CITY NEWS.

The state normal board will meet today.

The Iowa Kranker Unterstultung verein will hold a picnic at Schwartz park tomorrow.

Mrs. Victoria Dufresne was taken to the detention hospital yesterday from 23 West Acker street.

The fire department parade was not given last night, as had been arranged, because of the inclement weather.

Theodore L. Schurmeier yesterday filed his oath of office as regent of the state university with the secretary of state.

The Primary Union Sunday school teachers will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the House of Hope. Several papers are to be read.

Andrew England, a farmer from Stephen, Minn., was "touched" in an interurban car Thursday night for $20 in money and two railroad tickets

Supt. Olson, of the state department of public instruction, has appointed Prof. W. W. Hobbs, principal of the North side high school, Minneapolis, conductor of the summer school at Pipestone, in place of Prof. J. N. Greer, who recently resigned.

William Akin and Edward Nelson, two ten-year-old boys, who ran away from their homes in Red Wing several days ago, were picked up by the police yesterday. They have been selling papers and shining shoes since coming to the city. They will be held at central station until their parents come for them.

MOVED VERY CAREFULLY

TAX COMMITTEE OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS CONSIDER APPLICATIONS.

The tax committee of the board of county commissioners held its first meeting since Public Examiner Pope made public his discoveries in regard to tax refundments, late yesterday afternoon. The meeting was held in the county auditor's office, and Commissioners Lott, Whitehorn and Powers, County Auditor Johnson and County Attorney Kane were present. A number of applications for abatement of taxes which had been paid twice were heard and acted upon favorably. Several applications for refundments of 1891 and 1892 taxes were also considered and some of them were allowed and the others were referrred to the county attorney for investigation. The committee was very careful yesterday in considering the applications and every one of the applicants had to swear to the fact that they were the true owners of the certificates. The action of the committee will be reported to the board of county commissioners at its meeting next Monday morning, when final action will be taken.

All of the applications yesterday afternoon were for small sums, none of them reaching over $100. Following is a list of the applications for refundments which were favorably acted upon: William D. Coveney, $26.44; Bridget Ryan, $60.58; Edward Haberman, $19.88; Charles L. Covel, about $90; N. E. Johnson, $40.46; and Charles R. Parker, about $70.

COPYING THE RETURNS.

Assessor's Assistants Busy on Personal Property Tax Lists.

The work of copying personal property tax returns in the assessor's books was commenced in earnest yesterday morning and it is expected that all preliminary work in connection with the assessment will be completed by tonight. The field deputies have already finished their work and the returns from taxpayers will be permitted at any time until their names are reached on the books. According to Assessor Conley, little trouble has been experienced this year by the deputies in securing the necessary information.

ALL BIDS REJECTED.

Contractors Want Too Much Money to Lay Water Mains.

At a meeting of the board of water commissioners yesterday the bids received a few days ago for the laying of the proposed water mains at the state fair grounds were rejected, and the board decided to do the work themselves.

The prices demanded for the work as a rule were too high, in some instances exceeding by 20 per cent the estimate placed by the board. At the meeting a four-inch main and meter was ordered placed in the new market grounds.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases; 50 cents.

YERXA

Our New Departure.

A full-fledged drug store under the able management of a registered graduate of pharmacy with the best drugs that can be procured and sold at the Yerxa margin of profit means a good saving to the family pocketbook. Bring your prescriptions here and see what you can save.

Lazelle's Extract Frangipanna and Heliotrope; regular 50c goods. Special today 30c
Sherman's Foot-ease, regular 25c for 10c
Yerxa's Little Liver Pills (5 doses 10c); 25c size for 8c
Castoria, special for Saturday, 35c size for 22c

Buying medicine is a serious business. You should use the same good judgment in purchasing medicine that you do in more trivial purchases.

