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of Democracy and Democratic candidates supported by the St. Paul Globe.

THIS SCORCHES

GOV. BECKHAM, OF KENTUCKY, INDITES A REPROVING LETTER TO GOV. DURBIN

CLEAR, CAUSTIC, CUTTING

Blue Grass Executive Reviews History of the Murder and of the Requisitions in Terms of Bitter Reprimand.

DEFENSE OF JUDGE CANTRILL

FRANKFORT, Ky., Nov. 11.—Gov. Beckham tonight addressed to Gov. Durbin, of Indiana, a letter replying to the criticism by that executive of the courts and officials of Kentucky in his recent letter refusing to honor the requisition for Taylor and Goebel.

He takes the stand that the governor of a state has no discretionary powers, but only ministerial power in the honoring of legally drawn requisitions from other states, and this is taken here as an indication that steps will shortly be taken in the courts to compel Durbin from his refusal to honor the requisition.

GOV. BECKHAM'S LETTER

In addressing Gov. Durbin, Gov. Beckham says: "Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 9, 1901.—Sir: Your refusal to honor the requisition for Taylor and Goebel, which was made by this state, charged with being accessories to the murder of William Goebel was not unexpected, but it is a surprise to me and I sincerely regret the necessity of this reply."

But even your understanding of your embarrassing position, confronted as you were, on the one side by law and justice, and on the other by miserable political bargain, I could not believe that you would so far forget the dignity and obligations of your office as to enter into relations that exist among the chief executives of the various states, as to go out of your way to offer a gratuitous insult to the people of Kentucky by casting a reflection upon the courts and public opinion of the state. If these numerous charges have come from one individual then they would be treated with the silent contempt they so justly deserve, but as they come from you, the governor of a great state, I shall not hesitate to hold you up to public scorn and show how unjust and unfounded are the willful and inexcusable misrepresentations in your letter.

DEFENSE OF JUDGE CANTRILL

Passing on from showing how you have disregarded the testimony of an expert in your country, I will proceed to show how you have perverted the record in the recent trial of Taylor and Goebel, and sought by such action to bring discredit upon an honorable and upright judge, whose life of public service has been a model for a single dishonorable act, and whose character as a man and a jurist stands unimpaired among the good people of this state.

You criticize the recent trial of Powers and denounce the testimony of an expert in your country, I will proceed to show how you have perverted the record in the recent trial of Taylor and Goebel, and sought by such action to bring discredit upon an honorable and upright judge, whose life of public service has been a model for a single dishonorable act, and whose character as a man and a jurist stands unimpaired among the good people of this state.

To show how untrue the statement is, I produce from the record the exact instruction of the judge in that case on this point: "Eighth—The jury cannot convict the defendant upon the testimony of an expert in your country, I will proceed to show how you have perverted the record in the recent trial of Taylor and Goebel, and sought by such action to bring discredit upon an honorable and upright judge, whose life of public service has been a model for a single dishonorable act, and whose character as a man and a jurist stands unimpaired among the good people of this state."

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MISS STONE'S HARD LOT

Enduring Hardships While Brigands and Tricksters Procrastinate.

SOFIA, Bulgaria, Nov. 11.—From another letter that has been received from Miss Ellen M. Stone, the abducted American missionary, it appears that she is enduring the trials of her hard experience with fortitude, forgetting herself in her anxiety for her companion, Mme. Tsilka. Miss Stone does not desire to complain of the treatment to which they are subjected, but she finds the confinement irksome and the weather extremely trying.

The tone of the latest letter received from her is hopeful. The brigands, by dating the letters at places in Macedonia, and delaying their delivery, seek to create the appearance of being far distant. The Bulgarian government continues to interfere in the negotiations with the object of forcing a transferee of them across the frontier.

Continued on Third Page.

LUXTON'S GOOD POSITION

LATE MANAGER OF THE GLOBE IS GIVEN GOVERNMENT SITUATION.

