pills** cure constipation. 25 cents.

# CIVIL SERVICE LAW

**TEXT OF THE CHAPTER PREPARED BY THE NEW CHARTER COMMISSION.**

## RULES FOR MERIT SYSTEM.

**WITH THE EXCEPTION OF THE ELECTIVE OFFICERS AND CHIEF CLERKS**

**AND THE HEADS OF DEPARTMENTS**

**The Idea Is to Have Everybody Pass an Examination Before Receiving Appointment.**

The chapter, which is to be placed in the new charter, now being prepared by the charter commission, relating to civil service and the appointment of a board of civil service commissioners, will be discussed at the meeting of the commission Friday evening. The committee, which has had this work in hand, has prepared a report or chapter which provides for the appointment by the mayor of a board of three commissioners who shall classify all the offices and places of employment in the city, and the same are to be filled after a competitive examination before the board. The plan being an innovation as far as this city is concerned, it is likely that the proposed chapter of the new charter will be thoroughly discussed by the commission before any action is taken. The matter will be a special order for the session Friday night, and the chapter as submitted is given herewith:

SECTION 1.

On the third Monday of June, 1898, the mayor of the city of St. Paul, Minn., shall appoint three persons, citizens and residents of said city, who shall constitute and be known as the civil service commissioners, of such city, and shall designate one of the persons so appointed to serve for a term of three years, one for a term of two years, and one for a term of one year from the first Monday in July in the year of their appointment, and until their respective successors are appointed and qualified; and in each and every year after such first appointment the mayor shall, in like manner, on the third Monday of June, appoint one person as the successor of the commissioner, whose term shall expire in that year, to serve as such commissioner for three years from the first Monday of July then ensuing, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. Two commissioners shall constitute a quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Any vacancy in the office of commissioner occurring during the term shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment by the mayor, and all appointments, both original and to fill vacancies, shall be so made that not more than one commissioner, or if but two political parties were officially registered at the last preceding election, then not more than two commissioners, shall, at the time of any appointment, be members of the same political party. The mayor may remove any commissioner for incompetence, neglect of duty or malfeasance in office, but he shall within ten days report in writing any such removal to the city council with the reasons therefor. Said commissioners shall hold no lucrative office or employment under the United States, the state of Minnesota, or any municipal corportion or political division thereof, and each commissioner shall, before entering upon the duties of his office and within ten days after receiving notice of his appointment, take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by the constitution of this state.

SECTION 2.

Said commissioners shall make rules to carry out the purposes of this chapter and for examinations, appointments and promotions in accordance with its provisions, and the commissioners may, from time to time, make changes in the original rules. The said commissioners shall supervise the administration of the rules so established, and they shall, on or before the first Monday in July in every year, report to the mayor their doings during the preceding year, including any rules adopted under the provisons of this section. The mayor may require a report from said commissioners at any other time. All rules made as herein provided and all changes therein, shall be published by said commissioners in the official paper of said city, not less than five, or more than ten days before they are to go into operation, and a copy for public examination shall be kept on file at their office.

SECTION 3.

Said commissioners shall classify all the offices and places of employment in said city with reference to the examinations hereinafter provided for, except those offices and places mentioned in section five (5) of this chapter. The offices and places so classified by the commissioners shall constitute the classified civil service of said city. From and after the adoption of the rules hereinbefore provided for, all appointments to subordinate offices, positions and employments in the several departments of the service of said city, which are subject to such rules, shall be made by the respective heads of such departments under and in accordance with the provisions of such rules, and such heads of departments shall respectively have power to remove or discharge at pleasure any person holding any subordinate office, position or employment in their respective departments; but except in the case of day laborers they shall within ten days thereafter file with the city clerk a written statement of the reasons for such removal or discharge. Provided, that all appointments to office or position thereafter to be subject to such rules, made after the 1st day of May, 1898, and before the rules herein provided for shall have gone into effect, shall be provisional and not permanent appointments, and all appointments to such offices or positions shall be subject to examination and recommendation by the civil service commissioners the same in every respect as though they had not received such temporary appointment.

SECTION 4.

All applicants for offices, places or employments in said classified service, except those mentioned in section five (5), shall be subject to examination, which shall be public, competitive and free to all citizens of the United States, with specified limitations as to residence, age, health, habits and moral character. Such examinations shall be practical in their character, and shall relate to those matters which fairly test the relative capacity of the persons examined to discharge the duties of the positions to which they seek to be appointed, and shall include tests of physical qualifications and health, and when appropriate manual skill. No question in any examination shall relate to political or religious opinions or affiliations, and no appointment or selection to an office or for employment within the scope of these rules established as aforesaid shall be in any manner affected or influenced by such opinions or affiliations.

SECTION 5.

