THE ST. PAUL GLOBE

SATURDAY, JULY 2, 1898.

We Aim to Be Accurate.

The Globe Prints the Associated Press News.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

	1 mo	6 mos	12 mos
Daily	.40c	$2.25	$4.00
Daily and Sunday	.50c	2.75	5.00
Sunday	.....	.....	1.50
Weekly	.....	.....	1.00

Entered at Postoffice at St. Paul, Minn., as Second-Class Matter.

Address all communications and make all Remittances payable to THE GLOBE CO., St. Paul, Minnesota.

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BRANCH OFFICES:

New York .....10 Spruce St.
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The Democratic State Ticket.

Governor.....JOHN LIND, Brown county
Lieut. Gov.....J. M. BOWLER, Renville
Sec. State .....J. J. HEINRICH, Hennepin
Treasurer.....ALEX. M'KINNON, Polk
Auditor.....GEORGE N. LAMPHERE, Clay
Attorney General..JOHN F. KELLY, Ramsey
Clerk Supreme Court.Z. H. AUSTIN, St. Louis
Judges Supreme Court.....|THOMAS CANTY, Hennepin |DANIEL BUCK, Blue Earth |WM. MITCHELL, Winona

SATURDAY'S WEATHER.

Showers; Cooler.

By the United States Weather Bureau.

MINNESOTA—Showers and thunder storms; cooler, southerly winds, becoming northerly.

NORTH DAKOTA—Fair, except showers in eastern portion; northerly winds.

SOUTH DAKOTA—Showers and thunder storms; cooler; northerly winds.

MONTANA—Fair; northerly winds.

WISCONSIN—Showers and thunder storms; cooler in southern portion; light southerly winds.

IOWA—Showers and thunder storms; cooler; southerly winds, becoming northerly.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURES.

The Northwest.

St. Paul	86	Prince Albert	70
Duluth	52	Calgary	78
Huron	70	Medicine Hat	70
Bismarck	58	Swift Current	64
Havre	52	Qu'Appelle	58
Helena	54	Minnedosa	51
Edmonton	50	Winnipeg	60
Battleford	78		

YESTERDAY'S MEANS.

Barometer	29.58
Mean temperature	75
Relative humidity	78
Wind at 8 p. m.	Southeast
Weather	Partly cloudy
Maximum temperature	88
Minimum temperature	62
Daily range	26
Amount of precipitation in last twenty-four hours	1.24

RIVER AT 8 A. M.

Station.	Danger Line.	Gauge Reading.	Change in 24 Hours.
St. Paul	14	4.8	*0.1
La Crosse	10	5.9	—0.2
Davenport	15	6.7	—0.3
St. Louis	30	23.2	*0.6

*Rise. —Fall.

The river will rapidly rise at St. Paul and Red Wing from now to Monday, 4th inst.

Note—Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation. —P. F. Lyons, Observer.

ATLANTIC LINERS.

NEW YORK—Arrived: Britannic, Liverpool.
NAPLES—Arrived: Fulda, from New York, for Genoa.
ANTWERP—Arrived: Switzerland, Philadelphia.
LIVERPOOL—Arrived: Germanic, New York; Cymric, New York. Sailed: Tauric, New York.
SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived: Friesland, New York.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

GRAND—"Capt. Swift," 2:30 and 8:15 PM.
METROPOLITAN—Dark.
Base ball, St. Paul vs. Omaha, Lexington park, 3:30 PM.
Cricket match, Kittsondale, 2:30 PM.
Yacht races, White Bear lake, 2:45 PM.
Spangled Banner club outing, steamer Flora Clark, 2:30 PM.
Laurel Cycle club's road race, Lake Como, 3:30 PM.
Annual meeting Minnesota Association of the Deaf, capitol.
Royal neighbors' steamboat excursion leaves Jackson street at 8 PM.
Golf tourney, Town and Country club.

When in doubt stamp it.

Friday appears to be Spain's unlucky day.

You don't know what to do with your pennies? Buy internal revenue stamps with them.

Let Spain go on buying all the ships she can get. They will all be in our navy sooner or later.

Up to date the conspicuous candidates for president in 1900 are Admiral Dewey and Gen. Shafter.

As we understand it the Spaniards won their great victory at Santiago the day before the fight came off.

There is quite a disposition to believe that this government will live. The proposals for the war loan of $200,000,000 aggregate $790,000,000.

The St. Paul team has such poor luck at Lexington park that it is suggested that the grounds must be about thirteen miles from somewhere.

Chicago has become infected with the disposition to tell fables. It reported butter steady yesterday in spite of the fact that the temperature hung around the hundred mark.

The Grant family at least shows no signs of discontinuing the preparation for war. Ulysses S. Grant III. has just been appointed a cadet to the West Point military academy.

