

MILLIONS IN PRIDE

SPAIN WILLING TO SACRIFICE MONEY IF SHE CAN SAVE APPEARANCES

PRIVATE AGREEMENT WITH UNITED STATES

WILL RETIRE IN THE PHILIPPINES UPON A SHOW OF ARMED FORCE

NO WAR TO BE MADE ON THE SPANISH COAST

At Paris the Understanding Is That the Ultimatum of America Will Be Rejected, With Assurances From Both Sides That There Will Be No Real Resumption of Hostilities—Europe Interested.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Spain seems ready to invest \$20,000,000 in pride. It cannot, of course, be foretold what action the Madrid commissioners will take next Monday, when the limit of the American ultimatum expires, but among public men the impression is general that the offer of the United States will be rejected. This does not mean more war. Not by any means. Spain's defiance is to be purely spectacular. The commissioners will part without any formal agreement, but according to the programme as it is understood here, Spain will agree to retire in the Philippines whenever the Americans appear and yield without a struggle, while the United States will be bound by the private agreement not to attack the Spanish coast. The pride of the Spanish ministry will not permit them to sign away the Philippines, and they prefer to have them taken by a show of force and lose \$20,000,000 by the operation. Other articles of the private agreement will be, it is said: The present negotiations to be discontinued without a resumption of hostilities; Cuba and Porto Rico to be evacuated, according to the terms of the protocol.

This arrangement, as was pointed out yesterday, would enable Spain to settle the debt question without foreign complications. It would deprive other countries, Germany, for instance, of a diplomatic pretext for seizing the Carolines in payment of the portion of the repudiated Spanish debt held abroad. Spain has, of course, finally abandoned all hope of financial relief beyond the terms specified in Monday's note. She has also ceased to expect any European diplomatic aid. Not only this, but she fears, and with good reason, that she may even be despoiled of her few remaining colonial possessions by the cold-blooded European diplomacy to which she appealed in vain during the past year.

Semi-official correspondence is now taking place between Senor Montero Rios and Judge Day upon certain points of the American ultimatum and also upon other matters. The most important question asked by Montero Rios is whether the Americans really meant that their ultimatum must be answered next Monday. He has been informed that when the Americans said "Monday, Nov. 28," they meant that exact date. The Spanish answer will probably be postponed to the latest limit, Monday next, in order that this exchange of views may be completed.

OPEN DOOR POLICY. European interest in the Philippine question now centers in the question whether or not the "open-door" policy will be followed by the Americans in the archipelago. The report in the affirmative has destroyed the last hope Spain may have had of finding help from any European power in preventing the cession of the archipelago. In some quarters it is held that President McKinley has been driven to this policy in order to disarm European hos-

TODAY'S BULLETIN.

- 1.—Paris Peace Programme. Michigan Wins Western Championship. Steamer on the Rocks. Picquart Pleads for Pity. Negro Soldiers Riotous. 2.—Thanksgiving Services. Dinner for Newborns. Mable Davidson Dead. New Y. M. C. A. Quarters. 3.—Anglo-American Dinner. Spaniards Leaving Pinar Province. Machine Agent Assaulted. 4.—Editorial. Gen. Egan Blames Shafter. St. Paul Social News. 5.—Sporting News. Illinois Beats Minnesota. Cornell Loses to Quakers. 6.—Secretary Ellis' Report. Iron Trade Brisk. Poker Ruins a Bank. 7.—Minnesota Matters. News of the Northwest. Gold as a Standard. 8.—Sixth District Caucus. Mayor Kiefer's Appointments. Case of Courvoisier.

ATLANTIC LINERS.

NEW YORK—Sailed: Albatross, Marellies; Cufic, Liverpool; Barbarossa, Bremen. ST. JOHN'S, N. F.—Arrived: Coran, Glasgow. LIVERPOOL—Sailed: Nomadic, New York. QUEENSTOWN—Sailed: Waesland, Philadelphia. SOUTHAMPTON—Sailed: Lahn, New York. QUEENSTOWN—Sailed: Britannic, New York. NEW ORLEANS—Arrived: Karlsruhe, Bremen.

TODAY'S EVENTS.

