SKINTORTURES

And every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This treatment, when followed in severe cases by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood, is the most speedy, permanent, and economical cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors with loss of hair ever compounded.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor.

Cuticura Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world.

THE SET, $1.25

WHAT PAVING SHALL BE USED?

Lively Discussion Among Property Owners on Rice Street.

The passage of the final orders for the paving of Rice street, from College avenue to Como, has started a lively discussion among the property owners interested as to the material to be used.

The property owners are divided between brick and asphalt and in consequence the act calling for the paving may be vetoed by Mayor Smith. A delegation has notified the mayor that they will call upon him shortly to ask his aid in the matter.

As the kind of paving seems to be the bone of contention a public hearing in all probability will be held to determine the concensus of opinion as to the kind desired.

Frank Hubbard and Robert Wyman were arrested at 11:30 last evening on a charge of disorderly conduct. They were fighting at Fourth and Washington streets when arrested.

A UNIQUE BIBLE MUSEUM

GREAT COLLECTIONS OF ANCIENT RELICS AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY

RANGE OF SEMITIC HISTORY

Is Covered by It in Its Various Departments—Founded by Jacob H. Schiff, of New York.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 5.—(Special.)—The new building which is in process of erection for Harvard's Semitic museum, through the generosity of Mr. Jacob H. Schiff, of New York, calls attention to one of the most interesting special collections in the country—a museum illustrating the life and thought of the Semitic peoples, ancient and modern, including the Babylonian-Assyrian, the Arabian, the Phoenician, the Moabite, the Ethiopian, the Syrian and other branches, with the Hebrew-Palestinian, so called, as the nucleus and central feature of the whole. It is, in fact, in the broad and scientific sense, a Bible museum; intended not only to illustrate the instruction given in the Semitic department at Harvard, but to be a working aid to serious Bible students everywhere, both in the university and out of it.

There are Oriental museums, in which Semitic collections form an important part, and there are strictly Biblical museums, but there is no other Semitic museum, at once comprehensive and exclusive, in the world. It was founded in 1889, by a gift of $10,000 from Mr. Schiff, who had recently been appointed one of a new committee to report to the overseers on the condition of the Semitic department, then as now under the charge of Prof. Toy and Prof. Lyon. Other gifts, mainly from the same benefactor, have brought the amount which the university has been able to spend on objects for the museum up to nearly $20,000, until now, and for some years past, the collection has quite outgrown the narrow quarters assigned to it in one of the galleries of the Peabody museum. Accordingly, in 1899, Mr. Schiff offered to give $25,000 for a building, provided as much more were secured from other sources. When nearly $20,000 had been raised in accordance with these terms, Mr. Schiff announced that he would give the entire $50,000 for the new building if the other donors were willing, as it proved they were, that their subscriptions should go to the increase of the collection. Later, when the plans of the new museum were submitted by the architect, Mr. A. W. Longfellow, of Boston, Mr. Schiff further increased his gift to $60,000, to cover the estimate of the contractors. It is hoped that the building may be ready for occupancy some time this year. It will be three stories in height, with commodious lecture rooms and a library for the Semitic department on the ground floor, and the exhibition halls on the second and third.

AN IMPORTANT COLLECTION.

The $20,000 available for the purchase of further material should make the Semitic museum the most important Biblical collection—for so in the main one must consider it—in this country, and one of the most interesting and instructive in the world. As has been said, the aim is to make it of the widest usefulness to Biblical and Semitic students everywhere. Besides its use to the students in the college proper and in the graduate school, it is situated, it may be noted, in the immediate vicinity of the Harvard Divinity school, and within a short distance also of the Episcopal Theological school in Cambridge; while in Boston and its suburbs are theological schools of the Methodist, Universalist, Baptist and Catholic churches. Besides this availability for professional use, so to speak, it is hoped to offer from time to time to the public, especially teachers in Sunday schools and Bible class courses of lectures on Biblical and Semitic subjects, to be directly illustrated by the collections in the museum. The year before last, for example, a course was given by various specialists which treated, with this constant reference to objects in the museum, such subjects as the vegetation of Palestine, past and present; Palestine under the Greeks, the Romans, and the Moslems; the physical features of Palestine, the birds of Palestine, and life in Palestine at the present day. As has been well said, for the general student of the Bible, "such a collection has the same kind of value that those in the old state house and old south meeting house in Boston have for the students of American history. It illustrates the Biblical narrative and deepens the interest in the book by making the record more real and intelligible."