There is said to be a coldness between Blanco and Cervera. There was a "hotness" between Shafter and Cervera yesterday as a sort of compensation.

The Spaniards are likely to charge us with fighting them unfairly. The Americans sent a balloon up over Santiago Thursday night, and got a general view of the fortifications and the location of the enemy's troops.

The Proof of the Pudding.

The Republican convention pointed with pride on Thursday to the "wise revenue legislation" of its party in congress, and tossed the old lady several bunches of flowers in appreciation of her administrative ability. Yesterday the business of the country was in a turmoil because one branch of this "wise revenue legislation" went into operation. Could the crowds that thronged the internal revenue office in search for the stamps to affix to their documents in order to render transactions legal and avoid the penalty imposed—getting from the deputies refusals because that office had received but a fraction of the stamps requisitioned—could these crowds have been polled on the subject of that lauded wisdom, we apprehend that the poll would not have shown a confirmation of the platform.

Not one-one hundredth part of the stamps called for to transact business in conformity with the law was available on the day the law went into effect. It surely shows a capacity for blundering that warrants the application to it of the criticism of the Democratic administration in the Republican platform. To enact a law requiring the application of adhesive stamps to so many articles, to lay heavy penalties on those failing to affix the stamps, to fix definitely the day when the law should take effect and not to provide against that day an adequate supply of stamps is a piece of legislative and administrative boggling that has never been equaled by any party charged with administering public affairs. Coming as it did so quickly on the heels of the profuse laudations of that party by itself, it makes a more forcible comment than words can be phrased to make.

The Case of the Mechanic Arts.

Mr. Corning made it clear, at the meeting in the Commercial club rooms last night, that there is more involved than the Mechanic Arts school, and that the proposition for consolidation is but a part of a plan to increase the seating capacity of some of the graded schools. It will release the Maxfield school of the space now used by the training school and relieve the overcrowded schools in that section, while, by bringing the training school into the city's center, the assignment of cadets to substitute work will be facilitated. It is, he said, a condition, not a theory, that confronted the board, a problem of doing as much as possible with the restricted means. The board seems to accept the condition as invincible when it is merely a matter of increasing the school revenue by increasing the valuation of personal property, if realty is insufficiently high. But that is another matter.

Mr. Bernard Zimmermann explained that, in furtherance of the general arrangements, it was proposed to consolidate the academic work of the Mechanic Arts school with the Central high school and open in the Hallowell building a school devoted solely to manual instruction. Ninety-five per cent of the children of the grades never get to the high school, and less than twenty-five of those who do get there stay to graduate. The object was to get manual instruction accessible to the greatest number, he said; to the boy whose father ate garlic and bread crusts, borrowing a comparison made by another speaker. Were Mr. Zimmermann in politics—a supposition not to be entertained of any member of the board of education—we should suspect that he was playing to the galleries in this statement of intention. For manual instruction can only be brought to the boy of the man who eats garlic, or to the 95 per cent who do not reach the high school, by carrying that instruction down into each grade school in the city. We do not understand that it is the purpose of the board to do that, or to make manual training a compulsory course in the Central high school, but assume that it will be an optional course. If that is to be the situation, the proposed consolidation will have no effect in extending the instruction, because now only those who wish it go to the Mechanic Arts, and only the same would go to the Hallowell building.

Aside from the gain in space in other schools, the consolidation could hardly effect the economy expected. Four teachers will be dispensed with, saving $3,500 in salaries. It will cost, aside from the rent of the Hallowell building, a sum estimated at $5,000 to make the transfer, install the Mechanic Arts mechanical plant there, and put the building in condition for occupancy as a school. As no other gain is made than the salaries saved, and as the cost of moving will largely exceed that, the economy of the movement is not perceivable. Had consolidation never been tried, there is a plausibility in the proposition that makes it look feasible; but, as Prof. Weitbrecht showed, the two schools had made the experiment of consolidation, and the board, after four years' trial, separated them. The plan was not feasible in practice. That it will not be if tried again is the opinion of those best qualified to judge. We believe that the board, if it will, can arrange to obviate the need of it, and nothing it may do will meet with a wider popular approval than that.

Epistles to St. Paul.

A bit of a girl, she might have been five years of age, sweet as golden hair, big blue eyes and a laughing mouth could make her, was almost hugged to death at the depot just after the recruits left Tuesday evening. The little one didn't mind the hugging and accepted all the tenders of candies and pennies that were made her, but she cried as though her heart would break, and a big fellow leaned his head against the cushion of a seat in the car in which the recruits had been placed and cried in that heart-breaking way that a man does cry when the tears come to him. He was "Papa," and the little one had come to appreciate the fact that he was off to the war.