Table Salt Per bag 2½c
Old Potatoes Choice Early Ohios, bushel basket, for Saturday 58c
New Potatoes Best ones, per peck 29c
C Sugar 21 pounds good flavored sugar $1.00

Model Meat Market.

	Per lb.
Good Rib Roast Beef	10c
Boneless Roast Beef, rolled ready for the oven; no waste	12½c
Shoulder Roasts	8c
Legs of Mutton	11c
Legs of Fall Lamb	15c
Hindquarters Spring Lamb	20c
Frontquarters Spring Lamb	12c
Fancy Sugar-Cured Ham	12c
Fresh Dressed Chickens	12½

FREE TRIPS.

Any person collecting and presenting at our office bills showing purchase of $20 worth of goods from our store (no matter by whom bought nor how many different bills providing they bear date stamped any time after June 15) will be presented with a free pass entitling them to a delightful day's outing trip up the beautiful Minnesota river on the magnificent little river steamboat City of Hudson. These bills may be for any amount and purchased at various times by various people; simply a total of $20 worth of purchases to entitle you to this magnificent free trip.

So save your bills. Get your friends to trade here and save their bills and you can have many delightful river trips together this summer.

The above generous offer will apply to all departments of our business.

—F. R.—
YERXA & CO.
SEVENTH AND CEDAR STS.

FIERCE WHILE IT LASTED

YESTERDAY'S STORM STARTED SEVERAL FIRES AND DID MUCH DAMAGE

RAIN RECORD ESTABLISHED

In Twenty Minutes 1.02 Inches Fell, While Wind Was Blowing 37 Miles—Confusion at Camp Northcott.

One of the most severe rain and wind storms that has struck St. Paul for many years visited the city and vicinity at about 2:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon. For twenty minutes the rain fell in torrents, filling the gutters so rapidly that the sidewalks in many places were under water. A high wind, which attained a velocity of thirty-seven miles an hour, worked considerable damage, blowing down sign boards, feed and trolley wires, breaking many windows in stores, dwellings and office buildings, and in some places tearing up board sidewalks and carrying them forty or fifty feet away. The lightning caused three fires which kept the department busy during the heavy rain, and also burned out a great many telephones, crippling the service all over the city.

The heat was oppressive at about 1:30 o'clock. Clouds began to gather in the southwest and at 2:20 o'clock a light rain began to fall. Ten minutes later a high wind was blowing and in a few minutes a deluge of water broke over the city. The rain drove the people off the streets into hallways and buildings. The wind rapidly increased and at 2:45 there was a gale which stripped trees and broke a great many windows. A heavy feed wire at Fourth and Wabasha streets was blown down and it fell across the trolley wires, making an electrical display of fire for several minutes. It was finally burned in two and fell to the ground without doing any other damage than interrupting the service. Another feed wire on the Robert street bridge was blown down. Trolley wires on the Rondo street line and on the union depot loop between Fourth and Fifth streets were blown to the ground. Three cars on the interurban line were burned out by the lightning.

At 3:45 a bolt of lightning went down the chimney in the home of George Holmstrom, 777 Wells street, scattering the furniture all over the house and starting a fire which did $60 damage. At about the same time a house at 442 Minnehaha street, owned by P. Johnson, was struck by lightning and the roof and upper story badly scorched. The damage amounted to $100. At the breaking of the storm a barn owned by Christ Johnson at 169 McBoal street was visited by a bolt of lightning and burned to the ground, the loss amounting to $500. After the fire department had taken several runs through the mud and rain Chief Jackson concluded that it was in no condition to participate in the parade which had been arranged for last evening.

The south wall of the old cold storage plant, which has remained standing since the fire of last summer, was blown down, and bricks and mortar were scattered so deeply on the Omaha tracks that trains could not pass until the rubbish had been removed. Building Inspector Wheeler viewed the structure shortly after the storm and gave orders that the walls still standing should be torn down or secured so that they would not be a menace. Forty feet of board sidewalk at the corner of South Robert and Morrison streets was picked up by a gale of wind and deposited on the other side of the street. There was a similar occurrence at State and Eaton streets.

