# MINNEAPOLIS.

OFFICE 65 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

### MINNEAPOLIS GLOBULES.

Judge Smith has filed an order granting the final dissolution of the old Franklin State bank.

Ernest Mousso has been adjudged insane and ordered committed to the state hospital at St. Peter. Mousso is a boy, 19 years of age, and was born in this city.

The S. E. Olsen Company Employes' Mutual Benefit association of Minneapolis filed articles of incorporation with the secretary of state yesterday.

Judge McGee yesterday morning gave a judgment for the state in a suit against William H. Gilmore and John R. Schuyler, credits on a $500 criminal bond of P. Atlas.

Judge Ueland, receiver of the Washington Bank, has been granted an order to lease the Phoenix Sash and Door company's plant to George T. Honstain for $1,200 per year.

It is reported that several children and young people returning from skating Tuesday evening were held up and robbed by a tall man in the shadows of the exposition building. The police were notified but did not find the thief.

Receiver Frank M. Nye, of the Bank of Minneapolis, has been authorized to convey certain real estate belonging to his trust to creditors of the insolvency, who will accept the property as pay in full for the amount of their claims.

Dr. Merit B. Peck, of Minneapolis, was killed by being run down by a freight train at Kansas City, Tuesday night. He was crossing the tracks at the time. Dr. Peck was 45 years of age, and went to Kansas City last fall. His wife and daughter live at Thirty-first street and Fremont avenue.

One of the brand new things in farcial comedy is underlined for the Metropolitan the last three nights of this week, commencing this afternoon. "A Bachelor's Honeymoon," will be presented by a company that includes George F. Nash, Robert Patton Gibbs, William Winter Milford, Nita Sykes and other artists of more than average repute as purveyors of rollicking humor.

Henry E. Dixey, in his spectacular production of magic, mirth, mystery and mimicry, is pleasing large audiences at the Bijou. Mr. Dixey gives one of the most pleasing entertainments that has appeared here this season. His clever imitations of Henry Irving, "The Old Man" and "The Stage Struck Girl," from "The Seven Ages," made a big hit with the large audiences. The principal illusions, "The Yogi Mysteries," "The Mystery of Mesrour," and "The Miracles of Chunder Hula," are very good.

### Rearranging School Studies.

Superintendent Jordan, of the Minneapolis schools, has been given authority to rearrange the course of study as it seems wisest. The rearrangement was made necessary on account of the early closing of the schools. The total enrollment of the Minneapolis schools this term was 31,718, an increase of 1,752 over the same term last year. A request was received from the G. A. R. posts of Minneapolis asking that the school children be allowed to contribute toward the erection of a soldiers' monument in Lakewood cemetery. The request was referred to the committee on buildings.

### Fjellman Will Run It.

Charles Fjellman was present yesterday before the council committee on licenses to support his application for a license to run a saloon at 1207 Washington avenue south. Fjellman made such a good impression upon the committee that they all voted to recommend the granting of the license. Those present were Chairman Long, Ald. Crosby, Fort and Dwyer, of the committee, while Ald. Rand and Anderson and Fjellman were spectators.

The committee examined Mr. Fjellman's bond, and found it to be perfectly satisfactory. Mr. Fjellman declared that he had purchased the stock and fixtures in good faith and had executed a lease for the place and that he intended to open a saloon and run it himself.

### The Output of Flour.

The Northwestern Miller reports the flour output last week, at four points, as follows: Minneapolis, 215,230 bbls; Head of lakes, 42,010 bbls; Milwaukee, 29,520 bbls; St. Louis, 44,000 bbls. Aggregate, 330,700 bbls. Previous week, 306,370 bbls. The output in Minneapolis this week is estimated at 250,000 barrels. The flour market was quite a good one last week. The steady strength in wheat seemed to induce buyers to take hold, and a very good business was done by millers generally. Even the domestic trade bought more freely than was its wont. The export demand improved and very good sales were made; even London and Liverpool, taking fair quantities of flour.

### Rev. Wilkinson Mulcted.

The jury in the slander suit of Adelaide E. M. Daniels against Rev. Wm. Wilkinson, rector of St. Andrew's Episcopal church, returned a verdict of $50 for the plaintiff yesterday afternoon, after being out since last evening. It is understood that Mr. Wilkinson will appeal the case to the supreme court.

### No Easter Vacation.

Easter week will not be observed in the usual way by the public school students of Minneapolis. They will not be granted the usual Easter vacation, but instead will continue at their studies. Good Friday alone will the schools be closed. This was one of the conclusions arrived at while the board of education was in executive session Tuesday afternoon. The fact that the schools were to be closed one month earlier than usual was, of course, the cause of the action.