She had met him, she and her mother and a boy a couple of years older than the girl, at the armory. The wife bade her husband good-bye at the armory. She was so overcome that she lost sight of the little girl as the men moved off. The little one had run after her father. He was on the end of his file and the child ran alongside of him and caught his hand. He glanced down, but he did not stop or lose his step. The little thing had to run, almost, to keep up, and she was quite breathless with the running and the attempts at talking that she made, but she never let go his hand until they arrived at the depot. The recruit was distressed about the little one leaving her mother, but there were plenty of people to volunteer their services in seeing her home. When the parting time came the big fellow broke down. He kissed the child and turned her over into the outstretched arms of the half dozen women who wanted to get their arms about her. Two or three of the women who had just said farewells that tore their heart strings solaced themselves by caressing the child, and when her mother arrived at the depot the baby girl was holding a court of her own with a lot of adoring women around her.

They had engaged in a discussion that was animated during the evening, and she got rather the worst of the encounter. He is a St. Paul lawyer, and he tells the story himself, so it must be true. He says that his wife has brought off good things in the way of roasting, but this finished him, and he will never have a contention again. They had not finished the row altogether when he fell asleep. About 4 o'clock in the morning she punched him until he woke up.

"Oh, Al," she said, "I had the most horrible dream."

"What was it?" he asked, in a mollifying tone.

"I dreamed that you were dead and I was a widow," she said.

"Oh, well," he said, "that's all right; you must remember that dreams don't come true," he added, by way of offering consolation.

"Oh, but that isn't the horrible part of it," she said. "I dreamed that you were dead and I was a widow, but I thought you came to and I married you again."

There is a business man on Central avenue whose name is E. E. Haw. The name of the register of deeds of Sibley county is Bray. Some day a mutual friend is going to try to introduce those two, and then there will be trouble.

DEATH CAME UNWARNED

W. O. ERICKSON DIED SUDDENLY AT HIS HOME

He Was Prominent in Building Circles Here for Eighteen Years and Had Been in Apparently Good Health Until a Few Minutes Before Death—Was Badly Hurt in an Accident Two Years Ago.

William O. Erickson, a prominent contractor of this city for the last eighteen years, died very suddenly last evening at his home, 202 East Thirteenth street.

Mr. Erickson returned from Merriam Park about 7:30 in company with Rev. Thomas Nelson, of the Norwegian Evangelical Lutheran church, at Thirteenth and Canada streets. Mr. Erickson ate a hearty supper, and was in the best of spirits, but soon after complained of a feeling of suffocation. Death ensued in a few minutes.

Coroner Nelson was summoned, and decided that death was due to heart failure. There will be no inquest.

It is thought Mr. Erickson's death might have been hastened by an injury sustained in an accident two years ago, when two ribs were broken.

The deceased was born in Norway sixty-five years ago, and has resided here eighteen years. The surviving family consists of five daughters married and one unmarried, Agnes C.

One of the daghters is the wife of Prof. Julius Olson, of the University of Wisconsin, and another is the wife of C. O. Stromme, an editor at Madison, Wis. J. J. Lomen, assistant secretary of state of Minnesota, is also a son-in-law.

WILLIAM HEDRICK—The funeral of William Hedrick took place yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. Mr. Hedrick was well known among the meat dealers of this city, both wholesale and retail, having entered the employ of the Armour Packing company shortly after the establishment of their branch house in St. Paul, nearly fifteen years ago. Mr. Hedrick was born near Portage, Wis., was 37 years old at the time of his death, and leaves a widow and two children. He was married six years ago to Miss Nellie Bagley, of St. Paul. The funeral, which was attended by the numerous members of the family, including the aged mother of the deceased, who came from Portage, Wis., was held from the Cathedral with the impressive services of the Catholic church, of which deceased was a member.

Mr. Hedrick has been troubled for years with some disease of the kidneys and bladder, which brought about his death in the city hospital suddenly last Wednesday morning. The manager of the Armour Packing company states that his company ranked the deceased first in their corps of men in the Northwest, in his especial line of work, and they deeply regret his loss.

JOHN C. TRAER—Hon. John C. Traer, a member of the constitutional convention of 1855, is dead at Vinton, Io., aged 73. He was one of the early pioneers of that section of Iowa, and a prominent Republican politician.

The P. B. D. platform—the platform adopted by the Republican convention. Not a single issue is referred to in it relating to the public of Minnesota, except good roads. It is the public be —— platform.

THEY WANT IT HERE.

W. C. T. U. Workers Would Bring the National Convention Here.

The central committee which is working for the coming W. C. T. U. national convention met yesterday afternoon in the parlors of the Windsor and discussed plans for the work. There were fourteen women present. Mrs. Soule presided, and Mrs. Stella B. Irvine presented plans for raising $1,000. Mrs. Irvine is chairman of the finance committee, and asks each woman to try and raise $10. The work, Mrs. Irvine said, is progressing nicely.

Mrs. F. W. Bryant was appointed chairman of the printing committee, Mrs. W. E. Rogers of the reception committee.

