50 YEARS SSS 50 YEARS

For a half-century S. S. S. has been curing obstinate, deep-seated blood troubles like Contagious Blood Poison, Scrofula, Cancer, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Eczema, Tetter—in fact, all blood-poison diseases of whatever character. No other medicine has such a record. Its popularity is shown by the constantly increasing demand and the thousands of voluntary testimonials from all parts of the country. We claim nothing for S. S. S. but what experience has proven to be true. Remember, S. S. S. is not a new, untried remedy. When you buy a bottle you get something that has been used and endorsed by thousands in the past fifty years.

SSS FOR THE BLOOD

Is just what we say it is—THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER—a specific for all blood and skin diseases; a medicine without a particle of mercury, potash or other mineral. It is the *only* purely vegetable preparation known, and can be given to children with perfect safety. For the old it is the ideal tonic and blood-builder. It warms and invigorates the blood, thus preventing many of the little aches and pains so common to old age.

Our Medical Department is in charge of physicians of long experience and skill in the treatment of blood and skin diseases. Write them for any advice or information about your case. We make no charge whatever for this. Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

GRACE WILDE IS BURIED

LAST ACT IN THE TRAGEDY WAS ENACTED YESTERDAY AFTERNOON

CORONER SAYS HE IS SURE

No Question in His Mind but That Her Death Was a Case of Plain Suicide.

GLOBE'S MINNEAPOLIS OFFICE, 20 WASHINGTON AV. SOUTH.

The funeral of Grace Wilde, aged twenty-one, who shot herself while leaving E. H. Thayer's room, 416 Nicollet avenue, after a quarrel with him, was held yesterday afternoon. Employes of the Nicollet house raised a fund to defray the funeral expenses. A relative of the girl is reported to have demanded an investigation, although no such demand has been made on the coroner or police. Coroner Nelson says that both himself and the police are thoroughly satisfied from the investigation already had that the case was one of plain suicide, and they will pay no further attention to it.

WINE ROOM RAIDED.

Police Call on the Monaco and Arrest Four Women.

Despite the recent wine room ordinance, the police say they have found Harry J. Monroe's saloon, 126 Fourth street south, which is the old "Monaco," a resort well patronized by women. Several complaints have been received concerning this resort and yesterday afternoon Officers Erickson and John Ferm made a brief call and arrested four women whom they found hanging about the saloon. One of them a bartender claimed as his wife. The four gave the fictitious names of Eva Johnson, Minnie Olson, Eva Chapman and Etta Hall.

The two former were charged with being women of the town and the two latter with vagrancy.

Veteran Engineer Dead.

Morris R. Wisner, one of the oldest engineers in the service of the Minneapolis & St. Louis road, and a resident of Minneapolis since 1881, died yesterday at his home, 104 Twelfth street north. Mr. Wisner was a member of Morgan post G. A. R., an Odd Fellow and a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers. His death was due to disease of the kidneys, aggravated by an attack of grip.

Mr. Wisner leaves a wife and two sons, Frank and Harry, the former being connected with the Metropolitan theater.

The funeral will take place from the residence Thursday at 2 p. m., under the auspices of the John White lodge, I. O. O. F.

No Increase in Taxation.

The taxpayers will be glad to learn from such an authority as City Controller Rogers that the taxes for this year will not be any higher than those of last year. The city controller has received the estimated amounts needed for the various city departments, and on these estimates bases his statement that the rate will not be more than that of last year, which was 18.42 mills, exclusive of ward taxes.

Sad Funeral for Spence.

Charles Spence, a driver for Bloom's livery, who created a large bunch of excitement on Seventh street south Sunday afternoon by galloping a team of horses attached to a white hearse up and down the street, was before Judge Kerr yesterday in the police court.

Judge Kerr found Spence guilty of both charges and gave him ninety days straight in the workhouse for cruelty to animals and $10 or ten days for disorderly conduct.

To Open Exposition Case.

City Attorney Healey has filed a petition in the district court in which he asks that certain findings in the exposition property case be revised. This is another attempt to secure the property for the city in spite of the decision of the court. Stress is laid upon the point that when the city deeded the property to the exposition people, that the exposition people secured value received.

The matter will come up next Saturday, but the petition will be resisted by the attorneys for T. B. Janney, in whom the title rests.

No Respect for Churches.

MILNOR, N. D., Aug. 21.—During the severe electric storm Sunday morning the M. E. church of this place was struck by lightning and damaged to the amount of $75.

Foley Bros. will complete the grade on the Oaks extension of the Northern Pacific Railway company today, and the road bed is now ready for track laying.

Cold Water Men to Meet.

