"A Gold Medal loaf" made from Washburn, Crosby's

Gold Medal Flour

contains more nutriment than any other.

SNOW-WHITE, RICH-FLAVORED.

Over Six-Million Barrels of this Flour are sold annually.

WASHBURN, CROSBY CO.,

NOW NEARING A CLOSE

DEBATE ON THE FINANCIAL BILL WILL SOON BE LIMITED TO FIVE-MINUTE RULE

LAST OF LONG SPEECHES

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, Former Floor Leader of the Democrats, Cheered for His Defense of the Party—He Asserts That the Republicans Are Seeking to Mislead the People as to the Money Measure.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The closing day of the general debate on the financial bill proved to be one of exceptional interest. At the outset a sharp personal colloquoy occurred between Representatives Wheeler and Berry, of Kentucky, over the recent Kentucky election and the charges growing out of it. Considerable feeling was shown.

Mr. Bailey, of Texas, until recently the Democratic floor leader, received close attention in an hour's speech vigorously expressing the Democratic views.

In marked contrast with Mr. Bailey's utterances, Mr. Scudder, of New York, who followed him, announced that as a Democrat he believed in the gold standard, and would vote for it.

Mr. Payne, of New York, and Mr. Dalzell also spoke during the day.

Mr. Boeringen (Ky.) said that the election in Kentucky was not due to fraud, and said the strongest refutation of this charge was the fact that the election was held under the Goebel law, framed by the Democratic candidate.

Mr. Bailey (Tex.), the floor leader of the Democrats in the last congress, received close attention from both sides when he spoke. He said a remarkable spectacle was presented by the debate on this bill. He recalled that when, in the Fifty-fourth congress, Mr. Towne asserted that the Republican party had never declared for a gold standard, the Congressional Record showed that he was interrupted by many Republicans with the exclamation, "And it never will."

AIM OF REPUBLICANS.

Mr. Bailey said the Republican side was so busy studying the trend of events that it had no time to study the science of money. While the first section of this bill purported to establish the gold standard, the law of 1875 fixed the gold dollar as the unit of value. This bill therefore, was simply a re-enactment put forward to make people believe something new and wise was being done.

When Mr. Bailey referred to the increased production of gold, Mr. Dalzell interrupted to ask if, in view of this increased supply of gold, Mr. Bailey still believed in silver at 16 to 1. The Texan responded emphatically in the affirmative, amid Democratic applause. The Democratic side simply asked a sufficiency of basic money, and if this was supplied by either gold or silver then instead of refuting the Democratic position it simply confirmed it.

Mr. Bailey declared that the logical outcome of this bill would be to take the millions of silver impounded into the treasury and sell it as Germany had done. If the supporters of the measure were honest and consistent they would thus offer the silver for sale now, as that would be the inevitable fate of silver under this bill. He compared the appreciation of gold values and the corresponding depreciation of cotton and wheat.

MR. BAILEY APPLAUDED.

Mr. Bailey closed his speech with a stirring tribute to the time-honored and undying Democratic organization, which evoked applause from the Democratic side.

Immediately following Mr. Bailey came the statement of Mr. Scudder (Dem., N. Y.) that as a Democrat he favored the single gold standard amendment, and would vote for this bill. While not concurring in all of the features of the bill Mr. Scudder said the main feature, establishing a gold standard and giving stability to values, commanded his support.

Mr. Payne (N. Y.) said Mr. Bailey had discovered nothing new in the old law fixing the gold standard. The trouble had been to have gentlemen on the Democratic side accept that law, and the purport of the bill was to place the subject beyond further doubt and misconstruction.

SURVEYS MUST BE MADE.

One of the First Duties of Insular Committees.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Senator Foster, chairman of the new committee on coast and insular survey, tonight in an interview with an Associated Press reporter said:

"The demands urgently made upon the United States government for coast surveys of our newly acquired island possessions and Alaska has forced upon congress the need of immediate surveys of these regions. The demands have come from the Pacific coast, where the discovery of gold has caused a need for improved and quick service. The coasts of Alaska, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines must be surveyed, so that we may know what the needs of the islands are. This survey must be made before commerce can be developed.

