CITY NEWS.

A. S. Tallmadge fell from his wheel yesterday and sustained painful injuries.

Two new electric elevators are to be placed in the Great Northern office building, at a cost of $12,000.

Charlotte Van Cleve Tent No. 1, Daughters of Veterans, will hold a regular meeting Friday evening, Aug. 10, at Central hall.

Division No. 8, A. O. H., will entertain Division No. 4 this evening at Knights of Columbus hall. It will be an open meeting.

A meeting of the members of the St. Paul Athletic and Rowing club is urgently called by President M. Doran Jr. for tonight at 8 o'clock.

The river excursion of the Laurel Cycle club was erroneously announced for last evening. The excursion will take place Thursday, Aug. 16.

The Jobbers' union will hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at the Chamber of Commerce. The regular routine business will be transacted.

A petition, to which 400 names were affixed, has been presented to the board of education, requesting them to give the Lafayette school an assembly hall.

Postmaster McGill received an official visit yesterday from Charles F. McCoy, of Washington, D. C., assistant superintendent of the free delivery system.

Royal Oak Camp No. 159, Royal Neighbors of America, will give a basket picnic at Minnehaha Falls tomorrow. Members of other camps and friends will participate.

The sale of tickets for the Egan concert at the People's church Monday, Aug. 13, begins this morning at 9 o'clock, at Howard & Farwell's music store, 20, 22, 24 West Fifth street.

The fourteenth annual reunion of the Tenth regiment, Minnesota Veterans association, will be held this year on Thursday, Sept. 6, at 10 a. m., in the senate chamber of the state capitol.

Fifth street was choked with street cars, from Robert street to Wabasha, last night a little after 8 o'clock, by an interurban car getting off the track on the switch at Robert and Fifth.

Frederick F. Rosenow, a laborer, has filed a petition in the bankruptcy court. The schedules which accompany the petition show liabilities of $749.95, and the assets consist of one watch, valued at $15.

John Wallent, seven years old, living at 113 South Franklin street, while playing on Third, near Market streets, yesterday morning, ran into a passing wagon. A slight cut on his head was dressed by Dr. Richeson.

Field Inspector Drake has reported to Postoffice Inspector Kimball the arrest of L. C. Larson at Arlington, S. D., for sending obscene matter through the mails. He is held for a hearing before the United States commissioner.

The Christian church and Sunday school will hold their annual picnic at Wildwood today. All will meet at church, Nelson and Farrington avenues, at 8:45 o'clock, to take special car. In case of rain the picnic will be held Saturday.

Wednesday next, Aug. 15, special masses will be celebrated at St. Mary's church in honor of the feast of the Assumption, Wednesday being a day of holy obligation. The services will be at 6, 7, 9 and 10:30 o'clock, with high wass at 10:30.

The camp meeting which was announced some time ago for Aug. 9, under the auspices of the Masons, at the camp grounds at Midway, will begin Tuesday, Aug. 14, at Bedford avenue, city limits. Rev. Lena Mason will conduct the meetings.

Rev. C. Newton Dubs, supeintendent of the China mission of the United Evangelical church, will give a missionary address at the German People's church, Congress street and Clinton avenue, this evening. He will speak in the German language.

The Northwestern Telephone Exchange company reports a net gain of 367 subscribers in July, making a total number of 19,863 subscribers July 31. The Erie telephone system, which includes this company, reports a net gain of 2,121 subscribers in July, making a total number of 128,567 subscribers of this system July 31.

Supreme Commander D. P. Markey, of the Knights of the Maccabees, will visit St. Paul Thursday evening, Sept. 13, officially. The local tents of the order are preparing to give Mr. Markey a worthy reception. A class of more than 200 candidates will, on the occasion of the supreme commander's visit be admitted to the order, Mr. Markey giving the instructions to the class.

Max Vorweck, treasurer of the local Jaurneymen Barbers' union, died at St. Joseph's hospital from the effects of an operation. He is survived by a wife and two children. Mr. Vorweck was employed at the Ryan hotel barber shop for a number of years. Arrangements for the funeral will be made as soon as his parents at Akron, O., are heard from. The remains will probably be taken to Akron for interment.

St. Paul Elks are planning an excursion for Aug. 23. They will join the antlered fraternity from Minneapolis and Stillwater in a trip to Brainerd to institute a new lodge there. About 200 are expected to go.

Gov. Lind yesterday afternoon appointed Dr. W. W. Folwell, of the state university, and Senators C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth, Democrat, and George W. Somerville, of Sleepy Eye, Republican, a committee to devise a scheme of employment for young inmates of Stillwater and St. Cloud, by which they would be taught a useful trade.

411 ROBERT STREET Second Floor.

411 ROBERT STREET Second Floor.

Lytle's Diamond Parlors

OLD RELIABLE HOUSE. Established 1875.

