

REVERSE FOR BRITISH

BRITISH GARRISON AT DEWETS-DORP SURRENDERS TO THE BOERS

WERE FOUR HUNDRED ALL TOLD

PENSIORSHIP DOES NOT PERMIT CABLING OF A DETAILED ACCOUNT

ALARM IS FELT IN ENGLAND

Irritation Felt by Britons at French Sympathy for Kruger—No Intervention to Be Allowed.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Lord Roberts called from Johannesburg, under date of Nov. 23: "The Dewetsdorp garrison of two guns of the Sixty-eighth field battery, with detachments of the Gloucestershire regiment, the Highland Light Infantry and Irish rifles, 40 in all, surrendered at 5.30 p. m. Nov. 23. Our losses were fifteen men killed and forty-two wounded, including Maj. Hansen and Capt. Digby. The enemy is said to be 1,500 strong. Four hundred men were dispatched from Edenburg to relieve Dewetsdorp, but they did not succeed in reaching there in time. Knox joined this force, and four Dewetsdorp wagons and seventy-five sick and wounded had been left there. Knox pursued and is reported to have successfully engaged Steyn and Dewet near Van Buren Nov. 27. They retired west and southwest. Knox's messenger failed to get through, so I have no details.

The disaster at Dewetsdorp has sent a thrill of alarm through Great Britain. The censorship continues so strict that there is no hope of arriving at a clear conception of the actual position of affairs in South Africa. For instance, important accounts of the subsequent proceedings and the recapture of Dewetsdorp give ample details, not omitting to announce the capture of the wagons and a quantity of loot; but there is not the slightest mention of the surrender of 400 British troops and two guns, which did not even reach the Boer wagon. The Boers were able to use them against the British relief forces.

The "Ubiquitous Dewet" seems to have again gotten away, and there is no news that the captured British have been liberated.

WORK FOR PARLIAMENT.

Taking into consideration the military situation north of the Orange river the smouldering rebellion in Cape Colony, the rumors that France has promised Mr. Kruger to press arbitration on the land if he is able to secure the support of Germany and that Lord Kitchener after all is not to be given the chief command in the African, the British government will meet the new parliament next week at an exceedingly inopportune moment.

No attempt is made to conceal the extreme irritation felt at the adoption of a vote of sympathy with Mr. Kruger by the French chamber of deputies. The morning papers are unanimous in declaring that no interference of any kind will be allowed to change British policy.

The Daily Mail publishes an interview with Mr. Zitsman, a Levantist member of the Cape assembly, who is now in England as a delegate of the vigilance committee. Mr. Zitsman admits the gravity of the situation, but says he does not fear a general rising, although he thinks it may be necessary to send troops into the most disaffected districts, Graaf Retnet, Stekenbosch, Worcester and Parnell, where mob riots are likely to occur. He also expresses the opinion that the "only thing which prevents a rising is the lack of arms and ammunition."

The Morning Post reviewing the situ-

ation says: "The surrender at Dewetsdorp looks still worse in the light of the suggestion that probably half a town has been garrisoned in the territories of the republics are in no better situations to resist attack."

The Standard, unaccountable and, as he "deplorable, unaccountable and, as at the present juncture, doubly unfortunate."

FRENCH SYMPATHY.

Chamber of Deputies Adopts Resolution by Unanimous Vote.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—In the chamber of deputies today M. Denys Cochin, Conservative, proposed the following motion:

"The chamber of deputies, on the occasion of the arrival of the president of the Republic in France, is happy to address to him a sincere expression of its respectful sympathy."

The motion of M. Denys Cochin was adopted unanimously and the 550 voters cheered when the result was announced.

OOM PAUL'S PROGRAMME.

Will Reach Berlin Tuesday and Remain Four Days.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—Mr. Kruger will leave here Saturday for Berlin. The hour of his departure has not been fixed. He will remain at Cologne over Sunday and rest. On Monday he will go to Magdeburg and thence to Berlin, where he expects to arrive Tuesday morning.

Mr. Kruger passed the day in receiving the loss of the United States auxiliary cruiser Yosemite, which parted cables and struck on a reef of San Luzon d'Apral, Island of Guam, during a typhoon, Nov. 13, and was afterwards driven to sea by the gale, where she sank Nov. 15. The United States cruiser Newark will sail for Guam tomorrow to investigate the circumstances of the disaster.

