FICKLE AUTUMN DAYS.

No Danger In Them If Warner's Safe Cure Is Used.

A chill air and a lowering sky in the morning, a sudden rush of heat in the middle of the afternoon, then a cutting wind after sunset—such is the history of an autumn day in the north temperate zone. This is the weather that threatens not only the avowed invalids, but many who fancy themselves stronger than they are. It strikes them in the back. It stops the free action of the kidneys.

Then come feelings of cold, headache, nervousness, and, worst of all, the grinding, cutting rheumatism which may last for years, defying common remedies, ointments, liniments, etc. The worst of diseases begin in the kidneys, and in the fickle autumn weather the seeds of danger are sown. Avoid the saddest consequences of these uncertain days. Strengthen your kidneys with Warner's Safe Cure.

P. W. Lewis, of Clyde, Ohio, writes:

"I had been confined to the house for months with sciatic rheumatism, not able to get into or out of bed without help, and had despaired of ever being able to walk again. A friend advised me to take Warner's Safe Cure. I told him I had been lame so long I had no hopes of getting well. But a drowning man will grasp at a straw, so I sent for two bottles, and when I had taken them I walked to my barn, with the aid of two canes.

"I got more Warner's Safe Cure, and it served the sciatic rheumatism as Admiral Dewey served the Spanish ships at Manila. It also knocked my old enemy, kidney trouble. I was soon able to dispense with my canes and to go about my business."

The connection between the kidneys and the rheumatism was probably obvious to Mr. Lewis, but it may not be to everybody who reads the story of his recovery. The diseased kidneys, sluggish and incompetent, instead of taking dead tissue from the blood and hurrying it out of the body, acted as a dam. In such a case, with every beat of the heart, the blood is laden with a substance as truly poisonous as arsenic or strychnine. But it is a lingering poison, except when the rheumatism touches the heart; then it kills like lightning.

There is no hope for the rheumatic unless he attend to his kidneys and, by making them sound and strong, rid his system of the enemy. There is more than hope; there is certainty of renewed health in Warner's Safe Cure. Can any fair-minded man, or woman, doubt this, after reading Mr. Lewis' letter?

LAST SESSION HELD

THE CONVENTION OF THE FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS ADJOURNED

MISS JONES VICE PRESIDENT

The Honor of an Election at Large Conferred for the First Time Went to Duluth — Instructive Papers Read — Annual Election a Spirited Affair—Afternoon Occupied by the St. Paul Women.

Staff Special to The St. Paul Globe.

WINONA, Oct. 28.—The Minnesota Federation of Women's Clubs held its final session today, adjourning to meet a year from this date in St. Cloud. From the taking of the informal ballot yesterday there were no indications of the rather sharp contest which developed this morning over the office of vice president at large.

Upon the first ballot Mrs. C. Conant, of Wells, was elected as corresponding secretary and Mrs. Butts, of Stillwater, as treasurer, but no majority had been received for any of the candidates for the vice presidency. Upon the third ballot Mrs. Laura M. Jones, of Duluth, was elected, running over Mrs. Follett, of St. Paul, by five votes. These were the only officers to be chosen this year, but the spirit could not have been livelier had the convention been choosing its whole staff.

On the printed ticket Miss Jones came first, Mrs. J. Crays, of Minneapolis, second; Mrs. Follett, of St. Paul, third, and Mrs. Conant, of Wells, fourth. The first surprise of the morning and the first inkling of what was ahead, came when Mrs. Moliter, of St. Peter, rose and said:

"Madam President, we are to elect these officers this morning and are supposed to cast an intelligent vote. But I, for one, know nothing of the merits of the candidates, and I think there are others who would be glad to know something of the qualifications of the woman who may be called upon to preside at our state meetings. If the discussion will be embarrassing to the candidates, they might withdraw for a brief time."

This speech made spectators sit up straight, and listen with keenest attention to the president, who said in substance:

"It has always been the sense of the federation to shun nominating speeches. They are not beneficial, inasmuch as no member wishes to stand up and expatiate upon the failings of a candidate, and the result is that such speeches run into a series of eulogies inspired by factional motives. Nevertheless, if a motion is made in favor of that most excruciating period—the hour for nominating speeches—I will do my best to bring its intent into effect."