SPECIAL TO THE GLOBE

WINNIPEG, Man., Nov. 11.—William Luxton, late general manager of the St. Paul Globe, has been appointed inspector of public institutions and public buildings in Manitoba. It has been rumored for some time that on his return to Winnipeg the government, which fully appreciates his great capacity, would offer him a position of importance. Many guesses have been made as to the post he would fill, but the one which has been wide of the mark. Yesterday an order in the council was passed giving him the appointment named above and instructing him to commence his duties today.

This is the position from which John W. Sifton, father of the minister of the interior, was dismissed about two years ago.

CRAFTY FILIPINOS FAIL

AMERICAN SOLDIERS EAT WITH FIRING PIECES HARDY

Five Dead Insurgents Left as Tribute to Marksman—Insurgents in Samar Suffering From Famine.

MANILA, Nov. 11.—Major William L. Pitcher, of the Eighth regiment of infantry, commanding the Mindoro expedition, reported that the garrison of Abra de Hog was attacked yesterday by a force of insurgents commanded by Leonardo. The Filipinos apparently attempted to repeat the Samar tactics, but the Americans, who were at breakfast, fully armed, completely routed the insurgents, who left five men dead on the field, each having a rifle and ammunition. One American was seriously wounded.

Capt. Noyes, of the Thirtieth infantry, commanding a detachment of fifty men, has captured a deserter named Richter, of the Sixth artillery, wearing the uniform of an insurgent lieutenant. Major Pitcher says he recently captured three officers and a large part of an insurgent company, all fully armed. It is believed the insurgents recently received an illicit supply of munitions of war.

In the island of Samar the insurgents are flocking northward. They are suffering greatly from famine. Many isolated holdouts have surrendered. Only a few are left in the mountains, threatening with death those who surrender, prevents a general submission of the insurgents.

AN ANTI-TRUST TRUST

INDEPENDENT CRACKER BAKERS' MEETING AT CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Nov. 11.—Representatives of over seventy-five independent cracker-baking concerns in all parts of the United States are in secret session at the Grand hotel here. While it is understood that they are coming together of the cracker bakers for the purpose of bettering the conditions among the independent bakers, yet it is evident from the air of secrecy which envelops every question, that they are really plotting to form an organization which will become a protective association against the National Biscuit company. A temporary organization was effected today, as follows: H. R. Crube, of St. Louis, president; J. W. Callahan, New York, secretary.

In an interview tonight Secretary Callahan said: "We are not forming a trust at this meeting. Our meeting was an attempt to bring together cracker bakers who desire to maintain their independence in the trade, but propose working harmoniously together under certain conditions."

POPE LEO APPEALED TO

BY POLISH CATHOLICS FOR MORE LIBERAL RECOGNITION.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Nov. 11.—Polish priests and laymen throughout the United States have designated two priests to go to Rome to urge the pope to grant more recognition for Polish Catholics in this country. The two chosen are Rev. Father Kruska, of Ripon, Wis., and Rev. Father Piatek, of Buffalo, N. Y., and they will sail in January. The Poles do not propose to ask for the appointment of a bishop, but rather have it made a qualification of the bishops of the church in this country that they shall understand the Polish language, so that they may more readily adjust difficulties arising in Polish churches.

The action was taken because of a movement among the Polish churches in Chicago, Buffalo and Pennsylvania, where whole congregations have withdrawn from the authority of the bishop and set up an independent church. The difficulty is the alleged arbitrary appointment of priests whom the people do not want and the removal of priests whom they desire.

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URIBE IS BLUNT

LEADER OF COLOMBIAN ARMY OF LIBERALS OUTLINES THEIR DEMANDS

General and His Party Have Full Confidence in the United States and Are Willing It Should Have Great Latitude.

