BIG MEN OF WALL STREET

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER THE MOST EXCLUSIVE AND MOST DIFFICULT OF ACCESS

MANY ARE HARD TO APPROACH

J. Pierpont Morgan Regarded as the Ogre of the District—Henry Clews Fond of Reporters.

Frequently the business inhabitants of the financial district of New York are held up in its seething thoroughfares with some such query as this:

"Can you tell me, please, where is Wall street?"

The timid inquirer is usually intelligent and well dressed, albeit with an atmosphere of the interior, and if the questioned one is not too busy he stops to reply:

"You are standing in it."

The stranger looks disappointed, and stands gazing about him. If he belongs to the common type of curious visitors, he had expected to identify Wall Street by heaps of gold piled up in glass plated windows; to see big, sweaty laborers shoveling yellow metal into drays with the nonchalance of wheat handlers.

But, above all, the rural traveler expected to brush against Russell Sage, J. Pierpont Morgan, John D. Rockefeller and other great lights, hurrying hither and thither, with fortunes hugged tightly to their breasts, intent upon pulling off another Black Friday—for Black Friday is hopelessly tangled with Wall Street in the mind of your visitor, who half expects to find the hole where that day hit the earth and left its imprint, like a comet.

A VERY ORDINARY PLACE.

But Wall Street is really a very ordinary place, once you get used to it. Its features of human interest are not upon the surface, and you might linger in the sacred precincts for months and not see the precious figures who dominate the country's finances. They each have their respective haunts, upon which the outsider might rarely intrude, provided he could locate them, which, indeed, would be the most difficult part of his task.

The newspaper reporter whose business it is to interview these gentlemen, when the gentlemen are willing, will tell you that it is harder to get to a Wall Street magnate than to get audience with the president of the United States.

One of the men who are very difficult of access is John D. Rockefeller, whose office is at the Standard Oil building. Any reporter who manages to "land a talk with Rockefeller" wins himself high prestige, but the number of interviews that have been wrested from Mr. Rockefeller on business topics within the past ten years might be counted upon the fingers of one hand, with two digits to spare.

If your business is very important, you may succeed, by dint of great persistency, in getting to Mr. Rockefeller's lawyer. At that stage your name and business are written out at length, nearly as full as on a civil service application blank, and this document goes to the private secretary. He may turn it down or lay it before Mr. Rockefeller, but it matters little, since Mr. Rockefeller will say "No," if your business has anything to do with an interview, and all the red tape you had set in motion was merely form, but you didn't know that.

ONE OF HIS PECULIARITIES.

One peculiarity about Mr. Rockefeller is that he is rarely too busy to see gentlemen of the cloth, particularly doctors of Baptist persuasion.

Long ago, when newspapers were fewer in number and more reverent than now, the Wall street district was "covered" by about ten reporters, each of whom was familiar with, say, three big financiers, to whom he was always admitted, and by working together these old-time reporters had little trouble in getting interviews, either by proxy or in person, and then the work was easy.

But latterly the appearance of an important story brings twenty or thirty reporters into the street, and the men whose opinions are in demand are forced to resort to typewritten satements "for the press," and this method is still in vogue. But individual interviews are frequently desirable, and usually as difficult to get as they are important.

The reporters learn to know the personal eccentricities of the famous financiers and are governed accordingly. When it falls to the lot of a newspaper man to interview J. Pierpont Morgan he must take into account the state of the weather, the condition of the financial horizon, and, above all, take chances on the dinner or lunch Mr. Morgan has eaten, for he is dyspeptically inclined.

CONDITIONS MUST BE FAVORABLE.

With all conditions favorable, the reporter may succeed in getting to Mr. Morgan, and then he must be very apt at taking cues from signs, else he will not profit by the audience. Mr. Morgan's moods are notoriously tricky. He has one particularly undesirable mood, under the influence of which he will stare blankly at his interlocutor through a dozen questions. "Well, well, what do you want?" just as though the reporter had not been trying to tell him what he wanted.

Saying it respectfully, Mr. Morgan is really the ogre of Wall street with newspaper men, and for no apparent cause he has been known to order a reporter out of his office just upon looking at him.

Russell Sage is another great light who is very difficult of access. Etntry to his office is barred by a large, uncouth individual, whose business it is to penetrate your business and tell you that Mr. Sage is not interested in your mission.

There is one reporter in Wall Street, however, who readily gets an audience with Mr. Sage. This reporter is a thoroughly dried out chap, with a metallic face, fully as hard looking in countenance as Mr. Sage himself, and it is suspected that in this there lies some sort of a psychological explanation of Mr. Sage's partiality for him.

At all events, this reporter gets to Mr. Sage when others fail, and it is one of his assets in Wall Street work. It may be said for Mr. Sage that he will talk when once a reporter gains admittance to his private office, but since the famous bomb exploit Mr. Sage has been very shy of callers personally unknown to him.

LOVES THE REPORTERS.

But Henry Clews is the man. He loves the reporters, and likes them to loaf about his big brokerage establishment. He has even rigged up conveniences for them, such as writing tables, pens, ink, etc., and when a reporter wants an interview from Mr. Clews that amiable gentleman writes it out. In Mr. Clews' office a reporter is more popular than a customer, and makes himself at home with the ease peculiar to his type.

Jim Keene, the bear of Wall Street, has to be approached carefully. If the reporter has a friend in the office, he first inquires how the "old man" is feeling, and if the answer is reassuring, he proceeds to set a card in motion.

If Mr. Keene has dined well, and if the market is falling, he is glad to see the reporter and will talk. Otherwise the interview is not apt to be comfortable. When the market has gone against Mr. Keene only the most courageous attempt close approach.

Mr. Havemeyer, president of the sugar trust, is frequently sought out for an interview, and the old reporters have learned that the best tactics to pursue embrace a "lying in wait" process about lunch time.

After having lunched Mr. Havemeyer is inclined to be confidential to the extent of setting forth his grievances against the world in a big voice, and without restraint. If the reporters get hold of him, he submits readily and declaims vehemently against the "stock jobbers" et al. who do things with his precious sugar stock. But after Mr. Havemeyer has told you his troubles you go away and find that after all you haven't much to print. Then the shrewdness of this old Hollander begins to dawn upon the reporter.

