Man's Lost Power

Restored by Prof. Jules Laborde's Marvelous French Preparation of Calthos.

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All persons who suffer from the harrowing effects of nervous disease should write the Von Mohl Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, at once, and receive by return mail their five days' trial treatment of "Calthos" free of charge. This is no C. O. D. or DEPOSIT scheme, but a generous offer made to unfortunate sufferers by this long-established concern, which is the largest importer of specifics for nervous and sexual diseases in the world.

The Von Mohl Co. have the sole American rights for Prof. Laborde's French preparation of "Calthos," the only remedy known to advanced medical science that will positively cure nervous debility in young or old men.

This remedy has for years been used as a specific in the French and German armies; and since its introduction into the United States its remarkable success in Europe has been repeated in this country. Lost vitality creeps upon men unawares. Do not deceive yourself or remain in ignorance while you are being dragged down by this insidious disease. No matter whether this weakness is caused by early abuse, excesses or overwork and business cares, the results are the same—premature loss of strength and memory, emissions, impotency and enlarged veins (varicocele) and diminutive parts. "Calthos" will cure you at any stage before epilepsy results with ensuing consumption and insanity.

The beneficial effects of "Calthos" are felt at once in the manner most desired, and the remedy being of pure vegetable origin is harmless to the most delicate person. It greatly increases the circulation of the blood through the small arteries, thereby generating immediately a warm exhilaration felt from head to foot, that makes possible results that have heretofore existed only in the imagination; bringing to the married more perfect union and harmony, and to the unmarried a sense of new delights. It is a scientific fact that a continuous rapid circulation of blood through the smaller veins makes muscle and increased development in any part of the body where this condition can be induced. "Calthos" acts directly at the seat of trouble no matter of how long standing, and restores strength and vitality and develops the parts permanently and naturally. All feelings of bashfulness and lack of confidence toward the opposite sex are banished by this wonderful treatment, and a man becomes thoroughly his own master by his full control over his desires and actions.

The Von Mohl Co. is continually receiving the most astonishing testimonials from persons who have taken only five days' treatment of "Calthos;" and from thousands of others who have been permanently cured after having been given up by doctors, misled and ruined in health by disreputable medical schemers, and when they had given up their last hope for health and happiness. Some irresponsible advertisers are using "made up" testimonials, but the Von Mohl Co. invariably declines to make public the names or correspondence of any patients who have been cured by "Calthos." Five days' treatment of "Calthos" will be placed in your hands free of cost by sealed mail and you are earnestly urged for your own sake to send for it without delay. Write today and send your address. It is not necessary to give embarrassing details of your symptoms. The book sent with the five days' treatment will enable you to take the medicine in private and treat yourself at home. It costs nothing to try the remedy. It may cost you a great deal to let this offer go by. Write today.

Address **THE VON MOHL CO., 497 B, Cincinnati, Ohio.** (Largest importers of Standard Preparations in the United States.)

BATTERY BOYS IN CAMP

THE MINNESOTA MILITIA MOBILIZED AT LAKE CITY

This Year It Consists of the Artillerymen of St. Paul and Minneapolis, but the Boys in Blue, While Comparatively Few in Number, Are Very Much in Evidence—Routine of Camp.

CAMP LAKEVIEW, Lake City, Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Once more the spot on Lake Pepin, known as Camp Lakeview, is inhabited by the boys in blue of the North Star state. Although the number of men is very small, compared with that which has been quartered there in previous years, the boys of Batteries A and B intend to make it a very lively place.

Battery B left Minneapolis at 6:30 this morning via the Milwaukee road, and was joined at St. Paul by Battery A. The train bearing the boys arrived at camp at 10:30 without any mishap.

Twenty minutes after the train had stopped the boys had everything unloaded and were going into camp. This is a record breaker and is very quick work when it is considered that they have horses and canons to unload.

The batteries will camp in the infantry camp this year, instead of on their old grounds across the ravine. Battery B will occupy the right hand barracks, and the right of line and Battery A the left side. The officers' tents will be staked in the staff line of the infantry.

After having enjoyed their first mess in camp, the boys were detailed to stake their own tents, which duty was quickly performed.

The roster of the camp numbers 102 men at present, and several will arrive this afternoon and tomorrow.

The field and staff officers are:

Maj. E. D. Libby, commanding; Capt. George C. Lambert, adjutant; Lieut. A. Olander, qaurtermaster; Lieut. George M. Coon, surgeon; Harold Bennett, sergeant major; William Bloom, quartermaster sergeant; Rude M. Groh, chief trumpeter.

Battery A, of St. Paul, forty-five men, First Lieutenant H. Larson, commanding; second lieutenant, B. E. Allen.

Battery B, of Minneapolis, fifty men—Captain, C. C. Bennett; first lieutenant, F. P. Bruce; second lieutenant, N. P. Nelson.

The batteries have 65 horses, 2 Gatling guns, 2 brass Napoleons and 2 3-inch rifle guns and the caissons with them.

Battery A will hold an election this evening to fill the captaincy and resulting vacancies. Capt. George Lambert will preside over the meeting.