FERGUS FALLS, Minn., Aug. 21.—Rev. B. B. Haugan, the Prohibition nominee for governor, has received a letter from the chairman of the national committee of his party, stating that the Prohibition train, bearing the national candidates, will spend an entire evening in this city, probably the evening of Sept 26. Mr. Haugan has arranged to have the big Sangerfest tent erected for the occasion, and the Prohibitionists of the vicinity are planning for the largest rally in the history of the Western portion of the state.

Killed While Driving.

CLEAR LAKE, Iowa, Aug. 21.—Miss Blanch Sleeper was kicked and fatally injured by a horse yesterday afternoon while in a buggy taking a drive. The horse's hoof struck her fairly in the face, breaking her nose and fracturing her skull. Miss Sleeper is a resident of Mason City, and as here for a short stay at the lake.

Speakers Were Disguised.

PLAINFIELD, Wis., Aug. 21.—A silver medal contest was held at West Plainfield last evening, and was very unusual, as all speakers were disguised and the judges could not show any favors. It was the first contest where speakers were disguised, ever held here. Miss Bertha Geult won the honors from the five other speakers.

Before Home Was Reached.

RED WING, Minn., Aug. 21.—Clarence S. Rich, son of H. S. Rich, died at Oelwein, Iowa, this morning on a trip home from Europe

BIDS FOR A COALING PLANT.

United States to Have One at Frenchman's Bay.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The bureau of equipment, navy department, opened bids today for a coaling plant to be erected at the United States naval depot at Frenchman's bay. The coaling plant will have a storage capacity for 10,000 tons of bituminous coal and will be provided with simple but effective means for handling the coal with the greatest possible ease. There were four bidders who submitted propositions based on their own plans as well as those of the navy department. The bureau of equipment is now tabulating three offers, but it will take some time to tell which is the most acceptable.

DEATHS OF A DAY.

DENVER, Aug. 21.—W. B. Felker, ex-railroad commissioner and one of the leading attorneys of this city, died today aged 63 years. He formerly practiced at Oshkosh, Wis.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 21.—Judge John Cromwell Orrick, ex-speaker of the Missouri house of representatives, who was chiefly instrumental in restoring the ballot to the secessionists in Missouri without compelling them to take the oath of loyalty, died at his home at his residence, after an illness of nearly five years.

WINONA, Minn., Aug. 21.—Charles H. Berry, at one time one of the most prominent Democrats in the state, died today at the age of seventy-seven. He was born in Westerly, R. I., in 1823. In 1857 he was elected attorney general of the state of Minnesota, and during President Cleveland's first term was appointed an associate justice of the supreme court of Idaho, which position he filled until Idaho was admitted as a state.

Dead in the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Gen. MacArthur transmits the following casualty list from Manila:

Following deaths have ocurred since last report: Dysentery, Aug. 13, Company C, Twenty-seventh infantry, William H. Fulmer; Company F, Seventeenth infantry, George Middleton; Company A, Thirty-seventh infantry, Oscar Riblet; Aug. 12, Company M, Thirty-sixth infantry, Walter S. Keith; Aug. 11, Company I, Twenty-first infantry, Quartermaster Sergeant Edward Murphy; Aug. 14, Company A, Thirty-ninth infantry, James E. Curtis; Aug. 17, Company K, Third infantry, Henry G. Voigt; Company C, Forty-first infantry, Harry Barnhart. Diarrhoea—Aug. 1, Company L, Sixteenth infantry, Fred Gordon. Enterlocitis—Aug. 16, Balsot, Corporal Coleman S. Stacy. Homeopology—Side, Aug. 17, Company D, Seventeenth infantry, Frank Dixon. Pyamea—Company A, Thirty-eighth infantry, Harve Collins. Varioloid—Company M, Thirty-fifth infantry, Rufus N. Finney; Aug. 14, Company L, Thirtieth infantry, Jeff Summers. Pneumonia—Troop A, Tenth cavalry, William Lundy; Aug. 16, Company E, Thirty-sixth infantry, Charles Peterson. Heart Disease—Aug. 5, Company A, Thirty-eighth infantry, Elmer R. Ward. Syncope—Aug. 15, Company B, Twenty-seventh infantry, James Saunders. Tuberculosis—Aug. 13, Company B, Thirty-seventh infantry, Corporal Levi C. Woodley. Killed—Fighting comrade, Aug. 4, Company A, Thirty-sixth infantry, Joseph Kelly. Drowned—Company B, Thirty-eighth infantry, Boyd M. Young. —MacArthur.

More Lynchers Sentenced.

PALESTINE, Tex., Aug. 21.—Former Justice of the Peace Joseph Wilkerson, the alleged leader of the mob that lynched the three Humphreys in Henderson county in May, 1899, and J. A. Johns, Sam Hail and John F. Gaddis, the remaining defendants, today pleaded guilty to murder in the first degree, and each received a life sentence.