USUALLY GLAD TO SEE YOU.

The reporter who knows his business may confound the terrible office guardian and walk right in upon James Stillman, president of the National City bank, the gentleman who knows more about domestic banking and gold exports than any other available authority in the street.

Mr. Stillman is usually glad to see you, and if you possess his confidence he will say things of real worth, but the reporter understands that Mr. Stillman is not to be quoted. Once this tacit understanding is violated the offender is forever barred from the presence of the president of the National City bank.

These are but a few of the many fine points of newspaper interviewing in Wall Street. The lesser lights, the men whose opinions are not worth printing, seek out the reporters and urge written screeds upon them, but rarely are these views admitted to print.

The Wall Street financier is difficult of access in exact proportions to the importance of his information.

CHICAGO'S NEW COLISEUM.

Big Building Will Be Dedicated Grand Army Week.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—(Special.)—The new Coliseum, one of the largest buildings in the United States, will be dedicated Grand Army week. The inaugural feature will be a monster military and war song concert Saturday night, Aug. 25, under the direction of the Coliseum company, at which President McKinley and other distinguished guests will be present, including the Duke and Duchess of Arcos and others, who will be in the city to attend the encampment.

It will be thrown open to the public on Sunday afternoon and evening for the patriotic religious exercises now being arranged by Bishop Samuel Fallows, chairman, and Charles R. Macloon, secretary of the religious exercise committee. These programmes will include patriotic addresses by notable men, music by military bands and a monster chorus under the direction of Prof. Gabriel Katzenberger. The services for afternoon will be for children, and the programme for the evening will be for older folks. President McKinley will be present at each of these services. The president will also attend the reunion of ex-prisoners of war to be held in this big building on Monday night. Every night during the remainder of the week will be devoted to the monster military concerts by Phinney's United States band and Prof. Katzenberger's chorus, with notable soloists every night. All of these concerts are under the auspices and endorsement of the local G. A. R. committee.

The new Coliseum will be 300 feet long, 180 feet wide and have a seating capacity of 10,000 people. It is located on Wabash avenue, between Fourteenth and Sixteenth streets. Its construction is absolutely fire-proof. It has a self-supporting roof girdered with immense arches giving the interior a full sweep from wall to wall without pillar or post. It has one great balcony arranged around the four walls of the structure. The main floor seats are to be arranged so that they can be removed in a short time and stored below, giving an immense cleared area larger than that of any other building in the West. The structure will have twenty exits, five of the largest ones being on Wabash avenue side. The interior decorations are to be bright and cheerful; and at night the structure will be a blaze of light from above, the contract calling for nearly 5,000 incandescent lamps strung along the arches, with 250 arc lamps suspended in and about the building. From the above description it will be seen that the new Coliseum has been erected along mammoth lines. It is large enough for the largest of conventions and is marvelously constructed along the lines of safety. It is more than big enough for national political conventions, is ideally constructed for horticultural shows, flower, horse and dog shows, or for industrial expositions, or cattle and agricultural shows, such as Chicago has been without for several years. The structure has been supplied with the most modern of machinery in the way of heating, lighting and ventilating—in fact, no expense has been spared in making it a modern building in every respect. When it is formally opened Saturday night, Aug. 25, Frank O. Lowden, representing the stockholders, will make the presentation speech dedicating the building to public usages, and Mayor Harrison will formally welcome the opening of the structure in behalf of Chicago and her citizens.

The new building is owned by the Coliseum company, a corporation organized by Chicago and Iowa capitalists, viz., Charles F. Gunther, is president; Congressman J. A. T. Hull, of Iowa, is vice president; Stewart Spaulding, of Chicago, is secretary, and John Gibson, president Iowa State Savings bank, Creston, Io., is treasurer.

The Grand Army Encampment at Chicago.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Ry. has made extensive and careful preparations to handle from the Northwest an unusually heavy Grand Army travel to the Chicago encampment, August 27 to September 1, 1900.

Every possible comfort and convenience will be furnished the veterans and general public en route to and from this meeting, which promises to be one of the largest since the war.

Delegates and others from the Twin Cities and points north and west have their choice of five handsome trains to Chicago each day via "The Milwaukee," as follows:

From Minneapolis 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:30 a. m., arrive Chicago 9:45 p. m.

From Minneapolis 7:30 p. m., St. Paul 8:10 p. m., arrive Chicago 9:30 a. m.

From Minneapolis 10:50 p. m., St. Paul 11:25 p. m., arrive Chicago 1:00 p. m.

From Minneapolis 6:25 p. m., St. Paul 6:55 p. m., arrive Chicago 7:00 a. m.

From Minneapolis 3:40 p. m., St. Paul 4:10 p. m., arrive Chicago 7:55 a. m.

The rate for this occasion will be one-half tariff for the round trip (from St. Paul and Minneapolis $11.50).

Tickets will be sold August 25th to 29th, inclusive, extreme limit to return until September 30th.

These tickets will be accepted on the celebrated Pioneer Limited (from Minneapolis 7:30 p. m., St. Paul 8:10 p. m.), the only perfect train in the world.

Secure your tickets via "The Milwaukee" and make sure of a delightfully comfortable trip.

For sleeping car reservations and detailed information apply to C., M. & St. P. agents, or write J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

A Needle's Journey.

Spring City, Pa., Cor. Philadelphia Times.

Two years ago Clare, the then 18-months-old child of Robert Long, of East Vincent Township, near Spring City, swallowed an ordinary sewing needle, and at the time her life was despaired of, but through the efforts of physicians she was finally saved. On Friday last the child, now four years of age, complained of a prickling sensation in the upper part of her left leg. Nothing was at first thought of the matter, but today the point of the needle protruded through the flesh, and was extracted by the child's mother, and tonight the entire family rejoices.

BIENNIAL CONCLAVE,

Knights of Pythias, Detroit, Mich., Aug. 27-Sept. 1, 1900.

For this meeting the Chicago Great Western railway will on Aug. 25-27 sell through excursion tickets to Detroit, good to return till Sept. 5 (or by payment of 50 cents till Sept. 14), at the rate of one fare plus $2 for the round trip, via Grand Trunk railroad from Chicago. (Rates via Michigan Central and Wabash 50 cents higher.) For further information inquire of J. P. Elmer, G. A. P. D., corner Fifth and Robert streets, St. Paul

M. D. FLOWER, Pres. H. B. CARROLL, Gen. Supt.

ST. PAUL UNION STOCK YARDS,

South St. Paul, Minn.