As yet no men have been reported on sick duty.

The daily routine which will be followed during the ten days' encampment is as follows:

Reveille	5:00 a. m.
Roll call	5:15 a. m.
Stable call	5:30 p. m.
Mess call	6:00 a. m.
Sick call	6:30 a. m.
Target practice (commencing)	7:00 a. m.
Guard mount (first call)	7:15 a. m.
Guard mount (assembly)	7:30 a. m.
Boots and saddles	8:15 a. m.
Re-call	11:00 a. m.
Mess (dinner)	12:00 m.
Stable call	12:45 p. m.
Boots and saddles	3:00 p. m.
Re-call	4:30 p. m.
Stable call	5:15 p. m.
Mess (supper)	5:45 p. m.
Dress parade (first call)	6:10 p. m.
Dress parade (adjutant's call)	6:50 p. m.
Call to quarters	10:45 p. m.
Taps	11:00 p. m.

Since their arrival the men have been kept busy getting the camp settled, so they did not participate in any drills today.

Captain Bennett, of Battery B, will serve as officer of the day tomorrow, and Lieut. Allen, of Battery A, will act as officer of the guard.

Gen. Muehlberg and Capt. Convers visited camp today.

The hospital corps occupy the regular hospital building.

MORE WELCOME NEWS.

People at the Fort Continue to Hear From Santiago.

The following is one of several letters received Saturday at the post from officers of the Third. Parts of it were written during several days:

Before Santiago, July 17.—Today came your letter of June 26, which has been wandering around the country for a few days. You forgot to put Third infantry on the envelope and as Gen. Shafter's forces include some 25,000 men scattered over a front twelve miles long you can see that it was easy for a letter to travel a long way before reaching me. But now I have it so it does not matter. I have written to you five or six letters from the front, but everything is so topsy-turvy that it may be some time before you will get them. Besides the envelopes were addressed in pencil and that may have washed out in the rain.

You have little idea of the poverty we endure; we only took with us what we could carry and I paid a man a dollar a day for carrying my little pack, as I thought I was better fitted to fight without carrying this extra weight. The balance of our property was left on the steamer Breakwater, which ship has been sent to Fortress Monroe with sick, so we have been unable to get anything more. But even had it been on the coast we could have had nothing brought, for there is only one road from the front to the coast, and the rains have rendered that almost impassable, so that it has been hard work to bring up food and ammunition. I have a change of underclothing and a piece of soap left, and am that much richer than my brother officers.

I have been sleeping with M—— and G—— on the ground, under an arbor of branches covered with rubber blankets, until last night, when a bed was built for us out of small boughs. But it was harder sleeping on it than on the ground, and reminded me of that saint (St. Francis), who was broiled on a gridiron.

Friday, July 22.—After several interruptions I have gathered up energy sufficient to continue my letter, but when I have finished it, I am in a quandary as to how I shall mail it, for there is not an envelope in the command. I began this on a cracker box, sitting on the ground. Then a rainstorm came up and I had to seek shelter in a shelter—or dog—tent; now it has stopped raining and I am finishing it on my knee. You have little idea of the state we are in. Half of the men, more or less, sick with malaria. Our one doctor down with fever, no quinine for days, nothing but shelter tents for the sick to lie in and no proper food for them. It is a lucky thing Santiago surrendered when it did or I am afraid we would have suffered defeat.

I do not think that more than 100 men in our regiment could march five miles today.

So far I have kept up as well as any one and hope to continue doing so, but I doubt if any one will escape malaria altogether. The sickly season is now upon us and it will, of course, increase the sick list. The type of fever, at present prevalent, is a very mild form and only lasts a few days; later it will be more severe, but by then we will be away, I hope. The whole expedition has been wretchedly mismanaged, from start to finish, and it has been the line officers and enlisted men who have brought it to a successful ending, but more than all else, good luck.

Sunday, July 24.—Today a few wall tents came, and I have one with G——. I have not time to write more before the mail goes.

Another letter reads:

Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 2.—I wrote you last on the 30th or 31st, and there is not much use in writing oftener. Now that the navy has left the harbor, there are not so many ships going your way. The history of one day now is the history of a week. We sit still and do nothing, or as little as we can. Keeping out of the sun is the main object of our lives. The men are still in shelter tents as the Breakwater with our camp outfit and personal property aboard was sent to Fortress Monroe and has not returned.

The officers however, now have one wall tent to two officers, and I am sharing mine with G——, who shared his dog-tent with me on the march. There is a great deal of fever in the command, but it is of a malarial nature and not yellow fever at all. There have been a few cases of yellow fever amongst the teamsters and some of the men who have been sleeping in houses, but they have been kept carefully isolated, and there is no danger of its spreading much. The fever we have among the troops is very weakening, but yields easily to quinine, leaving the patient a wreck for a few days. We have had no deaths in the Third from this cause, and indeed only one from sickness—a case of consumption. I have had no fever as yet, and indeed no trouble at all—except night sweats—since landing in Cuba. My bed is now off the ground and I drink very little water, so I may escape altogether. We look forward to leaving here within twenty days, which is a most cheering prospect, especially as bowel troubles are on the increase among the men. Just at present I am in command of the Third infantry, and Lieut. Col. Harbaugh is commanding the brigade. Every officer has been sick with fever or bowel trouble except Col. Harbaugh, McRay and myself, and there is no telling when our turn may come, but seeing the time to stay is so short we may escape. One thing is certain they must get the regiments out of this country before September sets in or there will be nothing left of the regular army but invalids. The men are being well fed now, but that very fact in their weakened condition only leads to bowel trouble, and yet without eating they cannot gain strength.