Among the members present were: Mrs. Leonard, Mrs. Reed, Mrs. Soule, Mrs. Harper, Mrs. Weber, Mrs. Rich, Mrs. Irvine, Mrs. Barkaloo, Mrs. Kemp, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. Murray, Mrs. Bartholomew, Mrs. White and Mrs. Hare.

The women raised money at the close of the meeting to send to the Red Cross rooms for the ice water fund, and Mrs. Leonard says that if there is time before the men are ordered to move she hopes to have roused interest all over the state in this fund with good results.

GOT QVALE'S MONEY.

W. D. Green and Andrew Nelson Arrester for It.

W. D. Green and Andrew Nelson were arrested yesterday by Detectives Wells and Murnane on warrants charging them with obtaining money under false pretenses. Green claims to be a physician and recently came to St. Paul from Minneapolis, and Nelson is a hotel runner. The complaining witness s Sever Qvale, of Sebeka, Wadena county, this state.

Qvale arrived in the city last Monday, and, according to his story, was anxious to secure treatment for consumption. Nelson induced him to go to Green's office, where he consulted with the doctor. He paid Green $25, with the understanding that he could be cured in five days. Qvale claims that in addition to the $25 in cash Green also took a due bill for $40, drawn on a merchant at Sebeka, and induced him to sign the same, promising that he would return $15, of the amount when it arrived.

Escape the Fire Cracker.

The First church excursion, July 4, on the Flora Clark, will afford an ideal way of spending the national holiday. The Minnesota state band will render a choice programme of popular and national airs throughout the day and evening. The scenery, which is particularly beatuiful this year, coupled with the full moon and a grand display of fireworks at the different towns along the banks, will make the trip a very enjoyable one. Tickets may be had at the St. Paul Book and Stationery company's store, and of the committee.

Dowlan & Son's Schedules.

Assignee Kavanagh yesterday filed the schedules in the Dowlan & Son assignment. The liabilities are given at $32,000, and the assets at just half that amount. The assets consist of a considerable amount of realty and small notes.

Delinquent Tax List.

There was a brief session of the board of county commissioners last evening, at which the delinquent tax list of 1896 was finally disposed of. There was but the Eighth district left and 700 names were passed upon.

The only other business to come before the meeting was the monthly pay roll, which was passed.

ARE READY TO FIGHT BACK

RAMSEY COUNTY VAN SANT MEN SAY THEY'RE GAME

That They Will Make Things So Uncomfortable for Col. Thompson That He Will Be Glad to Quit—Winona County Contributed to Its Son's Defeat by Failing to Indorse Senator Davis.

"If Thompson attacks us we will hold a meeting of the men who are supposed to be under the ban and make things so uncomfortable for him that he'll be glad enough to quit.

That was the comment made by a member of the Van Sant end of the Ramsey county delegation when the reported remark of George Thompson that "there will be a lot of cheap politicians looking for Republican nominations in the fall, and I'll make it my business to see about them."

It has been frequently said that the Republican party hereabout thrives on dissensions, and if there is anything of truth in the statement then the party will thrive to no end this fall, for it is properly torn up. W. J. Donahower and C. A. Sharood are about as for apart on all questions as they can well be, and the "solid Fourth" will have trouble with the "solid First" at the first opportunity, and both crowds are willing to seek the opportunity. That they did not come to blows in the convention was probably due to the fact that the First is not looking for a fight of that kindThe oteh crowd would have mixed up in a second if there had been a chance after the poll of the convention for then they understood why it was that they had no chance to do any business.

Of course the Van Sant crowd feel that Mr. Thompson is not so omnipotent as he thinks when they consider the appointment of Griggs to an assistant place in the corporation counsel's office. Griggs was the very heart ofc the canti-Thompson cpush,c andc the appointmentc was given him in the very midst of the fight. The crowd gave it out yesterday, when Griggs had been installed, that the event about showed th e strength of Mr. Thompson.

A politician of experience has an idea that it was not the dissatisfaction in Ramsey that was responsible for the defeat of Van Sant. "Senator Davis and his indorsement cut as much figure in this campaign as anything that I know," he said. "The Davis support was not heartily with Van Sant, because the county convention at Winona neglected to toss any bouquets at Mr. Davis. It was one of the few counties in terested in a candidate for the state ticket that overlooked the opportunity to indorse the senator. Whether it was done intentionally or not makes no difference, but on the sur it looked as though Van Sant was not going to tie himself up. Perhaps it gave color to the report that Dave Clough would make a fight for the senatorship in case Van Sant was the nominee for governor. Ramsey and Hennepin, and most of the other counties, indorsed Davis, and I suspect that Davis' friends didn's forget the fact. You may depend on it that this omission by Van Sant's home county cut a good deal of figure in the outcome."

