

THE ST. PAUL GLOBE

VOL. XXI.—NO. 328. THURSDAY MORNING—NOVEMBER 24, 1898. PRICE TWO CENTS.—(On Train FIVE CENTS)

SOCIETY AT BEST

ANNUAL CHARITY BALL ATTENDED BY MUCH OF ST. PAUL'S SWEETEST WOMANHOOD

MASONIC HALL GAY WITH LIFE

NOTHING THAT COULD INSPIRE SOCIAL PLEASURES AND HAPPY MOMENTS WAS MISSING

A HAPPY SURPRISE CROWNS IT ALL

Fair Women of the Saintry City Again Show Their Interest in the Sick, and Forget the Main Purpose of the Occasion in the Delights of Friendly Enjoyment—Another Success.

The knowledge that they were dancing in the name of sweet charity may have had something to do with the cheerful movement of the twinkling slippers that helped to make the success of the charity ball. There were, of course, other elements. It does not need that lovely women should bend to charity to make herself popular, for when woman takes the form of that which is most gracious in womanhood, she needs no excuse. It was particularly because of the presence of much of the sweetest and most gracious of St. Paul's womanhood that the ball was in everything successful. It was not because there was a good dancing floor and that the music was all that was desired—there are a half dozen houses where the floor would be as good and the music quite as good on the occasion of a dance. But the ball was a success because of the spirit of the people present and their determination that there should be nothing lacking to make it a thing to be remembered. Fair women and tall, young men, who are willing to be amused, whether there is that to amuse or not, will make bad things successful. The elements in last night's charity ball were such as to make for the best in social enjoyment, and the young people who will awake tired with pleasure this morning will feel that their fatigue was acquired in a delightful cause.

The surrogates in Masonic hall were calculated to inspire social good-fellowship, and, by the time the food had become a social crush, which, by the way, was late in the evening, the dancers who crowded the floor were in a good mood to forget that they had come together to dance in behalf of the sick, the lame, the halt and the blind, and were inclined to pick off the good things of life as they were presented.

OPPORTUNITY OF THE YEAR. The charity ball presents the opportunity to St. Paul people to acquiesce in the social amenities, as they would have no opportunity, if there was no such gathering. People spent the early part of the evening in discharging those small social compliments that are a part of life. As early as 9 o'clock in the evening the ball room floor was crowded. At that time those present consisted not only of the matrons and the patronesses, but, in a large measure, of those of the dancing set who had good clothes and were willing to let others see them.

A regal looking woman in white satin was even that early the observed of all in the boxes. She wore a beaded white satin dress, en traine, and affected the court finish to her coiffure. She won the attention of the boxes early in the evening, and never lost that attention all night. She just divided the admiration of the spectators and those on the floor with a blonde young woman in blue, who had the courage to set the conventionalities aside and wear black gloves. The occasion was altogether one on which women were permitted to assert their individuality in dress, while men were

condemned to look alike or to be looked at strangely. That early part of the evening when everybody was being looked at or looking was the most enjoyable to many of those present. Before the regular dance programme the Minnesota state band orchestra played a number of airs calculated to promote the feeling of good fellowship. The occasion was the first on which another orchestra than the Third Infantry had been present when the charity ball was to be played, for and the playing of the state band was altogether agreeable. It was nearly 10 o'clock when Director Selling raised his baton and led the band into the measure of the "Garde du Corps." The crowd on the floor had been waiting for the signal, and in an instant more than 100 couples were engaged in picking out room for a two-step. At that time most of the social leaders were present, and the boxes were full. The younger men and women of the dancing had taken no chances and were already on the floor, but out of the boxes there looked down on the assemblage a good many of the leaders of society. In Box A there were, besides Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Shepard, the Misses Bend and M. Shepard and some friends; in box C were Mr. and Mrs. Floete, Mrs. Bender and Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Parker; in box E, Mrs. L. L. C. Brooks, Mr. and Mrs. M. Auerbach and Mrs. Crawford Livingston; in box G, Mr. and Mrs. Boyesen, Mrs. Graves, Mrs. Bass and Mr. and Mrs. Stevens; in box B, Mr. and Mrs. Jaggard, Mr. and Mrs. Severance and Mrs. Moore; in box D, Mr. and Mrs. George Thompson, Mrs. Black and Mrs. Fagley; in box F, Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Schurmel and the Misses Grotzian, and in box H, Mr. and Mrs. Dairymple.