Best Equipped and Most Advantageous Market for the Shippers in the Northwest.

CONNECTED WITH ALL THE RAILROADS.

1,000 Beeves and 2,000 Hogs Wanted Daily.

CHAS. L. HAAS COMMISSION COMPANY

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Room 19 Exchange Bldg., Union Stock Yards, So. St. Paul, Minn., and Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill.

All Correspondence will receive prompt attention. Liberal advances made on consignments. References—Union Stock Yards or any Commercial Agency.

ROGERS & ROGERS,

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Room 21 Exchange Building, South St. Paul, Minn.

Highest market prices obtained for stock. Prompt attention given to all correspondence and orders. References: Any commercial agency.

Union Stock Yards, So. St. Paul, Minn. THUET BROS, Soo City Stock Yards, Sioux City, Iowa.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

All Business and Correspondence Receives Prompt Attention. Liberal advances made on consignments. References—South St. Paul Stock Yards Bank, Sioux City National Bank, First National Bank, Kasson, Minn., Parson Bros.' Bank, Dodge Center, Minn.

WHEAT WAS DOWN AGAIN

LIVERPOOL DECLINE, CONSTANT LIQUIDATION AND LACK OF INTEREST CAUSED WEAKNESS

RECEIPTS ARE VERY HEAVY

Recent Advance in Corn Caused Stoppage of Demand and Consequent Decline—Provisions Showed Strength.

	Close.	Prev. Day.
Sept. wheat, Minneapolis	71⅝-¾	72⅞-73
Sept. wheat, Chicago	72⅛	72⅞-73
Sept. wheat, New York	77⅛	78¼
Sept. wheat, St. Louis	68¾	70 1-16

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—A decline at Liverpool, lack of outside interest and scattered liquidation caused a further recession in the price of wheat today, September closing ¾@⅞c under yesterday. Corn closed ⅝c lower and oats ⅛c reduced. Provisions closed firm, September pork 15c, lard 2½@5c, and ribs 17½@20c improved.

At no time during the day were there any number of traders who believed that wheat was going to recover, following the recent steady slump. Trade was dull to a disheartening degree. Liverpool closed ¾@⅞d lower; there was almost no outside business, receipts at Western markets were again very heavy and the shipping demand slack. Scattered liquidation, including selling on stop-loss orders, was the order of the day. For some time the only buying was by scalping shorts, who covered to secure profits. September opened ⅛@¼c lower at 72⅞ @72¾c, and after a few weary efforts to hold its head up, subsided at 71⅝c. It was under 72c that most of the covering by scalpers was done. This resulted in a recovery to 72⅛c, at which the market closed steady at ¾@⅞c loss from the previous close. New York reported 25 loads taken for export and 5 loads were sold here. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour were equal to 115,000 bu. At primary Western markets receipts aggregated 1,040,000 bu, compared with 537,000,000 bu the corresponding day last year. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 289 cars, against 281 cars last week, and 232 cars a year ago. Local receipts were 477 cars, 55 of contract grade.

Corn felt the wheat weakness, and the stoppage of the shipping demand, caused by the recent advance in prices for this and the next month's delivery. September, offered at the close yesterday at 39⅛c, was offered at the opening today at 38⅞c to 38⅝@38¾c. A few minutes later the market touched 38⅞c, but a drop to 38¼c followed on selling by an influential trader, who was supposed to be hedging against country acceptances, other people, however, reported the country offerings light. The market closed easy, September ⅝c lower at 38½c. The reaction from the bottom was on a prospect of the decline brining out fresh shipping business. Receipts here were 120 cars.

Oas were very quiet, but comparatively steady. Receivers sold against fresh country acceptances, but later there was a fair amount of buying by outsiders. The trade generally, however, was local in character and devoid of independent features. September sold between 21⅞c and 21⅝c, closing ⅛c down at 21⅝@21¾c. Receipts were 264 cars.

Provisions were not active, but the market showed an undertone of firmness, the greater part of the session. Local buying, especially of short ribs, and the selling of January delivery were the features. At the close: September pork was 15c over yesterday at $11.15; lard, 2½@5c higher at $6.62½, and September ribs, 17½c to 20c higher at $7.02½@7.05.

Estimates Monday: Wheat, 500 cars; corn, 90 cars; oats, 260 cars; hogs, 30,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat—				
August	72	72	71½	71¾
September	72½-¾	72¾	71⅝	72⅛
October	73¼-½	73½	72½	72⅞-73
Corn—				
August	39	39	39	39
September	38¾-⅞	38⅞	38¼	38½
October	37⅝	37⅞-½	37	37⅝
Oats—				
August	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜
September	21¾	21¾	21⅝	21⅝-¾
October	22-⅛	22⅛	22	22
Pork—				
September	11 00	11 15	10 95	11 15
October	11 10	11 20	11 00	11 20
January	10 95	11 10	10 95	11 05
Lard—				
September	6 57½	6 62½	6 52½	6 62½
October	6 60	6 67½	6 57½	6 67½
January	6 35	6 42½	6 32½	6 40
Ribs—				
September	6 82½	7 05	6 82½	7 05
October	6 80	6 92½	6 77½	6 92½
January	5 70	5 80	5 66	5 80

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour—Dull; winter patents, $3.70@3.80; straights, $3.10@3.40; clears, $3@3.30; spring specials, $3.90@4.50; patents, $3.70@4; straights, $3@3.40; bakers, $2.20@2.70. Wheat—No. 2 red, 73⅝@74½c. Corn—No. 2, 38¾c; No. 2 yellow, 39c. Oats—No. 2, 22c; No. 2 white, 24@24½c; No. 3 white, 23¾@24½c. Barley—Good feeding barley, 36½@37¼c; fair to choice malting, 41@45c. Flaxseed — No. 1, $1.30; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.30½. Timothy Seed—Prime, $3.60@3.75. Pork—Mess, per bbl, $11.10@11.15. Lard—Per 100 lbs, $6.60@6.62½. Ribs—Short sides (loose), $6.90@7.20. Shoulders—Dry salted (boxed), 6⅝@6¾c. Sides—Short clear (boxed), $7.40@7.60. Whisky—Basis of high wines, $1.23½. Sugars—Cut loaf unchanged. Clover—Contract grade, $8.75 @9. Receipts—Flour, 12,000 bbls; wheat, 265,000 bu; corn, 95,000 bu; oats, 359,000 bu; rye, 4,000 bu; barley, 11,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 9,000 bbls; wheat, 156,000 bu; corn, 238,000 bu; oats, 578,000 bu; barley, 8,000 bu. On the produce exchange today the butter market was firm; creameries, 16@20½c; dairies, 14@18c. Cheese—Firm; 10@11¾c. Eggs—Firm; fresh, 12½c.