FROM ANCIENT BABYLON.

The most imposing monuments in the museum are to be found of course in the Babylonian-Assyrian section. Here a great collection of casts is being gathered from sculptures in the Louvre, the British museum and other important European museums. The collection of casts from the British museum is already remarkable, comprising as it does some 100 or more monuments of the great Assyrian rulers, from the time of Assurnazirpal, 884 B. C., to Assurbanipal (Sardanapalus), 650 B. C. There is but little distinction, to be sure, in the faces of these monarchs, but there is much variety in the gradual changes of costume. The splendid Assyrian animal sculptures, particularly in the time of Sardanapalus when Assyrian art reached its height, are well represented. All of the best of the British museum sculptures that have been moulded have been procured, and it is intended to secure the others so far as moulds can be made without danger to the originals. Many were exposed to the flames in the burning of the palaces of the Assyrian kings, and, as a result of the heat to which they were then subjected, the alabaster of which they are made is too brittle to make moulds from without danger. Of these, most of which are kept under glass, photographs will be made. But collecting as it will casts and photographs from all the great museums abroad, the Harvard museum should in time possess the most representative collection of objects of Babylonian-Assyrian sculpture ever brought together.

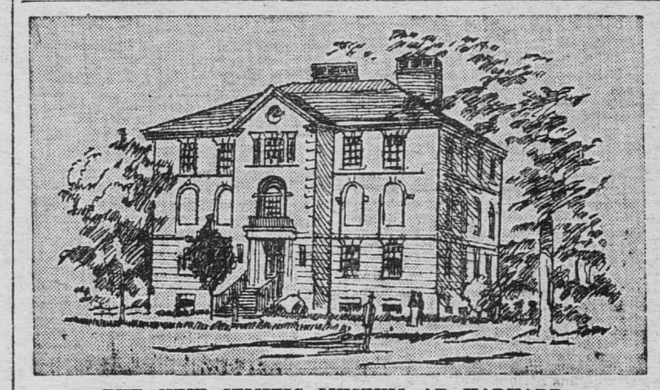
Other Babylonian-Assyrian materials are casts of the most famous inscriptions, and many original clay books, about 1,000 in all, some dating back to 2300 B. C., the time of Abraham, others to the time of Nebuchadnezzar, Cyrus, Darius, and their successors on the Persian throne, and revealing to modern scholarship all phases of public or private and social life—law suits, dowries, loans, or the annals of the kings themselves. The collection includes also a large number of seals, cylindrical or conical, with carvings and the cuneiform writings.

OLD PALESTINE.

In the Hebrew-Palestinian department, it is aimed to illustrate the flora and geology, the modern life and costume of the country, the Jewish religious ceremonials, the scenery, by photographs; and the history, by manuscripts, coins and casts of monuments. The coins, of which there are about 700, struck in different parts of the Roman province, and giving the names of Roman officials, are particularly interesting from the light they throw on the history of the various cities and the records they give of various rulers. Most of the Palestinian collection, as at present constituted, was brought together by Rev. Selah Merrill, the United States consul at Jerusalem. In the same general line are the objects exhibiting the customs of the modern Arabs, while a considerable section of the museum will in time be devoted to Arabic art and history, both in Arabia and in Northern Africa and Spain, from which latter country it is hoped to secure a collection of casts of the finest architectural details, as shown in the Alhambra and other typical monuments of the Moorish occupation.