COMMITTEES COMPLETED.

No Other Business Transacted by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Today the practical completion of the senate committees for the Fifty-sixth congress were announced officially by Mr. Aldrich, of Rhode Island. He presented to the senate an order fixing the committees and it was adopted without dissent. A few vacancies in the minority representation are yet to be filled. They will be disposed of in a few days. No other business of importance was transacted by the senate.

Ruling as to Liquor Sellers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Commissioner Wilson, of the internal revenue bureau, has reaffirmed his former ruling to the effect that persons who are engaged in the sale of alcoholic liquor, even though such business is a violation of the law of their state, are, nevertheless, required to pay special tax under the internal revenue laws of the United States. The stamp, however, issued to them, is not a license, and does not protect from prosecution, conviction and sentence under the state law.

Concession to Soldiers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Senator Foster, of Washington, today introduced a bill extending the bounty provision of the homestead law to the soldiers who served in the war with Spain and who have served, or are serving now, in the Philippines.

Mr. Hanna Leases Hobart Home.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Senator Hanna has leased the Cameron residence on Lafayette square, formerly occupied by Vice President Hobart.

TO FLORIDA.

Double Daily Fast Trains Via The Southern Railway.

For the present Winter Season The Southern Railway, with connections, presents the most superior schedules, through car service and transportation arrangements generally, ever offered to the travel to Southern Resorts.

Double Daily Trains from Cincinnati and Louisville, in connection with the Queen & Crescent Route, via Chattanooga, Jesup and The Plant System.

Through Sleeping Car from Cincinnati to Jacksonville, with convenient connections from Louisville, via Knoxville, Asheville and Savannah. This is the Scenic Route through the Mountains of Western North Carolina—"The Land of the Sky."

Also through Sleeping Cars from St. Louis to Jacksonville, in connection with the L. E. & St. L. Railroad (Air Line), via Louisville; and through Sleeping Cars from Kansas City to Jacksonville, via the K. C., F. S. & M. Railroad, in connection with The Southern Railway, via Birmingham, Atlanta, Jesup and The Plant System. The fast Kansas City-Jacksonville Limited, only thirty-eight hours from Kansas City to Jacksonville.

All Agents of connecting lines sell through Winter Excursion tickets via The Southern Railway to the Resorts of Florida and the South.

Maps, schedules, booklets and information mailed free to any address by J. C. Beam Jr., N. W. P. A., 80 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.; C. A. Baird, Trav. Passr. Agent, Louisville, Ky.; W. A. Turk, Genl. Passr. Agent, Washington, D. C.; Wm. H. Tayloe, Asst. Genl. Passr. Agent, Louisville, Ky.

Chinaman Much Married.

The case is mentioned in a Chinese paper of a native, aged forty, who has married and divorced thirty-five wives, and is now married to the thirty-sixth. He was first married at eighteen, and the reason assigned for this extraordinary example of inconsistency is that he has a younger sister of extremely jealous and rancorous disposition, who, from the moment that a bride enters the house, institutes a system of persecution which soon drives the unhappy woman to ask her husband for a divorce.

Paper Pillows.

Pillows stuffed with paper are being recommended for use in hospitals and schools. The paper must not be cut into small squares, but into strips three or four inches long and a quarter of an inch wide; it should then be curled with one blade of a pair of scissors, like a feather. Such pillows are very comfortable.

Make Christmas Selections As Early as You Can.

Our Stock was never so complete. The designs in

Haviland China

Embrace every new thing. The assortment is large and varied, but it won't be long, judging from the way the choice things are going. Therefore COME IN EARLY.

BARGAINS FOR HOLIDAYS.

Cut Glass, French China, Fancy Lamps,

At prices never before heard of in St. Paul. We repeat

COME IN EARLY.

OGDEN, MERRILL & GREER, Cor. Sixth and Sibley Sts.

