IVORY SOAP PASTE.

In fifteen minutes, with only a cake of Ivory Soap and water, you can make a better cleansing paste than you can buy.

Ivory Soap Paste will take spots from clothing; and will clean carpets, rugs, kid gloves, slippers, patent, enamel, russet leather and canvas shoes, leather belts, painted wood-work and furniture. The special value of Ivory Soap in this form arises from the fact that it can be used with a damp sponge or cloth to cleanse many articles that cannot be washed because they will not stand the free application of water.

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING.—To one pint of boiling water add one and one-half ounces (one-quarter of the small size cake) of Ivory Soap cut into shavings, boil five minutes after the soap is thoroughly dissolved. Remove from the fire and cool in convenient dishes (not tin). It will keep well in an air-tight glass jar. COPYRIGHT 1898 BY THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO. CINCINNATI

In Labor's Field.

"Of the numerous laws, with the enforcement of which the labor bureau is charged," says Labor Commissioner Martin McHale, "there is none occasioning so much trouble as that intended to regulate the employment of children. This is largely due to the incoherent manner in which the law, as it exists, has been gotten up. Consisting of a patchwork of different enactments and amendments pertaining, some of them to compulsory education, others to employment regulations, and still others to truancy enactments, each one adopted with some single object in view without regard to past or existing regulations, it is not to be expected that anything like an intelligent conception of this important law should exist throughout the state. One notion, which is found very prevalent, is that all children under sixteen, who desired to go to work, should first secure a permit from the labor bureau. Another notion, almost equally prevalent, was that children who did not attend school should be hunted up by the labor bureau and made to do so. Another quite common idea was that the whole law pertaining to this subject was a mere formality, without any significance or practical application whatever. Because of these erroneous and conflicting ideas the bureau has been obliged to exercise more leniency in the enforcement of this law than the seriousness of its violation should warrant. Thus, notwithstanding the employment of a child under sixteen years of age, which has not been legally excused, is a misdemeanor according to law, the bureau, instead of causing arrests, has served notice to employers that children thus employed must either be supplied with the requisite excuse or be discharged. Such notices have been served during the past year in the case of 874 children, who were found to be illegally employed. To have caused arrests in all these instances would scarcely have been held reasonable.

"The gist of the law is that every child between the ages of eight and sixteen years must attend some school during the entire session of the public schools in the district in which the child lives—provided that children between the ages of fourteen and sixteen may be excused by the school superintendent on the grounds of poverty or ill health.

"A sworn certificate of age must accompany the excuse, and this age certificate is required even when the schools are not in session.

"No children under fourteen are allowed to be employed at any time in factories, workshops or about mines; and none under that age are permitted to serve in stores or offices, except during the vacation of the public schools, unless legally excused by the superintendent of schools. No children under sixteen are allowed in any occupation dangerous or injurious to life, limb, health or morals, or permitted to operate freight or passenger elevators.

"Employers of children under sixteen years of age must keep on file certificates as to their age, as well as the school superintendent's written excuse.

"Out of a total number of 73,330 employes inspected by the labor bureau during 1899 only 589 were under sixteen years of age—471 boys and 118 girls—of whom 351 were employed in the manufacturing trades and 238 in mercantile establishments.

"The manufacturing trades, in which ten or more boys were employed (under sixteen) are the following: Cigar factories, 45; cooperage, 31; furniture and fixture manufacturing, 25; box factories, 16; printing and binding establishments, 23; saw mills, 23; tinware factories, 12; sash and door factories, 16. There are only three manufacturing industries in which the number of girls (under sixteen) employed exceed half a dozen, namely: In knitting works, 27; in clothing manufacturing, 10, and in paper box factories, 7."

Carpenters Initiate Six.

The Carpenters and Joiners' union initiated six new members last night. The circular from the Building Trades council, stating the appointment of J. B. Morrison as business agent, with power to call out all trades working on buildings, if deemed necessary, was received.