**A Fatal Spider-Web.**

When a fly accidentally gets caught in a spider's web, the spider goes calmly about the work of securing his prey. He doesn't hurry particularly. He takes his time and binds first the fly's feet, and then his wings and his entire body.

That is the way with the dread enemy of mankind—consumption. It has a web—the web of trivial disorders neglected. When a man heedlessly stumbles into that web, consumption first attacks his stomach, then his blood, then his lungs, then every organ in his body. Many doctors assert that when a man is once in this deadly web there is no escape. That is a mistake. Thousands have testified to their recovery from this disease by the use of the right remedy. Many of their letters, together with their names, addresses and photographs, appear in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. The remedy that saved them was Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption. It cures the conditions that lead up to it. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and germ-ejector. Druggists sell it.

"Your 'Favorite Prescription' cured my little girl, seven years old, of St. Vitus's dance," writes Mrs. A. E. Loomis, of Walnut Grove, Redwood Co., Minn. "She could not feed herself, nor talk. That was fifteen years ago. I have always had great faith in your medicines ever since. I had a terrible cough, and my friends thought I had consumption. I took the 'Golden Medical Discovery' and it cured my cough, and now I do my housework. I have always praised your medicine and would like to have your 'Common Sense Medical Adviser.' I enclose stamps."

Over a thousand pages of good home medical advice free. Send twenty-one one-cent stamps, to cover mailing *only*, to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., for a paper-covered copy of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Cloth binding ten cents extra. A veritable medical library in one volume, illustrated with over 300 engravings.

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The Oldest and Most Successful Specialist in the Northwest for the cure of

**Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.**

MEN suffering from evil effects of youthful indiscretion, later excesses, recent exposure, nervous debility, varicocele, unnatural discharges, lost vitality, failing memory, unfitness to marry, blood, skin, kidney or private diseases, are speedily cured. He employs the most approved methods, and will GUARANTEE A PERFECT CURE in strict confidence, at moderate expense. Consult the Old Doctor, for he has cured thousands who thought their cases hopeless. No Exposure.

LADIES suffering from any form of Female weakness. Painful or Irregular Sickness, are permanently restored to health. Twenty-five years experience. Offices and Parlors private.

FREE consultation. Call or write for list or questions. Medicines sent free from observation. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 10 a. m. to 12.

**230 Hennepin Av., Minneapolis, Minn.**


# WILSON IS FREED

AFTER NUMEROUS BALLOTS THE JURY RETURNS A VERDICT OF ACQUITTAL.

## MAY NOW SUE THE CITY.

LIVELY TILTS IN THE HASKELL CASE BETWEEN WITNESS FOSTER AND JUDGE JACKSON.

MOSHIK KNOWS NOT HIS FATE.

**Kept in Ignorance of the Date of His Execution—General News of Minneapolis.**

"Not guilty" was the verdict of the jury in the trial of Frank Wilson for the murder of Rime Ducharme.

It was shortly before 5 o'clock that the jurors notified Judge Smith that they had reached an agreement, and, as the judge was still in the court room, the attorneys and the defendant were immediately on hand and the verdict given as above.

From the nature of the evidence in the case it was not thought probable that the verdict would be other than it was, but it was a great surprise that the jury were so long in reaching the verdict of acquittal. The Globe learns that the first ballot after the jury organized resulted 8 for acquittal, 3 for conviction and one blank. One of those voting for conviction did so from motives of policy, and the man voting blank claims he was acting upon the same impulse. They wished to appear to change their votes to acquittal, and thought to influence some others by so doing. Thus the jury practically stood 10 for acquittal and 2 for conviction at the time the case was placed in their hands at about 10:30 in the morning.

One man came over without trouble, but one hung out tenaciously. This man argued to his fellow jurors that by returning a verdict of acquittal the jury would be placing themselves in the position of saying that no murder had been committed. So firmly had this idea become rooted in his mind that it is doubtful if it was completely eradicated when he finally changed his vote and joined the majority.

Wilson, the defendant, was immediately released when the verdict was announced and made his way to the office of the clerk of courts to get possession of the valuables taken from his person when he was arrested.

He was told by Clerk Dickey that an order of the judge was necessary as a preliminary. Before seeking the judge, however, he told the clerk he might keep the revolver over night.

"If I have it in my possession they will have me arrested before I leave the building for carrying concealed weapons," he exclaimed sarcastically.

To a reporter Wilson stated that he did not yet know what he would do.

"Are you thinking of suing anybody or the county because of your arrest and imprisonment?" was asked.

"I'll tell you about that later," was his reply.