CONFUSION AT CAMP NORTHCOTT.

At Camp Northcott there was considerable excitement during the storm. Several tents were blown down, and all who were at the camp were drenched by the heavy downpour, which soaked through the canvas. The main dining tent was caught by the wind and the large center pole snapped in twain. The tent fell over a number of waitresses, who screamed with fright until they were rescued from under the folds of the canvas. None of the girls was injured, but all were as wet as they could be made by rain. Several of them got down-hearted, and, amid their tears, swore that they would never again try to spend a part of their existence in anything that looked like a tent. Maj. Gen. Mitchell's quarters were blown down; also the hospital tent and the tent attached to the police station, in which the patrol wagon and horses were kept. The postoffice tent was carried twenty feet away and deposited in a wet heap. All of the refreshment tents were on the ground after the storm had passed over. The campers and visitors presented a sorry spectacle. Their persons and all their belongings were drenched. Some of the gaudy Woodmen uniforms lost their beauty. Many of the campers seemed discouraged, and there was a general packing up of belongings.

Though the flow of water through the streets and sewers was very heavy there was not much damage wrought. The most severe washouts occurred on the bluff on the West side. There was but one break in the sewers reported. This was at South Wabasha and Isabel streets. The water flowed over the sidewalk at this point and flowed into the cellar of John Lynch.

Street Commissioner Steeg and his force were kept busy all afternoon clearing the wrecked sidewalks and limbs of trees from the gutters. City Engineer Claussen stated that the damage would cause but little expense to the city.

In speaking of the storm Local Forecast Official P. F. Lyons said that, in one respect it was the heaviest rainfall that has ever been recorded in St. Paul. In twenty minutes there was a fall of 1.02 inches. In one hour the fall amounted to 1.10 inches. The wind blew at the rate of thirty-seven miles an hour.

SCHOOL HOLIDAYS BEGIN.

Pupils Given Cards and Turned Loose for the Summer.

The public schools of St. Paul closed yesterday for the summer vacation, and the pupils were presented with their cards. Many of the schools held their closing exercises the evening before. In all about 400 pupils left the graded schools. Of these about one-fourth will go to work and the others will go to the high schools in the fall.

The board of university regents yesterday awarded the contract for the new physics building to F. G. McMillan, Minneapolis. The cost of the building will be $60,000.

The board of school inspectors will hold a meeting early next week to consider the appointment of teachers for the city schools for the next term.

The state normal board will hold a meeting in the capitol building today, and President Bohanan, of the new Duluth normal school, through Director Phelps, of Duluth, will present nominations for the normal faculty. There will be six members on the board.

To Consider Kittson's Plea.

Judge Bazille in the probate court yesterday took under advisement the application of Alfred S. Kittson to be restored to capacity and to have his guardian, E. S. Durment, discharged. Judge Bazille is of the opinion that in case he should grant the application, and, as a condition precedent, some provision should be made to protect the interest of the child of the defendant, a little girl.

Feeding to Fit

is the problem with infants. The growing child has ever changing needs, but a perfect milk can never go amiss. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is the acme of substitute feeding. Send 10c. for "Baby's Diary." 71 Hudson St., N. Y.

DAN'L W. LAWLER RESIGNS

ABANDONS LEGAL DEPARTMENT OF GREAT WESTERN TO RESUME HIS PRACTICE

DOES NOT ENTER POLITICS

Will Form Copartnership With Frank Arnold—Company Adopts Resolutions Commending Mr. Lawler's Career.

Daniel W. Lawyer has resigned as general attorney for the Great Western road, which position he has held for nearly eight years, to resume the general practice of law in this city. In taking this step, however, Mr. Lawler does not entirely sever his official connection with the Great Western, for he has accepted appointment as its local attorney for St. Paul, which is also an important and lucrative position.

