CITY NEWS.

Died at St. Luke's—Mrs. Jane Thorn, formerly living at 205 Smith avenue, died yesterday at St. Luke's hospital. Mrs. Thorn was thirty-nine years of age.

—o—

Arrests for June—The record of the central police station for June shows a total of 242 arrests, of which 162 were males and 80 were females. Of the prisoners 185 were single and 57 married.

—o—

Death of an Italian—Louis Sandangels, an Italian laborer formerly living at 343 Wabasha street, died at the city hospital yesterday. Death was due to a pulmonary affliction. Sandangels was thirty-three years of age an unmarried.

—o—

Launch in Port—The Lily, an eighteen-foot gasoline launch, arrived in St. Paul yesterday afternoon from Winona, carrying Samuel Ingleton and a party of three. The launch left on Thursday, and the party will spend several days in St. Paul.

—o—

Quincy Due Today—The steamer Quincy, of the Diamond Jo line, will arrive this evening from St. Louis. Reports from down river indicate that the boat will bring a large number of passengers into the city.

—o—

Adopt a Child—Judge Bunn yesterday granted leave to Gifford C. Terry and wife to adopt Ruth Clow Bucklin, a minor. Similar permission was granted to Joseph R. Wadell and wife to adopt William Moffet, a minor.

—o—

Postponed Its Meeting—Tuesday next being the national holiday, the regular monthly meeting of the Thirteenth Regiment Auxiliary association for July will be postponed one week, to July 11, at the rooms of the Commercial club, at 8 o'clock p. m.

BOESEL'S FIREWORKS

Delighted Ernest A. Otto's Dog, but Did No Harm.

Officer Boesel, of the Rondo street station, is thinking of discarding the revolver that he has been wont to carry for a more cumbersome, but, in his hands, a more effective, ax, as a result of an occurrence that took place the other day when he ineffectually fired six shots at close range at a dog larger than a young calf. The dog was immensely pleased at the salute fired in its honor and made merry over the occasion until its life was cut short by a well directed bullet fired by an ordinary citizen wearing striped trousers.

Ernest A. Otto, a druggist living at 205 Sherburne avenue, has been the possessor of a well-bred dog weighing something over 125 pounds that had always been a kind of a pet in the family until recently it developed nomadic habits. As a result of the lapse in right living the dog a few days ago snapped at a little child and the parents of the victim entered a complaint and asked to have the dog shot.

Officer Boesel was detailed for the deed and appeared at 205 Sherburne avenue to be introduced to his victim. He was armed with a large revolver, but when he saw the overgrown canine playfully tearing up a piece of old mattress in the Otto front yard he weakened.

"I don't like his looks," observed the assassian to Mr. Otto. "Can't you tie him up somewhere?"

Accordingly the dog was lured to the barn and fastened with a stout rope in a stall in such a manner that it only had about four feet of leeway. Then with one last look at his pet the owner retired to the woodshed and waited to hear the shots that would announce the tragedy. Lot Ayers, a neighbor, who had not the same affection for the canine as its owner, waited to see the shooting.

Several minutes that seemed hours passed before Mr. Otto heard a reverberant shot, followed by a whole fusillade. He counted the shots. Six had been fired and all was over, he thought.

With the feelings of one who had been accessory to a deed the owner approached the barn and looked in. Instead of a mangled corpse he beheld the dog frisking around delighted, apparently, under the impression that the Fourth had arrived sooner than usual.

Then Officer Boesel was in a quandary. He did not want to go back to the Rondo street station and report that he had used six cartridges on the dog and he had run out of ammunition. The problem was finally solved, however, by Mr. Ayers, who went home for his gun and accomplished the death of the canine.

CYCLIST BADLY HURT.

Miss Alice Hare in Collision With an Express Wagon.

Miss Alice Hare, living at 306 Lisbon street, was seriously hurt in a bicycle accident at Fifth and St. Peter streets shortly after 6 o'clock last evening. In a collision with a United States express wagon she was struck on the head by the pole of the vehicle, receiving a scalp wound. The young woman was taken to the office of Dr. Goodrich, in the Lowry Arcade, where her injuries were dressed, when she was taken to St. Luke's hospital.

Unless it should develop that Miss Hare is more dangerous hurt than was believed last evening, her condition is said not to be alarming. The accident happened as Miss Hare was riding home from Field, Schlick & Co.'s, where she is employed. In going up St. Peter street she got ahead of the wagon, which was coming down Fifth. Before she could escape the danger the wagon pole struck her on the head, knocking her unconscious to the pavement. The driver stopped his team quickly, so Miss Hare escaped being run over. Miss Hare recovered consciousness shortly after reaching the hospital.

