

STORY OF A PARADE

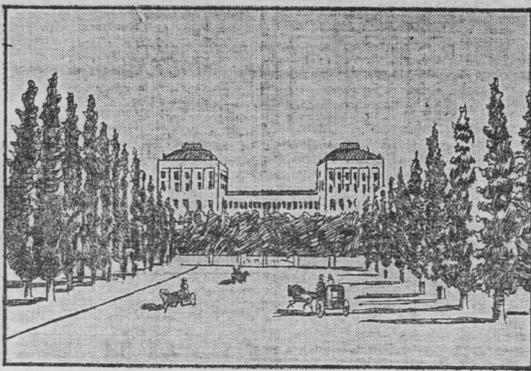
TOLD IN YESTERDAY'S CELEBRATION AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

WAS A HOLIDAY AT WASHINGTON

HIGH DOINGS IN THE HALL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

A MONSTER PARADE MARCHED

Past President McKinley in the Reviewing Stand at the Capitol Led by Lieut. Gen. Miles as Marshal



THE NATIONAL CAPITOL IN 1814.

NO VERDICT REACHED.

MORRISON JURY WILL TRY AGAIN TODAY. ELDORADO, Kan., Dec. 12.—At 10 o'clock tonight Judge Shinn sent the Morrison jury to bed, directing them to resume deliberations on the case at 8:30 o'clock in the morning.

DEADLOCK PREDICTED.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE MEETS TO CONSIDER RAILROAD TAXATION. LANSING, Mich., Dec. 12.—For the third time in two years the state legislature convened here in special session called by Gov. Phingree.

HEALY DOES NOT CARE

DISCUSSES HIS EXCOMMUNICATION BY THE DUBLIN NATIONALIST CONVENTION

COMMENT OF THE LONDON PRESS

CONVENTION IS REGARDED AS A VICTORY FOR WILLIAM O'BRIEN

SAID REDMOND MAY RETIRE

Predicted That He Will Decline the Irish Leadership at the Next Session of Parliament.

LONDON, Dec. 13.—Mr. Healy, in a letter to his constituents acknowledging a vote of confidence, says: "The seasoning which comes to a campaigner of old service converts even the rubric of the gloomiest executioner into a source of gaiety."

The Standard expresses the belief that Mr. John Redmond will decline the leadership at the next session of parliament.

The Daily Chronicle, which urges the government to take steps for the complete buying out of the landlords, says: "The time must come when the planks will be inevitable, and just now it would come as one of those graceful concessions for which Lord Salisbury's foreign policy is much more noted than his domestic."

The newspapers regard the Nationalist convention at Dublin as a victory for William O'Brien. The Times thinks Mr. Redmond must regret the candor of his opening speech, wherein he warned the audience that the convention would be a spectacle of rancor and disorder if the evil effects would continue for a lifetime.

The Daily Chronicle, always sympathetic with Ireland and home rule, says: "How long will the tongues of their own delegates be the greatest stumbling block in the way of the struggle for home rule? How long will the detractors of Ireland, with weighty names, continue to frustrate reasonable hopes?"

Mr. O'Brien must henceforth be the real leader of the Irish Nationalists, and his formal adoption cannot be delayed. If Mr. Redmond is re-elected parliamentary chairman next session he will simply be an instrument and puppet of Mr. O'Brien.

HEALY NOT CAST DOWN. Tim Healy is not a whit disturbed by his exclusion from the Irish party. He has neither the intention of resigning nor of forming an opposition section.

COMMITTEE HAS BEEN CHOSEN TO MEET CHINESE. LONDON, Dec. 12.—The negotiations of the powers in regard to the joint China note were concluded satisfactorily yesterday, all agreeing to the conditions identically as outlined by Count von Buelow, the imperial chancellor of Germany, Nov. 19, with the exception of Tamsco, the former stronghold of the man who is irrevocable, which is eliminated.

DEPOSITORS EXCITED.

Run on the Harlem Savings Bank, New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The run on the Harlem Savings bank, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street and Third avenue, was continued today. When the bank opened there were 250 men and women in line, waiting an opportunity to get into the bank to get their money.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CONVENTION. DUBLIN, Dec. 12.—The Nationalist convention resumed its sessions today, John Redmond presiding. After resolutions had been adopted amending the constitution of the United Irish League and making the national convention an annual fixture, William O'Brien moved a strongly worded resolution in favor of the abolition of landlordism in Ireland and the transfer of the lands to the occupying proprietors.

TUNNEL IS COMPLETED

GREAT NORTHERN'S BIG HOLE THROUGH THE CASCADES.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 12.—The first train will be run through the Great Northern tunnel in the Cascade mountains next Sunday. The tunnel is 13,200 feet long, the thickness of the roof at the thickest place is 530 feet.

