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The St. Paul Globe

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WEATHER FOR TODAY.

Minnesota — Showers and thunder storms Friday; cooler in southern portion; Saturday partially cloudy; probably showers in eastern portion; fresh southerly winds.

Wisconsin — Threatening, probably showers Friday and Saturday; cooler Friday in southwest portion; fresh east to south winds.

Iowa—Showers and thunder storms and cooler Friday; Saturday partly cloudy, probable showers in eastern portion; winds mostly east to south.

North Dakota—Showers Friday; Saturday fair; warmer; variable winds.

South Dakota—Showers and cooler Friday; Saturday fair, warmer; northerly winds, becoming variable.

Montana—Fair Friday; warmer in western portion; Saturday fair; warmer in eastern portion; variable winds.

ST. PAUL.

Yesterday's observations, taken by the United States weather bureau, St. Paul, P. F. Lyons observer, for the twenty-four hours ended at 7 o'clock last night. ——Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation.

Highest temperature	80
Lowest temperature	56
Average temperature	68
Daily range	24
Barometer	30.60
Humidity	48
Precipitation	0
7 p. m., temperature.....	76

7 p. m., wind, southeast; weather, cloudy.

RIVER BULLETIN.

Station.	Danger Line.	Gauge Reading.	Change in 24 Hours.
St. Paul	14	3.3	0.0
Davenport	15	3.2	...
Kansas City	21	14.8	...
La Crosse	10	3.2	0.0
Memphis	33	8.7	...
Omaha	18	9.9	...
St. Louis	30	13.4	...

River forecast till 8 p. m. Saturday: The Mississippi will remain nearly stationary in the vicinity of St. Paul.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURES.

	*5pm	High		*5pm	High
Battleford ...	62	70	Buffalo	60	64
Bismarck	64	68	Cheyenne	72	80
Calgary	60	64	Chicago	50	70
Duluth	58	70	Cincinnati ...	68	70
Edmonton ...	66	70	Cleveland ...	66	74
Havre	56	60	Galveston	80	84
Helena	58	58	Jacksonville .	74	82
Huron	66	78	Montgomery .	74	82
Minnedosa ..	60	68	New Orleans.	70	84
Pr. Albert ...	60	68	New York ...	76	82
Qu'Appelle ..	56	60	Philadelphia .	76	84
S. Current ...	58	62	S. Francisco.	54	58
Williston	48	54	St. Louis ...	74	74
Winnipeg	62	74			

*Washington time (7 p. m. St. Paul).

OCEAN LINERS.

BOSTON—Arrived: Saxonia (new), Liverpool.
NEW YORK—Sailed: La Touraine, Havre; Fuerst Bismarck, Hamburg, via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Bremen, Bremen, via Cherbourg.
LIVERPOOL—Arrived: Teutonic, New York; Lancastrian, Boston; New England, Boston, via Queenstown.
LONDON—Arrived: Menominee, New York.
BREMEN—Arrived: Kaiserin Maria Theresa, New York. Sailed: Dominion, Montreal.
GLASGOW—Arrived: Hibernian, Boston.
QUEENSTOWN—Arrived: New England, Boston for Liverpool.
PLYMOUTH—Arrived: Auguste Victoria, New York for Hamburg and proceeded.
ROTTERDAM—Arrived: Maasdam, New York. Sailed: Spaarndam, New York, via Boulogne.
LAS PALMAS—Arrived: Volumnia, San Francisco, via Valparaiso, etc., for Hamburg.
YOKOHAMA—Sailed: Duke of Fife, from Hong Kong, Tacoma.
QUEENSTOWN—Sailed: Pennland (from Liverpool), Philadelphia; Oceanic (from Liverpool), New York.

TODAY IN ST. PAUL.

METROPOLITAN—Valentine Stock company in "Romeo and Juliet," 8:15.
GRAND—"For Fair Virginia," 8:15.
Old Settlers' association, annual meeting at state capitol, noon, banquet Merchants' hotel, 3 p. m.
Baseball, Macalester vs. Fire department, Lexington Park, 3 p. m.
Reception by Maccabees to D. P. Markey, People's church, 8 p. m.
Battery A ball, armory, 8 p. m.
St. Paul Lodge No. 3, A. F. & A. M., meets, Masonic hall, West Fifth street, near postoffice, 8 p. m.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1, 1900.

THE END IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Whatever be the exact truth as to the surrender of Johannesburg and Pretoria, it is quite apparent that the war in South Africa has reached the final stage. It is difficult to believe that, valiant, to the point of heroism, as the Boer soldiery have shown themselves, they will feel at liberty to prolong hostilities. They have offered a resistance to the overwhelming power of the British empire, perhaps without parallel in all the annals of warfare.

