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VOL. XXIV.—NO. 313. SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 9, 1901.—TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS—On Trains, FIVE CENTS.

WILL PAY LOSS

COMPANIES LIABLE ON THOMPSON'S BOND WILL REIMBURSE MACCABEES

TO BE ARRESTED TODAY

Shortage of Derelict Keeper of Finance Foots Up $60,000 at Last Report—Data Being Compiled.

SUCCESSOR NOT YET NAMED

PORT HURON, Mich., Nov. 8.—It now transpires that the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, which carried the bond of Charles D. Thompson, the self-confessed defaulting supreme finance keeper of the supreme tent of the Knights of the Maccabees, before being released last July, is still liable for any loss which the order may have sustained by the defalcation. Representatives of the company, it is said, have informed Maccabee officials that the loss will be paid.

It is now probable that Thompson will be arrested tomorrow. This was indicated tonight from a talk with officials of the order, and the arrest will come as a result ofthe conference of the K. O. T. M. trustees and representatives of the bonding company.

The heaviest loss is said to fall upon the Maryland Fidelity company, as Thompson's defalcations since August, when the National Surety company assumed the risk, were comparatively small.

It was announced today that Thompson's shortage is $60,000, instead of $57,000. Al idata concerning the embezzlement is in the hands of the bond companeis, and orders are being awaited from headquarters. In relation to the Maryland Fidelity company's risk, it is said that when that company assumed the bond of Thompson a clause was inserted in the bond providing that if a defalcation was discovered within six months from release, the company would be held liable. It was intimated tonight that the company had notified the Maccabee officials that the loss will be paid.

The most important matter for consideration before the trustees was the selection of a successor to Thompson. The laws of the order require that that official must be a resident of this state, and the trustees have not heard from their probable selection as to whether he would move to Michigan permanently.

GORMAN WILL GO BACK

MARYLAND DEMOCRATS WILL EASILY CONTROL LEGISLATURE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 8.—Almost complete official returns show that Joshua W. Hering, Democratic state comptroller, has been re-electd by a plurality of 458 votes over Herman S. Platt, Republican. Thomas Parran (Rep.) has been elected clerk of the court of appeals by a plurality of 1,258 over J. Frank Turner, the Democratic incumbent. In the counties Mr. Turner had a plurality of 2,508, but was defeated in the city.

The official count in Caroline county elects Jefferson (Dem.) to the house by a majority of 4, in place of Stevens (Rep.), who was reported yesterday to have been elected by a majority of 1. This, however, is counterbalanced in Kent county by the election to the house of Kendall (Rep.) by a majority of 31 over Johnson (Dem.), heretofore reported elected by a majority of 5.

The official count in the counties gives the Democrats forty-eight members in the house and the Republicans twenty-nine. This would enable the Democrats to organize the house, even if the official count in Baltimore city should show that the Republicans had elected a solid delegation of eighteen members, which is improbable.

The indications are that three Democratic delegates have been elected from Baltimore city, but at the rate at which the official count in this city is progressing it probably will be two days at least before a decision is reached. The senate, according to the official returns, will stand: Democrats, 17; Republicans, 9.

Bezenah Bests Gardner.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 8.—Eugene Bezenah, of Covington, Ky., was awarded the decision over Gus Gardner, of Philadelphia, in a ten-round bout tonight.

HANSBROUGH GENEROUS

NORTH DAKOTA'S SENIOR SENATOR AIDS A DISTRESSED WOMAN.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—"Investigate case of distress at Harrison street police station, and, if found genuine, forward to Fargo, my expense."

This is the telegram which United States Senator Hansbrough, of North Dakota, sent to Assistant State's Attorney Barnes today when he heard of the distress of Mrs. George Gilligan, of Fargo, who was stranded in this city, without money or friends. Detectives looked into the matter immediately, found the case to be one of real need, and notified Mrs. Gilligan that a ticket to Fargo awaited her at the depot. Scores of persons who had heard of the woman's sad plight also sent her many liberal contributions.

