SPECIAL SALE FOR TODAY

of Fine Whiskies, Wines and Liqueurs; also in our fine line of Imported, Key West and Domestic Cigars. These prices are positively unmatchable. Read and convince yourself.

Gibson Pure Rye	8 years old, per bottle...	90c
Humboldt Pure Rye	1880, per bottle	$1.25
McArthur's	London old Tom Gin. Per bottle....	75c
Blakemore	Bourbon Whisky, Per bottle.	90c
Gold Medal	Manhattan Cocktail. Per bottle.....	85c
G. & U.	Finest Old Scotch Whiskey, worth $1.75, per bot	$1.25
Encore	Scotch Whisky—our own importat'n especi'ly—for	$1.25
Fine Vermouth	The finest Italian Vermouth, pint bottle...	75c
Port	Celebrated Invalid, 12 years old, per bottle.....	85c
Port	A very choice, 4 years old. Per gallon.	$1.00
Port	Fine imported, 12 years old. Per gallon....	$4.50
Cognac	Gold Label, celebrated, 18 years old, for invalids, per bottle	$1.75
Brandy	California, 10 years old, extra choice. Per bottle	$1.00
Claret	4 years old, very choice. Per gallon.....	$1.00
Zinfandel Claret	6 yrs. old Per gal..	$1.50
Sherry	Good choice, 4 years old. Per gallon.....	$1.00
Sherry	Fine imported, 6 years old. Per gallon.....	$3.00
Sauterne	Fine California. Per bottle.....	35c

Ask for our Queen's Liqueur Scotch Whisky, 21 years old, the very finest imported to this country.

Carolina Favoritas	50 in a box	$5.50
Henry Clay	Bouquet, 25 in a box.....	$4.75
Henry Clay	Conchas Especial, 50 in box	$6.65
Manuel Garcia	Alonso Deliciosos, 25 in a box....	$5.00
Manuel Garcia	Alonso Conchas Finos, 50 in a box.....	$7.25
Manuel Garcia	Alonso Panatella, 50 in a box. .....,	$7.00
Manuel Garcia	Alonso Conchas Especial, 50 in a box	$6.25
Manuel Garcia	Alonso Conchas Selectos, 50 in a box.....	$5.50

A Line of Key West and Domestic Cigars.

Flor de Adams	Especials, 50 in box..	$3.35
Flor de Adams	Entre Actos, 50 in a box..	2.25
Commonwealth	Conchas Especial, 50 in box.	3.00
Cmmonowealth	Magnificos, 50 in a box.	3.50
Commonwealth	Perfectos, 50 in a box	4.50
Commonwealth	Invincible, 25 in a box.	2.75
Jackson Square	Plantation, 100 in a box	3.75
Abraham Lincoln	Magnificos, 50 in a box.....	2.00

MICHAUD BROS., LEADING GROCERS.

FITZ AFTER JEFFRIES

BOB IGNORES THE ALLEGED MATCH WITH CORBETT

WINNER CAN TAKE IT ALL

That Is the Proposition Martin Julian Makes on Behalf of His Principal—Will, in Addition, Wager Jeffries $5,000 That He Cannot Defeat the Australian Boxer.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Martin Julian says that Bob Fitzsimmons will come on from Chicago early next week to attempt to get on a match with Jeffries.

"Bob is willing to agree that the winner take all," he said. "Fitzsimmons is entitled to first consideration, and we mean business. If Jeffries is so sure that he can defeat Fitzsimmons when the latter is in good shape we will let the winner take everything. I am sure Bob can defeat Jeffries. If he fails we don't want a cent.

"In addition I will bet Jeffries $5,000 that he cannot defeat Fitzsimmons. I will post the money and will insist upon his doing the same. I mean business and just as soon as Jeffries or Brady is prepared we will sign articles. It makes little difference to me when the contest is decided, but I would rather have it come off within six weeks. Fitzsimmons will be in condition in one month."

BURNS IS OUT.

Tom Loftus to Manage Chicago National League Team.

CHICAGO, Nov. 28.—President James Hart, of the Chicago Baseball club, announced officially today that the resignation of Thomas Burns as manager of the team had been received and accepted. Burns will be succeeded by Tom Loftus, of the Grand Rapids American league team.

