

ONE STATE

STORY OF THE BOXERS

PRESIDENTIAL SPECIAL TRAIN IS CROSSING THE FERTILE PRAIRIES OF TEXAS

WARM GREETING AT AUSTIN

DELEGATES OF THE STATE CAPITAL OUT IN FORCE TO WELCOME THE PRESIDENT

TALKS TO COLORED STUDENTS

AUSTIN, Tex., May 3.—Out of Dixie the presidential party today traveled into the heart of the great Southwest. After leaving New Orleans yesterday, beautiful bayou Teche, the home of the accidental, and the waving rice fields of Western Louisiana were passed during the night and the new Texas of fields whirled by just at the neck of day, too early to be seen by the president.

When the party arose this morning the train was already flying over the plains of Texas, which are the best away to the horizon in every direction, level as a board. Until 4:30 this afternoon, when Austin was reached, the train passed in succession through the cotton belt of Texas, the rich agricultural region beyond the Brazos, known as the black prairie, much wooded country and fine grazing land. The president had the train stopped at a long-horned Texas cattle and picturesque cowboys on Western range horses. The president's reception in the Lone Star state was a cordial one. He was met by those he has received throughout the South. Every honor was shown him and his party and there was much enthusiasm. Gov. Hays and other prominent state officials met the president at Houston, the first stopping place inside the state, and accompanied him as far as Austin, the capital. The president's train was met at the station at Houston, and a very picturesque scene at Prairieview. There the president addressed the colored students of the state normal school on a stand erected on the open prairie at the side of the track. He advised the colored people to do one thing well.

WELCOMED AT AUSTIN. The feature of the day was the reception accorded the president and his party. Like New Orleans, had never before had the honor of entertaining a chief magistrate of the nation. The city was profusely decorated and in the evening there was a brilliant illumination of Congress avenue.

Austin never before held such crowds of people. There came from every direction, some hundreds of miles, and literally swamped the hotel accommodations of the city. It was estimated that over 20,000 visitors came to the capital on the presidential train. Only 23,000 the tax upon its facilities can be imagined.

A procession headed by a fine military band and consisting of companies of state militia and the Confederate veterans and Grand Army of the Republic organization marching side by side, escorted the president to the capitol building, where the president addressed a sea of enthusiastic people.

There was a delightful reception in the senate chamber where the bell of Austin, noted all over Texas and Mrs. McKinley. This function was one of the most charming yet ever known in the trip. There followed a drive through the city to the state university, where the students, citizens and school children greeted the president. Mrs. McKinley with the ladies of the cabinet, dined informally at the governor's mansion, and at 10:30 o'clock took a motor car to the state capitol, where the train is due to arrive at San Antonio at 11:30 a. m., where it will run on a five track until the rising hour.

TO PREVENT STRIKES.

OBJECT OF CIVIC FEDERATION CONCILIATION COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, May 3.—The national conference of the National Civic Federation, will meet in this city next Tuesday to organize and determine the scope and character of work to be taken up. A subcommittee, consisting of Chairman Just, commissioner of the Illinois coal operators; John Mitchell, president of the United Mine workers; Ed D. Kennan, vice president of the San Francisco railway; Frank Sargent, grand master of the railway freight; Frederick Driscoll, commissioner of the American Publishers' association, has been at work on a report for two months and this report will be the basis of the plan adopted. In the composition of the committee the three elements of capital, labor and public have been fully recognized, the committee containing the names of some of the most important as well as the largest employers of labor, while the wage-earners are represented through the selection of some of the best known and most conservative labor leaders in the country. In addition to the special meeting of the committee, arrangements are being made for a meeting in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce Tuesday and a public meeting Wednesday night at Cooper Union. At both of these meetings addresses will be made by leading members of the committee.

