ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MR. M'CARDY'S IDEAS

HE SUBMITS HIS ANNUAL DOSE TO THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

HINTS FOR LEGISLATORS

Revision of Tax Laws Is Suggested, With a Half-Indorsement of the Torrens System of Land Transfers—Economy in Expenses His Main Theme—Remove the Workhouse From Como.

Comptroller McCardy came to the front at the regular meeting of the conference committee yesterday afternoon with a number of suggestions. The committee had approved the minutes of the last meeting without reading, had accepted the monthly reports from the reveral departments also without reading and the motion had been made to adjourn when the comptroller interrupted long enough to read the following:

Now since the election is over and everybody is satisfied (more or less), and as the legislature will soon meet, it will be well to consider some matters of a general and special nature which might possibly receive legislative attention.

An attempt was made at the last session of the legislature to codify and revise the general laws regarding taxation. The tax laws have been amended from time to time and decisions rendered which make the present system very complex, and in some cases very unjust. Our delegation should use every effort to see that a commission is appointed to take this matter up. I do not believe, nor does any one believe who knows anything about the matter, that it is wise or prudent to have laws which require the county to pay 17 per cent interest; yet, such is the case. Under the present law, should a tax sale for any reason be set aside on account of informality or irregularity in any manner, the holders of certificates purchased at such sale are entitled to the return of their money from the county, together with 10 per cent per annum. Upon receiving from the county auditor a warrant on the treasurer for the sum due, and upon presenting the same for payment, should there not be money in the treasury applicable to the payment of this warrant, it is the duty of the treasurer to stamp the warrant with a statement that there are no funds applicable to the payment of the warrant, and from that day it draws interest at 7 per cent per annum until paid. Ramsey county has at the present time over $20,000 of such warrants outstanding. This was brought about by an outrageous blunder of the county authorities in tax proceedings regarding the sale of delinquent taxes for the year 1892, they having failed to comply with the law in designating a newspaper in which to publish the delinquent tax list.

Another matter that ought to receive the attention of the legislature would be that of simplifying and reducing the expenses in the transfer of real estate. Our Canadian neighbors are much ahead of us in this. They adopted what is generally known as the "Torrens system" of transfer, which reduce the expenses of transfer to a minimum and very materially facilitates the handling of real estate.

While speaking of county matters, there are some other lines in which the expenses of the county could be reduced. It may not be generally known that under a special law Ramsey county pays its coroner $3,500 per annum, the same amount that the city of St. Paul pays to its comptroller. Another item of interest is that while the city of St. Paul pays 96 per cent of the operating expenses of Ramsey county, it has no voice in regulating those expenses.

The law also should be amended so far as the city of St. Paul is concerned, so that the assessments for local improvements would be placed upon the tax duplicates and collected by the county treasurer at the same time that general taxes are collected. The present seriously jeopardizes the title to property which is liable at any time to be swept away from the owner practically without notice. Several instances have occurred recently where the title to property worth many thousands of dollars has been seriously affected by sprinkling assessment of less than five dollars. It is an injustice which the legislature should remedy.

Before many years it will be necessary to remove the workhouse from its present location. It occupies part of the grounds of Como park, and while it cannot be removed at present, the matter should be considered for the future. It is a serious problem as to what is best to be done with some of the inmates of the workhouse in the way of keeping them employed, and I think it would be a good idea to consider the removal of the workhouse to the grounds occupied by the almshouse, and put both institutions under the control of the workhouse board. Instead of hiring labor to run the farming operations at the poor farm, which consists of 160 acres, this labor could be performed by the workhouse authorities. The average number of inmates of the almshouse during the year 1897, was seventy-three per day. They were maintained at a per capita cost of $2.72 per week. Both institutions could be run under one management, thereby saving considerable money. It is perhaps not out of place to remark here, that it would be a good thing for the tax payers if the prisoners in the county jail, for whose board $3.25 per week is paid, were boarded at the work house, where a prisoner's board costs less than 75 cents per week. Even at this rate of 75 cents per week, last year after taking an account of stock, it was found that about 6,000 pounds more of prisoner had been discharged than had been received at the work house.

Any one who has traveled about the city recently has not failed to observe many signs of improvement. Many new houses have been built this summer and an unusually large number have been painted. There are 86,980 names in the directory and the population of the city is increasing, as may be inferred from the fact that there are but few vacant houses.

There are some public improvements needed, but first of all in the public schools. It is necessary to have three or four new school buildings, also to have considerable repairs to a number of the present school buildings. I do not think it is fair or just to require the present generation to pay for all the improvements that are needed at the present time, and therefore suggest that provisions should be made for issuing a limited amount of bonds for such extensive permanent repairs and new buildings as are absolutely necessary. And while matters pertaining to public schools are being considered, it would be wise in my judgment to inaugurate a system that would provide free text books in the public schools.