Letters from several architects stating that the demands of the union as to the scale of wages and hours were reasonable, were also received. A committee was appointed to assist the recording secretary in sending out circulars to the smaller contractors, notifying them of the scale of wages and hours adopted by the union. The new scale is thirty cents per hour after April 1, and eight hours to constitute a day's work.

Sick benefits were ordered paid to Jacob Weiskopf and Jacob Netterberg for two weeks each. Resolutions on the death of N. P. Lofgren were adopted, and a copy ordered sent the family of the deceased. The receipts were $66.40, and the expenses $29.50.

Looking Into Pyne's Record.

The appointment of M. H. Pyne as department plumber in the fire department was considered by the Plumbers' union at a regular meeting last night. It was announced that Pyne was not a union man, and the matter was referred to the Building Trades council for investigation. At the next meeting of the union, Feb. 13, a referendum vote on several propositions submitted at the last national convention will be voted on.

The propositions include the following: Increase of weekly dues from fifteen to twenty cents per week; maximum amount for locals on strike $400 or $200; 100 or 50 per cent of reserve fund to be paid into general treasury for defense fund for assistance of strikes; the establishment of a sinking fund by payment of five cents per week, the fund not to be used for one year after it is established.

The receipts were $58.10 and the expenses $11.

Salesmen Will Smoke.

The Retail Salesmen's association held a regular meeting last night and elected six new members. Three new applications were received. The members elected will be initiated at the next meeting. Arrangements are being made for a "smoker," to be given by the association in the near future.

Found Accounts Correct.

The auditing committee of the Building Trades council concluded its labors last night and will report the books and accounts for 1899 correct.

These to Meet Tonight.

Meetings scheduled for this evening: Woodworkers, open meeting and smoke social; stonemasons, regular meeting.

EXTENDED TO 1950.

St. Paul Gas Company Decides on a New Lease of Life.

At a meeting of the stockholders of the St. Paul Gas company the following board of directors were elected: Emerson McMillan, F. W. M. Cutcheon, E. A. Young, M. Auerbach, Kenneth Clark, Crawford Livingston and H. L. Doherty. A resolution was adopted extending the corporate existence of the company to 1950. The directors will meet today to elect officers.

F. W. M. Cutcheon, who came on from New York to attend the meeting, said nothing but routine business was transacted. The resolution passed, extending the existence of the corporation fifty years, was of no particular significance except that it satisfied the bond and stockholders. There was a full representation of the stockholders at the meeting. Today the officers will be elected, and Mr. Cutcheon stated there would be no change. H. L. Doherty, at present manager of the company, would occupy the position temporarily, his successor to be elected within a month or so. The new manager will be an Eastern man.

Beginning Sunday, Jan. 28.

Fast service to Omaha and Kansas City over the new route—The Minneapolis & St. Louis and Illinois Central.

The two finest trains for the West will leave St. Paul at 9 a. m. and 8 p. m., making the run to Omaha in 12 hours. Distance reduced 15 miles. Pullman Cafe Parlor cars on day trains, and new palace sleeping cars on night trains.

Ticket Office 396 Robert St., Depot Broadway, Foot of Fourth.

SCHOCH

Main Store.....7th and Broadway.
Uptown Store.....Library Building.

A Few Characteristic Schoch Money-Savers.

Prunes, Four pounds French. **25c**

Catsup, Schoch's "Home Made," per bottle **10c**

Catsup, Schoch's "Highest Quality," per bottle..... **15c**

Candy, Try a pound of regular 60-cent "Home Made" goods at only..... **25c**

Only the very best and purest materials are used in these goods.

Baking Powder, Schoch's "Highest Quality," made of very best cream of tartar, the strongest and purest powder on the market, per can..... **20c**

Sauerkraut, Schoch's "Golden Thread," per gallon **15c**

(Bring your own pails.)

Flour, Schoch's XXXX First Patent—the best flour milled.

98-lb. sack..... **$2.00**
49-lb. sack..... **$1.00**
24½-lb. sack..... **50c**

We guarantee this to be the best. It makes 30 loaves more bread to the sack than any other flour in this market.

