OFFICIAL PAPER —OF THE— CITY OF ST. PAUL.

The St. Paul Globe

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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

WEDDING OF A QUEEN

WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND BECOMES THE BRIDE OF DUKE HENRY

WAS A DEMOCRATIC AFFAIR

COMPARATIVELY LITTLE OF THE POMP OF ROYALTY ATTACHED TO THE CELEBRATION

YOUNG PAIR WERE CONFUSED

Bride Blushed as Brides Have Ever Done, While the Groom Was Rattled and Forgot His Lines.

THE HAGUE, Feb. 7.—Queen Wilhelmina's marriage to Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, who today became Prince Heinrich of the Netherlands, was a huge family affair. All Holland that could, came to the Hague to participate. Those who stayed at their homes in other cities and villages of the kingdom, celebrated with parades, decorations and banquets.

Never was seen a more beautiful and happy wedding. The popular belief is that it is a love match, like that of Victoria and Albert, and this gives a romantic coloring to the event, which is generally lacking of royal marriages.

The ceremonies were the same simple and unritualistic rites of the Reformed church, by which the humblest of Queen Wilhelmina's subjects are married. The whole spirit of the affair was plain and democratic, although the costly gowns and jewels and the showy uniforms of distinguished personages, high officials of the kingdom, the army and the navy and representatives of the people in parliament and the municipalities furnished a regal stage setting. The venerable pastor administered to the bride and groom a caution that their high positions would not shield them from the common sufferings and sorrows of humanity.

Queen Wilhelmina made a very winning and human bride. She blushed and became confused over the ceremonial with the ring, as all brides are supposed to do, while her happiness and pride over the enthusiasm of her people were plainly deeper than a mere matter of form.

HEINRICH WAS SCARED.

Prince Heinrich was an awkward but stalwart and manly figure. Either he was forgetful or badly trained in the part, for the pastor had to give him two or three hints as to how to carry himself. Those sitting near enough to hear the responses describe him as saying: "Jah, mein herr," when he should simply have replied "Jah."

The scene as the royal couple stood with clasped hands before the chaplain in a circle of brilliantly arrayed personages, including their relatives and people composing the highest families of Holland and the neighboring German principalities was wonderfully gorgeous, the masses of variegated coloring rendering more effective the blue, gold and white banked up against the walls of the church.

The building itself is a cathedral in size, but is as plain as a Quaker meeting house in its furnishings.

Tonight the populace is like a multitude of happy children. Thousands are swarming through the principal streets which are nearly impassable, blowing horns, singing the national hymn, following the bands and smashing hats and lanterns. There is considerable mild hilarity inspired by wine, but no offensive drunkenness. Sailors, fishermen and farmers wear their usual quaint costumes and a few soldiers are mixing with the crowds.

At 8 p. m. there was a turning from every direction toward Halieveld entrance to the Bosch where a display of fireworks is in progress. On all the principal streets are illuminated portraits of the queen, Prince Heinrich, the queen dowager and Duchess Maria, as well as the national arms.

A noteworthy feature of the holiday season is the entire absence of extortion on the part of hotels and shopkeepers and the warm-hearted hospitality with which all strangers are received is equally observable. The Dutch journalists rented the former Austrian legation, one of the handsomest houses in the city, and made it a club for foreign correspondents who have been the recipients of universal kindness.

WHAT IT COST.

The entire expenses of the wedding will be borne by the royal family without any government appropriation. They amount to several hundred thousand guilders, including the entire new outfit of all the royal retinue, several state dinners and the important item of warming the church where the ceremony took place. There, as in all the churches of Holland, no heating apparatus is supplied for the regular services, and a week ago the air inside was even colder than the freezing air outside. Queen Wilhelmina ordered several stoves to be put in, which were kept fired to their full capacity for a week. The mechanism of the organ was found to be warped two days ago and several experts, summoned to The Hague, were kept constantly employed in tuning and preparing the instrument and they managed to get it into condition in time for the ceremony today.

The Court Gazette publishes a decree signed by the queen, announcing that the prince of the Netherlands will have a seat in the advisory state council.

The queen and prince consort stole a march on their friends when they arrived at the railway station with a party of guests at 4 o'clock in the afternoon and boarded a special train waiting there to take them to Loo palace. The people waiting in the streets and about the palace in The Hague were disappointed to see the royal escort gallop back alone.