For State Barbers' Association.

The following barbers of this city have issued a call for a meeting to organize a branch of the Minnesota State Barbers' association: Joseph Kaunh, F. W. Martin, Herman Deebach, F. C. Kuepers, Chris Miller, Len Schwabel, O. D. Howard, H. L. Perce, William Bose, T. H. Lyles, Frank W. Bahr, J. D. Underwood and M. E. Murray.

No hotel has the tourists' and strangers' patronage equal to Hotel Metropolitan, whose many attractions, comforts and conveniences in cafe, table service and rooms and location, make it so popular.

GINNER ON THE STAND

HIS TESTIMONY IN THE SWANSTROM CASE OCCUPIED SEVERAL HOURS

WALL OF OBJECTIONS RAISED

But the County Attorney Succeeds in Getting Some Facts Before the Jury — Former Commissioner Dearth and One of the Policyholders Tell What They Know About the Concern.

The second day in the trial of Andrew P. Swanstrom on an indictment charging the larceny of $625.25 from the funds of the Order of Minnehaha, of which he was supreme secretary and treasurer, was tedious and uneventful. All the forenoon and part of the afternoon were spent by the state in trying to show that Dr. Ginner, the state's principal witness, kept a record of the money taken in from members of the order on assessment calls and in introducing the records in evidence. Every move on the part of County Attorney Bigelow was met with a storm of objections by Attorneys W. H. McDonald, John H. Ives and T. J. McDermott, representing the defendant. Judge Lewis finally became tired of the incessant fire of recriminations and several times brought the attorneys up with a round turn.

As on the preceding day the court room was packed with interested spectators, many of whom had been policy holders in the defunct Order of Minnehaha. During part of the afternoon Judge Kelly appeared in the court room and occupied a seat on the bench with Judge Lewis, listening to the testimony. The appearance of the defendant, who was seated with his attorneys, indicated that the strain of the trial is having an appreciable effect on him. He looked haggard and care worn.

When court opened in the morning Dr. Ginner, former supreme president of the order, was recalled by the state and shown a postal card that he identified as one of the assessment cards sent out in 1897. Then County Attorney Bigelow offered in evidence the policyholders' record, which was also identified.

"All the entries were made by authorized persons," said the witness.

The book was finally received in evidence after a long argument, and Dr. Ginner was temporarily withdrawn to be succeeded by former Insurance Commissioner Elmer H. Dearth, who testified that he had issued a license to the Order of Minnehaha in 1897 and 1898. He had kept the articles of incorporation on file at his office. Then state exhibit "E" was offered, showing the transfer of all the assets and liabilities of the Minnehaha Mutual Life Insurance association to the Order of Minnehaha. Attorney McDonald raised an objection, and after another argument the offer was rejected.

"I visited the office of the Order of Minnehaha in 1896," said Mr. Dearth. "I met Ginner there and also Secretary Swanstrom. Afterwards Mr. Ginner and Mr. Swanstrom came to my office together. This was in the spring of 1898, before the license was issued, and they explained to me the general standing of the order. The license was issued about March 1, 1898, based on the statement made by the officers in 1897, which I passed upon and approved."

Cross-examined by Attorney McDonald, the witness testified that at the time the articles of incorporation were filed in his office there was no certificate of the attorney general attached, as required by law. When Swanstrom called at the commissioner's office in February, 1898, he stated he had come at the instance of Mr. Ginner and he might have added that he was not an officer of the order at the time. He had said that all the interest he had in the issuance of a license was to protect the older members of the order who were beyond the insurance age and could not be reinsured anywhere if dropped.

At the conclusion of Commissioner Dearth's testimony Dr. Ginner was recalled and County Attorney Bigelow offered certain pages of the record book to show that the Minnehaha Mutual Insurance association has emerged itself into the Order of Minnehaha. The state's offer was finally received against the objection of the counsel for the defense. Then Mr. Bigelow asked triumphantly:

"Was any further business done by the association?"

"No."

"Were the members of the association assessed and was the money collected by the Order of Minnehaha?"

"Yes, sir."

From the assessment book the county attorney read the names of Granville Fales, Michael Moffatt, G. F. Freeman, W. R. Scofield, Col. J. G. C. Lee, U. S. A.; W. F. Weber, R. B. Bassford, Dana White, Dr. C. A. Wheaton, W. L. Fish, J. L. Cater, Charles Eaton and W. M. Croome. All these the witness testified were members of the association.