Another interesting announcement was made when President Ban Johnson, of the American league, confirmed the report that Charles Comiskey would manage a Chicago American league club, a rival of the National league organization.

DUBUQUE, Io., Nov. 28.—Tom Loftus said, tonight, he would accept the management of the Chicago club. He has no plans perfected for the future.

BROAD WAS BEST.

Given a Decision in a Twenty-Five-Round Go With Dave Sullivan.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Kid Broad, of Cleveland, defeated Dave Sullivan, of Boston, in a twenty-five-round fight tonight, before the Broadway Athletic club. Sullivan, in the opening rounds, assumed the aggressive, but at no time offset his adversary's defensive tactics and counters. All through the fight honors were pretty even, with the exception of one knockdown in the fifteenth round. In this round Sullivan went to the floor heavily, and came up again after a time, dragging a good margin of the allotted ten seconds with him. Toward the end of the fight Broad simply swamped his adversary with left jabs and right crosses, interspersed with right uppercuts, which weakened Sullivan, and there was nothing to it when the twenty-first round had been completed. Sullivan, from this point, made a grandstand play, but his efforts were ineffective. At the end of the twenty-fifth round both men were bleeding profusely, but Broad was the strongest by far, and he was the aggressor to the call of time, when there was nothing left for the referee but to give a decision in favor of Broad.

Sullivan was the favorite in the betting. Two to one was freely laid upon his chances up to the tenth round, but after that even money prevailed.

TO GET UP AN APPETITE.

Tomah Indians and Central High School To Play Tomorrow.

There will be football at Lexington park tomorrow morning at 10:30, and the management of the Central High school eleven insists that there is no combination of unpropitious meteorological phenomena which can prevent them from taking the field as announced, at 10:30. The Tomah Indian school eleven are to meet the local eleven, and as it is the only game scheduled in the Twin Cities for Thanksgiving morning, a large attendance is expected. The line-up of the teams is as follows:

Tomah.		Central.
Quaderer	C.	Hollinshead
Wetenhall	L. G.	Brennan
Welch	R. G.	Moore
White	L. T.	Fry
Gokey	R. T.	Edwards
Isham	L. E.	Thomson
Sun	R. E.	F. O'Brien
La Motte	Q.	Barlow
De Brot	L. H.	Dougherty
Bent (Capt.)	R. H.	H. O'Brien (Cpt.)
Quinney	F. B.	Leggett

Dunkhorst Defeated Lansing.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Nov. 28.—Ed Dunkhorst, of Syracuse, N. Y., was tonight given the decision over Mike Lansing, of Rochester, N. Y., in the eighth round of what was to have been a twenty-round bout. Lansing was all but out when the bout was stopped

Sparring Contest Tonight.

Moses Brooks and Capt. King will spar six rounds for a $50 purse and a side bet this evening at the Palm Garden.

McCoy-Maher Fight.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The date of the Kid McCoy-Peter Maher fight at the Coney Island Sporting club has been set for Dec. 21. New articles have been signed.

STILLWATER.

Orders for Binder Twine for Next Season Coming In.

Warden Wolfer stated yesterday that there is an unprecedented demand for prison twine at this season of the year. Hundreds of farmers are writing letters to the prison factory, asking that their orders be booked for next season, but inasmuch as the board of managers has not fixed prices for next year no orders can be booked. Dealers in farm machinery and twine are also endeavoring to order twine in car load lots and there is little question but that all of the coming season's output will be disposed of before the next harvest is here.

Frank N. Horton, an aged man, was received at the prison yesterday from Rice county, to serve six years for incest. John Wadsworth, received from the same county, will serve nine months for grand larceny. James Coates, received from Stearns county, will serve one year and six months for grand larceny. The prison population is constantly increasing and now numbers 520.

Alex. Mackey returned last evening to his logging camps, near White Birch, Wis. Mr. Mackey says that good work is being done in the camps in that part of Wisconsin, but that loggers generally would welcome cold weather.

A special term of the district court was held here yesterday by Judge Crosby, of Hastings.

The administrators of the estate of the late Hon. Isaac Staples have applied to the probate court for permission to distribute $300,000 belonging to the estate. As soon as an order permitting it is secured this amount will be distributed among the various heirs.

The ladies of the Eastern Star and the Modern Woodmen will give dances tomorrow evening.

