

CONDITION OF THE PRESIDENT CRITICAL

Continued From First Page.

of which this evening and because they showed an absence of unfavorable conditions they were generally regarded as very hopeful. The record of pulse showed a wide variation during the day, but the alarm occasioned on that score was minimized by a statement from Dr. Riker, the president's physician, that Mr. McKinley's pulse under normal conditions was inclined to be rapid and that he was not unfavorably impressed by the circumstances. The physicians were not concerned as to the patient's temperature. During the forenoon the temperature of the forehead held at 102 degrees, and three hours later it had risen to 102.5, but even at the latter point it was not viewed with concern. The respiration was unimpeded and looked upon as being quite satisfactory.

Vice President Roosevelt reached the Milburn residence shortly after 7 o'clock today, after traveling continuously since the afternoon it held at 102 degrees, and three hours later it had risen to 102.5, but even at the latter point it was not viewed with concern. The respiration was unimpeded and looked upon as being quite satisfactory.

CABINET DISCUSSION.

This evening all the members of the cabinet except Secretary Long and Secretary Hay had arrived. They came as fast as steam and steel could carry them. Both the secretary of state and the secretary of the navy are expected tomorrow. Secretary Wilson and Secretary Root spent most of the day at the Milburn residence. All the members of the cabinet will remain here until the result of the wound is determined. It is probable that after they all arrive a meeting will be held. Informally they have discussed today the possibility of Vice President Roosevelt being called upon to act as magistrate during the disability of the president. But all precedents are against such a course while the president lives. Arthur did not assume the reins of government until after President Garfield's death, and the contingency of Vice President Roosevelt being called upon to serve temporarily, except in the case of unlooked-for and very serious foreign complications, is regarded as very remote.

TO INSURE QUIET.

A plan to insure absolute quiet for the president was put in operation, and the safeguards are now such that it will be impossible for him to be disturbed in any way.

Gen. Brooke, commander of the department of the East, who came here this morning from New York, assumed personal charge of the military, and under his direction the picket lines were extended in every direction. Aided by the city police, the soldiers roped off the streets which intersect Delaware avenue near the Milburn residence, and both teams and pedestrians were kept out of the district. The telegraph office established in the Milburn stable was removed to a tent pitched on a lawn on the opposite side of the avenue. An additional tent for the use of the newspaper correspondents was also placed there. The White House clerical force, which had established an office in the main drawing room at Cleveland, was moved to the Glenn residence, which adjoins the Milburn home, and which had been tendered to Secretary Cortelyou for the purpose.

Mrs. Duncan, sister of the president, and her son, and the Misses Barber, pieces of the president, also left the Milburn residence, and at midnight departed for Canton. They are to be kept advised of the condition of Mr. McKinley, and should there be a serious change will return here.

Other members of the presidential party who have been quartered in the Milburn residence will temporarily withdraw to further aid the plan of securing perfect quiet for the wounded man. The public shows its truest sympathy by keeping away from the locality, and neither the sentries nor the police have encountered any opposition. Those whose presence is necessary move about the house and grounds in the quietest manner possible.

CZOLGOSZ'S CONFESSION.

Leon Czolgosz, the self-avowed disciple of Emma Goldman and the other radical anarchist leaders, who shot President McKinley, insists that he alone is responsible for his crime. He says that he effected the matter over in advance in a general way with his friends, but that he was not advised by them and that there was no plot or conspiracy to take the life of the president in which anyone else had a part. He declined to furnish the names of the men with whom he discussed the crime on Friday, but the police believe they will get leads on them and when they do they will have exposed the anarchistic plot of which they are confident the prisoner was the final agent of murder.

Czolgosz was submitted to six hours of examination and questioning at the hands of the police officials today and was tired out when they led him back to his cell and locked him up for the night.

The lengthy examination of the prisoner was fruitless save in so far as his own individual fate is concerned, for while he told nothing that would implicate anyone else in his crime, he went over the scene at the Temple of Music when he shot the president again and again, completing a confession as ample as the law could desire. He even went to the extent of illustrating to the officers the manner in which he shot the president and told with manifest pride how he deceived the sentries and his protectors with the bandaged hand that held the revolver.