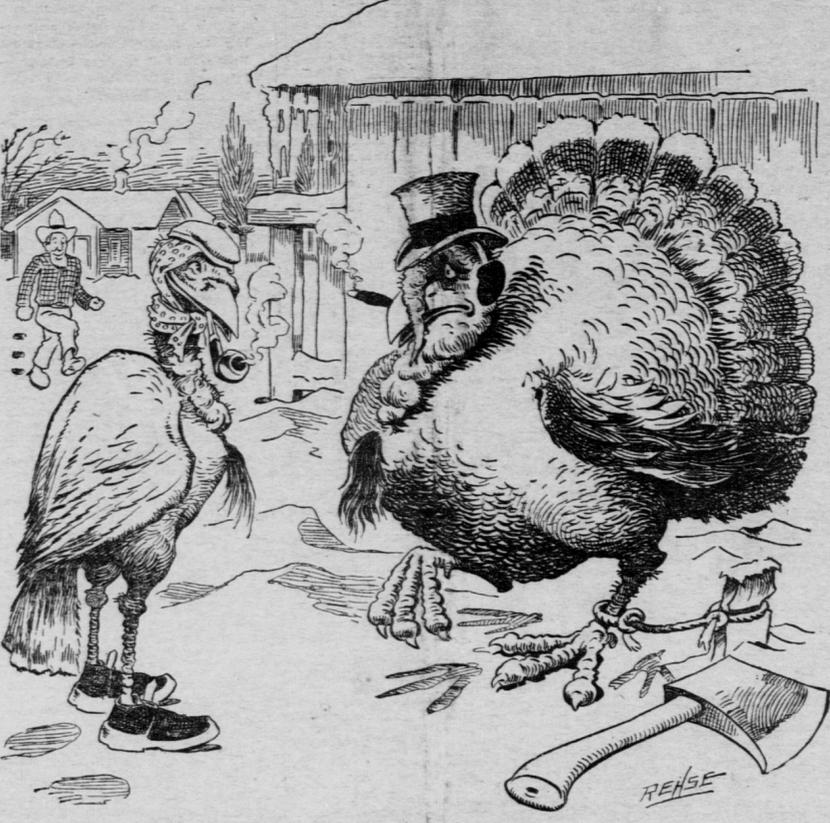
On the floor were nearly 300 people well known socially, among them being the following:

