

BOERS HAD ENOUGH

A LONDON PAPER SAYS HE HAS WIRED SALISBURY FOR TERMS OF PEACE

RIOTS SUCCEEDED HILARITY

BOERS OFFER VIOLENCE TO PROPERTY OF ANY KNOWN BOER SYMPATHIZERS

BULLER BEFORE LAING'S NEK

No Official News Received by Roberts of the Relief of Mafeking—Haden-Powell's Reward.

LONDON, May 21, 4:15 a. m.—Displayed in the most conspicuous style in the Daily Express is the dominant war news of the morning:

"The exact terms of the message cannot be stated, but we believe it is couched in an extremely humble strain."

It is conceivable of course that Lord Salisbury can have sent any reply, except the one that stands ready on the lips of every Briton—unconditional surrender.

The demonstrative rejoicings over the news from Mafeking have given place to riots in London, Aberdeen and Belfast and elsewhere in the United Kingdom.

In the Finchley district of suburban London a mob stoned the railway station, tore down the telegraph poles and smashed the windows of a draper's shop, setting the building on fire also, whether by accident or design is as yet unknown.

"STOP THE WAR!" meeting was being addressed by Mr. Crowlright-Schreiner, husband of Olive Schreiner. A crowd of students and others tried to storm the hall and to break down the doors.

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and clerymen generally found in the event their relief yesterday in Great Britain.

PREMONT DUTCHMEN AND MEMBERS OF THE JUDICIARY ARE ASSAULTED

A Cape Town correspondent reasserts that the Irish-American ambulance corps from Chicago arrived heavily during the fighting at Kromstad, and that United States consul Hay had protested vainly to President Kruger against using the corps on the fighting line.

BULLER AT LAING'S NEK

Gen. Buller is in front of Laing's Nek, hesitating to attack positions of enormous natural strength.

Gen. Buller's base is Winburg. Gen. Buller is advancing on Ficksburg, trying to catch up with the retreating Boers.

AUSTIN WRITES A POEM

LONDON, May 21.—Alfred Austin, the poet laureate, writes of the relief of Mafeking as follows:

Long as the waves shall roll, Long as fame guards her scroll, And men through heart and soul Thrill to true glory,

Their tale from age to age Shall voice and verse engage, Swelling the splendid page Of England's story.

President Steyn, when twitted about the secretary capital, is reported to have said that the Americans, during the War of Independence, changed their capital nine times, and yet defeated the British.

The London papers are speculating as to what will be done to reward Col. Baden-Powell. It is expected as soon as the British are victorious the relief of Mafeking will be conferred upon him.

Refugees from Johannesburg say the Boers are admitting to themselves the seriousness of the situation and are asking for terms.

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GREET BOERS WARMLY

AN IMMENSE AUDIENCE AT THE DEMONSTRATION FOR THE ENVOYS IN WASHINGTON

MANY OFFICIALS ATTENDED

CHAIRMAN SULZER DECLARED NINE-TENTHS OF AMERICA ARE AGAINST ENGLAND

VISITORS SPEAK BRIEFLY

They Explain What They Hope for by Coming Here and Tell of the Life of Their People.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—An audience remarkable for its size, sympathy and enthusiasm greeted the Boer envoys at the reception given in their honor tonight at the Grand opera house under the auspices of congressional and citizens' committees.

The speaker Henderson was in one of the boxes and others present were Senators Daniel, of Virginia; Teller, Tillman, Pettigrew, Mason and Wellington; Representatives Shafroth, Atwater, Slayden, Glyn, Ruppert, Gaines, Latimer, Leetz, Suber, Landis, Linney, Ryan, Greene, Henry (Mass.), Hay, De Armond, Clark (Mo.), Meirs, Rhea (Ky.).

Chairman Sulzer, of the reception committee, presided, and a number of addresses, all of them patriotic in character and earnestly supporting the cause of the Boers, were made, including those of Messrs. Fischer, Wolmarans and Wessels, the Boer envoys; Senator Wellington, Hon. Bourke Cockran, of New York, and Mr. Sulzer.

Chairman Sulzer was the first speaker. After welcoming the envoys and emphatically stating that the occasion was non-partisan and non-political in character, he said in part:

"In my judgment nine-tenths of the American people are against England in this bloody war of conquest for the South African Republic."