Mrs. Gilligan's husband is an invalid soldier of the Spanish war, and she was on her way to Fargo from her home in Indiana when she became stranded here.

BURDENS ON STATE

ASYLUMS FILLED WITH PATIENTS NOT ENTITLED TO BE THERE

MANY WILL BE DISCHARGED

Mere senile disability of mind, of the milder forms of idiocy, imbecility and degeneracy are not considered by the state board of control to be fit subjects for treatment at the state hospitals or asylums for the insane, and steps are now being taken by the board to weed out such cases as rapidly as possible.

W. E. Lee, of the board, dicussing the question yesterday with The Globe, said: "It is our purpose to prevent, as far as possible, the deterioration of these state insane hospitals into mere almshouses or charitable homes for the care of those who may be slightly affected in mind, but who could and should properly be cared for by their friends or the counties from which they come. We are firmly convinced from such investigation as we have been able to make that at present the hospitals are filled up with persons who do not rightfully belong there, and who are merely there because their relatives have been so unfeeling as to turn them over to public charity merely to rid themselves of the care of them, and the counties in which they belong were equally desirous of shirking the burden.

"It is not proper because a person has become old and, in consequence, a little peculiar and erratic that he should be saddled upon the state to be cared for. Such persons cannot be benefited at the insane hospitals, and they merely fill up the institutions to the exclusion of those who rightfully belong there. If the state is going to care for that class of dependents, separate and more suitable institutions should be provided for them.

"I cannot say now just what method we will take in disposing of them, but for some time past we have been considering the question with the superintendents of the institutions.

"I will say that some of the counties have rather imposed upon the state in this regard, and in those localities securing a commitment to one of the hospitals has even become a matter of political pull. In other words, one man with a pull could get rid of his aged father or mother by means of a commitment to a state institution, while another who had no pull could not."

As a preliminary step the board some time ago requested the superintendent of each of the hospitals to send in a list of such patients as, in their opinion, did not properly belong in the institution. Thus far the only list received is from Supt. George O. Welsh, of the Fergus Falls hospital. Its character is such as to fully bear out the opinion of the board.

GOLD FOUND IN HELENA.

Is on Site of Federal Building, and Uncle Sam Gets It.

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 8.—A ledge of free milling gold was struck today while grading the foundation for the United States federal building, which is now under construction. The ledge is a very strong one of iron stained quartz, containing free milling gold. The government, when letting the contract for the government building, expressly stipulated that any finds of minerals made by the contractors should go to the government.

RATES ARE CUT

INTERSTATE COMMERCE LAW AND ANTI-TRUST LAW FLAGRANTLY VIOLATED

POSITIVE EVIDENCE IS GIVEN

National Commission, in Session at Chicago, Listens to Some Very Interesting Testimony From Railroaders.

MEETINGS TO CUT RATES

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Evidence of flagrant violations of the interstate commerce and the anti-trust laws by railroads east and west of Chicago, was adduced at today's session of the interstate commerce commission.

Traffic managers of lines in the Central Freight association and the Western Trunk Line committee, admitted that export rates on grain and grain products are constantly cut and that officials of the roads meet at stated periods and agree upon rates, which are then promulgated by the individual lines interested. The principal witness of the day was Traffic Manager George J. Grammar, of the Lake Shore road, and his recitation of the conditions of affairs relative to grain, east-bound, aroused the deepest interest of the commission.

In the opinion of the commission the condition shown by the evidence is the strongest argument that could be adduced for the passage of a bill by congress giving the commission the power to make rates, after a thorough investigation upon complaint, and also the power to punish violators of the commissions rulings.

Grain Rates Constantly Cut.

Traffic Manager Grammar under examination by Commissioner Prouty, admitted that the export rates on grain and grain products were constantly cut, that the tariffs were seldom maintained, that the export rates were always secret, that little grain had been moving as domestic grain, that an association existed the members of which met at regular periods and in violation of the anti-trust law agreed upon rates and percentages, and kept a record of the same. When asked why the roads did not publish their export rates the same as domestic rates, he replied that if they did the press of the country would charge that the railroads were favoring foreign countries and foreign markets at the expense of the home markets and home producers.

