THE ST. PAUL GLOBE

THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1898.

Published Daily, Sundays and Weekly

NEWSPAPER ROW.
Fourth and Minnesota Streets.
St. Paul, Minnesota.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

	1 mo	6 mos	12 mos
Daily	.40c	$2.25	$4.00
Daily and Sunday	.50c	2.75	5.00
Sunday	.....	.....	1.50
Weekly	.....	.....	1.00

Entered at Postoffice at St. Paul, Minn., as Second-class Matter.

Address all communications and make all Remittances payable to THE GLOBE CO., St. Paul, Minnesota.

Anonymous communications not noticed. Rejected manuscripts will not be returned unless accompanied by postage.

BRANCH OFFICES:

New York....10 Spruce St.
Washington....Corcoran Building
Chicago...Room 609, No. 87 Washington St.

HOW TO ORDER.

☞ Orders for the delivery of THE ST. PAUL GLOBE, either residence or place of business, may be made by postal card or through telephone. Any irregularity in delivery should be IMMEDIATELY reported to the office of publication.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

☞ Subscribers ordering addresses of their papers changed must always leave their former as well as present address.

TELEPHONES:

GLOBE Publication Office....1065
Editorial Rooms....78

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THURSDAY'S WEATHER.

Fair and Warmer.

MINNESOTA—Fair and warmer; southerly winds.
NORTH DAKOTA—Fair and warmer; southerly winds.
SOUTH DAKOTA—Fair and Warmer; southerly winds.
WISCONSIN—Fair and warmer; southerly winds.
IOWA—Fair and warmer; light southerly winds.
MONTANA—Threatening weather; possibly showers in western portion; colder in northwest portion; winds becoming northwesterly.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURES.

The Northwest.

St. Paul	44	Battleford	26
Duluth	32	Prince Albert	28
Huron	44	Calgary	26
Bismarck	48	Medicine Hat	30
Williston	44	Swift Current	34
Havre	40	Minnedosa	26
Helena	52	Qu'Appelle	30
Edmonton	22	Winnipeg	38

Boston	36-42	Buffalo	28-30
Chicago	36-36	Cheyenne	40-46
Cleveland	32-32	Cincinnati	40-44
New Orleans	54-56	New York	32-38

YESTERDAY'S MEANS.

Barometer	30.44
Mean temperature	40
Relative humidity	48
Wind at 8 p. m	North
Weather	Clear
Maximum temperature	49
Minimum temperature	30
Daily range	19
Amount of precipitation (rain and melted snow) in last twenty-four hours	0

RIVER AT 8 A. M.

Station.	Danger Line.	Gauge Reading.	Change in 24 Hours.
St. Paul	14	3.9	*0.1
La Crosse	10	4.8	—0.2
Davenport	15	4.8	*0.1
St. Louis	30	18.1	—0.1

*Rise. —Fall.

Note—Brometer corrected for temperature and elevation. —P. F. Lyons, Observer.

ATLANTIC LINERS.

NEW YORK—Sailed: St. Louis, Southampton; Teutonic, Liverpool; Nordland, Antwerp.
QUEENSTOWN—Sailed: Scythia, Boston.
SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived: St. Paul, New York. Sailed: Lahn, New York.
PLYMOUTH—Arrived: Trave, New York for Bremen.
GIBRALTAR—Arrived: Fulda, New York for Naples.
MOVILLE—Arrived: Anchoria, New York.
COPENHAGEN—Arrived: Norge, New York.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

METROPOLITAN — Lecture by Burton Holmes, 8 PM.
GRAND—"Gayest Manhattan," 8 PM.
Eighth Ward Democrats, Brandl's hall, 8 PM.
Naval recruiting board, Federal building, 10 AM.
Sixth ward Democrats, State and Concord, 8 PM.
Ninth ward Prohibitionists, 106 Mt. Airy street, 8 PM.
Managing board, St. Paul School of Fine Arts, Moore block.
Assembly, council chamber, 8 PM.
Assembly caucus, council chamber, 5 PM.

—Those perfervid enthusiasts who, idealizing the mongrel race which inhabits Cuba, one section of which is fighting the other for what it calls liberty, and who would have this country rush into war in behalf of the section that is fighting, will read with some dismay the pronunciamento of the New York counsel of the junta which we present to them this morning. It will give them an inkling of the nature and disposition of the objects of their sympathies. There is an audacity purely Spanish in the assertion of Counsel Rubens that the junta has decided that the United States must recognize the independence of the nebulae which it calls the Cuban government. There is a bravado in the threat that if intervention only is adopted and our troops should be sent there to enforce it, the Cubans would inaugurate a guerilla war against them. We have had some insults from the representatives of Spain and more from some of her citizens, but none quite as rank as is this authorized expression of the purposes of the Cubans through their New York junta. It shows the sympathizers the kind of cattle they are wasting their gush upon.