Royalty to Meet.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"King Humbert has invited Emperor William and Queen Victoria to go to Bordighera in April, and both have accepted. The queen had originally intended to go to Potsdam, but this plan was shelved in favor of a meeting in Italy.

Michigan Bribery Cases.

LANSING, Mich., Nov. 28.—Neither Speaker E. J. Adams, of the house of representatives, nor Agent C. J. Pratt were arraigned today under the grand jury indictments which charge them with being interested in the law establishing law libraries in the state.

Personally Conducted Tours To California in Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Via the Chicago Great Western to Kansas City and the Sante Fe Route to Los Angeles and Southern California. The true winter route, avoiding cold weather and snow blockades.

Commencing Monday, Oct. 23d, and on every Monday following, one of these new Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars will leave St. Paul at 8:10 a. m., via the Chicago Great Western, for Los Angeles and Southern California, via Kansas City, and reaching Los Angeles the following Friday morning, thus avoiding all Sunday travel. These tours are personally conducted by an experienced railway official, who accompanies the train to its destination. The cars are well equipped for a long journey, and are as comfortable as the Pullman Sleepers, while the price is only $6.00 for a double berth, less than half the price in the standard sleepers. For full information inquire of J. P. Elmer, Gen. Agt. Pass. Depart., corner Fifth and Robert Sts., St. Paul.

As a household beverage **BLATZ BEER** has no equal. Possesses every element of beer goodness. Superior quality gained and uniform quality has held for **"BLATZ"** the title of **"STAR MILWAUKEE."**

Try a Case of "BLATZ."

St. Paul Branch, Lower Levee, Foot of John Street, Tel. 1414.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE, U. S. A.

WILL SMOKE MONTHLY

OPENING "SMOKE" OF NEW ATHLETIC AND ROWING CLUB AN UNQUESTIONED SUCCESS

PLANS FOR WORK OUTLINED

President Leavitt Corning, in His Opening Address, Informs the Members What Is Expected, as Well as What Already Has Been Done—No Spirit of Antagonism Toward Y. M. C. A. or Other Gyms.

The St. Paul Athletic and Rowing club, the amalgamation of the old St. Paul Athletic club and the Minnesota Boat club, made its debut last night under the new name, with the first smoker of the winter season. The event was attended by 150 members, and a few invited guests, and proved so popular an attraction that the officers of the club will continue it as a monthly attraction. During the evening an informal reception was held, at which the new officers had an opportunity of making the acquaintance of such members as do not regularly attend, after which an entertaining programme was given.

The new club has a membership at present of 450, with an excellent prospect of increasing to the 600 mark before the first of the year. It has recently acquired the property of the Minnesota Boat club, on Raspberry island, including the real estate, club house and effects of the old organization, and with the opening of the river will carry on the work of the old boat club. The winter quarters, Sixth and Cedar, have been enlarged and improved, giving every facility for athletic work.

The smoker was held in the club gymnasium, the members assembling around tables placed for their use, while cigars were served. A string orchestra furnished music while the members chatted, after which C. C. Townsend, former president of the St. Paul Athletic club, introduced Leavitt Corning, president of the new organization. Mr. Corning's remarks concerned the plans for the future of the club and called out hearty applause. Said he:

"Under the new organization the excellent work of the St. Paul Athletic club will be carried on with improved facilities and extended opportunities. It is our plan to maintain a high class athletic club with moderate fees, to which every young man of good moral character may be admitted. The union of the old athletic club and the Minnesota Boat club will enlarge the work and extend it further than it has ever been carried before and gives us opportunity to win laurels in new fields.

"With the coming of spring, the property on Raspberry island, now owned by the club, will be thoroughly improved and overhauled. The boat club will be put in shape and handball, tennis and other grounds laid out. New boats will be purchased and everything necessary to the most efficient work of the club provided.

"We promise you that should the membership reach the 500 mark we will provide a swimming tank and plunge in the present quarters before spring. Additional improvements will be added from time to time as the funds are at our disposal. With a membership of 600 the financial end of the management will become comparatively easy.

"I wish to add one more word concerning organizations of a similar character in the city and to refer particularly to the Y. M. C. A. The officers and members of this club cannot too strongly deprecate any spirit of rivalry or any contention of any nature whatsoever to mar the spirit of clean, wholesome sport, the furtherance of which should be the great object of the club. We are rivals of no organization or club, and our work is different and distinct from that pursued by any other athletic organization in the city. The officers suggest towards other clubs and associations one attitude alone—that of the most cordial friendship and approval."