Gov. Allen in Porto Rico.

SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO, Aug. 21.—The United States dispatch boat, Mayflower, having on board the governor of Porto Rico, Mr. Charles M. Allen and his family, arrived here today from Boston, Aug. 14.

A meeting of the executive board was called for Aug. 27, when plans for the election to be held in November will be formulated.

New Inspector of Surveyors.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—William McMillen, of Nevada City, Nev., has been appointed inspector of surveyors of general and local land offices. Mr. McMillen was the Republican candidate for governor of Nevada in the last election.

G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT, CHICAGO.

Low Rates Via the North-Western Line.

August 25th to 29th, inclusive, the North-Western Line will sell round trip tickets to Chicago and return, account thirty-fourth annual encampment G. A. R., for $11.50.

Your choice of four fine fast day or night trains each way. Compartment, standard and buffet sleeping cars; luxurious parlor cars, with observation ends, and reclining chair cars, seats free; comfortable coaches. Cafe and dining car service unexcelled.

The Turn of Life

This is a critical period in the life of every woman and no mistakes should be made.

The one recognized and reliable help for women who are approaching and passing through this wonderful change is

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

That the utmost reliance can be placed upon this great medicine is testified to by an army of grateful women who have been helped by it.

Mrs. Pinkham, who has the greatest and most successful experience in the world to qualify her, will advise you free of charge. Her address is Lynn, Mass. Write to her.

BRYAN TO THE VOTERS

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE SETS FORTH THE PLANKS OF THE DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

TRUSTS AN IMPORTANT ISSUE

Speech at Wahoo, Neb., an Appeal to Republicans to Vote the Democratic Ticket.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 21.—Mr. Bryan addressed a large audience of Saunders county people at Waheo, the county seat, today. The speech was an appeal to Republicans to vote the Democratic ticket:

Giving his reasons for this appeal, Mr. Bryan said:

"I want to talk to you Republicans, believing that you are just as anxious to help your country and help your fellows by your vote as the Democrats, the Populists and the Silver Republicans are.

"Now, if you were with us in 1896 there is no reason why you should be against us now unless the new questions have changed your opinion or unless you have changed your opinion on the old questions. But I do not believe you can find in this county any man who voted with us in 1896 who has changed his mind on those issues and now believes that the Republican party was right in 1896. I believe you will find many people who were against us on the old issues who are with us on the new ones. We had men in 1896 who came to us on the silver questions, Republicans who were not willing to turn over and vote the Republican ticket just because the Republican party had changed its proposition on the money question—Republicans who were in earnest in 1888 when they denounced the gold standard; Republicans who were in earnest when they advocated bimetallism in 1892, and therefore they refused to take the Republican position on the money question in 1896. And when they got out of the Republican party and began looking at the Republican party from the outside, they found the same vicious principles ran through all the Republican doctrines and today they are with us, not only on the silver question, but upon all the new question also." (Applause.)

THE SILVER ISSUE.

In this connection Mr. Bryan referred at some length to the financial question, saying: "The Republican party is trying today the same deception that it practiced in 1896 on the money question. When I say that the Republican party practiced deception on the money question in 1896 I don't want any Republican to think I mean he was dishonest in his advocacy of the Republican position in 1896. The Republican party held out the false hope of international bimetallism. I want to assert today that the Republican leaders never intended that we should have enternational bimetallism in 1896. The Republican leaders wanted the gold standard then just as they want it now, but they held out before the people the delusion of international bimetallism. The president sent a committee of three distinguished gentlemen, and they were to labor with the European nations and try and get those nations to help us. Did they succeed? Of course they did not. We told you in 1896 that they would not succeed. You could not expect England to join with us in restoring bimetallism. Now, how can you tell whether the Republicans were in earnest or not when they held out that promise? If a man sets his heart on a thing and does not get it he feels sore and sad and unhappy and sorrowful. You cannot find a Republican today that felt sorrowful because they did not get international bimetallism that they promised to get in 1896." (Applause.)

At this point some one in the rear of the crowd shouted: "Hurrah for McKinley," to which Mr. Bryan promptly responded: "Now, I don't know whether that man is hurrahing for the McKinley that denounced Grover Cleveland or the one following in Cleveland's footsteps. I want to assure you that I don't object to any one cheering for McKinley, but I think that you owe it to the audience to describe which McKinley you are cheering for when you are cheering." (Applause and cheers.)

He then went on: "Now, the Republican party today does not talk in favor of silver at all. There is no talk about internation bimetallism. If bimetallism was good in 1896, it is good now. If the double standard was desirable in 1896, it is desirable now. Then, why is it that the Republicans don't talk about it? Because they did not want it in 1896."