In the library a considerable number of manuscripts has already been accumulated, including Arabic copies of the Koran and treaties on theology, science, law, and language; Syriac manuscripts from the eleventh century to the present day, chiefly of the Scriptures, charm books, and service books; many Hebrew manuscripts of the Scriptures in roll form; and a few Ethiopic manuscripts.

It is earnestly hoped that some day the Semitic department may be able to undertake certain excavations in Palestine, where, curiously enough, but little systematic digging has ever been done. In this event the collections of the museum would doubtless be greatly enriched. Samaria would be a particularly promising site, where there would be an excellent chance of making discoveries of the highest importance. It is thought that the cost of such a piece of work would not be very great. In Jerusalem itself the ground is so occupied with dwellings that digging on any extensive scale is more or less out of the question. Samaria, on the other hand, long an important Hebrew town, offers great present advantages over Jerusalem to the excavator, who might look forward, moreover, to finding there remains of Hebrew occupation much more clearly revealed than in a city like Jerusalem, in the destruction of which, we are told, not one stone was left upon another.



THE NEW SEMITIC MUSEUM AT HARVARD.

GOLD MINING IN LUZON

MINNESOTA BOYS STRIKE IT RICH IN LEPANTO.

Capt. Charles E. Metz, who commanded Company D of the Thirteenth Minnesota volunteers in the Philippines, has received some interesting letters from three former members of his company, who did not return with the troops but remained to enjoy the mountain scenery and mining wealth of the island.

Woodward, Bishop and Nathorst, write a joint letter, from which the following excerpts are taken. The letter under date of Nov. 2, says:

"We are roughing it on the top of the mountain in the province of Lepanto. The night is dark and dreary and it is raining. The clean-up today amounts to a little better than nine ounces of that precious yellow stuff. No 16 to 1 in ours. Woodward is reading the Police Gazette, two years old, but seems to be enjoying it. We are all doing well and have struck it moderately heavy. That is in less than a month we have taken out 100 ounces of gold, which is no so bad for tenderfeet and with the crude Igoroti labor. Had we had modern machinery it would have been 1,000 ounces instead, but we live in hope that shortly after McKinley's re-election, this insurrection will be rushed, and capital will come our way and this will be one of the greatest mining camps in the world. In a few days we expect a scouting party here from Angagui, nearest military post, some thirty miles distant. Bishop will go back with them to take a job in the custom house at Manila. The rainy season which we spent up here is as far ahead of the same in Manila as day is over night. It was only on a few days that we could not work until 2 p. m., when it would rain until about 7. It is fine and healthy here. Cool water, cold nights. Three blankets are comfortable.

"The Goo-goos have been rather active during the past month and Aggie in a late proclamation speaks of 'Dr. Bryan, my friend and the future president of the United States.'"

LAWYERS MEET WEDNESDAY.

State Bar Association Is to Be Reorganized This Week.

Lawyers of the state will meet at the capitol at 2 o'clock Wednesday, for the purpose of reorganizing the State Bar association. This meeting is to be held in pursuance to action of a meeting of the old association, at the Ryan recently. All attorneys are invited, whether members of the old association or not.

Is Suspected of Larceny.

James Blakely was arrested early yesterday morning in an attempt to get away from the Martin house with $210 cash which he is said to have stolen from a friend, Toni Barroni. The two men had worked together in a railroad camp near Butte, Mont., and came to this city together several days ago. Blakely will have a preliminary hearing Monday.

Talk About It

That's always the way with our Hair Vigor. When persons use it they are always so highly pleased with it that they tell their friends about it.

If your hair is short, too thin, splits at the ends, is rough, or is falling out, our Hair Vigor will perfectly satisfy you.

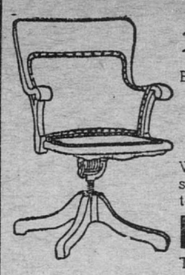
If your hair is just a little gray, or perfectly white, Ayer's Hair Vigor will bring back to it all the dark, rich color it had years and years ago.