Mr. Lawler's resignation as general attorney of the company was submitted at a meeting of the directors held June 7, and was accepted by them with much reluctance. Resolutions expressing regret on the part of the board, and thanks to Mr. Lawler for faithful, efficient and valuable services on behalf of the company during his incumbency were adopted.

RESIGNATION EFFECTIVE TODAY.

The resignation of Mr. Lawler takes effect today, and he will at once open offices in the New York Life building with Frank Arnold, formerly assistant corporation attorney, but now of the legal department of the Great Western road. Mr. Arnold also will soon sever his connection with the railroad company.

It was seven years ago last November that Mr. Lawler first entered upon the duties of the office from which he has just retired, and since then he has led an active official life, which entailed a great deal of railroad travel and frequent absences from home.

Mr. Lawler was seen last evening at his home by a reporter for the Globe, and, asked as to his resignation, he said:

"I have had this step in contemplation for some time past. I have resigned to practice law, and my reason is that I want to have an easier time of it—more time to spend at home with my family and more opportunity to cultivate the acquaintance and friendship of my neighbors and fellow townsmen. Of late years the duties of my office have required more and more that I should be away from home, and I do not like that sort of thing. And, when I have been in the city I have been kept so busy that I could find but little time for recreation or home life."

NOT OUT FOR POLITICS.

"I notice that one of the evening papers is disposed to attribute my action to political aspirations," continued Mr. Lawler, "but I will say that any such supposition is erroneous, and there is really nothing to it. As I just stated, I resigned to practice law, and while I shall continue to take an active interest in the politics of this city and in the Democratic party generally, I shall not seek any political office. In fact I would not now accept any office in the state of Minnesota if I should receive a unanimous nomination and were assured of an election. As police commissioner of the city of St. Paul, I now hold the only office that I shall desire for three years to come; and then I hope for a reappointment to a five-year term at the hands of a Democratic mayor, and I sincerely hope and trust the mayor will be Robert A. Smith. I am proud of the record of the police commission and the police department under the administration of the commission and our present able chief of police."

Mr. Lawler will be succeeded as general attorney of the Great Western road by Asa G. Briggs, now of the firm of Briggs & Morrison. There will be no change in the office of general counsel of the road, that position still being held by Frank B. Kellogg.

TAILORS' MUTUAL PROTECTION.

Steps Taken to Avoid Impositions by Freebooters.

At a meeting of the Merchant Tailors' Exchange, held last evening, the matter of credits and ratings was freely discussed. The tailors of the city are entering upon an improved system of reporting ratings and credits which will enable them to know the undesirable and delinquent customers.

The object of the tailors is one for mutual protection against the impositions commonly practiced by the wearers of unpaid-for clothes. By the system adopted the tailors will be enabled to identify a "bad customer," and thus avoid the liability of making some one a present of a suit of clothes.

Woodmen, There Are Others,

But none so fine as the fish caught in the lakes along the Soo Line. Excursion rates to all fishing points for your special benefit. Soo Line ticket office, 379 Robert street.

Get a bar of Fels-Naptha soap. Do your washing with it.

Say you don't like it. Your grocer returns your money.

Fels & Co., makers, Philadelphia.

LONGER SCHOOL COURSE

CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL DECIDES TO ESTABLISH ONE OF FIVE YEARS

DOES AWAY WITH CRAMMING

Pupils Will Take Fewer Subjects Each Year Than Those Who Finish in Four Years.

