GOSSIP OF LONDON TOWN

EDWARD VII.'S SEVEN-YEAR-OLD GRANDSON IS TO BE TRAINED AS A SAILOR

NICARAGUA CANAL QUESTION

British Cabinet Has Begun Its Consideration in an Informal Way —Discussion of Affairs in China.

LONDON, June 22.—The British public is only just beginning to look upon the little Prince Edward, the seventh anniversary of whose birth occurs tomorrow, in the light of future king. The importance of his place in the machine of state is somewhat magnified by the absence of his father. According to present plans, Prince Edward will be a sailor, going upon the training ship Britannia in a few years. His present education consists of a few short daily lessons given by Mademoiselle Bricka, for many years companion to the late Duchess of Teck. The king is said to be strongly opposed to "stuffing children with too much knowledge." His recollection is keen of how pleasant it was to be a "walking dictionary" at twenty.

A story is going the rounds of young Prince Edward's precociousness. At a juvenile party, in the presence of the Duke of Cornwall, he was given toys of wood, for which he solemnly thanked his playmates with old-fashioned expressions, whereupon the Duke of Cornwall exclaimed: "The little wretch; he speaks better than I do," which is not far wrong, for the Duke of Cornwall is notoriously nervous and unfitted for public speaking.

TALKING CANAL.

In a tentative, easy sort of way, the cabinet has begun to consider the Nicaragua treaty matter. Lord Pauncefote has explained many things to Lord Lansdowne, the foreign secretary, and the latter is once more grappling the problem. It is needless to say that the foreign office has no intention of hurrying, and in the course of a month or so it may come to a decision. This will take the form of instructions to Lord Pauncefote, who will return to the United States. These instructions will probably not be officially communicated to the state department until congress shall convene or until the attitude of the senate in the matter shall be definitely known.

Lord Pauncefote will probably be permitted to interpret his instructions pretty broadly, and they show signs of being elastic enough to provide for any contingency except a direct refusal on the part of the senate to recognize the validity of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. Lord Lansdowne is as persistent as ever on this point, and however willing he may be to abrogate it, he will vigorously maintain the potentiality of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty until such time as both signatories shall have agreed to its abrogation.

NOT TRYING TO DELAY.

A high official, in the course of a conversation with a representative of the Associated Press, said: "Americans seem to think we are trying to delay the construction of the canal; but this is entirely wrong. We are just as anxious as are they to see it completed and are willing to do almost anything to further that end, but we do not want to see a treaty we made in good faith torn up like a piece of waste paper, and we still consider that we are entitled to some quid pro quo for the relinquishment of our treaty rights."

A recent special cable dispatch saying that the Nicaragua matter had been practically settled and that Lord Pauncefote in consequence would not return to the United States caused much amusement. It is utterly unfounded. On the highest authority the Associated Press is able to state that Lord Pauncefote will remain ambassador to the United States for the rest of his days, or as long as he cares to retain the position.

THE CHINESE EMBROGLIO.

Lord Lansdowne, an Associated Press correspondent learns, does not take such a pessimistic view of the Chinese negotiations as do a majority of the British newspapers. The foreign office by no means coincides with the view of the Pekin correspondent of the Daily Mail, who cables today that the negotiations are drifting into a hopeless muddle. There is now an opinion among competent officials in Downing street that there is a good prospect of settlement. It is denied that Germany has increased her demand for indemnity; from the British standpoint Germany has now adopted a fair and rational basis, though, of course, in common with the United States and Great Britain, she would have liked the indemnity to be smaller. It is admitted that Great Britain is partly responsible for the delay in deciding the method of payment, but it is maintained that she, as the largest trader with China, is more vitally concerned than any other power in keeping down the duty on imports.

"This question," said an official, "is about the only one which now prevents a final conclusion of the negotiations, and no doubt it will be solved shortly. In any case, our trade is bound to suffer and we want to minimize the loss by the substitution, to some extent, of concession in lieu of increased taxation. We are not adopting an aggressive attitude, and we believe that before July 1 the powers will see that our suggestions will be for the mutual good."