One dollar a bottle.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us $1.00 and we will express a bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure and give us your nearest express office.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Send for our handsome book on The Hair.



20% Off on All Office Furniture.

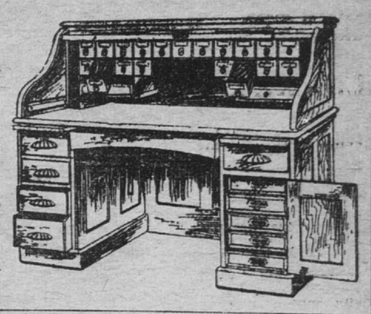
Every Desk and Office Chair in our entire stock, comprising a full line of the celebrated GUNN DESKS, will be placed on sale tomorrow and subjected to a discount of

20 PER CENT

We have about 50 styles of desks from which to select and a very complete assortment of Swivel Chairs to match.

It's Your Chance

To furnish your office in an attractive and up-to-date manner—The very best way in which to advertise your business.



Liberal Discount in Every Department

During this month. Our **Third Semi-Annual Colored Ticket Graded Discount Sale** offers rare opportunities to all who appreciate real genuine bargains.

CASH or CREDIT...

ST PAULS MAMMOTH EASY PAYMENT HOUSE — NORTH STAR HOUSE FURNISHING Co — BUCK'S STOVE & RANGES

434-436 WABASHA ST. - ST. PAUL

CASH or CREDIT...

ALL THREE STAND FIRM

SENATORIAL CANDIDATES PROFESS TO BE WELL SATISFIED AS THINGS STAND

BIXBY IS EXPECTED TODAY

General Belief Is That He Will Have Something to Say About the Senatorial Situation.

Whatever the public may think of the senatorial situation does not affect the personal views of the three leading candidates. Each of these gentlemen professes a degree of faith in his fight as is demonstrated by their individual expressions made to the Globe reporter yesterday, as follows:

Gen. Clapp: "I am very much pleased with the appearance of things and feel quite certain that my candidacy has gained strength since the first of the week. I hope I may be pardoned for saying, frankly, that I regard my election quite the logical result."

Jas. A. Tawney: "I feel very much encouraged by the promises of support that I have received, not only from members of my own district, but from the various interests of the state, which I have been able to serve while in the house because of my position as a representative, bringing me in contract with national legislation affecting those interests.

"The effort being made to create the impression that there is any probability of my withdrawing from this contest, is inspired wholly by the wish of those who circulate these rumors. My candidacy was not announced because of any personal desire on my part, but of the result of the action of the delegation from my district, based on the careful consideration of the entire situation; nor was it based merely upon the ground of good-fellowship or location.

"There are influences at work today throughout the state in my favor, which, in my judgment, will ultimately be a potential factor in the determination of this contest. I have no desire to deceive senators or representatives or influence their judgment as to accessions of strength or hope of such accessions. I do not base my prospects of success on my ability nor the ability of those who are managing my campaign to manipulate members of the legislature, independent of any service heretofore rendered in a representative capacity to the people of this state."

Robert G. Evans: "I have very little to say. I can frankly state that I am entirely satisfied with the situation as I find it after another week of the campaign. I know of no reason why I should feel otherwise."

* * *

Last night wound up the busiest week of the senatorial campaign so far and marked a distinct change in conditions. A week ago Robert G. Evans was generally considered the strongest candidate and Congressman Tawney the weakest of those who had then announced their candidacy. But a steady revolution has been going on for the past three or four days. Clapp has been steadily gaining strength and Tawney has added to his fighting forces, but Evans has been losing for a week. As a consequence of the present status, Clapp and Tawney managers are jubilant, and Evans men are depressed. The most discouraging feature about the Evans loss is that it is a permanent loss. The Minneapolis man apparently marshaled his strongest support at the outside. Clapp started slowly, but has made a continuous gain. His campaign has been quiet but effective. Tawney has only been a candidate one week and the strength he has commanded in this time is quite satisfactory to him and his managers.