FACTORY SHUTS DOWN

DAYTON CASH REGISTER COMPANY'S EMPLOYEES OUT OF WORK

DAYTON, O., May 3.—"Owing to difficulty with our molders, the factory will be closed till further notice," said a board of directors. "This is the notice that was read by the 1,300 employees of the National Cash Register factory this afternoon on the various bulletin boards in the factory, and the workmen went home speculating as to the possibilities of it when taken in connection with the known determination of President John H. Patterson. Mr. Patterson declined absolutely to discuss the situation. The facts are that four days ago four molders were discharged, the officials say, for cause, and the other men refused their reinstatement. Then the molders joined the demand for the return of the men and threatened a sympathetic strike. The officials announced that if the molders struck they would close the factory for an indefinite period." The molders struck today. The men defend their position by declaring that the four molders were unjustly discharged.

AS RELATED BY MINISTER CONGER TO A DES MOINES AUDIENCE

WAS STARTED BY BUDDHISTS

IN ITS ORIGIN THE MOVEMENT WAS OF A RELIGIOUS NATURE

TAKEN UP BY GEN. YU SHEN

DES MOINES, Io., May 3.—Minister Conger was formally welcomed at Des Moines at a public meeting held in the auditorium this afternoon. The reception was tendered by the two Grand Army posts, the city, citizens generally and the missionary societies represented in China. Three thousand attended. Minister Conger and family and intimate friends occupied the stage, and the boxes were filled with state and city officials. Addresses of welcome were made by Judge Josiah Given, Dr. E. R. Hutchins, John A. McCall, Gov. Shaw, Mayor Hartenbower and others, and Minister Conger responded briefly, reviewing the events of the siege of Peking and the relief of the legation.

In the course of his reply Minister Conger, referring to the Boxer movement in China, said: "The Boxer movement in China, said: 'But there is a history connected with this affair which I have not seen in print, and about which I will tell you. The organization which started the movement has been in existence more than a hundred years, but had long ceased to be important, and it was revived in the province of Shan Tung, some time in the year 1859, revived the organization, or rather the name of the organization, and made it a patriotic organization, but it was not a religious organization. The name of the priest who was at its head has since been captured, tried by a German court and executed. It has been learned since the suppression of the Boxers that the organization was entirely religious in its origin, and that it had supernatural powers. The society spread in Shan Tung province. There was never a religious movement until it was taken up by Gen. Yu Shen, the governor of the province, a bitter hater of the foreigners, and he says that he would make of this society a tool to further his ends. He encouraged the society, gave the members fully armed and equipped, and that they would form an army to drive out of China everything that was not Chinese. He said that he would make their bodies impervious to bullets and that he would use the superstitious minds of the Chinese people. There had not been a foreigner harmed in Shan Tung since the time of the Rev. Dr. Brooks, a missionary, who was killed by accident than by design. Gen. Yu then secured the assistance of a powerful princess and between them a determined on making the society sufficient to take up the foreigner. Soon the societies spread over the Chi Li province, in which Peking is situated, and native Christians were attacked and native Christians were killed either to recant or suffer death."

CHINESE ARE COWARDS. Minister Conger declared that all of the time of the siege there was the flimsiest possible veil between the legation and death. It could have been brushed aside with one charge, he said, and he would have been in the city. He possessed the means to drive out the Chinese and wishes to come away they were filled with fear and never made a charge. Such a charge as was made by our men under Capt. Meyer would have driven them out of the city.

Mr. Conger said the family were guests at a reception at the state house under the auspices of the City Federation of Women's clubs. It is the second time in history that the use of the state house has been granted for a private reception.

Minister Conger will leave on Monday for Washington to consult with the state department with regard to his duties.

CHINESE INDEMNITY.

LATEST FIGURES PLACE IT AT \$223,000,000 ALL TOLD.