The comments of the afternoon newspaper on the report of Gen. Chaffee and other American officials on the campaign in China and on the report of Capt. Slocum, who was United States military attache with the British army during the war in South Africa, while unimportant, give evidence of gratitude at the fact that an unbiased critic has come forward to testify to the mercifulness of the British in South Africa. The St. James Gazette wishes the asterisks in the reports had been omitted and that the "medicine bottles of criticism," which the asterisks were intended to hide, had been exhibited.

MUCH IN THE PUBLIC EYE

GERMANY'S EMPEROR DOES NOT PERMIT HIMSELF TO BE OVERLOOKED

TWO CONCEPTS OF BISMARCK

William II. Considers the Chancellor Merely His Grandfather's Servant — Week's Gossip From Berlin.

BERLIN, June 22. — This has been a week of speeches and regattas, favored during the last half by fine, sunny weather. It began with the unveiling of the Bismarck memorial in front of the reichstag building Sunday, which drew to Berlin scores of thousands of people from every part of Germany, and several thousands of the foreigners, including many American tourists. Count von Buelow's oration on that occasion greatly surprised the emperor, because the whole tone differed from his majesty's conception of Bismarck's achievements, in which the emperor only sees a servant's doings at his master's direction. This, his majesty again emphasized at the time by the inscription on the wreath deposited at the foot of the statue in his behalf. It reads:

"To the great emperor's great servant."

Whereas at the unveiling of the Bismarck statue the emperor did not open his lips, his majesty made two noteworthy addresses at Cuxhaven and at Kiel, the former being more important. The emperor used Count von Buelow's happy metaphor, saying Germany had "won for herself a place in the sunshine," and dwelt emphatically on the German commercial and national expansion.

The Liberal press has considered therefrom that it is impossible to grant the Agrarian demands, which means that the renewal of the commercial treaties will be rendered most difficult. The Agrarian press has denied this, cautiously, and the Conservative press has kept silent. The whole press was agreeably affected by the emperor's statement that peace is now secured for a number of years to come.

CHINESE FIASCO.

The Cologne Volkszeitung today critically reviews his majesty's Cuxhaven speech and says:

"The emperor has by his words corroborated what is claimed by the Center, namely, that the China expedition has been a total failure, for if the Chinese war is really ended, what has Germany achieved by it? Not even the reimbursement of her actual outlay, and certainly not the enlargement of her Chinese possessions; nor has it brought about harmony among the powers in China. It is notorious there have been almost constant wrangling and jealousies among them. It would have been better if Germany alone punished China for Baron von Ketteler's murder. No power could have objected, and the punishment would then have been adequate to the enormity of the crime."

The so-called Kiel week, which began Thursday, has thus far been interesting although the wind has been unsatisfactory. Yesterday at the great yacht race, all of the seventy-four yachts contesting were becalmed, when but a few hundred yards from the goal, after three hours' splendid sailing. The emperor, who had personally steered the empress' yacht, the Iduna, came in fourth, losing a prize. His majesty entered a protest against the winner, the Comet, but the judges decided against him. The fact is that the best boats have been unable to show their good points because of the unfavorable wind conditions. Another French steam yacht, the Freya, has entered the races. Among the foreign ships which have arrived in Kiel harbor for the occasion, is the Russian armored cruiser Svietlana, comanded by the Grand Duke Alexis, to whom the emperor showed special attentions.

The German press has not commented on the Washington red book's statements regarding the Spanish-American war and Germany's non-declaration of neutrality, but the correspondent of the Associated Press has been informed in official circles that Germany's action in not issuing a declaration of neutrality was simply in accordance with German policy, established since Bismarck's time, and did not have any unfriendly meaning, either towards the United States or Spain, as the subsequent attitude of Germany clearly demonstrated.

BRINGING HOME THE TROOPS.

Germany has now secured twenty-two steamers for the transport home of her troops in China, winding up Aug. 31 from Shanghai, with the Princess Irene.

It is significant that the entire German press is discussing the chances of Dr. von Siemens, director of the Deutsch bank, and Herr Bellin, director of the Hamburg-American line, both of them outspoken Liberals, entering the cabinet at the emperor's wish. The Vossische Zeitung (independent Liberal) says neither of them can afford it, as it would mean degradation from their exalted position of "Royal Merchants" to comparative official insignificance. The paper cites Herr Moeller, the minister of commerce, who, though a liberal, has not the courage to displace his present conservative assistants who will paralyze their chief's intentions.