Maple Sap, Ours is the pure Vermont Syrup and is absolutely pure It has never been boiled into nor reboiled from sugar. Gallon cans, each.... **$1.25**

Soap, Schoch's Best has few equals and no soap made is better; once used, always used, 7 bars.... **25c**

Schoch's "home-made" Pies, Doughnuts and Pastry are as sweet, fresh and delicious as you can make in your own kitchen. The very best materials go into them.

Coffee, Schoch's "Palmer House" Java and Mocha excels in strength and flavor many coffees sold elsewhere at 40c per pound; "Palmer House" only costs you, per pound.. 25c

Washing Powder, Schoch's "Klondike," the best and lowest-priced washing powder ever made. We sell 4-pound packages of this unexcelled preparation at..... 18c

Herring, our full weight, imported Holland, per keg $1.00

A car of Northern Spy, Baldwin, Greening, Geniton and Pippin Apples.

Rolled Oats, per pound 2c
Prunes, 5-pound can, French.....$1.00
Geese, fancy, fat, per pound..... 9c
Turkeys, fancy, fat, dry-picked, per pound 11c
Apples, 3 pounds, evaporated..... 25c
Chamois Skins, each 10c
Butter, "Crown Brand" Creamery, 3 and 5-lb jars, per lb..... 28c
Butter, 5-lb jars Fancy Dairy, per lb 23c

The Andrew Schoch Grocery Co.,
"St. Paul's Greatest Grocery Stores."
7th & Broadway. 7th & St. Peter.

THE THOMAS MATINEE

ANOTHER LARGE AUDIENCE ENJOYS THE WORK OF THE WELL TRAINED ORCHESTRA

ST. PAUL SOCIAL EVENTS

Mrs. J. Dittendorfer and Mrs. I. E. Rose Entertain About Seventy-Five in Honor of Their Guest, Miss Stiefel—Reception of Dayton Avenue Church at the Vanderwarker Home—Other Social News.

The People's church held another large and representative audience yesterday afternoon to once more absorb that which is beautiful and elevating in music and which are the main characteristics of Theodore Thomas' superb and admirably balanced orchestra. This programme contained but five composers' names, but was of such proportion and coloring as to satisfy even the most fastidious music lover. Commencing promptly at 2:15 with the Beethoven symphony, the late comers were forced to forego the first movement, the doors being closed until the finish of the movement. In the conducting of the Seventh symphony the careful and conscientious work of the leader is shown in the absolute discipline that prevails among his men. The work stands for itself, and the rendition was one of smoothness and harmony. The introduction, a poco-sostenuto in A major, is almost a movement in itself and contains one of the happiest and most delicate phrases to be found anywhere in Beethoven's music.

At the entrance of the new movement it has the dotted rhythm and is the predominating feature of the whole movement. The opening suggests the dancing of a bevy of girls, and in this mood it is hard to trace Beethoven's feelings. The allegretto takes the place of the slow movement and is constructed on a long crescendo as gradual as it is persistent and irresistible. The scherzo is stamped by the master's hand and is a presto movement, running into the presto and cada, and finally taking up the last movement of allegro con brio, a joyous strain and a whirling figure in the violins. The lightness and dance-like rhythm are the prime factors which impart to the movement an exuberant spirit, which stamps it and the whole symphony as one of the most complete expressions of whole-souled enjoyment of life that musical literature contains.

The second number brought the Wagner "Lohengrin" and "Meistersinger Vorspiel," which numbers blend the individualities of the orchestra more than in any of the other numbers. "Moorish Rhapsody," by Humperdinck, was a series of characteristically brilliant movements, a tone picture, with flowing melody and weird strains, representing the "Tarifia." Tangiers was "A Night in a Moorish Cafe," with a presto introductory for the strings, quickly followed by a duet for oboes, reeds and wood winds. "Teutuan," a ride in the desert, richly orchestrated, was a marvel of beauty, tone modulation and harmonious blendings of wood, wind, reed, string and brass. The listener's vivid imagination could readily picture the surrounding scenes of the Moors, and their fatherland, and the composer's music picture needed but the glare of the footlights to make it a living thing. Meditative "Thais" was another one of Massenet's soulful creations, played in solo and obligato by Mr. L. Kramer, concert master of the orchestra. This number occupied the same place on the programme as that of "Les Erminyes" the first night—the obligato having the same beautiful orchestral accompaniment.