Such a race as these men have shown themselves to be are worthy of the highest measure of national liberty. Let us take the largest account we may of their defects; let us accept all that has been put forward in the press of the world to their disadvantage, and the truth still remains that within the past few months they have awakened the most glorious traditions identified with the struggle for human liberty. They have proven themselves the most soldierly and valorous race of their age, and have entitled themselves to the admiration of the world.

It is little less than sheer murder to prolong this unequal struggle. The guerrilla warfare which the men of the Orange Free State and the Transvaal will maintain, if they do maintain such a warfare, will result in continuous loss of life, and cannot avert the inevitable result of Lord Roberts' victories.

The world has stood by inactive while two of its republics were being forcibly dismembered. No word of protest was spoken and no effort made to dissuade the statesmanship of Britain from the fulfillment of its avowed purpose. These young nations will pass into the historical limbo of forgotten republics, and we may not expect even that history will do them justice for the brilliant defense which they offered while their resources were at all adequate to compete with those of their enemy. But those who love to read of deeds of renown, of the heroism which takes no account of death or suffering in pursuit of the right to live in freedom, cannot remain ignorant of the wonderful events which have been enacted during the past six months in South Africa, and which will, no doubt, soon see their final ending in complete and sorrowful defeat.

DO NOT WANT IT.

The action of the committee on privileges and elections of the senate in reporting adversely, as it did on Tuesday last, the house bill providing for the election of senators by the people will probably be concurred in by the senate itself. For many years this policy of delay and defeat has been in progress between the two houses on this and other measures. Senators have never shown a disposition to treat fairly the proposal to submit their seats to the popular choice. The present method appears to be quite satisfactory, and doubtless is so to the great majority of them. It could hardly be less satisfactory to the country. It could hardly be productive of more enduring scandal, or have been better designated to save the members of the senate from all official accountability.

The scandals which have arisen during the past few years seem to have left a deep impression in every other direction save on the membership of the senate itself. Hanna is the leading figure in the senate today, if not the leading figure in the entire country. Yet he notoriously holds his place in that body as the direct result of bribery and corruption. Clark tried to purchase his seat so that his title might be undisputed, but he failed. Quay allowed himself to be deluded by the conviction that nothing could disturb his hold on the office. But in the latter two cases it has been demonstrated that, despite all that senators may do individually or collectively, public sentiment will find expression against the prevailing nonsensical and corruption-breeding method of choosing members of the smaller branch of the national legislature.

The agitation for the needed constitutional amendment must go on. It will before long result in victory. Every senator chosen under the present system must be made to declare himself in favor of choice by popular election. This can readily be done. The Democratic party is committed fully to securing this reform. Democrats in congress and out must go on advocating the popular method of choosing senators. There is no reason to believe that congress will ever provide for the needed change until it is forced to do so by stress of public opinion. All that has been said or done thus far has been evidently without avail, because it has not been backed by a sufficient show of determination on the part of the press and the party political conventions. With the platforms of the Democracy in the several states committed to the principle of the choice of senators by the popular method, and the return to the senate, wherever possible to be secured, of men who are in favor of the popular plan, it will not be long before the senate is prepared to pass the necessary legislation, no matter what report may be presented to it by its committee on the subject.

A DISSOLVING TRUST.

The movement set on foot by the New York Journal against the New York ice trust has thus far been attended by a high measure of success. Every movement made by the counsel for the Journal has been successful, and all the facts relative to the formation of the trust and its operations are now being brought out before a referee chosen by the court.

There are trusts in operation which are quite as bad as the ice trust, no doubt; but it is doubtful whether a meaner or more sordid instance of the realization of exorbitant profits through the extortion practiced on the very poor in one of the most indispensable articles of daily consumption has ever been made known.

There is a very strenuous effort being made to transform the exposure of the connection of certain prominent New York politicians with the trust into an alleged political persecution. The effort will fail. Any public official of New York caught with any of the stock of this concern among his possessions, in view of its relation to the tenement population of the big city, and in view of the attitude borne publicly toward the trust by the leading officials of the city, merits, on the face of the transaction, to be permanently retired to private life.

The public ethics which contemplate the devoted support of the poorer classes of society as the first essential to success in the acquisition of office, and will deliberately extend official commendation to an agency practicing extortion of the most criminal kind upon these same poor people, and willingly reap pecuniary advantage of such extortion, is as debased as can well be conceived of. It will be a hard undertaking for Mayor Van Wyck or any of his official friends who have been caught in this vile transaction to save themselves by crying out about politics. Even were political influence the animating and principal factor in the transaction, it would not detract in the slightest from the state of facts which has been revealed.