Officers who are selected by the people, or who are elected by the city council pursuant to the city charter, judges and clerks of election, members and the secretary of city boards or commissions, the superintendent, principals and teachers of schools, the city librarian, the city comptroller's chief clerk, the city treasurer's chief clerk and his cashier, the city engineer, his first assistant and chief clerk, the city clerk and his first assistant, the corporation attorney and his first assistant, the chief engineer of the fire department, the chief of police, the commissioner of health and his first assistant, the superintendent of the workhouse, the superintendent of parks, the private secretary of the mayor, and special watchmen whose salaries are not paid by the city shall not be included in such classified service.

SECTION 6.

The said commissioners shall appoint a chief examiner whose duty it shall be, under their direction, to superintend any examinations, held in said city, under the provisions of this charter. Such chief examiner shall be ex-officio secretary of said civil service commissioners and under direction of such commissioners he, as such secretary, shall keep minutes of their proceedings, preserve all reports made to them, keep a record of all examinations made under their direction, and perform such other duties as the commissioners may from time to time prescribe. He shall be subject to removal at any time by said commissioners, but they shall, within ten days thereafter, file with the city clerk a written statement of the reasons for such removal.

SECTION 7.

The commissioners shall control all examinations and may, whenever an examination is to take place, designate a suitable number of persons, either in or out of the official service of the city, to be examiners; and it shall be the duty of such examiners, and if in the official service it shall be a part of their official duty, without extra compensation, to conduct such examination as the commissioners may direct and to make return or report thereof to said commissioners and the commissioners may, at any time, substitute any other person, whether or not in such service, in the place of any one so selected; and the commissioners may themselves, at any time, act as examiners and without appointing examiners. The examiners at any examination shall not all be members of the same political party.

SECTION 8.

Notice of the time, place and general scope of every examination shall be given by the board by publication twice each week for the two weeks preceding such examination in the official paper of St. Paul, and such notice shall be posted by said commission in a conspicuous place in their office two weeks before such an examination. Such further notice of examinations may be given as the commission may prescribe.

SECTION 9.

From the returns or reports of the examiners or from the examinations made by the commission, the commission shall prepare a register for each grade or class of positions in the classified service of said city of the persons whose general average standing upon examination for such grade or class is not less than the minimum fixed by the rules of such commission ad who are otherwise eligible; and such persons shall take rank upon the register as candidates in the order of their relative excellence as determined by examination, without reference to priority of examination.

SECTION 10.

The commission shall, by its rules, provide for promotion in such classified service on the basis of ascertained merit and seniority in service and examination, and shall provide in all cases where it is practicable that vacancies shall be filled by promotion. All examinations for promotion shall be competitive among such members of the next lower rank as desire to submit themselves to such examination, and the commission shall submit to the appointing power the names of the three applicants for each promotion having the highest rating. The methods of examination and the rules governing the same and the method of certifying shall be the same as provided for applicants for original appointment.

SECTION 11.

The head of the department or office in which a position classified under this chapter is to be filled shall notify said commission of that fact, and said commission shall certify to the appointing officers the names and addresses of the three candidates standing highest upon the registers for the class or grade to which said position belongs, and the said appointing officer shall make the appointment or promotion to such position from among the three candidates so certified to him by the commission, except that in cases of laborers, where choice by competition is impracticable, said commission may provide by its rules in what manner selections shall be made from among those candidates proved fit by examination. Said commission may strike off names of candidates from the register after they have remained thereon more than two years. To prevent the stoppage of public business, or to meet extraordinary exigencies, the head of any department or office may, with the approval of the commission make temporary appointment to remain in force not exceeding sixty days, and only till regular appointments under the provisions of this chapter can be made. The commissioner of health may, in case of an epidemic, appoint such assistants as he may deem necessary to remain in office only until such epidemic has ceased.

SECTION 12.

Immediate notice in writing shall be given by the appointing power to said commission of all appointments, permanent or temporary, made in such classified civil service, and of all transfers, promotions, resignations and vacancies from any cause in such service and of the date thereof; and a record of the same shall be kept by said commission. When any office or place of employment is created or abolished or the compensation attached thereto altered, the officers or board making such change shall immediately report it in writing to said commission.

SECTION 13.

The said commissioners shall investigate the enforcement of this chapter and of the rules established by them, and the action of the examiners provided for, and the conduct and action of the appointees in the classified service in the city of St. Paul, and may inquire as to the nature, tenure and compensation of all offices and places in the public service thereof. In the course of such investigations each commissioner shall have power to administer oaths and said commission shall have power to secure by its subpoena both the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books and papers relevant to such investigation.

SECTION 14.

The said civil service commissioners shall certify to the comptroller all appointments to offices and places in the civil service of the city subject to their rules, and all vacancies occurring therein, whether by dismissal, resignation or death. The comptroller of said city shall not approve the payment of, or be in any manner concerned in paying any salary or wages to any person, subject to such rules, for services as an officer or employe of said city before the appointment of such person to the city service has been certified by the commission to the comptroller, nor after the vacation of such person's office or employment shall have been so certified.