Wilson's attorney, A. P. Loomis, however, was not so reticent. He declares that suit will be brought against Detective John P. Hoy, especially because of the fact that he forced Wilson to have his likeness photographed and that the pictures were furnished to the newspapers and published as that of the murderer of Rime Ducharme.

The question stil remains, "Who killed Rime Ducharme?" It will be remembered that the body of a man was found between the tracks of the Minneapolis & St. Louis and the Milwaukee railways at Hopkins Station on July 24 last. Investigation led to the belief that the corpse was that of a cripple. Rime Ducharme, whose home was at Faribault, Minn. Further investigation showed that the dead man had last been seen in the company of Frank Wilson, the man who has just been acquitted. The circumstances were strong against Wilson. The testimony showed that he had been the last known man to see Ducharme. A party named McKelvey had been with Wilson and Ducharme during the day of the murder, and at the time of the tragedy, at Hopkins, McKelvey had stated to Constable Cooper and others that the last he had seen of Wilson and the cripple the two of them were walking together down the railroad tracks. This testimony was what the state wanted, and they sent to Fargo for McKelvey, intending to use him as a witness for the presecution. When placed upon the stand, however, McKelvey flatly contradicted his former statement and claimed that the last he had seen of the cripple he was walking down the railroad track toward Minneapolis and that he was alone. It was the change of this witness that killed the case of the state.

### WAS A MATCH FOR JACKSON.

**Witness Foster Makes Things Lively in the Haskell Libel Suit.**

In the case of the state against W. E. Haskell, Witness Foster was still on the stand for cross-examination yesterday.

Mr. Jackson wanted the witness to tell him the purpose of the Boston meeting, which sent him to Chicoga.

Regarding the proposition for half the stock the witness swore that it never assumed any shape, as he was of the opinion that the stock could not be secured and was of little value anyway, although he made a "bluff" or two at the West Pullman association.

"Why do you say you didn't consider the stock worth anything?"

"Because of the first mortgage, the large special assessments, the bills payable, the fact that the association was not a corporation, all those complications, and the possibility of litigation."

"Why, Mr. Foster, there was no question about all that, for the stock proposition was made on the basis of a new bond issue, with all the old debts wiped out," cried Mr. Jackson.

"That is not true, and you know it," said the witness. "Nothing was ever said about a new mortgage until some time in April."

Mr. Jackson showed the witness a statement which he had signed and asked him if he did it with knowledge of its truth.

"I thought the court had ruled out all this subsequent matter," said the witness.

"That isn't any of your business. Answer my question."

"Oh! yes it is, too."

"Well, I am glad to know it. We want to know where you stand in this matter."

Mr. Jackson wanted to put in a statement of the assests and liabilities of the West Pullman association for November, 1896, long after the transaction, and Mr. Flannery objected. He thought that whether the West Pullman association was successful or not after the rebonding, threw no light on the charge that the officers of the Minneapolis Trust company, two years before, stole $16,000.

The court ruled the matter out, and Mr. Jackson took an exception to the ruling.

"When did you see fit to inform the West Pullman association for the intended sale for ten cents on the dollar?"

"I think it was some time in February."

"He knew it before the sale?"

"I think so."

"Then they knew that the sale would enable the West Pullman association to take up its whole debt for $250,000 less than the mortgages they were about to put on it?"

Mr. Flannery objected on the claim that the question was a false presentation of facts, and he explained its falsity. Mr. Jackson asked the witness to explain.

"Have you a pencil in your pocket?" asked Mr. Jackson.

"No, sir, I have one in my hand."

"That's good—I like accuracy?"

"You don't appear to ."

"I mean I like you to be accurate. Now add up these figures for me."

Mr. Flannery objected to opening up a school of mathematics in court, and begged the court to go on with the trial of the case. The court thought it proper to prove the witness mistaken by his own figures if he could. The witness thought they were Mr. Jackson's figures, and his putting them down did not make him father them. The thing drifted into the usual argumentative examination, with no headway whatever being made. Mr. Jackson became angry, and informed the court that he was suspicious of the truth of the witness and thought the witness was trying to make out a case for somebody. He argued and argued with the court. He thought the witness had given out his opinion of his own accord, and he should be made to now.

"I don't think he has given any opinions except as you drew them out," said the court.

"Well," said Mr. Jackson, to the witness, "you find that too hard a problem to answer?"

"You needn't answer that question," said the court. "It's not a fair one on the ruling."

Mr. Jackson began firing questions at the witness and kept him busy correcting what he called Mr. Jackson's false statements in the questions. As Mr. Jackson stood asking the questions, Mr. Hatch and Mr. Hart were busied in jumping back and forth from the table to Mr. Jackson, suggesting questions. It was the first time it had been found necessary to pit the complete trio of attorneys against one witness.