THE TRUSTS.

Speaking of trusts, he said: "The Republican party is trying today the very same policy on these other questions that it tried on the money question in 1896. They attack the trust in their platform, and yet you cannot find a Republican paper, and read it if it is a daily, for a week, and if it is a weekly paper, for a month, without finding a defense of the trusts. The Republican platform denounces the trusts and Republican editors are spreading before the public arguments defending the trusts. Now, why is it? It is because the platform is hypocrisy. The Republican party does not intend to destroy trusts, but under the cover of a platform denunciation of the trust the Republican leaders are trying to quiet the minds of the people and make them accept the trust as a good thing. It is all right for the head of the trust to vote the Republican ticket and contribute to the campaign fund, but if I tell the man who pays the dividends that he ought to look out for his own interests, the Republican party says I am bringing the appeal down to too low a level. A man who buys a trust-made article has as much right to look after his own interests in the campaign as the man who sells a trust-made article. Suppose you wanted to buy barbed wire—haven't you a right to inquire why it has gone up? Suppose you wanted to buy oil, haven't you a right to inquire why it has gone up? You know the Republicans for years told us what a great blessing the Standard Oil company was to reduce the price of oil. That was because they were trying to secure all the properties. Yet they have declared dividends so far of 40 per cent. Was it necessary to raise the price of oil in order to make a dividend? And while this great corporation is amassing its wealth by means of monopoly, the Republican party does not raise one hand to stop it. Why is it that the Republicans can vote for the Republican party while it protects such monopolies as that? I want you Republicans who have been voting the Republican ticket to ask yourself this question: 'If the Republicans do not look out for your interests, why need you look out for the Republican party's interests? There are Republicans who were denouncing the trusts until the Republican party got in and then there were more trusts organized under the Republican administration during the last three years and a half than were organized in the previous history of the country, and they are now trying to make themselves think it is good. They have had to change their opinion as fast as the Republican party changed its position. Let me give you a recent illustration:

"OUR PLAIN DUTY."

"When Mr. McKinley sent his message to congress, saying it was our plain duty to give free trade to Porto Rico, those Republicans walked on the streets and re-echoed 'plain duty.' Then something happened. Some power behind the throne began to work. We have never been able to locate it exactly, but we know of this power just as we know of a tornado, by its effects. This power overrode the recommendations of the governor at Porto Rico; this power overrode the petition of the people of Porto Rico; this power overrode the chairman of the committee on means and ways, and compelled him to bring in a bill directly the opposite of the bill first introduced; this power overrode the president and made him sign the bill, when he said it were our plain duty to do the opposite, and the Republicans have to turn somersaults and say 'it is our plain duty to deny what was our plain duty before.' It was last December when the president said 'plain duty,' and it was after that you men were shouting 'plain duty,' but a power greater than your administration controlled, and that secret power was great enough to tear the flag from the constitution and to assert the doctrine that the president and congress are not restrained by the constitution when dealing with people of the United States. (Great applause.)

"Republicans, are you willing to turn over on this question just because your party has done a thing that you know is not right? Men like Gov. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, and others, who have received honors at the hands of the Republican party, men who have been prominent in its affairs, but who hold their conscience above party allegience, declare that they will not turn merely because the Republican party has turned on these questions.

M'KINLEY'S FLOP.

"It is only a little more than two years ago that the president sent a message to congress in which he said that forcible annexation is contrary to our code of morality and criminal aggression, and yet today Republicans are asked to approve of a thing that was denounced as criminal aggression and against our code of morality less than two years ago. Has the code of morality changed? They have changed their code of morality, and now assert that it is right which they even declared criminal less than two years ago. I said that I had no fear that those who were with us in 1896 are against us now, but I do believe that may people who did not realize in 1896 how the dollar was rising above the man in the consideration of the government. I believe that many who did not realize then how organized greed has been pressing for consideration before the Republican party, and securing special privileges from the government for private gain. I believe many of these realize on these questions what they did not understand of the old ones, and there will be more people leaving the Republican party because of its position on militarism than have ever left it in one campaign in all the history of the Republican party."

PHILIPPINE POLICY.

The remainder of his speech was devoted to the policy of the administration in the Philippines. One of his points on this subject was made as follows:

"When Mr. McKinley spoke in Boston a year ago last February, he said that no sordid doctrine entered into the Philippine question, but that it was just destiny and duty, and yet when Senator Lodge came from the city of Boston to preside as chairman over the Republican convention, he made a speech in which he said that the Republican party made no hypocritical pretenses, but what we want is trade, and we want to expand that trade. A year ago last February the president said that no commercial idea entered into it, and Mr. Lodge now says that we are interested in the Philippines for the United States and the trade in question is the great question. Yes, the trade question is the question that has an important influence in determining the policy of the government on the Philippine question. Take away the trade argument and you could not find a respectable guard to watch over the remains of imperialism.