W. B. Biddle, freight traffic manager of the Santa Fe, admitted that rates on export grain to the seaboard had not been maintained and that a large percentage of the grain moved was moved as export rgain. J. T. Hudson, traffic manager of the Illinois Central, and several prominent mill owners, testified regarding the discrepancy between grain and flour rates, claiming that the railroads had practically closed the European markets to American flour.

It transpired during the investigation that the commission is interested in the preparation of a measure which is to be a modification of the Cullom bill, and which will be introduced at the next session of congress. It was also asserted that the result of the evidence taken by the commission here and in New York city will be given to congress in the form of a report and petition for the remedial legislation sought.

DYING IN HIS CAR.

Wells-Fargo Messenger Victim of Mysterious Shooting.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Nov. 8.—Z. T. Fishnor, a Wells-Fargo express messenger, was found in a dying condition in his car on a St. Joseph & Grand Island train when it arrived at Elwood, Neb. There were two bullet holes just below the heart. The man was unable to tell anything of the cause of the shooting, and it is not known whether he was shot accidentally or in an attempt to rob the car. Everything in the safe was found intact. The wounded messenger will die.

Great Lynotype Record.

DAYTON, Ohio, Nov. 8.—A remarkable record on the Linotype machine was made Thursday in the office of the Daily News, when Claude Couse set 3,250 lines of nonpareil, linometer count, making a total of 84,500 ems in eight hours, machine speeded to seven lines a minute. To secure this result it was necessary to touch the keys 169,000 times, or nearly six times a second.

A PECULIAR ACCIDENT

PROMINENT NEW YORK LADY IS FOUND DEAD IN BATH ROOM.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Mrs. Archibald S. White, wife of the president of the National Salt company, was found dead in the bath room of her residence, on West Eighty-sixth street, today.

Mrs. White lost her life as the result of a most unusual accident. A slip on the floor of the bath room caused her to fall backward, her head striking the edge of a marble basin, fracturing her skull. Mrs. White's maid went to her room some time after the accident. Not finding her mistress, the maid went to the bath room, where Mrs. White lay on the floor dead. Mrs. White was about forty years old. She was a Miss Rigney, of Brooklyn and was married about ten years ago. One child, a daughter of eight, survives her.

Mr. White left for Chicago about a week ago and was expected home yesterday, but a telegram received from him last night announced that he had been delayed and would reach New York this evening. William Hutter, assistant secretary of the National Salt company, was notified of the accident by telephone He left this afternoon for Philadelphia, where he met Mr. White with the news.

THE BARBAROUS STREAK

IT SEEMS TO STILL LINGER IN ATTENDANTS OF CHICAGO POOR

Mrs. Kate Green and Miss May Shay Are Placed in a Bad Light by Testimony Brought Out in Investigation.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Strong evidence to show that Mrs. Kate Green and Miss May Shay, attendants at Dunning, had neglected and underfed seven insane women committed to their care at different times during the last two years was presented tothe county civil service commission, at a hearing of the charges against the two women today.

Testimony was given to show that two of the patients died last September, immediately after a long course of underfeeding and neglect. Other testimony detailed the cases of five women who during 1900 had been removed by the physicians from the same ward, at that time presided over by Mrs. Green, in order that they might be placed where they would be properly nourished. One of these patients, it was claimed, had died of scurvy, which she contracted in the institution on account of neglect. The trial will be continued tomorrow.

BURGLARS WRECK BANKS

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS SECURED AT SCOTLAND, S. D.

Bank at Darien, Wis., Burglarized, but Cracksmen Made Too Much Noise and Had to Leave in a Hurry.

YANKTON, S. D., Nov. 9.—The Bank of Scotland, S. D., was robbed last night of $5,000. The safe was blown open and the entire contents carried away. Two strangers were seen in the vicinity of the bank during the evening. About 2 o'clock this morning an explosion aroused the citizens, who arrived at the bank building in time to see the robbers making their escape on horses. They were pursued, but have not been captured.