Last night there was scarcely a half dozen from the country left in town. They got out during the day and the hotels were comparatively deserted. Van Sant went home yesterday morning. He professed not to be put out over the result of the campaign for the nomination, but he was, in fact, heartbroken. He has been running for governor ever since he got into state politics. That office has been his goal and the convention of Thursday settled the question forever. He will never be the nominee for governor of this state, and he knows it. He put everything on the die that was cast in the convention and it is not even likely that he could be elected for anything in his own county now. There was too much bitterness engendered in the fight that has been going on all the year. He has been campaigning ever since Clough was elevated to the governorship, and this year the opportunity of his life came.

He would not admit after the convention that he was out of politics, but he thought that he would do a good deal of traveling out of the state during the next few years. The campaign has cost Van Sant a good deal of money, but he is a rich man.

The silence of the Republican state platform on those subjects in which the people of the state having a living interest caused a good deal of comment among those politicians who do not subscribe to the general Republican belief that platforms are made to run on only and who believe that party declarations should have some meaning.

The Globe's expose of the absolute silence that had been preserved by the Republicans on those questions which are conceded to be vital to the welfare of the state, attracted very general attention.

"It is a sort of platform that Eustis wanted," said a man who had been in the convention, and who had a resolution of his own that he did not get in. "When the committee on platform was made up Eustis asked Mr. Lee as a favor to put S. R. Thayer, of Minneapolis on the committee, for Mr. Thayer knew just what he wanted in the platform. The resolutions were not reported until Eustis had been nominated, and if the result of the balloting had been otherwise the platform would have been very different. Thayer wrote the resolutions and William Henry is responsible for them. No one else was recognized, for I know myself that a number of resolutions bearing on state affairs were handed to the committee."

Another man, one who will probably be a candidate for office in this county on the Republican ticket this fall, said:

"I think Eustis is wise. He talks about principles rather than men being involved this fall. That's all rot and he knows it and knows that we all know it. He didn't want anything said in the platform that would force him to make a fight on officials elected by his own party. He is going out to beat John Lind, and he will do it by telling funny stories on the stump. That's why the platform doesn't mean anything, and I think Mr. Eustis was very foxy in keeping out any thing that would make the machine push think that they were having it rubbed in. He knows as well as anybody that platforms don't cut much ice in this state, if you have the right men running. What sort of a platform did the Republicans have in this city last spring? Yet they had no trouble in winning. I'll tell you that if I can fix it the county convention won't do any resolving at all."

GREETED THEIR PASTOR.

Goodrich Avenue Presbyterians Entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Moore.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Moore, of Smith avenue entertained last evening for Rev. D. D. Mitchell, the new pastor of the Goodrich Avenue Presbyterian church. Aside from the members of the congregation, who turned out largely, there were a number of local clergymen in the gathering. The room looked very patriotic, all trimmed with flags, and a great bunch of La France roses graced the center of the table from which ices and cake were served. Miss Alma Moore presided at the table, assisted by several young women.

The guests were received by Mrs. Moore, Miss Moore, Miss Radcliff, Miss Schreider and Miss Hare. Among those present were Rev. and Mrs. Maurice Edwards, Mr. and Mrs. McKane, Rev. W. C. Laube, Knox Taylor, P. Schneider, W. Beckwith, F. Schneider, Mrs. Parker, Miss Good, Mr. and Mrs. Ringold, Mr. Marshall, Mr. Silver, Mr. and Mrs. Fergusen, Mr. Board, Misses Wallace, Miss Cramer, Miss Rheinhart, Miss Roland, Mr. and Mrs. Spandler, Mrs. Dole, Miss Roberts and Miss Starry.

SHEAREN GOES BACK.

Couldn't Keep Away From Wisconsin Any Longer.

James Shearen gave up the fight yesterday, and was taken to West Superior last night on the Omaha. Deputy Sheriff Riches, of Douglas county, came down for the prisoner. He was accompanied to Hudson by Deputy Miesen.

Judge McCafferty gave up the struggle against the extradition yesterday after looking into the matter of another habeas corpus. It had been declared that an attempt would be made to break the warrant again. When it was found this could not be done the attorney gave it up and the Wisconsin authorities sent an officer on.

Detective Werrick was at the depot to prevent a rescue.

NOT HEAR, YET LISTEN

STATE ASSOCIATION OF THE DEAF MET YESTERDAY

Mystic Sign Language of the Nimble Fingers Is a Medium of Communication Not to Be Despised as Shown in the Expertness With Which It Is Used—Mayor Kiefer Welcomes the Delegation.

The sixth biennial gathering of the Minnesota Association of the Deaf opened last evening in the house of representatives of the capitol.

Archbishop Ireland, Mayor Kiefer and several others addressed the convention, and a beautifully executed painting of Supt. J. L. Noyes, founder of the work among the deaf in Minnesota, was unveiled by Mrs. Charles Thompson, of St. Paul.