It will be gratifying to every honest man, no matter what his politics may be, to see all the politicians who are exposed as involved in this infamous transaction pilloried in the most public and effective manner. But while this end is desirable from every point of view, the great object which the people of the entire country are now immediately concerned in is the destruction of the ice trust, root and branch, as being a menace to the public welfare. If the Journal succeeds in effecting this great purpose it will have rendered a service to the entire American people of the greatest possible value.

Several of our war ships have been put out of commission for want of trained officers and men, and yet the new battleships now rapidly approaching completion will require officers far in excess of the possibilities of the naval academy for the next ten years. In the clamor and panicky demand for a large navy congress insanely provided means to build big ships and make business for armor plate mills and ship builders, but made no provisions for competent officers, trained gunners and crews for these three to five-million dollar ships.

SOCIALIST COMMUNITIES AND COLONIES.

Years ago the Fourier movement, the Brook Farm experiment in Massachusetts —which had the active support of Greeley, Emerson, Hawthorne, Ripley and other thoughtful men—the Owen communities and various socialist and co-operative societies attracted a good deal of public attention, but most of the enterprises failed for one reason or other. During the last few years, however, another socialist wave has been rising in the country, and it may surprise and interest the readers of the Globe when we give a list of the liberal, socialist and co-operative communities now existing. The following is as complete a list as we have been able to gather, together with names of leading officials:

ALABAMA.

The Fairhope Industrial association, Fairhope, Ala. A single tax colony.

COLORADO.

Colorado Co-operative company, Pinon, Col. Publishes the Altrurian.

FLORIDA.

Brotherhood of New Age, East Point, Franklin county, Florida. Fee $300. Address Harry C. Vrooman, Apalachicola, Fla.

The National Production company. Stock company, 1,000 acres in Franklin county, Florida. Address Rev. Hiram Vrooman, 30 The Warren, Warren street, Boston, Mass.

Willis M. Myers, for the Co-Operative union, Ocala, Fla.

GEORGIA.

Ruskin Commonwealth, Ruskin, Ware county.

The Christian Commonwealth, Commonwealth, Muscogee county, Georgia.

Georgia Colony, S. C. McCandless, Jackson, Ga.

H. P. Blount, Atlanta, Ga., has 445 acres which he offers for a colony site.

Co-operative Industrial college, Milner's Store, Ga. Railroad station Camp Creek, Ga. Land in individual holdings.

ILLINOIS.

Ridgeville Co-operative association. S. C. Jones, secretary, Box 64, Ridgeville, Ill.

INDIANA.

Home Industrial association, J. W. Newbern, Richmond, Ind.

IOWA.

Amana society, Phoenix, Iowa county, Io. Germans, 3,000 members; six villages; 40,000 acres of land.

KANSAS.

Labor Exchange Colony (Branch 199), Fulton, Bourbon county, Kansas.

Morehead, Labette county, Kansas, is almost wholly on a co-operative basis.

MISSOURI.

Home Employment company, Long Lane, Mo.

The Altruist Community, communist, office 2711 Franklin avenue, St. Louis, Mo. Colony, Kerrigan, Wayne county.

Christian colony, S. J. Phillips, Cabool, Mo.

MINNESOTA.

The Niksur Co-operative association, E. B. Mayo, secretary-treasurer, 965 Fremont avenue north, Minneapolis. Colony, Lawrence, Minn.

NEBRASKA.

The Southwestern and Western Co-operative Farm, Manufacturing and Transportation Colony. Address S. P. Gibson, Page, Neb.

NEW YORK.

The United Society of Believers (Shakers), fifteen communities, Charles Greaves, secretary, Mt. Lebanon, N. Y.

Colony in Massachusetts: Address E. P. Jennings, box 4, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Vegetarian colony, A. Donaldson, West Hurley, N. Y.

NEW JERSEY.

The Lord's Farm, Chauncey Roe, Woodcliff, N. J.

New Jersey Colony, Claude Ferdinand, 174 Railroad avenue, Paterson, N. J.

Association of Altruists, Moorestown, Burlington county, N. J.

OHIO.

Ohio Colony, Rev. George Candee, 1617 Detroit avenue, Toledo, O.

TENNESSEE.

Bellamy Co-operative association; Memphis, Tenn., fee, $200; no operations until $10,000 has been raised.

Mr. W. P. Newton, of Sexton, Tenn., offers his $3,000 farm for a colony site for a membership in colony. One of the finest places in Tennessee.