METROPOLITAN—"Men and Women," Woodward Stock company, 8 PM. GRAND—"Cubs," 2; "A Contented Woman," 8:15 PM. Park Garden—Vaudville, 2 and 7 PM. Entertainment, Bur Street Baptist Church, 8 PM. City Board meets, city hall, 8 PM. City council meets, city hall, 4 PM. Concert, Park Congregational Church, Holly avenue and Mackubin street, 8 PM.

tility and avoid complications. It is now being asked whether or not the same course will be pursued in Cuba and Porto Rico, but of that the European public has not much hope.

One French journalist remarks that the fact that so ardent a protectionist as President McKinley should accept or consider accepting free trade for the Philippines is ground for serious reflection on the part of France. All our colonial difficulties with England come from our trying to shut out from our colonies all the other powers by means of prohibitive tariffs.

"It would be strange," he continues, "if the expansion of protectionist America should revolutionize the policy of the greatest colonial nation after England."

Many political economists here believe that this may happen. The importance of trade considerations appeals all the more strongly to France at this moment on account of the happy issue of the commercial treaty with Italy. An authority on these subjects, M. Valfrey, says today: "There is a truth of the highest importance and beyond question at the present time. It is that commercial interests between neighboring powers are preponderant in fixing their political relations. There is too great a tendency on the part of England to proclaim the superiority of the Anglo-Saxon over the 'decaying Latin races,' but a good commercial understanding between Italy and England will reduce to its true value this haughty and sometimes unbearable assumption."

The secretary of the Spanish commission, Senor Ojeda, said today that the instructions from Madrid were not sufficiently matured to enable them to appoint the next meeting. The correspondent of the Associated Press asked Senor Abarazua, today, if the commissions would be able to leave Paris next week with the treaty, and he replied with a slight glance, as though to observe whether his questioner noted the significance of the reply: "I suppose we shall be here for another fortnight."

WOES OF SPAIN.

Specters of the Peace Treaty and Don Jaime.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "The cabinet will take a final decision tomorrow (Friday), but it is agreed in principle to authorize Senor Montero Rios (president of the Spanish commission) to sign a peace treaty, although the commissioners may be instructed to insist upon its ratification by the cortes. It is believed that this decision will provoke an internal crisis. "It is reported that the Carlists have smugled 12,000 Mauser rifles across the frontier. "The Carlist organ announces that Don Jaime, after a conference with his father, left Venice upon a mysterious journey, in company with a prominent Carlist leader."

SPANIARDS GRUMBLE.

Madrid Press Asserts Europe Is Leagued Against Spain.

MADRID, Nov. 24.—The newspapers here comment bitterly upon the peace conditions of the United States and upon the landing of American troops and forces in the Philippine islands. The impartial expresses the belief that "the American exactions are becoming harder and harder," and adds that there "appears to be a European plot in favor of might against right."

WILL IT BE WEYLER?

Washington Rumor Says He Is to Be Spain's New Premier.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—It is currently rumored now in Madrid, according to cable advice, that Gen. Weyler will be made prime minister as soon as the peace conference with the American commissioners is concluded in Paris. This statement, of course, carries with it the assurance that Senor Sagasta will resign as soon as the treaty of peace is signed and that Gen. Weyler will immediately be chosen as his successor.

Senor Sagasta, it is well known, is extremely anxious to be relieved of the burdens of office, and would have tendered his resignation long ago had it not been that such action would have precipitated a cabinet crisis which might have resulted in the overthrow of the present dynasty. The queen regent succeeded in inducing him to continue at the head of the government, although his personal popularity has been constantly waning ever since the outbreak of the Spanish-American war.

Gen. Weyler, with an assumed power, select a cabinet of his own party and be given an opportunity to carry into execution some of his promises and perform some of the acts which he has accused and condemned Sagasta for not performing. The queen regent believes that Weyler and his supporters are ready to resign from this circumstance is that Sagasta is placing Gen. Weyler in possession of all secret information concerning affairs and preparing him for the acceptance of the office of prime minister.

BEATEN BY GIRLS.