Go to Lytle's and buy your diamonds. We will give you a bargain. There is no better investment than to put your money in diamonds. You can realize any time in the future almost what you have to pay, providing you buy them right.

To be successful, look successful. The diamond wearer is successful. Laugh and the world laughs with you—when you buy your diamonds at Lytle's.

Diamond sunbursts, diamond stars, diamond crescents and diamond brooches, diamond sleeve buttons, diamond earrings, diamond studs, diamond rings of every conceivable style in solitaires and beautiful clusters.

FOR $50.00

We will sell you a lady's solitaire diamond ring, Tiffany mounting; diamond weighs ⅞ carat, white, perfect and brilliant. Worth $90.00.

FOR $75.00

We will sell you a pair of diamond ear-knobs; the pair weigh 1½ carats, white, perfect and brilliant.

FOR $75.00

We will sell you a lady's solitaire diamond ring, Tiffany mounting; diamond weighs a carat; elegant color; warranted without a flaw; good, high top; very brilliant. This is a snap; come and get it.

A gentleman's Gypsy Ring, worth $400. Sell for **$225.00**.

Set with two diamonds and one Oriental velvet sapphire. The two diamonds weigh 3 carats, perfect, and are worth $100 per carat. The sapphire is high-grade and worth $100.00. We will sell a pair of $700.00 ear-knobs for $400.00.

We will sell you for $150.00 a gentleman's diamond ring; diamond weighs 1¾ carats, absolutely perfect; old gold Tiffany swell mounting; fashionable. Do not imagine all of our goods are way up in hundreds. We can sell you a real sweet little diamond ring for $7 or $8 and very nice diamond rings ranging along in price from $10.00 to $30.00.

Gentleman's Gypsy diamond ring; old gold mounting; diamond weighs 3⅛ carats; good commercial color; no flaws; round and brilliant; only $160.00; worth $100.00 a carat.

For $640.00 we will sell you a pair of diamond ear-knobs that cost 2 years ago $1,000.00. They weigh 5⅛ carats, guaranteed blue-white, warranted without a flaw, speck or feather on any part of the diamonds; even the girdles are perfect; beautifully cut, extra depth and high tables, wonderfully brilliant and are matched as perfect as 2 peas.

I have just broken up a diamond cross that contained 10 perfect, beautiful, white one-carat diamonds. Will mount up to order for $25.00 a carat less than they can be bought for at wholesale. Standard piano; used six months; cabinet grand; ebony; full octave; this is a beauty; cost $500.00 spot cash; will sell for $250.00, one-half cash and balance in monthly payments.

Goods sold on monthly payments if your references are all right.

Money advanced on diamonds, watches, time checks and furs.

Diamond-setting, watch repairing and engraving done on short notice. Finest work guaranteed at moderate prices.

Buy your Watches at Lytle's at

A Discount of from 25 to 50 per cent.

ELGIN. WALTHAM.

411 ROBERT ST. Second Floor.

411 ROBERT ST. Second Floor.

YERXA

SEVENTH AND CEDAR STS.

Tel. 732. Meat Market, 782.

$2.11

For 98-pound sack of Pillsbury's Best Flour, $1.06 for 49-pound sacks, 53c for 24½-pound sacks.

18

Pounds best Granulated Sugar for one dollar. Sold only to customers buying other goods (not to dealers).

Butter, Finest creamery butter in America, Mayflower Brand, in all sized jars or by the pound 23c

Butter, Very fancy in 60-pound tubs, by the tub, in our wholesale room, per pound 19½c

Butter, Good dairy in original tubs in our wholesale room, per pound, ... 15c, 16c, 17 and 18c

Cheese, Good full cream, per pound 10c

Cheese, Fancy full cream, per pound 12c

Malaga Grapes, Fancy Californias, per basket 28c

Gem Melons, Per ½-bushel baskets, each 35c

Peach Plums, Fancy California, per basket 28c

Pears, Very fancy, ripe or green pears, per box $1.40

Per dozen 12½c

Apples, Fancy Duchess, per peck 12c

Apples, Fancy Duchess, bushel crates 43c

Crab Apples, Fancy Transcendent, bushel crate 43c

Peaches, Very fancy, large red Mexicans, per doz. only 20c

Per case, 93c.

Watermelons, Fresh car very choice, each, ... 15c, 20c and 25c

FRESH FISH.

Fresh Salmon Steaks, per pound	15c
Fresh Halibut Steaks, per pound	12c
Fresh Codfish Steaks, per pound	12c
Fresh Whole Cod, per pound	10c
Fresh Lake Trout, per pound	10c
Fresh Whitefish, per pound	11c
Fresh Croppies, per pound	10c
Fresh Pike, per pound	10c
Fresh Sunfish, per pound	8c
Fresh Pickerel, per pound	7c
Fresh Bluefin Whitefish, per pound	8c

IS ELECTRICITY MEDICINE?