TEXAS.

O. S. Haskall, Devers, Liberty county, Tex.

Commonwealth of Israel, Adullam, Mason county, Tex.

WASHINGTON.

Co-operative Brotherhood, Burley, Kitsap county, Wash.

Equality Colony, Equality, Skagit county.

Mutual Home association (anarchist), Home, Kitsap county, Wash.

Freeland association, Newell, Island county. Land in individual holdings. Address H. A. White, president, corner Boren avenue and Lenora street, Seattle.

WISCONSIN.

Christian Socialists, Sarona, Washburn county, Wis.

VIRGINIA.

German Christian Socialist Colony, Dryburg, Va.

CANADA.

O. L. Charlton, secretary Canadian Co-operative society, Ruskin, B. C., Can.

Harmonial Industrial association, W. C. Paynter, Tantellon, N. W. T., Can.

Harmony Co-operative Industrial association, East Assiniboia, Canada. On Inapelle river. Fee $200.

Maybe we need a large navy. Naval officers, armor plate manufacturers and ship builders all say we do. We have grown to be the biggest and richest nation on earth without a big navy, and now, as foreign nations begin to discuss disarmament, owing to the burdens imposed by maintaining large armies and navies, we begin to swell the size of our army and navy, the republic being suddenly seized by the spirit of war and conquest.

Several Eastern cities have passed ordinances against the sale of giant firecrackers. More accidents have resulted in the last few years from these giant crackers than from any other noise-making Fourth of July instrument. There is time enough before our natal day for the St. Paul city council to join in this reform.

Which would the Dispatch prefer—that its news be set down as a pack of lies, or its editorial as so much guff? One or the other is inevitable. Take, in yesterday's issue, its news story of the school superintendent question, and compare with editorial on same matter.

Government expenses for the next fiscal year, as shown by bills before congress, will approximate $710,000,000. It was not long ago that the half-billion-dollar congress excited a good deal of comment, but it won't be long before it will be a billion-dollar congress.

FOR MEMORIAL CHURCH.

Delightful Programe at Raudenbush Hall Last Night.

Six local artists contributed to the concert at Raudenbush hall last evening for the benefit of the Memorial Lutheran church building fund. The affair was largely attended, and successful from a musical point of view. The opening number by D. F. Colville and Harry F. George, "The Moon Hath Raised Her Lamp," was received with a cordiality by the audience that was only acknowledged by an encore. Frank Seibert gave a violin number by Mollenhauer, which, like the other numbers on the programme, was roundly encored. Mrs. T. M. Newson gave an aria by Haydn, and Mr. George sang "Douglas Gordon." Mrs. E. H. Parnell gave piano selections from Chopin and Paderewski. Mrs. Newson and Miss Moody sang together "Breezes of the Night." Prof. Colville concluded the programme.

AT THE THEATERS.

METROPOLITAN.

After witnessing last night's production of "Romeo and Juliet" at the Metropolitan, where in former years famous stars have been seen in the same mournful tragedy, the conviction becomes settled that the Valentine Stock company needs nothing more than a revision of its repertoire. The wonder grows that a company, which in many respects is so well adapted to light comedy and the numberless pleasing dramas which are now on the market, should attempt what is manifestly beyond their power, in endeavoring to give a satisfactory performance last night's attempt was a failure which possessed little of a redeeming nature. The cast was inadequate, and though the members cannot be called incompetent, the result of their united effort was anything but satisfactory. Miss Maynard's Juliet was more of a studied presentation than the spontaneous product of a polished art and her best efforts were not sufficient to hide a certain roughness, which marred the common conception of the character. Her best work was in the balcony scene, but to an audience which has often witnessed a better presentation of the most famous portion of the play, there was little which appealed to the enthusiasm. Miss Maynard's work was not deserving of specific criticism, since there was no portion of it which could justly be called bad. The general effect was that of mediocrity, with here and there a touch which stood alone as good. Katherine Blancke as the nurse was better than her mistress in her conception, and with a more able cast would have received the appreciation to which she was entitled. Jack Webster, whose appearance as Athos in the "Three Musketeers," did him credit, was able to add no new laurels to his reputation as Romeo, and in his presentation of the character of the passionate scion of the house of Montague, there was a lack of that deep feeling which gives individuality to the role. His emotion in the tomb scene was rather that of a spectator than of a smitten husband. Charles Fleming, as Benvolio, was good, and as Mercutio, Edward Mawson was as well received. Edmund Whitty was cast as Paris and Robert Evans as Tybalt, characters which sustained the same standard. E. W. Morrison was unable to instill any great degree of church dignity into the role of Friar Lawrence; E. N. Leonard as Peter was acceptable. The other characters possessed nothing to make them notable.