Among those present were: Supt. and Mrs. J. L. Noyes, Faribault; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Roper, St. Paul; Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Dane, Minneapolis; W. H. Cowles, Minneapolis; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Thompson, St. Paul; L. W. Hodgman, Red Wing, Minn.; Miss Teigel, Faribault; Mr. Sheriden, Faribault; Mr. and Mrs. Schwitz, Faribault; Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Tate, Faribault; Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Water, Santa Barbara, Cal.; Mrs. Fannie Kells, Minneapolis; Mr. Hanson, Faribault; A. R. Spear, St. Paul; O. Hanson, Faribault; Prof. Smith, Faribault, and Mr. Howard, of Duluth.

The convention was opened with prayer by Archbishop Ireland, after which Mayor Kiefer welcomed the visitors to St. Paul on behalf of the citizens, and congratulated the convention upon the large number present and the growth of the organization.

Archbishop Ireland next delivered a masterly address, interpreted, as was Mayor Kiefer's, by Superintendent Tate, of the Faribault institution, who took a position just to the left of the speakers and went through the necessary pantomine to convey the speaker's words to the audience.

Archbishop Ireland said in part: It affords me great pleasure to speak before your convention this evening. You are through your progress doing honor to yourselves and to your schools. Your fellow men with whom you associate should assist you in the everyday affairs of life, as we are all of one great family, under one supreme Father, and should strive to assist one another in life's journey. We are not created within ourselves, but to be of mutual benefit to our fellow men. Some men are selfish enough to seek only employes who can accomplish their work with the greatest rapidity, and when it comes to employing the deaf or the blind they reason that they can't afford to employ that kind of labor. But I am happy to say this spirit is fast disappearing, and a man does not hesitate to employ a deaf mute to any kind of labor if he is a master of his trade.

"Every citizen is under a special obligation imposed by the Great Father to assist those who experience any difficulty in getting along. This is Christianity. Some of our citizens are lacking in this spirit, but most of our people are animated to lend a helping hand where it is needed. But success depends wholly upon your virtues, and you have made them such that your fellow citizens cannot but admire and respect you.

"At times you may have difficulty in getting along, but there is comfort in the thought that there is one powerful and willing and who never forgets His children."

Prof. Sheriden then delivered an address, presenting the Faribault school with the portrait of Prof. Noyes, the veteran educator. Mrs. Chas. Thompson, wife of the painter, then unveiled the masterpiece amid a burst of applause.

The president's address was next delivered by A. R. Spear, of St. Paul, who called attention to the magnificent work done by Prof. Noyes among the deaf mutes, and of the marvelous results attending his work. The association organized over twelve years ago in Faribault, did not at first give promise of the future which had become assured, but it had been a gradual yet steady movement of advancement.

He referred to the bitter fight conducted in the legislature last winter over the day school law for the deaf. He urged the convention to take hold of the matter at its session today. He also urged remedy for the defect in the statutes which classifies the deaf with the associated charities and defectives.

He said that it was sometimes difficult to persuade the business man that the deaf were efficient workers and tradesmen, and that the public must be gradually educated up to a better understanding of their condition. He suggested that the state convention unite with the National association in order to secure uniform legislation and broader results.

Bishop James Golrick, of Duluth, next spoke in a happy strain, and assured them of the assistance of the Catholic clergy whenever it could be of help to them.

A committee on enrollment was appointed consisting of Delegates Schroeder, Smith, Bowen, Hodgeman and Brant.

The convention will discuss matters at its session today of general interest, and will attend church tomorrow at the First Baptist church, where addresses will be delivered by Rev. J. H. Loed and Rev. F. H. Stillwell. The convention will take an excursion on the steamer Henrietta on the Fourth, and conclude its deliberations with a brief session on Monday.

TO MINNEAPOLIS VIA COMO

NEW INTERURBAN RAILWAY WAS OPENED YESTERDAY

First Car Made the Trip From the Ryan Hotel, St. Paul, to the Nicollet House, Minneapolis, in Forty-One Minutes—The New Route Is a Very Picturesque One — New Waiting Station at Como.

The new Como interurban line was opened yesterday afternoon. There were no formal exercises. President Lowry, Vice President C. G. Goodrich, General Superintendent W. J. Hield and a party of twenty odd started from Minneapolis in a special car at 2:30 and proceeded to Como park.

At about the same hour a special car in charge of Supt. Smith left the Ryan hotel with a party from the St. Paul Commercial club on board.

Arriving at Como park the St. Paulites inspected the new waiting station, which will be completed within a day or so, and then rode around the Como park loop until the delegation from Minneapolis reached the park.

Ten minutes were spent in exchanging greetings and congratulating the street railway officials on the enterprise displayed in the opening of the new line, and then the delegations boarded the two cars and resumed the trip.