TIRED OF FRENCH MEDDLING

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CLIQUE MUST BE BROKEN UP

Correspondence of the Associated Press. MARAIBO, Venezuela, Oct. 31.—A correspondent of the Associated Press has just had an interview with Gen. Uribe-Urbe. He found the general strongly incensed at the Cordillera mountains, on the frontier line between the Venezuelan state of Tachira and the Colombian province of Santander. His headquarters were at a hamlet called Lusianna, half a day's ride from San Cristobal, the capital of Tachira. His command, numbering several thousand Colombian Liberals, was holding the extreme left of the Venezuelan line of defense, covering the approaches of San Cristobal and the Embarcadero railroad from the direction of Cucuta. Gen. Chabalt Cordone held the center, with Gen. Modesto Castro at the extreme right.

On the Colombian side Gen. Valencia, a former minister, Juan Berti and Kangel Garbira, the Venezuelan rebel, are in command. Altogether some 16,000 soldiers stand face to face on the frontier. Skirmishes and raids across the frontier are of daily, or rather of nightly occurrence.

Gen. Uribe-Urbe readily consented to an interview, speaking fluently in French he said: "As President Castro has just recently declared, this is not an international war between Venezuela and Colombia, but a struggle between the Liberal and Conservative parties of both countries. Here in Venezuela we all serve under the yellow standard of the Liberal party, as do our friends in Ecuador, in Guatemala, in Nicaragua and in the Liberal strongholds of the Colombian Guajira. We helped repel the recent attack on San Cristobal, on the part of the Conservative army, and now we have undertaken to help guard the Venezuelan frontier against foreign attacks."

Resents Term Traitor. "My force is simply a part of the Venezuelan line of defense, and as its commander I stand under the orders of Generalissimo Cipriano Castro, just like the other Liberal generals on this side of the frontier. If I were to engage in separate operations, it would run the risk of interfering with the dispositions of our fellow Liberals in the field and would probably lose Gen. Castro's support, especially if I compromised his command. We are not yet strong enough to do without the help of our allies outside the confines of Colombia. It is absurd, on account of this, to call me a traitor to my country. I love my country with all my heart, as do all the Colombian gentlemen of family and education who have left the University of Bogota to come under the Liberal standard. We shall stand by all our national treaties as, for instance, the treaty with the United States of 1866, guaranteeing the neutrality of the isthmus. We shall stand by all our definite step to the present underhand dicker for our most valuable concessions to European countries. Colombia's concessions to France in regard to the isthmus, by the terms of the last treaty, expire in 1904. French capitalists have obtained an illegal extension of these concessions. Our congress, when it last met in 1898, refused to ratify these concessions."

Tired of French Meddling. "We have had enough of Panama frauds. We do not want the French to meddle further with the canal. We know as all the world knows, that the Americans can finish the canal in half the time and for half the money. We want Americans to undertake the completion of the canal and we willingly accept the protection of the great North American republic at the isthmus, as we have already done in regard to the trans-isthmus railroad. Even at the present juncture we have no objection to the landing of American troops at the isthmus. We know that the Americans will content themselves with protecting the railroad. I have implicit trust that they will hold the balance true."

Other ideas that we hope to realize when our turn shall come in Colombia are the liberation of our political prisoners and of the muzzled press, an honest administration of affairs, the furtherance of public works and a general transformation of the present despotic practices of the clerical government of Bogota to the healthy functions of a more Democratic government. Colombia at present suffers from a

SMUDGE OF SCANDAL

TWO COTERIES OF MCKINLEY MEMORIAL PROMOTERS ARE AT WAR

Intimation That Certain Men in Official Life Are to Be Let "in" on Location of Proposed Arch.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Jealousy is mainly responsible for the squabble which has been stirred up over the McKinley memorial promoters. Senator Hanna favors the Canton, Ohio, project; he is one of the committee and trustees, and it is natural that he should. He has found that his project has been handicapped by the McKinley Memorial Arch association, of this city, so he has taken a hard rap at the latter.