If some of those military attaches who pronounced our regulars the finest body of men they ever saw could see them now they would change their opinions. I had a note from M—— yesterday and he was well. It is too hot to visit when it is not raining and he is eight miles away.

COL. PAGE IS HOME.

Still Weak, but It Is Hoped Will Rapidly Recuperate.

As a result of a hard campaign in Cuba, Col. John H. Page, of the Third infantry, U. S. A., returned to St. Paul yesterday, and was taken to his home at Fort Snelling, where he will spend a season of quiet and rest. Mrs. Page met the colonel in Chicago on Wednesday, and while there he felt much improved and was able to walk. Mrs. Page stated yesterday that her husband was resting quietly and that he was on the road to health, although he had been considerably tired by the trip from Chicago to St. Paul. Under the influence of the bracing air of Minnesota Mrs. Page expects to see the colonel enjoying good health once more in a short time.

"All he needs," said Mrs. Page, "is rest, quiet and nourishing food. As soon as he left the train he felt very chilly, and when we got out here and he was gotten to bed he wanted a good many blankets over him. Of course, coming from Cuba, he will feel every little bit of cold keenly for a time, but we are sure this climate is just the thing to build him up again."

When Col. Page left St. Paul he weighed 170 pounds, but now his weight is but little over 130. He is not at all nervous, but very quiet and not inclined to talk. The malarial and intermittent fever usually leave their victims in a somewhat dazed condition, and Col. Page is now in that stage. He was very deaf while in Chicago from the quantities of quinine he had taken while in the South, but that deafness is now almost entirely gone. It is expected by his family that he will be able in a short time to see his friends.

Mrs. Page says that they know certainly that the Third and Twentieth regiments are still at Santiago de Cuba. Capt. Hale, of the same regiment, is very ill now with the fever and is taking a sea voyage on the hospital relief boat Angelus. Mrs. Page feels sure that her husband would have died in Cuba had it not been for the persistency of his brother in suggesting to the war department that he be brought home.

If you visit the metropolis the advertisement of Hotel Empire on another page will interest you.

FIFTEENTH GETS A FLAG

MRS. J. J. HILL MAKES THE FORMAL PRESENTATION

Interesting Ceremony Took Place, With Gov. Clough and Staff in Attendance—Some Brief Addresses—Fewer Cases of Fever Developed Yesterday Than Any Day Recently—Condition of Men.

The Fifteenth Minnesota now has its colors complete along with the oldest regiment in the service. Late yesterday afternoon Camp Ramsey was the scene of the presentation, by the Commercial club, of St. Paul, of the state flag to the youngest of Minnesota's regiments. This is the third time St. Paul's organization of business men has had the privilege of offering its tribute to the men who have offered themselves in their country's service.

The two battalions from the camp were drawn up on three sides of a square. The quarantined battalion was not allowed to participate in the ceremonies, and the men were greatly disappointed, but they watched from behind their picket line and joined in the cheering with as much zest as their more fortunate comrades.

President Conde Hamlin, of the Commercial club, conducted the ceremony, which he opened with a few words to the soldiers. He spoke of the great generosity of Mr. J. J. Hill, in caring for the Thirteenth Minnesota. Mrs. Hill, he declared, had shown her interest, a personal interest, in the Fifteenth by the work she had done for them through the Red Cross and innumerable ways, which they knew nothing about. He closed by saying:

"In presenting a flag it is proper then that it should come from the business men of St. Paul, at the hands of Mrs. Hill."

Mrs. Hill addressed the regiment very briefly. She said in part: "I sympathize with you that so many from your ranks are sick and cannot be present this evening. But I am sure this flag will long be cherished by you and them, along with the 'Star Spangled Banner, which in triumph doth wave in the land of the free and the home of the brave.'" Then Mrs. Hill handed the magnificent silk banner to Sergeant Kelly, of Company E, who then returned to his company, which had the honor of acting as color company.

Mr. Hamlin, after the applause subsided, introduced War Governor Clough, who was greeted with three hearty cheers and a tiger. He said:

"Officers and soldiers of the Fifteenth: I think it hardly necessary to say anything here tonight, after all the good things I have said to the president and war department about the Fifteenth regiment (cheers). I was satisfied when I commissioned your officers that they were the cream of Minnesota, and tonight I am equally satisfied with the privates.