When he was first brought before Superintendent of Police Bull and District Attorney Penney he was not disposed to talk very freely and when a question was put to him, took ample time to weigh his answers deliberately. He mixed with his answers some of the philosophy of the desperate political sect to which he belongs and seemed to be posing. Later his tongue loosened somewhat and by the close of the afternoon he talked freely. The admission that he had discussed the



Awful Pile Torture Cured in 3 Days.

Mrs. R. T. C. Boylan, Marshall, Mississippi, writes: "I suffered with hemorrhoids for years from piles. I used Pyramid Pile Cure and was well in three days." For sale by all druggists. Little book "Piles, Causes and Cure," mailed free, Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

crime in advance with friends was finally drawn from him, but there he stopped and could not be moved. He was in the hands of a group of shrewd examiners and they trap upon trap to snare him, but the effort to break him down failed. The police say that in the end when he comes to a true appreciation of his position he will break down and fully confess.

In reviewing his confession he made open avowal of his belief in anarchism and said that he had merely done his duty as he saw it.

DETECTIVES EXAMINING.

In addition to the examination to which the prisoner was subjected, city and federal detectives spent the day in scouring the city for some trace of possible confederates. They took up the trail of the prisoner from the day of his arrival and partially completed an outline of his movements up to the commission of the crime. They did not succeed in connecting with any of the socialists who make their home here and by nightfall had about abandoned the theory that he was assisted by any one here. They also showed an inclination to give up the belief that a confederate preceded the prisoner in the reception line leading up to the president, but work along that line had not been abandoned. The general theory now held by the detectives is that a circle of Czolgosz's associates plotted the murder of President McKinley, and that he was picked by lot or induced by persuasion to carry out the conspiracy. They say that he lacks the shrewdness to have planned and executed the crime as he did. The police said tonight that they had made no other arrests and that they had none in contemplation. It is evident that they

CRASH OF HEAVEN'S ARTILLERY

Makes More Tragic the Receipt by Abner McKinley of the News of His Brother's Deadly Hurt.

DENVER, Sept. 7.—A dramatic story of the circumstances attending the receipt by Abner McKinley and family in Platt Canyon yesterday of the news of the attempted assassination of his brother, the president, was told today by C. F. Meek, of the Colorado Southern railway, who has in charge of the party's special train. "As the telegram was handed to me," said Mr. Meek, "there was a terrific flash of lightning, followed directly by a crash that shook the granite mountains. I glanced at the contents of the telegram, staggered into the car and called Abner McKinley to one side. Between the crashes of heaven's artillery I read the message. Mr. McKinley put his hand to his head and staggered with each word, and almost, there was a terrific crash from above. We called the rest of the party

together and plainly told them the situation. At first we were speechless—tearful. Then came the torrent. From above poured forth the most astounding mass of water, great sheets of it, the heavens wept with us. There was a rainbow, the like of which few men have ever seen. It was an arch of crimson and gold that rivaled the most beautiful Mrs. McKinley looked at it a moment in mute astonishment. 'It is the sign from God that He will let our brother live,' said the remark as she fell upon her knees. With tears streaming down our faces we did likewise and the prayer that went up certainly must have reached the Father above, for the rainbow grew wider and brighter. We prayed and suddenly flared up as if assenting to our supplications."

have not made much progress toward the establishment of their theory with material evidence, and that their chief reliance at present is on a confession from the prisoner. Czolgosz's trail has been traced at Cleveland and it is expected that the inquiry there will let in some valuable light as to his companions and possible fellow conspirators.

The prisoner is kept secluded today, and as a suggestion from Secretary of War Root, the police inquiry will be made as secretly as possible. No one is permitted to see the prisoner, other than his immediate custodians, and his confessions taken down in writing will not be made public, for the present at least. The prisoner has subject was mentioned today, and when he said he did not desire a lawyer to defend him. The police said that when he got among his fellow anarchists, he would probably resort to the usual means to avoid punishment for his crime, whatever time shows it to be.

He had a couple of dollars when arrested, and today asked that it be expended in the purchase of a new shirt. His request was granted, and he spent some time in rearranging his dress. The police made another search of his room and effects, but found nothing that would throw any light on the crime.

The telegrams and cablegrams that have poured in since the Milburn residence have been to the utmost ends of the earth, will not be given to the public at present. Hundreds of them are still unopened by Secretary Cortelyou.