The application for judgment for assessment in the Phalen park case, having been denied by the district court, is now in the supreme court. There would probably not have been much objection to acquiring this park, had it not been for the excessive valuation that was allowed the owners of the land taken for this purpose. The property was fairly worth one-third of the amount allowed. A great many of our citizens believe that the decision of the district court was right, and hope it will be affirmed by the higher court. There is no question but what this park should be acquired by the city, but at a reasonable market value. If, therefore, the lower court is sustained, I think it would be wise for the city immediately to take the necessary steps to acquire this property at a fair market value. I also think that the cost thereof should be borne by the city at large. I do not believe that because a man owns a lot immediately adjoining the proposed park that it is benefited for anything like the sum that has been charged up in many cases under the present assessment, but I do believe that a public park is for the benefit of the whole city, and should be paid for by the whole city, just as was Como park.

In distributing and rearranging the electric lights throughout the city, there should be a rule adopted by the common council to the effect that there should be no gas or gasoline lamp nearer than 250 feet from any arc light, and the arc lights should be arranged at a reasonable distance from each other. For six months this year, at one place at least, in the city, there were three arc lights within a radius of seventy-five feet.

The Market house ought to be painted the same color as are the fire engine houses, and then no advertising signs allowed thereon only of such style as permitted by the city.

The city ought to take the necessary steps to acquire by condemnation the triangular block bounded by Fifth, Market and Washington streets. On this block (which is at the north end of the new postoffice) there is a small two-story brick building. This space is needed for public purposes, and can be acquired at the present time for a less price than any time in the future.

Some of the franchises given by ordinance and law will soon expire, and a policy should be outlined by which when these franchises are renewed, if renewed at all, that the city will derive a revenue therefrom. It has been said on this subject in other cities "that the entire capital stock of the companies fairly represent the value of their franchises, and that their bonded indebtedness represents the outlay for their plants." And that rule applies to St. Paul also. Certainly the amount of the bonded indebtedness of some of these companies would be sufficient to duplicate all their plants and leave their capital stock to represent what the city has parted with for little or nothing. In granting franchises, the city should never lose absolute control over them in order that they may be operated for the convenience and comfort of the public. What sense is there in the street car company having the car steps so high that it is a very great inconvenience for many of its patrons to climb into them. It is an outrage on a long-suffering public that such inconveniences should be permitted. Who owns these cars, anyway? There is no name on them.

President Wheelock, of the park board, as soon as the comptroller had finished reading his suggestions, stated that he concurred with all of them. In particular about the removal of the workhouse from Como park. It was not necessary to undertake this step just at present, but in the course of a few years it would have to be done.

At the present time the workhouse board had decided that the park board could not restrict them to fifteen acres, but insisted on using the entire forty acre tract for a workhouse farm.

As to the Phalen park, Mr. Wheelock said it would be an outrage if the city should lose the chance to secure the tract for a park. The future need of the city demanded that it be secured. The high valuation of the property taken by the park board for Phalen had undoubtedly caused the kick from the people. The park, he stated, should be paid for by the people at large, the same as Como park was paid for, and no particular district assessed.

Some one suggested that the suggestions of the comptroller be referred to a committee from the conference committee and the committees on legislation from the aldermen and assembly.

City Treasurer Horst said four months ago a similar report had been made by the comptroller and committees appointed to consider it. He had not heard anything from these committees and suggested that the gentlemen who were appointed at that time could handle this report of the comptroller.

President Zimmermann, of the school board, insisted that some active members of the conference committee be appointed to consider the question of school buildings. New buildings were needed, as 65 per cent of the primary pupils were attending school only half days.

The parochial schools were taking care of more children than they should, simply because the public schools could not do it. Two or three big new buildings were needed. It was useless to construct small school buildings, as it cost just as much to run them as large ones.

City Engineer Rundlett volunteered the information that a bill was now being prepared by the legal representatives of Minneapolis, Duluth and St. Paul which would provide for a one mill levy for new school buildings. This would give St. Paul about $90,000 for this purpose.

Mayor Kiefer announced that he would name the committee from the conference committee at another time and would take the suggestion of President Zimmermann into consideration and appoint active men.

President Arosin, of the fire board, wanted a committee appointed to consider the purchase of new police alarm system.

Comptroller McCardy advised that the purchase be postponed until after the session of the legislature at which some action, he said, would be taken which would place the police alarm and the fire alarm systems in the charge of one man.

The motion of Mr. Arosin to have a committee of three appointed to inspect and report on the system now in use, was carried and the mayor will name the trio.

To the Good Roads Meeting.