The path of knowledge that the modern young idea treads is constantly being made smoother. An innovation to be introduced next year at the St. Paul Central high school will do much to smooth the path of the less robust student and give him or her a chance to finish school without any cramming or overworking. This innovation is nothing more or less than a five-year course of study. The pupil who decides to take up a five-year course instead of the four-year course will have three instead of four studies to master each year. Of course, for the more ambitious and the stronger pupils there will be a four-year course just as there is at present. The five-year course is arranged especially for those pupils who are not strong enough, physically, to get through with four studies each year, or who wish to devote part of their time to music or—and it is to be regretted that this is very often the case—who have social duties that interfere with regular work at school. This having a five-year course was decided upon only after careful thought on the part of the faculty. It is a well known fact that some children are not as bright, mentally, as others, though they have other qualities that compensate for this lack. It is always a humiliation for such to find their classmates constantly outstripping them. Generally, in the end they are forced to drop behind. When they enter upon the five-year course there will be no forcing process and they will have the satisfaction of knowing that they are accomplishing the work assigned them and will be encouraged by the prospect of finishing with those with whom they started out. The five-year course will embrace exactly the same studies as the four-year course. The only difference will be that fewer studies will be taken up each year. This change has been made partly to satisfy the objection of parents who claim that their children have to devote too much time to their studies and that music or any other outside study is out of the question and for those pupils whose health is not strong enough to permit them of finishing school in four years.

HON. DANIEL W. LAWLER,

Who Has Resigned as General Attorney for the Chicago Great Western Railroad.

WATER FRONTAGE TAX

CASE IS AGAIN ARGUED BEFORE SUPREME COURT.

The case of the city against the R. P. Lewis company, of St. Paul, which will test the validity of the water frontage tax of 10 cents per front foot, was argued again before the supreme court yesterday.

F. H. Griggs appeared for the city, and D. W. Doty for the water frontage owners, represented by the Robert P. Lewis company. Mr. Griggs quoted a decision of the United States supreme court sustaining the frontage tax for paving, and claimed the court should follow this decision in regard to the water tax. The state supreme court last winter decided that the water frontage was illegal because it was arbitrary, and a reversal is now asked for. The case referred to, which was decided in the United States supreme court, was that of Norwood vs. Baker. Here the property abutting the paved streets had been assessed for the actual cost of the paving, and the assessment, as stated, was sustained. It was contended by Mr. Doty, for the water frontage owners that that case was altogether different because there the property benefited was assessed for the actual cost of the paving, while in the case here the frontage tax of 10 cents per front foot is continuous and bears no particular relation to the cost of laying the mains.

ONLY USED A PART.

CHIEF O'CONNOR HAS DISPENSED WITH HIS SPECIALS.

Of the $2,000 set aside by the common council for police protection during the Woodmen's convention, $1,900 has so far been spent. The sum total will not exceed $2,000, Chief O'Connor having yesterday practically relieved himself of the extra men hired. In all 110 extra men were used.

The sum set aside by the council was practically a mortgage on next year's contingent fund, and arrangements were made yesterday by the department for the raising of the amount by borrowing it from one of the local banks. When procured it will be turned over to Mayor Smith, and all the men holding requisitions signed by Chief O'Connor will then be paid from it.

Grand Excursion to Minnesota & North Dakota Points Via Great Northern Railway.

For the benefit of the Woodmen who wish to see more of Minnesota and North Dakota, the Great Northern Railway will sell half-rate tickets to all points in Minnesota and North Dakota and return, June 14th and 15th. Tickets good until June 30th. Call on Great Northern agents for details.

C. P. LYMAN DROPS DEAD

EXPIRED IN BATH ROOM OF SON'S APARTMENTS AT THE OAKLAND

HEART HAD BEEN AFFECTED

His Son, George P. Lyman, Is Assistant General Passenger Agent of Burlington Company in This City.

Charles P. Lyman, seventy-two years old, fell dead in the bath room at his son's apartments in the Oakland, Kent and Summit avenue, at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. For about a year Mr. Lyman has been in ill health, but only for the past two weeks has his heart been affected. Since then he has had several severe attacks and his death was not unexpected. Yesterday he ate lunch and shortly after went to the bath room, where he was found dead.