"I was a member of the Minnehaha Mutual Insurance association and was president in 1896," continued the witness. "Andrew P. Swanstrom was secretary. I canont state positively in whose handwriting the records of the association are. To the best of my knowledge the writing is that of Swanstrom. I believe that the minutes as contained in the record book are true."

The minutes of the association were offered in evidence, and County Attorney Bigelow read a section showing the merging of the association into the Order of Minnehaha.

"The books show the old members continuing the payment of their assessments on old policies," said the witness.

On cross-examination Dr. Ginner testified that Swanstrom had tendered his resignation on Nov. 2, 1897, and that on Nov. 22 it was accepted. Anything done by Swanstrom subsequent to the acceptance of the resignation was as acting secretary at the request of the witness. The certificates issued in 1898 were not under the 1897 charter. Certain red ink entries on Register B, of the association books, the witness explained, referred to issues under the charter of 1898. All mail was received in a postoffice box, of which the witness had the key. Swanstrom was in Louisville during a part of 1898, and witness attended to everything personally. The assessments were paid in money orders, drafts, checks or cash at the office, and the custom was to report all payments to the witness on slips so that they could be entered on the cash books. There were no directors' meetings during 1898, but several consultations were held by the officers of the order.

Attorney McDonald called attention to the fact that the record kept by the witness contained only two payments of Call No. 15.

"Is that all the money you received on that assessment, doctor?" asked Mr. Ives.

"I don't know," replied the witness, who was unable to explain the condition of the books.

"You did not allow anyone to do any bossing while you were around, did you?" inquired Mr. Ives, who has been the attorney of the order.

"I don't know that I did any bossing, I didn't boss you even," rejoined Dr. Ginner, tartly.

"No; it kept me busy getting my money," returned Mr. Ives.

The witness said the card system, which was used to take the place of books in keeping track of the assessments, had proven a failure and has been abandoned. The cards were left in the office.

Here the county attorney returned to the charge, and elicited the information that the method of making the assessment calls was by postal cards, which were sent out numbered consecutively, and showing the time when the call was due.

"Was any money received by you from policyholders of the Order of Minnehaha, of which there are no entries on the book?"

"The entries would have been made if we had been given time to make up our books."

"When were you married?" was the next question, and met with an objection, but Mr. Bigelow gained his point by stating that he wanted to show that Swanstrom had been in sole charge of things for a time.

"It was on May 31, 1898," said the witness in reply.

"Who was in charge?"

"Andrew P. Swanstrom."

"He was acting in the capacity of secretary?"

"He was all the time, continuously, while I was connected with the order. He sent out all the receipts for money paid in."

The statement of the Order of Minnehaha to the insurance commissioner, dated December, 1897, was admitted in evidence showing that Samuel G. Ginner was the president, and Andrew P. Swanstrom was the secretary.

Re-cross-examined the witness testified that the reason certain blanks were left in the record book was to permit at a later day the entry of certain amounts that had been paid in and were on memorandums to be entered. When Swanstrom went to Louisville in September, 1897, he had signed a number of certificates, and given them to the witness for use during his (Swanstrom's) absence.

Charles Eaton, residing at 319 Chestnut street, testified that he was one of the policyholders in the Order of Minnehaha, and had been a member of the association. He had received the call for assessment No. 15, and paid $9.80 to the Order of Minnehaha, receiving a receipt, signed A. P. S. He was pretty certain that the money had been paid to Swanstrom. The same was the case in regard to assessment No. 16, for which he held a receipt. Neither of the amounts paid in showed on the record books.

Similar testimony was offered by R. B. Bassford, of Stillwater, who had paid by check. The check was offered in evidence, and court adjourned until 9 a. m. tomorrow morning.

WILL DIRECT THE DIVISION

COL. WILLIAM T. SULLIVAN ARRIVES IN ST. PAUL READY FOR BUSINESS

The New Postoffice Inspection Arrangement Goes Into Effect Tomorrow—About Thirteen Will Be Connected With the Office.

William T. Sullivan, inspector in charge of the new postoffice inspection division, arrived in the city yesterday, and will open the division headquarters in the Germania bank building tomorrow morning. Col. Sullivan has been in the service for many years, and was formerly stationed at St. Louis.