Gov. Clough yesterday announced the appointment of the following delegates to the national good roads convention, which will be held in St. Paul Nov. 21 to 23: J. L. Drawz, editor Staples World; T. J. Nary, Walker; S. L. Frazier, Verndale, W. H. Phipps, St. Paul, and Capt. C. Kelly, Ellis.

New Pest House Caretaker.

Health Commissioner Stone has appointed John Johnson as the caretaker in charge of the pest house. Johnson, who is a resident of the Second ward, succeeds Mrs. E. Stickland. The salary is $35 per month.

Cheap Homeseekers' Excursions to the South

Are run twice every month by the Wisconsin Central Lines; tickets are good for stop over in Land Seekers' Territory south of the Ohio river. For particulars call at City Ticket Office, 373 Robert, St. Paul, Minn.

Y. M. C. A. ENTERTAINMENT COURSE

STUDENT'S TICKET....3:30 Matinee Only.

GOOD FOR ONE ADMISSION AT
CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
For Redpath Grand Concert Co.,
Singing for the first time in St. Paul the famous London and New York Success.
In a Persian Garden
TUESDAY, NOV. 15, 1898. TICKETS, 20 CENTS.

Upon Presentation at Y. M. C. A. of ticket like above and payment of 80 cents, any School or College Student in St. Paul is entitled to a Course Ticket admitting to the remaining 9 Concerts and Lectures.....

SOUTHALL ON TRIAL

SPECIFIC INDICTMENT CHARGES HIM WITH OBTAINING $880 FROM D. M. EMMONS

BY SELLING TIME CHECKS

Most of the Day Spent in Obtaining a Jury—One of the Twelve, Michael Spittle, Taken Sick, Causing a Delay—Few Witnesses on Either Side, So the Case Will Not Take Long.

James H. Southall looked some ten years younger when he took his seat behind his attorney yesterday morning and prepared for his trial than he did on the morning in March last when Marshal O'Connor landed him at the door of the county jail. When he was arrested he was haggard and careworn. He said he was glad the end had come, and that he was no longer under the strain that he had been under from the time when he knew that his affairs were being talked about. At the time of his arrest he wore a not very symmetrically trimmed black beard, his face was lined and his manner was nervous. Yesterday morning when he arrived at the court house his chin was clean shaven, his face gave no evidence of mental strain and he was carefully clothed. When he sat down among the lawyers in Judge Brill's court, a stranger would have easily passed him over in trying to pick out the defendant.

He watched the proceedings very closely all day. At no time did he give any evidence of being nervous, and it was very plain that he proposed to use all of the powers of his keen brain in assisting his counsel, George M. Nelson. He at times leaned over and talked to Mr. Nelson. Generally, he sat with his left elbow on the attorneys' table and caressed his generously large nose. He watched the jurymen as they were called and prompted some of the questions and always had something to say about the time a challenge was due. If Mr. Southall is convicted, it will not be because he will not help himself.

PAPER HELD BY EMMONS.

There was no progress made in the trial beyond the securing of a jury. The specific indictment upon which Southall was arraigned charged him with secuing from David M. Emmons, on July 14, 1897, the sum of $880 by fraudulent means in selling him what purported to be a number of time checks for moneys said to be due men employed on government work. The indictments set forth specifically the text of the checks and their number. The checks range in apparent value from $46 to $80 and are supposed to be issued out of the office of the government engineer for work done on the Mississippi river. They are all dated June 30, 1897.

The state alleged that, at the time the checks were issued by Southall, that the defendant was not in the employ of the United States and had no right to issue any due bills. He is indicted for grand larceny in the first degree.

County Attorney Anderson was in the chair of the prosecutor and behind him sat the prosecuting witness, Mr. Emmons. The latter is said to have a considerable collection of the Southall time checks. He was a very deeply interested observer of the proceedings, but took no part in what was going on but to reply occasionally to a pleasantry from the county attorney. When the first juror was called, the court room was only fairly filled, as though people knew that the work of getting a jury would be without incident.

GETTING A JURY.

So it turned out. There were about fifty men called and there was no contention between the lawyers over their merits. The candidates for the box were called one at a time and examined as to their qualifications, those who passed being sent into the jury box and the others being excused from further attendance at the trial. There were about fifty jurors called in all, a special venire having been issued for thirty-five of them. Most of the examing was done by the counsel for the defense.

The questions addressed to the jurors were in all cases the same, going to the age, occupation and residence of the candidate, then into the general qualifications. Nearly all of the jurymen had read of the case and most of them had formed an opinion, which it would take some evidence to change. They were challenged for general disqualification and excused. By the time the tenth juryman was in the box the defense had exhausted the five challenges allowed and the last two men were had without trouble.