- THOSE PRESENT. Mr. and Mrs. John A. Alice Fitchner, Kenosha, Wis. Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Miss Shrood, Hill. Mr. and Mrs. D. Miss Gillilan, Sperry. Miss Elsie Pope. Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Miss Katherine Smith, Thoman. Mr. and Mrs. Haldor Miss Anna Smith, Eveve. Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Miss Nicol, New York. Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Miss Foley, Risen. Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Miss Davis, Farber. Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Miss Virginia Dousman, Bradford. Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Miss Sturgis, Saunders. Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Miss Barnum, Michael. Mr. and Mrs. A. Miss Holberg, White. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Miss Robert Rugg, Towle. Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Miss E. L. Vick, Lewett. Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Miss Eisenberg, Gates. Mr. and Mrs. Ambrose Miss Colburn, Tighe. Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Miss Reimers, Rhode Island. Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Miss Clark, Hervey. Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Miss Amy Hora, Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Miss Saunders, Lurkin. Mr. and Mrs. O. Miss Wanner, Dairymple. Mr. and Mrs. William Miss Clough, Dr. and Mrs. Knud Miss Lillian Baker, Bacon. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Miss Emily Stokney, Hoxie. Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Miss Rossum, Lindberg. Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Miss Newell, Holberg. Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Miss Bridley, Fagley. Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Miss Wick, Oller. Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Miss Ruth Hill, Prince. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Miss Lillian Moore, in Floete. Mr. and Mrs. P. Rogers, Prince. Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Miss W. W. Cutler, Clark. Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Miss W. W. Cutler, Clark. Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Miss J. D. Hollibaugh, Reeves. Judge and Mrs. C. B. Miss Beyer, Ark. Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Miss S. P. Peabody, Godfrey. Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Miss von Steinhilber, Gen. and Mrs. Smith Mr. A. A. McKee, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Mr. Louis Hill, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Mr. J. E. N. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Mr. F. W. Leightner, Rice. Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Mr. R. B. Laune, Boyesen. Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Mr. P. J. Young, Archdeacon and Mrs. Mr. E. B. Bowling, T. E. V. Appleby, Mr. H. T. Halbert, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Mr. F. W. Whelan, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Mr. M. Doran Jr., Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Mr. J. S. Prince, Dairymple. Mr. M. H. Page, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Mr. C. E. Thompson, Field. Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Dr. John Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Mr. C. W. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. Mr. J. S. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Mr. W. H. Merrill, Jaggard. Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Mr. L. E. Gilbert, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Mr. W. W. Appleton, Mrs. J. W. Crouch, Mr. E. J. Bishop, Mrs. George Hodde, Mr. K. G. Hale, Mrs. E. C. Washburn, Mr. H. Van Vleet, Mrs. E. S. Lyons, Mr. C. A. Scott, Mrs. J. E. Martin, Mr. G. Greenleaf Clark, Mrs. Thompson, Mr. R. W. Jefferson, Mrs. Rudolph Schiff Mr. Bowlin, Mann. Mrs. V. Roberts, Mr. W. H. Yardley, Mrs. M. Weyer, Mr. C. H. Hersey, hauser. Mr. H. H. Putnam, Mrs. Retzinger, Mr. Henry Saunders, Mrs. Thayer, Mr. A. Porter Jr., Mrs. A. M. Knox, Mr. J. H. Page, Mrs. N. A. Ramsey, Mr. Leavitt Carling, Mrs. Case Gilbert, Mr. Henry Gumpson, Mrs. M. Doran, Mr. A. Potter Jr., Mrs. McGahan, Mr. Boston, Mrs. Bass, Mr. William Finch, Mrs. C. W. Graves, Mr. Homer P. Clark, Mrs. Maurice Auer, Mr. J. S. Dairymple, Mrs. C. C. De Coster, Mr. W. H. Lighter, Mrs. Halpern, Mr. C. E. Spencer, Mrs. Bender, Mr. Fred D. Montfort, Mrs. J. E. McWine, Mr. H. B. Strait, Hams. Mr. C. Maxfield, Mrs. W. B. Hennessy, Mr. O. Stout, Mrs. R. A. Kirk, Dr. Rogers, Miss Pattee, South Mr. E. W. Duran Jr., Dakota of Ellwath. Miss Mabel Horn, Mr. G. H. Slater, Miss O'Brien, Mr. Charles Hill, Mrs. D. Coster, Mr. H. B. Rowland, Miss Gertrude Kirk, Mr. P. K. Gillilan, Miss Appleby, Mr. J. A. Owens Jr.

A PATRIOTIC SURPRISE.

The dance programme was brought up to date in the matter of music and was balanced in a manner that left nothing to be desired but more dances. The floor committee had prepared a surprise that added something to the spirit of the occasion by the explosion of some fireworks that were totally unexpected. The surprise was left until just before supper. The ninth dance was a two-step to the music of the "Stars and Stripes." Just as the dancers were beginning to feel that the dance was about over there was a pistol shot, about over there was a pistol shot, and numerous small rolls which had been snugly tied to the network in the ceiling unfolded themselves and displayed the national colors in many shapes. The band changed the tune to "The Star-Spangled Banner" as the bunting floated down over the gaily dressed assemblage, and

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The Fat One—You're a Young Man. Take My Advice and Never Be an Expansionist.