SLIMMER & THOMAS,

LIVE STOCK BROKERS.

Orders taken for all kinds of live stock and time given to responsible parties. Correspondence solicited.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Minnesota. SIOUX CITY, Iowa.

DULUTH.

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 18.—The market declined sharply today and trading was very active. It opened ¾c off at 74¾c, sold at 74⅞c at 9:45, at 74½c at 10, at 74¼c at 10:18, at 74½c at 10:30, at 74¾c at 10:45, at 74½c at 11:25, at 74¼c at 11:47, at 74⅜c at 11:55, and closed at 74¼c. Cash sales were 45,000 bu at September price. Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 76¾c; to arrive, old, 76¾c; new, 76c; September, 76¼c; December, 76⅞c; No. 1 northern, cash, 74¼c; to arrive, old, 74¾c; new, 74¼c; September, 74¼c; December, 74⅞c; No. 3 spring, 69¼c; oats, 23¾@23½c; rye, 48½c; barley, 37@48c; flax, cash, $1.38; to arrive, $1.38; September, $1.36 bid; October, $1.33; November, $1.32; May, $1.36; corn, 39c. Car Inspection—Wheat, 9 cars; corn, 14 cars; oats, 4 cars; rye, 1 car; barley, 6 cars. Receipts—Wheat, 16,722 bu; corn, 11,963 bu; rye, 409 bu; flax, 1,602 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 85,000 bu; corn, 767 bu; oats, 1,000 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS MONEY—Minneapolis, Aug. 18.—New York exchange Saturday: Selling rate 10c premium, buying rate 40c premium; Chicago exchange, selling rate par, buying rate 50c discount; London documentary, $4.83⅝.

ST. PAUL GRAIN.

Oats—Receipts, 9 cars; No. 3, 24c; No. 3 white, 24½c.

Corn—No. 3, 38½@39c; No. 3 yellow, 39@39¾c.

Feed—Granulated corn meal, in cotton sacks, $1.80; coarse corn meal, ton, $15; No. 1 feed, $15.

Bran and Shorts—Bran in bulk, $11.25; bran in sacks, 200 lbs, $12.25; bran in sacks, 100 lbs, $12.75; shorts in bulk, $12; shorts in sacks, 200 lbs, $13; shorts in sacks, 100 lbs, $13.25; middlings flour, bulk, $14; middlings, 200-lb sacks, $15; middlings, 100 lbs, $15.50.

Hay—Market firm; receipts, 7 cars; shipments, 4 cars; upland, choice, $1; upland, No. 1, $8.75@9.25; midland, $6@7; medium, $5.50@6; timothy, choice, $11.50; timothy, No. 1, $10.50.

Rye straw, $5; wheat and oat straw, $4@4.50.

PRODUCE AND FRUIT.

Butter—Steady and in active demand. Receipts light. Creameries, extras, 18½@19c; firsts, 17½c. Dairies, hand separator, 17½c; extras, 16½@17c. Ladles, extras, 14@15c; packing stock, 13½@14c.

Cheese—Market steady and active; twins, fancy full cream, 10¾@11½c; full cream, Young America, new, 11½@12c; brick, No. 1, 10@11c; brick, No. 2, 9½c; Swiss cheese, old, 12½@14c; Limburger, as to grade, 8½@11c.

Eggs—Market steady; receipts fair; fresh stock, cases included, loss off, 11c.

Beans—Market firm; fancy navy, per bu, $2.25@2.35; medium hand-picked, per bu, $1.60@1.80.

Peas—Yellow peas, $1.25; fancy green, $1.30.

Potatoes—Steady; fair demand; new potatoes, 30@35c.

Vegetables—Cauliflower, per doz, 60c; beets, per doz, 60c; lettuce, per doz, 30c; parsley, per doz, 15c; tomatoes, 4-lb basket,40c; spinach, bu, 25c; turnips, doz, 60c; beans, wax, bu box, 75c; string beans, bu, 75c; cucumbers, bu, 50c; radishes, doz bunches, 10c; radishes, round, bunches, 10c; onions, green, doz bunches, 8@10c; carrots, bu, 75c; green peas, bu, $1; rhubarb, lb, 1c; new turnips, doz, 60c; kohlrabi, doz, 75c; horseradish, lb, 10c.

Cabbage—Steady; per lb, 2@2½c.

Onions—Steady; home-grown onions, bu, $1.

Apples—Market well cleaned up, and good stock commands firm prices at advanced quotations; apples, Duchess, $2.75 @3.

Lemons—Receipts liberal; demand good; fancy Messinas, box, $5@5.50; California, box, $4.50.

Oranges—California navels, box, $4.50@4.75; California seedlings, box, $3.25@3.50; Mediterranean sweets, box, $3.75@4.

Nuts—Hickory, per bu, $1@1.25; black walnuts, per bu, 75c@1; new California walnuts, lb, 14c; peanuts, raw, per lb, 6c; peanuts, roasted, lb, 7c; Brazils, per lb, 4c; pecans, medium, 11@11½c; hazelnuts, per lb, 5@8c; chestnuts, new, per lb, 12@15c.

Bananas—Supply moderate; demand active. Choice shipping, $2.25@3.

Figs and Dates—Figs, new California, box, $1@1.10; Fard dates, 10-lb boxes, 8@9c; Hallowee dates, new, 5½c.

Apple Cider—Sweet, per bbl, $5; sweet, per half bbl, $2.75; hard, per bbl, $9.