With the loss of the Second district and the threatened loss of many of the Duluth delegation, which was pledged to Evans, the outlook of the Minneapolis man is by no means promising. When the St. Louis county members caucused and in a body went over to Evans it was taken as conclusive that the entire delegation there would be solid. The announcement of Senator Hawkins, of Biwabik, that he is for Gen. Clapp, as was published in the Globe yesterday, indicates a break which suggests further results of a similar character in the neighborhood of the lake. A member from the Sixth district, who does not live a great distance from Duluth, said last night: "I have been for Mr. Evans all along, and if I saw the least hope of his winning I would stay right where I was, but as things now are I can see no hope for Mr. Evans, and, believing I have discharged my duty to him and to my delegation, I now feel at liberty to change my position. I see no reason why St. Louis county members should remain loyal to the candidacy of Bob Evans when it looks like a hopeless fight, and even his own county and district refuse to support him unanimously."

* * *

Many of the legislators who have been in the city during the week left for their homes yesterday to prepare for the opening of the session Tuesday, and a large number of others arrived in the city during the evening. Senator McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, was one of the late arrivals. He stated last night that he was still for R. G. Evans.

* * *

Tams Bixby will certainly be in the city today, so his close friends say. He arrived at Red Wing some time during the night from Washington, and is looked for this afternoon, in company with Representative Barteau and one or two other Third district men. Bixby will doubtless determine, in consultation with his friends today, whether or not he will enter the arena. It is still believed he will.

* * *

A few of the Third district members got together yesterday in an informal conference and discussed the advisability of Congressman Heatwole's entering the race for senator. It was understood to be the consensus of opinion that Heatwole had no promising prospects as a candidate. The conclusion was formed in the hotel lobbies that Bixby would be the Third's candidate instead of Heatwole.

* * *

Congressman Tawney left for his Winona home last night and will return to St. Paul this afternoon. He will get things in order and leave for Washington tomorrow night. His presence is demanded there this week to confer with parties on the Louisiana purchase celebration act, the committee of which he is the chairman. He expects to be back in Minnesota within a week.

* * *

The elective officers of the senate and house are nearly all decided upon. The house staff will look about like this:

Speaker, Michael J. Dowling, Renville.

Chief clerk, Julius A. Schmahl, Redwood Falls.

First assistant clerk, Henry Arneson, Seventh district.

Enrolling clerk, Frank A. Holcomb, St. Paul.

Engrossing clerk, W. W. Wall, Filmore county.

Sergeant-at-arms, Edward Fanning, Stewartville.

Postmaster, S. M. Melendy, Minneapolis.

Assistant, Mrs. Frank W. Lee, Rush City.

The senate officers, so far as determined upon, will be:

Secretary, S. A. Langum, who with his two assistants, A. D. Countryman and W. D. Smith, of the last session, will be re-elected.

Sergeant-at-arms, Thomas Downs, who was assistant sergeant last term.

Neither chaplains for the houses has been selected.

* * *

Representative L. W. Babcock, of Wadena, who arived in the city yesterday, is one of the recent accessions to the Clapp forces.

* * *

Maj. Oscar Seebach has received quite a "boost" in his candidacy for adjutant general by his election as president of the National Guard Association of Minnesota. This organization is composed of all the officers in the state.

BROKE INTO HIS PARLOR

SHERIFF WAGENER HAS REAL AND PLEASANT SURPRISE.

Sheriff Wagener and his wife were very pleasantly surprised by the former's office force last evening and presented with a beautiful silver tea set of seven pieces. The presentation speech was made by Chief Deputy Edward Dahl and was responded to by Sheriff Wagener who made a neat address in which he complimented his force for their efficient work during his terms of office. The success of the surprise was due a great deal to some one getting a key for the parlor door of the sheriff's residence without the knowledge of the occupants.