"If you could kill the Filipinos off and then go over there and establish a republic and forget all about having killed them you might get over it. But you do not dare to kill them off, because you would not have anybody to trade with over there. If you would kill the Filipinos off there would be no chance in the world for a carpet bag government. You have got to let them live, and if they live they have got to be a part of you. They have got to be citizens, sharing in the destiny of our nation or subjects."

Mr. Bryan left Lincoln at 9:30 tonight for Auburn, in the southern part of the state. He will not return to Lincoln until after the Populist notification ceremonies at Topeka.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate For Brain Workers.

Strengthens the exhausted and confused brain, relieves nervous headache, and induces refreshing sleep.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

STEVENSON AT SEDALIA.

Vice Presidential Candidate Addresses a Crowd of 40,000.

SEDALIA, Mo., Aug. 21.—The Democratic campaign in Missouri was opened here today in the presence of nearly 40,000 persons. A parade through the streets of clubs from different parts of the state was followed by speechmaking. The principal addresses were made by Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson, the vice presidential candidate, and A. M. Dockery, Democratic candidate for governor of Missouri.

A reception to the distinguished visitors was held in the morning at the Sischers hotel, and several thousand people shook hands with Messrs. Stevenson and Dockery and others. The Jefferson club, of St. Louis, accompanied by a band, brought nearly 1,500 visitors from St. Louis and came in for a large share of attention in the parade. The parade started for the park, where the speechmaking was to take place, about 3 o'clock. When the speakers reached the park, half an hour later, they were greeted by the biggest crowd that has ever gathered in the city.

Mr. Stevenson was accompanied by Mr. Dockery, David Overmeyer and John Atwood, of Kansas, and minor men on the Missouri state ticket. Mr. Dockery easily received the greater share of applause, as the party ascended the platform, but the vice presidential candidate came in for no small share of attention. The clouds blew over, and Mr. Stevenson was introduced to deliver the first speech. His speech was devoted almost entirely to the question of imperialism. He referred to the Boers as "our allies in a foreign country." Imperialism, he said, had been sacredly made the paramount issue in the Democratic platform, and he added: "The success of the imperialistic policy foreshadows the empire. Shall the American people change the course that has brought us prosperity and happiness for many years to a policy against which history is filled with warnings in the wreck of empires?"

Mr. Stevenson continued: "The Democratic party stands pledged to an unceasing warfare against private monopoly in every form. Our platform favors the creation of a department of labor whose chief officers shall take rank with other constitutional advisers of the president.

"That is in the interest of justice, and will prove an important step looking to the proper recognition and encouragement of the products of wealth. In explicit terms, it favors liberal pensions to our soldiers and sailors and those dependent on them.

"With equal justice it reiterates the demand of a former Democratic platform for bimetallism and the restoration of silver to its proper function in our monetary system.

"For the protection of home labor it demands the enforcement of the Chinese exclusion act. In the interest of an enlarged commerce it favors the immediate construction of the Nicaraguan canal."

POPULISTS MAY NOT CONCUR.

Butler and His Following Want a Candidate of Their Own.

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—The latest reports received here indicate the Populist national committee, which is to meet in this city on the 26th inst., may not be as harmonious as when the executive committee of selecting was in session here early in the month.

The meeting is called for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the vice presidency. When Mr. Towne declined the nomination of the Populists it was generally supposed that Mr. Stevenson would receive the Populist indorsement by general consent. The correspondence which has taken place between the members of the national committee of that party, since the meeting of the executive committee in this city ten days ago, makes it plain this result, while apparently still probable, will not be accomplished without a struggle. Indeed, it is understood that many of the leaders of the party are strongly urging that the committee shall name an independent candidate. Those who take this position include a majority of the officers of the national committee, among them being Chairman Butler and Treasurer Washburne, who are pronounced in their views. Vice Chairman Edmisten is also said to incline towards the opinion that wisdom demands that the Populists have a candidate of their own in the field. Secretary Edgerton is credited with being the only officer of the organization who is friendly to the indrosement of Mr. Stevenson's candidacy. Mr. Stevenson's friends claim that Edgerton is working effectively in their behalf. The best canvass of the committee thay have been able to make causes them to feel hopeful of the result. Still, those now committed to this course are considerably below a majority in numbers.

Senator Butler and others who agree with him contend that it would be suicidal for their party not to have a candidate of their own political faith in the field. They also hold that unless there is a Populist candidate for second place many Populist votes will be driven from Mr. Bryan.