TARIFF ON HIDES.

Milwaukee Tanners Will Seek to Have It Removed.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 12.—Milwaukee tanners, with the cooperation of the Milwaukee Chamber of Commerce, are seeking to have the import duty of 15 per cent ad valorem removed from the hides of cattle. It is argued that the duty is neither a protection to the raiser of cattle nor a considerable revenue to the government.

THAT UNGRATEFUL HOG.



"You may as well Stop That Squallin' an' Take What Yew Kint Gitt Yew're Nigh Fat Enough Now, Anyway."

IRELAND AND M'GOLRICK

TO LEAVE WASHINGTON FOR HOME TODAY

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, Minn., and Bishop M'Golrick, of Duluth, Minn., who is a suffragan prelate of the St. Paul province, will leave Washington tomorrow after having spent a week here transacting diocesan business.

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HOUNDED TO DEATH.

SUICIDED BECAUSE OF A WOMAN'S PERSECUTION.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Word was received in this city today of the suicide in Portland, Me., of Sydney Samuel, of this city. Mr. Samuel, who was thirty-nine years of age, was an Englishman of wealth and was formerly in the importing business here with his brothers, under the firm name of Samuel Hermanns.

One of his brothers, Montague Samuel, said today that Sydney had been hounded to his death by a woman, whom he described as an author who is celebrated in this country and Europe. "For three years the brother said, 'she has persecuted him in every way he has sought to evade her, but she has pursued him relentlessly. If there is any possible grounds upon which I may bring action against this woman I will certainly do so. I will not at present disclose the name of the woman.'"

POWERS HAVE AGREED.

COMMITTEE HAS BEEN CHOSEN TO MEET CHINESE.

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LONDON, Dec. 12.—The Pekin correspondent of the Daily Mail, writing Tuesday, and confirming the reports of the agreement as to the collective note, says: "A committee of representatives of the powers has been chosen to regulate the conference with the Chinese plenipotentiaries."

FIGHTING IN COLOMBIA

LATEST REPORT IS OF FEDERAL SUCCESS.

COLON, Colombia, Dec. 12.—Official dispatches have been received from Gov. Alban, of the state of Panama, announcing that after a three days' engagement the powers has been chosen to regulate the conference with the Chinese plenipotentiaries.

Gov. Alban, who returned to the city of Panama today, will hand back unharmed to her owners the British steamer Tubago, which was seized last month by the Colombian government to transport an armed expedition from Panama to the port of Buena Ventura, and was there used in the bombardment of the rebellion on Points Bazan and Soldado.

CHAIRMAN NEWMAN

SAYS STRIKERS WILL WIN

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 12.—J. A. Newman, chairman of the Santa Fe grievance committee, arrived here today to confer with the striking operators. Mr. Newman is very sanguine about the ultimate result of the strike. "I have just received a report from the Chicago division," said Mr. Newman, "stating that we have had numerous accessions to our ranks, and that the boys there are jubilant over the good condition of things. Repeated messages from trainmen on the Chicago division assure me that most of the operators are out. The trainmen say they have great difficulty in running their trains, most of which are late." In the Topeka depot three men and one woman are at work. In the general offices here three new men were engaged today. Mr. Newman has been on the road today, and has not been at any one place long enough to receive complete reports from the system. "From what he has said he says the strike will end in favor of the operators. Permanent headquarters for the strikers have been established in a Topeka hotel, where messages can be constantly received from all parts of the system. The headquarters will be maintained as long as there is any occasion for them. The operators here claim they have something big up their sleeve, which will develop soon.

YOU MUST SEE WIDGER

VON BUELOW DISCUSSES REASON FOR HIS NON-RECEPTION AT BERLIN

GOHM PAUL WARNED IN ADVANCE

THAT THE GERMAN EMPEROR WAS TOO BUSY TO RECEIVE HIM

GERMANS IN SOUTH AFRICA

Seem to Have Been Somewhat Shabbily Treated During the War by Britons and Boers Alike.

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—In the reichstag today, the imperial chancellor, Count von Buelow, referring to the complaints which had arisen on account of Emperor William's failure to receive Mr. Kruger, went lengthily again into reasons for the non-reception of Mr. Kruger, covering new ground in a statement which he made as to the relations between Germany and Great Britain. He said the announcement that Mr. Kruger was coming was made twenty-four, or at the most, forty-eight hours before leaving for Berlin. Up to that hour it had been assumed that Mr. Kruger would come from Paris to Holland. The chancellor added: "We apprised him courteously and candidly, through the Paris embassy, and Dr. Leyds, that the emperor would not receive him in a position to receive him. Notwithstanding this, Mr. Kruger started. He was told again at Cologne, in the most moderate terms, that the emperor was unable to see him."