TRADE IS FLOURISHING

BRADSTREET'S SUMMING UP OF BUSINESS CONDITIONS FOR THE WEEK FAVORABLE

HOLIDAY PURCHASING BRISK

In Reference to Prices It Can Be Said That as Many Articles Have Advanced as Have Declined—Raw Cotton Remains Firm and Unchanged—Iron and Steel Active—Failures for Week Show Decrease

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"General trade in wholesale and manufacturing lines is quieting down, but it is worth noting, is undisturbed by the money situation, the influences of which have been confined to speculative circles. Holiday trade, on the other hand, has been given a decided impetus, and comparisons with the same period of preceding years are uniformly favorable, little doubt remaining that, although retail trade in seasonable lines has been somewhat affected in some localities by unfavorable weather, holiday specialties have enjoyed exceptional activity. As regards prices, it is a notable fact that as many staples have advanced this week as there have declined, while by far the larger number of quotations have remained steady or firm. The strength of textiles is still a most notable feature of the general situation. Cotton goods are heavily sold ahead by agents, and a very large spring business has already been booked.

"Raw cotton is firm and unchanged on the week, partly owing to light receipts and reaffirmation of a short crop estimate by the department of agriculture. Manufactured goods were not advanced, and are firmly held. Wool is less active than of late, but prices are no less firm, and some finer grades are quotably higher. The London market has closed at an advance over the last sale, and talk of higher prices with the first of the year is common. Woolen goods share the strength of raw material, and silk and its products are also firmly held.

"Corn, among cereals, has displayed a specially strong tone, owing to small receipts and depleted stocks. Provisions have shown a weakening after the recent advance, but lard and pork are still higher than last week, and hog receipts are rather smaller than expected. Wheat has been steady, partly on foreign crop reports, reporting cold weather, partly because of intimations of possible international disturbances, and also because of expectations of a bullish government crop report.

"In most lines of iron and steel quietness and firmness are confident. Estimates of production point to a little gain in stocks, and a source of strength is the claim made that Western furnace capacity for the half of next year, at least, is already booked. Dealings in ore have been active, and although nothing like the rush to book production witnessed a year ago has been seen, a large part of next year's output is expected to be placed by the close of the year. What little weakness there is perceptible is in a few lines of finished products. Hardware remains in quite active demand at a number of markets, and holiday specialties are notably in good distribution. In other metals there is considerable irregularity. Tin is again lower, and copper is being shaded, while lead is higher. The open season, usually not regarded as favorable in the anthracite coal trade, is this year welcomed, because it allows of unimpeded shipments later than usual. Higher water in the Ohio has released a large quantity of bituminous coal, and the outlook is for replenished Western stocks. At the East, however, bituminous coal is still in scant supply.

"Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 3,258,649 bushels, against 5,135,331 bushels last week, 6,243,859 bushels in the corresponding week last year, 4,604,599 bushels in 1897, 3,524,826 bushels in 1896, and 2,056,013 bushels in 1895. Since July 1, this season, the exports of wheat aggregate 97,559,926 bushels, against 109,720,853 bushels last year, and 118,809,197 bushels in 1897-1898. Corn exports for the week aggregate 4,017,185 bushels, against 3,815,699 bushels last week, 3,251,936 bushels in this week a year ago, 4,129,878 bushels in 1897, 2,811,150 bushels in 1896, and 2,057,790 bushels in 1895. Since July 1, this season, corn exports aggregate 104,500,886 bushels, against 73,187,221 bushels during the same period a year ago, and 71,381,333 bushels in 1897-1898.

"Failures for the week number 28, against 31 last week, 32 in this week a year ago, and 43 in 1897, 33 in 1896 and 42 in 1895."

MONEY SITUATION.

Bradstreet's Summing Up of Influences That Have Affected Market.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Bradstreet's financial review tomorrow will say:

"Although call money rates did not go to an extreme, there was further pressure in the loan market resulting in declines and liquidation throughout the security list, more particularly in industrials and specialties. The selling in some cases was of a kind that would plainly indicate that bull pools or large speculative interests were compelled to let go of their holdings. Bearish interests were very active, and after adding to the depressing factors by their sales helped the market to steady itself, as it did on Thursday, by covering extensive lines of shorts. The market had before throughout the week the fear of gold exportations, exchange rates advancing in a way which indicated that gold would probably be taken from New York for London as the latter seemed unable to procure a supply at Paris, the actual result being the engagement of $2,100,000 for shipment by today's steamer.