Mr. Jackson asked the witness if he was present when the deposition of Mr. Edwards was taken, and if Edwards did not refuse to produce a letter from Mr. King to himself when asked for by the defense.

Mr. Flannery objected, and Mr. Jackson made another long argument. He accused the trust company of destroying letters, tearing pages out of letter books and then he came to the letter in question. It was a most important document, he said. If the defense could have had that, it would have let the light of day into the transactions, and Foster knew that when he advised Edwards to withhold the letter.

It was a most caustic tirade. Mr. Flannery was angry, and asked the court to prevent the attorney from arguing to the jury from such false premises. Both attorneys were at it hot and heavy, and arms were swinging, while the witness, with a suppressed laugh on his features, was trying to get in a word, addressed to the court. Finally, after a lull in the storm, the opportunity came.

"If the court please," said the witness, "I have that letter in my pocket now, if Mr. Jackson would like to see it."

The crowd laughed at the situation, and the witness handed the letter to Mr. Jackson. He looked it over, and did not offer it in evidence.

"Why did you refuse to give me any information about the bond sale?" asked Mr. Jackson.

"Because of the contemptible conduct of your man, Milnor, who came to me and tried to secure information confidentially, through a lot of lies, never telling where he was from, and not disclosing his real purpose. It was a contemptible scheme and set me against all the parties connected with the man."

Witness said he had refused to answer a subpoena in Chicago because it was plainly invalid. Other questions that were put to him he refused to answer, as he claimed they were asked for the purpose of giving the jury a wrong impression. Te explained, in answer to a question, that he had been anxious to have the bond sale come up first, and the building sale afterwards, because he was interested in the former.

L. D. Kneeland, of Chicago, vice president of the West Pullman association in 1894, testified regarding the installment which came due on the mortgage that the association had tried every means in its power to raise the money to meet it, but had utterly failed to do so. The amount necessary was $50,000, and when that could not be paid, the balance of $100,000 more became due and payable. He knew that some of the bonds which were secured by the second mortgage were in the hands of the Minneapolis Trust company, but only as a matter of hearsay. He was in Minneapolis in October or November. He had a conversation with them in relation to the West Pullman matter. He disclosed to them the exact condition of the land association. Mr. Hale had said that while he had no authority in the matter, if the representations were true, he would recommend to the receiver an offer of 75 cents. Witness had answered that the sum was too large, but that he would see what he could do on a proposition of 60 cents. He had talked with other members of the association, and they did not think favorably of it. Nothing was done in the matter after that meeting. The association had put up everything it could to raise money. After that the Trust company committee came to Chicago to look the matter over. Some time after that the witness came to Minneapolis and told the Trust company that if they would entertain an offer of 25 cents on the dollar, he would try and raise some money. They said they could not agree to it at that time, and that was all that was done about it. Mr. Hamblin had said he thought he could borrow enough money to take care of the first mortgage, and went East to try and do it. Later Hamblin reported to the witness that he had failed to raise any money, because of the fact that there were so many special assessments upon the property.

Court adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

### CAN'T TAKE BADGER IN.

**Sons of Hermann So Decide—Day's Convention Work.**

The Sons of Hermann are not wasting any time, but are fully occupied each day with a great deal of executive business.

The troubles of the Wisconsin lodges constituted the greater part of the business yesterday afternoon. It was found that the Minnesota grand lodge, being incorporated to do business in Minnesota, could not very well take the Wisconsin lodges under its jurisdiction, so they appointed a committee, composed of the following delegates: F. C. Neumeir, of Stillwater; H. Schnell, of St. Paul, and M. Lellmann, of Minneapolis, to confer with the supreme president of the national grand lodge, to see what can be done for the penitent Badger state Sons.

All minor matters were next disposed of, and then followed a long and warm debate relative to changing the constitution and by-laws relating to the assessment plan.

No special programme was arranged for last night, but the visiting delegates were warmly entertained at the homes of the local members. W. C. Oberlis, who has charge of the details of the arrangements, has done all in his power to make things pass off well. Prominent on the floor, as delegates from Brown county, are Albert Steinhauser, of New Ulm, the county attorney, and Charles Hauenstein, of the same town.

### Delivery Wagons Burglarized.

Bold burglars plied their trade successfully last Saturday night in the barn in the rear of 204 Fourth street southeast. The delivery wagons of the McKusik, Copelan, Riddle & Co. candy factory were all in the barn, all loaded with stock ready for delivery.

After breaking into the barn, the thieves unlocked the wagons and took as much of the cigars and candy as they wished, amounting in all to $225. One of the wagons was double locked, and this was entered by chopping out the panel in the rear door. The police have been notified, but as yet they have obtained no clues. An offer of a $25 reward is made by the company for the arrest and conviction of the robbers.