From the crowned heads of Europe as humble citizens of the republic in sympathy and requests for the latest news from the sick room.

Emperor William and King Edward were heard from last night, and today the governor of almost every state have telegraphed on behalf of the grief-stricken people of his commonwealth.

The operation upon the president last administered. Either was made while the ball entered the stomach and it's course was followed until the kidney had not been touched or the intestines perforated, and that it had lodged, probably, in the muscles of the breast, where it could do no harm for the present. The incision was carefully examined and the utmost confidence exists that there was no injury. The physicians and pronounced the operation a complete success.

SHOULD BE TREATED AS TREASON.

What W. H. Miller Says of Czolgosz's Foul Crime.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 7.—An attempt on the president's life should be treated as treason, W. H. Miller, attorney general under President Harrison says. "In my judgment," added Mr. Miller, "the attempted assassination of the president, again suggests that, in the forming of our criminal laws, we have paid too little attention to protection of the government. As a general rule, the law upon the president than upon a private citizen."

"If, as all good people hope, the president shall survive this attack, the offense, if the laws of New York are as I suppose they are, is simply to assault with intent to commit murder. It seems to me the laws should be so framed as to take into account the president's public character in short, that an attempt to take the life of the president should be deemed treason, and should be punished accordingly."

ANARCHISTS UNDER ARREST.

Three More Locked Up by the Chicago Police.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—Three more alleged anarchists were arrested here this afternoon charged with being implicated in the conspiracy to assassinate President McKinley. They were found in the rear of 102 Newberry avenue and were

taken into custody with the nine arrested last night. They gave their names as Martin Fox, J. M. Roseinski, Michael Roz. In the room was seized a quantity of anarchist literature, pictures of Emma Goldman and other noted anarchists and copies of "Red" newspapers. The raid was made by a dozen policemen under orders from Capt. Wheeler.

ASSASSINATION WAS FORETOLD BY MAGGIO.

Kansas City Anarchist Predicted the Crime of Czolgosz a Year Ago.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 7.—James F. McDonald, a prominent citizen, today confirmed the statement imputed to Antonio Maggio, an Italian, who a year ago predicted that President McKinley would be killed by anarchists. Maggio, who was a bartender and con man by trade, lived at different times in Kansas City and Leavenworth. While in Kansas City a year ago he ran a barber shop and his name was on the list of subscribers to Mr. McDonald, secretary of the Trades' exchange, at that time had a place of business on Market street. They became acquainted and one day in a burst of candor, Maggio said to McDonald: "The republic is good, socialism is better, but anarchism is the acme of them all. President McKinley will soon be killed. He will be murdered by an anarchist society and must go the way of the others." A Wichita man, who knew Maggio at the time stated yesterday that Maggio made the declaration to him, adding that the order to assassinate the president had been sent out by an anarchist society in Rome, Italy.

Maggio's brother, who lives in Leavenworth, does not know the present whereabouts of Maggio.

SYMPATHY IN BERLIN.

Crime of Czolgosz Denounced by the German Press.

BERLIN, Sept. 7.—All the evening papers make sympathetic comments on the attack of President McKinley. The Neuste Nachrichten says: "The whole civilized world receives the news of this latest anarchist crime with the deepest execration. With this general indignation is united sympathy for

er prohibitory feature of the immigration statute, he can be excluded, but there is no statute which excludes him as an anarchist. The congress has no power to exclude anarchists when aliens is undoubted, for in the Chinese exclusion act care of the senate court held the power of the government was plenary as to absolutely exclude all aliens, even those who had been admitted with existing treaties. Even it has power to deport an alien for any reason. The executive department of the government is powerless to act, however, without congressional direction.

Evening of the attempted assassination Mr. Brockhoff said: "The president's death would be a national calamity; one has enjoyed to a greater extent the respect and confidence of citizens, without regard to party."

SYMPTOMS BODE DANGER.

Twin City Physicians Comment on President's Condition.