The national committee has full power to act, in accordance with the instructions of the Sioux Falls convention, and it is presumed its decision when made will be final.

BRYAN TO SPEAK IN CHICAGO.

Will Address Organized Labor There on Sept. 3.

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—It was announced at Democratic national headquarters today that W. J. Bryan would be in Chicago Labor day, after all, and speak at the picnic to be held in connection with the Labor day celebration. The announcement was made by George Schilling, head of the labor bureau at the headquarters, and was joyfully received by the people in charge of the picnic.

If this programme is adhered to it will result in Gov. Roosevelt and Col. Bryan appearing on the same platform.

Roosevelt Coming to Chicago.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Gov. Roosevelt left for New York this morning on the 10 o'clock train. When asked about his visit, he replied that he came especially to see the president, to talk over matters concerning the campaign and his itinerary. The president and Mr. Roosevelt discussed various campaign policies together with the features of the letters of acceptance, which are soon to be made public: It is the desire of Gov. Roosevelt, as vice presidential candidate, to have his utterances during the coming Western tour thoroughly in accord with the views of the presidential candidate, and he also desires to give expression to and make feature of the issues which the president deems most important. Gov. Roosevelt expects to make a great many speeches during the campaign, and has made arrangements to be in Chicago a week from next Monday.

Delaware Republican Convention.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 21.—The convention of the regular Republicans (anti-Addicks faction), nominated the following ticket today:

Governor, Martin B. Burris; lieutenant governor, John Hunn; presidential electors, Charles W. Pusey, Manlove Haines and Daniel J. Layton; attorney general, H. H. Ward; treasurer, Dr. L. Heisler Ball; insurance commissioner, George S. Smith; auditor, Purnell B. Norman.

Mark Hanna Makes a Speech.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Senator Hanna, chairman of the Republican national committee, opened the campaign of the Republicans in New Jersey, at Asbury Park, tonight. An immense crowd, more than could be accommodated, gathered in and about the auditorium by the sea shore. The senator was roundly cheered when he entered the building. He was introduced to the audience by Frank Appleby, president of the Asbury Park city council.

Nominated for Congress.

Wisconsin—Edward W. Luckow, of Baraboo (Dem.), Third congressional district.

Delaware—Former Congressman Jonathan S. Willis (Rep.), for full term; Walter Hoefecker (Rep.), unexpired term.

Pennsylvania—Elias Deemer, of Lycoming county (Rep.), Sixteenth district.

IMPLICATE LABOUCHERE

IMPORTANT SEIZURE OF CORRESPONDENCE AT PRETORIA.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Truth tomorrow will publish correspondence, advising that paper of the seizure at Pretoria of a compromising letter from Mr. Montague White, formerly consul general of the South African republic in London, to Secretary of State Reitz, dated Aug. 4, 1899, and two letters from Henry Labouchere to Mr. White, dated respectively Aug. 2, 1899, and Aug. 4, 1899, which Mr. White appears to have inclosed to Secretary Reitz, and a letter of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, inviting Mr. Labouchere to offer explanations or observations thereon, and Mr. Labouchere's reply. Mr. Labouchere's letters are brief and amount to advice to the Transvaal to gain time by acceptance of the proposed commission to settle the franchise questions, etc., together with an expression of opinion from Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader in the house of commons, and the Liberals generally, that the British cabinet proposed the appointment of the commission with the view of ginving Mr. Chamberlain a chance to "climb down," and that the cabinet was determined to have no war. He also said:

"The president has a great opportunity to give Joe another fall. * * * The great thing is to gain time. In a few months we shall be howling about something in another part of the world."

Mr. Labouchere's reply to Mr. Chamberlain admits the letters are genuine, but declines to recognize Mr. Chamberlain's "pretensions to ask for an explanation on a matter concerning which he is only responsible to parliament and to my constituents," and invites Mr. Chamberlain, in the pursuance of his "new diplomacy," to publish all the correspondence between the colonial office and the governors of Natal and Cape Colony and between the governors and military commanders in South Africa, "so that the public may be able to form a sound opinion on the whole business, including inadequate preparations and initial reverses, and also and especially the Hawksley correspondence."

Mr. B. A. Hawkesley was counsel for the British South Africa company at the time of the Jameson raid, and was generally supposed to have been well posted on all matters connected with it.

The Independence Belge, in January, 1899, published a number of letters to and from Mr. Hawksley, purporting to show Mr. Chamberlain was an accomplice to the Jameson raid, but other and more important letters are said to be in existence. It was claimed at the time the disclosures did not prove Mr. Chamberlain's complicity in the raid, but demonstrated his complicity in the efforts made afterwards to stifle the affair.