### Cause for His Death a Mystery.

Fred Gustafson, whose tragic death was chronicled yesterday, resided at 1210 Fourteenth avenue northeast. He was a widower, his wife having died last November. He is survived by three daughters and a son. Gustafson had been in the employ of the Bardwell-Robinson company. The family are in very poor circumstances and it is likely that the remains will be interred at the county's expense. Coroner Dennis investigated the circumstances of the death yesterday. He decided that neither post mortem nor inquest will be necessary. The coroner was fully satisfied that Gustafson had not been struck by a railroad train on the bridge, but just how the man fell onto the ice no one seems to know.

### Presbyterian Women to Entertain.

The Woman's Presbyterian Board of Missions of the Northwest will have its twenty-seventh annual meeting in Westminster church April 27 and 28. Delegates from the societies of Montana, Nebraska, Colorado, the Dakotas, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin and Michigan will be present. The days will be occupied with business sessions, but a popular meeting will be held on the evening of the 28th, at which Robert Spear, of New York, will speak. Mr. Spear has just returned from a trip around the world, visiting the Presbyterian missions. The women of Westminster will arrange either a reception or dinner for the delegates and will serve a luncheon to 550 guests each day.


**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.


### Moshik Still in Ignorance.

John Moshik was not apprised yesterday of the day set for his execution. He does not have access to the newspapers and as no one in the sheriff's office told him of the governor's action, the condemned murderer remained in blissful ignorance of the day set for his death. Last evening he seemed to be in the best of spirits, as he was singing and making merry.

### King Becomes a Copper.

John King, of recent fame in connection with an attempted hold-up in South Minneapolis, in which he was shot, has been appointed by Mayor Pratt to a position upon the police force. Mr. King was for several years an employe of the Milwaukee railroad in their shops. He had a strong petition from South Minneapolis people.


**CASTORIA.**

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.


# HIS TWO DEPUTIES

NEW MARSHAL FOR NORTH DAKOTA MAKES APPOINTMENTS.

## POPULISTS OPPOSE FUSION.

THOSE IN SOUTH DAKOTA SEEM TO WANT TO GO IT ALONE.

EPIDENMIC OF SCARLET FEVER

**Causing Great Havoc Among Russian Settlers in North Dakota.**

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, Jan. 26.—United States Marshal Haggart tonight announced the appointment of Fred W. Schindler, of Rolla, and James Ryan, of Grand Forks, as deputies for their respective districts. Schindler served as deputy under Marshal Cronan. Ryan is a brother of Chief of Police Ryan, of Grand Forks, and a representative from Grand Forks at the last state legislature.

### EPIDEMIC OF FEVER

**Causing Great Havoc Among Russian Settlers.**

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 26.—Reports from Napoleon, Logan county, give meager particulars of a terrible epidemic of scarlet fever among the Russians in Logan and McIntosh counties. These two counties are peopled largely with Russians of the poorer classes, who have migrated to this country within the past year or two, and have been busy finding homes and erecting houses. The Napoleon Homestead publishes a list of eighteen deaths from scarlet fever which have taken place in that vicinity in the past two months. and it is stated on the authority of State Senator Wishek that there have been 300 deaths in McIntosh county, which has a voting population of about 700. The deaths have all been of children of the Russian settlers, among whom an epidemic is always accompanied with great fatality, for the reason that they have no doctors, caring for and treating their own sick, and take no precaution in sanitation or cleanliness. There is no doctor nearer than fifty miles, and he is never summoned except on the warrant of the state authorities, when an epidemic becomes so violent as to enlist the attention of the state. Not long ago there was an epidemic of diptheria among the same Russian settlers, a disease differing a little from the common form of diptheria and which was stated by the Russians to be prevalent frequently in Russia, and many children died from the disease. The state health board did not learn of the disease and its fatality until many had died and then dispatched doctors to the scene. The disease was finally checked. The present epidemic appears to be worse than that one.

The settlers among whom the disease exists are ignorant and are said to be strangely apathetic to the results of the illness, believing that if fated to die, no treatment will cure a sick person, hence their neglect of the proper treatment.

### SURPRISED THE COMBINE.

**Litchfield Newspapers Fail to Get the County Printing.**

Special to the Globe.

LITCHFIELD, Minn., Jan. 26.—The county commissioners at their meeting yesterday awarded the contract for the county printing to the "County Line," a paper published at Eden Valley, at three-fourths legal rate, which was a surprise to the newspaper men of the county, as H. I. Peterson, editor of the Litchfield Independent, had put in a bid for the legal rate, he agreeing that the same should appear in the three Litchfield papers, which would give a circulation of 3,500 or more in this county. Heretofore the contract has been let at one and one-half legal rate, the same matter appearing in all of the six papers of the county. The claim is now made that the County Line is not a legal publication in that it has not a continuous publication for the time required by law, it having missed one week's issue, and that it has not the required number of bonafide paying subscribers. An injunction has been talked of by the unsuccessful editors.