As on Monday evening, the waltz tempo in "Invitation to the Dance" was the popular number. Weingartner has so enhanced and embellished this simple Weber waltz that the theme is a work of architectural beauty. It was deliciously played and beautifully orchestrated. The closing number was the performance of the "Rakoczy March," by Berlioz, who brings rare qualities of instrumentation and resources into his compositions. His is both a dramatic and poetical temperament, and "March Rakoczy" partakes of the theatrical style. The orchestra responds as one man in this work, and reaches the climax in a tremendous fortissimo.

After this general response and splendid attendance on the part of the St. Paul people it is to be hoped that hereafter the orchestra will be a permanent fixture in the season's list of musical attractions. The Schubert club deserves all praise and encouragement in their great enterprises and efforts, and they will again demonstrate the quality of their choral series artists in their next concert, Feb. 8, when Leonora Jackson, the violinist, will be the star, assisted by Mrs. Jessica De Wolf, soprano, and Emil Oberhoffer, musical director.

* * *

Mrs. Jacob Dittenhofer and Mrs. I. E. Rose gave a dancing party last evening at their home on Summit avenue in honor of their guest, Miss Stiefel, of Ottawa, Ill. The rooms were prettily decorated with American Beauty roses, scarlet and white carnations and white roses. The ball room on the third floor was effectively decorated with palms, wreathings of smilax and ferns. The Twin City Mandolin club played for the dancing. The hostesses were assisted by Mrs. W. H. Elsinger, Mrs. S. Dittenhofer, of Milwaukee, and Miss Elsinger. About seventy-five guests were entertained.

* * *

The women of the Dayton Avenue Presbyterian church gave a reception and tea last evening at the residence of Mrs. S. W. Vanderwarker on Marshall avenue. The rooms were decorated with bowls of cut flowers. The dining room was in pink, La France roses and pink-hooded candelabra carrying out a pretty color scheme. Punch was served in the library, the punch table standing under a canopy of American flags. Bunches of scarlet carnations added to the decorative effect. Mrs. Clark served punch. Dr. and Mrs. Edwards received with Mr. and Mrs. Vanderwarker. Some of the assisting women were: Mrs. J. B. Beals, Mrs. Gregg, Mrs. E. M. Prouty, Mrs. Day, Mrs. Abbott, Miss Belle Butler and Miss Annie Edwards.

* * *

Over 100 women were present yesterday when Miss Comings called to order the quarterly meeting of the Women's Missionary Union of the Congregational Churches of St Paul, held at Bethany church on the West Side. Every congregational church in the city was represented. Mr. Merrill, state superintendent of mission work, delivered an address on "Home Missions," in which he reviewed the work done by the Congregational home missions during the past year, and forecasted what would be done by them this coming year.

Mrs. Norval Marchand paid a generous compliment to the workers in a sister church, for in her address she held up as an example to her hearers the raising of a large sum of money by the Methodist women, as a jubilee offering. Mrs. W. W. Lewis submitted a paper on "Mormonism in Its Present Stage." The paper was read by Mrs. Mount, of Atlantic church.

Following the reading of the papers there was an informal discussion.

The following women of Bethany church served luncheon at noon: Mrs. R. L. Robbins, Mrs. George F. Dix, Mrs. David Kribs, Mrs. Charles Cressy, Mrs. W. W. Price, Mrs. Heath, Mrs. Harry Heberly, Mrs. Boyd, Mrs. Cuff and Mrs. Schriber.

* * *

Invitations have been issued by Mrs. Norman Nash McFarren, of Iglehart street, for a musicale, to be given Monday evening in honor of Mrs. Inga Ekstrom Olund, of Duluth.

* * *

Miss McCreery, of St. Louis, will be guest of honor at a luncheon given today by the Misses Day, of Dayton avenue.

* * *

The Sunday school teachers of the Central Presbyterian church will be entertained tomorrow evening by Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Schriber at their home on Fairmount avenue.