The first Sheriff Wagener knew of what was in store for him was when he heard some voices singing that old familiar song "There'll be a Hot Time in the Old Town Tonight." Accompanied by Mrs. Wagener he immediately went to see what was up and on recovering from his surprise was presented with the above token of esteem.

CLOSED THE DEPOT GATES.

Hundreds Are Deprived of a Short Cut to Places of Work.

W. F. McMillan, superintendent of the Union Depot company, has issued an order prohibiting clerks, express company employes and persons connected with the freight houses from passing through the gates of the depot unless provided with passes. This mean a serious delay to hundreds of persons who have for years been in the habit of going through the gates as a short cut to their places of work.

The order went into effect Friday, and as a result, the men at the gates were compelled to turn away hundreds who had passed by them every day for several years. Many passes have been issued, but there are applications for hundreds more.

The order also stipulates that passengers for outgoing trains must exhibit their tickets before going through.

Averaged Two a Week.

The police officials are considering the advisability of abolishing the Prior avenue substation. In the past year there have been but 118 arrests at this station, and it is felt that the twelve men who report to this station can be used to better advantage on other details. The matter will probably be taken up at the meeting of the police commission Monday afternoon.

NOT DUE TO CLIMATE.

Catarrh Is Found Everywhere.

Catarrh is at home anywhere and everywhere. While more common in cold, changeable climates, it is by no means confined to them, but is prevalent in every state and territory in the Union.

The common definition of catarrh is a chronic cold in the head, which if long neglected often destroys the sense of smell and hearing; but there are many other forms of the disease, even more obstinate and dangerous.

Catarrh of the throat and bronchial tubes as well as catarrh of the stomach and liver are almost as common as nasal catarrh and generally more difficult to cure.

Catarrh is undoubtedly a blood disease and can only be successfully eradicated by an internal treatment. Sprays, washes and powders are useless as far as reaching the real seat of the disease is concerned.

Dr. McIverney advises catarrh sufferers to use a new preparation, sold by druggists, called Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, because actual analysis has shown these tablets to contain certain antiseptic qualities of the highest value, and, being an internal remedy, pleasant to the taste, convenient and harmless; can be used as freely as required, as well for children as for adults.

An attorney and public speaker, who had been a catarrh sufferer for years says:

"Every fall I would catch a cold which would settle in my head and throat and hang on all winter long, and every winter it seemed to get a little worse. I was continually clearing my throat and my voice became affected to such an extent as to interfere with my public speaking.

"I tried troches and cheap cough cures and sometimes got relief, but only for a short time, until this winter, when I learned of the new catarrh cure, Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, through a newspaper advertisement. Two fifty-cent boxes which I bought at my druggist's, cleared my head and throat in fine shape, and to guard against a return of my old trouble I keep a box of the tablets on hand, and whenever I catch a little cold I take a tablet or two and ward off any serious developments."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets deserves to head the list as a household remedy, to check and break up coughs and colds, because, unlike many other catarrh and cough cures, these tablets contain no opiate, cocaine or any injurious drug.

Minneapolis News.

WORK A CLEVER SWINDLE.

Mortgagors Approached With Skillful Forgeries of Signatures.

A clever scheme is being worked at present by enterprising swindlers, and one which mortgagors of the city should beware of. Two cases have already been reported, where attempts have been made to swindle people, and in all probability others will come to light. The method of the swindlers is to call at the register of deeds office, and look over the mortgage records, and there trace a copy of the name of mortgagees. Notes have then been forged and presented to mortgagors. In the two cases already known, the mortgagors had made payments upon the mortgage, and when a note for the full amount was presented, they turned the presenter down.

The swindlers might be more successful in cases where no payments had been made on a note, and it behooves all who are implicated in mortgages to beware of men who present notes of this kind.

MAY WILL GIVE UP.

Threat of Imprisonment Brought Him to Time.

William May, of Chaska, Minn., who attracted much attention because of his refusal to include his saloon license in his schedule of debts in bankruptcy proceedings again tried to evade the law yesterday. The case, which was tried in Referee Merriman's court was decided against May, but the latter appealed to the United States court. After hearing the case, Judge Lochren affirmed Referee Merriman's decision, and May was ordered to turn over the license to the trustees. He disobeyed, however, and yesterday Judge Lochren committed him for contempt of court. When the thought of prison bars passed through May's mind, however, he promised the court he would give up the license Monday.

WILL DAM COON CREEK.

Falls Will Be Harnessed Within Two Years.

Thomas Lowry yesterday gave the assurance that the Cook creek dam would be built, unless extraordinary obstacles arise. All flowage rights have been secured and surveys have been made. The work will take about two years. During the past week local business men have received circulars asking for a statement of the electrical power they could use if it was furnished at a reasonable rate, and this is considered as futher evidence that Mr. Lowry and his associates mean business.

The dam, when completed, will be able to furnish 10,000 horsepower. The dam will be established nine miles from Minneapolis, and at a point where it can supply the electrical needs of Anoka.

SMITH CALLED ON AMES.

Mayors of the Twin Cities Enjoyed a Quiet Talk.

Mayor Robert A. Smith, of St. Paul, and his chief of police, John O'Connor, called on Mayor-elect Ames yesterday afternoon at his Third street office. While the outsiders, looking for jobs on the force, cooled their heels in the anterooms, the record-breaking mayors of the Twin Cities held a social confab in the inner office.

Dr. Ames was cut when Mayor Smith and Chief O'Connor arrived. He came in about fifteen minutes later, and when he saw the man who has discharged and appointed as many policemen in the Saintly City as he has here, Dr. Ames greeted his distinguished competitor in the mayoralty business most cordially.

TWO JOBS FOR GRAY

Offered Hotel Position and Presidency of Insurance Company.

Mayor James Gray may, after he has stepped out of office, assume the management of a local hotel, or become the president of an insurance company. The mayor was waited upon by two well known Minneapolitans yesterday and offered the positions. The proprietor of the hotel offered the mayor a salary of $2,000 a year, together with an interest in the business.

A good salary would also go with the presidency of the insurance company. It is unlikely that the mayor will accept either of them.

IS ORDERED TO JAIL.

Daniel L. Smith Has Neglected to Pay Alimony.

Judge Pond yesterday made an order directing that Daniel L. Smith be committed to jail until such time as he makes payment of alimony to his wife in accordance with the previous order of the court.

Mrs. Smith filed an affidavit to the effect that her husband had not only failed to provide for his family, but had taken the children's pennies from their bank and had also taken from her scanty earnings money to spend on himself.

ALL A QUESTION OF LAW.

Can Telephone Company's Building Be Assessed.

Judge Brooks yesterday heard arguments in the case of the Northwestern Telephone Exchange company against Auditor Minor and the county to restrain them from enforcing the collection of taxes on the company's building at the corner of Third avenue south and Fifth street.

The arguments were purely technical, and were directed to the point as to whether the building is exempt from local taxation under the provisions of the 3 per cent gross earnings tax law.

She Died in Oregon.

J. H. Smith, of 722 Marshall street northeast, has received a telegram from Amity, Or., informing him of the death of his mother, Mrs. J. J. Smith, at that place Wednesday. The remains will be accompanied to this city by her daughter, Mrs. Charles Lossen. Mrs. Smith had lived on the East side for a period of twenty-five years. She leaves a family of five daughters and five sons.

The remains will arrive this afternoon, and will be conveyed to the home of her son, J. H. Smith, 722 Marshall street northeast, from which place the funeral will be held. Mrs. Smith was seventy-two years of age.

Lancet Has Moved West.

The Northwestern Lancet, which has been published in St. Paul for more than a score of years, has been transformed into a Minneapolis publication, and Dr. W. A. Jones, of this city, will be editor.