"The fact that sales of bonds to the treasury have ceased because of the sharp rise in the market price of governments had a bad effect, as it cut off relief through the action of the treasury, and there was a general disposition to call on Washington for further assistance to the money market. Not until Thursday, however, did Secretary Gage take any step to meet this desire. The announcement that the January interest on the public debt, amounting to $5,500,000, would be anticipated for the month, though tardy, was well received, and aided in calming the general tone of the market. Meantime, developments had occurred which involved features eminently calculated to unsettle the speculative situation.

The fact that large interests in Boston, identified with the management of some corporations whose securities have been active in that market, were in difficulties with respect to their holdings of mining and other shares, reached Wall street in a somewhat indirect way, and not being clearly understood gave rise to reports that there was danger in the speculative position of large people in the New York market. Later on, when it became known that the Boston troubles had been adjusted, and the bank there which was involved in them had been helped through by an issue of $3,500,000 clearing house certificates, a feeling of relief was apparent. It may be noted, however, that the heavy sales of pool stocks and the breaks in the manipulated specialties were apparently started by the unfavorable developments at Boston and under the actual money market conditions, gained headway as they proceeded.

The British repulses in South Africa were also among the depressing factors, leading as they did to exceedingly heavy foreign selling, which on Wednesday rose to as much as 60,000 or more shares of stocks."

DEPRESSION IN STOCKS.

It Showed Difference Between Trade and Speculation.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade will say in tomorrow's issue:

"Unusual depression in stocks this week has displayed the great divergence between the trading and the productive industries of the country and its speculation. Never has production been greater, the number of hands larger, the wages distributed higher, or the purchasing power, based upon earnings, greater than at this time, and never have conditions of trade or returns of earning and traffic given certainty of greater business for transporters. Yet, as the earnings of the railway and manufacturing companies mount upward, their stocks decline, as if it were disastrous for a road to double its earnings, and ruinous for a mill to realize unprecedented profits.

"Inflated capitalization has, of course, done much harm, and speculative excitement has discounted profits in many cases long before they were earned. Money markets here and abroad have been strained by British reverses in South Africa, and wherever they were overloaded, they have pushed to quick and disastrous instead of gradual liquidation. The result is that while the industries and transporting companies realize great profits, the speculative holders of their stocks realize severe losses.

"Iron production still expands. The Iron Age reports the output of pig 296,959 tons weekly, Dec. 1, against 288,522 Nov. 1, and the decrease in stocks not held by the great steel companies, 5,020 tons.

"The boot and shoe works are hastening deliveries to meet the enormous consuming demand, and have shipped from Boston 186,421 cases in two weeks of December, against 152,668 last year, and still less in any other year except 1897, when 191,824 cases were shipped."

Weekly Bank Clearings.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at the principal cities for the week ended Dec. 14 with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

		Inc.	Dec.
New York	$1,216,459,043	11.3	.....
Boston	150,963,537	12.4	.....
Chicago	143,966,903	24.0	.....
Philadelphia	92,518,274	1.4	.....
St. Louis	25,676,487	10.9	.....
Pittsburg	28,048,180	42.1	.....
Baltimore	22,185,626	.....	15.9
San Francisco	21,334,782	24.5	.....
Cincinnati	15,977,700	26.1	.....
Kansas City	14,764,689	25.6	.....
New Orleans	12,575,405	5.0	.....
Minneapolis	12,353,495	20.5	.....
Detroit	8,857,313	27.5	.....
Cleveland	11,706,408	34.0	.....
Louisville	8,830,533	35.4	.....
Providence	7,828,800	35.2	.....
Milwaukee	6,526,736	13.9	.....
St. Paul	6,091,614	7.2	.....
Buffalo	4,649,763	.....	.....
Omaha	5,992,546	.....	14.0
Indianapolis	6,846,831	.....	27.6
Columbus, O.	6,413,600	51.1	.....
Washington	3,200,696	29.4	.....
Portland, Or.	2,216,549	12.7	.....
Des Moines	1,614,263	20.1	.....
Seattle	2,153,761	46.2	.....
Tacoma	1,095,768	30.9	.....
Spokane	1,336,862	11.7	.....
Sioux City	1,277,456	33.1	.....
Fargo, N. D.	559,742	.....	2.4
Sioux Falls, S. D.	185,107	46.8	.....
Helena	942,146	17.7	.....
Totals U. S.	$1,913,130,547	13.2	.....
Totals outside N.Y.	696,671,504	14.4	.....
DOMINION OF CANADA.			
Montreal	$46,299,503	10.5	.....
Toronto	11,307,834	1.2	.....
Winnipeg	2,953,558	26.6	.....
Halifax	1,461,602	6.4	.....
Hamilton	858,440	10.1	.....
St. John, N. B.	606,796	.....	9.0
Vancouver	549,723	.....	11.8
Victoria	867,088	14.3	.....
Totals	$34,904,894	2.8	.....