* * *

The Woman's Home Missionary union met yesterday at the First Baptist church. The programme was in charge of Mrs. Herbert F. Stillwell. About fifty women were present. Dr. O. A. Williams, secretary of the Home Missionary Union of Minneapolis, delivered an address on "Schools in the South." Mrs. D. D. Smith read a paper on "Our Times," written by Miss Manigal.

Mrs. George Griggs reported that the money collected by the union was used for work among the colored women of the city. The following presented reports from circles: Mrs. Allen and Mrs. Stillwell, First Baptist church; Mrs. Markham, Emanuel church; Mrs. Travis, Philadelphian church.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary union was held yesterday afternoon at the First Baptist church. Officers were elected as follows: President, Mrs. J. H. Randall; vice president, Mrs. G. H. Gamble; secretary, Miss Jessica Wakefield; treasurer, Mrs. D. D. Smith. The officers of the various circles of the Baptist churches in the city will comprise the executive board. Mrs. G. W. Young, of Minneapolis, secretary of the Woman's Foreign Mission union, gave a review of the state work. Mrs. George Warner, a returned missionary from China, dressed as a native, told of her experiences in Western China.

* * *

A grocery social was given last evening in the Sunday school rooms of the Central Presbyterian church. A generous contribution of salable articles had been given to the ladies having the affair in charge by St. Paul grocers, and the goods were tastefully arranged in artistic booths. In the center of the room, under a large Japanese umbrella, tea was served by a native of Japan, assisted by a number of women dressed in Japanese costume. Mrs. E. A. Webb superintended the booth. Miss Tait served ice cream and cake. The candy booth, canopied in yellow and lighted with Jap lanterns, was presided over by Mrs. A. W. Thompson and Mrs. Henry L. Mills.

The Century Mandolin club played during the evening.

Mrs. E. A. Webb and Mrs. Upham had general charge of the social, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the carpet fund.

* * *

J. L. Sullwold, of Ashland avenue, and Allen Black, of Lincoln avenue, will leave Feb. 1 for Honolulu. They will be absent six weeks.

* * *

The whist tournament to be played at the Minneapolis club today by the Minneapolis and St. Paul teams will decide whether the whist league trophy is to remain in Minneapolis or come to the Saintly City. The Minneapolis team is composed of Mrs. Lucian Swift, Mrs. A. C. Paul, Mrs. J. W. Griffin and Mrs. Rankin. The visitors will be Mrs. Denis Follet, Mrs. Darling, Mrs. Coburn and Mrs. Larkin. No definite plans have been made for a tournament with St. Louis, but after the result of today's game is known a game may be arranged.

* * *

Mrs. Maurice Auerbach and Mrs. F. E. Rice entertained at luncheon yesterday at the home of Mrs. Auerbach on Summit avenue in honor of Mrs. Newbold.

Mrs. R. J. Reid, of Selby avenue, has returned from Kansas.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Wishard, of Laurel avenue, have returned from Indianapolis.

Mrs. S. Dittenhofer, of Milwaukee, is the guest of Mrs. Jacob Dittenhofer, of Summit avenue.

Mrs. V. M. Watkins, of Holly avenue, is entertaining Miss Grace Watkins, of Red Wing.

Mrs. Graves, of Dayton avenue, is entertaining Mrs. Gillette, of West Virginia.

Miss Gilfillan, of South Exchange street, is in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Fagley, of Holly avenue, will go East Saturday.

Miss Daisy McGrath, of St. Albans street, has returned from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Thurston, of Lincoln avenue, will go South the first of February.

ALL MISFIT CARPETS

—AT—

33⅓ PER CENT DISCOUNT

FROM REGULAR PRICES.

We have made up all our remnants and small rolls into regular size Carpets and Rugs. Now is your chance to buy a good carpet CHEAP.

Cash or Credit.

NORTH STAR FURNISHING CO. 43-44-45-46 Wabasha St. - St. Paul.

IT'S IMPOSSIBLE

To Disprove Facts—It Is Decidedly Easy to Verify St. Paul Opinion.