—Senator Allen can be brief and interesting if he tries. He telegraphed the governor of Nebraska yesterday: "I desire through you to place my services at the disposal of the state to serve the country in such capacity as you may assign me in defense of the national honor and for Cuban liberty."

Ah, There Again, Colonel?

When that veteran campaigner of the fields political, the doughty Colonel Always Reaching Kiefer, had surrendered his congressional career to the insolent demands of an unappreciative gang, and, especially, after that remarkable, spontaneous, ebullient effort of his vast army of friends, made without his knowledge or suggestion, to put him into Castle Garden as commissioner of immigration, had failed, we feared that we had lost forever one who has contributed so much to our gaiety; had added so much to the hilarity of his fellow men and had so long and faithfully devoted his time and abilities to drawing a salary from the public treasury.

But our apprehensions were unfounded and again, for a brief engagement, the colonel reappears upon the local stage in his great comedy of The Hunt of Office for a Statesman. For a period during which no man's memory runneth to the contrary, the colonel has been the leading character in this farce, convulsing audiences with his comical rendition of his part as the Hunted Statesman. There was always a seriousness, a verisimilitude of earnest conviction that he was the Statesman, that always made the gloomiest pessimist forget his gloom and shake his sides with laughter. So habituated has the colonel become to his role that during the intervals when the play was off the stage he has worn the sedate, dignified, problem-solving, responsibility-laden demeanor of the statesman. Men turned to gaze upon him again as he paced our streets, and children hushed their laughter as he passed, his manner was so impressive, and men and children have said to each other under their breath, "that is the Statesman whom Office is perennially hunting."

The nation, the state and the city have many patriots who have been for more or less restricted periods willing to serve them for a suitable and sufficient compensation, but we venture the assertion that, for devotion, loyalty, continuity of salary getting, none of them all has a record at all comparable with that of the gallant, heroic, self-sacrificing Always Reaching Kiefer. True, there have been breaks, vacations, painful hiatuses, forced upon him by a constituency fearful lest he break down under the strain of unintermitted salary drawing; but, to his credit be it said, it was always against his stiff protest that he needed no rest; that the occupation agreed with him, and that, as some one must do it, he was willing to continue drawing a salary as long as breath lasted. His latest vacation is ended and from now until the season closes in May the colonel will contribute to the hilarity of his fellow citizens, among whom, as appreciative as any of his efforts to amuse, may always be counted The Globe.

Those Three Private Wires.

The Pioneer Press recently printed conspicuously on its front page the following, copied from one of its admiring contemporaries, the Medford (Wis.) Sentinel:

The St. Paul Pioneer Press has three private wires leading from New York to its editorial rooms in St. Paul.

So confident was The Globe that no such extraordinary wire service is rendered that it offered to submit the matter to arbitration, agreeing to forfeit certain sums of money to any charity to be named by the editor of the Sentinel, in the event of that gentleman's proving his case to the satisfaction of three wise and discreet arbitrators.

We have heard nothing from the editor of the Sentinel. In fact we have offered to give him a month in which to turn around, to take the trip East, if necessary, to examine minutely those internal arrangements of the Press building which enable three private wires to be led from New York to the Press editorial rooms.

Meanwhile, in the hope of expediting his labors, of contributing to the volume of his evidence, of doing unto him as we would have others do to us (if we were caught in a similar fix), we offer the following reward:

$100 REWARD—A reward of $100 will be paid by The Globe to whoever will name a single witness or produce a scrap of evidence tending to show that three private wires, or two private wires, or even one private wire, leads from New York to the editorial rooms of the Pioneer Press of St. Paul.

The truth is essential in this matter. Perhaps the editor of the Sentinel can persuade the editor of the Pioneer Press to allow himself to be produced as a witness. In that event it would be very easy to get at the truth without any loss of time, and the two editors might divide between them the amount of the reward. The sum of $100 will buy two very natty Easter bonnets, or two suits of homespun clothes. Here is an opportunity to be embraced.

Present Your Rain Checks.

The performance is unavoidably postponed until next Monday, at which date it will come off, unless there is another postponement. Meantime those who have paid for tickets to the show can get their money back on presentation of the tickets at the box office. And why the deferring of the opening of the mysterious drama that may be a tragedy, or a farce? Because it is suddenly discovered that ships must be sent to Cuban ports held by the Spanish to bring away the citizens of the United States residing there. Our consuls are all ordered home; Lee, the fighter and of a family of fighters, is said to be apprehensive of his own and other Americans' safety. This is said to have been the reason communicated to the senate through Senator Davis.