State Board Will Endeavor to Have It Classified.

If Dr. John B. Brimhall, secretary of the board of medical examiners, carries out the plans of the board there will soon be tested in the Minneapolis police court the right of any one to administer electrical treatment for disease without having a physician's license. One of the local medical "institutes," which cures for so much a month, was arrested for practicing medicine without a license, and was released by the court because the complaint specified the "use of drugs and medicines," while the accused was able to show that he used electricity only in his method of treating.

The board will seek to have electrical treatment brought within the purview of the state medical law.

CONTINUE REST COTTAGE.

Temperance Women Decide to Continue Fair Grounds Shelter.

At the W. C. T. U. conference of unions held yesterday afternoon at the Y. M. C. A. it was voted to expend $10 for the refitting of Rest cottage, on the state fair grounds. Mrs. Addie Bixby Upham, president of the St. Paul conference, will have charge of the programme at Rest cottage during the first three days of the state fair, and Mrs. H. M. Powell, president of the Minneapolis conference, will have charge during the remainder of the week.

Mrs. C. S. Soule, the state treasurer, will have charge of the literature at the cottage during the first half of the week and Mrs. Powell during the latter half.

On account of the state and district W. C. T. U. Convention the September conference of unions will be admitted. The next meeting will be the first Thursday in October.

SUMMER OUTINGS AT HALF-RATES

To Northern Pacific Railway—"Duluth Short Line"—Resorts.

Pine City and return, $1.90.
Rush City and return, $1.60.
Taylor's Falls, $1.35.
Chisago Lake and return, $1.15.
Forest Lake and return, 75 cents.
Tickets good going Saturdays and Sundays, and good to return any time Monday.

Via "The Milwaukee's" New Train.

You can leave Minneapolis 10:50 p. m. and St. Paul 11:25 p. m. (every night), and arrive Milwaukee 10:45 a. m., and Chicago 1:00 p. m. Fine sleepers and coaches through to Chicago.

SEARCHING FOR CLUES

MYSTERIOUS DEATH OF A. H. HILDERBRAND PRECIPITATES DETECTIVES IN BUSY SIEGE

CONFLICTING STORIES TOLD

Deceased's Family Allege Foul Play and $1,000 Missing—Appoplexy Attributed by Others as Cause of Death.

Detectives were at work on the case of A. H. Hilderbrand, who died yesterday afternoon at St. Joseph's hospital. Hilderbrand was found in a stupefied condition about 1 o'clock yesterday morning in a resort at 181 West Third, known as "Molly Henderson's." Dr. Lando was called to administer to him, and reported that he thought he was suffering from a stroke of apoplexy, and advised his removal to the hospital, where he died shortly before noon yesterday.

It is claimed by members of his family that when he left home in the evening he had over $1,000, and when found at the Third street resort but $35 was on his person. His wife is so positive in her statement that he had a large amount of money with him that the police placed much credence in her story, and are pushing the investigation vigorously.

Although the symptoms pointed to cerebral hemorrhage, there were other symptoms that would establish a reason for thinking that he had been foully dealt with. The peculiar condition of the pupils of his eyes, the fever, which was very high, and the fact that he was never known to be subject to apoplectic troubles, all speak very strongly against the theory that he was stricken with an apoplectic fit, and the fact that little of the money he was supposed to have with him was found on his person, strengthens the foul play theory.

People at the resort say that Hilderbrand came to the place about 9 o'clock, and they say that he started to leave about an hour later, and before he reach the door he fell as if seized with a shock of some kind.

There wer no marks of violence on Hilderbrand's body, and this leaves the foul play theory to rest solely upon the poison idea. The family of Hilderbrand will push the investigation. Hilderbrand was in the employ of the Omaha road, in this city, with whom he held a responsible position in the freight department. He was sixty years of age.

NATIONS OF THE WORLD

MARVELOUS WILD WEST SHOW REPRESENTS MANY OF THEM.

Headed by the famed scout, Buffalo Bill, there will appear soon in this city one of the greatest assemblages of horsemen and soldiers that has ever been seen here. It is the annual tour of Buffalo Bill's Wild West and Congress of Rough Riders of the World, and two performances will be given in St. Paul. This organization needs no introduction, as it stands on its record. Everything that is given in the spacious arena is real. There as 600 persons, who represent different nations and introduce the customs of their representative countries.