Dressed Meats—Demand light; supply fair. Veal, fancy, 7@7½c; veal, medium, 6½c; hogs, country-dressed, 5½@6c; milk lambs, pelts off, 8c.

Poultry—Demand active; receipts only fair. Broilers, per lb, 11@13c; mixed chickens, 7c; hens, 7c; turkeys, 7c; ducks, fancy, 6½c; geese, 5c.

Fish—Fair demand. Pickerel, per lb, 8c; pike, per lb, 5c; croppies, per lb, 4@5c; frog legs, doz, 4@8c.

FLYENE. Save and improve your stock by using "FLYENE." Completely protects your horses and cattle from all fly pests. It contains no poisonous matter, and cures sores, galls and eruptions of all kinds on farm stock. It improves the coat of the animal and abolishes the use of fly nets. It costs but little and saves much. No farm should be without it. Price, per gallon, 60c; price per gallon, 5 or 10-gallon can, 55c; 30 and 50-gallon bbls., per gallon, 50c. Directions for using go with each gallon. Large Drug Catalogue free. Ask for it.

BEST MINNESOTA FIRST PATENT FLOUR, $1.85 for 98-lb. Sack, 10 lbs. fine old Rio Coffee, 97c. It will pay you to send to us for our 32-page Grocery List, which will be mailed free on receipt of postal card. We can save you big money on all kinds of groceries. All goods at wholesale prices to consumers.

WRITE US and send your estimates of BUILDING MATERIAL you want. We quote wholesale prices on all goods of this class. 4-panel Doors for 90c; 8-light Windows for 57c. They are samples of our prices. IRON ROOFING at factory prices. Write us.

T. M. ROBERTS SUPPLY HOUSE, MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

$1000 IN GOLD FREE

FOR BRAINY PEOPLE FOR BRAINY PEOPLE

14	5	23	25	15	18	11			
23	1	19	8	9	14	7	20	15	14
3	8	9	3	1	7	15			

Each one of the above three lines of figures spells the name of a great city in the United States. This is a brand new puzzle and can be solved with a little study, as follows: There are twenty-six letters in the alphabet, and we have used figures in spelling the cities instead of letters. Letter A is number 1, B number 2, C number 3, etc., throughout the entire alphabet. IF YOU CAN SPELL OUT THESE THREE CITIES YOU MAY SHARE IN THE DISTRIBUTION OF $1,000 WHICH WE ARE GIVING AWAY for doing a little work for us. This you can do in less than one hour of your time. This and other most liberal offers are made to introduce one of the very best New York magazines into every home in the United States and Canada. WE DO NOT WANT ONE CENT OF YOUR MONEY. When you have made out the names of these three cities, write them plainly on a postal card and send it to us, and you will hear from us promptly BY RETURN MAIL. It may take an entire evening to solve the three names, but STICK TO IT AND TRY TO GET YOUR SHARE OF THE $1,000. A copy of this high-class ONE DOLLAR MAGAZINE WILL BE SENT FREE to everyone answering this advertisement. Do not delay. Send your answer in immediately. Address ROBINSON PUBLISHING CO., 24 North William Street, New York City.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

SOUTH ST. PAUL, Aug. 18.—Receipts at the Union stock yards today (estimated) were: Cattle, 50; hogs, 500; sheep, 4,500; horses, 24; cars, 30.

Official receipts Friday: Cattle, 223; calves, 17; hogs, 612; sheep, 8,893; horses, 46; cars, 63.

Receipts thus far in August, compared with the same period in August, 1899, are as follows:

	Aug., 1900.	Aug., 1899.	Gain.
Cattle	10,363	6,437	3,926
Calves	1,514	1,444	70
Hogs	9,553	8,605	948
Sheep	34,780	8,959	22,821
Horses	1,723	728	995
Cars	775	477	298

Receipts thus far in 1900, compared with the same period in 1899, are as follows:

	1900.	1899.	Gain.
Cattle	74,909	55,205	19,704
Calves	29,530	23,443	6,087
Hogs	303,798	229,290	74,508
Sheep	155,274	151,193	4,081
Horses	20,706	1,373	19,333
Cars	8,914	6,249	2,665

The following table shows the roads over which Friday's receipts came in and the number of loads hauled by each:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Mixed.
Chi. G. W.	..	1	..	1
Gt. Northern	1	..	14	1
Nor. Pacific	5	..	28	2
C.,St.P.,M.& O.	..	3	..	2
C., M. & St. P.	..	2	..	2
M., & St. L.	..	..	..	1
Totals	6	6	42	9

HOGS.

Comparative receipts:	
Total for today (estimated)	500
A week ago	367
A year ago	569

Quotations: Mixed and butchers, $5@5.20; good to prime heavy, $5@5.07½; rough heavy, $4.50@4.65; stags and boars, $2@4.50; pigs and skips, $4.25@4.50.

Market barely steady on light hogs and weak to 5c lower on heavy. Light sold at $5.10@5.20, and heavy, $5@5.07½. Local butchers paid $5.25 for extra prime light hogs. Rough packers sold at $4.55@4.65. The quality averaged good to choice.

Representative sales:

No.	Wt.	Dkg.	Price.	No.	Wt.	Dkg.	Price.
Mixed and Butchers—							
59	211	40	$5 10	26	162	..	$5 20
20	193	..	5 25				
Good to Prime Heavy—							
18	280	80	$5 05	21	273	..	$5 00
87	289	80	5 05	54	280	..	5 07½
Heavy Packing and Rough—							
12	377	..	$4 60	7	237	..	$4 55
14	309	..	4 65	15	258	40	4 55
Stags and Boars—							
1	430	80	$4 60	1	240	..	$2 00

CATTLE.

Comparative receipts:	
Total for today (estimated)	50
A week ago	67
A year ago	12

Quotations: Choice butcher cows and heifers, $3.75@4.25; fair to good, $2.85@3.60; thin cows and canners, $2@2.75; choice butcher steers, $4.75@5.25; fair to good, $4.25@4.60; fat bulls, $3.25@3.50; bologna bulls, $2.75@3.10; veal calves, $3.50@5; good to choice stock cows and heifers, $2.75@3; fair to good, $2.50@2.75; common and tailings, $1.75@2.25; heifer calves, $2.50@3; good to choice stockers and feeders, $3.40 @4.10; fair to good, $3@3.25; common and tailings, $2@2.90; steer calves, $3.25@3.80; stock and feeding bulls, $2.75@3; stags and oxen, $3@4; milkers and springers, $25@40.