An Allegheny Woman Victim of a Peculiar Assault.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 24.—Miss Nora Hittner, a highly respected young lady of Allegheny, was beaten so badly this afternoon by three girls (none of whom were over fifteen years of age) that she will probably die. Her assailants, Mamie Wright, Sophia Mickie and Victoria Bennett, are in jail. The cause of the assault is rather mysterious. It seems that Miss Hittner, with a young lady companion, was walking along East Ohio street, and in passing a group of young girls at play, she made some jocular remark concerning the party, whereupon one of the youngsters grabbed her by the hair and pulled her to the ground. While prostrate, Miss Hittner was kicked on the head and beaten into insensibility. Her companion was unable to protect her, and a rescue was only effected when the women came upon the scene. The physicians attending Miss Hittner say her skull is fractured and a blood clot has formed in the brain. Her recovery is doubtful.

RIOTING IN ANNISTON

NEGRO SOLDIERS SHOOT DOWN WHITES FROM AMBUSH

REIGN OF TERROR PREVAILS

Provost Guard Fired Upon by Negroes While Discharging Their Duty—Armories Broken Into and Looted of Arms and Ammunition—Citizens Join in Quelling the Disturbance.

ANNISTON, Ala., Nov. 24.—Members of the Third Alabama, the negro regiment, with Springfield rifles, caused the greatest excitement tonight that this town has ever known. Shortly after dark Private Gidhart, of Company B, Second Arkansas, while returning to camp from town, was shot in the head by a negro soldier, who also stabbed him in the back. Gidhart was taken to the regimental hospital. A little later a member of the Fourth Kentucky was reported to have been shot on Walnut street near the negro soldiers, who lay in a gully shooting at the white men who passed. Firing was heard in Liberia, the negro quarter of the city, which is not far from Walnut street, and a squad of the provost guard went to investigate. As it turned the corner of Fifteenth and Pine streets, a large crowd of negro soldiers, without warning, opened fire upon the provost guard. The gun in use in the regiment, the several negroes fired, but had few cartridges and soon had to retreat. When reinforcements and ammunition were secured the negroes had disappeared.

In the engagement Sergeant Dodson, Third Tennessee, was shot in the arm, and Private Graham, Third Tennessee, in the stomach. If any of the negroes were shot it is not known, as no dead or wounded have been found. Two members of the provost guard are missing.

When news of the trouble became known white soldiers who were in the city gathered around the provost guard headquarters and begged for guns and ammunition, but were refused. Citizens armed themselves and repaired to the scene of the battle. Mayor Hight had the schools closed, several negro soldiers, one with a Springfield, which had just been fired, were arrested in various parts of the city and locked up, though it was with difficulty that the infuriated white soldiers and citizens were prevented from wreaking summary vengeance upon them.

ARMORIES LOOTED.

Armories of the two local military companies were broken into and every gun and cartridge appropriated by unknown parties. Gen. Frank, who is in command of the troops, covered the streets until a late hour. Gen. Colby, commanding the Second brigade, brought in two companies each of the Third Tennessee and Second Arkansas. They scoured the city and carried all soldiers not on duty back to the camp.

A member of the Fourth Wisconsin is said to have been shot, but the report cannot be verified. One negro soldier, while under arrest, was shot in the arm by a citizen. After the engagement at Fifteenth and Pine, very few negroes, either soldiers or civilians, were to be found on the streets, but firing has been heard at intervals in various parts of the city.

A negro soldier was dangerously beaten by some white soldiers on Tenth street, this afternoon, and this incident is supposed to have caused the riotous actions on the part of the negroes, who are said to have slipped out of the camp through the guard lines. One negro soldier has just been brought in dead and another fatally wounded.

OBJECT TO NEGROES.

Cubans Have Original Ideas of the Yankee Ethnoplant.

SANTIAGO, Nov. 24.—El Porvenir prints a two-column article with reference to the intention of a colored preacher of Topeka, Kan., to bring thirty families of negroes and establish a town in the highlands above Topeka. El Porvenir demands that the people boycott the Yankee negroes, asserting that they are frequently guilty of horrible crimes, and that the Southern states, anxious to be rid of their colored population, will endeavor to send them to Cuba. It alludes to the San Luis incident, stating that all Yankee negroes are on a par, and that they will ruin the country, as they are able to live on practically nothing. The paper maintains that the Cubans have a right to regulate immigration into the island; that they object to the negroes and that they will not have them.

FIGHTING WITH PISTOLS.

Sensational Occurrence Growing Out of a Horsewhipping.