### POSES NOW AS A REFORMER.

**C. F. Merry Would Make Big Companies Pay Up Back Taxes.**

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., Jan. 26.—C. F. Merry is in the city for the purpose of organizing what is known as the North Dakota tax league, the object of the same being to force railroad companies and other corporations to pay taxes. Merry is the man who was at the head of the North American Stock Investment company, organized some years ago with headquarters at Dickenson. All the state officers were induced to take stock in the company, but its record was such that a concurrent resolution was passed by the state legislature in 1895 authorizing the state examiner to investigate the affairs of the company. A large number of cattle on ranches as represented by Merry could not be found and the company was dissolved.

### ITS WORK IS CHARITY.

**Scandinavian Relief Society Holds Its Annual Meeting.**

RED WING, Minn., Jan. 26.—The nineteenth annual meeting of the Minnesota Scandinavian Relief association was held yesterday. The report of Secretary A. G. Rosing showed the following: There were in force on Jan. 1, 1897, 4,878 policies, amounting to $5,635,500. During the year there were 1,014 policies written, amounting to $815,500, and eighteen policies, amounting to $19,000, were re-enacted. There were terminated by death 48 policies, and by lapse 467 policies, amounting to $423,000. Policies were reduced in amount $7,500. On Jan. 1, 1898, there were in the association 5,395 policies, amounting to $5,974,000. The financial statement shows that the receipts were $148,806.16, and the disbursements $76,794.20, leaving a balance of $72,011.96. The mortuary claims paid during the year amounted to $67,500. Peter Nelson was re-elected president, and C. Lillethun vice president. The following were chosen directors: C. A. Smith, C. F. E. Peterson, Minneapolis; A. P. Croonquist, St. Paul; O. M. Hall, H. L. Olson, A. G Skoglund, P. J. Lundquist, C. H. Boxrud, A. Damreson, A. G. Rosing, J. Rock, Red Wing; A. J. Stadheim, Albert Lea; C. Armundson, St. Peter; C. M. Linnell, Grove City; John M. Peterson, Chicago; Rev. J. Olson, St. Augsar, Io.; John Celander, Kewanee, Ill.; Aug. Engvall, Des Moines; Iver Lee, Eau Claire; John H. Nagel, Milwaukee; P. A. Blackstad, Grafton; Dr. A. A. Kurtin, Grand Forks.

### TO GO ABROAD A BRIDE.

**Winona Normal Teacher Sends in Her Resignation.**

Special to the Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Jan. 26.—Miss Emily Harris, of the Winona normal faculty, has tendered her resignation, to take effect the close of the present month. Miss Harris resigns in order to join a party which sails on Feb. 5 for a tour of southern Europe. A very pleasant and equally well authenticated report says that Miss Harris will sail for Europe as a bride of a prominent and highly respected business man of our state.

Miss Louise Montgomery, who during 1895 and 1896 belonged to the faculty of the state normal school at Stevens Point, Wis., has been elected to fill the vacancy caused by Miss Harris' resignation.

### OBJECT TO FUSION.

**South Dakota Populists Want to Go It Alone.**

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Jan. 26.—In the last issue of the Ruralist, published by H. L. Loucks, the leader in South Dakota of the mid-road Populists, the following pledge is proposed for signature:

That we will never, under any circumstances, at any time, or for any purpose, take part in or sanction fusion with either old party—except under the name, banner and leadership of the Populist party—or a new party.

We will even agree to bolt any convention that adopts or sanctions fusion, either directly or indirectly. We will go further and agree to expel any and every man who even suggests fusion.

This is about the pledge suggested by Col. S. F. Norton, of Chicago, but Mr. Loucks has added the words "or a new party."

### Suffragists Active.

DES MOINES, Jan. 26.—The enemies of woman suffrage are likely to be given a surprise before the legislature adjourns. A very skillful campaign is being made for a constitutional amendment striking out the word "male" from the constitution. The work is in charge of not only the state officers of the suffrage movement, but the national organizers are also here. A lobby is at work, and if possible a test case, so to speak, will be made this winter as an object lesson to the women in other Western states of the central division. A poll has been made of the house and senate which, while not complete, shows something like half the members in favor of full suffrage at school elections and large number in favor of the constitutional amendment. Unless the enemies of the movement bestir themselves, school suffrage is likely to carry.

### Rochester's Board of Trade.

Special to the Globe.