GRAIN RESOURCES.

Report of the Statistician of the Department of Agriculture.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The statistician of the department of agriculture reports the wheat crop of 1899 at 547,300,000 bushels, and that of spring wheat at 255,600,000 bushels. Every important wheat-growing state has been visited by special agents of the department, and the changes in acreage are the result of their deliberations.

The newly seeded area of winter wheat is estimated at 30,150,000 acres, which is about 200,000 acres greater than that sown in the fall of 1898. The sowing of wheat is still going on in California and some of the Southern states, and the foregoing estimate is subject to correction. The average of condition is 97.5.

The acreage sown with rye is estimated at 7 per cent less than that of last year.

The compilation of the annual returns from individual farmers is approaching completion. Any slight changes that may be called for in the average yield per acre of corn, oats, barley and other crops, as issued Oct. 10, will be made at an early date, and the final figures will then be available.

ECHO OF DREYFUS.

Emperor William Withdraws German Military Attache From Paris.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—Emperor William's intention to withdraw Maj. Baron von Susekind, German military attache in Paris, as cabled to the Associated Press some time ago, has just been carried out. The event is considered of prime importance. His majesty had become thoroughly disgusted with the attacks and insinuations of the Paris press regarding the activity of the German military attaches, and with the numerous private and official reports which had reached him on the subject, bearing out partially, at least, the newspaper charges. His keen sense of honor was aroused especially as he considers that German officers, who are popularly regarded by their countrymen as above reproach in military matters, ought not to furnish to the home government information not consistent with a nice sense of honor. This view the emperor wants particularly borne in mind. He met with determined opposition on the part of some of his principal military advisers, Count von Hehnke, Count von Schonlein and Count von Waldersee, but, as usual, had his way. It goes without saying that the Dreyfus affair was the immediate cause for the order of withdrawal. A high government official, when questioned on the subject today, did not deny this.

Prepared for Winter Travel.

Excursion tickets are now on sale to New Orleans, Jacksonville, San Antonio and all Winter Resorts of the South at offices of the "North-Western Line," 413 Nicollet av., Minneapolis, and 395 Robert st., St. Paul.

Special Excursion Rates to Points East Via Soo Line.

Buffalo, Albany, Boston, Springfield, Portland, Halifax and all intermediate points.

City Ticket Office, 398 Robert street.

Gambling in France.

The figures showing the sums deposited in the pari-mutuel during 1898 show a total of 221,668,000 francs ($44,333,600). Of this terribly prodigious amount this department has furnished nearly all, showing on the face of it that the provinces are almost free from the horrible passion of gambling. But this is not really so; provincials come to Paris to play. Paris has become the great gaming house for the people of the departments, as she has become, to the shame of our country, the great evil center where the entire world comes to be amused.

Street Repairing in Berlin.

In Berlin all street repairing is done at night.

FREE TO MEN — FREE FREE FREE

No Money in Advance to Restore Weak Men. We send our remedies and appliance (for men only) on trial and approval. If not the Grandest Thing on Earth for weak and debilitated men, ship all back at our expense—pay nothing. Rare little book, tells it all, mailed free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N.Y.