Riding of every description is indulged in, and some of the feats performed are of a very startling nature. The United States cavalry is represented by men who have seen service, and who give exhibitions of riding bareback with boots on; the United States artillery, with experienced gunners; cowboys who ride bucking bronchos; Cossacks whose riding is marvelous; Arabs who do some very difficult tricks and gun spinning; the German cuirassiers, with their famous sword drill; the Queen's Own lancers, in tent pegging and lance maneuvers; Annie Oakley, who has some new feats in the shooting line; Johnny Baker, who has no superior as a sharpshooter, and others.

The new additions added this season are representative groups of natives from the Philippine islands, Porto Rico and Hawaiians.

There will also be shows a vivid representation of that heroic battle, the charge of San Juan hill. In this portion of the programme special attention has been paid to have it as near the real thing as artists' brushes and actual participants can make it. There will be a detachment from Roosevelt's rough riders, who were in the midst of this memorable charge, in addition to a large number of men who served in the battle as members of the United States regular cavalry, infantry and artillery, and a number of volunteers who fought in the Cuban war. The men participating in this magnificent spectacle have their honorable discharges from Uncle Sam's service.

On the morning of the arrival, Col. Cody will lead a magnificent parade, consisting of all the varied features of the exhibition, which will march through the principal streets of the city. All Indians, Filipinos, Porto Ricans, Hawaiians, Mexicans and other features of this great production will be in the cavalcade, which will be the grandest ever presented in the annals of public amusements.

AFTER NEW TOOLS.

Adjt. Gen. Lambert Experimenting With Various Intrenching Devices.

Adjt. Gen. Lambert is experimenting with individual intrenching tools for the state troops. He is trying to find something that is effective and at the same time light enough so that the soldier will not throw it away.

Gen. Lambert yesterday received samples of the small shovel invented by Maj. Bell, of the regular army, now retired, and aproved by a board of officers of the Third regiment, consisting of Capts. Hale and Hannay and Lieut. Moore. The instrument is a small steel shovel with two handles, which fits over part of the canteen in such a way as to be a convenience in steadying the canteen while it hangs at the soldier's side.

Observation has proved that a canteen is about the last thing a soldier throws away, and that is the reason for fitting this over the canteen.

ASSEMBLY GIVES IT UP.

It Approves the List Given by Chief of Police O'Connor.

The full J. J. O'Connor pay roll of the police department, as approved by the police commissioners, passed the assembly yesterday. Upon its approval by the board of aldermen, all the force, including those appointed by the commission, will be paid off for July.

The change in front of the Republican members may be accounted for in various ways.

The pay roll of the mayor's office and the municipal court was audited.

Blake & Webster were awarded the contract for a sewer on Rondo from a point 100 feet east of Milton, to Fiske.

PRISON LABOR SYSTEM

MEANS OF UTILIZING CONVICT LABOR THAT WILL BEST CONSERVE STATE INTERESTS

LIND'S LETTER TO COMMISSION

Discusses Methods Whereby Prisoners' Industrial Training and Education May Be Gained—Former System Was Defective.

Prison labor will be carefully investigated and means recommended for the utilization of the convict's time at Stillwater through a method that will both conserve commercial and industrial conditions, as well as be satisfactory in the reformation of convicts.

Gov. John Lind yesterday appointed a commission consisting of Dr. W. W. Folwell, of the state university. Senator C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth, and Senator George Somerville, of Sleepy Eye, to investigate the system of prison labor employed in this state, and report to the legislature their observations.

Gov. Lind's letter to the members of the commission appointed best explains itself, and is as follows:

Aug. 9th, 1900.—Hon. C. O. Baldwin, Duluth, Minn.—Dear Sir: As you are probably aware, three methods of employing convict labor have prevailed in this state at different times. For many years our statutes authorized, and it was the custom of the managers of the state prison to contract the prison labor at a stipulated price per day. It was under this legislation and practice that the Threshing Machine Company of Stillwater and other concerns had contracts with the state for the employment of convicts. While this system probably had some advantages when the state was new and its institutions indifferently organized and equipped, it on the whole proved very unsatisfactory and demoralizing both as to the prisoners and the civilians employed within the prison. It was certainly not conductive to good discipline and the reformation of the convicts, which ought to be one of the aims of any method of employing and caring for prisoners. This practice has been discontinued and in lieu of it two other methods, known as the piece-price system and production for state account, are now in vogue.