ROCHESTER, Minn., Jan. 26.—The largest and most enthusiastic meeting ever held by the Rochester board of trade was held in this city last evening. Forty-three new members were added to the roll, which makes a total membership of over one hundred. The following officers were re-elected without dissension: President, A. T. Stebbins; secretary, George W. Granger; treasurer, T. H. Titus. The directors chosen were H. M. Richardson, H. E. Gerry, George J. Stevens, John J. Fulkerson, C. H. Morrill, C. N. Stewart, Henry Schuster. After the business meeting the members repaired to the Cook house, where a banquet was served, which was followed by a number of excellent toasts.

### Disbarred Lawyer Kirby.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Jan. 26.—Judge J. E. Carland, of the federal court, has filed his decision in the disbarment proceedings brought by J. D. Elliott, United States district attorney, against Joe Kirby, the attorney who is under a two years' sentence to the penitentiary for receiving stolen stamps, knowing the same to have been stolen, and with the intent to convert the same to his own use. Kirby opposed the proceedings bitterly, and made the point that as his case was now pending before the supreme court of the United States, the disbarment proceedings should not be entertained until that court rendered its decision. Judge Carland takes the view that Kirby should have appealed to the court of appeals and not to the supreme court. Carland grants the application for disbarment, and has entered an order to that effect.

### Benedict Arnold's Ink Well.

PITTSVILLE, Wis., Jan. 26.—Friend A. Phillips, of this city, has an historical relic, which the national museum at Washington is desirous of securing. It is the ink well used by Benedict Arnold, in making the plans of West Point, and in signing the agreement with Maj. Andre, whereby that fortress was to be turned over to the British. Mr. Phillips' great grandfather was a soldier of the Revolution, and was one of the detachment sent to Arnold's dwelling to secure his effects. It was then that the relic came into the possession of the Phillips family, and has since been handed down by father to son. It is a large, square piece of granite, hollowed out, and is in the rough.

### Crookston Is Excited.

Special to the Globe.

CROOKSTON, Jan. 26.—The Klondike fever has broken out here, and is fast becoming epidemic. Several parties have already gone from Crookston and six more people leave tomorrow. Messrs. W. S. Hames and C. P. Cahoon will leave for the Klondike via the Dyea route, and O. Mortenson, V. Magnussen and C. P. Booth for the Copper river country. Another party of ten from the French settlement a few miles east of the city will leave next week.

### To Stop Prairie Fires.

JAMESTOWN, N. D., Jan. 26.—The vast annual destruction of grass, hay, grain, buildings and other property by prairie fires has become so dangerous to individuals and the state that the question of how to prevent the annual ravages and arrest the progress of the fires when started has become of vital importance to North Dakotans. In Dickey county the plan has been suggested of having ample fire breaks around each township and through the center from north to south and from east to west. This would confine all fires to a limit of three miles and they could be arrested before gaining uncontrollable force.

### Haynes on Trial Again.

FARGO, N. D., Jan. 26.—The trial of Haynes for blowing the Great Northern safe at Hunter was begun this morning before Judge Lauder, of Wahpeton. Judge Pollock presided at the former trial, the decision of which was reversed by the supreme court and new trial ordered. The prisoner is alleged to have blown open the safe with the aid of two confederates, one of whom turned state's evidence. He was captured in Moorhead after a fight and requisition papers were secured to get him on this side of the river.

### Wine Jury Not Yet Agreed.

Special to the Globe.

FARGO, N. D., Jan. 26.—The jury in the case of the state against Allen J. Wine, alias Joe Miller, charged with embezzlement, is still out. The jury was sent out at 5:30 o'clock Monday evening, and it is understood that it is just as far from agreement as when it first went out. It is understood to stand nine for conviction and three for acquittal.

### More 'Phones for Litchfield.

Special to the Globe.

LITCHFIELD, Minn., Jan. 26.—Several meetings of the village council and business men have been had of late for the purpose of putting in a local system of telephones, the result being a formation of a company of Litchfield business men, who will put in a system with extensions to all the villages in the county. At present we have two main telephone systems running east and west along the Great Northern.

### Two Crops at Once.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 26.—It is claimed that along the northern line of the state some of the farmers sow both wheat and flax on the same ground and secure good crops of both at the same time. They sow two pecks of wheat and one peck of flax, and claim to have harvested 15 bushels of wheat and 12 bushels of flax per acre with such seeding. They get the grain separated at a cost of one cent a bushel, and make a profit off both crops.

### Good Grain for Stock.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 26.—The Russians of McPherson county are raising a species of grain which has the properties of both barley and rye, the seed having been brought from Russia. They have no special name for it, but claim that it will grow and yield better in dry seasons than in wet ones. It makes a splendid feed for stock.