The arch project sounds well. It seems like a dignified way to perpetuate the memory of the late president, to have a beautiful bridge across the Potomac here at the national capitol, which has been stirred up over the McKinley memorial promoters. Senator Hanna favors the Canton, Ohio, project; he is one of the committee and trustees, and it is natural that he should. He has found that his project has been handicapped by the McKinley Memorial Arch association, of this city, so he has taken a hard rap at the latter.

On the other hand the arch promoters say the commission is only a stalling device for a big real estate speculation in which the favored few are to be let in on the ground floor. They say the government's money is to be spent in elaborate improvements, and that senators are to know where these improvements are to be, so they can pick up some real estate cheap. In reply to this slur on their motives the commission promoters say that the arch crowd is simply in a game to boom real estate across the river. They suggest that some of the most actively interested have pre-empted the approaches, and picked up the good land on the Virginia shore which will be increased manifold in value as soon as there is good transportation across the river.

So the public is at liberty to take its choice between the accusations and the different memorial projects. Meantime McKinley's memory is in danger of being eclipsed by a smudge of scandal.

TO AGT ON BOARD APPEAL

ARBITRATION TRIBUNAL COUNCIL TO MEET NOV. 20.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 11.—The administrative council of the arbitration tribunal will meet Nov. 20 to decide on the appeal of the Boers against the ruling that the war in South Africa is not subject to the court's consideration.

The story circulated in the United States by a news agency, under an Amsterdam date, purporting to give the honest terms which the Boers are willing to accept, and alleging that they are to be embodied in a formal deed of settlement among the powers, was seemingly started in an English provincial paper, and is denied by the Boer delegates here.

WHAT NOYES HAS TO SAY

THE JUDGE DENIES TESTIMONY OF GOVERNMENT'S WITNESSES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—The examination of Judge Noyes was resumed today in the same contempt proceedings before United States Commissioner Heacock. The judge went over the events following his arrival at Nome, and said none of his acts were in contempt of the circuit court of appeals. His testimony was a denial of many statements made by witnesses for the government.

He had, he said, refused to issue a writ of habeas corpus for the release of McKenzie and was prepared to obey the orders of the court of appeals.

Asked if he gave orders to prevent any of the defendants from getting the gold, he said he did not.

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REAL ESTATE BOOM INVOLVED

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DICKER TO DELAY

ANTI-TARIFF REVISIONISTS PROPOSE A COMMISSION AS A LAST RESORT

Roosevelt Cause of Anxiety

He Is Known to Favor Action on the Lines of the Late President's Speech Delivered at Buffalo.

ALDRICH FEELING HIM OUT

GLOBE WASHINGTON BUREAU, Post Building, Room 45.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The interests which are fighting against revising the present tariff or ratifying any reciprocity treaties have determined on a campaign of delay. For purposes of obstruction they are urging the creation of a commission authorized to deal with the whole subject.

Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, who is the recognized authority in congress on tariffs, and who is also the spokesman of the tariff protected interests of the East, has offered this suggestion to the president. It is not known whether President Roosevelt will recommend it, though it is known that he is inclined to favor action along the lines of McKinley's Buffalo speech. By referring the subject of tariff to a commission the Republican leaders hope to avoid open opposition to the sentiment of revision and reciprocity which is manifest in the Middle West.

With the creation of the proposed commission and the delay necessary to perform its work, congress would avoid facing the question until the close of the present session. Then the subject would go over to the short session after the congressional adjournment. From a Republican point of view the scheme, it will be seen, has some merit.

The financial interests which contribute to Republican campaign funds deplore the tariff revisionists. They do not want it talked now, or after congress convenes. They would like to feel that the possibility of revision is so remote that discussion is unprofitable. The weak and struggling steel trust has an axe at the suggestion of removing its fostering duties.