The civil ceremony in the palace of justice was very brief. The bride and groom, the queen mother and the mother of the groom and six witnesses inscribed their names upon the official document. The minister of justice first asked the mothers, according to the usual form, if they had any objection to the marriage, and they answered in the negative amid general smiling.

In asking the bride and groom if they were willing faithfully to fulfill all the duties of the married state, the minister of justice said:

"The question is most important, not only to you, but to our beloved country."

The queen and her betrothed answered in the affirmative, whereupon the minister of justice said: "I now declare you married according to law, and I wish you all possible happiness."

PEACE IN VENEZUELA.

PRESIDENT CASTRO ANNOUNCES CAPTURE OF INSURGENT LEADER.

SAN JUAN DE PORTO RICO, Feb. 7.—President Castro, of Venezuela, has cabled to the Venezuelan consul here that Gen. Julian Acosta, the revolutionary leader, has been captured and that peace prevails. The Restorador, formerly George Gould's yacht Atalanta, sailed for La Guayra yesterday.

ST. CLOUD SCORCHED, FIRE STILL BURNING

BLAZE THAT STARTED AT MIDNIGHT DOES $100,000 DAMAGE —NOT YET UNDER CONTROL.

ST. CLOUD, Feb. 8.—(Special.)—A fire which broke out at 12:45 this morning has caused $100,000 damage at this hour, 3 o'clock, and is not yet under control. It started in the basement of the West hotel, a large building situated at Fifth avenue and First street south, and spread rapidly to the structure above.

In an hour the building was in ruins and the fire had jumped across the street, destroying Belden's grocery store and a three-story building of McDonald & O'Neill's. It looks as if the Davidson opera house might also be destroyed, although the firemen were working hard at the time this dispatch was sent to save it.

The West hotel was owned by D. S. Hayward and has been conducted as an annex to the Grand Central. About thirty people were living at the West and all of them managed to escape, some with considerable difficulty. Few, however, saved any of their effects. Mr. Hayward's loss is estimated at $70,000 with no insurance.

Belden's loss is estimated at $10,000, and that of McDonald & O'Neill at $20,000.

The city library occupied quarters in the West, and while the books were all removed, many of them were damaged.

The fire started in E. F. Mower's laundry.

ALMOST MARRIED TO HIS DAUGHTER

FORMER NORTHFIELD, MINN., MAN CAME NEAR TO WEDDING HIS OWN CHILD.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 7.—(Special.)—A wedding announced to take place last evening was stopped in a romantic and sensational manner. The contracting parties were S. Elliott Martin, whose home is in Northfield, Minn., and Miss Abbie Fremont, who had been acting as his stenographer here. On the evening of the wedding he confided to her that he had a divorced wife living, and learned that she was the mother of Miss Fremont, who was his daughter, his wife having come West and changed her name and that of her child. Martin is fifty-two and his daughter twenty-four. He has resided in this section for some time, but his parents and family live near Northfield.

TONS OF DYNAMITE.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION IN MEXICAN MINE—MANY WERE KILLED.

DENVER, Feb. 7.—The News has a special from Chihuahua, Mex., which says: Several hundred tons of dynamite stored in an underground chamber of the San Andres mine, situated in the Sierra Madres, in the western part of the state of Durango, exploded with terrific force, blowing the whole top of the mountain off and destroying a portion of the village of miners there. Eighty-seven men, women and children were killed, and many others badly injured. None of the men in the mine were seriously hurt. Among the killed were Herman Lentiman, superintendent of the mine, and his family. The government has ordered an official investigation of the accident.

NEW MILWAUKEE STORY

THIS TIME THE NORTHERN PACIFIC IS TAKEN IN.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—The Tribune tomorrow will say that according to reports received here today a new Milwaukee & St. Paul deal is being planned with President J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern, left out. According to this story the Pennsylvania, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Northern Pacific railroads are to be merged into one system.

President Earling, of the Milwaukee & St. Paul, when asked what truth there was in the latest consolidation report, said he had never before heard of it and he thought it quite likely that he would know if anything of the kind was to be done.