TURN TO THE BALLOT

DETERMINATION OF THE FEDERATION OF LABOR IN SEEKING PROPER RECOGNITION

LAWS ARE NOW INOPERATIVE

Local Bodies of Labor Throughout the United States Urged to Act for the General Relief by the Exercise of Their Rights at the Polls—Separation of Trades Causes Prolonged Discussion.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 15.—A resolution recommending members of labor bodies to use their election ballots independently of the predominating parties was adopted this afternoon by the American Federation of Labor, after first eliminating a declaration of suspicion against labor men who might advocate the interests of the present political parties. A provision for submitting the question to a referendum vote of all the affiliated organizations was also stricken out.

Considerable of the time of the afternoon session, which was the only one held today, was occupied by discussion of a movement to more clearly define the working duties of the respective crafts, in order to avoid conflicts which exist between the organizations whose working in the respective callings is more or less allied and interwoven.

The resolution for independent political action, as amended in committee and adopted, reads as follows:

Whereas, The various reports submitted by our trades union officials are in effect that, so far as our efforts by petitions and interviews with the legislatures of the various states and the federal government are concerned, little has been accomplished by the above mentioned methods; for where a so-called labor law is passed it is either declared unconstitutional by the courts or allowed to remain until enforced a dead letter on the statute books;

Resolved, That this federation recommends that the various central and local bodies of labor in the United States take steps to use their ballots, their political power, on independent lines, as enunciated in the principles and declarations of the American Federation of Labor.

A resolution urging all union labor men to more clearly define their craftsmen's duties was warmly argued on as being one of the most important and pressing questions before the world of labor.

Among the speakers was P. J. McGuire. He held that the resolution was insufficient to cover the matter, since it contained nothing to prevent trades' organizations from claiming jurisdiction over branches of employes not strictly of their own calling. He doubted whether the question could be settled by the convention.

Secretary Frank Morrison deprecated the idea of the convention trying to dictate where the work of various crafts began and ended.

The resolution was referred to the committee on organizations pending reports from the grievance committee as to similar troubles.

SEPARATION OF TRADES.

A question along the same lines was brought forward in reporting a resolution acknowledging paper hanging as a separate trade from the painters. Non-concurrence was the committee's recommendation. Speeches were made in favor of specializing the paperhangers, and granting them a federation charter which should free them from any domination of the painters. The latter contended that the two crafts ought to continue united in one labor organization. The discussion of this lasted past adjournment hour, and the convention by a close vote refused to remain in session longer.

During the afternoon action was unanimously taken toward bridging the chasm between the rival painters' organizations. The executive council was directed to call a joint convention of the two belligerents within six months, and a special committee of three to be appointed to act with the joint meeting, and finally settle the questions on which they have failed to agree, a new charter to be issued, and the charter of the present federated painteras' body to be revoked immediately after the joint meeting.

Other resolutions were adopted as follows: Approving Cleveland clerks' shorter hour efforts, and sanctioning shorter hours for clerks generally; protesting against use of government employes (marine bands) for private purposes; indorsing eight-hour demand for boilermakers; directing the president of the federation to lobby against convict labor laws; for election of senators by popular vote; asking introduction of bills in Southern legislatures by enactment of which convict labor would no longer be used.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Through Pullman Tourist Sleeping Car Service to Texas, Old Mexico and California,

Via the Chicago Great Western Railway to Kansas City, and the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, the San Antonio & Aransas Pass and Southern Pacific railways through Dallas, San Antonio, El Paso and Los Angeles to San Francisco. The only through car line from the Northwest to Texas points and connecting at Spofford Junction for all points in Old Mexico. A new weekly service established on Nov. 8, and continuing weekly thereafter. They will be in charge of an experienced official, and will leave Minneapolis at 10:45 p. m., and St. Paul at 11:20 p. m. every Friday and reach Dallas the following Sunday, San Antonio on Monday, El Paso on Tuesday, Los Angeles at noon Wednesday, and San Francisco early Thursday morning. These cars are the Standard Pullman Sleeping cars, similar to those run on all transcontinental lines, and the charges for berths are about half those charged in regular Standard Pullman Sleepers. To persons who have made the trip to California via other routes, this Southern route will prove a most delightful change, and to persons contemplating a trip to Texas or Mexican points it furnishes facilities heretofore unoffered. This car may be taken at any point along the line of the Chicago Great Western Railway between Minneapolis and Kansas City. For full information and assistance call on or address T. P. Elmer, G. A. P. D., Fifth and Robert streets, St. Paul.