Either this is not the reason or the administration believes that Spain, in case of hostilities, will disregard, not only the rules of warfare that safeguard noncombatants, but the treaty made with us one hundred and three years ago. That treaty contains a provision that for one year after war shall break out between the two nations merchants of either country residing in the other shall have permission to collect and transport their merchandise, and if injury be done to them, in that term, by the subjects of either, full satisfaction shall be made by the government whose subjects inflict the injury. It is incredible that the administration is unaware of this provision that makes safe the lives and property of Americans in Cuba for one year, and the conclusion is compelled that the alleged is not the true reason for the non-arrival of the fateful message to congress.

Swinging Back Into Line.

St. Paul Democrats may well feel that things are coming our way this year. Democratic success is in the air, and, now and then, as opportunity opens, it descends upon some city and sweeps everything before it.

The latest to get back into line, after having gone wandering off among the thorny paths of Republican administration for six years, is the goodly city of Milwaukee. Two years ago Raudenbusch, Republican, was elected mayor by a plurality of over 6,000, to succeed a Republican who had gone in by a large plurality. This year Rose, Democrat, after a hot campaign, in which he was the target for all the mud that could be gathered by eager hands, is elected mayor by a plurality of over 8,000; a Republican plurality of over 6,000 turned into a Democratic plurality of over 8,000, and a majority of over 6,000, in two years.

A short time ago Indianapolis, that went for McKinley with a rush, elected Taggart, Democrat, for mayor. New York city yields her government to a reunited Democracy. Boston returns Quincy to the mayor's chair in spite of the Irwin there who bellowed the same roars which are now being dinned into our ears. When the ballots were counted, that "champion of the people" did not muster enough to form the basis of an affidavit that he was in the race at all.

The cause of these changes is variously explained, but the one sufficient one is the same that will work victory for the Democratic ticket here, disgust with the outcome of experimentation with Republican methods and ideas of municipal government. Intense dissatisfaction with the national administration, its plentitude of promise and paucity of performance, although unrelated to city government, had its influence, supplementing municipal failures and warranting the conviction that no good whatever can come out of the Nazareth of Republicanism. Let us get together and duplicate, in St. Paul in May, the victory won by Democrats in Milwaukee in April.

A New Magazine.

The Newspaper Magazine is a unique piece of journalistic enterprise. In turning over the pages of this, the first issue, it is a matter of surprise that others have not availed themselves of such a marketable idea before. The periodical is just what it calls itself—a newspaper scrap book, and the April number displays large and pleasing possibilities. It gleans the bright and the thoughtful, the scintillating wit and the solid wisdom from the great dailies and works the material into very readable form. The sources from which it will draw its matter will of necessity make it of interest to every one, or else to no one. New York city is its home.

—It looks like Schiffmann by 5,000;

—Nine Democrats in the city assembly,

—And seven out of eleven Democratic aldermen.

—Strangely, Kiefer is no sooner "in it" than he's "out of it."

—Chicago elected a "reform" council, but Johny Powers is still "in it."

—All bets are off. In a contest between Schiffmann and Kiefer, Schiffmann has a sure thing.

—St. Paul Democrats note with pleasure that the Michigan Democrat is increasing in numerousness every hour.

FORTY YEARS AGO.

Just forty years ago today a meeting was held in Red Wing, Minn., to encourage immigration into this state. The meeting was the result of considerable agitation of the subject by the press. The vast resources of the state, then undeveloped, gave the impetus to the movement.

The executive committee appointed at the original meeting consisted of:

Ignatius Donnelly, Ninninger; J. W. North, Northfield; L. D. Newall, Prescott; William Hale, Cannon Falls; G. S. Winslow, Hastings.

The original headquarters of the association was at Red Wing, but was subsequently moved to St. Paul.

Forty years ago D. L. Kingsbury, at present assistant librarian of the State Historical society, started one of the first newspapers in the state and the first in Wright county. The paper was called the Wright County Times, and for a number of years was the leading paper in that section. Mr. Kingsbury looks back with a great deal of pleasure to the time when he was everything, from printer's devil up to chief editorial writer.

Rev. J. D. Pope, the pastor of the Baptist church of this city, baptized thirteen persons at his Sibley street church, the first Baptist church in the city.

The city of St. Paul was divided into four election wards.

A new female seminary was opened by Rev. J. G. Rhieldaffer. The school was for years one of the best ladies' seminaries in the state.

The first installment of payment on the first issue of stock of the St. Paul Gas Light company became due. The stock was considered gilt-edged.