On the 30th day of September, 18.6, the then prison managers entered into a contract with Mr. J. B. Tarbox, of this city, for the employment of convicts at Stillwater in the manufacture of shoes under the piece-price system at the following rates: For unlined shoes, 6 cents per pair; for lined shoes, 10 cents per pair; for welt shoes, 12 cents per pair; for boots, 12 cents per pair for the first three years of the contract, and an increase of 1 cent per pair pair during the second two years, and of an additional cent per pair during the last three years of the contract. Mr. Tarbox guaranteeing that the prisoners actually employed at labor for nine and one-third hours per day should earn not less than 50 cents at the lower rate of compensation and 60 cents at the higher, this contract to continue for eight years. Some time subsequently Mr. Tarbox asserted to assign this contract to the Union Shoe and Leather company, a corporation in which he was interested. This assignment the prison managers refused to agree to or recognize, evidently on the ground that the contract was of a nature that made it non-assignable. However, the board has permitted the Union Shoe and Leather company to employ the inmates of the state prison in varying numbers in the manufacture of shoes, according to the terms of the contract, from the time of the assignment until the financial embarrassment of that corporation some months ago.

At that time the contract, by action of the board, was formally terminated and for good and sufficient reasons, independent of the non-assignability of the contract. Subsequently the Union Shoe and Leather company, in the course of adjusting its financial difficulties, sold its stock and business interests to the firm of Jordan Brothers, and these gentlemen made an application to the board to confirm to them the assignment of the Tarbox contract referred to. This the board refused to do, but at the same time it assured these gentlemen that without in any manner assuming to find themselves or the state as to any future policy, with reference to the employment of the prisoners or continuing the Tarbox contract, they would permit the new firm to employ a portion of the prison labor in the manufacture of shoes, as in the past, until some time as other provision was made for their employment and training by legislative action. This seemed necessary to the board in order that the management should not be suddenly confronted with a proposition to maintain a large number of men in idleness, which, of course, would be as subversive of discipline as it would be inhuman to the inmates.

It is hardly necessary for me to call your attention to the fact that the employment of convicts in industrial competition with free labor and free production is, as a rule, not only a disturbing element in trade, but a menace to free production and to the best interests of free labor. The only legitimate exception that I know of in this regard is the manufacture of binding twine as now carried on in the state prison on state account. This is an industry which did not exist in the Northwest at the time of its adoption in the state prison. Besides, it is a well known fact that the fiber trade was and is controlled by one of the most vicious trusts oppressing the people. The product is one of prime necessity, which is indispensible to the carrying on of the greatest industry of the state, and any gain resulting therefrom is distributed among the people who carry the burden of society.

I have recited these facts thus fully to indicate to you that the way is now open for such action by the next legislature as may seem wise and prudent to forever remove from the field of competitive industrial production the labor employed in our penal and reformatory institutions, except as to the matter of binding twine, which to my mind does not seem objectionable on principle, and a continuance of which is demanded to safe-guard the greatest industry of the state. Without assuming to indicate at this time just how the problem may be best solved, it may be pardonable for me to suggest certain lines upon which it may be investigated and studied with a view of arriving at the best solution. In the states in which the greatest progress has been made in the solution of this question, namely, New York and Massachusetts, both the contract system and the piece-price system have been wholly abandoned, and in lieu thereof the plan of producing solely for state account has been adopted, and this is carried on under a system designed to divide the time of the inmates between productive industry on the one hand, looking toward the supply of the wants of the state institutions, and on the other, the industrial training and education of the prisoners, to the end that they may be equipped for leading a law-abiding life at the expiration of their confinement.

Our present situation is such that a system looking to a solution of this question on similar lines could well be introduced into the penal and reformatory institutions in this state without embarrassment and without burden to the taxpayers. To carry out the objects of the law, which are punishment, discipline and reformation, it is essential that all prisoners should have employment and be made to work. With the binding twine industry permanently established in our state prison, as I hope, we can accomplish this by employing all of the prisoners who are able to work in that productive industry part of the time, and the incorrigibles and those who, by reason of age or for other cause, are not capable of industrial training all of the time, the time not employed in productive labor to be devoted to industrial education; and it seems to me that society is not doing its full duty to the unfortunates who are capable of reformation if it does not afford opportunities for industrial training to those who are capable of it, so that they may be self-supporting and better equipped for leading a law-abiding life after the expiration of their confinement. Such training is not now afforded either in our state prison or the reformatory at St. Cloud. At the latter place this question is even more pressing than at Stillwater. Many of the inmates of the reformatory have heretofore been employed in the erection of the buildings and improvement of the grounds of that institution. This work has already progressed to an extent that makes the future employment, discipline and training of the inmates of that institution a vital question. To the end that this whole subject may be carefully studied, and the facts bearing upon it collected and analyzed, I have concluded to select a commission, consisting of two senators and Dr. Folwell, of our state university, to make a special investigation and report on the subject, to be laid before the next legislature for its guidance, and I sincerely hope that you will act as one of the members representing the state senate. I have requested Senator Somerville, of Sleepy Eye, to act as the other member, and have hopes that he will serve. The governor's contingent fund does not enable me to offer pay for the services rendered in this behalf, but I shall be plad to reimburse your expenses. As to Dr. Folwell, I shall endeavor to make compensation for his time, at least in part.