PROF. MUNYON'S HARD RUBBER POCKET INHALER

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE.

Relief Given at Once. A Cure Is Certain.

Science Has Triumphed

Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis and all Throat and Lung Diseases Can Be Cured.

COME AND SEE IT. COME AND TRY IT.

Special Free Demonstration at

W. S. GETTY'S Pharmacy, Endicott Arcade.

A. T. HALL'S Pharmacy, Lowry Arcade.

PARKER'S Pharmacy, Corner Fifth and Wabhasha.

W. A. FROST, Corner Selby and Western Avenues.

Cast Aside All Other Medicines and Treatments for 24 Hours and Give This New System a Trial.

It Is Handy! Durable! Portable! Unbreakable! Unspillable!

In recommending this inhaler to the public we feel that we are performing a conscientious duty, and believe it will be the means of relieving much suffering and saving many lives. We do not wish to impress the public with the idea that this treatment will cure Consumption in advanced stages, but we do affirm that it will not only cure Colds, Coughs and Catarrh, but that it will also prevent Consumption, providing the lungs have not become too far consumed by disease. The antiseptic or germ-killer goes to the inflamed and diseased parts that cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It permeates every air passage.
And at once destroys disease germs.
It cures through medicated and vitalized air.
It provides a complete inhalation of antiseptics.
It positively cures Catarrh and diseases of the nasal organs.
It positively cures diseases of the thoat and lungs.
It saves you distant journeys in search of health.
It is a powerful yet harmless antiseptic.
It renders unnecessary any cutting, burning or cauterizing.
It destroys at once the bacilli of bronchitis and consumption.
Its use is followed immediately by a sense of relief.
It enables you to save big doctors' fees.
It is the most rational treatment known.
It provides an almost miraculous antiseptic.
It furnishes a germicide which simply annihilates disease-creating germs.

Through a little tube you inhale the healing power of the Balsamic pine and the heal-giving Eucalyptus trees. You may revel in the delicious odors of cones and needles; breathe in the tonic of leaves and barks. The forests are brought to your room or to your office; brought to you in the railroad car if traveling.

The Price of the Munyon Inhaler With All Medicines Complete Is One Dollar..

For Sale at all Druggists or Sent by Mail on Receipt of Price.

MUNYON'S HOMEOPATHIC REMEDIES.

This company has prepared separate specifics for all diseases, which are sold by all druggists. Each remedy is so labeled there can be no mistake. With them every mother can become the family doctor.

I will guarantee that my Rheumatism Cure will cure rheumatism in a few hours; that my Dyspepsia Cure will cure any case of indigestion or stomach trouble; that 90 per cent of kidney complaints, including Bright's Disease, can be cured with my Kidney Cure; that my Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh of the head, throat and stomach, no matter how chronic or long standing; that nervous affections and diseases of the heart are controlled and cured by my Nerve and Heart Cure; that my Cold Cure will break up any form of cold in a few hours; 57 cures for 57 ailments. Every druggist sells them—mostly 25 cents a vial.

TREATMENT BY MAIL.

Write Professor Munyon for advice, which is ABSOLUTELY FREE. The most obstinate cases successfully treated in strictest confidence. "Guide to Health," FREE.

MUNYON'S H. H. R. CO., 1505 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA

WILL KEEP THE BABY.

An Express Package That Fell Into Excellent Hands.

BRISTOL, Ind., Dec. 15.—When Mrs Selim Setters went to the door in response to the express messenger's ring he handed her a basket, with the admonition not to drop it, and hastily departed. The basket contained a very pretty boy baby, about six months old, and possessed of a splendid pair of lungs and an abnormal appetite.

Inquiry at the express office brought out nothing to show the identity of the baby, the agent professing total ignorance where it was received. It is thought some one slipped the basket into the express car at a station on the Lake Shore road not far from Bristol. It was properly tagged and carefully wrapped in expensive clothing.

Mrs. Setters is widely known for her philanthropy, and she announces that she will adopt the youngster.

ECONOMY.

"Did you hear about Subbub's garden?"
"No. What is it?"
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