Nothing by way of introduction could be added to the experience and opinions given below which could increase their value. St. Paul people can safely be left to draw their own conclusions based on such convincing proof as this citizen offers. What is there lacking in evidence like this to satisfy a dyed-in-the-wool doubting Thomas?

Mr. J. La Belle, of 169 St. Anthony avenue, says: "We have used Doan's Kidney Pills in our family and heartily recommend them to sufferers from kidney trouble. There are so many medicines on the market that are remedies in name only, that when one learns of one which acts up to representations it is a pleasure to let others know of it. We procured Doan's Kidney's Pills at F. M. Parker's drug store, corner of Wabasha street and Fifth street."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, "Doan's," and take no other.

WILL BE CLEAR OF DEBT.

First Presbyterian Church to Burn More Notes Feb. 6.

The congregation of the First Presbyterian church will meet at the church Tuesday evening, Feb. 6, for the purpose of burning the notes of the church floating debt. This debt amounts to $1,300, and when it is paid and the notes burned the First church will be absolutely clear of debt, the mortgage having been burned a short time ago. A special programme is being arranged for the meeting. There will be music, and addresses will be delivered by Dr. J. D. Paxton, Dr. A. B. Meldrum and the pastor, Dr. Sinclair.

Mr. Kuhn, of Rochester, N. Y.,

Representing one of the largest manufacturers of photographic paper in the world, will be pleased to have all amateur photographers attend the demonstration of "Argo's (gloss and matte) Developing paper on Friday evening, 8 o'clock, Jan. 26, at Dyer's, 21 and 23 West Fifth street. Bring your negatives and have a print made free of charge.

AFTER THE DAIRYMEN

DR. OHAGE'S STAFF REPEATS THE INSINUATIONS ABOUT THE TESTS

KIRBY RAN INTO A CIRCUS

All the Cattle in a Herd Began Jumping When He Appeared With His Tuberculin—The Health Commissioner Appeals to Dr. Bracken to Help Him Out—Charges Against Dr. Dallimore.

Health Commissioner Ohage has decided that no license will be issued for the sale of milk under the present ordinance unless the herds have been inspected by one of the veterinarians employed by the health department. Dr. Dallimore, a veterinarian, residing in the Third ward, has been inspecting cattle and using the tuberculin tests, and yesterday one of the owners of a herd called at the health office and applied for a license, offering a record of the tests made on his herd by Dr. Dallimore. The health commissioner refused to grant the license, and sought the advice of the legal department of the city. The advice given by the corporation attorney's office was that under the ordinance the inspection must be made by one of the experts in the employ of the health department. Dr. Dallimore's license as a state veterinary surgeon equips him for making such examinations, and Dr. Ohage cannot prevent any dairyman from employing Dr. Dallimore to inspect his herd. But Dr. Ohage can refuse to issue the license, and compel the dairyman to have the cattle inspected again by his inspectors.

A meeting was held yesterday afternoon at the health office and the question of inspection was discussed for a couple of hours. Present were Dr. Bracken, secretary of the state board of health; Dr. Reynolds, state veterinarian; Commissioner of Health Justus Ohage; Mrs. Conde Hamlin, president of the Woman's Civic league; Drs. Pomeroy and Kirby, veterinary surgeons of the health department; Meat Inspector Janssen, and Inspector Plompon, of the state board of health.

Dr. Ohage stated that the milkmen had fought the ordinance, and particularly the inspection fee clause, on the ground that it was excessive. He had always had his suspicions as to this contention, and these were confirmed when a dairyman from Langdon had informed him that some dairymen were tampering with their herds. Dr. Kirby, one of the department experts, had found that the cows he inspected and injected with tuberculin acted strangely, and in some herds all of the cows jumped and reared when an attempt was made to make the tests. This, to the inspector, seemed to show that someone had been practicing on the cows before. Dr. Ohage then read the resolutions passed by the dairymen's association, calling him a coward, and demanding that he produce proof that any of the herds had been tampered with.