The first man to go into the box was Jeremiah Reardon, who knew nothing about the case and had formed no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the defendant. During the forenoon he was joined by three others, William R. Spangler, Charles W. Mathes and Michael Spittle. The latter was cheerfully accepted by both sides. He is an old man, a shipbuilder, and his eyesight has failed to such an extent that he has given up reading the papers. He knew absolutely nothing of the case. About noon he was taken ill and had to go home before the day closed.

SICK JUROR CAUSES DELAY.

In the afternoon the rest of the jurors were secured without difficulty. They were W. P. Milan, Thos. Malone, E. J. Rauk, Jos. A. Maloney, R. W. Richmond, Peter W. Nelson, P. F. Scanlon and E. J. Sharp. The last one went into the box just before 4 o'clock, but the trial could not proceed as the sick man, who had gone home, had been sworn in as one of the twelve. It was agreed by the attorneys that an adjournment might be taken until this morning with the understanding that if Spittle was too ill to sit through the trial another juror would be taken in his place.

The trial will probably be a brief one, as there are but three witnesses of importance for the state, James Du Shane, John Q. Swenson and David M. Emmons. The form of the defense is not outlined, but they will call very few witnesses.

There are four more indictments standing against Southall, but it is likely that the state will stand or fall upon the one upon which the defendant is now being tried. They all charge the same crime of grand larceny, and in case of a conviction the penalty might be ten years' imprisonment in each case.

JAMES H. SOUTHALL.

WARDS WILL BE ALONE.

Health Commissioner's New Plan for the Removal of Dead Animals.

At the meeting of the board of aldermen to be held this evening Health Commissioner Stone will submit specifications for the collection and removal of garbage and dead animals for the year 1899.

The specifications will be practically the same as this year, with the exception that the eleven districts will each consist of one ward. This year, owing to the desire to save in the price of the contracts, the outlying districts in the First, Second, Fifth, Sixth, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh wards were not included in the area where garbage and dead animals were collected.

This caused considerable trouble, as the contractors in the districts mentioned refused to go outside the lines laid down in the specifications to remove dead animals.

By having each district bounded by the ward lines for next year this difficulty will be overcome.

WILL BE SOLD AT HAMLINE

AMERICAN HEREFORD CATTLE BREEDERS' FAT STOCK EXHIBIT

It Was to Be Made and Sold at Kansas City, but Minnesota Men Secured the Transfer of the Sale to the Coming State Fair.

The American Hereford Cattle Breeders' association, one of the wealthiest and most influential live stock organizations in this country, met at the Sherman house in Chicago on Thursday of last week. The association voted special premiums to be given for pure bred Hereford cattle at the Minnesota state fair of 1899, as follows:

	1st. Prem.	2d. Prem.	3d. Prem.
Bull, 3 years old or over	$14 00	$8 00	$4 00
Bull, 2 years old and under 3	14 00	8 00	4 00
Bull, 1 year old and under 2	12 00	8 00	4 00
Bull, under 1 year old	12 00	8 00	4 00
Cow, 3 years old or over	14 00	8 00	4 00
Heifer, 2 years old and under 3	14 00	8 00	4 00
Heifer, 1 year old and under 2	12 00	8 00	4 00
Heifer, under 1 year old	12 00	8 00	4 00

These premiums, when added to the liberal prizes which will be offered by the agricultural society next year, will no doubt cause an increased number of "white faces" to be shown and will increase the interest in this popular breed of beef cattle.

At this meeting a resolution was introduced instructing the president and executive committee of the association to arrange for a great show and sale of Hereford cattle at Kansas City next fall, and appropriating $5,000 to be offered in premiums. At this point C. N. Cosgrove and E. W. Randall, of the Minnesota State Agricultural society, invited the association to conduct their public sale upon the fair grounds and make their great showing of Hereford cattle in connection with the next Minnesota state fair. The advantages of location, equipment and transportation were shown, as well as the large extent of tributary territory — Minnesota, Iowa, North and South Dakota and Montana, through which there is a growing demand for breeding animals of the right kind. As a result, the resolution was passed with the words "Kansas City" stricken out, and the president and executive committee were empowered to select a location after full consideration of the advantages offered by the Twin Cities of Minnesota, as well as those offered by Kansas City and possibly other places. After consultation with some of the business men of these two cities who are most interested in live stock matters, the officers of the agricultural society will submit a formal statement of the advantages offered by this locality, hoping to secure this great combination show and sale of Hereford cattle as one of the features of next year's state fair.

The board of directors of the Aberdeen Angus Cattle Breeders' association met at the Leland hotel in Chicago Wednesday of last week. The board appropriated $200 to be offered in special premiums for pure bred Aberdeen Angus cattle at next year's Minnesota state fair. These cattle are one of the leading and favored beef breeds and one for which the fair management offers liberal premiums each year. With this amount added by the Aberdeen Angus association, next year's showing of richly bred "doddies" ought to be larger than ever.