Hoping that you may see your way clear to accept, although I realize that it involves a sacrifice on your part of time and labor, I am,

—John Lind, Governor.

JURIZEL CASE WAS UP

POLICE COURT GRINDINGS YESTERDAY—SEVERAL MINOR CASES.

Peter Jurizel, who was a few days ago assaulted by his wife, is improving at the city hospital. Mrs. Jurizel was yesterday arraigned before Judge Orr on the charge of stabbing her husband, and the case was continued for a week.

H. Johnson forfeited $2 bail for not appearing in police court yesterday. He was charged with violating the bicycle ordinance.

George Ritter yesterday swore out a warrant for the arrest of Joseph and James Blazier, charging them with assault and battery. They will be tried in police court today.

Jack Nagel will appear in police court this morning to answer to the charge of assault and battery preferred by Andrew P. Wallin.

Charles Johnson and D. Murray paid a fine of $10 each for loitering.

The cases of Myrtle Shanley, Theresa Phillips and Bertha Kranze, who were arrested for assaulting Grace Elliott at the resort of Dottie Thorne, on Washington street, Wednesday, were continued for a week. Grace Elliott is still at the hospital, but her physician says that she will leave tomorrow.

A. Rose and James Laughlin paid a fine of $15 each in police court yesterday for disorderly conduct. When arrested they were using knives, threatening to stab each other.

Frank Hefflin, seventeen years of age, was arrested on the charge of incorrigibility. He will be tried in police court today. Agent A. D. Wellington, of the Humane society, made the complaint.

William Tomey and Joseph Schroeffer were arrested by Patrolman Moran yesterday for the theft of some scrap iron from the cold storage ruins.

Cornelius Coleman broke his peace bond yesterday by trying to make a disturbance near John street. Officer Pugleasa arrested him and found a large stone in his pockets. He will be tried in police court today.

FUEL FOR THE WINTER

BOARD OF CONTROL AWARDS A NUMBER OF STATE CONTRACTS.

The county board of control met yesterday and opened bids on 1,500 tons of soft coal and 700 cords of wood. Holmes & Spencer gave the lowest prices on the various brands, but, in their communication, they did not state that their offers were made according to the specifications. Holmes & Spencer's quotations follow:

Eight hundred tons to be delivered at the city and county hospital, Youghiogheny, $4.08; Pocahontas, $4.33; New River, $4.33; Hocking, $3.73; stove, egg or nut, $6.90.

Three hundred tons f. o. b. Gladstone, for use at the poor farm, Youghiogheny, $3.83; mine run, $3.68; Pocahontas, $4.55; mine run, $4.08; Hocking, $3.48; mine run, $3.33.

Youghiogheny & Lehigh Coal company quoted, delivered at the county hospital, hard maple, per cord, $5.95; slabs, $2.27, in one-half car lots, f. o. b.; Gladstone hard maple, $5.15, slabs, $1.90, which was considerably below the other bids on the wood.

TEAMSTERS FILE A PROTEST.

Local Union Objects to the Position of Donnelly and Others.

The teamsters about the city who were thrown out of employment by the hiring of men and teams from Minneapolis to haul the crushed rock from Minneapolis, which was being used in the concrete foundation of the Arundel street paving, yesterday protested against the injustice. City Engineer Clausen, together with President Ames, Mabon and Pottgieser, of the board of public works, immediately went out to where the work was being done to investigate. It was discovered that the stone which the contractors were using was not up to the specifications, as it was considerably finer and contained more dust than was called for. The Barber Asphalt company, through their superintendent, John B. Robbins, were notified to stop work until such time as they could supply the necessary quality of stone. Later in the day arrangements were made with Jacob Lauer for suitable crushed rock, which he had on hand, and St. Paul teamsters were soon busy hauling it to Arundel street.

The public baths on Harriet island have netted over $260 during the first three days of this week, divided as follows: Monday, $65.67; Tuesday, $92.50; Wednesday, $102.

The proposition of establishing a skating rink there next winter is under investigation, and if it is found feasible and desirable the present summer buildings will be lined with tar paper and other measures taken to convert them into warming houses. The rink would assuredly be a success from the start if it was put under municipal supervision.

PICNIC FOR ORPHAN ASYLUM.

It Was Held Last Night at the Old Home.

The picnic given last night for the benefit of the new St. Joseph's German Catholic Orphan asylum was a success in every way and was enjoyed by the young people of the diocese until late in the evening, and even then everyone hated to start for home, the fun was so incessant. The band played and the little orphans sang various English and German melodies, and there were refreshments for those who wished and a supper for others. Probably no less than 700 people visited the gorunds.

The original picnic was held Wednesday at Fetsch's park, and everything went well until toward night, when the rain commenced to fall, so the picnic was adjourned to last night, when there was a bigger time, if possible, than at the park.