Following President Corning's address lunch was served, after which Prof. Newmann gave a piano selection, and Messrs. Clair and Peasley a song and dance specialty. Judge E. A. Jaggard addressed the members, complimenting the club on its rapid growth and the excellence of its appointments and was followed by P. A. Egan, president of the club before its amalgamation, who called for a continuance of the enthusiasm and energy which marked the work under the old management. Tony Snyder gave a vocal solo and Prof. Florence rendered a piano number.

"TOSSING" OF SAULPAUGH

Should Not Be Charged to League, but to Individuals.

Not a little speculation is being indulged in as to what is going to be done at the next meeting of the Western, or as it is henceforth to be known, the American league, with respect to the making up of the new circuit. While it has all along been contended by the magnates that there would not be any change in territory, as it is called, this year, except to substitute some other town for Grand Rapids in the league, suspicious circumstances have occurred to make more or less dubious the oft repeated professions. Without recounting the host of more or less plausible stories that have been given widespread publicity with regard to the future circuit to be comprised in the league, these may be deemed worthy of serious consideration:

First, the seemingly authentic report that Charles A. Comiskey has decided to make a fight for a team in the Western-American league in Chicago territory in 1900, in carrying out which he has, it is authoritatively reported, leased grounds on the "South side," Chicago, which will be improved next spring.

Second, the fact that Thomas J. Loftus has been engaged to manage the Chicago National League club for next season, which necessitates his withdrawal from the league, so-called.

Third, the report that his franchise in the Western-American organization has been sold to Charles A. Comiskey, who now has two franchises in this league, with one of which, seemingly, he proposes to "break into" Chicago. What he proposes doing with the other is a matter of conjecture yet with all but Comiskey, and it is by no means certain that he has that definitely decided, even in his own mind.

The membership of the Western-American league for 1900 may be reasonably figured out as including the following, all of whom, so far as known, have fulfilled all their obligations to the league:

The John T. Brush interest, known as the Indianapolis Baseball association.

Matt R. Killilea and his Milwaukee associates.

The Detroit Baseball association.

Charles A. Comiskey, representing the St. Paul Baseball club.

Thomas J. Loftus, or his heirs and assigns, representing the club recently located at Grand Rapids and theretofore at Columbus.

Ald. Franklin, of Buffalo, and his aggregation.

Saulpaugh & Nagle, of Minneapolis.

James H. Manning, of Kansas City.

These eight interests have rights in the organization which they are all bound to protect until the close of the next playing season, the league having organized in February, 1896, on a five-year term. The league was originally organized in 1894 for one year, with Indianapolis, Kansas City, Sioux City, Minneapolis, Detroit, Toledo, Milwaukee and Grand Rapids as component cities. That league closed with the year, and at the opening of 1895, Comiskey became a member, Watkins, who had managed Sioux City, selling Comiskey his players, to go to manage Pittsburg. The troubles of Dennis Long, at Toledo, and later, at Terre Haute, made more trouble, in 1895, as, indeed, did the internecine troubles of the Barnes-Martin-Murphy triumvirate in Minneapolis, and in 1896 the present league was organized for five years, with Goodnow et al. superseding the Murphy regime in Minneapolis, and Tom Loftus coming in with Columbus. Grand Rapids gave way after 1897 to Schuman, of Omaha, who subsequently let the club go to St. Joe, and Franklin, of Buffalo, came in with 1899.

Now it is rumored that there is danger of the league "tossing" Saulpaugh out. This is based on a misapprehension. If there is danger of Saulpaugh being frozen out, it is not from the league, but from the fact that Clarence holds but a minority stock interest in the club, the majority of the stock being controlled, according to the best information obtainable by the Globe, by A. A. Nagle, as agent for the owner, the estate of the late Marcus P. Hayne. It is reported that some people who are more interested in another city than in Minneapolis have been trying to buy the Nagle stock with the idea of removing to Louisville. That would give Mr. Saulpaugh, of Mankato, his choice of following the club to Louisville or dropping out.