According to advices received here from unofficial sources, the wind was blowing from the southeast in the early morning of Nov. 13, at the rate of 100 miles an hour. The Yosemite had two anchors down, but both were dragged a mile across the harbor entrance. At 11 a. m. she struck the reef and stove forward. She drifted for an hour and struck the rock near Samal, carrying away her rudder and damaging her propeller.

A launch had been sent to find shelter, but it capsized and the occupants were drowned. They were Coxswain Francisco, Seaman George Urbel, Engineer Macabini and Fireman G. L. Davis and Joseph Anderson. The storm abated somewhat at 1 p. m., but was then renewed with violence from the southwest. A dozen of the crew attempted to carry a line ashore, but the boat capsized. The occupants managed to reach the three rafts.

Meanwhile the Yosemite was being blown to sea, her head low, her forward compartment being filled. The boiler and engine room were full of water, the pumps kept going. The cruiser was kept afloat until the afternoon of Nov. 15, when the United States collier Justin, which had sustained damage to her anchors during the storm, sighted her.

RISCUED BY THE JUSTIN.

The Justin fastened to the Yosemite two chains and two cables, but these parted. Finally 158 of the Yosemite's crew, 26 marines and 9 officers were transferred to the Justin, together with \$5,000 Mexican.

The Yosemite soon plunged head foremost and sank.

The members of the crew were provided with temporary quarters at Agaña, which suffered badly from the hurricane.

The typhoon was of unprecedented violence. Many are reported to have been killed or injured, and three persons were killed and ten died of exposure.

The town of Moravian was destroyed, thirty of the town's people being killed and many of the houses destroyed. It is believed that there was considerable loss of life, and practically all the crops were destroyed. Many dwellings in Agaña were demolished.

Mr. White, wife of Maj. White of the Marine corps, the only white woman in Agaña, took refuge with her husband and Commander Seton Schroeder, naval governor of Guam, in the residence of the governor's mansion which was already partly filled with water.

The United States ship Solance, Capt. Herbert White, was at Manila when she arrived at Guam Nov. 24 with supplies for the family of Gov. Schroeder and the other officers.

CABLE FROM REHEY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29.—The navy department today received a cable from Admiral Rehey, confirming the report of the disaster to the auxiliary cruiser Yosemite at Guam.

The cablegram does not go into details, but states that a heavy crew were lost in the typhoon and that Admiral Kempff will be sent to Guam to ascertain the extent of the damage.

Following is the text of Admiral Rehey's cablegram:

"Cavite, Nov. 29.—Bureau of navigation, Washington, Manila. I have the honor to report total loss of Yosemite, Nov. 13. Chained parted in typhoon, drifted to sea, and was lost. (See report of Mr. Collier) went to the rescue. Steam launch crew of five lost. Shall send Kempff to Guam tomorrow to ascertain extent of disaster, and transport Yosemite crew to Cavite."

Admiral Rehey's dispatch came in an early hour and gave the first official details of the total loss of the Yosemite. The dispatch was communicated to Secretary Long who immediately telegraphed to the secretary expressed profound regret at the loss of the ship and men but there was some consolation in the fact that the loss of life was comparatively small considering the large complement of officers and men carried by the Yosemite under ordinary circumstances.

The fact that Admiral Kempff probably had left Cavite by this time for Guam gave assurance that everything possible would be done. The secretary said the department would make every effort to ascertain the extent of the disaster and the names of those who were lost and would keep the public informed.

The fact that Admiral Rehey's reference to the Yosemite, applies to the collier Justin which recently had arrived at Guam. The plans concerning the Yosemite were in a transit state and within a few days from the time of her loss she was expected to leave Guam for Cavite. At the same time the collier Brutus had been ordered from the Philippines to Guam where she was to take the place of the Yosemite as a station ship. In the absence of all cable connection with Guam it is impossible to know whether the Brutus had reached there at the time of the disaster. The Brutus took out a crew and marines who will be sent to the rescue of the Yosemite, which have been there for about a year.

The General Alva which is reported from Manila to have passed the track of the same typhoon which overwhelmed the Yosemite, is a little gubnet of 522 tons displacement. Nevertheless, she is said to have been perfectly staunch and seaworthy and providing she met the storm in the open sea she would in all probability have come safely through. The Alva was a Spanish gunboat captured by the United States army in the Philippines where she had been used by the insurgents and was turned over to the United States navy a year ago.