After yesterday's large pro-Bismarck demonstration at Friedrichsruhe, those who took part in it wired to Henry Labouchere:

"God bless all honest Englishmen, who champion the justice and truth of the Boer cause."

This Is Your Chance

To visit the Pan-American Exposition. Many attractive routes to choose from; rates are the lowest. Particulars at Soo Line ticket office, 379 Robert street.

Sunday Trains to Waconia.

Beginning next Sunday, June 23, trains to Waconia will leave the M. & St. L. depot in Minneapolis at 9:50 a. m., returning, leave Waconia 7:30 p. m. Round trip tickets only $1.

TRYING TO SQUARE RUSSIA

SECRETARY HAY SENDS AN EXPLANATION OF THE DINGLEY LAW TO DE WITTE

IN THE HANDS OF LASSIRI

Russian Ambassador Will Endeavor to Adjust Tariff Differences Between His Country and the United States.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—The state department has addressed to the Russian government, as represented by Count Cassini, its ambassador, such representations respecting the sugar and petroleum tariff controversy as are deemed necessary to meet the Russian action. The purpose of the letter is to smooth away, if possible, the friction that has been engendered between the two governments in the handling of these two subjects and, in particular, to divest the exchanges of any personal character. To that end, as set out in Secretary Gage's statement issued yesterday, the effort is made to show that what has been done by the United States government was in a manner brought about by the autonomic operation of the American tariff laws. The facts, set out by the treasury statement as to the provisions of the countervailing duty section of the Dingley law are recited, together with the circulars and instructions of the treasury department issued thereunder. As the Russian government has been especially irritated over the proceeding as to Russian sugar imports into the United States, particular attention is given to that subject, and reasons are adduced to bring the Russian government to believe it should remit the increased duties on American goods.

The Russian ambassador received Secretary Hay's note during the afternoon and took steps to communicate it to the imperial government. This closes the incident for the present, and it probably will be some weeks or, perhaps, months, before any further developments occurs. In the meantime Count Cassini will in person go over the entire subject with the officials at St. Petersburg, and this gives hopes of a satisfactory adjustment, as the ambassador has lost no opportunity during his last three years' service in Washington to harmonize differences between the two countries. He leaves Washington Monday, and will sail from New York on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse on Tuesday. Mr. Rogestvensky, the ambassador's confidential diplomatic secretary, will accompany him. The trip had been arranged two months ago, and the departure would have been made last month had it not been for pending negotiations on China. As these indicate that the troublesome indemnity question will be settled by July 1, the ambassador is now at liberty to leave.

Count Cassini is quite confident that no ill effect can come out of the incident, and his efforts will be directed toward removing this and like small irritations. Among state department officials it is felt to be a fortunate circumstance that Count Cassini will be in St. Petersburg when the subject is taken up.

CHANGES AT MANILA.

Following the order issued yesterday, making Judge Taft civil governor of the Philippines an order has been issued naming Judge Taft civil governor of the Philippines an order has been issued naming Gen. Chaffee as military governor of the archipelago. The military has been ordered to evacuate the Ayuntamiento, the large public building which was erected out of the municipal funds of Manila for government purposes. This will be occupied by the civil officers in the Philippines. The palace of Malacayan, heretofore occupied as headquarters for Gen. Otis and MacArthur, also has been ordered vacated by the military authorities and will be occupied by Gov. Taft. Malacayan was the headquarters of the Spanish captains general when in command in the Philippines and the natives of the islands have come to regard it as the headquarters or seat of governor. The Estada Mayo, another large public building, is to be the military headquarters, and will be occupied by Gen. Chaffee when he assumes command. All of these orders, including that of the president yesterday, have been cabled to Manila.

RURAL LETTER BOXES.

Representative Stevens saw Postmaster General Smith today about rural free delivery boxes. It has been charged that under rulings of the department in one instance any box that was serviceable and weather-proof could be used on any rural route, and later, after convening the board, regulations were adopted that only fourteen boxes could be used in connection with rural service, thus giving the manufacturers of these boxes a monopoly of the business.