KILLED BY TAGALOS

SPANISH GENERAL RIOS, GOVERNOR OF THE VISAYAS, IS REPORTED DEAD

PARTICULARS ARE LACKING

Report First Received in Madrid Saturday, Was Subsequently Denied—Though the Wording of the Madrid Dispatch is Indefinite, Gen. Rios Probably Died Fighting Insurgents.

MADRID, Nov. 23.—News has just been received here that Gen. Rios, governor of the Visayas islands, has been killed by the Tagalos at Iloilo. Recent dispatches have stated that the Spaniards in Iloilo were hard pressed by Tagal invaders from Luzon and native rebels. Last Saturday it was stated that the Spanish garrison of Iloilo had surrendered to the insurgents, and that foreign residents were taking refuge on the American cruiser Charleston. The report of the fall of Iloilo was denied on Monday, and the Madrid papers said Gen. Rios had telegraphed that he had severely defeated the advance lines of the insurgents, who were fortifying the shore against an unexpected attack by the Spaniards at Iloilo and had shot twenty-five captured rebels and condemned sixty-nine others to hard labor.

Gen. Rios, at the opening of the war with Spain, was governor of the Visayas, or Central Philippine islands, and stationed at Iloilo, capital of the island of Panay and the chief port of that region. Gov. Augustus was relieved from command at Manila shortly before the city was captured by the Americans and fled on a German cruiser, leaving Gen. Jaudenes to sign the capitulation. Gen. Rios thus became the chief representative of the falling Spanish power in the Philippines, and was even dignified with the title of governor general. Gen. Rios, although several hundred miles from Manila and protected from American attack by the terms of the armistice agreed upon in the peace protocol, soon began to have troubles of his own. The native insurgents from Luzon invaded Panay, and the people of that island and of Negros rose in rebellion. The wording of the Madrid dispatch leaves it uncertain whether Rios, if he is dead, was killed in battle, executed or assassinated. The dispatch states that he was "killed by the Tagalos." The Tagalos, or Tagals, are the principal Malay tribe of Luzon, to which Aguinaldo and other leading insurgents belong. If the Spaniards in Iloilo have surrendered to the insurgents, it is quite possible that Rios has fallen a victim to the wrath of the invading Tagals from Luzon. But, if Monday's story from Madrid be true, that the Spaniards were still holding out, then Rios has probably fallen in battle with the insurgent besiegers of Iloilo.

SENATOR QUAY'S CASES.

Asks and Receives More Time in Which to Answer.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 23.—United States Senator M. S. Quay, his son, Richard R. Quay, and ex-State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood were to have pleaded today, in the quarter sessions court, to the indictments charging them with the misuse of the moneys of the commonwealth and of the People's bank. The defendants appeared in court, with their counsel, and the latter at once asked for a few days time, claiming that the time since the indictments were presented had been insufficient for their examination, and that they had therefore not determined whether to advise their clients to plead or to enter a demurrer. District Attorney Graham objected to a postponement, but after some deliberation and question of counsel, the court ordered a postponement until Monday next.

CZAR'S CLOSE CALL

ATTEMPT TO FLAY RULER OF THE RUSSIAS FRUSTRATED BY A SWITCHMAN

BRIDGE WAS BARRICADED

Obstacles Removed in Time to Prevent a Wreck—Brave Switchman So Badly Injured That He Was Taken to a Hospital—Secret Investigation to Fasten Responsibility Now in Progress.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—A dispatch from Elbing, the seaport of West Prussia, says an attempt was made upon the life of the czar while his majesty was returning from Copenhagen. Just before the czar's special train crossed the bridge between Bohemenschloffen and Lageren, a switchman discovered that the bridge had been barricaded. By almost superhuman efforts, as a result of which he is now in a hospital, the switchman, it appears, succeeded in removing the obstacles sufficiently to permit of the passage of the imperial train. An investigation, which is being conducted in secret, is still proceeding.

BOLD BANK ROBBERS.