"When the Twelfth, Thirteenth and Fourteenth were called out I was proud of those regiments, and I was equally as proud when they marched away from these grounds. It does me good, too, when any one returns from them and tells me 'They're the best at Chickamauga or at San Francisco,' as the case may be.

"It was reported the other day in some of the papers that the Fifteenth was going to be mustered out in a few days. But I haven't heard anything about it, and I think I should hear about as soon as anybody. I believe the Fifteenth will see active service yet."

Col. Leonhauser then advanced to accept the flag in the name of the regiment. He said: "As your colonel, it falls to me to accept the colors that have been so gracefully presented by Mrs. Hill. I may say that if the nation ever needs us we will, all that are alive, rally round the colors. Now, three cheers for the Commercial club and the people of St. Paul."

Once Senator Washburn said a few words of a reminiscent nature. "Minnesota has reason to be proud of her volunteers; she had reason to be proud in '61; she had reason to be proud when the First Minnesota made its gallant charge at Gettysburg. The Thirteenth has been a credit to her at Manila, where some of our boys lie wounded. But I have never looked into the faces of any better soldiers than are here tonight."

Following Senator Washburn, Conde Hamlin introduced Mrs. R. M. Newport as one of the persons who is worth a whole brigade. She told of some of the things that had been done by St. Paul women for the other regiments and what was being accomplished now.

Jesse Gregg, once president of the Commercial club, and who presented the flag to the Fourteenth at Chickamauga, next spoke a few words to the boys. He said that unlike the others he was sorry that the men were not going to see active service, for he could think of no place much safer than in front of a Spanish army, while it would be pretty bad for the Spaniards to get in front of a Minnesota regiment.

After the presentation, the governor and his staff reviewed the regiment. The ranks of the companies were very thin—but the governor showed that he was pleased with the appearance of the men as they passed befor him. Those members of the staff who accompanied the governor were: Adjt. Gen. Muehlberg, St. Paul; Col. C. H. March, Litchfield; Col. R. A. Monfort, St. Paul; Col. F. C. Barrows, Minneapolis; Col. R. M. Hartley, St. Paul; Col. Sayler, Howard Lake; Col. Campbell, Minneapolis.

The hospital corps, and in fact everybody at Camp Ramsey is very glad at the decrease in the sick in general and the fever cases in particular. Only three new cases of typhoid were developed yesterday and only about fifty men reported to sick call. The hospital was given a general cleaning out and all but one of the fever cases were sent into St. Luke's and St. Joseph's hospitals. Fifteen men got onto the load for the journey. They were Thomas F. Brown, Ludwig Wylde, Lewis Hertiz, John Butler, Charles Blackburn, Company H; Henry H. Rosenquist, Dennis O'Connell, William Nimocks, Lonin Leen, John Auberg, Company F; Dave Knutson, Company G; William Cronan, Company A; Charles Goodrich, Company M. Quartermaster Sergeant Beerman was also moved into the city. The sergeant is a very sick man.

Capt. Dolan, of Company H, one of the quarantined companies, yesterday visited all of his men who are in the hospitals and was highly gratified to find that none of them were dangerously ill, and that all were doing nicely.

IN MINNEAPOLIS HOSPITALS.

The men taken from Camp Ramsey to the Minneapolis hospitals were visited yesterday by a reporter for The Globe, and their condition found to be very encouraging. All but St. Mary's hospital was visited and the names of the patients taken. At St. Mary's a telephone message found every one slowly improving and no complications, although all are considered very sick men. There are seventeen confined there.

At Asbury all but one are doing nicely. Private Hurst, of Birmingham, England, is dilirious, has a high fever, 104, and there is danger of spinal meningitis. He was very ill when taken to the hospital and may not recover. In the other cases the temperature has not in any instance run over 102.

At St. Barnabas 99 to 102 has been the average temperature, and Louis Rask, brother of Lieut. H. O. Rask, will be discharged in a few days. His temperature has been normal for several days. William Blanker was entered Wednesday night. August Anderson has only had a light run of the fever and the house physician considers the cases under him very light indeed.

At the Minneapolis city hospital there are but four men, all doing well, but will not be out for some time. They look very comfortable in their white cots and quantities of flowers show how the Red Cross has been kind. Carl Tollefson, of Canby, Minn., was very bad, but is doing well now, although he looks very thin and pale.

At the Northwestern they are all getting on well, though the fever in many cases runs to 104 and a bit over.

At the Northwestern are:
Frank McLaughlin, Hamilton.
Alex Brunn, Grand Forks.
G. L. Michael, Bigelow.
Donald Cousens, St. Cloud.
Samuel O'Blinger, Elva.
Austin Tygerson, Raymond.
Pearl Oxley, Liberty, Miss.
Henry Budler, Hampton, Neb.
Oscar Christopherson, Minneapolis.
Lars Christenson, Cottonwood.
Frank Kenuth, Brewster.
William McKenzie, Rock Creek.
Olaf Lodgood, Houghton, Wis.
John Yost, Minneapolis.
Herman Plahn, St. Paul.
George Steep, Minneapolis.
Joseph Warner, St. Louis Park.
Christ Moen, Reynolds, N. D.
Clarence Faragher, Adrian.
Adin Losetti, Underwood.
Best Olson, Foston.
John Brierman, Fulda.
Otto Anderburg, Grove City.