Postmaster General Smith disclaimed any intention of giving any one a monopoly of this business, and explained that he acted on the advice of the law officers of the department in designating the fourteen boxes as those to which the government would afford protection. He further explained that in the event any manufacturer of an approved box made a contract with a person or firm to give exclusive right to sell or use his box in certain territory, he would revoke permission to use that box at all. If any one has knowledge that any manufacturer has been given such exclusive right and will call the department's attention to it, the matter will be investigated by one of its agents and the license revoked if the charges are found to be true. Under this ruling any firm or person can purchase a certain make of boxes and a rival firm can use the same box in the same territory on any one's supposed vested rights.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

An additional rural free delivery route has been ordered established at Dell Rapids, Minnehaha county, S. D., and two routes at Council Bluffs, Iowa, on Aug. 1.

Postmasters appointed: Minnesota—Casey, Mecker county, James A. Casey. Wisconsin—Iron Belt, Iron county, Andrew K. Hill.

The comptroller of the currency appointed D. B. Miller, of Red Oak, Iowa, a national bank examiner.

The president signed the commission of Horace N. Allen, of Ohio, as minister to Korea.

PROMOTION FOR WAGNER

RETIREMENT OF COL. BARBER MOVES UP FORMER MINNESOTAN.

Many residents of the Twin Cities, and dwellers in the department of Dakota outside thereof, will be interested in a couple of recently announced army changes affecting, as they do, two officers now in the Philippines, both of whom have served notable terms as adjutant generals of this department. Orders have been issued retiring Assistant Adjutant General Merritt Barber. The retirement takes effect June 30 and will be because Col. Barber has reached the age of sixty-four, such being the limit of age for service under the present laws. Col. Barber held the full rank of colonel in the regular army establishment, having advanced thereto from the position of private in the Tenth Vermont infantry, wherein he enlisted on June 2, 1862. On Aug. 7 following he was made a full lieutenant of that regiment, in a year promoted to captain, and later to a major. In the regular service he entered the Sixteenth infantry in 1866, and in 1882 was made a major and assistant adjutant general. He has served with distinguished ability in nearly every department in the United States and has been the chief adjutant general in the Philippines ever since MacArthur took command.

The retirement of Col. Barber will promote to a full colonelcy Arthur L. Wagner, now an assistant adjutant general, with the rank of lieutenant colonel. Col. Wagner was appointed to the military academy at West Point from Illinois and graduated into the Sixth infantry in 1895. He attained captain's rank in his regiment in 1892, in 1896 was made a major and assistant adjutant general, receiving his promotion to lieutenant colonelcy about a month previous to the declaration of the war with Spain. Col. Wagner was adjutant general of the department of Dakota less than two years ago, and was transferred to Manila, where he has since served. Both officers have been notable for the good service rendered throughout the lives of their various commissions, and each has distinguished himself upon more than one occasion, both in the line and in the staff.

U. SUMMER SCHOOL.

PROF. KIEHLE AND STAFF BEGIN THEIR WORK TOMORROW.

The ninth annual session of the university summer school will open at the university tomorrow, and will continue until Aug. 2. The first week will be devoted to a congress of superintendents and teachers. The programme will be as follows:

Tuesday, 25—Called for instructors in summer schools by State Superintendent of Schools John W. Olsen, County Superintendent W. T. Williams. Historical congress, Wednesday, 26—Prof. W. H. West, presiding. English congress, Thursday—Inspector G. B. Alton presiding. Industrial education congress, Friday—Prof. J. J. Flather presiding. Mrs. Blair will give a special course of twelve lessons in the practical work of sewing. There will be two courses in drawing, elementary and advanced, by Miss Williams, supervisor instructor, and Miss Grimes.

Enrollment for the university school will begin Monday and close Wednesday. The annual Taylor's Falls field day and excursion will take place Saturday, July 6.