Until four years ago Mr. Lyman lived in Rock Island, Ill. He came to St. Paul to live with his son, George P. Lyman, assistant general ticket and passenger agent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad in St. Paul. He is survived by his son and a daughter, Miss M. W. Lyman, both of whom live in this city. The remains will be taken to Rock Island tonight, for burial.

CORN KING'S DREAM.

GEORGE H. PHILLIPS MAKES SOME INTERESTING STATEMENTS.

In the course of his remarks at the West hotel banquet in Minneapolis, George H. Phillips, the Chicago "corn king," made some interesting statements, the whole of which he termed his "dream."

"Let the government tax the farmer a cent a bushel on his corn crop," he said, "and with the money build elevators in which to store a hundred million of corn and pay 40 cents, basis Chicago market, for it, and the world will pay the same for it. There is not so much of it that we need worry about an extra large crop or two. With the government ready to pay 40 cents for it, the farmer can borrow 30 cents from his country bank if he needs money and carry the surplus for seven years, if need be, as did Joseph, 5,000 or so years ago. Did you ever wonder why there is no large accumulation of grain anywhere in the world? We have been raising crops since Joseph's time, yes, before his time, and today we fear a crop failure would plunge us into famine.

"Another dream of this sort is one I have had of a farmers' bank located at Chicago. Make the capital $25,000,000 or $50,000,000. Sell the stock in $10 shares, not less than ten shares subscribed to a farmer, who could, if he so desired, dispose of some of his shares to a neighbor.

"This bank would loan to any stockholder within a few cents of the market price of the corn he would under present conditions have to sell at any price in order to meet his yearly obligations. This would enable him to carry his corn one or two or even three years if the price did not suit or the conditions were not such as to warrant the managers of the bank advising sale. I might go into detail, as I have at times given this idea considerable thought. At first sight many if you will say such a scheme is not feasible. But my dream is clear. It is not for such as I, however, to bring it about. Among you are bankers of experience and reputation who could, in a very short time, make this dream a reality. I believe the added price the farmer would get for his corn would the first year return him the full cost of his bank stock."

In addition to these "dreams" Mr. Phillips made a proposal for practical action by which the farmers can handle the "bears" properly without such institutions. He said it was an admitted fact that the Chicago Board of Trade fixed the world's prices for grain, and he told how the bears kept forcing prices down, to the farmers' hurt. He said that if the farmers would unite to buy no more than 50,000,000 bushels of corn futures they could spoil the bear raids and keep the 40-cent price in sight.

"How many millions of bushels do you imagine these bears dare put on the market?" he asked. "Not over 15,000,000 or 20,000,000. A cent a bushel on the corn crop of the United States would pay for 50,000,000 bushels at 40 cents a bushel. Let the farmers buy 50,000,000 bushels of corn futures on the Chicago Board of Trade and carry it from month to month—it will not cost a cent to carry it—and the bears will gladly pay 40 cents to get their contracts back."

Before he concluded Mr. Phillips said that from being a corn broker he was going to become a corn grower himself and join the ranks of the farmers. "I am going to take some of that bear money and soak it into farm mud," he said.

MEETING IS POSTPONED.

Committee on Streets Did Not Revoke Ordinance.

A meeting of the special committee on streets, appointed to inquire into the proposed revocation of the ordinance which permits a spur railroad track on Spring street, between St. Peter and Eagle streets, was called yesterday afternoon, but owing to the absence of certain of the officials interested adjournment had to be taken until Monday.

The track in controversy is one now in use by the Omaha railroad, and which acts as a feeder for the West Publishing company and other manufacturing and commercial concerns in that locality. The track was originally laid by the St. Paul Warehouse and Elevator company in 1874, the use of the street being granted by the city on condition that an elevator would be maintained at that point. Some years ago the elevator and plant was burned, and at no time since has any effort been made to rebuild it. After its abandonment by the elevator company, the track was used by the Omaha road.

The track is quite a convenience to the factories adjacent to it, and it is hardly likely that orders will be given for its removal. What will be done, however, will be to correct the ordinance now existing and demand from the company certain requirements or compensation, thus securing the city's rights to the street.