Go to California

Via the Northern Pacific—Shasta Route, and you will ride through the finest scenic land on the continent. Pyramid Park, Hell Gate Canyon, Clark Fork River, Mt. Adams, Mt. Rainier, Mt. Hood, Mt. Shasta, the Rogue River Valley, Siskiyon Mountains and Sacramento Canyon form an absolutely unequaled panorama. A Pullman tourist sleeping car leaves St. Paul every Wednesday at 1:30 p. m. for San Francisco on our Trans-Continental train. Call at Northern Pacific city ticket offices, St. Paul and Minneapolis, for information and tickets.

HOT TIME IN HOUSES

STATE LEGISLATURE WILL BE THE SCENE OF SOME LIVELY SKIRMISHES

DAVIS' FRIENDS ON QUI VIVE

They Do Not Intend to Be Ambushed as Was Washburn Four Years Ago—T. D. Sheehan and Hiler Horton Will Fight for Honors in the Senate—Familiar Faces Missing.

With the approach of the thirty-first session of the legislature, quite a number of candidates for positions of honor and remuneration have already made their appearance in the field. The contest for the speakership of the house of representatives promises to be one of the hottest contests for several sessions. The legislature will convene at noon, Tuesday, Jan. 3, and organize, electing a complete set of officers.

The election of United States senator must take place within twenty legislative days after the convening of the legislature.

Just ut present it appears as if the contest for speakership pitted the northern and southern parts of the state against each other.

The candidacy of C. F. Staples, of Mendota, will find favor with the farmer members of the house. For the past three sessions Mr. Staples' constituents have sent him to the legislature, and he has taken an aggressive stand on all measures of benefit to the farmers. Many bills of a reform nature, introduced in the house during the last few years, have been credited to Mr. Staples.

A. N. Dare, of Elk River, is also a prominent candidate.

Next to the speakership fight in importance is that of chief clerk. As yet the only candidate in the field is W. A. Flemming, of Brainerd, who was defeated for a membership by H. C. Savers, a Democrat editor.

The house has the appointment of one janitor, three door keepers, one gallery keeper, three cloak room keepers, one reading clerk, one file clerk and seven pages, one clerk and a stenographer, to be assigned to the committee on legislative expenses. These are the employes provided by law, but the number of appointments will considerably exceed this, as scarcely a session passes that a number of places are not created by resolution to hold during the current session.

The postmaster of the house has the appointment of an assistant at $5 per day, and the chairmen of a dozen of the committees are given authority to appoint clerks at the usual compensation of $5 per day.

* * *

Lieut. Gov. Smith has the nominal naming of the committees, but it is within the power of the senate at any time to reject his list by majority vote and appoint committees from the floor, so that the probability is that Mr. Smith will not be deaf to the suggestions of the managers of Senator Davis' campaign.

* * *

Any talk of opposition to Davis?

Oh, no. There wasn't any talk of opposition to Washburn four years ago, either. That was where they caught the tall man napping. Davis' friends do not intend that their champion shall be caught napping, even if he is thousands of miles away just now. They know that David M. Clough has no visible means of support, politically speaking, of course, after Jan. 1 next, and they do not intend that the history of 1895 shall repeat itself in 1899. Davis' managers do not propose to be ambushed.

* * *

That is why Sheehan looks for the highest honors in the senate. In a pinch, possibly, he might have to surrender them to Allen J. Greer, of Wabasha county, the Nestor of the senate, but as far as known Greer has not made any request for the chairmanship of the committee on which a membership is assured him by virtue of his profession as a lawyer.

ST. PAUL BREVITIES.

Two Scarlet Fever Cases—Scarlet fever was reported at the health office yesterday existing at 110 West Augusta, and 382 East Ninth street.

Builds on Dewey Avenue—T. W. Shugard secured a building permit yesterday for the erection of a two-story frame dwelling on Dewey avenue, between St. Anthony and Feronia avenues. The cost of the dwelling will be $1,450.

Weren't Ready for Trial—Street Commissioner Skjellberg and W. E. Lee, the contractor, who came to blows at Third and Robert street Saturday, were charged in the police court yesterday with disorderly conduct. Each pleaded not guilty and secured a continuance until Thursday.

Discharged the Boys—Ole Schultz and John Rubauer, arrested for the alleged theft of old brass from the ruins of the Spink vinegar factory, were yesterday discharged by Judge Orr. The accused were boys 14 years of age, whom the court thought would be better disciplined by a sound lecture than by imprisonment.

Charge Didn't Stick—Horace Brown, Minnie Smith and Harry Hagenmiller, who were arrested on the charge of stealing $30 from A. Krug, a White Bear farmer, were discharged in the police court yesterday. Krug claimed to have been enticed by the Smith woman into the "bad lands," where, during a carousing carousal, his money disappeared. The evidence against the accused was not conclusive.