DELAVAN, Wis., Nov. 8.—A bold attempt was made early today to rob the Farmers' State bank at Darien. The robbers, three in number, were foiled because of an overcharge of nitroglycerine, which made a tremendous noise in exploding, awakening the people of the village. The outer door of the vault was wrecked and the front of the building was blown out. There was $5,000 in cash in the vault and $20,000 in negotiable securities. The robbers wore fur coats and masks. Following the explosion they jumped into a buggy which was waiting and made their escape before the astonished people realized what happened.

Terlinden Gets a Stay.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Gerhard Terlinden, recently held for extradition to Germany on a charge of forgery, was today granted a stay of execution until Nov. 13, at which time the federal court of appeals will be asked to review the evidence. In the meantime Terlinden must remain in jail.

CONVICTS SHOT

PURSUERS OF LEAVENWORTH MUTINEERS KILL TWO IN A RUNNING FIGHT

DESPERADOES FOUGHT BACK

Seven of the Men Who Escaped Are Recaptured, and Two of the Number Are Wounded.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Nov. 8.—All the police, deputy sheriffs and farmers in the country adjacent to Leavenworth were on the lookout today for the twenty-six federal convicts who escaped from the stockade yesterday. As a result two convicts have been killed, two wounded and seven captured unhurt. The casualties took place in a fight near Nortonville, Kan., and resulted in the death of capture of five men. The dead are:

JAMES HOFFMAN, aged twenty, white.

J. J. POFFENHOLZ, aged twenty-five, white, a soldier, convict.

John Green, aged twenty-one, white, is badly wounded; Williard Drake, white, aged nineteen years, is also wounded and recaptured, and the fifth, Fred Moore, aged sixteen, a negro, is recaptured unhurt.

The five men were discovered in the barn of Fay Weishaar, a quarter of a mile from Nortonville, Kan., this afternoon. Weishaar went into the barn and was ordered out at the point of guns. He rushed to Nortonville and gathered a wagon load of men, who, with revolvers, shotguns and a few Winchesters, hastened to the scene. The convicts saw the men coming and rushed from the barn. They had two shotguns and revolvers. The posse pursued them and a running duel resulted. The convicts were at a disadvantage and their shots had no effect, while at every volley from the posse one of the convicts fell.

Give Up or Die.

After two of them fell two of the others gave themselves up, one being wounded, the other unhurt. The fifth was fully 200 yards away when a man with a Winchester drew a bead on him and fired. He was evidently hit hard, but tried to go on. A volley was then fired at him and he fell dead. None of the citizens were hurt.

Reports come from various points today of the arrest of men supposed to be fugitive convicts. The oldest of the fugitives is twenty-eight.

Quinn Fort, who was killed yesterday, was nineteen. One of the convicts still at large is a military prisoner, and the remainder were serving terms for robbery or assault. One is an Indian, and two are negroes. Nearly all came from Oklahoma and Indian territory, and they are supposed to be making for that country. They are hardy men, used to firearms and horses. Some have obtained both, but others are afoot and defenseless. Warden Claugherty says he will capture every one of the men. In the districts around the city every road and river crossing that the fugitives might be expected to use is guarded by armed men, the farmers having turned out to earn the $50 reward that will be paid for the return of each convict. Those of the men who are armed are likely to be shot on sight.

Two of the convicts, Donald Dorle and R. L. Davenport, were captured today in a field two miles north of Jarbalo. They were hiding in a ravine, and, being unarmed, they surrendered without resistance. The sheriff of Douglass county has also captured two convicts at Lawrence, Kan. They are Ole Babo, a half-breed Indian, and Joseph H. Deekin, a soldier serving a term for desertion and assault to kill. Frank Thompson, the negro desperado, who led the outbreak, is supposed to be near Lawrence, heavily armed. He will probably not be taken alive.