"We sympathized with Poland, with Hungary, with Greece, with all the South American republics, with Armenia and with Cuba in their struggles for freedom. Many we helped. Why, I ask, in the name of all that is just and honorable, should we now refuse to lend our moral support, our sympathy and our aid to the patriots of South Africa?"

"England is not always has been the aggressor against the Boers, and compelled the Boers to strike first. The Boers will never surrender the love of liberty. They can only be conquered by being exterminated, and England must be permitted to exterminate them and steal their homes. Her criminal march of devastation must and will be checked."

"God grant that the English army may never reach Pretoria."

"The envoys introduced in turn by Mr. Sulzer and each of them was given a cordial reception. Their remarks were listened to with close attention. The audience gave a stinging greeting to Commissioner Fischer, who told his hearers why the envoys had come to this country and what they hoped to accomplish. His remarks were very much in keeping with what he already has said in published interviews."

WHICH LED TO THE TROUBLE WHICH NOW EXISTS AS I WOULD LIKE TO...

We come to appeal to your people and to ask for brother republicans and to ask for hearing and hope to obtain it.

ST. LOUIS STRIKE DEVELOPS SOME EXCITEMENT ON VERY SMALL PRETEXT

SOME OF THE LINES IN USE

NEITHER THE STRIKERS NOR THEIR FRIENDS INCLINED TO MAKE TROUBLE

THE STRIKERS SEE VICTORY

President Mahan, of the Street Car Men, is sanguine they will win in the end—Places for Old Men.

ST. LOUIS, May 20.—Cars were run today on five of the lines of the St. Louis Transit company without any interference from the strikers or their friends.

The most serious riot of the day took place late in the evening, at the intersection of South street and Washington avenue, in the course of which H. W. Steubens, secretary of the National Building Trades council, was placed under arrest.

The metal trades council met late this afternoon and, after a long discussion, decided to recommend to all affiliated unions that they go out on a sympathetic strike tomorrow morning.

Another riot occurred a few minutes later on Washington avenue, between Thirteenth and Fifteenth streets. A crowd of about 1,500 people lined both sides of the street for two squares, and began to jeer and hoot the train crews.

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CREDS BUT NO RIOTS

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BULLETIN OF IMPORTANT NEWS OF THE DAY

Weather forecast for St. Paul: Partly cloudy.

1—Britain Still Rejoices. Envoys' Welcome. Riots in St. Louis. Turk Brings No Money.

2—Robbery at Barkhard's. Elders Renew Their Vows. State Fair Prospects.

3—Minneapolis Matters. Northwest News.

4—Editorial. Washington Gossip. Foreign News.

5—Sporting Page. Mafeking Yachting. Clark Seems Secure.

6—Popular Wants.

7—Markets of the World. Foreign Financial News.

8—The Ship's Adventure. Imperial Knights' Plans.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Rear Admiral Ahmed Pasha, who arrived at this port Friday night on board the steamship Augusta Victoria, said last night that his mission to this country had no connection with any work of diplomacy.

"My business is that of an engineer, not that of a diplomat. Of diplomatic relations therefore I have no right to speak. That falls to the duty of our Turkish minister at Washington. As yet I am waiting instructions from the sublime porte. They are to come to me from the minister, but inasmuch as I arrived only last night I am not surprised that I have not heard from him. From what I could learn of the desires of the sultan in conversation with him he is anxious to increase the prowess of his navy. I will not say whether we fear Russia or England or any other country, but as my duty is to see that our navy must be put on a basis with Western countries. From what we have seen and learned of the American navy it seemed that there could be no better place to learn modern methods of construction than in America. Again, it is a neutral country, one which does not visit such a visit with suspicion. I was selected for the mission because I am an engineer-in-chief of the Turkish navy."

"I shall doubtless visit the different naval stations of this country; perhaps, go as far as San Francisco, but will give special attention to the navy yards at Brooklyn and at Groton, New York. There is a report to the sublime porte that the result of my study then I may make some purchases."