Prof. D. L. Kiehle will be the conductor of the school. His assistants are:

Maria L. Sanford, University of Minnesota; George N. Bauer, University of Minnesota; John S. Clark, University of Minnesota; Arthur E. Haynes, University of Minnesota; George B. Frankforter, University of Minnesota; Fredrick J. E. Woodbridge, University of Minnesota; Willis M. West, University of Minnesota; Frank M. Anderson, University of Minnesota; Frank L. McVey, University of Minnesota; Isabel Lawrence, St. Cloud; Margaret M. Jerrard, University of Chicago; Ada E. Talbot, Minneapolis; C. C. Curtis, Clyde E. Foster, Ypsilanti, Mich.; E. V. Robinson, St. Paul; Oscar W. Firkins, University of Minnesota; E. Eugene McDermott, University of Minnesota; F. S. Jones, University of Minnesota; H. A. Erickson, University of Minnesota; E. M. Freeman, University of Minnesota; Laura A. Williams, St. Paul; Mary A. Grimes, St. Cloud; Chestine Gowdy, Minneapolis; Annabel Beach, Faribault; C. M. Bouteile, Marshall, Minn.; W. A. Shoemaker, St. Cloud; D. E. Cloyd, University of Minnesota; Carl Schienker, Columbia university, New York; Eleanor M. Wilkinson, University Medical college, Minnesota. Helen M. Maxwell, Minneapolis; Ada B. Hillman, Mrs. Margaret Blair, University School of Agriculture. Lecturers—Dr. R. O. Beard, Prof. Maria L. Sanford, Prof. D. Lange and Prof. George B. Frankforter. Superintendents—D. C. McKenzie, Hennepin county, and Thomas Montgomery, Ramsey county.

A. DELACY "IS IN."

FOUNDER OF 117 NEWSPAPERS ADJUDGED INSANE.

The wires furnish the information that A. DeLacy Wood, known from one end of Minnesota to the other as the habitual founder of newspapers, has been adjudged insane at Foley, Benton county. Judge of Probate Barr has ordered him sent to the asylum at Fergus Falls.

"A. DeLacy," as he is familiarly called, has started dozens of newspapers in Minnesota and adjoining states, and has lived to see some of them flourish after they passed out of his hands. He began his campaign of "launching" about 1871, and has kept it up rather constantly ever since. Among his latest ventures is the weekly paper at Foley, which is now progressing in the hands of another editor.

Wood at one time was a bright newspaper man, but being a hard drinker, he was unable to retain his standing, though not at all under the ban of years. His insanity is said to be due to dissipation.

CHURCH NEWS.

The Universalist general convention has decided to assist the local parish liberally to get a start. The National Young People's union has voted a handsome sum to the same end, as has also the recent state convention which has just closed its sessions at Rochester. In addition, assistance is promised, so far as needed, by the Church of the Redeemer, of Minneapolis. What remains now to be done is to secure a pastor, and with the right man in the field the success of the church seems to be assured.

The Universalist state convention at its meeting June 20 voted $200 to the local parish. The pastor of the church especially desires and invites all Universalists to be present at the services this afternoon at 4 o'clock in order that he may make detailed explanations of the situation. The reports of the delegates to the convention will also be made.

* * *

Rev. George E. Tindall, of Frazee, was re-elected secretary of the Epworth league of the Crookston district. He was secretary for two years of the old St. Cloud district. Rev. Tindall was also elected delegate to the international convention to be held at San Francisco, July 18-21.

* * *

The Sunday School Teachers' Primary union will meet this afternoon at 3:30 in the parlors of the House of Hope church. The lesson will be taught by Mrs. William Richeson, Bible history by Rev. McInnis and training lesson by Mrs. L. J. Lee.

Butter Made by Wives.

Inspector White, of the state dairy department, has just finished scoring twenty-two packages of butter, which was sent in from Tenny, Wilkin county, by the wives of farmers. The scores ranged from 81 to 93. Mrs. Rutherford's butter scored 93, and Mrs. Doty's 92½. The butter had received rather rough treatment before it reached the hands of the commission. It was first sent to a farmer's institute, and then was delayed seventy-two hours in shipment. Taking everything into consideration, the scores received were good.

TREATMENT AT HOME

Dr. Hartman's Free Advice to Women---A Generous Offer to the Afflicted.

Mrs. Nellie Blyler, President of the Ladies of the G. A. R., has the following to say about Peruna:

Gentlemen—"In taking a medicine I consider it of vital importance that you should be sure that it is the right kind and that it will cure.

"As a rule patent medicines claim to do much while they really do little; but I will say for Peruna that it is the only medicine I ever knew that does all and more than it claims.

"I recommend it especially for women, as it promptly cures the weaknesses of our sex and will always be sure to give satisfaction."—Mrs. Nellie Blyler.

Secretary Illinois Woman's Alliance.