PIMPLES AND FRECKLES ON FACE.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

Marie Tempest's London Debut.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Miss Marie Tempest made her debut in comedy today at the Prince of Wales theater, in Anthony Hope's and Edward Rose's dramatization of "Simon Dale," produced under the title "English Nell."

The audience gave every manifestation of approval, and though the play may lack strength, Miss Tempest's interpretation of the title role was conceded to be excellent.

Holland's Queen to Be Married.

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—The Lokal Anzeiger announces the engagement of Queen Wilhelmina to Prince Frederick Adolph, of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

Midsummer Excursions

To Boston and Portland via Soo Line, Aug. 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29. Apply for particulars, ticket office, 379 Robert street.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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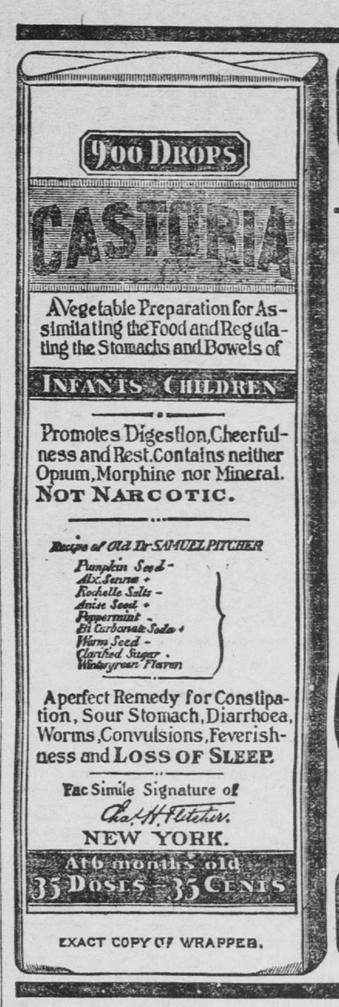
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

BEAR IN MIND THAT "THE GODS HELP THOSE WHO HELP THEMSELVES." SELF HELP SHOULD TEACH YOU TO USE

SAPOLIO

STILL WE SWELTER.

INTENSE HEAT KEEPS UP, VARIED BY TORNADOES.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Reports received tonight by the weather bureau show that the hot wave continues in southern Indiana, southern Illinois, western Tennessee, southwest Missouri and quite generally throughout the lower Mississippi valley and in the south Atlantic and gulf states. There has been a fall of ten degrees in St. Louis and Kansas City, and the indications are for cooler weather in the Ohio valley.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Aug. 21.—The highest temperature known in years has prevailed along the south Atlantic coast during the last few days. At this place the thermometer reached 102 degrees; at Brunswick, Ga., 101 degrees. At other coast cities the high temperature records have been broken and at interior points the heat has been intense. Few prostrations, however, have been reported.

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 21.—The intense heat that has prevailed here for a period of ten days was broken today by a heavy shower. In two hours the temperature dropped from 100 to 66. The rain is general throughout the state. Late planted corn will be materially benefited.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 21.—The intense heat that has prevailed here for several weeks, almost without intermission, continues with apparently no prospect of cessation. Until yesterday there have been few prostrations, owing to the dryness of the atmosphere. Then there were two deaths and eleven prostrations.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 21.—Telegrams from various points in northern Ohio indicate that last night's storm was by far the most destructive of the season. Many thousands of acres were flooded throughout Wood, Ottawa, Sandusky, Erie, Seneca, Lorain, Richland and Wyandotte counties and the loss to crops will be heavy.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 21.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Two Rivers, Wis., says a tornado swept through that section inflicting incalculable damage. The path was about four miles north of there. The granary and barn of Mrs. Henry Heinecke were unroofed and the debris scattered over ten acres of ground. A daughter of Mrs. Heinecke was severely injured by a flying timber. Other barns were damaged. Crops were damaged and orchards uprooted. The lightning and hail were terrific.

BUFFETED BY STORM.

Steam Yacht Sapho Has a Rough Time on Lake Michigan.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Aug. 21.—The steam yacht Sapho, of Chicago, met with a terrible experience on Lake Michigan after leaving Sheboygan yesterday. The yacht was caught in the tornado as it spent itself in the lake and for thirty minutes was buffeted about, those on board expecting every minute to be their last. The yacht reached Milwaukee today. In addition to the five men who composed the crew there were on board Commodore M. J. Steffens, owner of the yacht, residence in Chicago; George W. Ristine, ex-president of the Colorado & Midland railroad, residence in Chicago; R. J. Steffens, son of Commodore Steffens, residence in Chicago.

Commodore Steffens, in speaking of the happening, said it was the worst he had experienced in twenty-one years of lake travel, and how the party ever outlived the storm was more than he could tell.