At the city hospital are:
John Butala, Jamestown, Dak.
Walter Williams, Ellsworth, Wis.
Fred A. Holmes, Minneapolis.
Carl Tollefson, Canby.

At St. Barnabas are:
Mark M. Tisdale, Slayton.
Herbert Mark, Fosston.
George Palmer, Minneapolis.
Anton Olson, Fosston.
John Anderson, Minneapolis.
Irwin Briggs, Dundee, Io.
Leo Cowel, Ludington, Mich.
August Anderson, Grand Forks.
C. A. Johnson, Barrett.
George Newton, Fosston.
Theo. Nelson, Grand Forks.
Svend F. Bjornelid, Cottonwood.
Louis Rask, Caladonia.
W. Blaker, Kansas City, Mo.

The men at Asbury are:
John Whalon, Mineral Point, O.
Dan O'Neil, Minneapolis.
Isaac H. Smith, Mound ille, Wis.
W. A. Hurst, Birmingham, Eng.
Lewis Tuerdal, Minneapolis.
James M. Milburn, Bristol, R. I.
Thomas Killin, Austin, Minn.
C. H. Gravell, Cromwell, Minn.
Carl Buttchan, Lake Park, Io.
George Sliker, Big Lake, Minn.

ST. PAUL HOSPITALS.

The men in the St. Paul hospitals were reported as doing well yesterday. No complications have been noted so far. Twenty new cases were brought in from camp; fourteen were taken to St. Luke's and six to St. Joseph's. Information as to their residence, etc., could not be obtained last evening, as they were too tired to be questioned, and went to sleep as soon as bathed and put to bed.

Hospital Steward Gallagher was pleased yesterday to receive 1,200 abdominal bandages from the Red Cross society. They will be a great help in conquering stomach troubles.

FRED SHOULZ HURT.

An unfortunate accident occurred yesterday. Fred Shoulz, Company H, in crossing one of the ditches, fell and cut himself, letting the water out of his knee. Yesterday his leg was in splints. Surgeon Major Dennis says Shoulz cannot hope to escape without a stiff knee. Shoulz is thought to have a sister in St. Paul and if she can be found the man will probably be taken away from the camp.

The quarantined companies drilled yesterday for the first time this week. The men thoroughly enjoyed the exercise and were sorry when they had to give up the parade ground to the other battalions for their rehearsal for the evening.

The lines continue to be closely drawn around the quarantined camp. No one can get in or out without showing a pass and very few passes have been issued.

The officer of the day at the detached battalion yesterday was Capt. Brant, of Company F; Lieut. Bookstaver, Company H, officer of the guard; Harry Leonard, Company K, sergeant of the guard; Corporal Rogers, Company H, junior sergeant of the guard. Corporals—Wostad, Hoyt, Company F; Lindstrom, Colman, Company M. Orderly—W. H. Gallager, Company H. Musician—H. Smith, Company M.

First Relief—Landis, Knutson, Mackay, Smith, Hover, Malcum, Thebideau, Company K; John, Le Bar, Company H.

Second Relief—Peterson, Rice, Pierce, J. Dison, O. Olson, T. Olson, Company F; Mardin Robrege, Lund, Company H.

Third Relief—Blumberg, Company M; Panzian, Company F; Gardner, Cross, Graven, Cook, Frist, King, Company M; Briggs, Company H.

Sergeant Campbell, of Company K, reported for duty yesterday. He has been home on sick leave.

After the parade last night Lieut. Fred Vincent, of Company A, was presented with a fine Colt revolver and belt, the gift of the men of the company.

Sergeant L. B. Smith, of Company M, is acting sergeant major for the detached battalion.

Quartermaster Sergeant Baum, Company C, has been reduced to the ranks. No disgrace is attached, as he will hereafter fill the position of cook for the officers' mess. Corporal C. W. Angier has been promoted to the post of quartermaster sergeant.

The Misses Maud and Jessie Earsley, Mrs. Iverson, Mrs. Sehjorling, Miss Boley and Miss Nixon all messed with Company E yesterday.

Lieut. Col. Gotzlan yesterday presented a Colt revolver to Lieut. Elliott, of Company L.

Band Master Snowball is the happy possessor of a fine new baton, the gift of the band men and non-commissioned staff. Adjt. Catlin presented the baton, which is of ivory inlaid with pearl, last evening after the concert. Master Snowball was taken entirely by surprise.

Capt. Gibson, Company L, was yesterday's officer of the day at the lower camp; Lieut. Edward, Company I, senior officer of the guard; Lieut. Mitchell, Company B, junior officer of the guard; Sergeant Peterson, Company L, sergeant of the guard; Sergeant Von Hagen, junior officer of the guard.

Corporals—Mossberg, Company D; Rice, Company C; Collins, Company B.