PARIS, May 3.—The French foreign office corrects the figures of the indemnity to be demanded from China, as compiled to the foreign office by M. Pichon, the French minister at Peking, purporting to be taken from the report of the committee on indemnity and telegraphed to the Associated Press May 1. It was then announced that the amount China is to pay was fixed at 1,985,000,000 francs. The foreign office now announces that the amount should have been 1,615,000,000 francs. However, this amount yet may be reduced. These figures provide for the foreign office is anxious that the United States support Germany's proposal to increase the Chinese customs duties to be paid to be pointed out that it will be proposed to the best guarantee of the "open door." As no satisfactory alternative is suggested, a disagreement of the powers may result in the occupation of portions of Chinese territory by individual powers, as a guarantee for their respective claims. France and Russia favor the collective guarantee of the powers.

LONDON, May 3.—The Indian secretary, Lord George, in answer to a question in the house of commons, said that the British troops had stopped the British troops from looting at Peking, but the British troops had not been allowed to enter the districts occupied by the British. Such property was subsequently sold for the benefit of all.

WORLD'S COMMERCE.

IS LIKELY TO BE CONTROLLED BY THE AMERICAN TRUST.

LONDON, May 3.—The Statist, discussing the recent developments of American finance, will say tomorrow: "Practically, therefore, we shall have the same group of financiers in control of the great industrial corporations in the United States, of the great lines of railway from the Atlantic to the Pacific and of the lines of steamships crossing the Pacific to China, India, Australia, and the lines crossing the Atlantic to Europe and Africa and the lines to the east and west coasts of South America. If these vast plans for controlling the production of the United States and the means of transport to the markets of the world can be consummated and effectively carried out, the United States will become the most powerful and most wealthy country in the world. 'The question is, are these plans too vast to be carried out by any group of individuals, however eminent and able?'"



ST. PAUL—THIS IS JUST THE SPOT FOR YOU.

TO REDUCE THE FORCE IRISH JURY PACKING.

CAUSE OF HEATED DEBATE IN HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, May 3.—Mr. Thomas Power O'Connor, Irish Nationalist member for the constituency of Liverpool, opened a fierce debate on the Irish question in the house of commons today by moving to reduce the salary for the attorney general for Ireland that "not only was jury packing one of the most flagrant evils of legal administration in Ireland, but that the whole system was calculated to produce abrogation of law and to suppress individual and national liberty."

Among many citations he brought up the case of Mr. Patrick A. Mough (member of the north division of Leitrim) who was imprisoned because of editorial comments he had made in the Sligo Champion.

Mr. John Atkinson, attorney general for Ireland, replied that it would be a farce to try members of the United Kingdom to be continued, these will be regarded the law of the league as higher than the law of the land. He pointed out the strength of the league, and the advantage of all men to be members of the jury box, men who had been tutored to believe that serious crime was not to be tolerated.

Sir Edward James (Liberal) said the attorney general for Ireland had admitted the practice of jury packing on a large scale.

Many members took part in the debate among them Mr. T. W. Russell, who said he had been packed on a jury, a remark which provoked Mr. Patrick O'Brien to retort that he had been packed on a jury as well.

Mr. Russell—No one need tell me that juries are not packed in Ireland, for I have gone through the operation myself.

Mr. O'Connor's motion was rejected by a vote of 173 to 105.

SWIFT RETRIBUTION.

SOLDIER MURDERS BARTENDER—HENSEL SHOT BY POLICEMAN.

DENVER, Col., May 3.—Hugh Masterson, trumpeter for Company M, Twenty-third infantry, stationed at Fort Logan, New York city, was shot and killed by a policeman here, although they have been together for the artillery in order to increase that branch to the maximum of 18,000 men.

MANILA, May 3.—Civil government in Manila was established today as a preliminary to the inauguration of a general civil government. The United States Philippine commission is unwilling to permit the experiment of elections here, although they have been authorized in all other municipalities. Judge Taft says a municipal government for Manila will surely be created. The officers will probably be appointed. Lepanto and possibly all the other uncivilized provinces will be organized specially on a plan similar to that adopted in the case of Benguet.

The board of health has completed the census of Manila. The population number was 247,752.