DIDN'T GET THE STOOL

COST TO BRITAIN OF SUPPRESSING THE ASHANTI REBELLION.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—Sir James Willcocks, who put down the Ashanti rising, says the work could not have been done by white troops owing to the impenetrable forests, the bogs and the flooded rivers. Out of 3,400 native soldiers employed, 850 were killed or wounded and 55 out of 200 British officers were killed or wounded.

The golden stool, the symbol of Ashanti royalty, will probably never be found, Sir James Willcocks thinks, as its hiding place is believed to be known to two natives only, who would destroy it rather than reveal its whereabouts.

WILL WED A PRINCESS.

HONORS CONFERRED ON PRINCE CARLOS DE BOURBON.

MADRID, Feb. 7.—After the ministerial council at the royal palace today Charles Carlos de Bourbon, who will wed the Princess of the Asturias, was proclaimed a son of Spain and took the constitutional oath before the queen regent, the minister of justice, the delegates and other functionaries.

After tendering him her congratulations the queen regent signed decrees naturalizing him, appointing him a major on the headquarters' staff, and conferring on him the Order of the Golden Fleece.

On the wedding day her majesty will bestow upon the prince the same rank and honors as belong to the princess.

CRISIS IN JAMAICA.

AGRARIAN RIOTS HAVE ASSUMED A MOST SERIOUS PHASE.

KINGSTON, Feb. 7.—In consequence of a series of agrarian riots in the fruit-producing parish of St. Mary, the governor, Sir Augustus Heming, today issued a proclamation warning the people against attempting to take forcible possession of any land. The troubles have slowly been developing a serious phase and the authorities are taking firm action in the matter.

WAS A TERRIBLE SCENE

FAST TRAIN ON THE ERIE ROAD WRECKED AT GREENVILLE, PA.

ONE CAR WAS TELESCOPED

ITS UNFORTUNATE OCCUPANTS ALL EITHER KILLED OR SERIOUSLY INJURED

CAUSE OF WRECK UNKNOWN

Officials Can Assign No Reason for the Engine Leaving the Track Unless It Was Spreading Rails.

GREENVILLE, Pa., Feb. 7.—Train No. 5, the New York-Chicago limited on the Erie railroad, was wrecked this morning within the town limits. Five passengers were dead when taken from the wreck, several are missing, and there are many badly injured. The dead:

SERGT. MAJ. HARRY A. HART, Fort Wood, N. Y.

GEORGE W. PATTERSON, Philadelphia, private Company I, Tenth United States infantry; carried card of Iron molders' union.

PETER J. CURRY, Coboco, N. Y., private Tenth infantry, aged 21.

UNKNOWN MAN, aged 25 years, supposed to be Clarence Leek, of Somerville, N. J.

UNKNOWN MAN, only papers on person was a postal card that had been sent to the Adams Produce company, Rushville, Ind., and a ticket from New York to that point. His face was literally torn to shreds.

The injured—

William D. Moore, 32 Lenox Road, Brooklyn, compound fracture of left leg and badly cut about head.

B. A. Marsden, Philadelphia, terribly crushed about the body.

Joseph Kennedy, private Tenth infantry, Brookfield, Mass., compound fracture left leg, cut and bruised about head and body.

Ivan Lester Smith, Canisteo, badly bruised.

William F. MacGinnitie, attorney, Portland, Ind., hip crushed, face cut.

O. H. Simons, Kent, O., brakeman, compound fracture left leg, right leg badly bruised.

C. J. Henry, Meadville, baggageman, left leg broken, injured about chest.

S. Aiken, salesman, New York, slightly, suffering from the shock.

Levi F. Cahoon, Gloucester, Mass., injured slightly.

Clarence Leek, Somerville, N. J., injuries serious.

Milton Stanley, Newark, N. J., leg fractured, cut about face.

Charles Cornell, Elmira, N. Y., slightly.

Harry Weisberg, express messenger, Dayton, O., crushed.

Carmie Colliguire and Carmie Grocco, Carbondale, Pa., slightly.

Hardly a passenger escaped without injury. The ill-fated train was composed entirely of vestibuled Pullmans, three sleepers, a day coach, combination smoker and baggage car and a mail car, and was drawn by one of the new Atlantic type of engines. It was was in the smoking compartment that death laid a ruthless hand, for there was not one of the sixteeen occupants escaped without being killed or injured.

CLEANLY TELESCOPED.