SECTION 15.

All officers of the city of St. Paul shall aid said commission in all proper ways in carrying out the provisions of this chapter. The mayor of said city shall cause suitable rooms to be provided for such commission at the expense of such city; and a sufficient sum of money shall be appropriated each year to carry out the provisions of this chapter. If such a sum of money is not appropriated, it shall be the duty of the city comptroller to countersign and the city treasurer to pay out of the general fund on presentation thereof, all warrants of said commission signed by its president and secretary, not exceeding in any fiscal year the sum of $3,000.

SECTION 16.

No person or officer shall wilfully and corruptly, by himself or in co-operation with one or more other persons, defeat, deceive or obstruct any person in respect to his or her examination, or corruptly or falsely mark, grade, estimate or report upon the examination or proper standing of any person examined hereunder, or aid in so doing, or wilfully or corruptly furnish to any person any special or secret information for the purpose of either improving or injuring the prospects or chances of any person so examined, being or to be examined, being appointed, employed or promoted.

SECTION 17.

No officers or employes of the city of St. Paul shall solicit orally or by letter, or receive or be in any manner concerned in soliciting or receiving any assessment, subscription or contribution or pay any assessment, for any party or political purpose whatever; and no person shall solicit orally or by letter, or be in any manner concerned in soliciting any assessment, contribution or payment for any party or political purpose whatever from any officer or employe in any department of the government of said city. No officer or employer of said city shall discharge or degrade or promote or in any manner change the official rank or compensation of any other officer or employe, or promise or threaten to do so for giving or withholding or neglecting to make any contribution of money or other valuable thing for any party or political purpose, or for refusal or neglect to render any party or political service. No applicant for appointment, and no person holding any public office or seeking a nomination or election to any public office under such city shall promise any such political or party service. No applicant for appointment or promotion in said classified civil service shall either directly or indirectly pay or promise to pay any money or other valuable thing for or on account of his appointment or promotion or proposed appointment or promotion in such service; and no person whatever shall receive or be in any way concerned in receiving any money or other valuable thing on account of making or furthering the making of any such appointment or promotion.

SECTION 18.

Any person who shall wilfully or through culpable negligence violate any of the provisions of this chapter or any rule promulgated in accordance with the provisions thereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be subject to a fine or imprisonment or both, at the discretion of the court, and on conviction thereof any public office or place of public employment which such persons may hold shall, by force of such conviction, be rendered vacant, and such person shall be incapable of holding any office or place of public employment in said city for a period of five years from the date of such conviction.

SECTION 19.

The said commissioners shall each receive a salary, payable monthly, of two hundred ($200) dollars per annum. The chief examiner shall receive a salary, payable monthly, to be fixed by said commissioners, but not to exceed twelve hundred ($1,200) dollars per annum. The said commissioners may also employ a clerk or typewriter at a salary, payable monthly, of not more than six hundred ($600) dollars per annum; and the said commissioners shall be allowed a sum, not to exceed six hundred ($600) dollars per annum, for stationery and other incidental expenses. The city council may, if they deem necessary, grant any further sum of money for the use of said commission, provided that the entire amount appropriated for the use of said commission or civil service department, including salaries and all other expenses, shall not exceed four thousand ($4,000) dollars per annum.

The Hon. John F. Smith, of Westminster, Md., judge of the circuit court of Carroll county, Md., says: "I have used Salvation Oil for rheumatism. Its effects were prompt and lasting."

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# PUT IT ON MARKHAM

**PECULIAR DISMISSAL OF A POLICE COURT CASE INVOLVING J. C. GARDNER.**

## ZOLLMAN SAYS HALL DID IT.

**HALL SAYS HIS ACTIONS WERE DIRECTED BY THE CORPORATION ATTORNEY.**

**POLICE TALK ABOUT IT FREELY.**

**Say There Is a "Nigger in the Woodpile," and They Want It Pulled Out.**

A war is on among the police department, the city attorney's office and the office of the county attorney over the dismissal of a case in the municipal court last Thursday, and charges are freely made that undue influence was allowed to prevail in the case, and that the matter was "fixed" from the time the arrest was made. The responsibility for the alleged irregular proceeding is placed, by those concerned, upon Assistant County Attorney Zollman, and by him in turn upon City Prosecutor Hall. Mr. Hall passes the matter on one step farther by saying that he acted under instructions from Corporation Attorney Markham. The police department is the aggressor in the pending row, and the officers who made the arrest declare that a full explanation of the dismissal of the case will be demanded.