"The new division includes Minnesota and the two Dakotas," said Col. Sullivan yesterday. "I have been advised that for the present the inspectors in my division will be J. C. F. Gordon and H. E. Thiele, who have been temporarily stationed here, and Col. James D. Wood, whose home is in this city, and who is transferred from the Spokane division. Harry Chapman, of Boston, will act as clerk of the division. I think our number will be division thirteen.

"From now on St. Paul will be the headquarters from which the men in my division will make the routine inspections of postoffices, and look into all matters of reported robberies and complaints against postmasters. It is a large division to cover, and I have no doubt but in the near future additional inspectors will be given me."

ON THE POLICE DOCKET.

Judge Hine Had a Large Grist for Saturday.

Harry Kelly and O. D. Chapman, street preachers, who were arrested at Seventh and Cedar streets, while expounding their views of the Gospel, were before Judge Hine yesterday. The police claim the men were taken in charge to prevent a threatened row. The case was continued until Monday.

B. Zerf, arrested some time ago on the charge of swindling, was discharged in the police court yesterday, upon the withdrawal of the compltint against him. He was arrested at the instance of A. Greenberg, who alleged that he had given Zerf $52 for a quantity of brass. Greenberg claimed he did not receive the brass.

John Neuhart, who, a week ago, gave Special Officer Fisher and Patrolman Tschida an exciting chase down Robert street, in which a dozen pistol shots were fired, was fined $5 in the municipal court yesterday for disorderly conduct. Neuhart had a fight in Hank Logan's Robert street saloon and fled when the police arrived.

D. Childs was fined $10 by Judge Hine yesterday for fast driving. He was arrested by Officer Powers, of the Prior avenue station. Childs claimed he was dodging a street car when going at the speed that caused Officer Powers to arrest him.

John Flaherty, the 12-year-old boy arrested for the alleged theft of a watch from a Seventh street shoe shop, was discharged in the police court yesterday, as the owner of the watch, who recovered the timepiece, failed to appear to prosecute the case.

BOARD OF ELECTRICITY.

Joseph McCauley and Otto Clausen the St. Paul Members.

Gov. Lind yesterday appointed the state board of electricity, created under the law passed at the last session of the legislature. The law provides that two members of the board shall be master electricians and two journeymen, while one shall be an electrical expert in one of the three cities to which the application of the law is at present limited.

Master electrician, Gov. Lind has interpreted, in the absence of other light, to mean employing electricians, rather than master electricians in the sense that the term might apply to Nikola Tesla and Thomas A. Edison, and as representing this class he named William I. Gray, of Minneapolis, and Otto Claussen, of St. Paul. Two to represent the journeymen are W. F. Carpenter, of Minneapolis, and Joseph Macauley, of St. Paul, while the fifth member is Electric Wire Inspector Charles L. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis.

POLICE COURT FINES.

Administration's New Policy Increases the Revenue.

The records of the municipal court show an increase of nearly 100 per cent in the receipts for the first six months of the year, as compared with the corresponding period last year.

The total receipts to June 30 this year amount to $12,427.50, as against $6,793 for last year.

The increase is accounted for by the new system enforced by the mayor and the police department as to the fining of street walkers and roomers all over the city, and the payment of the fines into the court.

Of the $12,427.50 collected this year, $11,799 was from criminal fines and $628.50 from civil fees. In the first six months of 1898 the receipts were $6,793, of which $5,986.50 was from criminal fines and $806.50 from civil fees.

SPENDING CITY MONEY

FIGURES SHOWING THE EXPENDITURES FOR THE FIRST SIX MONTHS

SAVING MADE IN INTEREST

This Is Made Up by the Increase in the Sewer and Street Maintenance Fund and That of Park Board, Fire, Police and Other Funds—Tax Receipts Greater This Year Than Last.

The expenditures of the city for the six months ending June 30 foot up $1,004,280.80, which is just $1,113.68 less than the total for the first six months in 1898. The detailed figures which show the expenditures from the several funds are given below. There was a decrease of $25,620 in the amount of interest paid this year, but this was more than evened up by an increase in the street and sewer maintenance, park board, judgment, lighting, fire, police, court house and city hall and printing and stationery funds.

The tax receipts for the first six months this year were $767,408.16, as against $578,764.43 for the corresponding period of 1898.

The receipts to the general fund to June 30 aggregated $270,756.11, as against $261,241.55 for the same time in 1898. This year so far $225,000 paid into the general fund has been from liquor licenses, and this is $2,000 less than was received from the same source in the first six months of last year.