There is not known to be any disposition on the part of the other members of the league to get rid of Saulpaugh, even if they had the power, which is seriously doubted, as long as he fulfills his obligations to the league, which he has done.

GRAIN-O! GRAIN-O!

Remember that name when you want a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it. Grain-O is made of pure grain, it aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder and the children as well as the adults can drink it with great benefit. Costs about ¼ as much as coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Ask your grocer for Grain-O.

If we please you, tell others; If we don't tell us.

It will be cold Thanksgiving. Why? Because holidays are proverbially disagreeable.

Don't let any sudden changes in the weather treat you as the axe did the turkey.

Business Suits, $18 to $30.
Winter Overcoats, $18 to $30.
Children's Suits, $1.75 to $10.
Youths' Suits, $5 to $15.
Best Derbys and Aipines, $2 and $3.
Shoes—All shapes and sorts, $3, $5.
Attractive values in Underwear, Gloves and Neckwear.

THE PLYMOUTH

Seventh and Robert.

DECLARE FOR GOLD

Continued from First Page.

coin or paper, at the present standard, the standard of the most enlightened nations of the earth."

The repeated declarations of President McKinley are also quoted, including his famous speech in New York at the beginning of 1898, in which he declared that the people's purpose in favor of sound money "must be given the vitality of public law."

The declaration in the Republican platform and the subsequent effort of President McKinley relative to an international agreement, it is declared, were made in good faith, but the attitude of the leading nations and the constant fluctuations in the value of silver bullion render such an agreement practically impossible. The mechanism of the new division of issue and redemption is explained, and it is declared that the different funds referred to such a division as they stood in September last are as follows:

1. Gold coin and bullion, represented by outstanding gold certificates, $125,501,119.
2. United States notes, represented by outstanding currency certificates, $16,190,000.
3. Silver dollars, represented by outstanding silver certificates, $405,197,504.
4. Silver bullion, represented by outstanding treasury notes, $91,167,280.
5. Gold coin and bullion, equal to one-fourth of the United States notes ($346,961,016) and treasury notes ($91,167,280), outstanding, $109,462,074.

The first four items enumerate the special deposits dedicated to specific payments. As these obligations are met the deposits are correspondingly reduced.

MAINTAINING STANDARD.

The scope and purpose of the provisions for maintaining the standard by the sale of bonds and the exchange of money are thus set forth by Mr. Overstreet:

"In the absence of a law providing protection to the gold reserve, it is always subject to encroachment in expenditures to meet the general expenses of the government. Whenever such encroachment appears probable, a fear has arisen that the government may not be able to meet its demand obligations, and a run upon the reserve for the redemption notes has followed. This situation is responsible for the so-called 'endless chain.' By separating the reserve fund from the general fund, and prohibiting its use except for the redemption of United States notes and treasury notes, the dangers to which it has been so greatly subjected will be removed. These demand notes are being redeemed in gold now, and always have been, and no additional burden is imposed upon the government. It is sought to simplify and legalize the practice, and create a division in the treasury where the whole business of redeeming notes may be transacted, and to establish complete confidence in the redemption of our demand obligations.

"Section 4 of the bill seeks to provide a complete safeguard to guarantee the permanent maintenance of the gold standard, by authorizing the secretary of the treasury, whenever it is necessary for such maintenance, to issue and sell bonds of the United States, payable in gold coin, and for the exchange of gold coin for any other money issued or coined by the United States, should the secretary of the treasury deem such exchange necessary in order to maintain the parity and equality of money value of the United States. The legalizing of the gold standard and provision for the equality of all forms of money at a parity with the standard, will so remove all doubt of the soundness and integrity of our money that there will be little occasion for the exchange of one kind of money for the other. And yet, in order to make complete guarantee for any contingency that may arise, authority to the secretary of the treasury to meet such emergencies, should they arise, by the sale of bonds and the exchange of any money issued or coined by the United States, is deemed advisable.

"The provision in this section that no note or certificate once issued shall be withdrawn, except for an exchange of an equal amount of coin for which such note or certificate was redeemed, will put an end to the so-called 'endless chain,' which has embarrassed the government in the ever recurring redemption of greenbacks. There can be no contraction of currency under this system for the reason that when a note or certificate is withdrawn or redeemed its equivalent is in circulation."

Book Company Assigns.