The trial of Lieut. Boyer, charged with commissary irregularities, has been completed. The verdict has not been announced. The trial of Capt. Barrows, also charged with commissary irregularities, begins Monday.

AMERICAN STOCKS.

Result of Northern Oratorical Contest at Iowa City.

IOWA CITY, Io., May 3.—The Northern oratorical league contest resulted: Michigan first, represented by Carroll L. Storer, subject, "The Minister Plenipotentiary," second, Chicago, represented by Bertram G. Nelson, subject, "The World's Orator," third, Iowa, represented by Otto H. Schuler, subject, "The Last Captivity," fourth, Wisconsin, represented by Miss Louise Loeb, subject, "The Triumph of Altruism."

Oberlin and Minnesota are tied for fifth place. Oberlin was represented by Clarence M. Woodruff, subject, "The Battle of Saratoga." Minnesota was represented by Thomas D. Schall, subject, "A Hero in the Past." Oberlin was represented by Hazz Enwai, subject, "The Power of a Great Conviction as Illustrated in the Life of Garibaldi," and marked seventh. The winning oration was a eulogy on "Henry Ward Beecher." At the business meeting this afternoon the following officers were elected: President, P. S. Merritt, of Iowa; first vice president, T. G. Marshall, of Michigan; second vice president, M. J. Reed; third vice president, E. W. Feltine, of Oberlin; fourth vice president, C. R. Round, of Wisconsin; treasurer, E. G. B. Watson, of Chicago.

BROWN FIRED AGAIN.

KOREAN GOVERNMENT REMOVED ADMINISTRATOR OF CUSTOMS.

SEOUL, Korea, May 3.—The Korean government has revised its action in the matter of Mr. McLeary Brown and has ordered him to leave his residence and relinquish the control of Korean customs. The representative of Great Britain in Korea is moving actively in the matter.

BULLETIN OF IMPORTANT NEWS OF THE DAY

Weather Forecast for St. Paul: Showers; Cooler.

1—Bad Fire at Jacksonville, McKinley in Texas. Reducing Philippine Force. Story of the Boxers.

2—Death of W. J. Footner. C. A. Morey Badly Hurt. In Last Resting Place. Talked of for Coadjutor. River Gives Up Dead.

3—Weekly Financial Reviews. News of the Northwest. Site for Sanitarium.

4—Editorial Page.

5—Sporting News. Western League Opens. St. Paul Wins First. Results in Eastern League.

6—News of Railroads. Popular Wants.

7—Markets of the World. Chicago May Wheat, 73 1/2c. Bar Silver, 59 3/4c. Stocks Weak; Lower.

8—Supreme Court Decisions. Fighting for Salaries.

THE WEATHER.

Minnesota—Showers Saturday with cooler in southern and western portions. Sunday fair, fresh northerly winds. Wisconsin—Fair in eastern, showers in western portion Friday. Sunday fair; fresh south to east winds. North Dakota—Showers Saturday with cooler in western portion. Sunday fair and warmer; variable winds. South Dakota—Fair and warmer Saturday. Sunday fair; southerly winds. Montana—Fair and warmer Saturday; Sunday fair; variable winds. Iowa—Fair; southerly winds. Saturday; Sunday fair; southerly winds.