First Relief—Bunnell, Charvey, Cook, Cohler, Cody, Chalman, Company A; Beck, Wright, Affott, Berringe, Beaudit, Company B; Thorpe, Covnibs, Company C.

Second Relief—Linderberg, C. Swanson, P. Swanson, Sattergren, Company D; tSockstad, Revling, Sodergren, Company C; Thompson, Seavey, Snider, Stores, Turgeson, Somerville.

Third Relief—Thorgeson, Smith, Company E; Kelley, Jones, Hafguard, Hoven, Humpleay, Kenney, Kelley, Company G; Hobarn, Gier, Peap, Company I; Winlerot, Company L.

COMPANY K, TWELFTH.

The Waseca Boys Have Had Enough of Camp Thomas.

Special Correspondence The St. Paul Globe.

CAMP THOMAS, Ga., Aug. 16.—The camp news is not very flush at present. Corporal (Stone Hammer Bill) Reynolds is in the hospital from malaria.

Private Tristed came over to camp Saturday. He was very poor, but we were glad to see what was left of him.

Private Hanson has joined his company. He has been laid up in the hospital with malaria.

The boys were detailed last week for duty at the new camp. They dug some fine sinks and trenches.

Private (Red) Shortall says "D—n the dynamite!" He spent one day last week blasting at the new camp, and has heard the noise ever since.

The boys are all anxious to change camps. When they go to town the people do not treat them as they should. The boys of the Twelfth are all gentlemen. They know enough to resent it, and want to get where people will treat them right.

Cook Bostwick has been given the rank of corporal, and nothing can be done near the cook shanty, for he will jack the person up who does it; in fact he thinks he is the only one.

The boys are all keeping well cleaned. We have a bath house about half a mile from the camp for the Twelfth and Fifth Pennsylvania. It is the best thing in the park.

Privates Clark, McLin, Huff and Oleson are home on furloughs.

A number of the boys of the regiment left camp without passes after pay day. The result is a number of them are in the guard house.

Sergeant Priest returned from a ten-day furlough Sunday, after spending a pleasant visit with his parents in Minneapolis. He had an extension, but it was sent too late to reach him.

The regiment moved Sunday to its new camp, about a mile and a half from Lytle. It is a daisy, and everything is in fine shape.

Company K has been changed. Instead of being the first company in the Third battalion it is the second, Company C taking first place.

Lieut. Sheehan has been acting as adjutant of the Third battalion.

The orders are no drills, but we have had all the time occupied, just the same, with reviews, taking pictures and moving camp.

Saturay the division formed on the field near Chickamauga creek and had the picture taken. Maj. Whitney said it was "a sight for sore eyes."

SOCIETY IS SADDENED.

Red Cross Women Lament the Death of Leslie Padden.

The Red Cross Aid society rooms were saddened yesterday by receipt of the news of the death of Leslie Padden. Mrs. Padden, the boy's mother, has been one of the most faithful of the Red Cross workers and was one of the very first to purchase a badge. Tuesday she was talking to the ladies of her son and her fears for him. At that time he was dead.

The ladies are anxious to establish an information bureau at the rooms and any one having any information to give in regard to the boys at the front are requested to leave the same at the rooms for the benefit of the members of anxious ones who make inquiries every day.

Mrs. McMichael was at the desk yesterday. The Fountain hotel at Yellowstone Park sent in $6.25 from an entertainment given there. Mrs. W. Flint gave $5. Mrs. J. S. Priedmen, $5.

J. C. Fay, of Edgerton, Minn., sent in a box containing supplies. One dozen night shirts were sent to St. Joseph's, and six sets of pajamas.

The ladies hope every one having flower gardens will send blossoms to the sick in the hospitals. They also wish to thank both the Great Western road and Ballard's express for favors. Mrs. Clarence Johnson was in charge of the sewing, assisted by Mrs. Thomas Cochran, Mrs. J. W. Edgerton, Mrs. A. P. Moss, Mrs. Early, Mrs. Flynt, Miss Cora Johnston, Mrs. Cleary.

WOUNDED SIX TIMES.

George Miller, a Colored Soldier, Returns From Santiago.

George Miller, a colored soldier belonging to the Twenty-fifth United States regular infantry, arrived here yesterday and went on the Great Northern coast train to Fort Assiniboine.

Miller was in the front of the firing line at the charge of El Caney, Cuba, and was wounded six times. The news that he was on his way to this city spread among the colored people, and a number of his race received him at the union depot. Miller was in excellent spirits, and laughed when telling of his wounds, several of which he showed to his friends.

"I was first wounded," he said to a reporter for The Globe, "in the calf of the right leg. The bullet passed through it. I did not feel much hurt, and stooped to bandage it, when another bullet came along and struck me beside the first wound. I was bending down to attend to that when another bullet caught me in the back and passed through my lung. That was more serious, and I was about to straighten up when I was hit in the right shoulder. Just as I was thinking I had enough another Mauser hit me in the left foot and carried away four toes. They were taken clean off, as though they had been cut with a knife.

"Although I was wounded six times, I was not in much pain, though no one had to tell me I was hit."