AT THE THEATERS.

Commencing Sunday matinee the new and heretofore successful combination of stock and vaudeville will be inaugurated at the Metropolitan, when the Woodward Stock company produces Belasco's masterpiece, "Men and Women," with the special features: Bessie Bonehill, one of the most artistic and high-priced vaudeville acts before the public; William Windom, whose reputation as a descriptive singer is excelled by none, assisted by his Blackstone quartette; Seeley and West, the comedy musical artists, who bear the enviable reputation of playing the entire Eastern circuit in competition with the first musical artists in Europe and America, and coming out of the ordeal carrying the honors. This venture, while new to both theatrical circles and public in St. Paul and Minneapolis, has been successful for years under the management of Mr. Woodward, in Kansas City, Omaha, Denver and elsewhere, and invariably meeting the approval of both press and public.

That St. Paul theater goers are patriotic is being thoroughly evidenced at the Grand this week. Last night's audience was large and enthusiastic. Tomorrow's matinee of "The Dawn of Freedom" will be made a souvenir occasion, and beautifully designed souvenir spoons will be given to ladies who occupy parquet seats on that occasion. After the performance is over Mr. Gilmore will give a reception on the stage to his many local friends and admirers.

AT THE HOTELS.

ASTORIA—P. A. Hemming, Ashland, Wis.; H. F. Yocher, Ashland, Wis.; J. R. Cantz, Minneapolis; J. S. Hays, Chicago; Val Kuhn, Richardson, N. D.; Christ Zacher, Glennellen, N. D.; G. Pelting, Chicago; C. H. Baskins, Waverly, Io.; H. C. Olirague, Waverly, Io.; J. C. Morrison, Mora; David Zazeler, Broncho, Dakota; C. A. Ellepson, Barnesville.

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CLARENDON—W. W. Smith, St. Cloud; P. T. Kavanaugh, St. Cloud; George C. Parker and wife, Rochester; L. D. Brown, Little Falls, Minn.; J. T. Wall, Chisago; Leo Eschels, Chisago; W. C. Reilly, Chisago; W. J. Taber, Watena; L. D. Evans, Moorhead; B. L. Bronson, Lonistad; Leo W. Duncan, West Union; Ed Mare, Blue Earth City; Robert Mahr, Blue Earth City; William Russell, Minneapolis; Fred Kuhn, Minneapolis; J. R. McVanley, Rochester, N. Y.; P. Russell, Rochester, N. Y.; Pearl Davis, Chippewa Falls.

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MERCHANTS'—E. Pichardt, Islington, Mass.; E. M. Dahlby, North Branch; P. H. Riechart, St. Louis; T. E. Adams, Melrose; J. D. Wilson, West Superior; J. C. Scott, Galena, Ill.; S. S. Deatherage, Chicago; D. W. Shoemaker, Pa.; T. F. Albin, Canton, O.; H. Phillips, Mazepa, Minn.; C. T. Balatka, Chicago; P. H. Goldsmith, New York; E. S. Whitney, Chicago; J. Young, Milwaukee; J. B. Elliott, New Brighton; A. C. Jones, Sheson, Pa.; W. L. Carter, New York; J. Roach, Northfield; J. P. Henry, Mankato; D. D. Daly, St. Peter; E. C. Gridley, Duluth; N. P. Johnson, Sisseton Agency; J. E. Webster, New York; L. F. Cramers and wife, Heron Lake; F. G. Harris, Joliet, Ill.; H. B. Whepple and wife, Fairbault; D. L. Taylor, Chicago; P. A. Former, Chicago; W. Mayhew, Chicago; H. Jones, Jamestown; J. A. Marion and wife, Vermilion; L. W. Stock, Storm Lake; H. B. Hoffman, St. Louis; F. J. Hoffman, St. Louis; J. R. Howard, Sauk Center; Miss A. Brown, Sisseton; J. A. Hanson, Kenyon; J. F. Kilduff, Iowa; B. White, Maiden Rock; J. H. Ross and wife, Fargo; D. W. Lynch, Brainerd; R. J. Lynes, Fessenden; J. B. Long, Sycamore, Ill.; H. B. Hill, Great Falls; A. Suberts, Minot; A. N. Dare, Elk River; L. W. Babcock, Wadena; H. R. Mallette, Foreston; I. O. Stockwell, Boston; T. Simmerman, Lexington; J. Grant, Fairbault; A. Grant, Fairbault; H. B. Kelly, Vinton, Io.; R. J. McNeil, Alexandria; W. C. Sargent, Duluth; J. Wallace, Iowa; W. L. Preston, Hudson; E. Sawbridge and wife, Stephenson, Mich.; J. J. Thornton, St. James; W. L. Neshett, Chicago; J. J. Van Luven, Detroit; F. R. Lindsay, La Crosse; M. Lund, Donaldson; C. Poole, Dubuque; E. J. Russell, Mason City; A. R. Prenner, Clear Lake; G. F. Carpenter, Crookston; M. E. Courtwright, Chicago; William Bennett, Chicago; A. M. McClelland, Chicago; H. F. Carter, Soo City; J. M. Loyd, Fessenden, N. D.