BUFALO, N. Y., Nov. 28.—The Peter Paul Book company has assigned. Liabilities, $55,000; assets not stated.

CUBA MUST BE FREE

THAT IS THE DEMAND OF THE NATIVES OF THE WAR-DESOLATED ISLAND

WANT NO CIVIL GOVERNORS

Conservative Leaders of the Cuban Patriots Assert That There Will Be No Uprising if the American Congress Defines a Policy for Cuban Independence—Otherwise, It Is Hinted, Trouble Must Come.

HAVANA, Nov. 28.—Although there has been a great deal of exaggeration with reference to risings in different parts of the island there is no doubt that, despite the tranquility of the country, some apprehension exists lest within the next few months some trouble should occur in the event that the United States congress does not give definite assurances respecting the future of Cuba. It is asserted that many of the police, especially members of the rural guard, have for several weeks been paying a fraction of their salaries to a fund intended for use in case of an outbreak against the United States. Information to this effect has been brought to headquarters by persons who have usually proved reliable. It has also been reported that recruiting for future emergencies is in progress in various parts of the island.

The best opinion, official and non-official, reject the idea, however, that there will be any trouble before the first of the year. The authorities do not believe there is any need for alarm, and the Spanish papers, referring to the alarmist reports, say these are put into circulation by those who are opposed to a civil government. The extremist papers do not allude to the reports. With a few exceptions leading Americans, Spaniards and Cubans refuse to talk on the subject for publication.

CUBANS ARE PATIENT.

Gen. Collaso, a veteran of the Cuban army, and now editor of El Cubano, who fairly represents the views of the Cuban revolutionary leaders, said today:

"Judging from personal letters which I have received from Pinar del Rio, and recent interviews I have had with prominent revolutionary leaders from that part of the country, I feel justified in saying that at present Cuba is perfectly tranquil, although, as the result of Gen. Ludlow's recent statements, and as to the probability of a civil government, great tension exists. Our people are waiting for a general declaration by the United States congress. No one would be so foolish as to prejudice the case by starting a rebellion until we have heard what congress will do. Cubans regard the question as almost vital."

Gen. Collaso asks the Associated Press to deny, in his name, that there is any intention on the part of the Cubans to take to the woods. There is, however, a movement on foot in Havana to form a monthly subscription list to defray the expenses of four or five Cubans who would travel through the United States and urge the granting of absolute independence.

At a largely attended mass meeting yesterday, in Rodas, province of Santa Clara, the mayor was requested to inform the military government that the people of the district did not desire a civilian governor.

Gov. Gen. Brooke has issued an order directing that the issuance of lottery tickets through the custom house shall meet with the same penalty as if the tickets were sent in by mail.

GEN. GARCIA'S VIEWS.

Son of the Cuban Patriot Discusses Unrest in Island.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Carlos Garcia, eldest son of Gen. Calixto Garcia, and a brigadier general in the Spanish-Cuban war, is in New York. He represents the element in Cuba which desires to obtain civil government for the island. He said today that the opposition to the proposed new government which has suddenly manifested itself in Cuba grows out of misconception of the plan of the Americans. He said also that it was fostered by Cubans now in office.

"These men," said Gen. Garcia, "have misrepresented facts to the poor and ignorant classes. They have led the excitable people to believe that they (the officeholders), native Cubans though they are, are to be thrown out of office and succeeded by American politicians. To these men can be traced most of the unrest that has prevailed in the island, and that now stands in the way of a much-needed reform. They came into power when Gen. Brooke assumed control as a military governor. He deposed all officials in power and appointed Cubans who were then on the ground—all that was left of our scattered people.

"The military system of government, in my opinion, is too harsh, too domineering, it is not delicate enough in its workings to prevent friction between itself and the people. To prevent friction it is necessary for the United States to withdraw its military force and set up a civil government. It will not only be a forward step, but it will give an opportunity to set things working.

"No provisions have been made for schools. Only the universities have received assistance. This has left the children idle. Little has been done for the courts. The higher courts have been bettered and the lower ones neglected. In the postal and customs departments United States officials have trained the native Cubans well, and they are able to assume charge of these departments. This is an evidence of good faith on the part of the United States, and should be sufficient answer to the opponents of civil government.