This car was completely telescoped by the steel mail car ahead which went through it as if it were paper, tearing, crushing, maiming and carrying death. The only wonder of the occupants is that they were not all killed outright.

The scene of the wreck is on a sharp curve. On one side, forty feet below, flows the Shenango river; on the other side is a steep bluff. The engine left the track at the curve and before it had gone two car lenghts plowed into the steep hill, where it fell upon its side and was half buried. The train was running about two hours late and the accident happened at 7:30, just about the time when the occupants of the sleepers had finished dressing. After the terrible crash the uninjured passengers set about the rescue of the dead and wounded, surgeons were summoned and within a few moments the dead and dying were being cared for as fast as they could be discovered beneath the wreckage. It was several hours, however, before the victims had been removed and placed in the two rear Pullmans. The scenes inside the telescoped cars were frightful. Men begged to be released and screamed in agony. They were all heaped in a corner of the car, dumped there by the irresistible impetus of the mail car. The injured were placed on a special car and taken to Spencer hospital, Meadville, about noon. Very little was left of the baggage or express matter in the cars and most of it was dumped into the river in order to clear the debris for rescue.

Several hundred sacks of mail were an-

Continued on Fifth Page.

GORDIAN KNOT FOR VICTOR EMMANUEL

WILL HAVE DIFFICULTY IN NAMING A STABLE CABINET UNDER EXISTING CONDITIONS.

ROME, Feb. 7.—Signor Saraccon tendered the resignations of the cabinet this morning. King Victor Emmanuel will consult with the presidents of the senate and chamber of deputies and the various party leaders today and tomorrow, before designating a new premier. He is confronted with a task of great difficulty, owing to the chaotic conditions of the parliamentary parties. The majority which defeated the government yesterday consisted of a transitory coalition of the members of the right and the left, one the Rudini group, supporting the government; the Socialists, opposing the cabinet because they considered it not sufficiently liberal, while the Rightists accused it of lacking a coherent policy and yielding to the Socialists. The fall of the ministry was thus due to diametrically opposed reasons. Yesterday's coalition disappeared immediately after the vote, the parties being bitterly antagonistic as regards a general policy, so the first parliamentary crisis the new king has to solve appears to be a perfect Gordian knot.

FAR AHEAD OF GERMANY

NAVAL CONSTRUCTION UNDER WAY IN THE UNITED STATES.

BERLIN, Feb. 7.—The semi-official Berliner Post today compares German with American activity. It asserts that Germany is building seven battleships, three large cruisers and seven small cruisers, together with one gunboat, or a total of eighteen warships, as compared with thirty-nine in process of construction in the United States. It points out also that the new constructions in the United States for 1901 will amount to 140,000,000 marks, as against 77,000,000 marks for Germany. It strongly denies statements from Washington that Germany's naval increase will be completed in 1906.

The Berliner Tageblatt, which had previously pretended to believe that Count von Buelow was anti-agrarian in his sentiments, today expresses deep chagrin at the speech delivered by the imperial chancellor yesterday before the German agricultural council, when he pledged himself to look after agriculture not only as an official duty, but as a personal matter.

MINNESOTA SENATE—"DON'T WORRY ABOUT THAT, MY BOY, THE TREE WILL KEEP ON GROWING JUST THE SAME."

TORTURED BY ROBBERS

HELD THEIR VICTIM ON A HOT STOVE—SECURED $1,300.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 7.—Late last night four men broke into the house of Charles Krout, near Steam Corners, O., and after intimidating the husband, wife and son, helped themselves to a hearty meal. Then they ransacked the house, securing about $9 which Krout declared was all he had. Despite all sorts of threats he refused to give them information regarding any more money, declaring he had none. At last they stripped him partially and laid him upon a stove, quickly lifting him off, writhing in pain, and placed him upon the floor. He then directed them to a spare room, where he had a sum of money, said to be about $1,300, hidden in an envelope under the carpet. This they quickly secured and with much profanity left the house, threatening death to any of the inmates if they left the premises that night.

STRIKERS TURBULENT.

MANY GENDARMES WOUNDED AT HAZEBROUCK, FRANCE.

HAZEBROUCK, France, Feb. 7.—Many gendarmes were wounded while attempting to disperse strikers at Merville, twenty-two miles west of Lille. The strikers were demonstrating in the streets throwing stones at the city hall and breaking the windows in shops and other buildings. The principal thoroughfares are now patrolled.