Miss A. Brady, Corresponding Secretary Illinois Woman's Alliance, writes from 2725 Indiana avenue, Chicago, Ill.:

"Last year from continued strain in literary work I became very much exhausted, my nerves seemed to give way, and I had backache, headache and serious indigestion. One of my friends suggested that I try Peruna. It certainly acted like magic on my system.

"Within ten days I felt new life and health given me, and by taking an occasional dose off and on when I feel extra tired, I keep my system in perfect order."—Miss A. Brady.

Miss Esther G. Lowe, a prominent young society lady of Washington, Ga., writes:

"I took Peruna in early spring, receiving glorious benefits from same. Before taking Peruna I suffered with catarrh, always felt tired and had a dull headache. A friend of mine told me of Peruna. I began taking it at once, gaining each day. I now feel as well as I ever did in all my life. I advise all my suffering friends to give Peruna a fair trial."---Esther G. Lowe.

Miss Millie Baker writes from 290 East Ohio street, Chicago, Ill.:

"I suffered for years with weakness peculiar to women, severe bearing-down pains, and continual headache. My system seemed completely upset and I did not know where to find relief. The doctor tried three different remedies, but they did not seem to help me any.

After using five bottles of Peruna I was as well and strong as ever. I would not be without it for any money."—Miss Millie Baker.

Free Home Advice.

In view of the great multitude of women suffering from some form of female disease and yet unable to find any cure, **Dr. Hartman, the renowned specialist on female catarrhal diseases, has announced his willingness to direct the treatment of as many cases as make application to him during the summer months without charge**

This offer will hold good only during the summer months. Any woman can become a regular patient by sending a written statement of her age, condition of life, history and symptoms of her derangements.

Those wishing to become patients should address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

OUTING AT PRIOR LAKE

EMPLOYES OF OMAHA HOLD ANNUAL PICNIC.

The picnic of the employes of the Omaha shops, held yesterday at Prior lake, was largely attended, fully 1,000 passengers being on the special train of fourteen cars which pulled out of the union depot in the morning. An attractive feature was the decorations on the engine, the big machine being completely smothered under flowers and bunting. It did its work well, though, and landed the picnickers at the lake in good time. On the way out every child on the train was given candy, fruit and souvenir buttons, and those under eight years of age were further agreeably surprised by receiving a toy.

The programme of sports was an extensive one, and every event was well contested. In addition to the sports there were balloon ascensions for the edification of the children, and Guy Torley delighted those on the grounds with a fancy trick bicycle riding exhibition.

All the committees did their work faithfully, and not a hitch occurred to mar the day's outing. The prize list was a generous one, and the committee in charge desires to thank the various firms for their generosity in giving the articles which were competed for. Summary:

One-Hundred-Yard Dash, Open—C. Bohind first, Frank Devorak second.

Seventy-five-Yard Dash, Girls Under Sixteen—Lottie Jelink first, Sadie Nagel second.

Seventy-five-Yard Dash, Boys Under Sixteen—A Bonholder first, Ed Karl second.

One-Hundred-Yard Dash, for Married Men—A. Cleveland first, Frank Devorak second.

One-Hundred-Dard Dash for Married Women—Mrs. Frank Few first.

One-Hundred-Yard Dash for Employes—Willie Kasherovsky first, A. Manderson second.

Girls' Race, Six to Eight Years Old—Miss C. Kasherovsky first, Katie Keppel second.

Boys' Race, Nine to Fifteen Years Old—Alex Manderson first, A. Bonholder second.

Race for Girls, Nine to Fifteen—A. Kashervosky first.

Boys' Race, Sixteen to Twenty-two Years—W. Rostron first.

Girls' Race, Sixteen to Twenty—Miss E. Good first, May Pochis second.

Standing Broad Jump—M. Cekanek first, A. Cleveland second.

Running High Jump—A. Drake first, Willie Kasherovsky second.

Guessing Contest, Women's—Mrs. Rattray first, Mrs. J. W. Haycek second. The former guessed 1,100 and the latter 1,135 on a bottle containng 1,086 beans. In the same contest for men Harvey Blaisdell guessed 1,096; Will Sheskerine and Grosshauser and T. S. Lees tied at 1,100.

MASON CITY EVENT.