Miller exhibited the scars on his leg. He said he still carries a bullet somewhere in his body, but it does not trouble him.

"The wound in my lung is the only one that bothers me," he said.

Miller is going to recuperate at Fort Assiniboine, and will then rejoin his regiment at Key West.

DEATHS IN THE THIRTEENTH.

The Roll Now Contains the Names of Six Heroes.

Death has taken six men from the Thirteenth Minnesota regiment since it left this city for the Philippines. The death roll to date is as follows:

Corporal William Ray, Company I, Minneapolis, died at Camp Merritt, San Francisco.

Bandmaster Charles H. Watson, died at Honolulu of typhoid fever.

Corporal William Sullivan, Company L, Minneapolis, died at Honolulu.

Musician Frederick Buckland, Company E, St. Paul, died on transport near Manila.

Private Leslie E. Paden, Company E, St. Paul, died at Cavite of typhoid fever.

Musician Archie R. Patterson, Company I, Minneapolis, killed in battle at Manila.

Private Paden resided at 2 Harvester avenue. He was twenty years of age and was employed by the West Publishing company. He was a member of Company E when the Thirteenth was the First regiment, National guard, and was a member of the White Flyer Cycle club. His parents live at 2 Harvester avenue and his brother lives in Montana.

Bandmaster Watson was the organizer and leader of Watson's military band, which achieved fame as the First Regiment band. When the war broke out the members of the band declined to enlist with their leader, who proceeded to organize a new band from the material in the regiment. He succeeded so well that before the regiment left San Francisco the band was recognized as the best at Camp Merritt, and was the favorite organization of the kind in that city. Mr. Watson was taken ill on the City of Para and was left in hospital when the regiment departed for Manila. He died several days later, and was buried there.

Frederick Buckland was an Englishman. He served in the British army, and three years ago enlisted in the Third United States infantry, and was stationed at Fort Snelling. He was bugler of Company E. He received his discharge in April, and started for Duluth, where he expected to enlist in the navy. He missed train connections and returned to St. Paul and enlisted in Company E. He was considered the best bugler in the regiment. He contracted typhoid fever on the transport after leaving Honolulu, and died a day or two before it arrived at Manila.

EARLY ORDERS TO MOVE.

Division Commanders at Camp Thomas Told to Be Ready.

CHICKAMAUGA, Ga., Aug. 18.—This afternoon Gen. Breckinridge, acting under instructions from Washington, issued orders to Gen. McKee, commanding the Second division, and Gen. Sanger, commanding the Third division, to hold their respective regiments in readiness for departure. The camp at Knoxville, Tenn., and that at Lexington, Ky., are being put in proper condition as rapidly as possible. Water pipes are being laid and all the details are expected to be ready within a few days. It is Gen. Breckinridge's opinion that the orders to move camp will be executed during the early part of next week. Gen. McKee's brigade will probably march to Knoxville, a distance of 120 miles.

Gen. Breckinridge arranged this evening for a sham battle to exercise the men beginning at 8 o'clock. Sanger will go out in search of the enemy, which will be the Second division of the Third corps, under Gen. Compton.

NEED MORE WORKERS.

Plenty to Do at the German-American Society's Rooms.

There is no pleasanter place in the downtown district of St. Paul than the present headquarters of the German-American Red Cross society, in Cambridge hall parlors. The society is greatly in need of workers, as the needs of the sick are beginning to be felt in earnest. Yesterday visits were made to St. Luke's and Bethesda hospitals, and when it was found supplies were needed fourteen night shirts, two dozen towels and old linen were sent to St. Luke's, and one-half dozen pajamas and two dozen handkerchiefs to Bethesda.

Mrs. M. Hall and Mrs. G. Stamm were in charge of the work, assisted by Mrs. J. H. Hall, Miss F. M. Shemmel, Miss Lillian Danz, Mrs. George J. Rank, Miss A. Mueller, Mrs. C. Albrecht, Miss Lottie Mueller, Miss Lena Mueller and Mrs. A. Hinsch.

DIRECT FROM MANILA.

Good News for a Number of Minneapolis Families.

The first news direct from the Thirteenth regiment received in Minnesota reached Minneapolis yesterday by cable via Hong Kong. It read as follows:

"Hong Kong, Aug. 18.—Donaldson, Minneapolis: Moth."

A signature was unnecessary, as the receiver knew who sent it. The one word moth meant: "Arrived safely and all are well."

When the message was received by William Donaldson its contents were at once made known to the families of Gen. Wilson, Arthur Law, Chester Simmons, J. C. Woodworth and Mr. Donaldson's own. These families have representatives in the Thirteenth, and had made arrangements before the departure of the troops to have cipher messages sent home. The cablegram, it is presumed, was sent before the fall of Manila.

MAY GET TO CUBA.