St. Paul—Yesterday's observations, taken by the United States weather bureau, St. Paul, P. F. Lyons, observer, for the twenty-four hours ended at 7 o'clock last night—Barometer, corrected for temperature and elevation: Highest temperature, 75; lowest temperature, 63; average temperature, 68; daily range, barometer, 30.0; humidity, 41; precipitation, .7; wind, southwest, variable, partly cloudy. Yesterday's temperature: 5 p.m. High 70; 8 p.m. High 68; 11 p.m. High 65; 12 m. High 63; 1 p.m. High 62; 2 p.m. High 61; 3 p.m. High 60; 4 p.m. High 59; 5 p.m. High 58; 6 p.m. High 57; 7 p.m. High 56; 8 p.m. High 55; 9 p.m. High 54; 10 p.m. High 53; 11 p.m. High 52; 12 m. High 51; 1 p.m. High 50; 2 p.m. High 49; 3 p.m. High 48; 4 p.m. High 47; 5 p.m. High 46; 6 p.m. High 45; 7 p.m. High 44; 8 p.m. High 43; 9 p.m. High 42; 10 p.m. High 41; 11 p.m. High 40; 12 m. High 39; 1 p.m. High 38; 2 p.m. High 37; 3 p.m. High 36; 4 p.m. High 35; 5 p.m. High 34; 6 p.m. High 33; 7 p.m. High 32; 8 p.m. High 31; 9 p.m. High 30; 10 p.m. High 29; 11 p.m. High 28; 12 m. High 27; 1 p.m. High 26; 2 p.m. High 25; 3 p.m. High 24; 4 p.m. High 23; 5 p.m. High 22; 6 p.m. High 21; 7 p.m. High 20; 8 p.m. High 19; 9 p.m. High 18; 10 p.m. High 17; 11 p.m. High 16; 12 m. High 15; 1 p.m. High 14; 2 p.m. High 13; 3 p.m. High 12; 4 p.m. High 11; 5 p.m. High 10; 6 p.m. High 9; 7 p.m. High 8; 8 p.m. High 7; 9 p.m. High 6; 10 p.m. High 5; 11 p.m. High 4; 12 m. High 3; 1 p.m. High 2; 2 p.m. High 1; 3 p.m. High 0; 4 p.m. High -1; 5 p.m. High -2; 6 p.m. High -3; 7 p.m. High -4; 8 p.m. High -5; 9 p.m. High -6; 10 p.m. High -7; 11 p.m. High -8; 12 m. High -9; 1 p.m. High -10; 2 p.m. High -11; 3 p.m. High -12; 4 p.m. High -13; 5 p.m. High -14; 6 p.m. High -15; 7 p.m. High -16; 8 p.m. High -17; 9 p.m. High -18; 10 p.m. High -19; 11 p.m. High -20; 12 m. High -21; 1 p.m. High -22; 2 p.m. High -23; 3 p.m. High -24; 4 p.m. High -25; 5 p.m. High -26; 6 p.m. High -27; 7 p.m. High -28; 8 p.m. High -29; 9 p.m. High -30; 10 p.m. High -31; 11 p.m. High -32; 12 m. High -33; 1 p.m. High -34; 2 p.m. High -35; 3 p.m. High -36; 4 p.m. High -37; 5 p.m. High -38; 6 p.m. High -39; 7 p.m. High -40; 8 p.m. High -41; 9 p.m. High -42; 10 p.m. High -43; 11 p.m. High -44; 12 m. High -45; 1 p.m. High -46; 2 p.m. High -47; 3 p.m. High -48; 4 p.m. High -49; 5 p.m. High -50; 6 p.m. High -51; 7 p.m. High -52; 8 p.m. High -53; 9 p.m. High -54; 10 p.m. High -55; 11 p.m. High -56; 12 m. High -57; 1 p.m. High -58; 2 p.m. High -59; 3 p.m. High -60; 4 p.m. High -61; 5 p.m. High -62; 6 p.m. High -63; 7 p.m. High -64; 8 p.m. High -65; 9 p.m. High -66; 10 p.m. High -67; 11 p.m. High -68; 12 m. High -69; 1 p.m. High -70; 2 p.m. High -71; 3 p.m. High -72; 4 p.m. High -73; 5 p.m. High -74; 