NOT DICTATED BY ENGLAND.

The chancellor repudiated the suggestion that the government's action was due to any wish or proposal from the English cabinet or government to the emperor. He said that the emperor only German national considerations were authoritative. If family relations or dynastic considerations influenced the foreign policy he would not remain minister another day. Continuing, the chancellor said the Anglo-German agreement of 1886 did not contain a provision relating to the emperor. Great Britain and the South African republics. The Yang Tse and Samoan agreements had no secret clauses.

THE JAMESON RAID.

When the emperor, in 1886, sent the telegram to the British cabinet, the question of war between the states. It was a matter of a filibustering expedition. The chancellor did not repudiate the emperor's refusal to receive Mr. Kruger as a correct expression of his righteous feeling regarding international law. The emperor did not intend to determine Germany's policy forever by that telegram. The chancellor repudiated the common diplomatic indiscretion in saying that the reception of that telegram outside of Germany was not to be doubted. In the event of a conflict with England in Africa, Germany would have to rely solely on her own strength.

Baron von Richthofen, secretary of state for foreign affairs, referring to the expulsion of Germans from the Transvaal and the Orange Free State territories, said: "It has appeared to me that these expulsions in many cases were not justifiable, both as to cause and manner, and contrary to the principles of international law, and an expression of this view has been made in London."

VON BUELOW CRITICISED.

Prior to Count von Buelow's speech, Dr. Hasse, the Pan-German leader, sharply criticised the failure of the government to receive Mr. Kruger. While admitting that Germany could not adopt any other position than that of the strictest neutrality, he thought the government should avoid the appearance of breaking neutrality by the refusal to receive Mr. Kruger. He said that the English thought they could give Germany a treatment different to that extended to other parties. He said that English officers had treated Germans scandalously in South Africa, saying of them "they are only Germans," whereas they treated Frenchmen and Belgians as human beings.

GERMAN PRESS COMMENT.

The Agrarian and conservative organs strongly dissent from Count von Buelow's speech yesterday. The Kreuz Zeitung admits that a reception of Mr. Kruger by Emperor William could not have helped the Boer cause, but asks what harm could it have done to Germany. The Tages Zeitung, referring to Count von Buelow's allusion to "popular passion in England," and to the "popular passion which causes wars," exclaims, "We have come to a pretty pass. It then cites sarcastically Prince Bismarck's word, 'We Germans fear God, but nothing else in the world.'"

NEW ARMY RIFLE.

In the reichstag today, referring to the reports that a division of the German army had been recently armed with a new rifle, the minister of war, Gen. von Goslar, admitted that, in order to keep abreast with modern requirements, the war office is negotiating with a Scandinavian inventor for the purchase of a automatic breech-loader. The pattern, however, had not yet been supplied.

REVENUE OFFICERS MISTAKEN FOR HIGHWAYMEN.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 12.—A fight between revenue officers and a party of men whom the officers mistook for illicit distillers in Madison county, Alabama, today, resulted in the shooting of four men. Deputy Collector Jolly Ranier, of the officers' party, was fatally injured, and three men—Drenem, Lloyd and Johnson, of the other party, received serious wounds. The officers, thinking the men in the wagon were Tennessee mountaineers, with a load of "moonshine" en route for Huntsville, ordered them to halt. They mistook the officers for highwaymen, and both parties opened fire.

DEWET EVADES KNOX

BRITISH TROOPS CHASING THE WILLY BOER COMMANDER.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—Lord Litchener cables the British press, under date of Dec. 12, that Gen. Knox, under command of Helvetia, that he is engaged in a running fight with Gen. Dewet, and that the British are moving toward Reddersburg, where there is a column ready to co-operate with the other British forces. Lord Kitchener, in another dispatch, reports that the Boers attacked the post near Barberton. The British forces were three killed, five wounded, and thirteen taken prisoners. The captured men had been released.

The Boers' raid on the Riverton road station Dec. 11. They are being followed up. Gen. Kitchener's message indicates that Dewet has again evaded Knox. After the latter had fooled the Boer general at Coomassie Drift, the Boers seem to have turned back, crossed the Caledon river elsewhere, and turned the Boers northward in the direction of Reddersburg, the memorable scene of British disaster in April, when Dewet captured the Irish rifles.

DIVORCE IN CANADA.

Industry Seems Less Prosperous Than in the United States.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 12.—During the last year bills of divorce were granted as follows: In Canada—Ontario, 3; Quebec, 1; Northwest territory, 1; Nova Scotia, 5; New Brunswick, 5; British Columbia, 2.