Condition of the wounded guards: Joseph B. Waldrupe, shot in forehead and breast, still critical; Arthur Trelford, shot in leg, not serious; C. E. Burrows, shot in neck, slight; Andrew Leonard, leg broken.

Mutiny Well Planned.

It develops that the mutiny was hatched several months ago, but the men had never found a favorable opportunity to carry it into effect until yesterday. The general plan was not new, but it proved effective because of the limited number of the guards. A number of the better-behaved prisoners are used in the outside work; the plot was hatched

Continued on Seventh Page.

FOR REFORM OF YOUTHS

MOVEMENT INAUGURATED THAT SHOULD RESULT FAVORABLY.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 8.—At the request of the National Curfew association, Gov. Durbin has written a letter to the governors of states and territories, requesting them to call the attention of their respective legislatures to certain laws on reforms among the youths of the country. Among these is the curfew law, the law for preventing the imprisonment of boys with older criminals, and another compelling officers to return to their homes all tramping, truant and runaway boys. The governor says:

"There are no political or denominational features whatever about the work and since the brutal assassination of our beloved president, William McKinley, by an anarchist, born and educated in this country, the demand for some method of crushing out the anarchist and the better training of the American youth in love of country and its institutions has become universal. The most sacred of the rights of an American is the protection of mothers and their children, and let come what will—sickness, disease, disaster or death—all interest centers in the protection of the home. And no crime equals that of the man who despises the home. Certain it is that no association, so far as I know in the history of our government until this one, has formulated for the consideration of state legislatures, and municipal corporations a series of laws, the encroachment of which marks so large a decrease in juvenile crime."

CALLAHAN NOT GUILTY

JURY SO DECLARES AFTER THIRTY-SIX-HOUR SESSION

Prisoner Accused of Kidnaping Is Finally Relieved From Terrible Strain—Pat Crowe Now in Little Danger.

OMAHA, Neb. Nov. 8.—The jury in the case of James Callahan, after being out thirty-six hours, brought in a verdict tonight, finding the defendant not guilty and the prisoner was discharged. This is the last echo in the Cudahy kidnaping, and is practically the second time Callahan has been acquitted of the kidnaping charge.

The accused was arrested last February and charged with being an accessory to the kidnaping of Edward A. Cudahy Jr., son of the millionaire packing house owner, and for the release of whom his father paid a ransom of $25,000 in gold. Callahan was first tried on a charge of robbery, there being no statute in Nebraska making kidnaping a violation of the law. There was a trial extending over two weeks, during which about 200 witnesses were examined. The jury returned a verdict of acquittal and was severely scored by Judge Baker, who presided as trial judge.

Callahan was then tried on a charge of perjuring himself in the robbery trial. He has been in jail nine months, during which time he has been under continual strain. During the present trial the prisoner gave way to the nervous strain and collapsed in the court room. Tonight, when the jury came into the court room and the foreman said its members had agreed on a verdict Callahan scanned the faces of the jurymen closely, trying, apparently to read a verdict in their countenances. When the clerk read the verdict and pronounced the words "not guilty" the prisoner gave a sigh of relief and his friends crowded around him to offer their congratulations. He shook hands with the jurymen as they filed out and thanked them for the verdict. The judge discharged the prisoner and he will tonight go to the home of his sister, Mrs. Kelley, who lives near the scene of the imprisonment of young Cudahy.

It was remarked that there was now little to prevent Pat Crowe from coming to Omaha. The evidence on which Callahan has been tried would probably prevail in case of Crowe being tried on the same charges, and County Attorney Shields tonight gave it as his opinion that Crowe would now return.

DUNSMUIR FORTUNE.

Widow of Robert Dunsmuir Begins Suit Against Her Son.

VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 8.—Mrs. John Dunsmuir, widow of the late Robert Dunsmuir, founder of the fortune of British Columbia's wealthiest family, has entered an action against her son, James Dunsmuir, premier of British Columbia, which involves a portion of the estate. Mrs. Dunsmuir asks for the delivery of 4,993 shares in the R. Dunsmuir company, limited. She also wants an accounting of all dividends and profits upon said shares from Jan. 31, 1900. The shares mentioned in the action are believed to be those left by the late Alexander Dunsmuir to his brother, and the action in no way affects the fortune left by Alexander Dunsmuir to his widow, and by her to her daughter, Edna Wallace Hopper, the actress.