When the admiral was asked to speak of the situation between Russia and Turkey, he said:

"As a cosmopolitan, I would say that Russia's greatest danger is rather than the fact that some of the nations of the world are composed of a strange conglomeration of peoples, many of whom have no sympathy for each other. It also happens that some of the nations of the world have come under the sway of the czar and are higher in the standard of intellect, morals and physical strength than the race of the sultan. There is, therefore, the Circassian, for instance, who is far superior in prowess of war. There is the Pole, who is higher in the scale of intelligence than the Turk. There is the Finn, who is more moral in his habits of life. And yet Russia is still spreading out, still grasping for more, still taking unbridled advantage of the native peoples antagonistic to her in point of racial qualities."

"Let me tell you," he began again, "if I were to visit the different naval stations of this country; perhaps, go as far as San Francisco, but will give special attention to the navy yards at Brooklyn and at Groton, New York. There is a report to the sublime porte that the result of my study then I may make some purchases."

NOT HERE TO SETTLE

REAR ADMIRAL AHMED PASHA SAYS HE DIDN'T BRING ANY CASH ALONG

WANTS SOME WAR POINTERS

SULTAN WOULD LIKE TO INCREASE THE PROWESS OF HIS NAVY

DEFEAT WOULD END RUSSIA

The Representative of the Turkish Navy Says the Rear Admiral Would Go to Pieces.

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BOLD LOBE HIGHWAYMAN HOLDS UP A HOTEL CLERK

KANSAS CITY, May 20.—A lone highwayman entered the lobby of the Cates hotel, one of the leading hotels here, at 11:30 o'clock tonight, and, forcing the strong box of the cigar stand, escaped.

The robber, as he spoke, flashed the muzzle of a revolver in Kellar's face, then stepped behind the counter, picked up the strong box and turned to go. Clerk Kellar saw him at this moment.

"Hold on," he cried. "What do you want?"

"Don't you move," commanded the man behind the gun, as he pointed his weapon at Kellar's head. "If you do I'll get you."

He backed out of the door with his face turned to the lobby, and with revolver leveled.

So daring was the robbery it was a minute before Kellar or Clark could make an outcry. The night watchman awoke from his reverie to see the confederate disappear through another entrance.

LOOKED DOWN A GUN.

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JUST BEFORE THE ROBBERY OCCURRED KELLAR WAS PLACED TWELVE FEET OF DIAMOND JEWELRY...

Just before the robbery occurred Kellar was placed twelve feet of diamond jewelry, consisting of rings, pins and studs valued at \$1,200, about \$50 in money and checks in the box, preparatory to taking it to the hotel safe.

The confederate attracted the attention momentarily to the other end of the counter, and the robber had performed his work, which consumed about the fraction of a minute, was quick in making off.

Clerk Gessler claims that the robber's name is Fishback, and that he knows him well.

The robber is described as being thirty-five years of age, about six feet in height and well dressed. According to Clerk Gessler, he has lived at the hotel for a week. He had at one time taken the clerk out for a drive and had generally been considered a "good fellow."

The hotel is one of the leading hotels of the city and is situated at Tenth and Broadway, in the heart of the downtown district.

MUST BE INOCULATED

ALL CHINESE OR JAPANESE WHO LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 20.—There are no new developments in the plague situation. No new cases have been discovered, and the situation remains practically unchanged.

The inoculation of Chinese and Japanese is quietly going on. From unofficial sources it is learned that nine Japanese and eleven Chinese were inoculated with hakfine yesterday, and twenty-six Japanese and fifty Chinese today.

The situation of the board of health is that the circumstances do not warrant the quarantining of the Chinese and Japanese who remain in the city. Only those trying to leave the city are required to be inoculated.

The Chinese and Japanese as a whole are opposed to inoculation. They have retained counsel to contest the matter in the courts should the board resort to forcible measures.

The Chinese consul general stated that he would take no action until he is more fully informed as to the plans of the board of health, or until some development in the situation requires him to take action.

Business was suspended in the Chinese quarter today, and knots of Chinese stood on the streets discussing the situation, and expressing their determination not to submit to inoculation. They say they would rather die from the plague than be inoculated.

For a time the steamer, freight and passenger service between the islands and the coast will be less convenient than it has been heretofore. The steamships flying foreign flags will not carry freight or passengers between here and the coast after June 14, in accordance with the territorial bill. The Canadian-Australian line is not affected as their steamers go to Victoria and Vancouver and not to American ports.