In the thirty-two years since confederation there have been granted by parliament and the courts divorces in the whole Dominion. In Ontario, population 2,114,231, there have been granted 45 divorces; in Quebec, population 1,483,231, 16 divorces; in Manitoba, population 127,500, 1 divorce; in Nova Scotia, population 490,000, 9 divorces; in New Brunswick, population 323,900, 7 divorces; in British Columbia, population 30,200, 13 divorces.

CHICAGO STREET RAILWAYS.

Recommendations Reported by the Municipal Commission.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—After more than a year's investigation, the Chicago street railway commission has agreed upon a plan for municipal action in regard to street railways. This plan will be incorporated in a bill which will be presented to the city council, with the recommendation that the council recommend its passage by the state legislature.

STAATZEITUNG SOLD.

Chicago German Daily to Be Established on New Basis.

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—The Illinois Staatszeitung, a leading German newspaper, was sold at auction today to Mrs. Margherita Raster, widow of Herman Raster, who was editor of the paper from 1877 to 1880. The property was bid in for \$30,200, subject to a mortgage of \$19,000. Mrs. Raster was one of the heaviest creditors. The company will be reorganized at once.

SANTA FE MANAGERS

SAY STRIKE IS LOST

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 12.—The Santa Fe railroad has broken off its relations with the O. R. T. All courtesies, present between the road and the operators have been revoked.

WITNESS FATALLY SHOT

HAD TESTIFIED IN SENSATIONAL DIVORCE CASE.

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 12.—Mrs. Jeannette Broadbent, a professional singer, was found shot in the back of the head at 8:30 o'clock, in her room in an apartment house. She may not recover. She has been unable to tell a coherent story, but claims that a man opened her door, shot her and ran away. She cannot describe her alleged assailant. Her own revolver was found in a drawer, with one chamber discharged, a sealed letter addressed to a sister and stamped for mailing, lay on her table. In it she said her revolver had been stolen. The shooting has attracted wide attention, because Mrs. Broadbent was a witness in the sensational Richardson divorce case, now on trial, and testified to statements which she alleged Mrs. Richardson made to her with regard to Mrs. Richardson's acquaintance with a leading professional man. The police hold to the belief that she attempted suicide.

NORDICA IS IN MINNEAPOLIS.

She Will Sing This Evening in "Les Huguenots" With Graus's Company.

Mme. Nordica, who sings tonight in "Huguenots," and in "Lohengrin" Saturday evening, arrived in Minneapolis yesterday morning in her private car from Kansas City. A reporter had a pleasant visit with her yesterday, and found her looking wonderfully fresh and bright, notwithstanding the fact that she has been doing throughout the West. Yesterday was Mme. Nordica's birthday and she laughingly said she had not received a birthday present yet, though she had received a telegram from her husband, en route to New York. Mme. Nordica has been heard in the Twin Cities several times in concert work, but this is her first appearance in opera, and she is very much pleased at the prospect.

It is not surprising that the whole American people should be so interested in the Irish Nationalist and the remarkable success she has achieved. She stands today as the greatest of American singers, and the foreign singers who have won the reputation and fame that she has won are counted on one's fingers. Mme. Nordica is now one of the few great interpreters of German opera in the world. In fact, Nordica and Verina are the only two women singers capable of meeting both the dramatic and vocal requirements of Wagner roles, such as Isolde and Brunnhilde.

DEPOSITORS EXCITED.

Run on the Harlem Savings Bank, New York.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The run on the Harlem Savings bank, One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street and Third avenue, was continued today. When the bank opened there were 250 men and women in line, waiting an opportunity to get into the bank to get their money. They were kept in check and all confusion was avoided by the police lines. At 1 o'clock this afternoon the bank was crowded with depositors desirous of making withdrawals. It was evident that there were as many persons in the bank building as could be paid off to closing hour, so the doors were closed. All who were kept in the bank building were paid off. State Superintendent of Banks Frank D. Kilburn arrived at the bank in the afternoon and made an examination of the bank's affairs. Shortly afterwards, he said: "The Harlem Savings bank is as sound as any bank in the state. Its securities are of the very best."

MONSTER PARADE.

The great public spectacle of the day was the parade and escort to the president from the White house to the east front of the capitol, where the president reviewed the marching thousands.

At the head of the parade rode Lieut. Gen. Miles, chief marshal, in full uniform, mounted upon a superb charger. His staff included Brig. Gen. Beckenkamp and many other prominent officers, mounted and uniformed, presented a brilliant appearance. The military forces participating included artillery, cavalry, marines and sailors. First came the Second United States artillery, Lieut. Col. Myrick commanding, and three battalions of artillery from other regiments. The Fifth United States cavalry, in their stunning uniform and flowing yellow plumes, acted as the immediate escort of the president. Under Col. William A. Rafferty, the troopers were assembled along the north curb of Pennsylvania avenue, fronting the White house, and as the president appeared the

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