NORTHROP IN WASHINGTON.

President of Minnesota University to Deliver Address on Tuesday.

GLOBE WASHINGTON BUREAU, Post Building, Room 45.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—President Northrop, of the University of Minnesota, is here to attend the annual convention of scientists, who are engaged in government experiment work along the line of agricultural discovery. The meeting will be held next Tuesday. On Monday the alumni of the university, of whom there are a number here and in Baltimore, expect to give a reception in his honor at the local Y. M. C. A. hall. Dr. George E. MacLean, formerly of Minneapolis, now president of the Iowa university, is here, also Dean W. M. Liggitt, of agricultural school, University of Minnesota.

Leo M. Cutts, a lieutenant of Philippine scouts, formerly of Minnesota volunteers, has resigned his commission. He expects to go into business in Manila.

President Buys a Drawing.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—President Roosevelt has purchased the original drawing of Bernard Patridge's recent Punch cartoon representing him as a rough rider.

TO FIGHT CANAL

FACTIOUS OBJECTION LIKELY TO BE RAISED TO NEW ISTHMIAN TREATY

THE PANAMA ROUTE FAVORED

By the Walker Commission, It Is Understood, as Against the Nicaragua Proposition, but This Is Not Certain.

PAUNCEFOTE'S MAIN TASK

GLOBE WASHINGTON BUREAU, Post Building, Room 45.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 8.—There are still snags in the path of the new isthmian canal treaty. While former objections have been removed, and patriots like Senator Billy Mason will have less chance to twist the lion's tail, the treaty will be met with factious objections, which have their inspiration in the interests which are opposed to the canal project. The enemies of the canal are planning to fight it first in the senate and then in the house. It is never easy to command a two-thirds majority of the senate. In case the Panama promoters find that there is a disposition to favor the Nicaragua route, they figure that they can control enough senators to tie up the treaty. On the other hand, if the Panama route is favored the promoters of the Nicaragua scheme believe they can do the same trick. So the treaty is likely to be "whip-sawed" between the conflicting interests.

There is a growing impression here that the Walker commission will make a report which will favor the Panama route as against the Nicaragua one. Admiral Walker has done his best to guard the secret of the commission's final recommendation. He has so divided up the work that no single member of the commission has any idea what the report will be. There will be a large mass of technical material gathered by the engineers who have been over the ground; but the gist of the affair will be contained in a short recommendation which will be written by Admiral Walker at the last moment. With this report it is to be expected that the canal commission will go out of business, and that the admiral will return to private life and his half pay.

Lord Pauncefote returns to the United States with one mission of supreme importance—that is to cement the ties of friendship with this country. This veteran of the diplomatic world has again had his term of active service extended for no other reason than because it is believed he is best qualified to fulfill this mission. Great Britain is anxious that every possible cause of dissension be removed. She is willing to come more than half way to achieve this end. Through Canada the joint high commission is to be reconvened, so that the Alaska boundary dispute may be forever settled, and a better tariff relation established with our Northern neighbor. England has made notable concessions in the matter of the canal treaty, and hopes that the senate will promptly ratify the new agreement. John Bull needs friends and is warming up to Brother Jonathan.

SCHLEY COURT TO REST.

Dewey and His Coadjutors Will Not Meet Until Monday.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The Schley court of inquiry today transferred its effects from the gunners' workshop in the navy yard to the up-town quarters in the McMillan building, which will be the consulting quarters. No efforts will be made by the members of the court to confer upon the case until next Monday, as they are in need of mental and physical rest. The court will ask the navy department to provide it with clerical assistance and a stenographer to do the mechanical work

Continued on Seventh Page.

BULLETIN OF

IMPORTANT NEWS OF THE DAY

Weather Forecast for St. Paul: Fair; Colder.