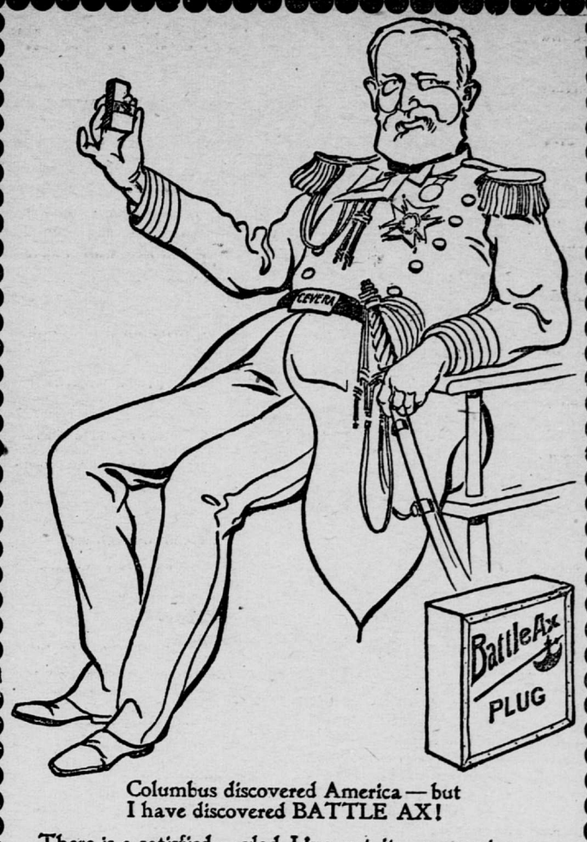
A Chance for the Men of the Twelfth Minnesota.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The Twenty-third Kansas volunteer infantry has been ordered to Santiago, Cuba. This action by the war department indicates that volunteer organizations are to be sent forward. It may be positively stated that Col. Bobleter's regiment, the Twelfth Minnesota, is booked for Eastern Cuba, and will probably be ordered there within a month. It is announced at the war department that no more troops will be sent to the Philippines unless trouble arises between our forces and the insurgents.

Seeking News From Manila.

The news of the battle at Manila has caused many anxious friends of the St. Paul soldiers in the Thirteenth to inquire at the armory for news. It is felt that others besides Capts. Bjornstadt and Seebach were wounded, and a great many called upon Janitor Wylie yesterday and asked him if he had received information concerning the Thirteenth.

Many friends of Capt. Bjornstadt called, and all expressed sorrow that the popular captain of Company H had fallen a victim to the Spanish Mausers.



Columbus discovered America—but I have discovered BATTLE AX!

There is a satisfied—glad I've got it—expression on the faces of all who discover the rich quality of

BattleAx PLUG.

It is an admirable chew fit for an Admiral.

In no other way can you get as large a piece of as good tobacco—for 10 cents.

Remember the name when you buy again.

"TO SAVE TIME IS TO LENGTHEN LIFE," DO YOU VALUE LIFE? THEN USE

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NO MONEY.

Young men suffering from the results of early bad habits; middle-aged men from excesses, and old men rendered useless, are all permanently restored to full vigor and manhood again, by a new system of treatment that completely restores lost vitality. Call or write today.

DR. ALFRED L. COLE
And Council of Physicians,
24 Washington Av. South, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

SOCIAL EVENTS OF A DAY

SUCCESSFUL BENEFIT CONCERT GIVEN AT CONOVER HALL

First Christian Church Will Profit by the Event—Mrs. W. W. Lewis Entertains for Mrs. Dickey—Some Informal Receptions—Mrs. Jennings Gives a Luncheon—Lawn Party at Mrs. Hoffman's.

Conover hall was filled last evening, the occasion being a concert given for the benefit of First Christian church. The Eldredge Zouaves made their first stage appearance, and, despite the fact that the stage was entirely too small for such an exhibition, they made an excellent showing. The Junior orchestra, under Miss Hope, gave the greater part of the programme and was warmly received. Miss Mae Huffsmith, who sang the solo parts in a girls' quintette, displayed a quite remarkable and exceedingly pleasant voice, which, unless it be spoiled by over work, ought to be heard from later.

Miss Esther Swanstorm read; Jessie and Charley Williams, already popular in their negro melodies, sang once and responded to an encore, and Miss Jessie was heard in the last number, "America," with Flossy Emerson in a duet number.

Frank Wilson sang "Isis and Osiris," from Mozart, and Miss Mae Huffsmith was heard a second time in "Fleeting Days."

Mrs. A. B. Bishop was the accompanist.

Mrs. W. W. Wewis of the Euclid View, entertained yesterday afternoon from 2 to 5 for Mrs. Dickey, of West Union, Io. The guests were Mrs. Charles Stewart, Mrs. Howard Hamilton, Mrs. C. D. Andrews, Mrs. A. D. Smith, Mrs. T. B. Kelsey, Mrs. A. E. George, Mrs. Church, Mrs. Johnson. Coffee was served at 4:30. Mrs. Lewis was assisted by Miss Ella Gunsalles and Miss Maud Lewis.

The Misses Rossum entertained informally yesterday for Miss Jones, their guest. There were three rooms devoted to progressive euchre. The decorations were sweet peas.

Mrs. Jennings, of Ashland avenue, entertained eight