"We secured pretty good evidence against one man," continued the health commissioner, "and one of the dairymen told me he had paid 70 cents per head to have his cattle inspected. When the ordinance which the dairymen fought only provided for a fee of 50 cents per head, it looked queer to me."

The commissioner inquired of Dr. Bracken if the certificates of veterinary surgeons should be accepted and a license issued, and cited a case where a veterinarian had stated that he had examined 200 cattle, and only found two showing signs of disease. No report of the two had been made to his office, as required by law, nor to the office of the state board of health. The failure to make such a report was against the law, and Dr. Ohage thought the state board of health should look up the matter and take action.

Mrs. Hamlin suggested that it would be best to fight the matter in the courts rather than in the newspapers.

Dr. Ohage presented to Dr. Reynolds the record of a test made by a veterinarian, on which a dairyman asked for license, and asked if the record was in his opinion sufficient to grant a license on. Dr. Reynolds said it was hardly an ideal record, and he did not think he would issue a license on it, as there had not, according to the figures, been enough temperatures taken at the right hours. It was suggested that the veterinarian who had failed to report the two diseased cows should be proceeded against, and Dr. Bracken said if the health commissioner would write him a letter setting forth the facts he would take action in the case. Dr. Ohage did not desire to do this.

Figures were presented showing that since the ordinance went into effect in April last to Dec. 31, the number of herds visited by the health inspectors was 105; cattle tested with tuberculin, 2,084; cattle found diseased, 154; number of diseased cattle turned over to state board of health outside the city, 88; number of diseased cattle in city, 66; number of diseased cattle, killed inside the city limits, 20; number passed for food when killed, 15; number condemned as unfit for food, 5; number still in quarantine, 45. Of the dairies examined 82 were found in good condition; 13 in fair condition and eight in poor condition.

Dr. Ohage inquired how tampering with herds could be prevented. Dr. Bracken took the position that no licenses should be granted by the department until after the cattle had been inspected by the experts from the health department. Another point made by Dr. Bracken was that the dairymen should be impressed with that portion of the law which provides that whenever there is a diseased cow the fact should be reported to the local health office.

Dr. Pomeroy questioned if the dairymen would not make money by paying 70 cents per head for outside inspection as it would enable them to ascertain the animals diseased, and get rid of them for food before the department arrived to inspect them.

Dr. Ohage thought there was no way to get protection, unless the state board of health backed up the local department, and enforced the law.

Dr. Reynolds said the whole matter would be solved by issuing a notice that licenses would not be issued unless the inspection had been made by experts from the health department and this Dr. Ohage decided would be done.

Dr. Pomeroy declared that the statement made by Dr. Dallimore to the effect that the health department had given a certificate for eighty-five cows, when but fifty were examined, was not true, and he urged that Dr. Dallimore be prosecuted for not reporting the two cows which he claimed to have found diseased.

The question of taking proceedings against Dr. Dallimore for the alleged violation of the law was left to Dr. Reynolds, the state veterinarian, and Drs. Pomeroy and Kirby.

A Demonstration

Showing the new developing paper, "Argo" (gloss and matte), which is now creating so much of a sensation among people interested in photography, will be given Friday evening, 8 o'clock, Jan. 26, at Dyer's, 21 and 23 West Fifth street, by an expert direct from the manufactory. All are invited.

CITY IN DARKNESS.

Electric Lights in the Business District Off Duty.

An "open circuit" on the St. Paul Electric Light company's system last evening plunged the central business district into utter darkness for several hours. The defect made its results felt shortly after 10 o'clock, when all of the arc lights on lower Seventh street went out. A few minutes later the lights on other parallel streets as far west as Seven corners also ceased to burn. The company sent out several linemen to find the defect, but up to midnight it had only been possible to get about half of the extinguished lights going again.

Silk Headquarters of the Northwest. GLOBE-1-24-1900

If you make any purchase at this store that proves unsatisfactory, bring it back and your money will be cheerfully refunded.

Mannheimer Bros.

Sixth and Robert Streets, St. Paul, Minn.