Beat an Aged Watchman So Badly That He May Die.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 23.—At Elberly, Mo., sixty-eight miles north of here, on the St. Louis, Keokuk & Northwest railroad, robbers made a desperate attempt to rob the Lincoln county bank. It is not known how much, if anything, they obtained. As the result of the rough treatment received from the robbers John Wrenham Waters, the night watchman of the town, who is sixty years old, may die. He was found, at an early hour today, bound and gagged, lying in the open air where he had been left by the robbers. He was badly hurt. When President P. P. Harvey arrived at the bank, this morning, he found the vault doors wide open. The safe inside, containing \$10,000, was closed and he was unable to open it. An expert safe opener was sent from here at the request of the bank officials, but this evening he sent back word for help, saying that he was unable to open the safe doors. Until this is done the bank officials will be unable to state whether they have lost anything or not, but will reconvene Friday after the Thanksgiving holiday.

TO AVENGE A BROTHER.

John McDonald Assaults Baron von Biedenfeld at an Inquest.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—Drove for revenge for the slaying of his brother, Charles A. McDonald Tuesday night, induced young John McDonald to strike at Baron von Biedenfeld before the coroner's court today. This was a few minutes after McDonald had been deprived of a loaded revolver by Patrolman Leahy, as he was entering the building. When McDonald's hat shot toward the baron's face the mannequin of the German were raised, and they warred off the heavy blows until the assailant was dragged away. "O'ward" said the baron afterward, as he pressed his nose against the grating of the county jail: "he would not dare attack me if my hands were not bound, and if I were free. It was a stage play. I am sorry for one person in this matter, and that is the old father of the dead man, whom I saw at the inquest. I am instructed by my friends not to talk any more about the matter."

IN ROYAL DISFAVOR.

Taoti of Shanghai Is Ordered Ousted From Office.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Times says: "An imperial decree has been issued dismissing Tsai, the taoti of Shanghai, who is a proponent in sympathy with foreigners. The British and American consuls have asked their respective legations at Peking to endeavor to secure his retention in office until the question of the extension of the foreign settlement here has been arranged."

TOM CONROY AND HIS BAIL MONEY

Some Surprising Facts About the Methods Used by the Clerk of the Municipal Court.

TOOK NEARLY A WHOLE YEAR TO RECOVER A CASH DEPOSIT

Louis Wallace's Experience With the Man Whom Judge Orr Stands For—Since February He Has Been Trying to Get Back Money Deposited as Bail—Has by Threats and Legal Process Secured It—Once Conroy Gave Him a Check for \$400, When the Bank Official Said There Was Only \$10 on Deposit—A Case for the Council to Consider—What the Law Says—Convenient Error in the Court Calendar.

Louis Wallace, a contractor, living at 24 Sherburne avenue, yesterday concluded a law suit and a series of negotiations which he was compelled to carry on in order to force from Thomas F. Conroy, clerk of the municipal court, \$1,000, which Conroy, in his official capacity as clerk, had unlawfully retained since Feb. 14, 1898. It was no easy matter for Mr. Wallace to secure the return of his money and, as he stated last evening, it cost him considerable time, trouble, annoyance and expense to secure the \$1,000 which should have been handed over to him nearly ten months ago.

"I do not care to discuss the matter," said Mr. Wallace last evening. "I have secured the return of my money and that was what I was after. I was forced to commence an action in the district court against Conroy and his bondsmen, and did this only when repeated promises made by Conroy to settle had been made and broken. The only excuse Conroy had to offer for the retention and non payment of my money was that he was hard up. From what he stated during the time that I and my attorneys have been trying to get the \$1,000 back, it is my impression that Conroy has been robbing Peter to pay Paul for the past year or more. I do not know that the action of Conroy in not handing over the money when ordered by the court is an outrage, and any law which allows this state of affairs to exist is wrong and should be changed. "I deposited \$1,000 cash as bail with Clerk Conroy, of the police court, Sept. 11, 1897. On Feb. 14, 1898, the money was ordered paid back to me by one of the judges of the municipal court, but it was not. As a matter of fact it was not all paid until this afternoon. The money has been

PAID IN DRIBBLES by Conroy from time to time, the smallest installment being \$25, and the largest and final one \$200, which was handed over and after that time I received nothing personally against Conroy, but he is a city official, paid a good salary to attend to the duties of his office, and something should be done by the officials or the law which would make it possible for money paid to an official of the court to be returned to the person depositing it, when the judges of the court order, and without waiting ten months or forcing the return with a law suit."