Mrs. Moliter was on her feet instantly to explain her position. She said:

ASKED FOR INFORMATION.

"I do not want a nominating speech, but I want some information in regard to these candidates. For instance, I would like to know how long the several candidates have been in the federation, whether they have served it in any official capacity before, and if so, how long and in what manner and in what capacity. Then I would like to know, too, whether they are fitted to take the position which would devolve upon them in the absence or illness of our president." The last unconscious plea for a nominating speech caused a good laugh, and Miss Evans replied that the first two questions could easily be answered by the recording secretary without embarrassment to the candidates, but the last would bear a dangerous likeness to a campaign speech. It required no small will and tact on the part of the president to keep the speakers from running their remarks into partisan talks, but she succeeded admirably, and yet kept the convention in the best of humor, not a single disagreeable incident occuring throughout the session.

On the first ballot Mrs. Follett led the race by two votes, Miss Jones coming second. The second ballot showed twenty-four votes for each and thirteen for Mrs. Crays, who withdrew her name at this juncture. On the third ballot Miss Jones came out with five winning votes and was declared the first vice president at large of the Minnesota federation.

The women adopted the recommendation to hold a midwinter breakfast and the president was empowered to appoint a committee to fix the date and place of the fete. A motion was also carried in favor of having the federation co-operate with the State Teachers' association in its educational work. The methods of co-operation were to be left to a committee.

There were a number of instructive papers during the morning, but perhaps the one coming with the greatest force to mothers was that by Mrs. J. E. Bell, of Winona, on "What Our Children Shall Read." Mrs. Bell has been carrying on a searching investigation of what the children are reading and she therefore spoke as one having authority. She showed that while girls read more than boys they do not read as good books nor as varied; that the greatest reading age is from twelve to fourteen years; that children are reading too much and not carefully enough, and that they are reading worthless and trashy literature to a detrimental degree. Mrs. Bell believes that it is within the province of the federation to study the courses of literature in our schools and to see that they are made more adaptable to the taste and development of the pupils. In closing she said:

TRUE CULTURE.

"We have as yet no plan for securing in our schools a certain amount of good reading from each pupil. If culture be the acquaintance with all the best that has been said and thought in the world, then to literature and not elsewhere must we look for the means of true culture for our boys, and I believe that the Child-Study Association of Minnesota can propose no nobler task for itself than the arrangement of a fine course in literature—one that shall, as Mathew Arnold says, 'pour out upon all the old stock notions of our boys and girls a stream of fresh and free thought that shall bring joy, courage and aspiration to every one of them.'"

Mrs. Bell's talk elicited much applause.

After lunch, through the courtesy of the Winona clubs, the visiting delegates were taken in carriages for a drive through the city.

The afternoon session was occupied largely by St. Paul women, the exception being the sprightly, entertaining and pointed talk by Mrs. Conant, of Wells, on the Denver biennial. Her report proved that she knew how to act as delegate and was able not only to catch the spirit of a great convention, but to transmit it to her constituents as well.

Mrs. George R. Metcalf read a forcible paper on the value of art in character-building, and Miss Gertrude Stoker, superintendent of drawing in St. Paul public schools, followed with a paper, in which she argued that art, properly adjusted to the crescent mentality of children, will serve as a key to the beauties of nature as well as to her deeper lessons.

The afternoon session was interrupted for five minutes in an effort of the local photographer to get a picture of the delegates. Whether he was successful or not remains to be seen.

The last two papers of the convention were those of Mrs. Chapin, of St. Paul, on the education of our boys, and of Miss Caroline Beaumont, of St. Paul, on "Literature in Art."

The report on standing committees was received from the nominating committee, made up of Mrs. Welch, of Fergus Falls; Mrs. Follett, of St. Paul; Mrs. Ray, of Duluth; Mrs. Terbush, of St. Paul, and Mrs. Cairns, of Minneapolis.