A prisoner convicted for forgery broke out of the county jail and made his way to Chicago. To secure the arrest of the prisoner it was necessary for Sheriff Brackett to go to Washington before he could secure extradition papers. In those territorial days documents of that nature were all issued at the nation's capital.

A German immigration society was organized, with the following officers:

President—C. H. Schurmeier.
Secretary—F. Wipperman.
Corresponding Secretary—F. Willius.

This was another organization which did much towards peopling the state. Correspondence was carried on with agents in Germany. Some of the best German citizens of the state were secured through the agency of the association.

The Illinois Central, Galena & Chicago Union Railway company opened offices in St. Paul, with Capt. George at the head of the local staff. The old-timers all entertain many happy recollections of Capt. George, whose hospitality made him one of the most popular men in the most progressive city of the West, St. Paul.

The grading of St. Peter street was commenced, and it was prophesied that it would become one of the best resident streets in the city. The street was then graded to Summit avenue.

Cuban Relief Fund.

Joseph McKibbin, treasurer, 379 Sibley street, Cuban relief fund, acknowledges receipt of the following subscriptions:

E. V. N. Abbott	$5 00
Trinity M. E. church, Merriam Park Presbyterian church, Olivet Congregational church	19 01
	$24 01
Previously acknowledged	266 80
Total	$250 81

LOOK BACK ON A GOOD YEAR

HOUSE OF HOPE CHURCH ANNUAL MEETING

Reports of the Various Departments of the Institution Show It to Be in a Prosperous Condition, Morally and Financially—No Debt and a Balance in the Treasurer's Hands of Over $5,000.

The congregation of the House of Hope Presbyterian church held its forty-third annual meeting last night in the church parlors and reviewed the work of the various departments of the church organization for the past year.

Alexander Ramsey presided and Israel B. B. Sprague and H. Knox Taylor acted as clerks.

The reports made by the session, the board of trustees and the various auxiliary branches of the church showed the church work to be in a most prosperous condition, not only from a financial standpoint, but from the excellent work accomplished through the various arms of the church during the year.

Besides contributing $23,104, its members have raised $7,500 within two weeks to build a new mission building on Bradley street in which to carry on the Hope chapel work, which has long been one of the most worthy departments of the church work.

It is expected that work on the new building will begin in a few weeks.

The session reported that its work had been marked this year by an era of success which had greatly encouraged the members. Although it had felt the stringency of the times, it was by dint of self-sacrifice that it had maintained the benevolent work of the church and met all current expenses without becoming incumbered with a church debt. The session, in looking back over the year, had been impressed by the material increase in numbers and devotion of its members. In starting the year anew, it looked forward to even more blessed distribution of the blessings of God than had marked the preceding years of the church.

The following financial statement was submitted by the board of trustees of the church:

Balance on hand March 31	$16 94
Dr.	
Foreign missions	$1,065 00
Home missions	305 00
Ministerial relief	250 00
Church erection	50 00
Education	150 00
Publication Sunday school work.	75 00
Freedman	175 00
College aid	159 00
	$2,229 00
Our missionary	325 00
Home Sunday School	350 00
Deacons' fund	550 00
Assistant pastor	1,200 00
Hope chapel	800 00
Presbyterian Alliance	104 66
Sessional fund	444 09
Our Church Visitor	480 00
General assembly	101 00
Synod entertainments	60 24
	$4,415 09
Pew rentals	8,292 95
Incidental collections	296 89
Special (deficiency fund)	801 35
Borrowed	1,475 00
Amount collected for benevolent work by auxiliary societies, which did not pass through the treasurer's hands	5,576 78
Total	$23,104 00
Cr.	
Collections remitted	$6,444 09
Pastor's salary	$5,000 00
Music	2,074 88
Sexton	550 00
Collection pew rent	325 00
Gas and electric light	340 03
Fuel	445 65
Insurance	437 75
Printing and advertising	135 80
Furniture	22 40
Water tax and sprinkling	39 71
Sundries	127 75
Current repairs	168 66
Interest	43 65
	$9,741 28
Special—	
Electric lighting	$163 00
Paid note	975 00
Cash on hand	3 85
Amount devoted to benevolent work by auxiliary societies, which did not pass through the treasurer's hands	5,576 78
Total	$23,104 00

After the above report had been read by H. Knox Taylor the election of three trustees to fill the places of Frederick Driscoll, Rufus C. Jefferson and R. A. Kirk was held. All three gentlemen were unanimously elected to succeed themselves for a term of three years.

S. H. Dyer, superintendent of the Home Sunday school, read an interesting report of the progress made in the three departments of the Sunday school. The increase in membership had not been marked, but the school had never been in better condition.