I—Fight Against Canal.
Interstate Commerce Hearing
Maccabees' Loss to Be Paid.
Escaped Convicts Rounded Up
Burdens on State.

2—McCardy and Ohage Lock Horns.
Politicians Working for Spoils.
County Asked to Pay.
Board Fight Beginning.

3—News of the Northwest.
The Week in Trade Circles.
Miss Toppan Has Hearing.
News of the Northwest.
Before the Ice Age.

4—Editorial Comment.
Globe Home Study Course.
Daily Short Story.

5—Maher Bests Jeffords.
Madison Getting Wild.
Betting Is Light.
Gophers vs. N. D. Today.
General Sporting News.
Developments in China.

6—The Only Woman's Page.

7—Day's Doings in Minneapolis.

8—Isolation of Consumptives.
News of the Railroads.

9—Markets of the World.
December Wheat, 76 1-8c.
Bar Silver, 57 3-8c.
Stocks Active.

10—Famine in India.
Nice Legal Point.
Supreme Court Decisions.

PLANNING FOR MEMORIAL TO M'KINLEY

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The plans of the two associations formed for the purpose of erecting memorials to the late President McKinley, the monument at Canton, and the memorial arch at Washington, were the subject of an informal conference this afternoon between Senator Hanna and Secretary Cortelyou, representing the Ohio organization, and Commissioner H. F. MacFarland, of the Washington Memorial association. There was a general comparison of notes regarding the work undertaken by the two bodies and an exchange of ideas as to the methods adopted for raising money. An earnest desire was expressed to avoid any conflict of the two organizations, as the end sought by both associations is the perpetuation of the memory of the late president. An effort will be made to prevent any possible confusion or embarrassment in the collection of subscriptions, and both organizations will use their utmost efforts to accomplish the purpose for which they were set on foot.

The conference showed that both bodies are well organized to prosecute the work undertaken. No definite action was taken, as the gathering was, as above stated, informal and for purposes of consultation.