The convention then adjourned for one year.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

..NEW MANHOOD..

New Snap, Vim and Vigor,
New Life and Strength,
New Confidence,
New Memory,
New Business Capacity,
New Pleasures,

Are given to weak men by ELECTRICITY. Dr. Sanden's wonderful body battery in form of a belt is the easiest and most scientific way of applying this life-giving element, and does the work silently but surely while you sleep, as thousands throughout the Northwest can and will testify. If you will favor us with a visit we shall be pleased to give you any information you may desire. If inconvenient to call, send us your name and P. O. address and we will send you free by mail, closely sealed, Dr. Sanden's book,

"THREE CLASSES OF MEN,"

Which contains much that will interest you.

Sanden Electric Co., 233 Nicollet Av., Cor. Washington, Minneapolis, Minn.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays—10 to 12 noon.

The processions today will be towards the polling places. Join the one in your precinct and register.

WILL BE IN THIS MORNING.

Sick Soldiers of the Thirteenth Will Arrive Today.

Col. Roland H. Hartley will arrive in St. Paul this morning with the sick members of the Thirteenth regiment, who came over from Manila on the United States hospital ship Rio Janeiro. The party will arrive over the Omaha at 7:25 a. m., and those living in St. Paul will be taken to their homes at once, and those who live outside the city will be sent to their homes as quickly as possible.

A few, however, will be transferred to one of the St. Paul hospitals for a few days until wholly rested up from the long journey from the other side of the world.

Gov. Clough received a telegram from Col. Hartley yesterday saying that all in his charge were doing well, and standing the journey admirably.

TO WINTER AT WALKER.

Company G, of the Third, Will Bivouac at Leech Lake.

The members of Company G, Third United States infantry, forty in number, remaining at Fort Snelling, leave this morning to join their company at Walker, where they expect to do garrison duty during the winter. They are fully equipped for the winter. They will report to Capt. French, who will have charge of the soldiers in the Indian country.

The hospital at Fort Snelling shows a decided falling off in the number of sick soldiers. Many are leaving that institution, and only a few, with minor complaints, are entering. The wounded soldiers are all improving nicely, most of them being able to be up and about the hospital.

TOWN AND COUNTRY ANNUAL.

Alonzo T. Rand, of Minneapolis, Is Chosen President.

At the annual meeting of the Town and Country club, held at the club house last evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

A. T. Rand, Minneapolis, president; George L. Bunn, St. Paul, vice president; A. T. Rand, secretary; executive committee for three years, W. P. Packer, Minneapolis; B. F. Schurmeier, St. Paul; executive committee for two years, C. W. Gordon, St. Paul; W. F. Booth, Minneapolis; executive committee for one year, John S. Bradstreet, Minneapolis; F. W. M. Cutcheon, St. Paul.

New Corporations Formed.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday with the secretary of state by the Minnesota Laundry company, of St. Paul, with a capital stock of $10,000. W. W. Thomas, S. D. Hanson and H. B. Farwell are named as the incorporators.

The Union Daylight Acetylene Gas company, of Minneapolis, also incorporated yesterday. The capital stock of the new concern is placed at $150,000, with J. S. Lawrence, Frank Meyer and S. E. Robb as the incorporators.

The St. Peter and Paul Polish Roman Catholic society also became a corporate organization yesterday under the laws of the state.

May Promote Koehler.

It is rumored that the vacancy in the office of superintendent of the Mankato normal school caused by the death of Prof. Searing will be filled by the appointment of Charles F. Koehler, at present the head of the department of psychology, civics and social science.

To Discuss the Social Evil.

The Pastoral Union of St. Paul will hold its next monthly meeting Monday morning at 10:30 o'clock in the chapel of Plymouth church. A. J. D. Haupt, pastor of the English Lutheran church, will present a paper on "The Social Evil, and How to Control It."