REYMOUTH, Ind., Nov. 24.—On Sunday night, Nov. 6, Joseph Baird, an offensive negro in this community, was taken from jail and horsewhipped. It was with difficulty that the mob was restrained from lynching him at the time. When Baird was released he accused about twenty colored men of being in the mob, also Mayor A. W. Mills and other officials. When Mayor Mills met Baird today he accused the latter of making these charges. Baird was also confronted by Dr. Shields, who said Baird had repeated the charges to him. Then Baird and Mills both drew their revolvers and opened fire, keeping it up through the streets until Baird ran into his house. Fifteen shots were fired, while a crowd was witnessing the chase, and no one was hurt. Baird was arrested and taken to Brownstown to prevent lynching.

DREYFUS RESTRICTED.

Not Believed He Can Reply to His Wife's Cablesgram.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—M. Adamard, a brother-in-law of Dreyfus, says the family of the prisoner knows nothing of what is passing in the court of cassation. It is true, however, that Dreyfus has been allowed the liberty of walking about on the island. It is not believed that he will be permitted to reply by cable to his wife's message.

GREEN GOODS KING.

Jim McNally Out of Joliet Prison Thanksgiving Morning.

JOLIET, Ill., Nov. 24.—"Jim" McNally, "king of the green goods men," passed out of the Illinois state penitentiary today in time to eat his Thanksgiving dinner as a free man. He was convicted of violating the postal laws and sent down from Chicago for three years in May, 1895. McNally was the most celebrated "green goods man" the country has ever known, and during his prosperous years in New York is said to have paid the police of that city tens



THIS MEANS LONGER LIVES FOR US.

BEGGED FOR MERCY

SENSATIONAL SCENE IN THE FRENCH COURT OF CASSATION

COL. PICQUART'S ORDEAL

Pleaded With the Judges to Simplify His Examination—Conflict Between Civil and Military Authorities Thought to Be Inevitable—Gen. Zurlinden May Be Called Upon to Resign.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Despite efforts to maintain secrecy regarding the matter, it has leaked out that Col. Picquart deposition before the court of cassation was sensational. Col. Picquart, it is said, broke down and appealed to the judges to simplify his terrible ordeal. It is believed that the court's demand for secret documents will lead to a renewed conflict between the military and civil authorities. It is understood that M. de Freycinet, the minister of war, validly appealed to Gen. Zurlinden, the military governor of Paris, to grant Col. Picquart provisional liberty.

Much indignation is manifested by the Dreyfusites over the decision to try Col. Picquart by court martial. LONDON, Nov. 25.—The Morning Post today announces that, as the outcome of the quarrel between M. de Freycinet, the French minister of war, and Gen. Zurlinden, the military governor of Paris, arising out of the Dreyfus affair, Gen. Zurlinden will be called upon to resign.

RARE CONCESSION.

Mrs. Dreyfus Permitted to Cable to Her Husband.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Mrs. Dreyfus, the wife of the prisoner of Devil's island, has been authorized to cable to her husband. HE WAS NOT DEAD. Remarkable Recovery of an Alleged Morphine Fiend.

DECATUR, Ala., Nov. 24.—When the Rev. J. H. St. Lair was last night reported dead the coroner found the man had taken fourteen grains of morphine, and rendered a verdict of suicide. Today St. Lair came to life. He had recovered from the overdose of morphine, to which he is reported to be addicted.

HETTY KEEPING HOUSE.

Richest Woman in the World Becomes Reconciled to Her Husband.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Hetty Green has been reconciled to her aged husband, because he was ill and lonely and only half taken care of in the "bachelor" apartments at the Cumberland. The richest woman in the world could not be seen when called upon at her Hoboken refuge, 1284 Bloomfield street. But a middle-aged woman who answered the bell admitted that Mrs. Green and Miss Sylvia Green and Charles E. Green were all there—once more a happy little family together. Mr. Green has been sick of inflammatory rheumatism since Oct. 18. It was said at the Hoboken home that Mrs. Green, though 80 years old and not very robust, is resting well and not at all in serious danger.

TO DANCE AT DES MOINES.

Charity Ball in Spite of the Opposition of the Churches.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 24.—The charity ball will be held as usual this year, the only difference being that the managers of the ball expect that they will clear more money out of it than ever before on account of the advertising given it by the preachers. The council of the Associated Charities has given its final decision in favor of holding the ball. The Associated Charities was placed in a position of either surrendering to the dictation of the Ministerial association or else offering defiance to the same. They do not desire to do either, but feel that the preachers are too late for their protest to be considered.