Mrs. Flora L. Williams, the Hope chapel visitor, made her report, giving an interesting account of her visits among the members of Hope chapel parish. The young women of the church had been organized as a band of King's Daughters, under the efficient leadership of Miss Katrine Wheelock. Mrs. Williams said her visits in many cases had been especially opportune, as there had been much sickness in the Bradley street district, and she was able, through the assistance given by the church, to lend a helping hand to those in distress.

C. E. D. Olmsted gave the report of the board of deacons. The principal functions of the board was to aid the poor of the church. The work necessarily was done in a quiet way, but it was nevertheless efficient. In several cases they had made the last days of some of its aged members easy by substantial assistance.

J. H. Neal, president of the Christian Endeavor society, made his annual report. The society was sixty-five strong and contributed $161 last year, devoted to benevolent purposes.

Rev. C. W. Scovel made a statement as to the work at Hope chapel. The Sunday school averaged between 300 and 400, and both primary and intermediate departments were crowded for room.

Gen. E. C. Mason said the committee had raised $7,617 to date, to be used towards erecting a mission building on Bradley street, and hoped that the congregation would respond promptly to the appeal for funds. The $7,617 has been derived as follows: Two men gave $1,000 apiece, six men $500, two men $300, one man $150, six men $100, and twenty-two men gave $25. The remainder was received in amounts ranging from $20 to $1.

Rev. J. P. Egbert, the pastor, made a few supplementary remarks, urging a prompt response on the part of the congregation for funds.

Reports were also made by Mrs. E. C. Mann, for the Women's Home Missionary society, and by Mrs. J. R. Jewett, for the Women's Foreign Missionary society.

BOUND FOR THE WEST.

Trainload of Negro Settlers Will Locate New Homes.

The first colony of colored immigrants from the South to pass through this city bound for the West, left for Fergus Falls, Minn., yesterday over the Great Northern. There were fifty-seven of the negro settlers, and they hail from Greene county, Kentucky.

Max Bass and S. J. Ellison, of the Great Northern immigrant department, arrived in the city yesterday with a large party of Dunkards en route for North Dakota. The settlers numbered 350 and were from Indiana, Ohio and Iowa. They came in over the Wisconsin Central and left via the Great Northern.

General Immigration Agent C. W. Mott, of the Northern Pacific railway, sent a party of 300 settlers West yesterday, hailing from Wisconsin and West Virginia. The contingent arrived here over the Chicago Great Western. Some are en route for Eastern Washington, while the remainder will make North Dakota their future home.

IN WOMAN'S REALM.

The fourth biennial meeting of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, which embrace a membership of 250,000, to be held in Denver in June, promises to be a notable gathering. Hundreds of women from every state will go in special trains, stopping en route at Omaha for a side convocation of two days. The programme for the convention includes a large list of well-known speakers, who will present the work of the clubs under the four heads of education, the home, social economics, literature and art. As a preliminary, there will be held Tuesday morning, June 21, a conference of the council, which includes the presidents of state federations, the presidents of clubs, and the chairmen of state correspondence. In the afternoon these officers will present a programme, including the topics, "Relation of the General and State Federations," "Coordination of Educational Forces" and "The Income of General and State Federations."

Wednesday morning the formal opening will take place, with the president, Mrs. Ellen M. Henrotin, of Chicago, in the chair. There will be addresses of welcome by the governor of Colorado, the mayor of Denver, Mrs. E. M. Ashley, president of the Colorado Federation of Women's Clubs, and Mrs. Sarah Clapp, president of the Denver Woman's club. In the afternoon there will be two meetings. One on "Phases of Economic Work in Clubs" will be presided over by Mrs. Lyndon Evans, of Chicago; the other, on "The Home Department," will be under the direction of Dr. Mary E. Green, of Charlotte, Mich. In the evening an education programme, under Miss Annie Laws, will have as speakers Mrs. Mary E. Mumford, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Harriet Hickox Heller, of Omaha, and Mrs. A. Corey of Utah.

Thursday morning "Civic Clubs and Village Improvement Associations" is the subject to be presented by Mrs. Cornelius Stevenson, the Egyptologist and president of the Civic Club of Philadelphia. In the afternoon the programme on

"The Press"

will be in charge of Mrs. Henrotin. Among the speakers will be Helen Winslow, of Boston; Bertha Damaris Knobe, of Chicago, and Pauline Swalm, of Oskaloosa, Io. At the same time "The Literary Movement in the United States" will be presented under the direction of Mrs. Thayer, of Iowa. In the evening "Uncut Leaves" is the title of the programme under the direction of Mrs. C. P. Barnes, of Louisville, at which time Agnes Repplier, Mary Hallock Foote, Margaret J. Evans and others will read from unpublished works.