"All we ask is to be given a chance to prove to the United States that we are able to govern our country well. Take away your soldiers, especially the colored ones, who are a source of continual excitement to the Cubans; set up the civil government, give the people a chance to vote, and the Cubans will demonstrate that they can take care of themselves."

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles—horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Old Children

Many children look too old for their years. They go about with thin faces and sober manners not in keeping with robust childhood. If it's your boy or girl, give **Scott's Emulsion**. 'Twill fill out the hollow places, increase the weight, and bring a healthy color to the cheeks. The improvement continues long after they cease using the Emulsion. Get Scott's.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

TOMORROW

being a legal holiday,

Our Store Will Close at Noon

Patrons whose orders have not been delivered will please take notice of this fact.

LOUIS NASH, Manager. Nicoll the TAILOR Corner Seventh and Robert.

CHAMPIONS OF SILVER

Continued from First Page.

evils arising from industrial combines, and advocating improved election laws and other reforms. The address, in part, says:

The undersigned Republicans solicit your co-operation in efforts within the party to obtain:

First—The statutory prohibition of free passes on railroads.

Second—The repeal of the power of the supreme court to decide that any steam or electric road which its promoters desire to build is unnecessary and hostile to the public good.

Third—A primaries law, governing the caucuses and conventions of the political parties.

Fourth—The discontinuance of the collection for alleged campaign expenses of large sums of money from officeholders, the treasuries and owners of railroads and other sources and the promotion of honest election methods.

Fifth—The suppression of the evils arising from trusts.

Under the head of trusts, the address advocates the universal application in the state and nation of the principle of unrestricted competition, which is the life of trade, and the basis of all prosperity in society, and the election of members of the legislature and congress who will enforce these principles.

NO POLITICAL PULL.

Gov. Dyer, of Rhode Island, on New Possessions.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—Speaking at a banquet tonight in his honor at the Republican club, Gov. Elisha Dyer, of Rhode Island, said:

"Our new possessions, with their marvelous possibilities, belong to the people of the United States. They have been bought with their treasure and sealed with their blood. They belong to no political party, but to the whole nation, and their offices and emoluments are not to be parceled out as political gifts. The ablest men that we have are none too able to be charged with the administration of their affairs. To secure the control of those new responsibilities it is absolutely necessary that the policy of the administration in this most vital question should be distinctly defined.

"The days of political pulls should come to an end. No man should be rewarded for what he has done for the party, but for what he can do for the state. Will you Republicans in New York set the pace for the rest of the country?"

Iowa Official Vote.

DES MOINES, Io., Nov. 28.—The state executive council today completed the official count of the returns from the last general election, excepting those on governor and lieutenant governor, which go the legislature for official verification. The figures follow: For state superintendent of public instruction, Richard C. Barrett (Rep.), 235,657; B. P. Holst (Dem.), 179,623; D.S. Dunlavy (Pro.), 7,571; C. Wirth (Pop.), 1,709; Mrs. E. Pardee Travis (Socialistic-Labor), 795; W. C. Pigeon (United Christian), 401. For judge supreme court, John C. Sherwin (Rep.), 239,269; A. Van Wagenen (Dem.), 179,431; H. F. Johns, (Pro.), 7,666; L. H. Weller, (Pop.), 1,783; R. W. Darner (United Christian), 405; scattering, 12. For railroad commissioner, Edward A. Dawson (Rep.), 237,667; W. H. Calhoun (Dem.), 179,444; A. B. Wray (Pop.), 7,579; Robert L. Dunning (Pop.), 1,735; N. Heisel, Socialistic-Labor), 756; C. Z. Lindley (United Christian), 407.

Nebraska Vote, Official.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 28.—The state canvassing board today completed the count of votes of the election of Nov 7. Silas A. Holcomb (fusion) for supreme judge, received 109,320; M. B. Reese (Rep.) 95,213, a majority for Holcomb of 14,107. The vote on university regents was: J. L. Teeters (fusion) 101,194; Edson Rich (fusion) 96,297; William B. Ely (Rep.) 94,411; Edmund G. McGillon (Rep.) 90,464; Charles E. Smith (Pro.) 5,695; Albert Finch (Pro.) 4,437. There was no prohibition candidate for supreme judge.