Splendid Silk Bargains Here

This week. Excellent reasons for giving them, too. Several thousand yards, bought very cheap from a big St. Louis jobber. Many thousand yards to clean out to reduce our stock before annual inventory, which occurs next week. Come in any day, but come as early as possible. Early comers have the choice of largest assortments.

At **39c**—a table full, many kinds, worth up to $1.00.
At **49c**—a table full, many kinds, worth up to $1.25.
At **69c**—a table full, many kinds, worth up to $1.50.
At **89c**—a table full, many kinds, worth up to $1.50.
At **98c**—a table full, many kinds, worth up to $2.00.

Fur Department

Those mentioned below were bought at less than the skins are worth today. You get them Wednesday like this:

Plain Electric Seal Collarettes, $5.00 values for..... **$3.50**

$7.50 Electric Seal Collarettes, with Astrakhan yoke, for only..... **$4.50**

$35.00 Astrakhan Jackets, made of fine curly skins, for only..... **$25.00**

$50.00 Electric Seal Jackets.....$35.00
$65.00 Russian Coast Seal Jackets.....$47.50
$65.00 Krimmer Jackets.....$50.00

LAST WEEK OF OUR ANNUAL

Embroidery Sale

The more folks who read these items the more pleased purchasers there'll be before Wednesday night.

Nainsook, Swiss and Cambric Edging and Inserting at **3c, 5c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c and 38c**—each and every piece worth double.

Novelties in Embroideries of every description.

Extraordinary sale of VALENCIENNES LACES—by the dozen.

A direct importation from Calais, which will be on sale Wednesday at HALF VALUE—by the piece only, at **15c, 25c, 39c, 49c and 69c.**

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VITAL STATISTICS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Andrew Hinras, Lena Kohn.
Peter A. Schmidt, Mrs. Maggie E. Davis.

BIRTHS.

Mrs. C. Rogalla, Stillwater road, girl.
Mrs. James Reid, 142 Granite, girl.
Mrs. Nels P. Demsgaard, 183 Cayuga, girl.
Mrs. John Peterson, 1564 Beech, girl.
Mrs. A. Anderson, 645 Grand av., boy.
Mrs. Carl Vardrom, 281 Colborne, girl.
Mrs. C. W. Sanders, 54 W. Central, boy.
Mrs. H. Boxleitner, 470 Van Buren, girl.
Mrs. Fred Rogers, 597 Forest, girl.

DEATHS.

D. W. Brown, St. Joseph's, 38 yrs.
Annie Olein, city hospital, 21 yrs.
Mrs. H. C. Beyer, 250 Carroll, 45 yrs.
Johanna E. Knobloch, 757 Logan, 61 yrs.
Cecelia M. Roche, 658 Conway, 15 yrs.
P. F. Kennedy, Hot Springs, 26 yrs.

DEATHS.

STEFFANUS—In St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 23, 1900, at his residence, 372 St. Clair street, Louis Steffanus, aged forty-two years. Funeral from residence Friday, Jan. 26, at 9 o'clock a. m. Service at St. Francis' church at 9:30 a. m.

BEYER—In St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 22, 1900, Henrietta C., aged forty-five years two months, beloved wife of William Beyer. Funeral service from late residence, 250 Carroll street, Thursday, Jan. 25, at 2 p. m.; from German Lutheran church, corner of Wabasha and Tilton streets, at 2:30 p. m. Friends invited.

KNOBLOCH—In St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 21, 1900, Johanna Eleanor, aged sixty-one years, beloved wife of August Knobloch. Funeral from residence of son-in-law, George W. Schilling, 757 Logan street, Wednesday, Jan. 24, 1900, 1:30 p. m.; from German Lutheran church, corner of Wabasha and Tilton streets, 2:30 p. m.

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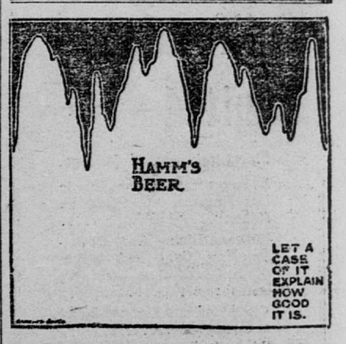

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