Friday morning an educational conference will be presided over by Miss Margaret J. Evans, president of the Minnesota federation. In the afternoon, with Miss Clare De Graffenried, of the national bureau of labor, in the chair, "The Industrial Problem As It Applies to Women and Children" will be discussed. Among the speakers are Mrs. A. L. Stevens, of Chicago, and Mary Kenney O'Sullivan, of Boston. At the same hour an art conference under Mrs. Herman Hall, of Chicago, will include a lecture on "How to Judge a Picture," by Ralph Clarkson, of Chicago. In the evening Mrs. Alice Ives Breed, of Boston, will preside over a series of papers on "Art and Utility."

Saturday morning and afternoon will be devoted to an excursion with the novelty of a lunch at a mining camp. In the evening, with Mrs. Philip Moore, of St. Louis, in the chair, "Folk Songs of America" will be illustrated by Miss Muldoon, of Louisville, and Miss Villa Whitney White, of Chicago. Sunday morning the pulpits of the city churches will be occupied by such women as Mrs. Cornelius Stevenson, of Philadelphia; the Rev. Caroline Bartlett Crane, of Kalamazoo, Mich.; the Rev. Celia Parker Woolley, Mrs. Henry Soloman and Miss Jane Adams, of Chicago. In the afternoon there will be a meeting of the

Children of Denver

at which there will be addresses by well-known women. This will be followed by a vesper service on "The Study of the Bible in Women's Clubs." In the evening Mrs. Edward Longstreth will preside, and addresses will be given on "The Spiritual Significance of Organization and National Songs," by Mrs. Belle Stoutenberg, of Plattsmouth, Nebraska; Miss Jane Adams, of Chicago, and the Rev. Caroline Bartlett Crane, of Kalamazoo, Mich.

Monday morning will occur the business session, including the reports of committees and the election of officers. In the afternoon there will be two sessions—an informal conference on "Club Methods," presided over by Mrs. Cyrus E. Perkins, of Grand Rapids, Mich., and a conference on "Literary Clubs," under the supervision of Mrs. May Alden Ward, of Boston. In the evening the convention will conclude with the address of the retiring president, Mrs. Henrotin. Aside from these literary sessions and conferences on the practical phases of club life, numerous social functions have been planned by the hostess of the federation, the Denver women, as well as sight-seeing trips. Among the latter is a thousand-mile trip to the most interesting points in Colorado. Special railroad rates have been conceded for this outing, as well as to and from Denver.

Interest in the election of president is great, as Mrs. Henrotin will retire. Although the contrary has been asserted, neither Mrs. Sarah Platt nor Mrs. E. M. Ashley, of Denver, has declared herself a candidate for the office, though so urged by Western women; and Mrs. Philip Moore, of St. Louis, is said not to have sanctioned the use of her name.

A number of St. Paul women are making plans to attend the Denver Federation convention, and it is not improbable that before the first of June the number of representatives from this city will be doubled. Mrs. Denis Follett, vice president of the Fourth district of Minnesota, will be among those who attend, as well as Miss Evans, the president of the State Federation, and a large number of women from the smaller cities in Minnesota. The Denver clubs are sparing no pains to make their visitors comfortable and to render the conference a complete success.

KIEFER LANDS IT.

Continued from Third Page.

the avidity with which the delegates bit at the very palpable "pipe story" in the form of a special telegram faked at the press table.

Harry Sundberg is a strong-armed young man, else he had broken diminutive Billy Johnson's neck when he proceeded to hoist him on his shoulders when the Keifer victory was announced. The rest of the First didn't want to join in a demonstration that might cause a stampede for Johnson for treasurer.

As evidencing the spirit of the Donahower contingent, Secretary Selb wanted it clearly understood that he was not in the deal when Horace Bigelow changed the vote of the Fifth ward to Kiefer. Selb went in as a Danahower man, and is still that way.

The watchword was "No Irish Need Apply."

"It is fool politics," was the comment frequently heard when the Donahower people took Mahier up for a stalking horse. It was the only break made in a cleverly conducted campaign, and the error was fatal.

"Now we'll get even with him for 1892," was the comment made by dozens of the younger element within twenty minutes after the Fifth ward made the decisive change.

Col. A. R. Kiefer last night received from Fred Johnson, Washington correspondent of the St. Paul Dispatch, the "Accept my congratulations on your nomination for mayor of St. Paul. You will carry the city Dayton's bluff to Burlington heights by 4,000 majority." Fred meant all right, perhaps, and perhaps he was "joshing" the man whom he served as private secretary in Washington four years. "From Dayton's bluff to Burlington heights" contain in all about 1,000 votes.