The Minneapolis party went to St. Paul, and the St. Paul delegation to Minneapolis. Leaving Como part station the line skirts the south end of the park and then passes directly through it and on Langford avenue to the fair grounds. From this point until the old county road is reached Langford avenue is followed. The line passes within a short distance of the experimental station, through St. Anthony Park and then on the county road until it reaches and connects with the line in Minneapolis known as the Como and Kenwood.

The scenery along the line from the time Como park is reached until the car strikes Central avenue in Minneapolis is particularly pleasing. Through Como park the ride is more than pleasing, and the view after leaving the fair grounds is superb. From the elevation just west of the fair grounds a good view of the larger buildings in Minneapolis is obtained. Passing through St. Anthony Park a glimpse is given the passengers of the experimental station, and the line as it winds along the old county road runs through a delightful rural scene.

Entering Minneapolis the line runs on Como and Fifteenth avenues and Fourth street southeast, and passes within a stone's throw of the state university. The streets on which the line is operated in East Minneapolis are residence ones, and this adds much to the pleasure of the route.

The St. Paul party did not return over the new line, but came back via University avenue. The St. Paul delegation included: Judge Otis, G. E. Hallberg, R. Schiffman Jr., George E. Ives, G. F. Spinney, C. B. Nichols, A. F. Hammond, W. H. Williams, Morgan Brooks, G. C. Waller, B. F. Beardsley, B. H. Schriber, W. M. Carson, R. B Whitacre, Rufus A. Hoyt, Fred G Bradbury, W. J. Bennett, J. A. Wheelock, M. D. Munn and C. M. Benham

The car containing the St. Paul delegation reached the park in thirteen minutes after leaving the Ryan hotel, and the time from the park to Washington and Hennepin avenue was twenty-eight minutes.

This made the time from the Ryan to Washington and Hennepin avenues forty-one minutes. The regular service will, however, be a trifle longer, it being contemplated to make the run from the Ryan to the West hotel in fifty minutes.

The new line is double tracked with heavy steel rails and barring the piece on Rice street between University and Como avenues, is in excellent shape. The cars will be operated from the station at Central avenue and Fourth street, Minneapolis, and will make round trips between Lake Harriet and St. Paul. The time schedule for the round trip from the Ryan to Harriet and return is three hours and twenty minutes.

The amount of patronage the new line will receive is something of a problem, but it is conceded that it will be of great benefit to the residents of St. Anthony park, as it will give more direct communication with St. Paul and shorten the time.

The five cent fare limit has been placed at Raymond avenue, which practically takes in all of St. Anthony park.

The officials of the street railway company figure that with musical and other attractions at Como park and none at Lake Harriet the Minneapolis people will be quick to take advantage of the privileges and attractions made possible by the opening of the new line.

Shortly after the car containing President Lowry and party left Minneapolis regular cars with a fifteen-minute service were put on and travel on the new line was commenced.

The new waiting station at Como park will be practically completed today. It is 92 by 52 feet, floored with white oak, and is a handsome and commodious structure. In the center a space 20 by 60 feet will be fitted up with sliding glass sash, so that in case of a storm shelter can be afforded passengers.

FATHER DOLPHIN TRANSFERRED.

Goes to St. Stephen's, Minneapolis, Being Succeeded by Father Fitzgerald.

At a meeting of the Priests' Promotion league, Rev. Father Dolphin, of St. Patrick's church, St. Paul, was appointed to succeed Bishop Christie as pastor of St. Stephen's church, Minneapolis, and Rev. Father Fitzgerald, Hastings, was appointed to St. Patrick's church, St. Paul.

There were present at the meeting Rev. Charles Corcoran, Stillwater; Rev. James O'Rielly, Rev. Father Illig, Rev. Father Harrington, Minneapolis; Rev. Father Casserly, Waverly, and Rev. Father Danehy.

Rev. James Burns and Rev. Father O'Neill were absent but voted by proxy.

News to St. Paul Police.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 1.—Claus Isakesen, who recently absconded with over $7,000 belonging to the Pacific Rolling Mills Co., has been located by the detectives at St. Paul, Minn. He has been indicted by the grand jury, and today Gov. Budd will be asked to issue extradition papers for his return to this city. He is said to have left here disguised as a tramp, and to have visited Seattle and Vancouver before going to St. Paul.

Neither the local police nor the Pinkerton people have heard of any such man in St. Paul.

No Papers in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 1.—The following bulletin was posted at every Chicago newspaper office this evening at 10 o'clock:

At 8 o'clock this (Friday) evening, the stereotypers' union notified the newspaper publishers of Chicago that unless their demands for an increase of wages from $3.25 to $4 per day, a reduction of the working day from eight to seven hours, with payment at the rate of 75 cents per hour for all overtime, and other concessions were at once acceded to they would refuse to return to work. In consequence of this action, the ——, in common with all other Chicago papers, will not appear Saturday.