Will Roosevelt Be Conservative. That is why the chairman of the Republican national committee and all his personal representatives in congress have been climbing the White house stairs, President Roosevelt, it is believed, must be shown that tariff revision will tend to unsettle the confidence of the country, and that agitation in congress will have the same effect. It has already been semi-officially announced that Roosevelt's recommendations on this subject will be conservative. But that is not entirely satisfactory. A conservative recommendation might take the line suggested by McKinley's speech. They would like a recommendation that would be more in accord with Senator Hanna's idea of conservatism.

The elections Tuesday are the theme of the anti-revisionists. While the strong showing made by the Republicans is to be used as an argument against reciprocity, members of the ways and means committee are talking reduction of the internal revenue taxes as a substitute. This, they say, will prevent the accumulation of an unnecessary surplus and will reduce the tax burden of the people. The tobacco trust and the brewing trust had this proposal with acclaim. They are not at all averse to lowering the tax on cigarettes and beer. Of the Republican members of the ways and means committee, Payne, Steel, Grosvonor and Russell have lately talked with the president. Representative Hopkins, even the committee, has paid his visit. The Republican members to be accounted for, Babcock, on record for revision and reciprocity.

MOVE TO AID THOMPSON.

Commander of Great Camp of Michigan Starts Out.

PROT HURON, Mich., Nov. 11.—Major N. S. Boynton, commander of the great camp of Maccabees of Michigan, says that in view of the past good record of C. D. Thompson, the defaulting finance keeper of the supreme tent, the Maccabees generally should contribute toward a fund to help Thompson out of his difficulty. He offers, as commander of the Michigan Great Camp, to join with D. P. Markey, commander of the supreme tent, in an endeavor to raise the same by popular subscription among Maccabees, sufficient to make good Thompson's shortage.

Thompson is still at liberty, and rumors are rife that a settlement is pending. Supreme Commander Markey and Record Keeper Seigle denied the rumor.

IS LEISHMAN NEGLIGENT

INTIMATION THAT MINISTER TO TURKEY SHOULD EXPLAIN.

SPECIAL TO THE GLOBE.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—There is speculation in diplomatic circles as to why United States Minister Leishman has persisted in being absent from Constantinople during all the troubles resulting from the captivity of Miss Ellen M. Stone. Mr. Leishman has finally sailed for America, leaving the Bulgarian incident wide open. It is felt by diplomats that the situation from the first has demanded maturity and precision, not a complete withdrawal of action, not likely to be forthcoming from the hands of a man of Spencer Eddy's years and limited experience.

For a minister Leishman has been declining in Paris and London, apparently regardless alike of the fate of Miss Stone and of the acute relations between Turkey and France, culminating in the seizure of Mitlyene.

MULVEHILL, FIREMAN MAYOR.

Intelligent Laborer Now Chief Executive of Bridgeport, Conn.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Nov. 11.—Dennis Mulvehill, "the stoker mayor," assumed office at noon today. He was called upon by 500 persons within two hours after about a bushel of mail bearing congratulations and good wishes was delivered to him. Mayor Mulvehill was for thirty years fireman in a manufacturing concern here. During the campaign many contributions toward defraying the expenses of his canvass were sent to him, but he returned the donations in every instance.

"BIG CHIEF" DEVERY IS UP AGAINST IT

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The application of Deputy Police Commissioner William S. Devery to make absolute a temporary writ of prohibition restraining Justice O'Gorman in the supreme court, the justice holding that the magistrate has jurisdiction to entertain the complaint. The charges against Devery were made by Patrolman O'Neill, who alleged that Devery had treated him with oppression in finding him thirty days pay for offenses against the rules of the police department.

HETTY GREEN IN COURT

REFUSED TO REPAIR A DILAPIDATED TENEMENT.

SPECIAL TO THE GLOBE.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 11.—Hetty Green, the richest woman in America, figured in the juvenile court today along with eight of the poorest children that could be found perhaps in all Chicago. The litigants were the family of Dennis O'Leary and wife, and for several days have been at the detention hospital, having been rescued by the police from one of Mrs. Green's tenements.