Western Butcher Cattle—Fair to good cows and heifers, $3.25@3.60; good to choice, $3.60@4.00; fair to good fat steers, $4@4.40; good to choice, $4.40@4.75.

Receipts were light and market dull. Prices steady on the little stuff that was moved. Buyers were found for some common stock cattle, but considerable will be held over until next week.

Representative sales:

No.	Wt.	Price.	No.	Wt.	Price.
Butcher Cows and Heifers—					
1	1000	$3 25	2	960	$3 40
1	1120	3 00	1	1020	3 20
Fat and Bologna Bulls—					
1	1,390	$2 60	1	1,100	$2 90
Veal Calves—					
1	150	$4 75	1	120	$5 00
Stock Cows and Heifers—					
1	620	$3 25	2	500	$3 00
Stockers and Feeders—					
1	550	$3 65	5	610	$3 40
19	640	3 92	2	450	3 50
Common and Tailings—Steers—					
5	195	$3 00	2	300	$2 75
1	600	2 50	2	410	2 80
Stock and Feeding Bulls—					
1	960	$2 85	1	1,530	$3 00
2	1,205	2 50	1	1,380	2 65
1	930	2 75	1	1,100	3 00
Thin Cows and Canners—					
1	940	$2 40	1	1,000	$2 25
1	760	2 35	1	800	2 25
Stags and Oxen—					
1	830	$3 00			

Milkers and Springers—	
4 cows and 4 calves	$140 00
1 cow and 1 calf	37 00
1 cow	41 00

SHEEP.

Comparative receipts:	
Total for today (estimated)	4,500
A week ago	1,623
A year ago	1,151

Quotations: Butcher sheep, thin killers, $2@2.50; fair to good fat, $3@3.25; good to choice fat, $3.50@4.75; stock sheep and feeding lambs, common to good, $3 @3.25; good to choice, $3.25@4; butcher lambs, common to medium, $4@4.25; good to choice, $4.25@4.85; bucks, $2@2.75.

Receipts heavy and largely Westerns. Fat sheep in fair demand at barely steady prices. Fat lambs strong and active. Stock stuff in demand.

Representative sales:

No.		Wt.	Price.
5	culls	92	$1 75
507	Western sheep	107	3 75
128	Western lambs	62	4 75
1	ewe	100	3 25

The day's sales (estimated), each buyer purchasing the number of head indicated, were as follows:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Swift & Co	10	425	435
Staples Estate	..	25	2
Slimmer & Thomas	10	...	...
Hankey Bros	5	...	...
Country buyers	205	...	25
Totals	230	450	462

Among the shippers on the market were: J. S. Cooper, W. F. Howard, Miles City; C. H. Merrill, Galata; W. E. French, Harlem; Miller Bros. & Steele, Porter; E. L. Starr, Tracy; O. K. Berg, Blooming Prairie; C. W. Chamberlain, Amboy; H. C. Nundahl, Hanska; J. P. Snipps, Leland.

—E. L. Ogilvie.

STOCK MARKET BROADENS.

Local Money Rates Stiffened in Anticipation of Bank Statement.

	Close.	Prev. Day.
Bar silver, New York	61⅛	61
Call money, New York, nominal		1¼@1½

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—But for the interest aroused by an analysis of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit annual statement, professional operators would have had but little material to influence prices. Although the report showed that a shade over 1 per cent was earned on the stock, discussion of specific items was unfavorable. For instance, the high ratio of operating expenses and outstanding loans of $1,000,000 aroused comment. Decided pressure was exerted against the stock from the outset, an extreme loss of 2½ being made with the net loss reduced to 1⅝ on purchases by the short interest. In People's Gas, a fall of 2 per cent was without adequate explanation, but this stock also recovered somewhat in the final dealings. These movements were the chief features of the market, its narrowness being accentuated by the absence of London operations, it being a holiday there.

Railway stocks were relatively better sustained than the general run of specialties. The publication of the second week of August earnings for many lines, showing numerous increases, acted for a prop for this division. These statements demonstrated that tonnage was increasing in widely separated sections. For the Southwestern quarter, Missouri Pacific showed a gain of $76,000. In the South, Norfolk & Western led with $56,970, and the West was represented by a gain of $21,725, in Chicago Great Western.

W. M. CAMPBELL

COMMISSION COMPANY

Live Stock Commission Merchants,

Union Stock Yards, SOUTH ST. PAUL.

Consignments and correspondents solicited. Market reports furnished on application.

We do a strictly commission business. No live stock bought or sold on our own account.

References—Stock Yards bank, South St. Paul; Security bank, Zumbrota; Hon. A. T. Koerner, state treasurer, Capitol building, St. Paul; A. C. Anderson, cashier St. Paul National bank, St. Paul.

The situation as a whole reflected an improved feeling early, and business enlarged. Optimism was expressed by some interests, and their efforts assisted a substantial rise. It was pointed out that the general situation did not augur well for a bull movement, the perplexities of the Chinese situation, the political problems, and the questions of the crops being cited as obstacles. Nevertheless a general and material rise was affected, in which the best class of railway stocks figured. London bought heavily, the relief to its money market and statistics showing decreased dividend payments by its railroads, causing a demand for dividend paying stocks here.

No change in local money rates occurred while the rise was on, but later call rates touched 1¾ in anticipation of an unfavorable bank statement. Manipulation was a factor in effecting wide movements in the mercurial specialties. At times the professional operators experienced some difficulty in keeping special stocks within circumscribed limits, the movement becoming broader and outside orders being executed. Brooklyn Transit was juggled on predictions as to its forthcoming annual report. Sugar vibrated on trade and divided prospects, and the Coalers were affected by vague reports.

Respecting the rise in the railroads, more definite facts were cited, including improvements in the crops and weekly earnings. Steel issues responded to the tenor of the trade news and the negotiations with labor bodies. As a result of these varied influences, prices rose from 2 to 5 points, and the general feeling became more confident. In the last half of the week, realizations by the interests who were most active in the rise and discussion of the Saturday bank statement, produced a general decline. Enough of the week's advance, however, in the general list was retained to indicate many material gains.