The profits will go toward defraying the current expenses of the new asylum, which has been constructed at a cost of over $60,000, on Randolph street, between Snelling and Hamline avenues.

Maj. Lockwood in Charge.

Maj. D. W. Lockwood, successor of Maj. Frederic Abbott, in charge of the United States engineer's office of this division, is in the city. Maj. Abbott goes to Washington, leaving tonight. He has been in charge of the St. Paul office since 1897. Maj. Lockwood comes from Newport, R. I., where he has been in charge of the division at that point.

OLD ULCERS AND SORES, No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

OH! SO FAT! The Specific Obesitine reduces fat even after repeated failures with so-called other cures; respiration improved AT ONCE; safe, no dieting, no purge. 75 cts. and $1.50. GOODRICH & CO., 935 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Samples and circulars FREE. Sold and recommended by the following druggists: F. M. Parker, Ticknor & Jagger, R. A. Becker, Neff & Rozenquist, W. A. Frost & Co.

BROWN'S CAPSULES cure men in a few days Parker's Drug Store.

FIELD, SCHLICK & CO. | FIELD, SCHLICK & CO.

Store Closes at 1 p. m. During July and August.

Linen Room Specials: Friday.

Housewives will find the linen room specials particularly tempting Friday. Substantial savings will be their rewards for buying. First to be mentioned is a small lot of table cloths and Napkins—you may rely upon their being exactly what they look to be for two reasons: First—They are sold in this store, and second, they were made by John S. Brown & Sons, Belfast, Ireland. Prices are close to half value.

2x2 yard cloths for $2.10

2x2½ yard cloths for $2.65

2x3 yard cloths for $3.10

⅝x⅝ Napkins to match, $2.65 per dozen.

Towels and Toweling.

Fine Linen extra heavy huck towels—22x42 inches — hemmed ready for use; regular price 25c—Friday 19c

Bleached Momie bath towels—23x46 inches—good values at the regular price, which is 15c—Friday 11c

Bleached linen toweling—18 inches wide—good absorbent grade which sells at 12½c—Friday 8½c

Bed Spreads: Special.

Colored Satin Marseilles bed spreads—pink, blue and yellow—heavy knotted fringe all around—large size, suitable for brass and iron beds, worth $3.50—Friday $2.25

If you wish to make some one a Christmas present of some fine linen handkerchiefs with initials, monograms or autograph embroidered by hand, order now. It is all handwork and is done in Ireland, so orders must be placed early.

Field, Schlick & Co.

WHO NAMES BAILIFFS?

POLICE COURT JUDGES DISPUTE THE AUTHORITY OF THE POLICE COMMISSION

INVOLVES IMPORTANT ISSUE

Comptroller McCardy Says Council Must Approve Police Pay Roll by Two-Thirds Majority—Details New Force.

Judges Hine and Orr, of the municipal court, yesterday contended that the police commission has not the authority to appoint bailiffs in the court, but say that that power is vested in the mayor. The law passed by the legislature in 1889 organizing the municipal court provides that the mayor has the right to appoint not to exceed three bailiffs and the judges of the municipal court in this city declare that since the law is a special law, the commission has no right to take upon themselves such authority.

If this decision is upheld the old bailiffs will hold over.

Comptroller McCardy holds that the council must approve the pay rolls by a two-thirds majority before the men can get their pay. Corporation Attorney Griggs states that he will not decide on the matter whether the council must approve the pay rolls for a few days, as he wishes more time in which to look up the question. If he decides that the council's approval is not necessary the men will receive their pay at an earlier date.

Chief O'Connor yesterday began the work of detailing the men of the new force. Most of the men went to work last night and this morning.

KING HUMBERT'S MEMORY

LOYAL ITALIANS HONOR THEIR DEAD RULER AT CATHEDRAL.

Requiem high mass was sung yesterday morning at the Cathedral for the repose of the soul of the late King Humbert of Italy. The mass was read in the basement of the Cathedral. Father S. Odoni, pastor of the Italians, was the celebrant. Father Printon acted as deacon, and Father Meade as subdeacon. Over 200 people attended the mass. The altar was draped in black and before it was placed a raised catalfaque, surrounded by lighted tapers.

Father Odoni preached a sermon in Italian, extolling the good works of the dead king.

SECOND YEAR'S COURSE

Will Be Begun by the St. Paul College of Law.