6 p.m. High -75; 7 p.m. High -76; 8 p.m. High -77; 9 p.m. High -78; 10 p.m. High -79; 11 p.m. High -80; 12 m. High -81; 1 p.m. High -82; 2 p.m. High -83; 3 p.m. High -84; 4 p.m. High -85; 5 p.m. High -86; 6 p.m. High -87; 7 p.m. High -88; 8 p.m. High -89; 9 p.m. High -90; 10 p.m. High -91; 11 p.m. High -92; 12 m. High -93; 1 p.m. High -94; 2 p.m. High -95; 3 p.m. High -96; 4 p.m. High -97; 5 p.m. High -98; 6 p.m. High -99; 7 p.m. High -100; 8 p.m. High -101; 9 p.m. High -102; 10 p.m. High -103; 11 p.m. High -104; 12 m. High -105; 1 p.m. High -106; 2 p.m. High -107; 3 p.m. High -108; 4 p.m. High -109; 5 p.m. High -110; 6 p.m. High -111; 7 p.m. High -112; 8 p.m. High -113; 9 p.m. High -114; 10 p.m. High -115; 11 p.m. High -116; 12 m. High -117; 1 p.m. High -118; 2 p.m. High -119; 3 p.m. High -120; 4 p.m. High -121; 5 p.m. High -122; 6 p.m. High -123; 7 p.m. High -124; 8 p.m. High -125; 9 p.m. High -126; 10 p.m. High -127; 11 p.m. High -128; 12 m. High -129; 1 p.m. High -130; 2 p.m. High -131; 3 p.m. High -132; 4 p.m. High -133; 5 p.m. High -134; 6 p.m. High -135; 7 p.m. High -136; 8 p.m. High -137; 9 p.m. High -138; 10 p.m. High -139; 11 p.m. High -140; 12 m. High -141; 1 p.m. High -142; 2 p.m. High -143; 3 p.m. High -144; 4 p.m. High -145; 5 p.m. High -146; 6 p.m. High -147; 7 p.m. High -148; 8 p.m. High -149; 9 p.m. High -150; 10 p.m. High -151; 11 p.m. High -152; 12 m. High -153; 1 p.m. High -154; 2 p.m. High -155; 3 p.m. High -156; 4 p.m. High -157; 5 p.m. High -158; 6 p.m. High -159; 7 p.m. High -160; 8 p.m. High -161; 9 p.m. High -162; 10 p.m. High -163; 11 p.m. High -164; 12 m. 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High -261; 1 p.m. High -262; 2 p.m. High -263; 3 p.m. High -264; 4 p.m. High -265; 5 p.m. High -266; 6 p.m. High -267; 7 p.m. High -268; 8 p.m. High -269; 9 p.m. High -270; 10 p.m. High -271; 11 p.m. High -272; 12 m. High -273; 1 p.m. High -274; 2 p.m. High -275; 3 p.m. High -276; 4 p.m. High -277; 5 p.m. High -278; 6 p.m. High -279; 7 p.m. High -280; 8 p.m. High -281; 9 p.m. High -282; 10 p.m. High -283; 11 p.m. High -284; 12 m. High -285; 1 p.m. High -286; 2 p.m. High -287; 3 p.m. High -288; 4 p.m. High -289; 5 p.m. High -290; 6 p.m. High -291; 7 p.m. High -292; 8 p.m. High -293; 9 p.m. High -294; 10 p.m. High -295; 11 p.m. High -296; 12 m. High -297; 1 p.m. High -298; 2 p.m. High -299; 3 p.m. High -300; 4 p.m. High -301; 5 p.m. High -302; 6 p.m. High -303; 7 p.m. High -304; 8 p.m. High -305; 9 p.m. High -306; 10 p.m. High -307; 11 p.m. High -308; 12 m. High -309; 1 p.m. High -310; 2 p.m. High -311; 3 p.m. High -312; 4 p.m. High -313; 5 p.m. High -314; 6 p.m. High -315; 7 p.m. High -316; 8 p.m. High -317; 9 p.m. High -318; 10 p.m. High -319; 11 p.m. High -320; 12 