According to the stories told on the witness chair before Judge Tuttle the condition of the O'Leary home was frightful beyond description. The family occupied two rooms. In the windows there was not a whole pane of glass, there was no water in the house, and absolutely no plumbing or sanitary arrangements. It was a shocking state. Mrs. Green, through her agents, had refused to fix up the place, but had offered to give O'Leary six months rent free if he would have it done.

A DEFAULTER CORRALED

LONG-MISSING BANKER JOYCE, OF STOUTINGTON, WIS., CAUGHT

Has Been Pursued at the Expense of Deceived Depositors Since He Fled to Escape Arrest in May, 1899.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—John H. Joyce, former president of the Stoughton National Bank of Stoughton, Wis., was arrested in this city today. He is charged with defaulting in May, 1899, with \$4,000. For more than two years Joyce, it is said, has been eluding the police of the principal cities of the country, and at times so hot was the chase he was forced to visit foreign soil in the hopes of escaping his pursuers.

Joyce, who at one time was thought to be worth over \$1,000,000, is accused by the residents of Stoughton with receiving money when he knew the bank to be insolvent. The depositors, mostly farmers, allege that Joyce knew his bank was insolvent, and that he went away leaving many of them penniless, and in some cases, they claim, causing them to mortgage their farms.

When Joyce's shortage was discovered, and he could not be found, the inhabitants of Stoughton immediately made up a subscription to assist Sheriff Burmeister, of Madison, Wis., to trace him. A week after he had disappeared, and had followed him, he finally had him arrested in Chicago.

A NEW HELLO COMBINE

AIMS TO TAKE IN ALL INDEPENDENT COMPANIES

Illinois and Iowa Systems to Be Used as a Nucleus for Consolidation of Lines West and East.

CHICAGO, Nov. 11.—The independent telephone system of Elgin, Joliet and Aurora is to be used as a nucleus for combining all the independent lines in the West into one consolidation.

The principal owners of the Northwestern Telephone company, operating lines in the Fox river valley, are among the incorporators of the interstate independent Telephone and Telegraph company, which has just received a charter in New Jersey, authorizing a capital of \$300,000 and limited indebtedness of \$200,000. The purpose of this company is stated to be the unification of all independent systems in the West, and, probably, ultimately to reach into the East. The Oklahoma (Iowa) and other independent companies are interested in the venture, and it is expected to enlist all similar concerns.

The board of directors and officers of the new company have not been chosen, but they will include two or three Chicago capitalists and many or all of the present board of the Northwestern Telephone company.

IMPORTANT NEWS OF THE DAY

Weather Forecast for St. Paul: Fair.

1—Iron Ore Cases Decided. Anti-Revisionists Want Delay. Demands of Colombian Rebels. Gov. Beckham Is Mad.

2—Iowa Lawyer Is Defiant. Budget Not Ready Yet. Damage by Electrolysis. Brower Criticizes Government. Fire Board Wants Free Hand.

3—Clov Beaten by Peterson. Compers Intercedes for Iglesias. Memorial Promoters at War.

4—Editorial Comment. Globe Home Study Course. Stories of the Street.

5—Chicago Has Hopes. Mueller Is Reinstated. Day's Doings in Minneapolis. All the Sporting News.

6—Page for Women. Daily Short Story.

7—City Notices.

8—Deals Move Slowly. News of the Railroads.

9—Markets of the World. Bar Silver, 57 1/2c. December Wheat, 75c. Stocks Active.

10—Divorce Courts Busy. Must Use Stamps.

SOUTH DAKOTA SUES NORTH CAROLINA

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—An original bill in equity was filed today in the United States supreme court by John L. Pele, attorney general of South Dakota, against the state of North Carolina to compel a refund of the state of North Carolina to the Western North Carolina Railroad company. The state of South Dakota is the owner of ten of these bonds of \$1,000 par value each, donated for the benefit of the state university.



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