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METROPOLITAN—I. H. Ashdown, Mrs. I. H. Ashdown and daughter, Winnipeg; David Torrence and wife, C. K. Hill and wife, F. E. Morse, Ed Galliher, Ed Wehner, New York; Henry Thomas, Greensburg, Ind.; Mrs. W. H. Lord and daughter, Waupacca, Wis.; E. J. Chapel, Farmington; A. F. Amer, Chicago; Mrs. Katherine Finkle, Moorhead; George Train, A. C. Newell, Faribault; Mrs. M. J. Mitchell, Chicago; L. B. Austin, Milwaukee; J. J. Archibald, Dubuque.

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NORTHERN—R. A. McGuire, Annandale; Joseph Weisbrish, Farmington; T. H. Darrow, Chicago; George Flannery, William N. Gaffney, New York; R. A. Laidlow, Chicago; William Reilly, George Eicles, St. Louis.; E. J. Huffman, H. D. Huffman, Brownton, Minn.; Edwin L. Stevens, Anoka.

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RYAN—W. O. Brewster, New York; A. H. Mear, A. E. Lyons, S. S. Hempstone, New York; R. M. Strothers, St. Louis; H. Phillips, Chicago; A. Schwartz, New York; O. C. Schoolfield, Danville, Pa.; W. E. King, Saginaw, Mich.; C. H. Kohn and wife, Chicago; H. C. Warren and wife, Tacoma; W. V. Booth, Chicago; F. W. Chapin, C. B. Moore, New York; J. Gillespie, Stephan; L. J. Hemming, Zumbrota; L. Kayser, Philadelphia; W. C. Black, F. W. Cook, Max Rubel, New York; W. C. Barnes, Omaha; J. E. Barry, Chicago; D. W. McBride, Winnipeg; S. B. Schloss, Chicago; S. F. Kingston, New York; W. W. Olwer, Escanaba; W. J. Noble, New York; M. L. Koob, Chicago; F. X. Jones, Philadelphia; W. Nightingale, New York; G. W. Swartz, Aurora; F. W. Frazier, New York; C. B. Olwer, Austin, Man.; A. M. Eaton, Topeka; M. E. Sanford, Chicago; C. C. Marshal, Homestead; R. M. Hackett, W. O. Brewster, New York; L. Hushhorn, A. McKinney, New York; H. G. Davis, Chicago; R. F. Fitzgerald, Duluth; L. A. Sayre, New York; H. Fox, Chicago; J. S. Castell, New Yoork; C. H. Vanner, Chicago; M. W. Gatch, Cincinnati; James Hitchcock, Chicago; J. T. Henshaw, New York; C. C. Riggs, Cincinnati; C. Higgins, Chicago; C. F. Comegy, Island; harles Keller, United States army; I. Ullman and son, New York; D. W. Coons, St. Louis; B. T. Bacon, Chicago; D. M. Dodd, New York; H. E. Berry, Philadelphia; T. E. Davis, St. Joe.

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SHERMAN—M. A. Ryan, Duluth; James Anger, Belgete, N. D.; Frank A. Wright, Manston, Wis.; Mrs. O. B. Knapp, Dassel, Minn.; Louis Peterson, Amery, Wis.; F. W. Bucheret, Dubuque, Io.; E. B. Schoonmaker, Winona; J. F. Cuskelly, Dickinson, N. D.; J. W. Boyd and wife, Rossland, B. C.; J. W. Barclay, Towne, N D.; J. C. Garner, Waverly, Io.; N. P. Nelson, Grove City; Joseph O. Jarvis, Fisher; Elmer B. Carter, Bird Island; W. F. Donell, Cottage Grove; N. Forde, Starbuck; J. W. Chamberlain, Perry, N. Y.; Mrs. J. W. Campbell, New York city; William Hornbeak, Springfield, Ill.; W. H. Gray, Crookston; J. S. Carlson, St. Peter; William McCoy, Spring Valley, Wis.