Friday, July 1, 1898.

This action of the newspapers was in pursuance of an understanding recently entered into, including among other provisions the following agreement:

In event of a strike in any of the departments of one or more of the Chicago daily newspaper offices the mechanical resources of all our offices shall be pooled to the extent and with the purpose that no newspaper shall be published unless and until all the newspapers can be promptly published on the same day.

The stereotypers have been averaging from $19.50 to $22 per week on six-day evening papers and from $24 to $27 on seven-day morning papers. It is anticipated that the interruption of publication will continue for but a few days.

ALL THE NEWS, NONE OF THE FAKES IN THE

SUNDAY GLOBE

It Is Hot in Cuba, and the War Is Hotter Still.

Letters From Soldier Boys— Our correspondents at Chickamauga and elsewhere are gathering news of great interest to the people of every hamlet of Minnesota.

Wonderful City of La Paz— Frank Carpenter tells the story of one of the quaintest towns of South America.

An Angel of Charity— The splendid home of one of the grandest women of England.

In Woman's Realm— Items culled from all over the country for the edification of Globe Readers.

The Best Sporting Pages, The Fullest Local Pages AND THE **Best Digested Telegraph News in the Twin Cities.**

All these are in

THE SUNDAY GLOBE.

Order of Your Newsdealer Today. PRICE, 5 CENTS.

LAYING THE CORNER STONE

BIG EVENT IN THE BUILDING OF THE CAPITOL

Chairman Channing Seabury Announces His Committees to Prepare for the Occasion—The Programme as It Has Been Arranged—Senator Davis to Deliver the Oration.

After a careful canvass of the available material, Vice President Channing Seabury, of the state capitol commission, has prepared, and yesterday gave out, the names of the different committees under whose direction the proceedings attending the laying of the corner stone of the new capitol, will be carried out. The date set for the interesting event is Wednesday, July 27.

Mr. Seabury's action in naming the committees is the result of a meeting of citizens held in the chamber of commerce the middle of last month, and in making the names public, he says that unusual care has been taken in the selection of men who have pledged their hearty co-operation, and who will aid in making the ceremonies as historic and interesting as may be.

The occasion will be made a memorable one. The affair will begin with a procession of the G. A. R. and the various civic associations of the city, headed by several Minnesota bands of music. A monster stand will be erected at a point convenient to the site of the corner stone, for the accommodation of visitors and invited guests.

Following a prayer, Col. C. H. Graves, of Duluth, will deliver the introductory address on behalf of the capitol commission. He will be followed by Minnesota's senior United States senator, Hon. C. K. Davis, who is down for the oration of the day. When the records and memorials have been duly deposited in the foundation snugly encased in a metallic box, venerable Alexander Ramsey, Minnesota's war governor, will formally lay the corner stone, after which Gov. Clough will proclaim the deed appropriately accomplished.

Mr. Seabury has worked long and faithfully on the matter of the committees, and now the work will be taken up by the different chairman. An effort will be made to secure reduced rates on all roads leading to St. Paul, the country press will be urged to do its share in calling attention to the corner stone ceremonies, and the details of the event have been left in the hands of energetic men who will make it the success Mr. Seabury and the members of his commission think it should be. The programme and full committees follow:

PROGRAMME.

A procession through the streets and terminating at the new capitol site.

Music while invited guests are being seated on the stand which will be erected. (To hold 1,000 persons.)

Prayer.

Introductory address, on behalf of the board of state capitol commissioners, by Hon. C. H. Graves.

Music.

Oration by Hon. Cushman K. Davis.

Music.

Deposit of metallic box, containing various memorials, in the corner stone.

Laying of corner stone by Hon. Alexander Ramsey.

Proclamation by Gov. D. M. Clough, that the corner stone has been securely laid.

Music, "America," the audience joining.

Prayer and benediction.

COMMITTEES.

Executive (on behalf of the state)—Gov. D. M. Clough, chairman; Charles H. Graves, Channing Seabury.

Executive (on behalf of city)—Geo. R. Finch, chairman; Richard S. Gordon, A. H. Lindeke, R. A. Kirk, C. A. Severance.

Procession—J. J. McCardy, chairman; J. W. Bishop, E. S. Chittenden, H. N. Cook, M. N. Goss, A. R. Keifer, E. H. Milham, W. W. Price Jr., J. C. Shandrew Albert Scheffer, C. R. Smith.

Transportation (to secure special rates for guests)—E. A. Young, chairman; J. H. Beek, J. T. Clark, J. T. Conley, J. M. Hannaford, A. B. Plough, F. I. Whitney.

Newspapers and Publications—Conde Hamlin, chairman; H. P. Hall