Sodini, of Olympic theater fame, began talking Kiefer before the nomination was cold. He offered to bet $1,000 to $500 that they would elect Kiefer. He ran into a Democrat who at once accommodated him.

Ald. Kaldunski, the avowed enemy of wheelmen, secured a renomination under a protest. A long petition from Eighth warders was handed to the chairman of the Eighth ward delegation protesting against Kandunski's renomination. It came after the delegation had caucused, and the chairman was at a loss what to do. However, he concluded to report Kaldunski's name as the ward's choice for alderman, and he got the place.

Assemblyman M. J. Daly looked on, and, as the proceedings progressed, hugged himself to think he had declared himself out of it weeks ago. He thought he could see his finish if he had come up for renomination either as a representative of labor or an Irish-American.

"It's the weakest ticket the Republicans ever nominated in St. Paul," remarked a Republican official after it was all over.

Assemblyman Dix, of the Sixth ward, is another man who got his nomination by a scratch. Clinton Colledge had been the caucus nominee. But when it was found that some of Coledge's supporters were absent the Dix people asked for a poll of the delegates of the ward. Colledge made a manly plea for fair play, and told the convention some kind of a deal had been put up to take his nomination away from him. The convention paid no attention to the appeal, but ordered a poll of the Sixth ward. There were four Colledge men absent, and Dix secured the nomination by a vote of 13 to 10. Another political robbery.

A prominent city official said last night before the evening session convened that the nomination of Kiefer meant a loss of the Second ward by 1,000 votes.

It was said during the evening session that had W. R. Johnson been a German that Horst would not have beaten him.

Senator Pottgieser saved the Kiefer forces by sticking closely all day to the First ward. It was the congenial spirit of "Senator Nick" that made the delegates from the first vote as they did.

Messrs. Drake, Fitzer, and Sunberg, of the committee of arrangements, and Market Master Duffy were complimented for the excellent arrangement of the hall for the convention which was perfect.

Chairman E. E. McDonald earned the vote of thanks tendered him at the close of the convention. He was fair; capable and cool and made a good presiding officer.

Delegate Bramhall yielded the floor when it was announced, as he arose to nominate C. F. Mahler, that nominations had been closed, but did not see the trap when "Billy" Johnson magnanimously insisted that the gentleman from the Seventh ward be given an opportunity to speak. Mr. Bramhall accepted the courtesy, which Mr. Johnson finally enforced from the convention, and the Donahower champions now know why the Eighth ward politician was so heartily in favor of "fair play."

WHO THE CANDIDATES ARE.

Charles L. Horst, the candidate for a second term as city treasurer, has lived in St. Paul since he was 10 years of age, coming to the Northwest from Pittsburg, Pa., with his parents, in 1863. Mr. Horst is 45 years of age. He received his education in the local public schools. When 18 years of age Mr. Horst entered the hardware business and has since followed this phase of commercial life.

In 1894 Mr. Horst was a candidate for city treasurer and was declared elected, holding the office for two months only, however, when he was deposed by a decision of the district court installing the Democratic nominee. Two years ago Mr. Horst again received the Republican nomination for city treasurer and was elected. Mr. Horst is a resident of the Fourth ward, and a member of the A. O. U. W., and the Odd Fellows.

C. J. Nelson, the candidate on the assembly ticket for the district east of Wabasha street, is 30 years of age and a resident of the First ward. Mr. Nelson was born in St. Paul, having spent his life in this city, and has a family. He is manager of the Minnesota Steam Laundry company.

Armand Albrecht, nominated from the Third ward for assembly, is at present representing his ward in that body.

The choice of an assembly candidate from the Ninth ward fell upon C. S. Benson, an attorney, who has never held any local office. Mr. Benson is a Minnesotan, having been born in Anoka, in 1868. He is a son of Jared Benson, of Anoka county, who has served in the legislature from his district. Mr. Benson located in St. Paul six years ago, since when he has been associated in the practice of law with H. W. Phillips. He has been a member of the Republican county committee for the last two years. Mr. Benson is a single man and lives at 75 Acker street.

H. R. Denny, candidate on the assembly ticket from the district west of Wabasha street, is a resident of the Fifth ward, who has lived in St. Paul for twelve years. Mr. Denny is 59 years of age, and has a family. Before coming to St. Paul Mr. Denny lived at Carver, Minn. He served five terms in the state legislature as a representative from Carver county, and was United States marshal for the district of Minnesota from 1882 to 1886. Mr. Denny has also served two terms as secretary of the state agricultural society. He resides at 319 Pleasant avenue.