Allied Orders Will Engage in Laying Corner Stone.

On Wednesday morning a special train will leave the union depot at 7:45 for Mason City, Iowa, carrying the Sons of Veterans of the Twin Cities, the Grand Army of the Republic, Woman's Relief corps and members of the Ladies' Aid societies and Daughters of Veterans to the ceremonies attendant upon the laying of the corner stone of the Memorial university, which is being built at Mason City by the Sons of Veterans in memory of the veterans of the Civil war.

The event will be a memorable one, and on this account a very low rate has been obtained for the trip.

The fare from St. Paul to Mason City and return will be only $2.50, or about one-half the regular fare. Tickets can be obtained at the union depot on Wednesday morning. The train is a special one, and will run through without stops, reaching Mason city at 1 o'clock; leaving there at 7:30 p. m. and reaching St. Paul about midnight. It will be necessary to secure at least 200 passengers or the low rate cannot be obtained, and the committee is therefore very anxious to secure a large attendance of allied order people.

Boy's Condition Precarious.

Ulrich Winkle, the seven-year-old son of John Winkle, who was struck by the Northern Pacific limited at Ridgewood park Friday afternoon, is in a precarious condition at St. Joseph's hospital. At an early hour this morning he was still unconscious. The physicians have hopes for his recovery. He is internally injured, and it is feared that he has sustained a fractured skull.

Visits Their Old Friends.

Rev. and Mrs. Joseph A. Russell, of Charlton, Iowa, were in the city yesterday, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Moses Folsom, of the Buckingham. Mr. Russell was the first Episcopal rector at Stillwater, forty-six years ago, before the organization of the diocese of Minnesota and the incumbency of Bishop Whipple. When he came Bishop Kemper was in charge of Episcopal affairs in the Northwest. Mr. Russell and Mr. Pope, of the House of the Good Shepard, the latter now the oldest continuous pastor in the diocese of Minnesota, had a pleasant talk over old times in the state.

Foley Remains in St. Paul.

D. E. Foley, who disposed of the Clarendon hotel last week, will not go to Fargo, as has been stated. He will remain in St. Paul, where his friends will find him still engaged in the tailoring business which he has conducted for some time in this city.

FIRE CRACKERS IN CHURCH.

Omaha Lads Consider Their Initial Celebration a Huge Success.

OMAHA, Neb., June 22.—The first complaint for abuse of Fourth of July privileges has been filed by a delegation from St. Andrew's African mission chapel. A half-dozen of the church officials remonstrated to the chief of police because their regular prayer meeting had been disturbed by the intrusion of a large, gaunt, yellow dog trailing behind him a bunch of cannon crackers in full cry and dangling an assortment of tin cans.

"The dog came charging into the church while Deacon Breedlove was leading in prayer," said the spokesman of the delegation, "and took refuge under one of the pews. The firecrackers were shooting off and the cans were rattling and making a terrible rumpus."

From the standpoint of young America, the dog was literally a howling success, but the prayer meeting was a flat failure. The yelps of the frightened canine are said to have awakened even the hardened sinners on the back seat.

FIGHTING BOB STANDS PAT.

Admiral Evans Will Not Retract Charges Against Chandler.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Secretary Long is disgusted with the latest "tempest in a teapot," which is his characterization of the row between ex-Senator Chandler and Admiral Evans. He says he will do nothing about Chandler's complaint against Evans. Evans, on the other hand, declines to retract the statements that have aroused the wrath of Chandler, and there the matter stands. In his book, "A Sailor's Log," Admiral Evans writes of the time Senator Chandler was secretary:

The navy had in some way degenerated to a job lot—at least, in the eyes of those who used it for their own purposes, and was sometimes let to the lowest bidder.

What the admiral referred to in this scathing language was his own reduction to half pay because, as he asserts, he would not pass a disreputable political heeler who had been sent to him for appointment in the lighthouse service while he (the admiral) was in charge of the Baltimore district. Senator Chandler simply requested Admiral Evans to look back over the official records and ascertain what the order relieving him from duty really said, and as Evans has declined to so do the ex-senator comes forward with an explanation of his own. He says Evans was punished at the request of the late Secretary Folger, who accused him of using violent language.

PASTOR WHO PLAYS GOLF.