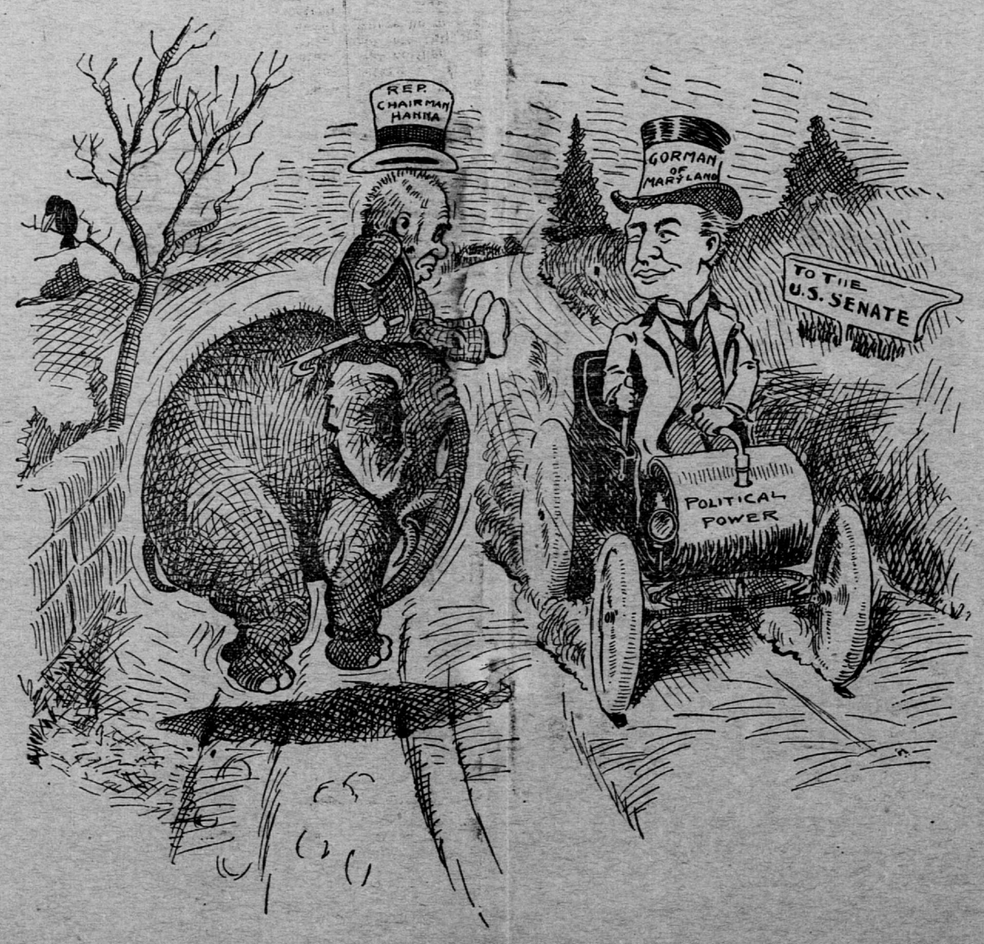
DANISH ENGINEER INVENTS TELEGRAPHONE

GLOBE WASHINGTON BUREAU, Post Building, Room 45.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Valdemar Poulsen, a Danish electrical engineer, has recently secured a patent for the United States for an instrument that some experts who have examined it say is one of the most wonderful electrical inventions that has been given to the world in the past decade. It is called the telegraphone, and is a combination of the telegraph, the telephone and the graphophone or phonograph. While it has not been put to the test of every-day commercial or professional use, it will, if in such tests it does what it has done in private exhibitions, become an article in general use of inestimable value.

What the telegraphone has done in these exhibitions is to receive and record automatically messages received over a telephone line, no matter what the distance. The way it is done is this: The instrument itself is about the size of a phonograph, not so large but what it can conveniently be placed on top of or alongside an office desk. In it is a steel band about one-sixteenth of an inch wide, and when the instrument is connected with the telephone by a switch this band is moved with considerable velocity between the poles of a small electro-magnet. A man in Chicago, say, calls up a man in Washington. The Washington man is not at his office. The office telegraphone is switched by office boy to the telephone and the Chicago man proceeds to speak his message, which is recorded on the steel band of the telegraphone. Then, when the Washington man returns to his office the two instruments are attached again, a crank is turned, and the message is as audible as the best phonograph could make it, and without the rasping sound of the latter machine.

The impression on the steel band is imperceptible. In fact, a powerful microscope reveals no traces, it being what scientists term a molecular impression. The impression can be entirely removed by demagnetizing the band, which can then be used over again. Not only will the instrument report a message, but it will relay or repeat one, and two or more messages can be transmitted simultaneously over a single wire without interfering with each other, a feat heretofore impossible. A message in the instrument can also be sent over any number of wires at the same time, a feature which it is claimed may revolutionize the methods in press association head offices, where dispatches are sent simultaneously over wires to scores of newspaper offices in all parts of the country.



HANNA—"DARN THAT CHAFFEUR."

ROARING IRISH RECEPTION AT BOSTON

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—A great reception was given the Irish envoys, John E. Redmond, M. P., P. A. McHugh, M. P., and Thomas O'Donnell, M. P., as they landed at the Terminal station from New York tonight. The station platform was a mass of men held in check by a cordon of officers. Within a roped enclosure were the members of the reception committee of the United Irish league. As the train came to a stop and Mr. Redmond was seen on the car steps cheers rang out loud and long. Then there was a rush and scramble which swept away the officers and nearly carried the visitors off their feet. In a few minutes the crowd became calmer, and escorted by the reception committee, the envoys were taken to Hotel Bellevue, where they spent a quiet evening, informally receiving visitors.

Mr. Redmond expressed the keenest delight at the evidence he has found since his arrival in this country of the progress of the Irish movement here, and is enthusiastic over the way that movement is indorsed. Tomorrow afternoon the envoys will be given a reception by the Boston Press club, and in the evening they will be banquetted in Hotel Bellevue by the United Irish league.