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WINDSOR—F. T. Plimpton, Chicago; Miss Marion Abbot, Miss Grace Peals, C. S. Robinson, New York; George Lambert, Henry Hines, New Ulm; A. L. Lamb and wife, Miss Ella Lamb, New York; B. A. Barry, Buffalo, N. Y.; T. N. Barry, Hammond, N. Y.; A. L. Loesch, St. Louis; Robert Fretsch, New Ulm; J. C. Michu, Chicago; T. L. Clark, Stillwater; S. E. Gruntem, W. H. Turner, Chicago; H. Stanley and wife, Gladstone, N. D.; Jno. Whelan, Madison; D. A. Foote, Ballston Springs, N. Y.; E. B. Tylor, Lake City; F. K. Wilson, Mankato; Frank O'Meara, St. James; C. W. Shaw and wife, Miss Shaw, Austin; Allen L. Smith, New York; G. L. Cooper, Chicago; J. S. Jenks, St. Cloud; J. D. Jones, Long Prairie; R. J. Woolett, St. Louis; J. F. Fisher and wife, St. James; Hugh Donahue and wife, Oak Grove; George E. Fry, New York; H. E. Lynch, Lake Mille.

Death.

HICKEY—In Salt Lake City, Miss Beatrice Hickey, aged 16 years, youngest daughter of John Hickey, the former superintendent of motive power of the N. P. railway. Funeral Wednesday morning from St. Joseph's church at 9:30 o'clock.

LESTINA—In St. Paul, at late residence, No. 431 Michigan avenue, Monday, Nov. 14, at 1:30 p. m., Mary Lestina, aged fifty-six years. Funeral from residence Wednesday, Nov. 16, at 8:30. Services at St. Stanislaus' church at 9 o'clock.

GROSS—In St. Paul, at the home of her parents, 322 South Exchange street, Monday, Nov. 14, at 12:45 p. m., Lillian Doris, aged twelve years three months, youngest daughter of William H. and Mary Gross. Funeral services at above residence at 10 a. m. Wednesday, Nov. 16.

Amusements.

METROPOLITAN. L. N. SCOTT, Manager.
AN EMPHATIC TRIUMPH.
All this week, matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
KELCEY-SHANNON COMPANY
in Clyde Fitch's Great Play,
THE MOTH AND THE FLAME
MATINEE PRICES { Gallery 25c. Entire Balcony 50c. Lower Floor 75c and $1.
Next Sunday—Woodward Stock Co.

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SIXTH AND ROBERT STREETS, ST. PAUL.

DRESS GOODS—TUESDAY EXTRAS.

A point well worth remembering when you start out for that new dress: You can always get first choice here of all that is strictly up-to-now. Tuesday specials:

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

50c a yard for 75c fabrics—Colored Tufted Novelties, Venetian Cloths, Bayadere Suitings, Storm Serge 48 inches wide, Panama Suitings, Granite Suitings, Silk and Wool Fancies, Wool Plaids.

75c a yard for fabrics worth $1—Colored Teutonia Suitings, Covert Suitings 50-in. wide, Meltonettes 50-in. wide, Camel's Hair Cheviots, Vigoreaux Suitings, Scotch Suitings, French Venetians, Sponged Cheviots 50-in. wide.

$1.00 for fabrics worth $1.50—Colored Silk and Wool Brocatelles, Silk and Wool Epingalines, French Whipcord Suitings, Satin Berbers, Travers Suitings, Vigoreaux Coverts, Poplins and Velours, Silk and Wool Fancies.

BLACK GOODS DEPARTMENT.

39c for fabrics worth 69c—50-inch Black Mohair Sicilian, 42-inch Black Soutache Mohair, 46-inch Black Surah Twills, 38-inch Bourette Novelties, 38-inch Mohair Fancies.

69c for $1.00 fabrics — 50-inch Black Wide Wale Cheviot, 50-in. Black Mohair Granite, 50-in. Black Mohair Chevron, 48-in. Black Camel's Hair Cheviot, 50-in. Black Tufted Crepons.

89c for fabrics worth $1.25—Black Satin Venetians, Black Ottoman Velour, Black Satin Soleil, Black Pierola Cloth, Black 40-inch Biarritz Cloth.

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Vital Statistics.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

George Simmel	Ramsey County
Anna Haas	Ramsey County
Lyman T. Gray	Ramsey County
Anna Schmidt	Ramsey County
Rufus Larkland Clarke	Ramsey County
Mary A. Campron	Ramsey County
Sydney Gay	Ramsey County
Cecelia Greenwood	Ramsey County

BIRTHS.

Mrs. George E. Doll, 310 Smith av.	Boy
Mrs. K. A. McLaughen, 3 East Tenth	Boy
Mrs. John Strong, 876 Duluth avenue	Girl
Mrs. L. M. Magneson, 762 Cook street	Boy
Mrs. Julius Jensen, Oakdale	Girl
Mrs. John P. Graves, 126 Como avenue	Boy
Mrs. Frank J. Gorman, Mendota road	Girl
Mrs. Charles Cluson, 595 York	Girl
Mrs. Frank Petrasek, 407 Duke	Boy
Mrs. Emil Hintz, 347 Lawson	Boy
Mr