Prices in the bond market conformed closely to the developments in stocks. Interest was most marked in middle grain issues. United States refunding 2s w. i. advanced ¾; new and old 4s ½, and 2s ¼, in the bid price. The 5s declined ⅛ per cent.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Furnished by Charles H. F. Smith & Co., members of the New York Stock exchange, Pioneer Press building, who have direct wires to Chicago and New York. Closing prices are bid:

	S'l's	High	Low	Closing 18	Closing 17
A. Steel & Wire	900	35⅜	35	34⅞	34¾
do pfd				75	74½
Am. Tobacco	1400	93¼	93¼	93⅞	93¾
Am. Tin Plate				25¾	26
do pfd				78½	78
A., T. & S. F.	2700	28	27¾	27¾	27⅞
do pfd	3900	71	70⅝	70⅞	70⅞
Am. Linseed Oil		11	11	10½	10½
do pfd				54⅞	54¾
B. & O. (new)	900	71¾	71½	71¾	71½
do pfd (new)				79	79½
B. Rap. Transit	15800	58½	56⅝	57⅛	58¾
C., B. & Q.	1700	127½	127	127⅛	127¼
Can. Pacific				89¾	89½
Car & Foundry				15	15½
do pfd				62	62
C., C., C. & St. L.	400	59¾	58¾	59½	59¼
Con. Tob. Co.	100	25¾	25¾	25½	15¾
do pfd				77½	78
Ches. & Ohio	300	27⅛	27⅛	27½	27½
Col. F. & I.				35⅛	35⅛
Chi. G. W.	700	11½	11	11	10⅞
do deb. 4 pr. ct.	200	84¼	83½	83⅞	83⅞
do pfd A				71	71
do pfd B				31¼	31½
Chi. Ind. & L.				22	21¼
do pfd				52	53
Chi. Terminal				49½	49½
do pfd				31½	31⅞
Den. & Rio G.				18¾	18¾
do pfd				66¾	67
D., S. S. & A. pfd.					12
D. M. & Ft. D.				13¼	13
Erie				11	10¾
do 1st pfd				33	32
do 2d pfd				15½	15½
Fed. Steel	110	34¾	34⅛	34⅜	34⅜
do pfd	100	66½	66½	67	67
E. & T. H.				42½	42½
do pfd				80	80
Gen. Elec. Co.				136	136
Gt. Nor. pfd				152½	152½
Glucose				51½	57½
do pfd					97¼
Int. Paper				22¾	23
do pfd				66	66
K. C., P. & G.				15¾	15¾
Lake Erie & W.	200	28	28	27½	28
do pfd				92	92
Lake Shore					
Louis. & Nash	2600	72⅜	71¼	71⅝	72¼
Leather				10¾	10⅞
do pfd				68¼	68¼
Manhattan Con.	600	91⅞	91½	91½	91½
M.,St.P. & St.S.M.				17	17
do pfd				56	55
Met. Traction				154½	155
M. C.				11⅝	11¾
Minn. & St. L.				56	55
do 2d pfd				93	93
M. K. & T.				9¾	9¾
do pfd				31	31
Missouri Pacific	1200	51	50¾	51⅛	51⅜
Nor. Pacific	2600	51⅝	51⅛	51¼	51½
do pfd	100	71	71	70¾	71⅛
N. Y. Central	200	130	130	130¼	130⅜
Nat. Steel Co.				25¾	26½
do pfd				84	84⅓
Nat. Biscuit	200	31¼	31⅛	31	31
do pfd				87	87
Nor. & West.				34	34½
do pfd				74¾	74¾
Northwestern				162½	162½
do pfd					201
North American				15	15
Omaha				15	14
do pfd				175	175
Ont. & West.				21	21⅛
Pressed. S. C. Co	300	40⅜	40⅛	39¾	40
do pfd	200	72½	72	72½	72
Penn. Ry.		129⅞	129½	129	129
Pacific Mail				31¾	31¾
People's Gas	8700	98¼	96½	97⅜	98⅜
Pullman				186½	187
P.,C., C. & St. L.				54	54¼
do pfd				80	80
Reading				17	17
do 1st pfd				59¾	59¾
do 2d pfd	200	28⅞	28¾	28¾	28¾
Rock Island	1300	107¼	107	107⅛	107¼
Southern Ry.				11¼	11⅓
do pfd	100	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅞
Southern Pacific	1300	33½	33¾	33⅛	33¼
St. & S. W.	100	11½	11½	11¾	11¾
do pfd				28	28
Smelter	200	37½	37½	37⅛	37½
do pfd				88½	89
Sugar Refinery	2800	124¾	124	124⅝	124⅝
do pfd				116	116
St. Paul	2900	114½	114⅛	114¼	114¼
do pfd				171½	175
T. C. & I.	300	70	70	70¼	70¾
Texas Pacific				14¼	14¼
Union Pacific	2400	59⅝	59¼	59½	59½
do pfd	600	76¼	76	76⅛	76
U. S. Rubber				30½	30¾
do pfd				94½	94
Wabash				7¼	7¼
do pfo				18¼	18⅝
West. Union	100	80⅛	80⅛	80	80⅛
Wis. Central				37	37
R. Iron & S.				11¼	11¼
do pfd				53	53
Am. Hoop				19¼	19½
do pfd				67	67
Third Ave.				110¼	110
Nat. Tube	3000	46⅞	46⅝	46½	46⅛
do pfd	200	92⅜	92¼	92¼	92

Total sales, 71,881.

BONDS.