TRACK OF A TYPHOON

FURIOUS STORM WROUGHT DESTRUCTION ON THE ISLAND OF GUAM

MAY LIVES REPORTED LOST

TOWNS DEMOLISHED AND PRACTICALLY ALL CROPS ARE DESTROYED

SINKING OF THE YOSEMITE

is Confirmed by Later Advices, With the Loss of Five Members of Her Crew.

MANILA, Nov. 29.—Rear Admiral Rehey has as yet received no official report of the loss of the United States auxiliary cruiser Yosemite, which parted cables and struck on a reef of San Luzon d'Apral, Island of Guam, during a typhoon, Nov. 13, and was afterwards driven to sea by the gale, where she sank Nov. 15. The United States cruiser Newark will sail for Guam tomorrow to investigate the circumstances of the disaster.

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Assault Campaign Ended.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The following dispatch has been received from Col. Wilcox, commander of the British troops at Coomassie, Ashanti, dated Nov. 21: "The campaign is ended. The British troops in the camp of the garrison will leave here in a few days."

BULLETIN OF IMPORTANT NEWS OF THE DAY

Weather Forecast for St. Paul: Fair.

1—Collapse of Building. In Track of Typhoon. Minnesota Defeats Nebraska. Reverse for the British. Minneapolis Woman Murdered.

2—St. Paul's Distinguished Dead. Change From '61. More Minneapolis Sensations.

3—News of Northwest. Dodge County Girl's Sad Plight. South Dakota Politics. Uncle Sam's Farm Work.

4—Editorial Page.

5—Sporting News. St. Paul Central Beaten. Commercial Club Tourney. Cornell Shut Out.

6—Railroads of Europe. Popular Wants.

7—St. Paul Stock Market. Thanksgiving in the City. No Skating to Be Found.

8—Shoplifters Enjoying Life. Indians Dying Out.

WEATHER FOR TODAY.

For Minnesota and Wisconsin—Fair Friday and Saturday; fresh south to west winds. Iowa—Fair Friday; warmer in eastern portion. Saturday fair; south to west winds. For the Dakotas and Montana—Fair Friday and Saturday; westerly winds.

ST. PAUL. Yesterday's observations, taken by the United States weather bureau, St. Paul, D. S. P. L. 1900. Arrived at 7 o'clock last night. Barometer corrected for temperature. Highest temperature 71. Lowest temperature 47. Average temperature 59. Humidity 74. Wind S.W. 14. Barometer 30.13. Precipitation .00. 7 p. m. temperature 50. 7 p. m. weather, partly cloudy; wind, southeast.

RIVER BULLETIN. Station. Danger Gauge Change in. St. Paul 14.2 2.1 +0.2. La Crosse 15.0 4.6 +0.3. St. Louis 30.0 11.7 -0.1.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURES. St. Paul 53. High Cheyenne 53. 52. Battleford 33. 33. Cincinnati 32. 34. Bismarck 30. 33. Cleveland 32. 34. Duluth 32. 33. St. Paul 53. 52. Edinburg 32. 33. Jacksonville 30. 32. Edinburg 32. 33. Marquette 32. 32. Helena 35. 35. Montgomery 52. 54. Helena 35. 35. New York 42. 40. Helena 35. 35. Nashville 42. 46. Helena 35. 35. New Orleans 62. 70. Helena 35. 35. Philadelphia 48. 50. Helena 35. 35. Pittsburgh 32. 44. Helena 35. 35. Salt Lake 38. 44. Helena 35. 35. Buffalo 35. 35.

OCEAN LINERS. NEW YORK—Arrived: Teutonic, Liverpool; Werra, Genoa; Mainz, Bremen; La Lorraine, Havre. HAMBURG—Arrived: Pennsylvania, New York, via Plymouth and Cherbourg. LIVERPOOL—Arrived: Majestic, New York; Montfort, Montreal. Sailed: Commonwealth, Boston. GEORGETOWN—Sailed: San Francisco. LONDON—Sailed: Manitou, New York. QUEENSTOWN—Sailed: Germanic, New York. BOSTON—Arrived: Saxonia, Queens-town and Liverpool.

HIS LOVE HAD CHILLED

AGNES McNAMARA TAKES FATAL DOSE OF CHLOROFORM.