GRAND.

"For Fair Virginia," with its beautiful scenes of life in Virginia, its most engaging story of the Civil war in that state, will conclude its engagement at the Grand opera house with performances tonight and tomorrow afternoon and night.

Commencing next Sunday night, the Blancke sisters, Anne and Kate, with the Valentine stock company, will move from the Metropolitan to the Grand opera house for a more extended visit.

"The School for Scandal," the play selected to introduce the Valentine company to Grand patrons, is a very entertaining comedy.

SHORT AND SHARP.

Words That Were Needed.

Philadelphia North American.

It was well that the solemn words of Senator Hale on our position in Cuba should have come from a Republican. They are needed, and they will be more effective from a member of the party in power.

Not Parsimonious.

Indianapolis Sentinel.

There can be no question that Mr. Rathbone maintained the dignity of his position so far as the expenditure of money was concerned. No detective will accuse him of parsimony.

Will Be Silent.

St. Louis Republic.

Commercial travelers thrown out of employment by the trusts will find it difficult to duplicate with any enthusiasm their cheers of 1896 for the trust candidate for president.

Must Pay for Imperialism.

Houston (Tex.) Post.

If Mr. McKinley is re-elected it is very evident that our army will have to be and will be very materially expanded. We can't put on the airs of an empire without its cost.

Have Become Ridiculous.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

In 1776 and 1812 we were not so fearful of "embittering Great Britain" as we now are. As a republic we have become ridiculous through the present administration.

Mark's Duties More Onerous.

Chicago Record.

And now Mark Hanna's enemies are saying that if a running mate for McKinley is not found soon Mark will be obliged to be both president and vice president.

Effective Method.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

Gov. Mount seems to have hit upon an effective method of securing immigration to fill the vacuum recently made in the population of Muncie.

THE MERRY JEST.

Couldn't Lift It.

Philadelphia Bulletin.

"Well, I declare, Neighbor Bunn, you're lucky. Your house is the only one 'round here th' cyclone didn't carry away."

"D'know 'bout th' luck, though. I reckon th' only reason my house didn't go with th' rest of 'em 's 'cause they's sech a heavy mor'gidge onto it."

Genius by the Peck.

Indianapolis Journal.

Artist—I had to sell my agricultural painting for $4.

Artist's Friend—That's highway robbery. What made it go so low?

Artist—Well, a commission merchant on the art committee claimed there was only $2.50 worth of corn in the whole thing.

Compensation.

Chicago Tribune.

Maud—We are going to spend the summer at the Hillside house, in the Maroon mountains.

Irene—I was there a month or two last year. It's a pleasant place, but I don't like the table. They serve such weak coffee.

Maud—Yes, I know the coffee's weak, but the hammocks are strong.

Table Talk.

Philadelphia Press.

She—That Mr. Boorisch, of Chicago, is a man of pronounced taste, is he not?

He—Monotonous? so. He makes the same sounds over his soup as he does over his meat or pie.

SENSATION SPOILED.

PARIS, May 31.—On the reassembling of the chamber of deputies this afternoon the opposition attempted to raise a debate on the reasons of the Marquis de Gallifet's resignation as minister of war, but an interpellation to this effect by M. de Grandmaison (Republican) got short shift from the chamber, which, at the request of the premier, M. Waldeck-Rousseau, who declared that M. Gallifet had given his reasons in his letter for his resignation, adjourned its consideration for a month.

POLITICAL ODDS AND ENDS.

Mayor-elect Smith yesterday officially announced the personnel of the police commission which he will appoint under the new charter. The members named were R. T. O'Connor, Fourth ward; Charles Haas, Sixth ward; Daniel W. Lawler, Seventh ward; William Foelsen, Eighth ward; L. L. May, Ninth ward.

The appointments are generally considered as excellent and representative. Mayor Smith gave much consideration to the selection of the commission, and it is conceded that when the above body has organized it will capably and satisfactorily administer the affairs of the police department. Each of those named by the mayor has signified acceptance.

* * *

W. E. Knobloch, who was cashier in the office of the city treasurer under John Wagener, will take the same place under Otto Bremer. Mr. Knobloch gives up the place with the Hamm company that Frank Robert accepts. The only other appointment made by Mr. Bremer that has leaked out is that of Frank S. Baer, of the Sixth ward, who will have a clerical place.