The case in question is that of J. C. Gardner and a female companion, who were found in a boarding house on Fourth street, near Exchange, Nov. 22, nearly two months ago. The arrest was made at the request of Gardner's wife, who claims that her husband left her and their two children over a year ago and has since been more than attentive to the woman arrested with him Nov. 22. From the day of the arrest every effort has been made to keep the affair out of the papers, and, through leniency somewhere, the case was allowed to drag along without a hearing until Dec. 29, when, it is alleged, by reason of more of the hidden influence, the case was again continued until Jan. 25. Last Thursday, Assistant County Attorney Zollman appeared before Judge Orr and requested that the case be dismissed. This was done, and gives rise to the charges and countercharges of bad faith. Lieut. Pothen, Lieut. Boerner and Sergt. Davis, who had charge of the case for the police, claim that the dismissal was without their consent or knowledge, and unhesitatingly declare that the case was "railroaded" through, purposely, in the interests of Gardner and the woman. They declare it an outrage and without precedent for a case to be disposed of in such a manner, and they claim they have evidence to prove the charge on which the arrest was made.

"Such action is palpably a manipulation of court procedure," said Lieut. Boerner, yesterday, when informed of the discharge of Gardner, "and you can be sure an explanation of the matter will be demanded. There is a 'nigger' in the woodpile somewhere, and I think I know where it is. There has been an effort all along to shield Gardner, and, while the police have no desire whatever to persecute him or anyone else, I insist that the dismissal was not right. There is plenty of evidence to prove the charge, and why the case should be called before the time set, without the officers who made the arrest knowing anything about it, certainly looks queer."

Assistant County Attorney Zollman vindicates his course by shifting the blame upon the city legal department. He says the first complaint against the couple alleged a state offense. This Mr. Zollman says, he found from investigation would have been difficult to prove. He says he wanted Mr. Hall to lodge complaint on the charge of disorderly conduct and dismissed the state charge because it could not be established, and thinking that Mr. Hall would prosecute under the charge of disorderly conduct. The penalty in either case is the same, Mr. Zollman says, being a fine of $100 or ninety days in the workhouse, and, according to his views, conviction under the misdemeanor act much easier. Mr. Hall refused to issue a second warrant, Mr. Zollman says, and gave as his reason that he had promised "someone" not to do so. Mr. Zollman says he then told Mr. Hall if he did not prosecute the case under the disorderly charge that he would himself take the matter out of the city legal department and did so.

City Prosecutor Hall admits that he refused to issue a second warrant for the arrest of Gardner, but says he was instructed to this course by Mr. Markham, whose position, Mr. Hall said, was that as the case had first been undertaken by the county attorney's department, this department should see to it to a conclusion and not try to shift the responsibility on some one else.

When Mr. Zollman was informed of the above statement, he declared that there was an effort in the city legal department to protect Gardner, and that he would frustrate it if possible by at once securing a warrant for the arrest of Gardner and his companion, on the charge of disorderly conduct. That was Monday, but nothing of the kind had been done up to last night.

The police make the point that there is no need to haggle over the charge against Gardner, claiming that he should have been tried on the first accusation, and then if this case fell through, if there was the desire, he could have been rearraigned on the lesser charge without leaving the court room. Lieut. Pothen says that the evidence gained at the time of the arrest was in his opinion strong enough to warrant pushing the case. Lieut. Pothen says Gardner's companion has told him what he supposes is the correct story of her experience.

### AROUND THE HOTELS.

**Talks With Some of the Visitors in St. Paul.**

D. C. Murray, of Salt Lake City, was at the Ryan yesterday. Mr. Murray is general superintendent of the Great Western Bell Telephone company, which operates one of the largest systems of long distance telephones in the United States, and Mr. Murray claims they have the longest circuit in North America. They expect to have a line completed in three months which will give them connection with the states of Wyoming, Utah and Montana. They already have lines through California and the Southern country. Mr. Murray says the reason there has been no telephone connection across the continent is that the intervening country is poorly settled, as it would not pay to operate such a line, but he looks upon a line which will connect the Atlantic and Pacific as a possibility of the future.

* * *

Lieut. C. B. Wheeler, connected with the ordnance department of the army, came out from Washington yesterday, and is registered at the Ryan. Lieut. Wheeler was met by Capt. Russell, and will give attention while here to matters in connection with the construction by a St. Paul concern of a number of immense mortar carriages for government coast defenses.

* * *

William F. Love, of Butte, Mont., was in the city yesterday on his way back to Montana. Mr. Love is connected with the Anaconda Copper Mining company, of Butte, and was a former Minnesotan, having lived at St. Cloud for some time. He has been spending his vacation in the East.

* * *

State Senator T. T. Young, of Appleton, came down yesterday and registered at the Ryan. Senator Young is on a business trip.

* * *

James Trrens, of Grand Rapids, is among the guests at the Windsor.

J. H. Letson, of Al