Not Acceptable to the Century Methodist Church of Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 22.—A serious rupture has developed between the aristocratic congregation of the Century Methodist church, South, and its pastor, Rev. J. A. Duncan. Dr. Duncan is a nephew of Bishop Duncan, one of the most eminent divines of the church. About a year ago he was transferred here from Knoxville, succeeding Rev. Alonzo Monk. The friends of the latter did not like the change, and ever since Dr. Duncan has been here they have waged a persistent war upon him.

It has developed that at the quarterly conference at Centenary church resolutions were presented, concerning Dr. Duncan, practically charging him with heresy, based, it is said, on a statement he made from the pulpit that he did not believe some things taught by the church, particularly with reference to worldly amusements. These resolutions were not adopted, however, it being decided that the Halston conference was the proper body to consider them. Dr. Duncan is also charged with neglect of his pastoral duties in that he plays golf, etc., when he ought to be visiting his flock.

NAPER DEAD NUMBER EIGHT.

Nebraska Town Was Hard Hit by Thursday's Tornado.

NAPER, Neb., June 22.—A revised list of the dead in Thursday night's tornado brings the total up to eight. Five were injured, one of whom will die.

The dead:
JACOB GREENING SR.
JACOB GREENING JR.
MAGGIE GREENING.
JOHN GREENING.
MARY GREENING.
CLARA ANDERSON.
IDA ANDERSON.
BERTHA ANDERSON.

The injured:
Mrs. August Anderson, will die.
Mrs. Jacob Greening, serious.
Theodore Anderson.
Otto Metz.
Henry Metz.

Scarcely a business house escaped destruction, and the homeless inhabitants are sheltered in churches and school houses.

Soo Line Tour No. 48.

Twelve-day personally conducted excursion to Pan-American leaves Minneapolis and St. Paul Wednesday, June 26th. Make your reservations and get itinerary at Soo Line ticket office, 379 Robert street.

Gasoline Stoves.

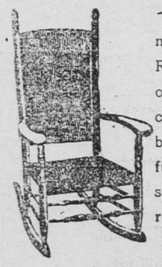
The Genuine "Reliable," positively non-explosive, absolutely the BEST in the world. This week they are selling for $2.00 less than the pretended kinds are priced elsewhere. The regular $18.00 size, like cut, with steel oven, for only

$16

MATTINGS—REDUCED PRICES.

All new, fresh goods.	Reg.	Now.
20-yard roll Japanese....	$14.00	$10.00
20-yard roll China.....	10.00	6.00
20-yard roll Japanese...	10.00	6.00
20-yard roll China	6.00	4.50
20-yard roll China	5.00	3.00

BUY NOW Pay when you can. Anything in our store can be bought on time.



Our No. 7—A neat, well made Rocker, red, green or light finish; not cheap splint bottom, but half-round reed, full woven back and seat, flat arms, large round posts. Special **$2.95**

Our No. 8—Large arm chair with slat back, excellent quality seat—will stand any kind of outdoor weather. Special **$2.45**

Carpets and Rugs

Special inducements this week. Our stock comprises everything of reliable quality floor coverings, and prices have been made to enable everybody to get the choicest patterns at ridiculously low prices.

Ingrains from **25c** to **75c** a yard.
Tapestry Brussels from **45c** to **85c** a yard.
Velvets from **75c** to **$1.25** yard.
Wilton Velvets from **$1.25** to **$1.50** a yard.
Axminsters from **$1.00** to **$1.60** a yard.
Remnants of high-grade Velvets, Body Brussels and Axminster Carpets, one yard and one and a half yard size—each **75c**
Tapestry Brussels Rugs—9x12 feet—**$15.00.**
Smyrna Rugs—9x12—now..... **$22**
Smyrna Rugs—7.6x10—now.... **$16**
Symrna Rugs—6x9—now..... **$10**

SMITH & FARWELL CO.
ST. PAUL'S LEADING HOUSEFURNISHERS. 6th and Minnesota Sts.

EXTRA

SPECIAL SALE TAN SHOES

Choice of Any $5.00 Shoes for..... **$3.50**
Choice of any $3.50 Shoes for..... **$2.50**

Treat quality—all hand-sewed—high or low cuts in Russia Calf or Vici Kid.

TREAT BROS., 106 East Fourth St.