Token to L. D. Phillips.

The entertainment committee of the Junior Pioneers at their last meeting presented L. D. Phillips with a beautiful watch charm as a token of regard and esteem. The presentation speech was made by Thomas O'Regan. Mr. Phillips responded with a few well chosen words, thanking the committee for its kindness.

$20.00 to Pan-American and Return—$20.00.

This low rate is made by the Soo Line. Delightful trip via rail and water. Ticket office, 379 Robert street.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century

WHAT'S THE USE?

The uses of a gas range are manifold. It will prepare everything for which a stove is utilized, while the disadvantages incident to the use of a stove, such as dirt, dust, delay in starting fire, uneven temperature, etc., are all avoided. Besides, a great saving of money is effected.

WHAT'S THE USE
OF DELAYING YOUR ORDER LONGER?

St. Paul Gas Light Company.

Burlington Route

JUNE RATES TO BUFFALO

Ten-Day Tickets $24.50
Fifteen-Day Tickets $31.35
Thirty-Day Tickets $38.80

Ticket Office, 400 Robert St. (HOTEL RYAN) Tel. NORTHWESTERN, MAIN 3; MISSISSIPPI VALLEY, 36

DAHLSTROM IS UP AGAIN

SCENE OF WILD EXCITEMENT CREATED OVER THE WOULD-BE PREACHER

MOB THREATENS TO LYNCH HIM

Officer Hickey Appears and Arrests the Fanatic, Which No Doubt Averted a Riot.

Albert Dahlstrom, the Payne avenue man who some time ago posed as the founder of a new church and later got himself into grave trouble through the confession of a young girl, member of his flock, which necessitated his leaving the city for a time, again raised a disturbance on the streets in that vicinity which resulted in his arrest.

After a silence of over three months Dahlstrom last night essayed to address a small crowd on the street at Payne avenue and York street. The Salvation Army band which holds nightly meetings at this place had just concluded their services when Dahlstrom, who had been listening, immediately started to harangue the crowd with his fanatical doctrines. Those present were much surprised and word quickly spread through the vicinity that the man who is so heartily hated by those outside his flock, was speaking. A crowd quickly gathered and in a short time there were 1,000 hooting and jeering people who were literally, as well as metaphorically, throwing mud. Dahlstrom, unabashed, persisted in speaking, and after hurling a tirade at the preachings of the Salvationists who had preceded him, launched into the beauties of his own "true" church. In the meantime the crowd became more enraged and the speaker was being pelted with mud and stones. Patrolman Hickey appeared on the scene and ordered Dahlstrom to stop speaking. Dahlstrom refused and was placed under arrest.

At Margaret station, he appeared, covered with mud and much excited. He was charged with disorderly conduct, but immediately furnished $15 bail and was escorted to his home by his wife.

Dahlstrom's presence threw the crowd into a rage and yells of "Hang him," "Lynch him," "Get a rope" went up from a hundred voices.

Undoubtedly had the police not appeared on the scene, Dahlstrom would have been roughly handled by the crowd.

GUIDE FOR SPORTSMEN.

Great Northern's Timely Book for Hunters and Fishermen.

The fourth edition of the handsomely illustrated booklet, entitled "Shooting and Fishing Along the Line of the Great Northern," has been issued, and it is easily the most complete and exhaustive work on the subject that has yet been published.

Details of the character of the fishing and shooting in all of the hunting districts of Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana and the coast states are given at length. Records of the exploits of sportsmen in the past are also supplied for most of the districts covered, and a complete list of hotels and resorts, together with the rates charged, are to be found in a neat table in the back of the book. Colored pictures of a number of the most tempting retreats for the devotee of the gun and rod are on almost every page, and a large map of the Lake Park region of Minnesota shows the exact location of the most desirable streams and how to reach them. The game laws of every state between Minnesota and the coast are given a place, and these are all carefully revised up to date.