The statement made by Mr. Wallace regarding the retention of the \$1,000 by Clerk Conroy and his efforts for the past ten months to force the clerk of the municipal court to return the amount are fully born out by the records of the district court. Sept. 11, 1897, Robert Wallace, a son of Louis Wallace, was arrested and arraigned in the police court on a warrant issued on complaint of Freeman P. Strong, charging him with grand larceny in the second degree. The defendant was duly arraigned, entered a plea of not guilty and the preliminary examination was continued to Sept. 27, on motion of the county attorney.

One of the judges of the municipal court fixed the bail at \$1,000, and in lieu of a bond or recognizance, \$1,000 in cash was offered as bail for the appearance of the defendant in court Sept. 27. This was accepted by the court and ordered paid to Thomas F. Conroy, the clerk of the court. The money being paid over to Conroy as clerk of the court, the defendant was ordered discharged from the custody of the sheriff and ordered to appear for examination Sept. 27.

After this date the preliminary hearing was continued from time to time until Feb. 14, 1898, on which date, on motion of the county attorney, the case in the municipal court against Robert Wallace was dismissed and the judge of the municipal court ordered Clerk Conroy to return to Louis Wallace the \$1,000 which had been deposited as bail for the appearance of Robert Wallace.

CONROY WOULDN'T GIVE UP. Instead of handing over the \$1,000, Conroy made a part payment and tendered \$145 on account. Mr. Wallace objected to the installment plan of receiving his money, but his protests apparently had little if any weight. Between Feb. 14 and April 16 Conroy paid to Dickson & Donnelly, who were retained by Mr. Wallace, sums aggregating \$350, which brought the total amount paid on account of the \$1,000 up to \$500. Here the payments made by Conroy ceased, and, despite promises to settle up the balance, neither Mr. Wallace nor his attorneys were able to secure any part of the remaining \$500. On May 9 application was made to Judge Bunn, of the district court, for an order permitting Louis Wallace to commence an action in the court against Thomas F. Conroy and his bondsmen, Timothy Reardon