Agnes McNamara, who comes from Londonderry, Me., was found last night in a room in a Minneapolis hotel, unconscious from the effects of a heavy dose of chloroform. Dr. W. D. Murry was called, and after attending to her, she was conveyed to the City hotel, and will recover.

The motive for the attempted suicide was evidently disappointment in a love affair, as the following letter was found by her side, addressed to Grant McGahan, her lover, at his home in Londonderry, Me.

Minneapolis, Thanksgiving Day. D. ar Grant—Your letter just received, and when you say that you have not heard from me, I am sure you are not coming in the least, dear, but why have you kept up the farce so long? And why ask for my photograph when you do not care for me, you will not give it to my picture, unless you want to give it to your housekeeper. I can only blame myself and my miserable temper. I have known ever since that morning when we had that talk, that you were not coming, and I have been waiting for you to come, and you added your lies to mine to make me think that you still cared for me, and even in the face of letters from your father telling me how everything was, I still thought you had forgotten me. I am tired of the endless strife and disappointment, and more than all, I am tired of the physical suffering, and nights of torture, so I have made up my mind to cash in. This will be one poker bet you will be called upon to pay. With my best wishes for your happiness, Agnes.

BATTLE WITH INDIANS.

MEXICAN TROOPS LOSE TWENTY MEN KILLED.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 29.—News of a fierce battle last Sunday between Mexican regulars and Yaqui Indians was brought here today by two American miners, who report that the Indians entrapped the Mexicans in a narrow defile in the mountains and when the Mexicans finally withdrew they left twenty dead. The battle continued all long range. Six Indians were killed or wounded.

TO CALL ON MILITIA.

No Rioting Will Be Allowed in Tampa Strike.

TAMPA, Fla., Nov. 29.—A communication was handed the sheriff today, signed by the leading manufacturers of the city, saying they had good cause to anticipate an attempt to interfere with their business. They said that the city was unable to afford them protection and demanded protection from the state authorities for their property and the right to continue their business without molestation. The sheriff replied that five companies of state militia are now ready to move here on a moment's notice and that he will preserve the peace if it takes every soldier of the state to do it.

GAME WAS A FIGHT ONE

MINNESOTA TOOK NEBRASKA'S SCALP BY A SCORE OF 20 TO 12

LINCOLN TEAM WAS A SURPRISE PUT UP A STRONGER GAME THAN THE GOPHERS HAD EXPECTED

LINE BUCKING OF NO AVAIL

Most of Minnesota's Gains in the Field Were Due to the Visitors' Superior Punting.

MINNESOTA 20, NEBRASKA 12. Pennsylvania 27, Cornell 6. Columbia 17, Carlisle 6. Chicago 15, Michigan 6. Iowa 5, Northwestern 3. Minneapolis High 17, St. Paul High 0. Detroit Athletic 11, Yale Law 0. Stanford 5, Calvary 0. Ohio 23, Kenyon 5. Kansas 6, Missouri 5. Drake 10, Iowa College 0. South Dakota 6, Lincoln Medics 0. Marietta 25, Cincinnati 0. Wisconsin scrubs 23, Milwaukee Medics 0. Heloit 43, Knox 0. Washington 15, Ottawa, Kan. 0. Western Reserve 12, Case 0. Detroit 11, St. Ignatius 0. Dubuque High 23, Davenport 0. Indiana 24, Purdue 5. Kentucky Central 23, Washington and Jefferson 0. Iowa State High School 5, Waterloo 0. Centerville 10, 11; Memphis, Mo. 0. Milwaukee High 11, Madison High 5.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 29.—(Special).—Minnesota vanquished Nebraska today.

At 2:12 p. m. Nebraska appeared. Tremendous cheering greeted the Nebraska team. They looked like a bunch of gophers.

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PEEL TO THEIR DEATH

MANY SPECTATORS AT A 'FRISCO FOOTBALL GAME ARE KILLED

GLASS HOUSE ROOF COLLAPSED

AND HALF A HUNDRED FELL UPON THE ROARING FURNACES

SOME WERE ROASTED ALIVE

While Others Were Killed outright by the Fall—Long List of Persons Seriously Injured.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 29.—By the collapse of the roof of the San Francisco Pacific Glass Works at Fifteenth and Bryant streets this morning, fifty people were more or less injured, some of them fatally. The number of dead is reported as fifteen.