One of the ablest surgeons in the Twin Cities, who has almost daily experience in operation in abdominal work, was shown a late dispatch last night from Secretary Cortelyou regarding the condition of President McKinley. In response as to his interpretation of the bulletin the doctor replied: "It is important to note that the bulletin simply says 'no change for the worse.' It does not mention the temperature. When an abdominal surgical operation is performed in the afternoon there should be a decided falling off in the pulse by the following morning. Ordinarily, it will not be above 100 degrees. A pulse of 130 twenty-four hours after an abdominal operation is regarded as critically or dangerously high. While not necessarily indicating that he is growing worse is one that would give serious grave anxiety. The first two days following an abdominal operation the pulse rather than the temperature is the true criterion of the patient's condition. After that period the temperature is the best indicator."

The president's increased number of respirations would seem to indicate that his diaphragm is becoming affected, and that would mean peritonitis.

"The pulse of 130 tomorrow afternoon it will be much easier to foresee the outcome."

TIME TO CALL A HALT.

What Governor of New Jersey Says of Anarchism.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—The World tomorrow (Sunday) will print a statement from Gov. Foster M. Voorhees, of New Jersey, in which he says:

"The time has come for us to call a halt to anarchism and all its works in this country. This incubation of red American soil has done too much. It must be stopped in New Jersey. I can give that assurance here and now. "A law is being introduced which will be enacted by the next legislature beyond the remotest shadow of a doubt, which will give good heart to home and abroad. It will allow us to prosecute participants in any conspiracy in New Jersey that results directly or indirectly in the assassination of any ruler of the world over, or the murder of any person in or out of New Jersey. The conspirators will be treated as accessories before the fact and the charge will be murder. If convicted they will suffer just the same punishment as if they were convicted of aiding and abetting in an ordinary case of murder."

"I am now in correspondence with the state authorities of three European countries. They are all anxious to have their secret service men have found that plans to assassinate conspicuous persons bring to the attention of their countries have recently been hatched in New Jersey. I will not give the names of the persons, but I am sure that they are threatened, for that would defeat my scheme to ascertain whether the murderer of the president of the United States, New Jersey, but I am determined that the name of New Jersey shall no longer be associated with such a heinous and so dastardly plot."

PENALTY FOR THE CRIME.

If McKinley Recovers, Ten Years Will Be the Limit.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—President McKinley's recovery would be confined in prison for ten years, the maximum penalty under the penal code of New York state. The governor's plan, which would be adopted, the prisoner could be released before a justice of Erie county and he could demand an examination in the state court. The governor has threatened, for that would defeat my scheme to ascertain whether the murderer of the president of the United States, New Jersey, but I am determined that the name of New Jersey shall no longer be associated with such a heinous and so dastardly plot."

An act of congress prescribing a penalty for offenses against the person of the president or other United States officials, would, according to legal authorities, take precedence the penal code of the state of New York in the case of McKinley's life. A search of the United States statute since 1873 does not show that any such enactment has been made by congress.

It would be possible to inflict any greater punishment on the anarchist Czolgosz, by any act of the legislature fixing a more severe penalty for an attempt on the life of the president.

The death of President McKinley would result in the trial of the assailant for homicide and his conviction would mean death in the electric chair.

CHICAGO ANARCHISTS MEET.

No Word of Sympathy for the Stricken Executive.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—Chicago anarchists, in response to a call issued three days ago, met in a hall on West Chicago avenue and discussed the attempted assassination of President McKinley. Men and women known to be prominent in the anarchist movement in this city were in the hall. It was evident that no impromptu gathering of persons were gathered in the hall. Three days ago the members of several societies were notified that a meeting would take place on the life of the president.

The reason for the issuance of the call for the meeting was learned from those present. They made no secret of the fact that they anticipated something of which they might talk, but they would not say what it was or the man who was near his death was at the meeting last night. Instead of the president's condition being mentioned in the name of McKinley was mentioned only to bring forth cheers of condemnation. For the names of the speakers were not given, although at times some members of the meeting would refer to their feelings in English. It was not until early this morning that the meeting broke up.

MAY USE THE X-RAY.

Apparatus Is En Route From New York to Buffalo.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—At the telephone request of Secretary Cortelyou, Thomas Edison's X-ray apparatus, which was shipped on a special train, is en route to Buffalo. The apparatus is in the possession of the government, the right of the president to protect his chief executive officer should be spared to him. If the president is injured, the apparatus should be used to examine the president's body. It is an X-ray apparatus, and several of Mr. Edison's assistants, were on the train.

NEAR TO A LYNCHING.