In the selection of F. G. Warner as a candidate on the assembly ticket, from the Eighth ward, a native of Minnesota, was named, who has lived in St. Paul for the last eighteen years. Mr. Warner was born in Dodge county thirty-three years ago. He came to St. Paul a young man and has since been engaged in the insurance business, being at present a member of the firm of Warner & Warner, fire insurance agents, in the German-American Bank building. Mr. Warner has never held a public office. He is married and lives at 495 Western avenue north.

George F. Dix, the assembly candidate from the Sixth ward, is serving in the assembly at present, having been chosen to fill the vacancy caused by resignation.

Robert C. Hine, nominated as a candidate for municipal judge, came to St. Paul from Connecticut twelve years ago, and has since practiced law in this city. He is thirty-six years of age. This is Mr. Hine's initial candidacy for a local office. He is a member of the Ramsey County Bar association and also first vice president of the Commercial club. Mr. Hine is a resident of the Seventh ward.

SECOND WARD DEMOCRATS.

Young Men's Schiffmann Club Indorses Candidates.

The Young Men's Schiffmann club, of the Second ward, held a good meeting last night at headquarters, corner of Third and Forest streets.

Enoch Johnson, candidate for the assembly; J. Magill Smith, candidate for alderman, and E. N. Hart, all of the Second ward, addressed the meeting.

The club held an executive session after the public meeting and formally endorsed Mr. Smith for alderman, Patrick Jelly Jr. for the assembly, and Martin Flaherty for the office of constable.

Municipal League Meeting.

The municipal league committee of fifty-five, in union with the central committee, will meet this afternoon at 5 o'clock at the chamber of commerce. A full delegation from each ward is urged to be present.

The mass meeting of the league called for on the petitions for April 7, has been postponed until next week. Further notice will be given as to date.

Fourth Ward Schiffmann Club.

A meeting of the voters of the Fouth ward will be held this evening at A. O. U. W. Temple, 448 Wabasha street, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing the Fourth Ward Schiffmann club. All persons in sympathy with this object are cordially invited to be present.

Eighth Ward Democrats.

The Banner Democratic Club of the Eighth ward, will hold a ratification meeting tonight at Brandell's hall, University and Western, this evening. There will be a number of good speakers in attendance.

TRAINING FOR SPAIN.

St. Paul Camp, Sons of Veterans, Has the First Out-Door Drill of the Season.

"We are tired of being sons of veterans; we want to be veterans ourselves," said a member of Camp No. 1 to a reporter for The Globe last evening. "If there is a scrap with Spain, we want to be in it. We can fight as well as our dads did."

The camp had its first spring out-door drill last evening on Sixth street. During the winter the members drilled in their rooms in Central hall, but last night they had a good chance to stretch their legs. They marched and counter marched up and down Sixth street until some of the residents thought the Spanish invaders had arrived in St. Paul. There was great relief when they discovered the identity of the martial host. For nearly two hours the men drilled, and then they returned to their quarters and dispersed.

The recruiting office which the camp has opened did a flourishing business yesterday. Recruiting Officers Drake and Crago were much gratified with their day's labors. They added the following names to their list:

L. E. Randall,	R. J. Wylie,
B. B. Klammer,	John Slearey,
Edward P. Qavacat,	A. L. Bowker,
Frank Knowles,	E. Wynacht,
F. C. Bowker,	J. C. Gelhage,
M M. Cummings,	Alfred Temen,
James B. Merwin,	J. H. Kirch.

Kirch and the two Bowkers are members of the camp.

Allowed a Big Estimate.

At the monthly meeting of the capitol commission Tuesday, the Butler-Ryan company was allowed an estimate of $20,000 on work already done. A large force of men are at work on the building, and work is being pushed with an energy that gives a bustling appearance about the grounds at the head of Wabasha street.

EPISTLES TO ST. PAUL.

HOBBIES THEY RIDE.

III.

George R. Finch was born in the Buckeye state, as every one knows, the real mother of presidents, and as a result Mr. Finch has been a president a number of times, the domains over which he has ruled, including the State Agricultural society, the Jobbers' union and a Carnival association. In all of these Mr. Finch was interested, but if he were to ride his hobby in the open light of day he would not be mounted upon an ice palace, a commercial organization or a bolt of sheeting, but upon a prize pumpkin or the largest potato grown in the state. Mr. Finch was president of the state fair that attracted President Hayes and his cabinet here.

Clarence Robb went into Harry Sinks' office at the health department the other day, called Sinks mysteriously to one side and said:

"Say, Sinks, you deal in bugs and things here. Now I want to get hold of the biggest and most villainous-looking bug there is known in bugology. I need it for a pur