Edward Dahl will undoubtedly succeed Frank Robert as chief deputy sheriff. He has had charge of the clerical work in the office.

* * *

According to his sworn statement, filed yesterday with the city clerk, Mayor-elect Robert Smith expended $575 in the campaign. Of this sum the city Democratic committee received $500, and the remainder was expended in a miscellaneous manner. P. D. Youngman expended $73; H. R. Denny expended $33.50 in being reelected to the assembly. Chester R. Smith, who tried to be elected mayor, expended $450.

* * *

Senator F. B. Daugherty, of Duluth, thinks the Sixth district will return Morris to congress by the largest majority in its history. He puts the figure at 5,000.

* * *

W. A. Funk, of Blue Earth county, is out in a letter in which he states his position on several vital issues. He is against the attitude of his party on the Porto Rican question, does not believe that the monetary question is the most important one before the people, stands generally in exact opposition to Congressman McCleary, whom he expects to beat.

* * *

Albert Dollenmayer is the father of a movement looking to have Gen. Otis come to Minneapolis. Gen. Otis has just arrived at San Francisco. Mr. Dollenmayer says Gen. Otis is a very much misjudged man. He has served under Otis as a private soldier, and thinks a great deal of him. Mr. Dollenmayer believes the time is coming when sentiment will be changed, and he believes that Minneapolis can take the first step in this direction.

* * *

The state silver Republican committee is to meet in Minneapolis next Tuesday.

* * *

Seventh district Democrats will meet at Fergus Falls June 28.

OLD BARN BURNED.

Lively Blaze on Eighth Street Yesterday Morning.

A large frame barn on Eighth street, near Wacouta, was completely destroyed by fire shortly after 10 o'clock yesterday morning, causing a loss of $700. The origin of the fire is unknown. By the time the department reached the scene the entire building was ablaze, and adjoining property was threatened.

For some reason the department did not apparently get water on the flames as quickly as usual, and considerable alarm was felt for a short time by occupants of adjoining property. Several sheds near caught fire, and a large bill board on the lot also partly burned. The barn was owned by Edward Lattee. Mrs. J. V. Henderson, 217 East Seventh street, rented the premises and lost half a dozen sets of harness.

WANT ANOTHER SCHOOL.

Petition Being Circulated on Dayton's Bluff.

Petitions are being circulated in the Dayton's bluff district asking the school board and the city council to build a new ten-room schoolhouse in the Van Buren district. As there are about 1,400 pupils in that district, of whom 400 have but half-day sessions, the Van Buren and Sibley schools would be relieved considerably by the improvement.

No site is mentioned for the building, that being left in the discretion of the board.

This movement is an outcome of a meeting of the Van Buren school union at which Messrs. Louis Betz, Otto Bremer, A. J. Burningham, Kruger and McNeill were appointed to push the matter.

QUESTION OF JURISDICTION.

Joseph Bynam Raised It With His Pistol.

Joseph Bynam, living on the West side, was a prisoner in the police court yesterday, on complaint of the city railway officials, who allege that Bynam fired several revolver shots at a Stillwater car Wednesday evening. Bynam claims he got off the car to get his hat, which had fallen out of the window, and that the car started off without him. To attract the conductor's attention, he says, he fired off his revolver in the air. He came back to the city on the same car later and was locked up.

Bynam secured a continuance on the ground that if he committed any offense inasmuch as it was outside of Ramsey county, the local court has no jurisdiction.

FELL FROM A LADDER.

Frank Boyce Has His Left Leg Broken.

Frank Boyce fell down a ladder late last night, at Cody's livery stable, Rosabel street, near Ninth street, and broke his left leg.

He was taken to the city hospital.

Mrs. Dorn's Will.

The will of Anna Maria Dorn was filed for probate today. She leaves $500 to her daughter, Christina Gallinagh, the remainder going to the rest of the children, five in number. Christina is named as executrix. The estate is valued at $1,500, in personal property.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Cleveland Man Kills His Niece and Himself.

CLEVELAND, O., May 31.—Karl Raub, formerly connected with a local German newspaper, early today shot and killed his niece, Miss Bertha Yucker, assistant principal of the Orchard street kindergarten school, and then killed himself. Raub was fifty years old and his niece twenty-five.

The exact motive for the deed has not yet developed. Raub was despondent over business affairs. The tragedy occurred at the home of Raub's sister, Mrs. Yucker.

JUDGE WAS FACETIOUS.

Amusing Instructions in Neely Seizure Case.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 31.—The plant of the Neely Printing company, of Muncie, seized by the United States marshal on an attachment on the ground that Charles F. W. Neely has an interest in the property, was authorized by the United States court today to resume business and continue until the appraisement is completed.