Abuse of Wounded President Doesn't Go in Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

UPPER SANDUSKY, Ohio, Sept. 7.—The town of Sandusky, a railway employe, exclaimed that the name of McKinley was shot—that he ought to have been lynched, and a lynching party was organized. Today the whole town petitioned the Buffalo railway company to discharge him, which was done.

Prices Cut Monday

ON OUR STOCK OF FINEST FALL OVERCOATS.

Silk-Lined, Coverts, \$10  
Serge-Lined, Worsteds, \$10  
Very Nobby, Cheviots, \$15  
Whipcords, Meltons, \$15  
Worth \$15 to \$25, for \$15

It's probably the only opportunity you will have this year to buy a Nobby and Stylish Fall Overcoat at such a ridiculously low price. You need to take advantage of it immediately, so don't fail to come and see us tomorrow. We offer you a selection from an immense assortment.

These Coats Will Cost You From \$15 to \$25 in a Few Weeks From Now.

LENNON & GIBBONS

WIDESPREAD GRIEF AT CZOLGOSZ'S CRIME

PARIS, Sept. 7.—Speaker David B. Henderson, of the United States house of representatives, left Paris this morning to embark on the American line steamer St. Paul for New York, accompanied by Congressman Frederick H. Gillett. Mr. Henderson was terribly concerned over the attempt upon the life of his friend, President McKinley. The Associated Press telegraphed him at Cherbourg this afternoon the latest bulletin from Buffalo and asked if he wished to send a message to the United States. The following reply was received:

"The bullets that hit the president hit the American embassy; later, on confirmation of the news, President Diaz called personally on Gen. Clayton, Ambassador Azpiroz, at Washington, has been instructed to express the president's minuter and constantly informed of the situation. The shock to the American residents was indescribable, and demonstrated the sincere affection entertained by all for President McKinley."

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 7.—A committee representing the inhabitants of Lima and Callao cabled to the Peruvian minister at Washington, Senor Calderon, charging him to express their indignation at and execration of the attempt upon President McKinley's life, and sympathy for his wife and family, and hope for his prompt recovery.

HAVANA, Sept. 7.—At a meeting of the constitutional convention today it was decided to ask Gov. Wood to send a message of sympathy with the American people in the name of the convention.

All day long the governor general had been receiving telegrams from mayors, ayuntamiento and other bodies expressing sympathy with President McKinley.

ROME, Sept. 7.—The pope has directed Cardinal Martini to congratulate the United States, to express to the government the feeling of deep indignation of his holiness at the attempted assassination of the president and his earnest prayer for the president's recovery.

The press strongly condemn the outrage and demand the stringent suppression of anarchists.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—Even before the proclamation of Acting Mayor Northcott, setting apart tomorrow as a day of prayer for the recovery of President McKinley, the Chicago churches had been completed in nearly all the Chicago churches for special services of prayer. Most of these will occupy part of the morning regularly devoted to Sunday worship.

In many churches the subject will form the topic of the sermons, while in others there will be special prayers.

The bulletin of the pope for President McKinley in all the Roman Catholic churches tomorrow," said the Rev. Hugh McGuire tonight. "It is uncertain what form the services will take until we can know of the president's condition tomorrow. If it is as well as we can hope, then we shall ask all the people to send up an individual as well as a united prayer for his speedy restoration to health."

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 7.—The attempt on the life of President McKinley has profoundly shocked the Russian official world, which thoroughly appreciates President McKinley's statesmanship.

A correspondent here has received the following statement from Prince Obolensky, representative of Prince Lamsdoff, the foreign minister, during the latter's absence: "All the Russian statesmen are deeply moved and grieved by the attempt to assassinate President McKinley. Count Lamsdoff, who is with the emperor, will no doubt transmit the official condolences of the Russian government and an expression of sympathy on the part of the emperor."

Similar expressions of grief were heard from the other ministers.

Lord Roberts today sent the following message to United States Ambassador Choate: "Please convey to President and Mrs. McKinley on behalf of myself and the British army our profound regret at what has occurred and our earnest hope that the president's valuable life may be spared."