and P. O'Halloran, in order to recover the \$500. Upon reading the petition, in which the facts above stated were set forth, Judge Bunn issued an order permitting an action to be brought against Conroy and his official bondsmen, Timothy Reardon and P. O'Halloran. The bond given to the city of St. Paul by Conroy, May 21, 1895, when he entered upon the duties of his office as clerk of the municipal court, was in the sum of \$5,000, signed by Timothy Reardon and P. O'Halloran as sureties, and reads as follows: "Now, therefore, if Thomas F. Conroy shall well and truly account and pay over to the treasurer of said city on each day a fines, penalties, fees and other moneys which may have come into his hands during said day, and will at all times pay over to all persons on demand all money which may have come into his hands in virtue of or by reason of his office, then this obligation shall be void. The summons and complaint in the action against Conroy and his bondsmen were filed in the district court Oct. 27, and copies of the same were duly served on the three defendants. GAVE A USELESS CHECK. In the meantime Conroy had paid to the attorneys in the case for Wallace \$100 of the \$500 due, and on Oct. 25 he handed to the attorneys a check drawn on the Scandinavian-American bank for \$400 in full settlement of the claim against him by Wallace. This check, when presented to the institution on which it was drawn, was marked by the cashier "N. S. F.," which in banking parlance means, "not sufficient funds." Investigation by one of the attorneys retained by Wallace revealed that on the date when Conroy drew the check he would, in order to have the paper honored at the bank, have had to deposit just \$390, and in view of this sum not being deposited the cashier was forced to mark the check as above stated. In other words, Conroy had on deposit in the bank \$10 when he drew his check for \$400. The filing of the summons and complaint in the district court was not made public, probably being overlooked in the rush of business, but on the November term calendar of the court the index refers to the case as "WALLACE VS. CONROGRABER." The twenty days having elapsed after the complaint was served on the defendants, and neither Conroy nor one of his bondsmen, Timothy Reardon, having answered, application was made for judgment in default, and on Nov. 11 judgment was ordered and docketed against Conroy and Timothy Reardon for \$513.75 each. The other bondsman, P. O'Halloran, made answer to the suit, and the case as to him was continued to Nov. 15, and on that date again to Nov. 23. Nov. 19, a week after judgment had been entered by default against Conroy and Reardon, the attorneys for Wallace received from Conroy \$200, and yesterday afternoon the final \$200 of the \$1,000 due and payable Feb. 14 last was handed over by Conroy. The case when called in the court yesterday afternoon was, on motion of the attorneys for Wallace, dismissed. The judgments docketed against Conroy and Reardon, however, will stand until the costs of the action have been settled by Conroy, the final payment made by him yesterday simply squaring up the \$1,000 and making no provision for the court costs in the case. NOT CONROY'S FIRST. The legal bout Mr. Wallace has gone through with in order to secure a return of bail money deposited with the clerk of the municipal court is nothing new to Clerk Conroy. He has been there before, and one of the cases on record in which he played a star part and was finally compelled to settle by paying back \$200, happened just two years ago. Dec. 28, 1896, Leon Michaels and Humphrey Michaels were arrested and arraigned in the police court charged with a misdemeanor. The case was continued, and Leon Michaels, in the absence of bondsmen, put up \$200 in cash for the appearance of himself and brother in court Jan. 9. The money was handed to Clerk Conroy, and the defendants released from custody. Jan. 9, 1897, the defendants appeared in court and after a trial were discharged. The court ordered the clerk to pay over to Leon Michaels the \$200 which had been deposited as bail. Michaels was ready and willing to get back his money, but there was some delay on the part of Clerk Conroy, and it was not until Jan. 13, that Conroy handed Michaels a check on the Minnesota Savings bank for the \$200.

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TODAY'S BULLETIN.

- 1—Mr. Conroy's Oddities. Charity Ball. Two Ships on Shore. Governor General Killed. Attack on the Car. 2—Bribe Wrecked. McGill Must Resign. Kault's Case. Irish Against Alliance. 3—Government of Hawaii. News of the Railroads. 4—Editorial. Presidents Meet. Oregon Off for Manila. 5—Sporting News. New Western Clubs. Fatal Fire at San Francisco. Powder Mill Explodes. 6—Markets of the World. Bar Silver, 80 1/2. Cash Wheat, 67 1/2. 7—Minneapolis Matters. News of the Northwest. 8—Gordon-Bishop Wedding. St. Paul Social News. St. Paul Gives Thanks.

ATLANTIC LINERS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Arrived: 8 o'clock. Westra, Naples; Kaiser Friedrich, Bremen; Rotterdam, Rotterdam; Teutonic, Liverpool; Scotia, Hamburg. Sailed: Paris, Southampton; Germanic, Liverpool; Westerland, Antwerp. SOUTHAMPTON—Arrived: St. Louis, New York. LIVERPOOL—Arrived: Majestic, New York; Sailed: Britannic, New York; Westland, Philadelphia. AMSTERDAM—Arrived: Egan, New York.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

METROPOLITAN—Woodward Stock company in "Men and Women," 2 and 8 P.M. GRAND—A Contented Woman, 2:30 and 8 P.M. Palm Garden—Vaudeville 2 and 7 P.M. Lecture on the war at Bethlehem church, by Rev. C. W. Scovel, 8 P.M. Butcher's benefit ball, Mozart hall, 8:30 P.M. Musical entertainment, West Side Turventine. Martin's opera house, 8 P.M. Curling, Raspberry rink, all day. Entertainment, Central Park M. E. church, 8 P.M.