m. High -321; 1 p.m. High -322; 2 p.m. High -323; 3 p.m. High -324; 4 p.m. High -325; 5 p.m. High -326; 6 p.m. High -327; 7 p.m. High -328; 8 p.m. High -329; 9 p.m. High -330; 10 p.m. High -331; 11 p.m. High -332; 12 m. High -333; 1 p.m. High -334; 2 p.m. High -335; 3 p.m. High -336; 4 p.m. High -337; 5 p.m. High -338; 6 p.m. High -339; 7 p.m. High -340; 8 p.m. High -341; 9 p.m. High -342; 10 p.m. High -343; 11 p.m. High -344; 12 m. High -345; 1 p.m. High -346; 2 p.m. High -347; 3 p.m. High -348; 4 p.m. High -349; 5 p.m. High -350; 6 p.m. High -351; 7 p.m. High -352; 8 p.m. High -353; 9 p.m. High -354; 10 p.m. High -355; 11 p.m. High -356; 12 m. High -357; 1 p.m. High -358; 2 p.m. High -359; 3 p.m. High -360; 4 p.m. High -361; 5 p.m. High -362; 6 p.m. High -363; 7 p.m. High -364; 8 p.m. High -365; 9 p.m. High -366; 10 p.m. High -367; 11 p.m. High -368; 12 m. High -369; 1 p.m. High -370; 2 p.m. High -371; 3 p.m. High -372; 4 p.m. High -373; 5 p.m. High -374; 6 p.m. High -375; 7 p.m. High -376; 8 p.m. High -377; 9 p.m. High -378; 10 p.m. High -379; 11 p.m. High -380; 12 m. High -381; 1 p.m. High -382; 2 p.m. High -383; 3 p.m. High -384; 4 p.m. High -385; 5 p.m. High -386; 6 p.m. High -387; 7 p.m. High -388; 8 p.m. High -389; 9 p.m. High -390; 10 p.m. High -391; 11 p.m. High -392; 12 m. High -393; 1 p.m. High -394; 2 p.m. High -395; 3 p.m. High -396; 4 p.m. High -397; 5 p.m. High -398; 6 p.m. High -399; 7 p.m. High -400; 8 p.m. High -401; 9 p.m. High -402; 10 p.m. High -403; 11 p.m. High -404; 12 m. High -405; 1 p.m. High -406; 2 p.m. High -407; 3 p.m. High -408; 4 p.m. High -409; 5 p.m. High -410; 6 p.m. High -411; 7 p.m. High -412; 8 p.m. High -413; 9 p.m. High -414; 10 p.m. High -415; 11 p.m. High -416; 12 m. High -417; 1 p.m. High -418; 2 p.m. High -419; 3 p.m. High -420; 4 p.m. High -421; 5 p.m. High -422; 6 p.m. High -423; 7 p.m. High -424; 8 p.m. High -425; 9 p.m. High -426; 10 p.m. High -427; 11 p.m. High -428; 12 m. High -429; 1 p.m. High -430; 2 p.m. High -431; 3 p.m. High -432; 4 p.m. High -433; 5 p.m. High -434; 6 p.m. High -435; 7 p.m. High -436; 8 p.m. High -437; 9 p.m. High -438; 10 p.m. High -439; 11 p.m. High -440; 12 m. High -441; 1 p.m. High -442; 2 p.m. High -443; 3 p.m. High -444; 4 p.m. High -445; 5 p.m. High -446; 6 p.m. High -447; 7 p.m. High -448; 8 p.m. High -449; 9 p.m. High -450; 10 p.m. High -451; 11 p.m. High -452; 12 m. High -453; 1 p.m. High -454; 2 p.m. High -455; 3 p.m. High -456; 4 p.m. High -457; 5 p.m. High -458; 6 p.m. High -459; 7 p.m. High -460; 8 p.m. High -461; 9 p.m. High -462; 10 p.m. High -463; 11 p.m. High -464; 12 m. High -465; 1 p.m. High -466; 2 p.m. High -467; 3 p.m. High -468; 4 p.m. High -469; 5 p.m. High -470; 6 p.m. High -471; 7 p.m. High -472; 8