### New Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.—Postmasters were appointed today as follows: North Dakota—Bottineau, Bottineau county, Henry C. Dana; Enderlin, Ransom county, Charles H. Potter; Glasston, Pembina county, James R. Jay; Leeds, Benson county, Frederick Johnson; Willow City, Bottineau county, Thomas E. Fox.

### His Injuries Fatal.

Special to the Globe.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Jan. 26.—Charles Rutledge, of Clear Lake, died at St. Raphael's hospital today, the result of injuries received in falling from a scaffold, on which he was shingling the roof of a barn. Two others were hurt in the accident.

### It's Not Cold in the South.

The weather this season in the South has been all that could be desired, and all who have already reached the resorts of Florida and the Gulf Coast are charmed with their locations. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company's arrangements for through service of Sleeping Cars and Coaches from Northern cities are unsurpassed this winter. Tourist tickets good to return until May 31st, are on sale by this line from all points at low rates. For full particulars write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., or Geo. B. Horner, D. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

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### WAS IT MRS. LUETGERT?

**Important New Evidence in Behalf of the Defendant.**

CHICAGO, Jan. 26.—Otto Klatt, a bookbinder, living at 991 West Chicago avenue, was the most important witness in the Luetgert murder trial today. Klatt testified that about 11 o'clock on the night of May 1 last, while driving past the Luetgert residence in Hermitage avenue, a women came out of one of the houses which he believes was Luetgert's and crossed the street in front of his rig. Klatt said he heard a gate slam, and before he could see her the woman was almost under the horse's feet.

"She reached her hand up to stop my horse," said Klatt, "and I called to her: 'Look out or I'll run over you.' She made no reply, but went on across the street."

The witness said the woman had a package under her arm, and was about his size. Klatt said he could not see the women clearly enough to identify her either personally or by photograph.

Klatt told a fairly straight story, and his testimony seemed to impress the jurymen more than that of any other witness put upon the stand, Luetgert himself not excepted.

According to the testimony of the witnesses for the defense, which closed its case with adjournment of court today, the missing wife of Adolph L. Luetgert is ubiquitious. The Kenosha witnesses saw her in the Wisconsin town from May 3 to 6 of last year. Mrs. Thompson, of Kewanee, Ill., chatted with the wife of the sausage maker at the railway station in Cedar Rapids, Io., the night of May 25. Aramdadal Updyke on the night of June 9, met her on the Looking Glass river road near Janesville, Wis., and the day following Henry Klopfer saw her near Hanson Park, a suburb of Chicago. Theodore Arndt met her in the Metropolitan elevated railway station at Marshfield avenue the afternoon of July 18, and six residents of Monmouth, Ills., saw her there Aug. 25. Tomorrow it is possible that other witnesses will be brought into to testify that Mrs. Luetgert had been seen elsewhere since the night of May 1 last.

The defense rested at adjournment, and tomorrow the state will begin its rebuttal A score of witnesses will be introduced to controvert the stories of Luetgert's friends, but the prosecution expects to finish during this week.

### DEATH TOTAL EIGHT.

**No Addition to the List of Casualties at Spokane.**

As the result of Monday night's disastrous fire in the Great Eastern block on Riverside avenue, at least eight lives were lost, and the burned remains are hidden in a mass of debris in what was the basement. The flames started in the basement, it is thought, from a boiler explosion, and when the alarm was given that part of the building was a roaring furnace. Several brave men risked their lives to climb the stairs and rouse the sleeping people. By this time men and women were appearing at the windows and imploring those below to save them. The corridors had become filled with dense smoke, and men, women and children were falling from suffocation. Several scores of half-clad people poured down the fire escapes. Trembling women, clad only in their night robes, stepped barefooted dinto the snowy streets, and, fainting, were carried to places of shelter. The firemen worked with desperate energy, and saved many lives, but their efforts were terribly handicapped by a network of wires around the flaming building. The throngs in the streets were frantic with horror, and the awful gloom was only relieved when some act of heroism or some act of bravery saved an endangered life. Then a great cheer would go up. Brave men risked their lives time and again to rescue women and children, and the thrilling scene was repeatedly witnessed of a daring man climbing down a narrow fire escape from the top story of a roaring building with a fainting woman or a screaming child in his arms.

### PARIS AN IMPREGNABLE CITY.

**Its Fortifications Have Been Considerably Improved.**

The action of the French parliament in deciding to tear down some of the fortifications near Paris and sell for ordinary uses the land now occupied by these defensive works must not be taken as an indication that, in the opinion of the French people, we are soon to enter upon an era of peace, says the Boston Herald. The fortifications the demolition of which is contempl