FORTUNE TO CHARITY.

Edward Austin Bequeaths a Million Dollars to Benevolent Purposes.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 24.—By the will of Edward Austin, who died on Wednesday last, more than \$1,000,000 is given to charity and to educational institutions, as follows: To the New England Trust company, \$100,000 in trust. The income is to be paid "to needy aged men and women who had been in better circumstances in early life, but had become in want in old age." To Harvard college, \$50,000; to the interest to be applied to "needy, meritorious students and teachers, to assist them in the pursuit of their studies." To the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, \$400,000; to Radcliffe college, \$30,000; to Rocke college, \$30,000; to Tuskegee Normal and Industrial school, \$30,000; to the bacteriological laboratory of the Harvard medical school, \$10,000.

WENT ON THE ROCKS

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE CREW OF THE STEAMER OSCEOLA

VESSEL ONCE ABANDONED

She Drove Ashore on Mott Island in the Gale of Tuesday—Change of Wind Set Her Afloat, and the Crew, Who Had Escaped to Shore, Boarded Her Again and Brought Her Into Port.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 24.—(Special.)—The steamer Osceola, of the Port Huron, Duluth & Washburn line, arrived here tonight after an experience that steamer does not often go through. In the heavy gale of Tuesday morning the steamer went ashore on Mott island, which is near Isle Royale, in Canadian waters, striking at 5:30 in the morning. When the steamer went ashore the wind was blowing from the northwest, and as the boat was on the south side of the island the crew began to lighten the vessel to permit her sliding off. While at this work the wind changed and began to blow from the northeast. This caused the boat to go further on the island the more she was lightened. Then the work stopped, and so desperate seemed the situation that the crew left the vessel and abandoned her to her fate. It took from 9:30 in the morning until 3 in the afternoon to get the men off so heavy was the sea. Capt. J. C. McLean, the ship's master, kept some matches from getting wet by putting them in a bottle. A fire was kindled on shore and the crew was saved from suffering the hardships that they would have endured had a fire been impossible. Early the next morning the wind changed again, blowing from the north-west once more. This shoved the boat off the island, and the crew, managing to reach the vessel, came into port last night, after a narrow escape from death as has occurred on the lakes in many seasons.

SOCIETY NEEDS SLEEP.

Philadelphia Leaders Start an Agitation for Earlier Hours.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Nov. 24.—The leaders of the city have reached the conclusion that fashionable women and men need more sleep. They want the dances to begin at 9 p. m., within a reasonable time after dinner, instead of beginning at 11 p. m., or at midnight, as now. And they declare the dances should end not later than 2 a. m. A day or two ago Mrs. John Caldwell, Mrs. Alexander J. Cassatt, Mrs. Edward Coles, Mrs. Charles E. Dana, Mrs. George W. C. Drexel, Mrs. De Grassé Fox, Mrs. Frederick T. Mason, Mrs. William Platt Pepper and Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer met at Mrs. C. O. Harrison's house, 1618 Locust street, and talked over the possibility of ending social functions earlier in the morning. They all heartily approved the idea. "The war being practically over in the city, it is quite certain the others will follow their lead. A meeting to this end had been already arranged for the afternoon of Dec. 1 at the Acorn club.

OPPOSED TO EXPANSION.

Charles S. Adams Fears Labor and Capital Interests May Suffer.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—At the annual meeting of the Massachusetts state board of trade President Charles Adams said: "The war being practically ended, labor and capital have a right to demand that their interests shall not be jeopardized or prosperity further delayed by any doubtful territorial expansion. "Trade will follow the flag only as we are able to meet the competition of other nations and we cannot deny them commercial rights to our colonial possessions without expecting to receive the same treatment in return. "What this country needs is market expansion for our products, and the best way to secure that result is by making known to all markets that we manufacture and can furnish the most desirable and best goods for the money that are produced in any industrial center."

MASCOT OF FOURTEENTH.