C. E. Special Trains to New Ulm.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroad, which we have selected as the official route, will run special trains to New Ulm on Friday and Saturday, Oct. 28 and 29, leaving St. Paul at 4:30, Minneapolis at 5 p. m. These trains will be run for exclusive accommodation of the C. E. delegation. It is suggested that all provide themselves with lunches.

Returning, special train will leave New Ulm at 5 a. m., Monday, Oct. 31st, reaching Minneapolis at 7:30, St. Paul at 8 a. m.

Delegates going Thursday will use the 5 p. m. regular train. Depot, Fourth and Broadway. City ticket office, 396 Robert street.

IT'S A GREAT SUCCESS

ANNUAL BAZAR OF THE HOUSE OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD

WILL CONTINUE NEXT WEEK

The Management Has Arranged for the Shelter of the Soldiers of the Fourteenth in Cretin Hall Until the Close of the Fair—Political Contests Exciting — Over 2,000 Attendance Nightly.

By moving the soldiers from Market hall to Cretin hall for a day or two the managers of the House of the Good Shepherd fair have arranged to continue it into next week. This afternoon there will be a matinee at 2 o'clock, the colored cake walk, which has won so much favor with the public. This bazaar has without any doubt been the handsomest thing of its kind ever seen in St. Paul. It has been more ambitious than most ventures of this kind and more successful. Over 2,000 people have visited Market hall each evening. The pretty booths with their colored lights, handsome furnishings and charming attendants have attracted admiration and custom. There has been so great a demand for tea and coffee that the hot water supply gave out and the patronage at the soda fountain last evening was so pressing there was a mild explosion during the evening, and a stream of soda poured joyously out into the crystal depths of Lake Como and caused a stampede among the Japanese girls in St. Luke's booth.

The living pictures have been everything that's lovely and artistic in life and art. They more than came up to their advance notices and both Miss Sturgis and Mr. Stem should be given great credit for the smoothness and attention to detail with which they were arranged.

The cake walk was, of course, a popular side issue. It was given each evening in the hall at the rear of the main auditorium and had an especial orchestra and a catchy programme of popular songs and dances came before the walk.

Last evening the Fort Snelling band was in attendance in the main hall and curiosity as to the appearance of the men who had been to Cuba and back, rivaled appreciation of the music.

Quantities of articles have been sold on chance during the week, and the two political contests have been watched with a lively interest. There have been some spirited contests as the vote shows. The scores last night were:

For sheriff, Wagener, 170; Irish, 155.
For county attorney, Bigelow, 269; Oppenheim, 259.
For judges, Bunn and Michael, 150; Willrich and Jaggard, 160.

The following ladies have been in charge of booths of the Cathedral parish:

Mrs. M. Doran, Mrs. Frank Seymour, Miss Doran, Miss Donnelly, Mrs. J. J. Watson, Mrs. A. H. Rogers, Mrs. Prendergast, Miss Nettie Prendergast. At the candy booth are Miss Sadie O'Brien, Miss May Foley, Mrs. Mathew Murphy, Miss May Murray.

St. Luke's—Mrs. James Dore, Mrs. Kelly, Misses Kelly and others.

St. Joseph's—Mrs. Perkins, Mrs. Daniel Lawler, Mrs. Roger Kennedy, Mrs. Shea, Miss Stewart and others of the parish. Mrs. J. B. Frey is in charge. In connection there is a tea room, where Miss Sturgis is assisted by a number of young ladies. This booth has a fortune-teller among its attractions. Miss Belle Owens impersonates the Moorish gypsy.

St. Mary's—Mrs. B. A. Cox is in charge, assisted by Mrs. Campbell, Mrs. Daniel Foley, Mrs. J. Rogers, Miss Kaine, Miss Brice, Miss McGroty and Miss O'Brien.

St. Patrick's—Mrs. C. McDearth, Mrs. George Christler, Mrs. D. McCauley, Miss Gebbons, Miss McCauley, Miss Quinlan, Miss Moore.

ARION'S CONCERT AND BALL.

It Will Be Given Tonight at Mozart Hall.