Favors Mr. Payne's Plan.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 28.—George L. Maltz, of Detroit, the Michigan member of the Republican national committee, in an interview today said he favored the plan proposed by Henry C. Payne, of Milwaukee, to change the basis of representation in the national convention. He is of the opinion that the next national convention will be held in June.

Hardwick Bill Defeated.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 28.—The Hardwick bill, introduced into the lower house of the Georgia assembly for the purpose of placing such limitations on the negro vote of this state as to practically disfranchise the colored voter, was overwhelmingly defeated today, the ballot being 137 to 3. The result was a surprise, as it was thought the measure would receive strong support.

Mr. Croker Sails for Europe.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Richard Croker sailed for Europe today on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. A number of personal and political friends went to the steamer's dock in Hoboken to bid the Tammany leader farewell.

Mr. Bryan in Texas.

AUSTIN, Tex., Nov. 28.—W. J. Bryan and wife arrived here tonight to spend the winter in this city. They are the guests of ex-Gov. Hogg temporarily, but will shortly rent a private house for the winter.

POUNDED TO DEATH.

More Than Half a Hundred Horses Killed in a Storm.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 28.—With a cargo of dying horses and mules and fifty-five empty stalls, the United States transport Victoria returned to port late last night, having been forced by an unprecedented stress of weather off Cape Flattery to turn back from her voyage to the Philippines. Of the 410 horses and mules carried by the Victoria, taken on board Nov. 23, fifty-five were literally pounded to death against the sides of their stalls in the storm, and the remaining animals are so badly bruised that the officials of the vessel believe that many cannot be saved.

Thanksgiving Rates to Eastern Points.

Nov. 27 to 30 inclusive, the Wisconsin Central Railway will sell round trip tickets, good to return until Dec. 15, to

Boston, Mass.	$36.00
Buffalo, N. Y.	30.75
Burlington, Vt.	32.00
Montreal, Que.	32.00
Tofonto, Ont.	30.75
Springfield, Mass.	34.00
Portland, Me.	37.00

Other points in proportion. For further information, call on or address Herman Brown, C. P. & T. A., 373 Robert street, St. Paul, Minn.

To Start for Philippines.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 28.—Archbishop Chapelle will leave here tomorrow for San Francisco, where he will embark for Manila to take up his new duties in the Philippines.

FOR THE COMING SEASON.

A Through Personally Conducted Tourist Car Line From St. Paul and Minneapolis to Southern California Via the "Union Pacific."

These cars will leave St. Paul and Minneapolis every Thursday, commencing October 19th, 1899, and are of the latest design, 16-section sleepers. They are well lighted (Pintsch Light), well heated (Steam), and are furnished complete with good, comfortable hair mattresses, warm blankets, snow-white linen, plenty of towels, combs, brushes, etc. Through to Los Angeles without change. For full information call on or address H. F. Carter, Trav. Pass. Agent, 376 Robert St., St. Paul, Minn.

Charged With Stamp Frauds.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—David D. Badeau, forty-two years old, who has conducted a stamp store at 12 Broadway for the past sixteen months, was arrested by federal officers today charged with buying and selling washed internal revenue stamps. He was held in $5,000 bail.

THANKSGIVING DAY

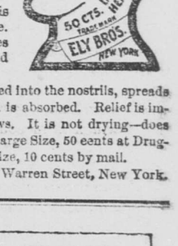
Excursion Rates Via Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R.

One and one-third fare for the round trip to all points on its line within radius of 150 miles. Tickets on sale Nov. 29th and 30th. Return limit to and including Dec. 1st.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.



Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

Mr. Charles Austin Bates, the famous advertising writer, makes a specialty of medical advertisements. He has studied medicine and has a habit of analysing the ingredients of every medicine about which he is asked to write, refusing to write advertisements for medicines which he can not indorse. He says of

Ripans Tabules:

"I had the formula and went through it from the ground up. I found that every one of the ingredients was put in for some special purpose, and was good for the purpose intended. I have as much confidence in Ripans Tabules as I have in anything I ever wrote about. I take them myself when I have eaten a little too much or feel nausea or symptoms of headache coming on, and I find them quicker to act than any medicine I ever took. You can feel their action in the stomach almost immediately; a very pleasant sensation. I know some people who think they can't possibly get along without them. My wife went to call one day on some friends she had known always. She found they swore by Ripans Tabules. They did not know that she knew anything about them or that I had written anything for them."