The expenditures from the several funds to date have been as follows:

Interest	$217,249 54	$191,628 76
Workhouse	10,373 82	10,142 54
Park fund	16,919 45	25,370 27
Library fund	7,705 94	8,373 49
Certificates of indebtedness	31,420 86	30,582 46
Fire department	99,088 93	117,829 27
Police department	84,610 20	86,753 39
Lighting fund	54,314 34	59,650 22
Water supply	93 65	84 77
Board control	12,541 56	12,363 79
School	260,652 73	254,293 75
Building inspectors	2,945 40	4,828 40
Health department	4,832 86	4,548 01
Courthouse and city hall	9,674 46	13,687 25
Board of public works	8,358 94	7,662 07
City officers' salaries	28,479 36	24,713 21
Street and sewer	60,940 68	77,562 63
Bridge repairs	29,106 99	3,810 03
Plumbing and stationery	6,695 15	11,236 97
Municipal court	8,922 45	7,524 93
Judgments	22,918 44	27,437 18
Garbage contracts	6,360 06	7,039 01
Engineering department	13,260 09	11,952 23
Council emergency fund	2,656 90	4,710 61
Election expenses of 1898	14,291 58	495 54
	$1,005,414 48	$1,004,280 80

TELEPHONE IN EACH CAR.

New Palaces on Wheels for the Stillwater Line.

The street railway company announce that the new cars which are to be placed on the Stillwater Interurban line will be the most up-to-date cars owned by the company, or, for that matter, any company in the country.

The cars now in course of construction will be run on the line and not as in the case with the ones advertised by the company for the Selby avenue line be put on for a week or so and then sent over to Minneapolis. At least, Supt. Smith says the new ones will be operated as soon as they are completed.

The new cars are to be supplied with air brakes and air whistles. The compressed air for the brakes and whistles is to be supplied by a small electric motor which operates an air pump. This plan will relieve the motoneer of considerable labor and will also allow the cars to be stopped quickly. The air whistles will be used in place of the usual gong in the district outside of St. Paul and Stillwater, where the cars will be run at a high rate of speed, and for this reason a gong would not give suitable warning. Within the city limits the gongs will be used the same as on other cars.

A new wrinkle on the cars will also be a telephone with each car. These are designed for the benefit of the service. The line between St. Paul and Stillwater is a single track one and as it frequently happens the place of meeting must be changed or an accident occurs. It then becomes necessary to communicate with the power station and the telephone will make this possible. Attached to the telephone in each car will be a coil of wire fifty feet long with a switch plug in one end. At intervals of each quarter mile there will be places where the motoneer can cut in on the telephone wire between St. Paul and Stillwater and communicate with the power house or car barn.

The cars are to be equipped with four instead of two motors, which will allow the use of trailers with each car. The company will cross the Wisconsin Central on the Stillwater extension under the tracks instead of at grade and thus avoid accidents.

The work on the power house at Wildwood is being pushed and other improvements at this resort will be completed in two weeks. The bath house will, when completed, contain about 100 rooms, with special apartments for women and children.

FILE THREE BONDS.

N. P. Langford's Way to Beat a Puzzle in Local Civics.

N. P. Langford, recently appointed by the judges of the district court as a director of the board of control, commenced upon his duties yesterday. Mr. Langford succeeds Theodore H. Menk and is appointed for a three years' term.

He was engaged the better part of yesterday in endeavoring to ascertain where he should file a bond of $5,000 which the law says he shall give for the faithful performance of his duties.

The corporation attorney advised that the bond be filed with the county auditor. Some one else in authority informed the new director that he should file his bond with the city clerk, and still another authority said the bond should be filed with the register or deeds.

In order to be on the safe side, City Comptroller McCardy advised Mr. Langford to make three copies of the bond and file one with the city clerk, one with the county auditor and the other with the register of deeds. The suggestion of the comptroller will probably be followed by Mr. Langford.

GOES INTO LIQUIDATION.

Northern Exchange Bank's Affairs to Be Wound Up.

The stockholders of the Northern Exchange bank decided at a recent meeting that the institution should go into voluntary liquidation. The affairs of the bank will be closed up. A new bank has been organized under the name, American Exchange bank, and depositors of the Exchange bank have consented to transfer their accounts to the new institution. C. C. Emerson has been chosen president of the bank, with L. H. Ickler as cashier. The business of the institution will be conducted in the rooms of the Northern Savings bank, Sixth and Minnesota streets.