U.S.r.2s, wi.,reg.	104	do 4s	92½
do coup	104	N. Y. C. 1sts	108½
do 2s, reg	100	N. J. C. gen. 5s.	122
do 3s, reg	109	N. P. gen. 3s	65½
do 3s, coup	109	do prior 4s	104
do n. 4s, reg	132½	N.Y.,C.& S.L.4s.	107½
do n. 4s, coup	132½	N. & W. con. 4s.	97⅞
do o. 4s, reg	115	Or. Nav. 1sts	109
do o. 4s, coup	115	do 4s	102⅛
do 5s, reg	112½	O. S. L. 6s	126
do 5s, coup	112½	do con. 5s	112
D. of C. 3 65s	122	Reading gen. 4s.	87⅞
A., gen. 4s	85¼	R. G. W. 1sts	98
Can. So. 2ds	108	S.L.& I.M.C.5s.	110¾
C. & O. 4½s	99¾	S.L.& S.F.G.6s.	121¾
do 5s	116¾	St. Paul con	167
C. & N. con. 7s.	139	St.P..C.& P.1sts.	118
do S. F. d. 5s.	120¼	do 5s	118¾
Chi. Ter. 4s	92¾	So. Pac. 4s	78¾
Col. So. 4s	82	So. Ry. 5s	108⅞
D. & R. G. 1sts.	102	S. R. & T. 6s.	68
do 4s	97¾	T. & P. 1sts	111¾
Erie Gen. 4s	68¾	do 2ds	56
F.W.& D.C.1st.	72	U. Pacific 4s	105⅞
Gen. Elec. 5s	115½	Wabash 1sts	117½
Iowa. C. 1sts	113¼	do 2ds	101¾
K.C.,P.& G.1sts.	68	W. Shore 4s	111¾
L. & N. uni. 4s.	98¾	W. Central 1sts.	89
M., K. & T. 2ds.	66¾	Va. Centuries	90

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT—The Financier says: Practically every change in the weekly showing of the New York banks can be traced to gold exports. The loss in cash aggregated $8,341,000, of which amount $8,106,900 was specie and $234,900 legal tenders. It cannot be said that the shrinkage of $7,568,900 in surplus reserve corresponds with the other changes in the statement. The contraction should have been considerably larger when the heavy decrease in cash, together with the decrease of $3,091,600 in deposits, which lessened reserve requirements to the extent of $750,000, is taken into consideration. An increase in loans under normal conditions is generally accompanied by an increase in deposits. The discrepancy in these two items is attributed to operations incident to the British exchequer loan. In other words, the gold withdrawn from the banks for export has been entered in the books as a loan. Therefore, the specie contraction prevented an increase in deposits which would have resulted had the loans been made by means of checks, and not by actual withdrawals of cash. It is evident from the decrease in deposits that the statement would have actually revealed a contraction in loans had it not been for the gold withdrawn for the export. It is interesting to note that the changes in last week's statement can be traced to one bank, which shows an increase of about $8,000,000 loans, an increase of $2,250,000 in deposits, and a decrease of $5,000,000 in cash. It is evident from the foregoing figures that this institution has taken a prominent part in connection with the financing of the recent loan of the British government. It was reported Saturday that deposits of cash in connection with subscriptions to the new stocks of the Consolidated Gas company were heavy during the latter part of the week, and will be reflected in last Saturday's statement.

Considerable cash will be disbursed this week on account of the refunding of the extended 2 per cent government bonds, which will go a long ways toward replacing the gold lost by export.

WEEKLY MONEY MARKET REVIEW—London, Aug. 18.—The Statist, in an article reviewing the money market, says: "Besides the £3,000,000 in gold attracted to the Bank of England from America and £200,000 from India, it has bought a further £2,500,000, which will shortly arrive, and an inflow of £800,000 from the United Kingdom is expected. Thus the bank will secure over £4,000,000 and may succeed in raising the reserve at the end of the week to £23,000,000. The outflow of cash from London to the country usually reached £4,000,000. During the last four months of the year we may be called upon to find several millions of gold for Egypt and Argentine, and there is little prospect of more gold from New York. With a reserve of £23,000,000, we may have to meet a demand of £6,000,000 or £7,000,000. Hence, later, it may be necessary to take further measures for attracting gold, or for diverting Egyptian and South American demands for gold to Paris or New York. Under these circumstances it will be evident that any ease of the London money market must be of a temporary nature. It should be clearly understood that both New York and Paris are in a position to withdraw a very large amount of money from London, if it does not pay to leave their balances here."

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS—New York, Aug. 18.—Exports of gold and silver from this port to all countries for this week aggregate $751,355 silver bars and coin and $8,787,279 gold. The imports of specie were $21,535 gold and $9,313 gold. The imports of dry goods and merchandise were valued at $8,272,501.

NEW YORK MONEY—New York, Aug. 18.—Money on call, nominal; prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in banker's bills at $4.87½ for demand, and at $4.84 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85 @4.85½, and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.83¼@4.83¾; silver certificates, 61½@62½c; bar silver, 61⅛c; Mexican dollars, 48⅛c.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT—New York, Aug. 18.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserves, dedecrease, $7,568,900; loans, increase, $6,837,400; specie, decrease, $8,106,900; legal tenders, decrease, $234,900; deposits, increase, $2,091,600; circulation, increase, $672,300. The banks now hold $20,557,050 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

TREASURY STATEMENT—Washington, Aug. 18.—Today's statement of the treasury balances, exclusive of the gold reserve, shows: Available cash balances, $139,514,771; gold, $72,051,359.

BANK CLEARINGS.

St. Paul—$494,331.93.
Minneapolis—$1,709,191.
Chicago—$17,479,860.
New York—$124,378,635.
Boston—$15,814,660.

FINANCIAL.

O'Connor & Van Bergen, BROKERS.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions

202-203 GERMANIA LIFE BLDG., Fourth and Minnesota Streets, ST. PAUL.

Member Chicago Board of Trade. Direct Private Wires.

BROKERS.

CHAS. H. F. SMITH & CO.

Only members of the New York Stock Exchange in the Northwest. Special attention given grain orders. Members Chicago Board of Trade. PRIVATE WIRES. Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

H. HOLBERT & SON, Bankers and Brokers, 341 Robert St., St. Paul.

EDWARDS, WOOD & CO. Grain, Provisions, Stocks, Cotton. Private Wires. Manhattan Building, St. Paul. 312 Guaranty Loan Bldg., Minneapolis

WATSON & HOWARD, 133 E. 6th St. Fire Insurance, Real Estate, Loans. For Improved City Property 4% 4½% 5% and 6%.

W. H. DICKINSON & CO. (Members Minneapolis Chamber of Commerce.) BROKERS. Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds. 11-12 Germania Life Bldg., St. Paul, Minn. Correspondence solicited. Write for our daily market letter and price current, furnished free upon application. We have our own direct wires to all the leading markets.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request. BIG G. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS. Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

SANTAL-MIDY. Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours. It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences. SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine.