

Will somebody please hand the Globe a firecracker? It has added

Over 700

New subscribers to its lists since the opening day of June.

ALL FOR DREYFUS

REMARKABLE REVOLUTION OF SENTIMENT IN FRANCE TOWARD FAMOUS PRISONER

ACQUITTAL SEEMS ASSURED

VENGEANCE WILL BE VISITED UPON THE MEN WHO HAD HIM BANISHED

M. DE ROULEDE'S SPEECH

It Has Electrified All Paris, and Is of Grave Portent for the Persecutors of Dreyfus—Punishment for Them Cannot Be Too Severe, Says M. de Roulede—Mme. Dreyfus Cares for Her Husband.

PARIS, July 3.—There has been a remarkable revolution of public feeling here, and throughout France, with reference to Dreyfus. The acquittal of the prisoner now seems assured, and with it the prosecution of the men who sent him into banishment. No steps in that direction will be taken until after the trial of the famous prisoner, but then they will be a reckoning among the army officers who have had a hand in the Dreyfus affair.

Mme. Dreyfus, it is asserted here, is not only permitted to see her husband, but is allowed to attend personally to the preparation of his meals. His memoirs, which he wrote on Devil's Island, were left there, but they will be forwarded to the government with his other effects.

There is a great deal of comment upon a speech made yesterday by Paul de Roulede, founder of the League of Patriots, and long known as one of the most violent opponents of revision. M. de Roulede said, in substance, that if Dreyfus should be found innocent by the new court-martial "no punishment would be sufficiently heavy; no pillory sufficiently infamous, for all the ministers, civil and military, who were responsible for his conviction, and no honors high enough for the martyr and victim."

WONDERFUL NERVE.

Details of Voyage of Dreyfus From Cayenne to France.

PARIS, July 3.—Dreyfus is a man of extraordinary energy. During the twenty days' passage he showed no weakness. A chaloupe took Dreyfus aboard the Sfax on June 9 at 9 o'clock in the morning. He submitted to the regime which is usual when an officer is under arrest. It is one of extreme rigor. His door was always guarded by four men under the quarter-master, who were relieved every four hours. All verbal communication was rigorously forbidden on the boat.

SAYS HE IS INNOCENT.

Alexander Jester Denies Having Murdered Gilbert Gates.

MEXICO, Mo., July 3.—Alexander Jester, accused of the murder of Gilbert Gates, arrived here during the night from Tecumseh, Okla., in charge of Sheriff Belson. Lying on a cot in his cell at the county jail, Jester's attention was called to some false statements printed about him, and he said he would make a true statement.

"Did you ever kill anybody in Kansas or Missouri?" "No, God knows I am no murderer." "Then you are not the Alexander Jester wanted?" "There is some mistake."

"How could your sister conceive of such a story, accusing you of the murder?" "You will have to ask her; she got mad at me."

"How can you account for all of the corroborating evidence pointing to you as the murderer?" "Nothing back of it."

Jester is too poor to hire a lawyer. "God has been good to me," said he today, "and I am going to trust him."

NO REWARD.

Father of Gerald Lapiner Refuses to Pay.

CHICAGO, July 3.—Louis Lapiner, father of Gerald Lapiner, the child that was kidnapped, and for which John Collins and Mrs. Ingersoll stand convicted, has positively refused to pay the \$2,500 claimed by Miss Olive Ferris and Frank Ferris, of Painesville, O., who recovered the boy. At a meeting today Mr. Lapiner said:

"I never offered a reward, and I shall never pay one. I will pay the expenses you incurred in looking for the boy." Chief of Police Kipley arranged that \$100 be paid as a reward for services to the police department in locating the child, although the department had never offered a reward in the case.

FOLGER PARTY ALIVE.

Succeeded in Reaching Arctic City After a Terrible Experience.

SEATTLE, July 3.—News has been received that the members of the Folger party, supposed to have perished in the wilds of Interior Alaska, are still alive. Almost crazed by hunger and hardships they dragged themselves into Arctic City, where they were tenderly cared for by the Winthrop mining people, and restored to health.

BECKER MURDER TRIAL.

Prosecution Outlines Case Against the Prisoner.

CHICAGO, July 3.—Attorney Pearson outlined the case of the prosecution against August Becker today, charging him with murdering his wife and reducing the remains by boiling them. Mrs. Tillie Miller, next door neighbor of the Beckers, testified that the rings worn by Ida Sutterlin, whom Becker married shortly after the disappearance of his first wife, belonged to the missing woman.

GUITEAU'S JUDGE.

Veteran of the Bench Tendered His Resignation.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—Judge Walter S. Cox, justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, today tendered his resignation to the president, and the latter indicated his intention to accept it. Justice Cox has been on the bench for more than twenty years, and his determination to resign was prompted by his age, which exceeds seventy-two years. He presided at the trial of Guiteau, the assassin of President Garfield.

Gambont Nashville Disabled.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The gambont Nashville appears to have struck a snag during recent trip up the Mississippi river. She is now in dock at Norfolk and the examination of her bottom has shown considerable injuries, which will cost \$2,000 to repair.

CAUSED AN UPRAOR.

M. Charles Ferry's Resolution in Chamber of Deputies.

PARIS, July 3.—In the chamber of deputies, today, M. Charles Ferry, Republican, raised a hornet's nest by moving a resolution in connection with the workmen's accident bill, evidently with the intention of drawing out M. Millerand, minister of commerce, and Radical Socialist.

A great uproar immediately broke out

and the president of the chamber, M. Deschanel, suspended the sitting. When the session was resumed, M. Deschanel announced that M. Millerand had agreed to explain matters tomorrow

MATTER OF FORM.

How Prosecution of Dreyfus Will Be Conducted.

RENNES, July 3.—Late this evening it was ascertained that unless the authorities should direct a preliminary inquiry or examination of Capt. Dreyfus, Maj. Carrière, the government commissioner charged with the preparation of the case against the prisoner, will merely draw up a report, which will be presented to the court-martial. Maitre Demange returned to Paris this evening, and Maitre Laborie will return Wednesday.

LIFE FAST EBBING.

No Hope for Recovery of Bishop John P. Newman.

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 3.—Bishop John P. Newman, of the Methodist Episcopal church, who was prostrated with myelitis and pneumonia, was still unconscious tonight with the preparation of the case against the prisoner, will merely draw up a report, which will be presented to the court-martial. Maitre Demange returned to Paris this evening, and Maitre Laborie will return Wednesday.

Bishop John P. Newman, D. D., LL. D., was born in New York on Sept. 1, 1826, and joined the Onondaga conference in 1849. He was pastor for many years in the leading churches of New York, New Orleans and Washington, D. C. He was chaplain of the United States senate 1868-74. He has published several works. He was elected bishop in 1888, and presided at Rock River conference in 1889. He has been honored with appointments in foreign lands, giving him an excellent opportunity for travel without personal expense. He was in attendance upon Gen. Grant during his last illness and preached his funeral sermon. He also officiated at the funeral of Gen. John A. Logan, and preached the funeral sermon on the occasion of the death of Senator Leland Stanford's son, receiving therefor a fee of \$10,000.

IOWA LAND CASE.

Decision Involving Title to a Vast Amount of Property.

DUBUQUE, Ia., July 3.—Judge Shiras, of the federal court, today decided the famous O'Brien county, Iowa, land case by ruling that title in the disputed land is vested in innocent purchasers. The land grant was given to the Sioux City & Pacific railway, conditioned on the construction of the road into Minnesota, but building was stopped at Leasport. The railroad was much scattered, but its failure to extend forfeited the grant. The court so decided, the United States supreme court sustaining the decision. The lands were resold, and settlers went in and seized property purchased from the railway. After many years of litigation the court now enters a decree holding that the original purchasers are entitled to return land occupied by the railroad. The decision involves title to 20,000 acres of land in Iowa.

WAR IN THE PHILIPPINES IS DEPLORED.

Government Is Urged to Grant Independence to the Filipinos—Trusts Are the Creatures of a Dangerous Despotism.

BUFFALO, July 3.—Rev. B. Fay Mills, of Boston, was chosen chairman of today's conference of the National Social and Political Association, Bolton Hall, chairman of the committee on resolutions read the report of the committee on resolutions, which included resolutions on women's suffrage, the Buchanan plan of organization and anti-imperialism. An address read by Prof. Herron criticizing the Philippine policy and the alleged tendency to autocracy was adopted, but the vote was subsequently reconsidered, after a number of addresses denouncing such action. Pandemonium ensued, as motion after motion followed, and speaker after speaker was heard or suppressed. Finally, an address to the public was taken up seriatim. From time to time some delegates would rise in a spirit of desperation, trying to protest against the language of the address. The first paragraph denounced the "war of conquest and extermination." The word "extermination" was stricken out. The words "lawless and responsible" were stricken from the paragraph referring to military control in Idaho. The address as adopted refers to the "two great evils of militarism and plutocracy, which are the enemies of the republic." The former, it declares, is expressed in our war of conquest in the Philippines; in our continued government of Cuba; in the use of the United States army for the complete and instant overthrow of civil government in Idaho, and the establishment of military despotism. In the corporate and private use of military force to destroy and terrorize organized labor, and in the monstrous errors that have grown out of our Spanish war. "The nation," the address continues, "that strikes at the liberties of another nation, commits national suicide. We cannot too greatly emphasize the fact that the militarism that seeks conquest abroad has for its ultimate purpose the destruction of organized labor at home, and the defense of government by injunctions of the federal courts, which have usurped the functions of legislation and have set aside the laws of the land."