A concert and ball will be given this evening by the Arion Singing society at Mozart hall. The concert will mark the first appearance of the ladies' chorus, and under the direction of John S. Grode, the following programme will be produced:

"The Heart on the Rhine".....Edw. Schulz
Arranged by B. Mitlacher.
Mixed chorus and trio by the Misses Kate Heidenreich and Amalia Schmidt and Frances Gerlach.
a. "Butterfly" ....E. Grieg
b. Capricco, op. 19..... .....N. Gade
Piano solo, Miss Hildegarde Rentz.
"Why Are Roses Red?" .....Claude Melnotte
Soprano solo, Mrs. Julia Schumacher.
"The Two Song" ....Jan Gall
Ladies' Chorus.
"Serenade in the Morning" .....J. Witt
Male chorus, quartette, tenor and baritone solos—Quartette, Messrs. George Gerlach, Henry Schumacher, Henry Knaff and Anth. Frank.
Solos, George Gerlach and Henry Knaff.
"The Own Heart" .....Fr. Abt
Male chorus, tenor and baritone solos, Messrs. Fred Bender and William Hartmann.
"Dream of Love" ....Charles Merley
Contralto solo, Miss Elizabeth Simmer.
"Spinner's Song" ....C. Attenhofer
Ladies' chorus, with solos, the Misses Elizabeth Lux, Christiana and Elizabeth Simmer.
Comic Sketch—"The Drummer"....R. Heinze
Hummel, merchant .. ..Jacob Simmer
Bummel, drummer. .....M. F. Gardner
"Nightingale and Rose" (waltz)—
Carl Lehnert
Mixed chorus.

TO PROTECT GATES.

Halloween Pranks Will Be Closely Watched by the Police.

Mayor Kiefer yesterday issued the usual order to the police relative to Halloween night, and Chief Goss in turn notified the captains and lieutenants at the several stations to take steps to prevent any mischief and nuisance being committed by boys and others Monday evening.

The day relief at each station are ordered to report for duty Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Three Crews Catching Dogs.

Inspector Saintong, who has charge of the capturing and killing of unlicensed dogs, reports $3,910 collected up to date from licenses. The number of dogs drowned at the pound is 560. Three crews of dog catchers are now at work.

A Perfect Infant Food

Gail Borden Eagle Brand Condensed Milk

A PERFECT SUBSTITUTE FOR MOTHERS MILK. FOR 40 YEARS THE LEADING BRAND.

"INFANT HEALTH" SENT FREE.

N.Y. CONDENSED MILK CO. NEW YORK.

ONE JUDGE DISSENTS

SUPREME COURT SPLITS ON A CASS COUNTY POLITICAL FIGHT

MAJORITY IS REPUBLICAN

But Justice Buck Will Not Assent to a Decision Which Continues Appointive Officers Over Two Years of Service, in Spite of the Intent of the Constitution to Have Such Offices Elective.

The supreme court yesterday discharged the order to show cause in the case of J. Spencer against C. E. Griffith, county auditor of Cass county. The case was brought by Spencer to compel Auditor Griffith to give his name a place on the county ticket, as he has been nominated by the Populists of the county as a member of the board of county commissioners.

The present commissioners were appointed by Gov. Clough in 1897, when Cass county was organized, and protested to Auditor Griffith against this as they were appointed for a term of four years, by virtue of chapter 9, general laws of 1897, under which the county was organized.

The court in its opinion says that the law requires the county officers ordinarily and usually to be elected by the people; that the legislature cannot provide for passing by a general election and allowing an appointed county officer to hold over beyond such an election and to the next election, unless there be some substantial reason for it, which the legislature in its discretion may deem sufficient.

The court holds that such a reason exists. Owing to the sparse settlement of the county and the newness of the county organization it would not be provident to attempt to disturb the present county organization.

The syllabus is as follows:

J. Spencer, plaintiff, vs. C. E. Griffith, as county auditor of the County of Cass, Minn., defendant.

Sec. 4 of art. 9 of the constitution requires county officers to be ordinarily and usually elected by the people, and the legislature cannot provide for passing by a general election and allowing appointed officers to hold over to the next succeeding election unless there is some substantial reason therefor.

But, held, when a sparsely settled unorganized county is first organized, there may be such a reason in the fact that it will take nearly all of that time to organize the county government and get it into fair working order. Order to show cause discharged.

—Canty, J.

Judge Buck, however, takes another view of the subject and dissents from the opinion of the other members of the court in the following language:

I dissent. The law under consideration is contrary to the spirit, if not the plain terms of the constitution. It is in direct conflict with the general laws of the state upon matters of this kind. The doctrine that because a county is sparsely settled justifies the adoption of such a rule as laid down in the majority opinion, is, in my opinion, repugnant to all the rules of interpretation and construction. Cass county has 800 voters and several thousand inhabitants, who are capable of organizing a county government in due form and in as short a time as a county with greater population.

LOWER RATE OF INTEREST

SUPT. PENDERGAST THINKS IT WOULD ENCOURAGE SCHOOLS

State School Fund Could Be Used Advantageously Where Money Is Now Being Borrowed Outside.

State Superintendent of Schools Pendergast is of the opinion that the state should loan its school fund, for the purpose of assisting country school districts to build new school houses, at a much lower rate of interest than that now prevailing. He is quite emphatic in his views on this subject, as a recent trip around the state disclosed several cases where the school district had gone outside of the state to borrow money, first, because the state's rate of interest was higher than that offered elsewhere, and secondly because of the limitations in the amount which can be secured by a district.

"You see," said Mr. Pendergast discussing the matter with The Globe yesterday, "there is scarcely any Western security which is considered better than school district bonds. Many of our towns desire to borrow money with which to put up a new brick house. If the building is to cost three or four thousand dollars and is in a town of less than a thousand people, sufficient money cannot be secured from the state to carry out the desires of the people, and as a natural consequence outside money is negotiated for, and secured, while the state's money lies idle in the treasurer's vaults without earning anything. Indeed, I have known of several cases of late where the loans secured outside the state were at a much lower rate of interest than that charged by the state. The state charges 5 per cent interest on all loans to rural school districts, and for a district whose assessed valuation is $50,000 a loan not exceeding 3 per cent on a real property valuation is issued by the state. This limit ought certainly to be increased, and at the same time the rate of interest decreased materially, say to 3 per cent. This would result in an untold blessing to the state. It would stimulate every school district in the state which is in the least progressive to build a new school house, and our school fund, which largely lies idle, could be safely and profitably utilized, and its benefits in an educational way would continue to accrue to the state for many years to come. These loans run twenty years and not less than five years. The state would receive interest during all this time, and at the same time build up the educational system of the state in a way which could only reflect honor upon the commonwealth in the future.

"If the state wishes to encourage the building of good school houses throughout the rural and thriving towns, it should meet the present conditions and fix a rate of interest which will not be quite so high. Even now Minnesota has evidenced a most progressive spirit in the building of new schools and it is reputed among educators that we have on our Western prairies more brick rural school buildings than any other state in the Union. There is nothing which the state can do which will tend to give Minnesota a better name and elevate our standard of education more than progressive movement in this direction.

"Many of the school district boards all over the state are now figuring on putting up new school houses in the spring. That is the time of the year when a vast per cent of the school buildings are constructed. The next legislature should revise this law, and I think they will, as it will work no hardship on any one and will, as a matter of fact, eventually result in a greater annual earning of the permanent school fund as invested in these securities throughout Minnesota."

Daylight is ahead. Help hasten it along by registering today.

Schoolmasters to Dine.

"The Schoolmasters' club" will banquet in the ordinary at the Ryan hotel this evening at 6:30 p. m. Following the spread the society will discuss "How Can the Schoolmaster and the Citizen Get Together?" The discussion will be led by President C. L. Sawyer, of Minneapolis.

RUN DOWN OR BROKEN DOWN?

A Society Woman and Her Watch Suggest a Pertinent Physical Parallel.

A lady went to a famous New York watchmaker the other day and said her watch had broken down. The watchmaker opened the watch, adjusted his eye-glass and carefully examined the works. He smiled as he shut the case, wound the watch, set it and handed it back to its owner.

"Why, what was wrong?" she asked. "What did you do?" as with the watch at her ear she listened in pleased surprise to its regular beat. "It was just run down, and I wound it up, that was all," answered the watchmaker.

There is all the difference in the world between being broken down and run down. But it usually takes the skill of the specialist to determine the difference.

There are thousands of women just in the condition of that watch. They are all run down, but they make the mistake of thinking that they are broken down, and their condition is often aggravated by their fears. It often happens, however, that the complex symptoms of feminine diseases appear in the patient's judgment just as critical as the stopped watch. It is simply a "run down" condition, and this run down condition in woman means that the vital forces are about exhausted. The woman, unable to care for the family or attend to her household duties, is as incapable of play as she is of work, is in constant pain, and feels that life is about to end, and that she is completely broken down. Many thousands of just such women have come to Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce is a specialist in the diseases of women, and his more than 30 years' experience has enabled him to say to many a suffering woman: "You are not broken down. You are just run down. Your whole life will run on again in its divinely appointed way when the main spring which dominates it is once more regulated and enabled to exercise its inherent and proper function."

The sufferings borne by women in which men have no part or lot, and of the pains and pangs of which they are ignorant, are chiefly related to those organs which are distinctively feminine. Thus the "run down" condition of woman can oft-times be traced to the irregular periods which beginning in maidenhood culminate in the unpleasant and debilitating drains of wifehood. Then come the strain and drain of frequently repeated motherhood, and with it, ulcerations, inflammations, displacements of internal organs and bearing down pains. The nerve force has almost entirely departed. There is no more conjugal happiness and no more courage to face the obligations of maternity. The desponding mind of the prospective mother keeps a fearful watch on the dial which marks off the months and the days. She shrinks from her coming anguish. The little life knit up with hers is already being blighted by her nervousness and gloomy forebodings, and surely handicapped in the race of life. This condition has been met in a wonderful way by Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It quickly allays inflammations, cures ulcerations and builds up the nerve centers. The wife instead of nervously pacing the house wringing her hands in dread of the approaching day of pain, now sits and sews in happy preparation, her fingers sometimes falling idly to her lap, as she drifts into smiling reverie, and already imagines the tug of the tiny fingers and the pressure of the tender lips upon her bosom, swelling with motherly pride and happiness.

Such a transformation seems wonderful. It is wonderful. Yet it is as true as it is wonderful. A half million of women have testified to these facts; women who have been freed from pain and suffering and been restored to the full measure of enjoyment which belongs to the happy duties of wife and mother. Some few of these women tell their story in the following testimonials:

"I thank God for such remedies as your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' for myself and friends honestly believe that had it not been for these wonderful medicines I would today be in my grave," writes Miss Laura Brooks, of Clinch, Hancock county, Tenn. "I am sure that I could not have lived many days in the condition I was in at the time I first consulted you. I was only praying to die and be free from pain. I was simply a shadow and we had tried almost everything, when, through a friend, I was advised to write to you, which I did, thinking all the while that it was only foolishness to think that such a case as mine could be cured. But I do not think so today. After the first week's treatment, just as you prescribed, I felt like another woman and I hardly believed that such could be when the first period was passed without pain. I continued the treatment until I had used about seven bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' and some of the 'Discovery,' and now I am a well woman. I would have given any amount if I had had it, just for the rest it has already given me—rest from pain. I never know when the periods are coming on now, as I am free from pain, and during the time I feel just as well as at any time, and am never confined to my room as I once was. I can eat anything I want and can work at any kind of work. Everybody who knows me thinks it wonderful that I am not sick any more. I thank God for this friend of women, this blessed 'Favorite Prescription.' I can never tell you how I thank you, dear Doctor, for your kind advice and for your kind, good, fatherly letters to me."

"What a difference in the suffering at time of childbirth when Dr. R. V. Pierce's medicines are used," writes Mrs. Edmon Jacobs, of Bargersville, Johnson Co., Ind. "I had not heard of Dr. Pierce's medicine three years ago, when I was expecting to be confined, so had to suffer almost death. Before baby was born I could not be on my feet without two persons holding me. The baby was a boy weighing nine and three-quarter pounds, and for some weeks after his birth I suffered severe pain. Following the advice of a neighbor last fall my husband bought me two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets and one bottle of his 'Favorite Prescription,' which I took during the winter, and in March, 1898, I gave birth to a baby boy weighing ten and three-quarter pounds. I was only in labor two hours and was on my feet without help until thirty minutes before my baby was born. He is now three months old and weighs nineteen pounds. I know it was Dr. Pierce's medicine that saved me from suffering. I advise all women to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, also his 'Pleasant Pellets,' if necessary. I would not be without them."

What a change from darkness to daylight these histories tell! All this change occurred in the privacy of the home, without indelicate questionings, offensive examinations and disagreeable local treatments so obnoxious to modest-minded women. If afflicted, you are cordially and courteously invited to write to Dr. Pierce and tell him your condition. There is no charge for this consultation by letter. You get a specialist's advice absolutely free. Every letter is treated as private communication between physician and patient, and every statement is held in the most sacred confidence. Write without fear as without fee.

RUN DOWN OR BROKEN DOWN.

Remember that Dr. Pierce is a graduated physician, whose reputation stands side by side with his thirty years' experience. It is well to keep this in mind, because people are often invited to write to "doctors" who are doctors in name only, having no right to the professional title. The feelings of women are often played upon, also, by those who invite them to "write to a woman and secure a woman's sympathetic advice." What a "run down" woman needs is sound medical advice and not mere sisterly sympathy. There is not, so far as we know, any graduated woman physician connected with any proprietary medicine. There is certainly no woman in any such position who, like Dr. Pierce, has given thirty years of active practice to the treatment of female disorders, thus affording women the practical sympathy of real help and sound healing.

Every invalid woman should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription contains no alcohol, whisky or other intoxicant. It is also free from opium and narcotics, and contains neither sugar nor syrup. Without any of these it preserves its remedial value indefinitely in any climate.

Medicine dealers, everywhere, sell Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. See that you get the genuine. The imitations imitate the appearance only. They cannot imitate its thirty years' record of cures. Look the dishonest dealer straight in the eye and ask him if his imitation substitute which he is trying to foist upon you has a thirty years' record of cures behind it. Insist upon having a remedy with a record.

The best book for any woman, single or married, in the spring of life or in its summer or autumn, is Dr. R. V. Pierce's great work on physiology and hygiene, "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is medical science freed of all its technical phrases, and stripped of all its mystifying verbiage. It is the story of life, told in strong and simple language. It appeals to young and old alike. It appeals to the heart as well as to the mind, and to the soul, which is over all. It is the plain, practical language of common sense applied to the facts of physiology, the natural relation of the sexes, the hygiene of the home. This great book of 1008 pages and over 700 illustrations is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps (to defray the charge of mailing only) for the paper-covered edition. The heavier cloth-bound edition costs ten stamps more. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

A vote for the Democratic ticket means a vote for those pledged to the support of the schools. Register today and be in a position to cast your ballot.

A $7.00 BOOK of EUGENE FIELD'S POEMS.

Handsomely Illustrated by thirty-two of the World's Greatest Artists.

Given Free to each person interested in subscribing to the Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund. Subscribe any amount desired. Subscriptions as low as $1.00 will entitle the donor to this handsome volume (cloth bound, 8x11) as a souvenir certificate of subscription to fund. Book contains a selection of Field's best and most representative works and is ready for delivery.

But for the noble contribution of the world's greatest artists this book could not have been manufactured for less than $7.50.

The Fund created is divided equally between the family of the late Eugene Field and the Fund for the building of a monument to the memory of the beloved poet of childhood. Address

Eugene Field Monument Souvenir Fund

180 Monroe St., Chicago.

(Also at Book Stores.)

If you also wish to send postage, enclose 10 cents.

Mention this paper, as ad. is inserted as our contribution.