DUKE OF CORNWALL BETTER.

Heir to British Throne Able to Go Out Walking.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The Duke of Cornwall and York was out walking today, and no later bulletins regarding his condition were issued.

OBITUARY.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—Capt. J. S. Dunham, the widely known tug and lake vessel owner, of this city, died suddenly today.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The Earl of Galloway died at Camloden today.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Feb. 7.—Robert W. Steele, first territorial governor of Colorado, died at his home in this city today from grip. His wife died Tuesday from the same cause. They will be interred tomorrow in the same grave.

POLICE JUDGE GAVE UP

MRS. CARRIE NATION TURNED HIS COURT INTO A PRAISE MEETING

PAID NO ATTENTION TO HIM

HIS HONOR ORDERED THE LADIES TO BE GOOD, BUT THEY WOULDN'T

CASE WAS AGAIN DISMISSED

Topeka City Attorney Refused to Prosecute, Saying No City Ordinance Covered the Crime of Saloon Smashing.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 7.—City Attorney Gregg today dismissed the charge held against Mrs. Nation for smashing the Senate saloon on Tuesday. He threw all the responsibility for prosecuting the crusader on the state and said:

"The city has no city ordinance covering the destruction of personal property, but under the laws of Kansas the state can prosecute Mrs. Nation if what she did can be proven to be destroying personal property."

The city counselor and attorney employed to prosecute Mrs. Nation in the state courts had, he continued, sustained his view that she could not be legally prosecuted by the city, and he therefore announced the dismissal of the case.

Mrs. Nation, who was sitting at a table in front of the police judge's desk, cried: "Amen! Thank you, Mr. Gregg; I always said you had too good a face to be on the side of sin."

OPEN CONTEMPT OF COURT.

Then rising in her seat and turning about so she could face the women who had crowded the court room, Mrs. Nation began to sing, "Praise God, From Whom All Blessings Flow." Her followers took up the strain and the court room was temporarily turned into a praise meeting.

Judge Magraw commanded that the disturbance cease, but Chief of Police Stahl, who has openly favored Mrs. Nation's work, interrupted with: "Go ahead, ladies, and sing all you want to," and they did, breaking out with even greater vigor with the words, "God be With You till We Meet Again." Unable to continue business, court adjourned and Judge Magraw left the building.

Mrs. Nation, the song service finally ended, took Chief Stahl to task for not destroying the liquors seized by his men in raiding the saloons, but soon went out, followed by her band.

Later, Mrs. Nation went to the high school, and by invitation addressed the pupils. The senior class had adopted resolutions commending her work, and Mrs. Nation was handed a pass to the senate chamber, sent her by Lieut. Gov. Richter.

MRS. NATION TALKS TO SUNFLOWER SOLONS

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 7.—Mrs. Nation addressed both houses of the legislature this evening on the saloon traffic. She presented herself at the door of the house at 5:30 o'clock with the request that she be allowed to speak. The request was voted upon, and by a large majority Mrs. Nation was allowed to speak. Some few voted no.

"I heard those noes," said Mrs. Nation, as she walked upon the clerk's platform.

"I wondered why those people voted that way. Have I ever offended you? Why do you object to my talking? But, then, don't I know that those noes come from the liquor traffic?"

A storm of laughter swept over the house, and it was several minutes before Mrs. Nation could proceed.

"Hold up your hands," yelled some one in the rear, but Mrs. Nation only smiled.

"Thank God the noes are in the minority," continued Mrs. Nation. "I come to you today, men, as a woman, as a grandmother. I come to tell you our sentiments. I am glad of this opportunity to speak to fathers, husbands, protectors of wives who sit at their firesides, who know a woman's heart and her interests.

"The saloon man," said Mrs. Nation, "is a malicious pauper. He thrives off the life-blood of the men of this nation. Whisky makes perjurers. I would not believe a jointkeeper on oath, if it was only about a dog fight.

"An honest man, a true man, is the grandest work of God. I am telling the boys to smash saloons because they are the fathers of the men and should be educated right. I tell them, smash the saloons or they will smash you."

Mrs. Nation addressed the senate along the same lines.