FINANCIAL PROBLEM.

Members of Senate Finance Committee Are to Discuss It.

NARRAGANSETT, R. I., July 3.—Four members of the senate finance committee empowered by congress to sit during the recess for a conference on the currency question have arrived and expect to begin their deliberations tomorrow. Those already here are Senators Thomas C. Platt, of New York; J. C. Burrows, of Michigan; W. B. Allison, of Iowa; and Nelson Aldrich, of Rhode Island. Senator Platt, of Connecticut, is expected to join the party immediately. It is not expected that the other eight members of the committee will attend. The party has secured cottages at Little Casino.

TO SUCCEED THURSTON.

Assistant Secretary Melkiejohn Wants the Nebraska Senatorship.

CHICAGO, July 3.—First Assistant Secretary of War George Melkiejohn is a candidate for Nebraska senator from Nebraska, to succeed John M. Thurston, whose term expires on March 4, 1901. Mr. Melkiejohn said this evening that he would be guided by events.

HATFIELD-M'COY FEUD.

H. E. Ellis Is the Latest Victim of the Vendetta.

WILLIAMSON, W. Va., July 3.—Ellis Hatfield Jr., son of "Dewey Anse" Hatfield, shot and killed H. E. Ellis on a passenger train near here today. Ellis was a McCoy sympathizer in the Hatfield-McCoy feud. Hatfield is being pursued.

St. Paul Globe

TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 4, 1899.

PRICE TWO CENTS—[On Trans, FIVE CENTS.]

LIBERTY'S NATAL DAY.

In the booming of the cannon there's a grand, impulsive thrill Like to that which roused a people mid the smoke of Bunker Hill. And in triumph waves that banner men have carried through the wars, With its sacred white and crimson and the splendor of its stars. The trenches are no longer red where streams that standard fair, Uplifted is the hymn of peace upon the summer air, And far and wide from palm to pine, from distant sea to sea, The Nation proudly celebrates the birth of Liberty.

A vision of the glorious past outspreads 'neath Freedom's arch, And the grand old Continentals in their regimental march. The sun shines bright on Valley Forge, where, huddled once the snow, And grandly flows the Delaware through scenes of long ago. The banner of Marion is as bright as his immortal blade, And glory guards Mount Vernon in the summer sun and shade. And Liberty invests each spot where Freedom's heroes stood, With eagle sword and bayonet fixed in the living wood.

The men who gave unto our flag its own immortal stars sleeping where no cannon's peal can rouse the brave to wars! Their laureled swords are hanging over Victory's deathless shrine, And sacred are the drums that beat adown the battle line; Mid fire and smoke they carved for aye a monument of fame, And Liberty today recrowns each brave, historic name; Where the orange grows in beauty waves one lovely flag today, And mingled 'neath it, brethren now, repose the Blue and Gray.

The flags that kissed the breezes where the Shenandoah flows No longer fly above the ranks that met as stubborn foes, The martial tread of thousands shake no more the east and west, And Freedom's eagle builds in peace on Lookout's lofty crest. The graves down in the valley and the mounds upon the height Columbia gently covers with a sheen of blossoms bright, And all the bells are ringing as the story is retold How Independence triumphed in the glorious days of old.

Old Glory floats this cherished day beneath the distant skies, And heroes greet it with a shout where Santiago lies. Aye, 'neath its own immortal folds amid the tropic sea, Our brethren of the palm and pine stand up forever free. The eagle bathes his plumage in the firelight of the sun, And soars with conscious triumph where the Cuban rivers run. Year where our beauteous emblem waves with many a stripe and star, The rose of love and peace this day blooms on the trail of war.