Via "The Milwaukee's" New Train

You can leave Minneapolis 10:50 p. m. and St. Paul 11:25 p. m. (every night), and arrive Milwaukee 10:45 a. m. and Chicago 1:00 p. m. Fine sleepers and coaches through to Chicago.

CUBAN TEACHERS ON THE GO.

They Owned New York Yesterday—Start Home Thursday.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—The visiting Cuban and Porto Rican teachers were the guests of New York city today, their immediate hosts being the board of education. They were taken to several points of interest, which included Gen. Grant's tomb in Riverside Park, Columbus university, a public school, Central Park and the Aquarium at the Battery. After listening to an address of welcome delivered by acting Mayor Guggenheimer, they sat down to an open air banquet on the Mall in Central Park. After visiting various points of interest, the battery was reached by street cars, thirty-eight being used, and the pedestrians on Broadway cheered the teachers lustily as the cars sped by.

When the Aquarium had been inspected, the party was taken aboard the transports in the bay, and tonight left for Philadelphia. They will leave that city for Havana on Thursday.

TETTER, No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

Chicago.

To accommodate its patrons, the popular Chicago Great Western Ry. will run a special train on Sunday, August 26th.

Leave St. Paul 7:00 p. m. Arrive in Chicago 9:00 a. m. Train is composed of First-class Coaches, Reclining Chair Car seats free, Pullman Sleepers, Berths $2.00, Tourist Sleepers, Berths $1.00.

Three daily trains to Chicago in addition to the above. Excursion Rates. For information and tickets, call or address J. P. Elmer, Gen. Agt., 364 Robert Street, Cor. Fifth, St. Paul. J. N. Storr, C. P. and T. A.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION FREE

Mme. A. Ruppert's World Renowned Face Bleach almost Without Cost

No matter how Blemished the Skin, Face Bleach will make it perfect

Madame A. Ruppert says:

"I know there are many ladies who would like to try the merits of my Face Bleach, but on account of the price, which is $2.00 per bottle, or three bottles for $5.00, have had some hesitancy in spending that amount to convince themselves of its great value. Therefore, during this month, I will depart from my usual custom and offer to all a trial bottle, sufficient to show that it is all that I claim for it, for 25 cents per bottle. Any reader of this can send me 25 cents in stamps or silver, and I will send them a trial bottle of my world-renowned Face Bleach, securely packed in plain wrapper, sealed, all charges prepaid. An opportunity to test so famous a remedy at so slight a cost is seldom offered, and I trust that the readers of this will take advantage of it at once, as the offer may not be repeated.

Madame A. Ruppert has now been before the public for over twenty years as the greatest Complexion Specialist.

She is the pioneer in her art, and stands pre-eminent at the head; she has had thousands of imitators, but not a single competitor. Face Bleach is not a new untried remedy, but has been used by the best people for years, and for dissolving and removing tan, sunburn, moth, freckles, sallowness, blackheads, eczema, pimples, roughness or redness of the skin, and for brightening and beautifying the complexion, it has no equal.

It is Absolutely Harmless to the most Delicate Skin

The marvelous improvement after a few applications is most apparent, for the skin becomes as nature intended it should be, SMOOTH, CLEAR AND WHITE, free from every impurity and blemish. It cannot fail, for its action is such that it draws the impurities out of the skin, and does not cover them up, and is invisible during use. This is the only thorough and permanent way.

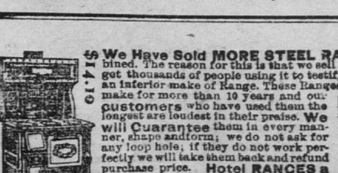
For the present I will, as stated above, send a trial bottle of my Face Bleach to anyone who will remit me 25 cents in stamps or silver. Madame A. Ruppert's book, "How to Be Beautiful," which contains many points of great interest to ladies, will be mailed free upon application.

Address all communications to

MADAME. A. RUPPERT

6 East 14th Street, New York.

BUY A DOUBLE BARREL BREECH LOADING $15 SHOT GUN for $7.77.



NEW WINCHESTER RIFLES, $3.07. NEW BREECH LOADING SHOT GUNS, $4.47. NEW WINCHESTER SHOT GUNS, $15.07. Winchester and U. M. C. Loaded Shells, $1.17 per 100. Nitro Powder Loaded Shells, $1.77 per 100.

GET SHOT, GUNS AND AMMUNITION at wholesale prices to everybody. Our large Gun Catalogue containing 96 pages, size 9½x12½ inches, will be sent postage paid on receipt of three cents to any one returning this ad and mentioning this paper. We can save you big dollars on guns. Write at once