"Have the appraisers placed under oath, and see that they do not "Neelyize' anything," said Judge Baker to the United States marshal.

Don't Overlook Anybody.

Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Look well at every stranger in town for the next few weeks, he may be the coming vice president.

MADE SPLENDID SHOWING

COMPANY D, FIRST REGIMENT, IS FORMALLY INSPECTED.

The annual inspection of the last of the local companies of the state guard took place at the armory last evening, when Company D faced the inspecting officer, Lieut. A. F. Pray. Company D is composed largely of veterans of the Spanish-American war who gained their knowledge of military tactics in actual warfare in the Philippine islands, and an excellent showing was made during the test drill. Capt. C. E. Metz put his company through the tactics in a quick energetic manner, indicative of the military spirit. In the manual of arms the company showed a high degree of merit and appeared to good advantage also in the marching tactics.

The scores made during the inspection of the state guard will be made public by by Adjt. Gen. Lambert later.

CENSUS TO BEGIN TODAY

ENUMERATORS WILL START THEIR WORK THIS MORNING.

This morning the actual work of taking the census begins, and the enumerators will begin in their respective districts.

Last night the local enumerators assembled at the Chamber of Commerce rooms to receive final instructions from Supervisor Yanish, and in Stillwater a similar gathering for that city was addressed by one of Mr. Yanish's assistants.

CAN TALK ONE MINUTE.

Hello Company Announces a Reduction in Rates.

The Northwestern Telephone Exchange company yesterday announced a new schedule of long distance rates from the Twin Cities to various stations in Minnesota, North Dakota and South Dakota, the new rates being based on minute conversations. The officials of the company found that a large number of messages went through in one and two minutes, and some time ago, as an experiment, put in effect minute rates from the Twin Cities to Fargo and other stations north of Fargo. The new rates have proved popular, and for some weeks past the company has been arranging to extend the rates to all stations reached on its lines. The new rates apply to over 600 stations in the Northwest.

Rates under minute service are so arranged that the charge for a three-minute talk will be about the same as the old three-minute rate, so that if the subscriber talks one minute he will only pay for one minute, whereas, if he talks for three minutes, the charge will be no more than under the old rate. The minute rates apply outside of a radius of thirty miles, while within the thirty-mile radius the three-minute rates have been reduced from 25 cents to 15 cents. Additional circuits are being built in various directions to accommodate the business. A message of 150 words can easily be transmitted within one minute by telephone, and it is expected that the introduction of the new rates will induce a large amount of new business from people who wish to place orders or transact all routine business by telephone. New minute rates from the Twin Cities are as follows:

Faribault, Red Wing, Northfield, one minute, 15 cents, 5 cents for each additional minute; Mankato, St. Cloud, Owatonna, Waseca, one minute, 15 cents, 10 cents each additional minute; Rochester, New Ulm, 15 cents per minute; Austin, Winona, Willmar, Brainerd, Albert Lea, 20 cents per minute; Sioux Falls, 40 cents per minute.

WILL BUILD A HALL.

Modern Woodmen Consider Plans for Such a Structure.

There was a special meeting of Minnehaha camp, Modern Woodmen of America, at their rooms in the Bowlby block, Sixth and Robert streets, last night, called for the purpose of discussing plans for the erection of a three-story and basement building.

Plans for the erection of a three-story and basement building, to cost $25,000, were submitted by Architect Wilson, of St. Paul. For the basement, his plans called for the location of a dining room and kitchen, which would be twelve feet in the clear, as far as the basement was concerned, and would extend at least six feet above the level. On the first and second floors it was shown on the plans that a large hall for entertainments, fitted with stage and scenery, for all kinds of entertainments, would be provided. The dimensions of this hall would be 47x75 feet, and the depth 21 feet in the clear.

The general committee on entertainment of the biennial convention of the head camp of the M. W. A., which is to be held in St. Paul next year, will hold an important meeting at Central hall, Sixth and Seventh streets, tonight. This committee is made up of delegates from all the local camps of the city, and all members are requested to be present at tonight's meeting.

HAS OVER A MILLION.

Minnesota Treasury Statement at the Close of May.

State Treasurer Koerner yesterday struck his monthly balance of the various state funds, revealing a cash credit in the various state depositories distributed in the following funds:

Revenue fund	$560,332 08
Soldiers' relief fund.....	496,645 72
Funding tax fund.....	32,525 16
Permanent school fund.....	21,353 77
General school fund.....	170,769 48
Permanent university fund.....	1,462 59
General university fund	34,174 82
Internal improvement fund.....	3,173 27
Internal improvement land fund	64,691 17
Internal improvement land fund interest	1,679 88
State institutions fund	81,431 73
State institutions interest fund..	7,462 38
Swamp land fund	17,006 55
Grain inspection fund.....	23,823 96
Total	$1,069,132 56

FIRE ALARMS FOR MAY.