The victims were watching the football game between the Stanford and University of California teams, when the roof beneath them gave way, precipitating them to the floor of the factory. Some of them fell upon the furnaces, and one man of unknown identity was burned almost to a crisp. The crash of the falling roof was heard a great distance away by thousands of people hurried to the scene.

Messages were sent to the city receiving hospital and the morgue and all the available ambulances were hurried to the spot. The injured were taken to hospital at 1 o'clock five of the injured had been received. At the time of the accident there was but one doctor on duty at the hospital, who was unable to attend to all the cases as they came in. A summons was sent out immediately calling upon doctors in the neighborhood to come to render assistance.

Owing to the confusion existing at that time the name of but one of the injured had been learned. That one was Al Esmann, who was tragically cut about the head and face.

The crowd was gathered upon the roof of a building directly over the furnace of the glass works.

FELL ON A FURNACE.

When the roof collapsed the occupants were precipitated upon the heated top and rolled off. Fifty forty were injured, nearly all of them seriously. Seven of the dead are boys ranging in age from ten to fifteen years. They were found lying in a row and most of them were covered by a drug store sign.

There were not fewer than 200 persons on the roof when it collapsed, and of these fifty-four went down. Those who were fortunate enough to be rescued were taken to the various hospitals and helped remove the injured. The heat of the furnaces was so intense, and when the news came there was intense excitement among the crowd. Many went through the crowd calling for doctors and many surgeons hurriedly left the game. The sufferers were taken to various hospitals.

The Southern Pacific hospital, within two blocks of the glass works, was soon overcrowded and many of the injured had to be sent to St. Luke's, the receiving hospital and to drug stores. Scattered are they among the various institutions that it is impossible to tell exactly how many were hurt or how seriously they were injured.

CARRIAGES IMPRESSED.

The coroner did not have enough wagons to remove the dead and they were taken away in express wagons. Many elegant private carriages were waiting outside the football grounds and they were pressed into service by the police to take away the injured.

A high fence surrounds the glass works grounds and thousands of people tried to get inside. They were restrained with difficulty by a large force of police.

The following is a list of the identified dead: George Estel, William Valencia, M. Vanlynn, of Pasadena; J. A. Murroney, Thomas Rippon, John Gales. One unidentified body, that of a boy, was also found.

So far as known the above list comprises all the dead, as the first reports were that the coroner had reported that one man, Joseph Gumper, fell into the furnace and was incinerated.

The manager of the glass works recalled that the accident occurred and had sent for the police to compel the crowd to leave. Just as a squad of officers arrived from the city had the roof went down.

Eighty-two persons more or less injured had been taken to the various hospitals or removed to their homes. Most of those killed or injured were between 8 and 12 years of age. Nearly all the victims had their limbs broken, skulls fractured or sustained internal injuries. The portion that gave way was merely covered by the ventilator bars at the apex of the roof and was not constructed to sustain any heavy weight. The horizontal timbers in the center, corresponding to the vertical timbers at the ends, structure, broke near the center and the light frame underneath, with its covering of corrugated iron, caved inward forming a chute down which the boys were thrown. Not many were burned, the majority being killed by the fall. Several of those injured are in a precarious condition and the death list may reach a score within a day or two. A number who were only slightly hurt went to their homes unassisted. Including these the list of injured may be put at 160.

BY THEIR OWN PETARD.

Murderous Conspirators Killed in Beverly Hills, Nov. 23.—A Morgantown, W. Va., special says State Mine Inspector James Paul, of West Virginia, says the recent mine disaster at Berryville, in which fourteen persons were killed, was the result of a conspiracy to kill the foreman of the mine. The conspirators after lighting the fuse stood at the entrance of the mine but the force of the explosion was greater than they expected and they were also killed.

GOVERNOR OF ALABAMA.

Set Up in Bed to Take the Oath of Office.

OPELKA, Ala., Nov. 29.—The oath of office as governor of Alabama was administered to Col. W. J. Sanford in his sick room today by his son, who is a notary of public. Col. Sanford was able to sit up this morning and surrounded only by the members of his family and physicians he took the oath.

SHOT IN THE HEAD BY A POLICEMAN

Minneapolis Man Is Badly Wounded While Trying to Make His Escape.