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 7.—The Danish government has expressed the deepest sympathy for the American people, Emperor Nicholas, King George of Greece, King Christian of Denmark and other royalties sent messages of sympathy to Washington and many court dignitaries called upon the United States legation to make inquiries and express their horror at the crime.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 7.—President Zelaya and the people of Nicaragua express great sympathy for the attempted assassination of President McKinley.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The Sunday morning papers all voice the horror and sympathy already expressed by the daily press. The Sunday Special, after commenting upon the insane aimlessness with which the anarchists apparently select their victims says:

"The atrocity of the outrage again brings prominently before the public the question of how to deal with anarchists. Scotland yard knows a deal more about the London anarchists than the public realizes. The police even recognize clubs in which anarchical doctrines are preached and plots hatched. The members of such organizations stamp themselves as outlaws and the time has arrived when they should be treated as such. They are a source of terrible danger to the community and should be no longer tolerated and sympathy at the attempted as-

WIDESPREAD GRIEF AT CZOLGOSZ'S CRIME

assassination of President McKinley. The resolutions expressed sympathy for all Americans and all good men in the hour of national grief and universal sorrow and especially tendered the sympathy of the body to Mr. McKinley.

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Sept. 7.—Information of the shooting of President McKinley reached here at 5 o'clock yesterday. Mexico sympathy was expressed by President Diaz and the cabinet and all the members of the diplomatic corps. On the first receipt of the news, President Diaz sent an aide to inquire at the American embassy; later, on confirmation of the news, President Diaz called personally on Gen. Clayton, Ambassador Azpiroz, at Washington, has been instructed to express the president's minuter and constantly informed of the situation. The shock to the American residents was indescribable, and demonstrated the sincere affection entertained by all for President McKinley."

LIMA, Peru, Sept. 7.—A committee representing the inhabitants of Lima and Callao cabled to the Peruvian minister at Washington, Senor Calderon, charging him to express their indignation at and execration of the attempt upon President McKinley's life, and sympathy for his wife and family, and hope for his prompt recovery.

HAVANA, Sept. 7.—At a meeting of the constitutional convention today it was decided to ask Gov. Wood to send a message of sympathy with the American people in the name of the convention.

All day long the governor general had been receiving telegrams from mayors, ayuntamiento and other bodies expressing sympathy with President McKinley.

ROME, Sept. 7.—The pope has directed Cardinal Martini to congratulate the United States, to express to the government the feeling of deep indignation of his holiness at the attempted assassination of the president and his earnest prayer for the president's recovery.

The press strongly condemn the outrage and demand the stringent suppression of anarchists.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—Even before the proclamation of Acting Mayor Northcott, setting apart tomorrow as a day of prayer for the recovery of President McKinley, the Chicago churches had been completed in nearly all the Chicago churches for special services of prayer. Most of these will occupy part of the morning regularly devoted to Sunday worship.

In many churches the subject will form the topic of the sermons, while in others there will be special prayers.

The bulletin of the pope for President McKinley in all the Roman Catholic churches tomorrow," said the Rev. Hugh McGuire tonight. "It is uncertain what form the services will take until we can know of the president's condition tomorrow. If it is as well as we can hope, then we shall ask all the people to send up an individual as well as a united prayer for his speedy restoration to health."

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 7.—The attempt on the life of President McKinley has profoundly shocked the Russian official world, which thoroughly appreciates President McKinley's statesmanship.

A correspondent here has received the following statement from Prince Obolensky, representative of Prince Lamsdoff, the foreign minister, during the latter's absence: "All the Russian statesmen are deeply moved and grieved by the attempt to assassinate President McKinley. Count Lamsdoff, who is with the emperor, will no doubt transmit the official condolences of the Russian government and an expression of sympathy on the part of the emperor."

Similar expressions of grief were heard from the other ministers.

Lord Roberts today sent the following message to United States Ambassador Choate: "Please convey to President and Mrs. McKinley on behalf of myself and the British army our profound regret at what has occurred and our earnest hope that the president's valuable life may be spared."