BULLETIN OF IMPORTANT NEWS OF THE DAY

Weather Forecast for St. Paul: Snow; Colder.

1—Wedding of a Queen.
Terrible Railroad Wreck.
Subsidy Bill Up Again.
Another Senator's Spite.
Warden Reeve Let Out.

2—Army Officers Angry.
Fund for the Conductors.
Hamilton Murder Trial.

3—Doings of Northwest Solons.
Hurd Bill Passes House.
Legislatures of the Dakotas.

4—Editorial Page.
The Golden Idol.
Talk on Street Posters.

5—Sporting News.
News From the Capital.
Cincinnati's Big Battle.
Around the Northwest.

6—News of the Railroads.
Popular Wants.

7—Markets of the World.
Chicago May Wheat, 75 1-8c.
Bar Silver, 60 5-8c.
Stocks Active; Irregular.

8—Minnesota Poultry Show.
In the Local Courts.
State's Recent Recovery.
Social News.

GUESTS OF THE CAPITAL CITY.

At the Windsor—Dr. G. H. Herker, Olivia; J. H. Wagoner, Rochester; J. D. Ross, Clinton; J. J. Trippo, Winona; B. W. Eaton, Rochester; A. W. Wright, Austin; W. Bridge, Grand Forks; C. W. Nelson, Saco, Mont.; J. H. Benn, Medford, Wis.; T. H. Skews, Inwood, Io.; T. A. Propp, Echo; J. McNaly, Bersreford, S. D.; M. Weichelbaum, Olivia; F. B. Coleman, Waterloo, Io.; H. H. Bannwill, Hutchinson. Sigmund Kelley, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. D. McKellup, Faribault; W. B. Marshall, Duluth.

At the Clarendon—C. H. Foley, Franklin; G. Thorderson, Minnehaha; W. J. Dwyer, Medina, N. D.; C. A. Goodrich, Frazer; F. McNair, Owatonna; W. C. Hinke, Milwaukee, Wis.; J. H. Bowler, Bird Island; E. C. Ingalls, Clear Lake, Wis.

At the Ryan—C. L. Baxter, Fergus Falls; Maurice Fried, Milwaukee, Wis.; Wm. Hayden, Omaha, Neb.; C. M. Van Aiken, Helena, Mont.; R. Klau, Milwaukee, Wis.; Mrs. S. J. Prentiss and Mrs. F. S. Bell, Winona; W. B. Hawkins, Sheboygan, Wis.

At the Merchants—J. D. McCormick, Rutlidge; C. H. Bronson, Osokis, Wis.; G. G. Hammer, Willow City; R. Nowich, Ortonville; J. Goerders, Algona, Io.; A. M. Clements, Mankato; W. A. James, James De Samet, James Ferguson, Storm Lake, Io.; C. L. Brown, Milwaukee, Wis.; J. Lindquist, Winthrop; W. Bieber, Mason City, Io.; R. D. Morgan, LaCrosse, Wis.; H. Cannon, E. K. Allen, Helena, Mont.; T. W. Elliot, Webster, S. D.; J. D. Boyle, Pine City; J. H. Wagonet, Rochester, Minn.; O. L. Sateren, Grafton, N. D.; Herbert Berg, New Ulm; J. W. Vaught, Chapin, Io.; W. Howe, Fargo, N. D.; A. D. Belinger, West Superior, Wis.; Gust Harmon, Moorhead; S. S. Benton, New London; R. A. Hart, Fairmount; A. T. Chase, Marshall; C. A. Nancolas, Estherville, Io.; F. W. Temple, Blue Earth; J. W. Fay, Madison, Wis.; C. A. Phillips, Duluth; J. A. Melone, Rochester; C. R. Folson, Milwaukee, Wis.; C. E. Scofield, Milwaukee, Wis.; A. Snyder, Duluth.

At the Metropolitan—E. M. Haven, South Haven, Mich.; J. B. Wetzel Belt, Mont.; Alex Fidler, Jackson, Minn.; J. Kennard, Madison, Minn.; C. G. Martin, Baldwin, Wis.; J. C. Henry, Winona; F. McCoy and wife, Phillips, Wis.; A. Snyder, Duluth; Miss Quackenbush, Le Sueur; T. E. Freeman, Alexandria; Robert E. Grattan, Sparta, Wis.