Let every bell ring out the fame of Freedom's natal day, Let every freeman lift his voice from ocean spray to spray, A chain of ever glorious years unites with many a thrill, The Hall of Independence and the crest of San Juan's hill. We celebrate a nation's birth amid the cannon's roar, Yet gentle Peace hath spread her wings with love from shore to shore. No North, no South, no East, no West, but One in purpose free, United stands this land of ours for God and Liberty.

T. C. HARBAUGH

OPPOSED TO CONQUEST

ADDRESS TO THE NATIONAL SOCIAL AND POLITICAL ASSOCIATION

MILITARISM IS A MENACE

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CUBANS SEEK JUSTICE

WANT THE AMERICANS TO DEMONSTRATE THAT THEY ARE DISPOSED TO BE FAIR

OFFICERS TO BE PUNISHED

That Is the Action That Is Promised in Order to Dispose of What Threatened to Prove an Embarrassing Question—Yellow Fever Cases at Santiago Increase, but the Death Rate Is Small.

HAVANA, July 3.—What promised to be a very embarrassing controversy, growing out of the recent collision between Americans and Cubans at Cienfuegos, is now in a fair way to be settled satisfactorily to the Cubans, owing to the wise and timely action of Brig. Gen. Wilson, military governor of the consolidated department of Matanzas and Santa Clara.

A dispatch from Cienfuegos says that Capt. Fenton, the commissary who was relieved of duty on charge of persecuting the three civil employees of the department, and Lieut. Peyton, of Maj. Batferry's pay train, charged with leaving his post without leave, will be court-martialed. This action meets with general appreciation in Cienfuegos.

The people of the district await the fulfillment of this promise, which would remove all doubt as to the spirit animating the American authorities. Opinion in Cienfuegos, as well as in Havana, is that while such incidents are unfortunate, and perhaps unavoidable, severe punishment of the guilty will serve as a warning to others.

La Lucha's publication today, regarding the alleged project for establishing a Royalist party in Cuba, aroused the indignation of the promoters. One of them said the attempt might as well be abandoned, as the premature disclosure would render its success impossible. It appears that the anti-American Cuban officer, "the king-elect," recently collected \$500 from mechanics at Santiago, who has been questioned on the subject and regarding the royalist scheme, but he evaded the former interrogatory, and denied that he was the officer referred to by La Lucha. Local opinion seems to be that he is quite a harmless individual.

It is officially announced here today, following the receipt of the press dispatches on the subject, that Col. Edward Moale, of the Fifteenth Infantry, will not have an independent command in the province of Puerto Principe, but that the province will be joined to Santiago province in a consolidated department, under Brig. Gen. Wood, as it is found unnecessary to have more than four departments.

Although Gen. Ludlow is not quite satisfied with the advisability of such a course, the regulation as to insurance companies, calling upon foreign corporations to deposit in the island treasury what the law requires, was issued today.

BULLETIN OF IMPORTANT NEWS OF THE DAY

Weather Forecast for St. Paul, Fair.

1—Day With Dreyfus. Opposition to Expansion. Cubans Want Justice. Fourth at Manila.

2—Local Bankruptcy Review. Wed an Opera Singer. Soldier Held in Germany. Robbers at North St. Paul.

3—Minneapolis Matters. Northwest News. Boxell Murder Trial. Golf Tourney Opens.

4—Editorial. Lincoln Club Lays Down. St. Paul's Fourth.

5—Sporting. St. Paul Loses a Game. Erne Defeats Lavigne.

6—Leech Lake Dispute. Recruiting Keeps Up.

7—News of the Railroads. Const Jobbers Lose.

8—Svanstrom's Trial. Supreme Court Decisions. East Seventh Street Paving.

OCEAN LINERS.

LIVERPOOL—Arrived: Corinthia, Boston, Umbria, New York.

GIBRALTAR—Arrived: Saale, for Naples and Genoa, from New York.

TODAY IN ST. PAUL.

METROPOLITAN—Boston Lyric Opera company in "Wang," 7:30 and 8:15.

GRAND—Dark Night, 7:30 and 8:15. Base ball, St. Paul vs. Minneapolis, Lexington park, 10:30 a. m.

Cricket match, all day, Kittsondale, 10 a. m.

Lacrosse match, St. Paul vs. Minneapolis, Lexington park, 2 p. m.

Golf match, Town and Country club links, 2 p. m.

Bayonet club weekly shoot, Kittsondale, 2 p. m.

Band concerts, Lake Como, 2 and 8 p. m.

Fireworks at 9 p. m.