At a meeting of the faculty of the St. Paul College of Law, held yesterday afternoon, one of the subjects discussed was whether to start the second year's course of instruction this year. As is customary with educational institutions, which are starting, no provision had been made to put the whole course in full swing at once, but only to carry on the first year's work. This was a matter of regret to a number of those who had been one year in attendance at the university and who were anxious to relieve themselves of the discomforts and inconvenience of going back and forth to Minneapolis as well as to take advantage of the law school here. They started a movement to secure action which would have them provided for and commenced the circulation of the following petition and agreement:

"We, the undersigned, being informed that it is the purpose of the St. Paul College of Law to start running with only its first year's course in operation, respectfully request of the faculty that they do establish at the same time a second year's course, so constructed as to fit in with the work done by those who have taken one year at the State University law school; and we do hereby agree to take such course during the school year 1900-1901."

The matter was fully considered at the meeting of the faculty, and it was the sense of that body that this demand coming from just the sort of men for whom the school had been created, could not be denied. It was determined that if fifteen men signed the demand the second years' work should be commenced with the school year and that the instructors should begin their preparation at once. Since the meeting the required signatures have been presented, and it is definitely announced that the second years' course will be given this year.

Last of Banda Rossa Series.

The Banda Rossa engagement at Lake Harriet closes with the two concerts to be given there this afternoon and evening. Sgr. Sorrentino has prepared two special programmes for today.

The Banda Rossa goes from Minneapolis to Kansas City, where an engagement has been made that will keep the band for several weeks.

Next winter Sgr. Sorrentino will pay a visit to Italy and other parts of Europe, but he will return to the United States in time to fulfill his engagements in the East.

White Bear Free Delivery.

Through the persistent efforts of J. C. Jensen White Bear township, after Sept. 15 next, will have a free rural mail delivery. James Cluett, an old newspaper carrier, has been selected to fill the place of carrier for the first term.

RING WORM, No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

DAVIS HAS DECLINED IT

MACALESTER'S DEAN WILL NOT ACCEPT THE CITY SUPERINTENDENCY OF SCHOOLS

SMITH AGAIN AT THE HELM

Evidently the Result of the Matter Is That the Present System Will Continue Temporarily.

President Corning, of the board of inspectors, received a letter from Supt. A. J. Smith, dated Dresden, July 28, announcing that Dr. George W. Davis, by letter, had declined the board's offer of the superintendency of the St. Paul public schools.

Supt. Smith missed Dr. Davis in Paris, but wrote him of the situation, explaining the board's offer, and also that an early answer was desirable. In reply Dr. Davis wrote Mr. Smith that he could not change his plans nor his first decision declining the place.

Mr. Smith's letter to President Corning was dated July 8, a few days before the board sent its telegram to Dr. Davis. The message, as heretofore stated, did not find Dr. Davis, and is now fellowing the dean of Macalester around Europe.

Supt. A. J. Smith will reach St. Paul about Sept. 3, and will again assume charge of the schools. The board considers it imperative that a superintendent be elected within the near future. Mr. Smith is merely holding over, and it was the understanding when he went away that he would have charge of the schools until February, based on the belief that Dr. Davis would accept. It is quite likely that he will be re-elected for another year.

President Corning stated yesterday that he would call a special meeting of the board immediately if Inspector E. E. McDonald was in the city, but as that gentleman is rusticating in the vicinity of Mille Lacs, a meeting to elect a superintendent will probably be delayed. In any event, a meeting will be called within ten days, and there appears to be but little doubt that it will at that time elect a superintendent—and it will be Supt. Smith.

WORK TO BEGIN MONDAY

UNCLE SAM TO PROCEED WITH DAM NO. 2.

Actual work on Dam No. 2, in the Mississippi river, about a quarter of a mile below the Marshall avenue bridge, will be commenced Monday morning. A telegram from the department at Washington was received by Maj. Abbott, in charge of the work, late yesterday afternoon, to begin the work as soon as practicable.

The form for the first section of the outside wall of the lock was set in place yesterday morning, and work on this will be pushed in order that the coffer dam may be removed and thus allow abutments for the new one against the outer wall of the lock.

The contractors are anxious as to the foundation for the lower end of the lock. As yet no safe base has been found, although tests during the past week showed a formation of sandstone some ten feet below the face of the lock.

Summer Days at Wildwood.

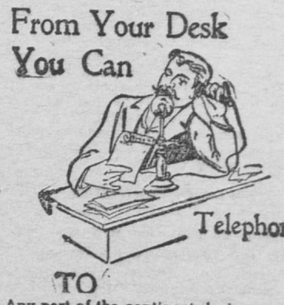
The bathing facilities at Wildwood are the very best to be had in any part of the West. The naturally fine beach has been improved by dredging and sanding until it is an ideal spot for bathing purposes, and a long row of fine new bath houses has been added to the fascinations of the beach.

There will be a dance in the pavilion tomorrow evening, for which the much talked of musical team, Wolff and Barrett, will play.

PIMPLES AND FRECKLES ON FACE.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

From Your Desk You Can



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