There Were Just 100, the Largest Number on Record.

The record of the fire department shows an even 100 alarms for the month of May. Despite the large number of alarms the loss has been comparatively light.

During the month of May 203 prisoners were arrested at the central police station. Of this number 178 were males and 31 females, while 141 were single and 62 were married.

LEAVES HER HAPPY HOME.

Under Duress Mrs. Carrier Will Sojourn a Month at Como.

Mrs. J. Carrier, who has frequently faced the police court judge, was sent to the workhouse for thirty days yesterday as the result of a social function held at her humble abode in Swede Hollow. The police said the entertainment was a "can rushing" bout.

Axe Anderson and Henry Farre, two guests, were placed under bonds to keep the peace. Joe Cary and John Dugan failed to appear and attachments for them were issued.

ADDRESSED BY PARADIS.

Midway News Editor Spoke at the Manufacturers' Luncheon.

The Northwestern Manufacturers' association held its third fortnightly luncheon at the Merchants' hotel this noon. The dining room was decorated with white and pink carnations and covers were laid for forty guests.

The principal speaker, M. J. O'Shaughnessy, vice president of the Northwestern Twine company, was called to New York and was unable to attend.

Ed A. Paradis spoke on the growth of the association and the Northwestern Publishers' association.

Maj. McLaughlin, government Indian inspector, was present, and spoke informally.

HE IS A DAKOTAN.

Capt. Charles Roberts, Captured by Filipinos.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—Capt. Charles D. Roberts, of the Thirty-fifth United States volunteer infantry, who, with two of his men, has fallen into the hands of the Filipino insurgents near San Miguel de Mayumon, Luzon, is a son of Lieut. Col. Cyrus N. Roberts, Thirteenth infantry. He was born in Dakota, in 1873, and was appointed to the army from Wyoming.

It is believed at the war department that the insurgents will endeavor to hold these captives for ransom, but the army will endeavor to run them down and recapture the men.

CHANGED HIS MIND.

Young Arnold Will Not Voluntarily Return to England.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—Julian B. Arnold, son of Sir Edwin Arnold, who was arrested here last week on a charge of embezzling from the estate of a client, and who first agreed to return to England without a contest, has decided to fight extradition, and his attorneys have already taken steps to bring the matter into the courts of this country.

It is said that Arnold's change of mind was brought about by news from England that his creditors are harrassing his father in order to make the latter pay his son's debts.

GEN. GOMEZ IN CUBA.

Cuban Leader Has Returned From San Domingo.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, May 31.—Gen. Maximo Gomez arrived this morning from San Domingo and spent the day with the political leaders of the Black party, who are jubilant over his return. He positively declined to be interviewed, would not talk on Cuban or Dominican politics and was altogether in a bad humor. The papers favoring the Black party declared that the return of Gomez "means the failure of the conspiracy of the Americans, Spaniards and English to annex Cuba."

Gen. Gomez left tonight for Havana.

HE MAY LAND SUNDAY.

Gen. Otis Still Held in Quarantine at 'Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—The transport Meade, which arrived last night from Manila with Maj. Gen. Elwell S. Otis, is still in quarintine, owing to the presence of three smallpox cases on board, and will likely remain there for over a week.

Dr. Kinyoun, federal quarantine officer at this port, informed Surgeon Maj. Arthur today that Gen. Otis and the other cabin passengers would probably be allowed to land next Sunday or Monday. The steerage passengers will be held longer.

There will be no change in the plans regarding the landing of Gen. Otis, unless orders are received from Washington.

QUIET DAY IN ST. LOUIS.

No Disturbances of a Serious Nature Chronicled.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—Up to 9 o'clock tonight the police department had not chronicled any disturbances of a serious nature as a result of the street car strike during the day. Inquiries over the telephones to the various substations elicited the replies that the day had been an uneventful one in so far as street cars were concerned, interest for the time being in yesterday's order of the police officials of St. Louis county to swear in 1,000 special deputies and in their order today ordering the swearing in of 500 more, making 1,500 additional for the purpose of aiding the police in maintaining peace and order.

NEW SUGAR COMBINE.

It Will Be Capitalized at Ten Million Dollars.

NEW YORK, May 31.—There was a conference of the National, Moltenh