From cover to cover the 133-page book is filled with information that is simply invaluable to those contemplating either a fishing or a hunting expedition.

Teachers to Be Examined.

The examination of applicants for teachers' positions in the St. Paul public schools will take place Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, as follows: Tuesday morning, algebra and arithmetic; Tuesday afternoon, botany, pedagogy and United States history; Wednesday morning, geography, physiology and music; Wednesday afternoon, spelling, drawing and grammar.

MRS. ROSA ALAIR DEAD.

Wife of J. M. Hannaford's Chief Clerk Succumbs to Consumption.

After a lingering illness, Mrs. Rosa M. Alair died last night at the family residence, 153 Nina avenue. She was the wife of W. B. Alair, chief clerk to J. M. Hannaford, third vice president of the Northern Pacific company, and had suffered from consumption for over a year.

Mr. Alair is one of the most popular young men in the general offices of the Northern Pacific, and in his bereavement will have the sincere sympathy of a large number of friends.

Side Trips to Banff Hot Springs.

For the benefit of the visiting Woodmen the Soo Line will run excursions to Banff, Field and Glacier in the Rocky Mountains. All expenses included for nine days. Get itinerary and particulars at Soo Line ticket office, 379 Robert street.

SCHLITZ BOTTLING PLANT

PLANS WERE FILED YESTERDAY WITH BUILDING INSPECTOR.

Copies for the plans for the new cold storage and bottling works which the Schlitz Brewing company will erect on Sibley street, opposite the union depot, as stated in the Globe, were filed with Building Inspector Wheeler yesterday.

The new structure is to cost $20,000, and will be supplied with cold storage facilities and bottling machinery that will bring its value up to about $35,000. It will be two stories in height and have a frontage on Sibley street of fifty feet, extending back 100 feet to the railroad tracks on Front street. The building will be of brick and thoroughly fireproof.

Mrs. Langford was yesterday granted a permit for the erection of three frame dwelling houses which will be located on Grand avenue, between Dale and Ashland. They will cost $4,000 each.

To Mrs. M. Hunt Inspector Wheeler granted a building permit for a new frame residence, to be located on Fairmount avenue, between Avon and Grotto. The cost is given at $4,200.

TROUBLE IS EXAGGERATED.

Condition of Drinking Fountains Not So Bad After All.

Secretary Caulfield says that the differences supposed to exist between the board and the health department over the alleged foul condition of many of the drinking fountains have been exaggerated.

The drinking fountains of which complaint has been made are principally in the business districts, where the consumption of water is heavy, and steps are now being taken to obviate the trouble. Street Commissioner Steeg yesterday examined some of the fountains and will see if something cannot be done to keep the bowls clean. It is probable a man will be employed whose sole care will be these drinking fountains. Mr. Caulfield says the board is desirous of seeing that horses are furnished with clean water, and, as far as in their power, will do everything to supply it.

CANNON VALLEY G. A. R. ASSOCIATION

And Old First Minnesota Volunteer Infantry at Waterville, Minn., June 18-21, 1901.

For these reunions the Chicago Great Western railway will on June 17-19 sell excursion tickets to Waterville good to return June 22 at a fare and one-third for the round trip. For further information inquire of J. N. Storr, City Ticket Agent, corner Fifth and Robert streets, St. Paul.

SOMETHING NEW IN LE PAGE'S GLUE

IT'S A CORKER!
CORKS ITSELF!
You Can't Spill It.
No Brush Needed.
No Evaporation.
No Waste and No Increased Cost.
You Can't put your glue brush in your ink bottle because there isn't any brush.
The same old glue that holds WORLD'S RECORD for strength.
If your dealer hasn't it, tell him to be up-to-date and get it.
RUSSIA CEMENT CO., Sole Mfrs., Gloucester, Mass.
J. W. BARBER, BOSTON.