Duluth Lad Found Wandering in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Charles Robert, thirteen years of age, of Duluth, Minn., was arraigned before Magistrate Cornell in the Jefferson market police court today charged with being found wandering about the streets. Robert said he was the mascot of the Fourteenth Minnesota volunteers, who were mustered out at St. Paul ten days ago. He accompanied three members of it to New York, where he arrived this morning. He was told to wait at the postoffice, and he thinks the men, having tired of him, deserted him. The boy tried to see Mayor Van Wyck, at the city hall, but failed, and was taken in charge by a policeman. He was committed to the Gerry school.

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WON BY MICHIGAN

MAIZE AND BLUE CAPTURED THE WESTERN FOOTBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

CHICAGO MAROONS PLAYED LIKE FIENDS

A REMARKABLE REVERSAL OF FORM SHOWN BY THE MICHIGAN PLAYERS

PERFECT FOOTBALL WON THE VICTORY

Play of the Michigan Ends Was Beautiful, and Too Strong for the Chicagoans—Herschberger Was All Over the Field, but His Efforts Proved Unavailing—He Made All Chicago's Points.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—The Western football championship goes to Michigan. On a field that was simply perfect for fast football, and before a crowd of fully 12,000, the maroon of Chicago, went down before the maize and blue of Michigan, today, by a score of 12 to 11. Michigan's score represents two touchdowns, goals being kicked in each instance. Chicago made a place on the field, a goal and a touchdown. The reversal of form shown by the Michigan men since they barely succeeded in defeating Northwestern was something remarkable. The Michigan nine, in which big holes were torn by the light Northwestern team, was simply impregnable today, with the exception of about ten minutes in the second half, when the Chicago men, with defeat staring them in the face, pushed their opponents aside with apparent ease. Even in the punting, Michigan was not much inferior, as, although Herschberger's kicks were longer than Caley's, yet the latter's, as a rule, were better placed. Herschberger was a big factor in the game. Every one of Chicago's eleven points were made by the stocky little half back. He kicked a goal from a place on the forty-five-yard line in the first half and the touchdown in actual goal during Chicago's desperate rally near the close of the second half. But his work was marred by the fact that he allowed himself to be drawn in on a mass play, which resulted in the most spectacular feature of the game, a sixty-five-yard run for a touchdown by Widman.

PLAY WAS BEAUTIFUL. The work of the Michigan ends was beautiful. They were invariably down the field quickly on punts and tackled sure and hard. Chicago's ends also did pretty work, Hamill in particular distinguishing himself both on offensive and defensive. His tackling showed a great improvement and several times he prevented a return on a punt. The styles of play adopted by the two teams were altogether different. Michigan, with the exception of one or two double passes, relied almost altogether on straight football, line bucking and runs around the end. Chicago, on the contrary, used trick plays throughout. Several substantial gains were made by double passes, but in several instances the plays on account of the good work of the Michigan ends, Bennett and Starnes, resulted in actual loss of ground. Team work of a high order was shown by both elevens. The linemen charged much more quickly than is usually seen on a Western field, and mass plays found every man in step when the opposing line was struck.

CHICAGO WON TOSS. Chicago won the toss and chose the south field, Michigan kicking off to the fifty-five-yard line. Chicago immediately worked the double pass, one of a fake kick, Kennedy carrying the ball to Michigan's forty-five-yard line. Herschberger kicked to the five-yard line. McLean made four yards around right end. Caley made six yards through Cavanaugh, and tried it again for four more. Plunge through tackles and center brought the ball to Michigan's thirty-two-yard line. The ball was brought out to Chicago's fifty-yard line. Michigan got it immediately on a fumble, and Widman was sent through left tackle for seven yards. Chicago regained the piskin on a fumble on her forty-two-yard line, but lost seventeen yards on a bad pass to Herschberger for a kick. Burnett advanced the ball two yards, and it was Michigan again on a fumble on Chicago's twenty-eight-yard line. Widman went five yards through left tackle. Caley, four through right tackle. Steckle, eight yards through right tackle. It looked like a touchdown, but on her five-yard line Chicago got the ball for holding. Herschberger kicked into the grandstand. The ball was given to Michigan on the five-yard line for holding in the line, and on the next play Widman was shoved over the goal line. Caley kicked goal. Michigan, 6; Chicago, 0.

Herschberger kicked to Michigan's five-yard line. Street returning it fifteen yards. Chicago held well and Caley kicked to the center of the field. Herschberger returning it four yards.

Continued on Fifth Page.