Accker post celebration, Central hall, Sixth and Seventh streets, 10 a. m.

Concerts at Wildwood, afternoon and evening. Fireworks in the evening.

Yacht races, White Bear, morning and afternoon.

Bethany church celebration, West Delos street, 2 p. m.

Trilite Lodge No. 39, A. F. and A. M., meets, Masonic hall, Merriman Park, 8 p. m.

Capital City Lodge No. 27, A. F. and A. M., meets, Masonic hall, Seventh and Ontario streets, 8 p. m.

Mississippi Lodge No. 13, A. F. and A. M., meets, Masonic hall, South St. Paul, 8 p. m.

Minnesota Chapter No. 1, Royal Arch Masons, meets, Masonic hall, West Fifth street, near postoffice.

The advertising patronage of the Globe was

100 Per Cent.

greater in the month of June, 1899, than in June, 1898. The Globe's boom can be heard above the smaller fireworks.

IN CONSTANT PERIL

FILIPINOS ARE EVER READY TO ATTACK THE AMERICANS, FRONT OR REAR

NATIVES CANNOT BE TRUSTED

REVOLT IS THE INEVITABLE OUTCOME OF ANY SEMBLANCE OF MILITARY LAXITY

BOLO MEN KILL A SOLDIER

Retirement of Volunteers From Negros Lead the Natives to Believe That the Americans are in Retreat—A Skirmish Results in Repulse of the Enemy—Fourth to Be Observed in Manila.

NEW YORK, July 3.—(Special).—A special from Manila says: "There is no rest for the American soldier in the Philippines. He is in constant peril. The natives cannot be trusted. They take advantage of any sign of military laxity on the part of the Americans and attack weak points with a persistence that is exasperating and at the same time annoying and insidious. It is the rear as well as the front that the Americans must guard, for while fighting the enemy in front the natives take chances by firing upon the troops from the rear. When the volunteers were leaving Negros a party of bolo-men attacked and killed a private. They also wounded several men. The Americans charged and routed them, killing several. Volunteers here are impatiently awaiting orders to embark for home."

OUTBREAK AT NEGROS.

Bolo Men Attack Americans and Kill a Private.

MANILA, July 3.—Reports have been received here of an outbreak in the island of Negros, incident upon the departure of the California regiment for home. Some hostile natives seeing a company of soldiers at one of the small camps preparing to depart thought the Americans were evacuating the island, and a party of 200 rebels, mostly bolo-men, attacked the troops and killed one man and wounded another belonging to Company B. The Filipinos were easily driven off.

The transport Sherman will bring the California troops to Manila before starting for San Francisco. The transport Grant will soon embark the Colorado regiment.

FOURTH IN MANILA.

Great Preparations Are Making for the Occasion.

NEW YORK, July 3.—A special from Manila says: The greatest preparations have been made for the celebration of the Fourth in Manila tomorrow. There will be a parade of school children, headed by the bands of the American army, and the local bands, and speeches at the institute, at which Col. Denby will preside. In the evening there will be a grand display of fireworks. All the batteries will join in firing a salute at noon.

Gen. Otis has issued a general order in which he highly commends the volunteer soldiers for their conduct in the strained times previous to the outbreak.

MANILA CASUALTIES.

Gen. Otis' Last Report to the War Department.

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The war department has received the following additional casualties from Gen. Otis:

KILLED.

Fourth Cavalry—At Muntlupa, June 26, C. William Nolan.

Twelfth Infantry—Near San Fernando, John C. McHuner.

WOUNDED.

Twelfth Infantry—L. William Dingey, elbow, slight; F. Aaron C. Wise, wrist, slight.

Fifty-first Iowa—C. Edward F. Brown, nates, moderate.

FEVER IS MILD.

Yellow Jack Still Holds Sway at Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 3.—An increase in the number of new cases of yellow fever and a decrease in the death rate are the striking features of the situation. There have been ninety-four cases up to date, of which seventeen have proved fatal. Eleven out of the fifteen attacked succumbed to the disease. Nearly all were camp followers. Eliminating these the death rate has really been small.

Today the medical corps was reinforced by several doctors from Havana. The fever hospital, which is on an island across the bay, is finely equipped. There is no finer medical corps in the city.

The final payment of the Cuban troops has been altered, owing to the proximity of the disease and Aug. 6 has been fixed upon as a probably available date. All other points in the province will be dealt with first. Twelve hundred Cubans have registered at Manzanillo, where payment began today, at a ratio in excess of that originally estimated as necessary.