At the Northern—A. S. Hix, Gladstone; A. Hall, Winona; F. A. Golden, Rosemount; John G. Hutter, Creston; H. J. Wells, St. Cloud.

OCEAN LINERS.

NEW YORK—Arrived: Nomadic, Liverpool; Trave, Bremen and Southampton; Westernland, Antwerp; Koenigen Louise, Bremen. Sailed: La Bretagne, Havre.

CHERBOURG—Arrived: Patricia, from New York via Plymouth for Hamburg.

MADEIRA—Arrived: Auguste Victoria, New York, Genoa, etc.

ANTWERP—Sailed: Nederlands, Philadelphia.

QUEENSTOWN—Sailed: Majestic, from Liverpool for New York.

GENOA—Sailed: Werra, New York via Naples.

LIVERPOOL—Arrived: Michigan, Boston.

ROTTERDAM—Sailed: Maasdam, Boulogne and New York.

BREMEN—Arrived: Lahn, New York via Southampton.

WEATHER FOR TODAY.

Minnesota, Wisconsin, Upper Michigan—Snow and colder Friday; Saturday fair; continued cold; fresh to brisk northwesterly winds.

Lower Michigan—Snow Friday and probably Saturday; fresh easterly winds.

Iowa—Snow and much colder Friday, with cold wave in northwest portion of Missouri. Saturday fair in western, clearing in eastern portion; northwesterly winds.

North Dakota—Fair Friday and probably Saturday; northerly winds.

South Dakota—Clearing and much colder Friday; Saturday fair; northerly winds.

Montana—Fair in eastern, snow in western portion Friday. Saturday fair; northeasterly winds.

St. Paul—Yesterday's observations, taken by the United States weather bureau, St. Paul, P. F. Lyons, observer, for the twenty-four hours ended at 7 o'clock last night.—Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation: Highest temperature, 26; lowest temperature, 9; average temperature, 17; daily range, 17; barometer, 30.01; humidity, 87; precipitation, .09; 7 p. m., temperature, 20; 7 p. m., wind, northwest; weather, cloudy.

	*8p.m.	High.		*8 p.m.	High.
Battleford	10	16	Chicago	24	26
Bismarck	2	10	Cincinnati	28	30
Calgary	6	20	Cleveland	14	16
Duluth	16	16	Galveston	58	66
Edmonton	10	20	Jacksonville	56	58
Havre	8	18	Marquette	18	20
Helena	14	18	Montgomery	41	46
Huron	20	26	Montreal	2	6
Med. Hat	12	20	N. Orleans	52	62
Minnedosa	4	10	New York	18	24
Pr. Albert	8	12	Parkersburg	23	24
Qu'Appelle	0	16	Philadelphia	22	26
S. Current	—2	12	S. Francisco	46	50
Williston	4	8	St. Louis	34	36
Winnipeg	—4	6	Salt Lake	26	34
Buffalo	16	22	Ste. Marie	10	18
Cheyenne	4	12			

*Washington time (7 p. m. St. Paul.) —Below zero.

VERNE DOESN'T WANT IT.

Aged French Writer Refuses to Be a Candidate for the Academy.

PARIS, Feb. 7.—There are several vacancies in the French academy. M. Jules Verne, when approached with a suggestion that he should become a candidate, replied:

"I have just completed my seventy-third year and do not at such an age aspire to the academy. Dumas, the younger, asked me twenty-eight years ago. I declined and since then fifty-nine academicians have died. They may be immortals but they have not been rendered immortal."

In closing, M. Verne asks the proposer of his name to accept the "gratitude of an old story teller."

SPITE OF A SENATOR

WHY PASTOR WAHLUND, OF ISANTI COUNTY, WAS TURNED DOWN

HIS DIGNIFIED STATEMENT

DID NOT SEEK POSITION ON BOARD OF CORRECTIONS AND CHARITIES

BLOCKED BARKER'S SCHEMES

Incurred the Enmity of Republican Machine Politicians, and Was Sacrificed at First Opportunity.

Rev. Gustave Wahlund, pastor of the Swedish Lutheran church at Spring Lake, Isanti county, was in the city yesterday. He was lately a member of the Board of Corrections and Charities and would have been still, but for the act of the senate in refusing to approve of the reappointment to the position at the expiration of his term. Former Governor Lind appointed him in the first place, and felt justified in reappointing him, but the senate saw it in a different light.