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 7.—The Danish government has expressed the deepest sympathy for the American people, Emperor Nicholas, King George of Greece, King Christian of Denmark and other royalties sent messages of sympathy to Washington and many court dignitaries called upon the United States legation to make inquiries and express their horror at the crime.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Sept. 7.—President Zelaya and the people of Nicaragua express great sympathy for the attempted assassination of President McKinley.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The Sunday morning papers all voice the horror and sympathy already expressed by the daily press. The Sunday Special, after commenting upon the insane aimlessness with which the anarchists apparently select their victims says:

"The atrocity of the outrage again brings prominently before the public the question of how to deal with anarchists. Scotland yard knows a deal more about the London anarchists than the public realizes. The police even recognize clubs in which anarchical doctrines are preached and plots hatched. The members of such organizations stamp themselves as outlaws and the time has arrived when they should be treated as such. They are a source of terrible danger to the community and should be no longer tolerated and sympathy at the attempted as-

at least, to see the universal sympathy the crime has evoked for the victim. The world is kin today, alike in horror at the act and in compassion for the American president and the American people. Thus it may be out of evil good will come and the nations be drawn into closer bonds of sympathy.

KINGSTON, Ja., Sept. 7.—The news of the attempt on the life of President McKinley has been received in Jamaica with the utmost regret. The newspapers and the general public refer to the tragedy in a sorrowful and sympathetic manner.

COLON, Columbia, Sept. 7.—(Via Galveston).—The news of the attempted assassination of President McKinley was received here last evening with profound sorrow.

The United States gunboat Machias sailed last night for Boca del Toro.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Gov. Voorhees, of New Jersey, announced today that on account of the attempted assassination of President McKinley, the New Jersey state exercises which were to have taken place at the Pan-American exposition in Buffalo next Friday, and the banquet to the British and Canadian riflemen arranged for that date, as well as one at Long Branch announced for Monday next, will not take place.

MELBOURNE, Sept. 7.—The federal cabinet has requested the governor general of Australia, the Earl of Hopetoun, to cable the secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, expressing the sympathy of the Australian people with the Americans.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 7.—King Oscar has telegraphed to President McKinley his regrets and sympathy.

PANAMA, Sept. 7.—(Via Galveston).—The attempted assassination of President McKinley has caused a profound sensation here. All classes of society sympathize with the Americans sincerely and hope for Mr. McKinley's speedy recovery. There is a great anxiety and news of the president's condition is anxiously awaited.

ROME, Sept. 7.—The premier, Signor Zanardelli, called at the United States embassy this morning to express his sympathy with the United States in its sorrow at the attempted assassination of President McKinley. He has instructed the Italian embassy at Washington to express the deep execration of the crime felt by the Italian government.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 7.—At the home of George E. Morse, in this city, the president's nephew and Miss McKinley, nephew and niece of the president, received the news of the attempted assassination and were almost prostrated. Early this morning they were gratified by the receipt of dispatches stating that the president had passed a comfortable night and that there was hope of his recovery.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Sept. 7.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier has sent the following telegram to Lord Pauncefote, British ambassador at Washington: Ottawa, Sept. 7, 1901.—Lord Pauncefote, British embassy, Washington, D. C.: I have the command of his excellency, the governor general, to ask your lordship to convey to Mr. Hay, the secretary of state, the expression of the sense of horror with which the government and the people of Canada have learned of the heinous attempt upon the life of the president of the United States, and deep sympathy with which they feel in the distress of the American nation and Mr. McKinley's family. They fervently hope and pray that it may please Providence to foil the hand of the assassin, and to prove a life held in such high reverence not only by the people of the United States, but by all nations and particularly of the people of the Dominion of Canada. Prime Minister.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 7.—Acting Gov. Northcott this afternoon issued the following proclamation: "I, W. A. Northcott, acting governor, state, Illinois, do hereby appoint and set apart Sunday, Sept. 8, 1901, as a day of prayer for the recovery of William McKinley, president of the United States. I sincerely request all our people to gather some time during this day at their usual places of worship and join in prayer services for the recovery of our beloved president."

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 7.—Joseph H. Manley, member of the Republican national executive committee, sent the following message to President McKinley: "The atrocity of the outrage again brings prominently before the public the question of how to deal with anarchists. Scotland yard knows a deal more about the London anarchists than the public realizes. The police even recognize clubs in which anarchical doctrines are preached and plots hatched. The members of such organizations stamp themselves as outlaws and the time has arrived when they should be treated as such. They are a source of terrible danger to the community and should be no longer tolerated and sympathy at the attempted as-

Continued on Seventh Page.

Look at your Range And if it is not UNIVERSAL Get One at C. E. BATTLES, 370 Jackson St.