A reporter of the Globe called upon Mr. Wahlund yesterday, and although somewhat reluctantly, he consented to give his views on the recent action of the senate. He said:

"I didn't enter the fight, either for the appointment or confirmation. I had the honor to be appointed a member of the board by Gov. Lind. I have the honor to be rejected by a Republican senate."

"What were Senator Barker's reasons for opposing your confirmation?" was asked.

"Well, I think he had reason to do so. I have opposed him on several occasions, especially at the time when he and some of his political friends tried to bond our county for $40,000 for a railroad. I helped defeat that. I am sustained by the tax-payers of Isanti county and honest people elsewhere. We got the railroad and didn't have to pay a cent for it."

"How is Anoka county interested?"

"Anoka county? That's part of his district. Anoka county politicians wanted the cut-off road to the town of Anoka. It runs to Coon Creek. The proposition was to benefit some Anoka politicians and bond Isanti county for it, and make the journey for Isanti county folks longer, by some miles, to the Twin Cities.

"Mr. Barker said I am slow of speech and thought, maybe of action. But some speech and thought and action, slow or otherwise, were responsible for the fact that his Democratic opponent carried the Republican counties of Isanti and Anoka. Sherbourne and Mille Lacs, where we—he and I—are not known, came to his rescue, and he was elected by a small majority. You see, Mr. Barker was promised the nomination for senator by Anoka county politicians, and he got it, although he didn't get the bonds."

GROUNDS OF OPPOSITION.

"Upon just what grounds did Mr. Barker oppose you?"

"Upon personal grounds. I had nothing to gain and nothing to lose. The office carries no remuneration. Mr. Barker said I was not liked by the board of which I am a member. I think he is misinformed. The relations existin between me and the board have always been friendly. I was a new member and a student, rather than a debater. He said I had not proper qualifications. I am glad to have higher authority with regard to my qualifications than Senator Barker. He is not qualified to judge. I appreciate his estimation of the qualifications required for a member of the board. I have not attacked him on account of his politics. That is his personal matter. But he is, from what I can judge, a slippery politician. He has not distinguished himself in the state or community so conspiciously that he should be entitled to special consideration."

"This, then, is not a new difference between you?"

"Well, three years ago, they opposed and abused me through the newspapers as long as they dared. They stopped when I told them that I would sue them for libel."

"It is said—or Mr. Barker claims—that the members of your church are against you in this matter?"

"Well, I think he is misinformed. On Thursday the senate rejected me. On Friday evening, every member of my congregation of 700, who could possibly come, surprised me at my house, and did not talk or act as if they were against me. They talked as if their sympathies were with me. In regard to the petition, which, it is alleged, was signed by Isanti county people, asking for my removal, I can only say that I never saw it, nor have I ever met anyone who had. I have heard that the senator himself drew it and asked parties at Cambridge to sign it."

BOERS IN CAPE COLONY

SMALL BODIES CONTINUE TO CROSS THE ORANGE RIVER.

CAPE TOWN, Feb. 7.—The official report on the invasion says:

"The anticipated invasion by Christian Dewet has not yet occurred, but it may be only delayed. Although there is no considerable movement, small bodies of men continue to dribble across the Orange river. The largest of these, 200 strong, crossed near Bangor station, five days ago."

The report then gives elaborate details regarding the present disposition of the Boers and British in Cape Colony.

It is announced here that the imperial government will advance £100,000 for the relief of distressed refugees.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—The latest casualty list issued by the war office reveals another attack on Modderfontein not previously reported from South Africa. This occured Feb. 2, the British losing nine killed and thirty-one wounded. The previous attack, when the Boers captured 200, occurred Jan. 30.

PLAGUE-STRICKEN INDIA

IN BOMBAY 94 PER CENT OF CASES ARE FATAL.

LONDON, Feb. 7.—"Plague prevails in every part of India," says the Bombay correspondent of the Daily Express, "except the central provinces. It is particularly severe in Bengal, where there is a weekly mortality of 2,500. In Bombay the deaths reach 94 per cent of the cases. The scourge is intensified by a lack of an adequate medical staff, the doctors being chiefly occupied in the famine districts.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE