MINNEAPOLIS NEWS

BRIGGS MAY GO FREE

GOV. VAN SANT HAS TAKEN AN INTEREST IN HIS CASE

BOARD OF PARDONS TO ACT

Governor Asks for a List and Disposition of Gambling Cases in Minneapolis Since April 1.

The workhouse may get cheated out of a six-month boarder after all, if the information which The Globe received yesterday afternoon is correct. The story was received first-hand, and not, as is usually the case, handed down three or four times and enlarged or detracted from, as best may suit the relator.

The story comes from Fred Briggs himself. He, as is well known, was found guilty of operating, in a measure, nickel-in-the-slot machines in Minneapolis, contrary to law, and was sentenced by the district court to serve six months in the workhouse, together with a fine of $200. The case was appealed to the supreme court, and the judgment of the lower court was sustained. This decision was rendered last Thursday, and if former ethics of the court had been carried out, Briggs would now be doing time.

Instead of doing time at all, he may be pardoned by the state board of pardons, and if what he says is true, he stands a very good chance of getting free, with only the fine to pay. Briggs went to St. Paul yesterday and saw Gov. Van Sant about the matter, and the governor agreed to look into it. Briggs says that the governor has written a notice to Judge McGee, the trial judge, and the county attorney, informing them that the state board of pardons will meet at once to consider the application of pardon for Fred Briggs, who has been found guilty and sentenced for the crime of installing nickel-in-the-slot machines in the city of Minneapolis, and asked them to withhold sentence until after the board of pardons held their meeting.

It is also stated that the governor asked the county attorney's office to furnish him with a record and disposition made of all cases for gambling in the city of Minneapolis from April 1 to date. The reason for this information is to satisfy himself and the board of pardons as to whether Briggs has been persecuted or prosecuted. It is claimed by Briggs that there are many others who are equally guilty as he of the crime of which he has been convicted, allowed to go free, with but the penalty of a fine inflicted, and no workhouse sentence has been given to any of them.

If these facts be true, Briggs thinks that he stands a very good show of securing a pardon, at least he says the governor will sift the case to the bottom and will endeavor to have a decision rendered accordingly on the merits of what he finds.

The Globe was shown many letters addressed to the board of pardons from reputable business men in Minneapolis, asking them to consider favorably the application of pardon for one Fred Briggs, who had been sentenced to the workhouse for six months for operating gambling machines, as it was their candid opinion that Briggs was being persecuted, and should not be remanded to jail for a crime which others in the city were allowed to go free on with but the payment of a fine. There is no doubt but that what these letters will carry considerable weight when the board of pardons are considering the matter.

Briggs certainly is making a strong fight for his freedom and is getting together all the evidence at his command to endeavor to show that there is some spite work and strong pressure brought to bear on his conviction. He says that he is perfectly willing to pay the penalty of his crime, but he believes that he should receive the same consideration that has been given to others.

BETTER MANKATO SERVICE.

United Telephone and Telegraph Co. Installs Four New Circuits.

The officers of the United Telephone and Telegraph company, with headquarters in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, were in Minneapolis yesterday, looking up the matter of increasing their service between Minneapolis and Mankato, and also between Chicago, Milwaukee, Madison, La Crosse and this city.

They contemplate putting into service four circuits between here and Mankato. These can be used by telegraph as well as telephone, and work will be commenced at once on these extra lines.

TIRED OF LIFE.

Unknown Woman Tries to Commit Suicide, but Is Prevented.

A woman, whose name was not learned attempted to commit suicide at 5:30 o'clock yesterday morning by jumping into the river from the steel arch bridge. The woman had crawled over the railing and her clothing caught and prevented her executing the deed. Two colored women came by and they seized the clothing and held her until an Eighth and Central car came by. Conductor F. T. Dahl then came to their assistance and the woman was lifted back to the safe side.

REMARKABLE RUNAWAY.

A Horse Dashes Across Railroad Bridge and Escapes Injury.

Big black George, an Adams Express company horse, performed one of the most remarkable runaway feats on record in this city early last evening. The horse ran from the Union station for half a mile through a tangle of tracks and switches to the Great Northern railroad bridge at Fourth avenue north. To cap the climax of this remarkable run the animal crossed the bridge to Nicollet island, an additional run of 200 yards. The animal was there stopped by John Connolly.

An examination showed that neither horse or vehicle had sustained the slightest injury.

Gets Workhouse Sentence.

John Kane shot and almost killed Lawrence Tuscany whom he found in his wife's rooms. He was indicted on the charge of assault in the first degree. Yesterday he pleaded guilty in the second degree with the consent of the prosecution and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment at the workhouse.

City Would Be Liable.

The legal advisers of the city are fearful that a mistake has been made in the state law by which the control of cycle paths is given to a commission to be appointed by the county commissioners, while the law provides for the transfer of this right it does not exempt the city from liability for property or personal injury. It is held that the commission might take it into its head to construct new paths, but that any possible damages would be recoverable from the city.

Their Claims to Be Paid.

The claims of William Daly and four others against the Minneapolis Police Department Relief association, amounting to $1,000 each, are ordered paid by the court, and the receiver, Odin Wold, directed to pay them out of the funds of the association in his hands.

It was reported yesterday that such action had been taken in regard to the Fire Department Relief association. But no receiver has been appointed for this concern. It is in good condition.

Drops Dead at Work.

Andrew J. Bliss, an employe of W. D. Lynes, dropped dead at Second avenue south and Sixteenth street yesterday morning. He was hauling wood and was picking up some pieces that had fallen from the wagon, when he fell over and expired. The body was taken to the morgue.

Mr. Bliss was sixty-four years old and lived with his wife and small family at Second avenue north and First street.

MRS. BRADLEY-MARTIN, WHOSE $1,250,000 TIARA FOR KING EDWARD'S CORONATION HAS CAUSED SUCH A STIR IN ENGLAND.

IT is said that Queen Alexandra is having the world famous Kohinoor placed in her crown so that its splendor will not be dimmed at the coronation of King Edward by the tiara Mrs. Bradley-Martin, an American woman, is having made in Paris at an expense of $1,250,000.

GAELIC TO BE TAUGHT

A. O. H. TRUST WILL BE USED FOR ITS SPECIFIC PURPOSE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The board of trustees of the Catholic university, in session here, has authorized the following statement relative to Dr. Henebery:

"At the annual meeting of the board of trustees at the Catholic university, Wednesday, Nov. 20, the most careful consideration was given to the recommendations of the university faculty and senate relative to Rev. Dr. Henebery's reappointment as associate professor of Gaelic. The board of trustees unanimously declined to reappoint him. With equal unanimity it declared its intention of holding sacred the trust committed to it by the Ancient Order of Hibernians, and yields to no body of men in its conscientious interest in all the purposes of this endowment. No thought of diverting the earnings of the A. O. H. chair to any other teaching than that of Gaelic has ever been or ever can be entertained. The right reverend rector was instructed to make every effort to secure as soon as possible an instructor in Gaelic, who shall be engaged until such time as a for the work, to which he will entirely regular professor may be fully equipped devote his time. Several applications have already been made for the temporary work in this department."

Radway's Pills

Purely vegetable, mild and reliable. Cause perfect Digestion, complete absorption and healthful regularity. For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases.

LOSS OF APPETITE,
SICK HEADACHE,
INDIGESTION,
BILIOUSNESS,
TORPID LIVER,
DYSPEPSIA.

PERFECT DIGESTION will be accomplished by taking Radway's Pills. By their ANTI-BILIOUS properties they stimulate the liver in the secretion of the bile and its discharge through the biliary ducts. These pills, in doses of from two to four will quickly regulate the action of the liver, and free the patient from these disorders. One or two of Radway's Pills taken daily by those subject to bilious pains and torpidity of the liver will keep the system regular and secure healthy digestion.

Price, 25c per box. Sold by all druggists.

POSTMASTERS SWINDLED.

New Phase of Old Green Goods Game Successfully Worked.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The best men in the United States secret service and the cleverest inspectors in the postoffice department, according to the Journal and Advertiser, are at present working in the attempt to discover the details of a new green goods scheme which was worked until a week ago from Manhattan and which is at present being operated from Jersey City and from Chicago. The victims are second, third and fourth-class postmasters, who do not dare complain to the authorities. It is known that since the first of July more than a thousand postmasters have been swindled out of sums ranging from $250 to $1,500.

The principle of the game is the same as that of the old-fashioned green goods game. Only postmasters are invited to "get in" and they are urged to purchase postage stamps from "undestroyed plates of the government," which, of course, are not in existence. The postmasters are lured to this city by samples which are sent by mail. These samples are genuine stamps and not counterfeit stamps. When the victim reaches the city all of the old-fashioned games of substitution are practiced.

JURY IN BONINE CASE.

Washington's Sensational Case Will Open Today.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—At a few minutes past 3 o'clock today the jury which is to try Mrs. Ida Bonine on the charge of murdering James Seymour Ayres Jr., the young census clerk, was completed, and the court then adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow, when a presentation of the case on behalf of the government will be made by the district attorney.

Mr. Douglas, representing Mrs. Bonine, said after the court adjourned that he would reserve his opening until after all the witnesses for the prosecution had been heard. It is expected, therefore, that the taking of testimony will begin during the forenoon session tomorrow.

True to Their Alma Mater.

Those who know Richard Mansfield's peculiarities are acquainted with his keen desire that every little detail on the stage, especially as regards the "supers," shall be in harmony. En tour Mr. Mansfield is more at the mercy of the "extra men," for companies on the road have to depend for "supers" largely on the resources of the town in which they appear. In a college town the poorer students act as supers, and from their number the entire ranks of the "army" and the "mob without" are recruited. Last winter Mr. Mansfield, in "King Henry V." visited New Haven. All his supers, numbering several score, were Yale students. In the play there is a battle scene, where the plumed knights rush into the breach crying, "For God, for country, and King Hal." One may imagine the awful shock to Mr. Mansfield's artistic senses when the 200 knights yelled in mighty volume, "For God, for country, and for Yale."—Boston Journal.

SHOT AT JACKSON

"OLD HICKORY" CAME NEAR BEING THE FIRST ASSASSINATED PRESIDENT

A FACT KNOWN BY VERY FEW

While Attending Funeral of Congressman President's Life Was Attempted by Richard Lawrence, Insane.

The assassination of Abraham Lincoln by John Wilkes Booth, April 14, 1865, and the shooting of James A. Garfield by Charles J. Guiteau, July 2, 1881, are clearly remembered by millions of our citizens, and still recalled with grief. To the younger people they have become familiar incidents through frequent publication of the stories of the crimes. But very few are familiar with an attempted assassination of another of our presidents. On Jan. 30, 1835, one Richard Lawrence, standing within a few feet of President Andrew Jackson, snapped a pistol directly at his breast, and that failing to fire, he immediately presented another pistol and pulled the trigger of that, but the second weapon likewise failed to explode.

A member of congress from South Carolina, Warren R. Davis, had died, and the funeral ceremonies were being held in the hall of the house of representatives at 12 o'clock on the day mentioned. The exercises were attended by the president and the members of his cabinet. When they were over the members of congress, the presidential party and the large concourse of citizens moved out through the great rotunda and the eastern door to take carriages for the cemetery. While the foremost members of the procession were entering carriages the presidential party halted near the eastern door. The president had the arm of Levi Woodbury, the secretary of the treasury, and upon his other side was Mahlon Dickerson, the secretary of the navy. Just at that moment, while the party was momentarily halted, the man seized the opportunity. He stepped quickly from the crowd into the little open space, presented his pistol, and those near were startled by a sharp report. The weapon had a percussion lock, and though the cap exploded clear and loud, it failed to ignite the powder. Secretary Woodbbury turned and caught sight of the assailant just as he lowered his hand, and was at first in some doubt whether the weapon had not been aimed at himself, but seeing it pointed directly at the president he turned to see whether Jackson was injured. He then quickly turned again to look at the assailant, and saw him in the act of raising his arm and pointing the second pistol at Gen. Jackson. He thereupon pulled away from Jackson's arm, sprang toward Lawrence and seized him by the collar just as the second explosion occurred. Again the cap fired clear and loud, and again the powder in the barrel of the weapon failed to ignite.

It was afterward brought out in the examination that the weapons had been originally of the old flintlock pattern, but the prisoner had had them fitted with the percussion lock, which was just then coming into use, and was considered more certain than the old-style weapon. Pistols in those days were loaded from the muzzle, and a ramrod was used to push home the charge. In this case it was found that the weapons had been loaded some three or four days before, and that the prisoner had used a lead pencil for a ramrod. It was probable this seemingly insignificant fact which caused the failure of both the weapos to fire. The prisoner evidently, in both instances, failed to ram the powder into the tube. They were tested again and again with some of the remaining powder and balls and caps found on the prisoner, and never once missed fire.

About the moment of the second explosion, Mr. Gillet, a member of the house from New York, a large, powerful man, and Lieut. Gedney, of the navy, seized Lawrence, like Mr. Woodbury, and he was borne to the floor. Of course the old war-horse Jackson was not the man to stand still during a scene like this. When Secretary Woodbury sprang away from him he lifted his cane and attempted to strike his assailant. It was hard work to prevent the president from taking summary vengeance upon the assassin. "Let me go!" he shouted above the din; "I can take care of myself. Let me get at him!" He became calmer in a few minutes, and was persuaded to go to the capitol.

At the arraignment of the prisoner, which took place at once, he was the coolest man present. He declined to make any explanation or to cross-examine the witnesses. Bail was fixed at $1,000, and in default of this he was remanded to prison. Francis Scott Key, the famous author of the "Star-Spangled Banner," was the district attorney at that time, and suggested that the man might have accomplices who might come forward and give bail and then allow him to escape, but this fear was not realized.

Jackson himself jumped at the conclusion that his political enemies had plotted to take his life. Some days after the occurrence he declared to visitors at the White house that the man was a tool in the hands of others. Dark insinuations of the same tenor were printed in the Globe, the administration organ. Those were hard years; there was great distress throughout the country, caused by the financial disturbances, and Jackson was not the man to hold generous estimate of his enemies. For years he had believed in the "bargain and corruption" cry. In holding his opponents capable of conspiracy and assassination he was going only one step farther. It soon became apparent, however, that the man had no accomplices, and almost no friends, and, indeed, that he was insane. In February the prisoner's counsel applied for a writ of habeas corpus to inquire into his mental condition, but the application was refused. On the 11th day of April the case came on trial before the same judge who had committed him, and was disposed of in a single day. On this day Lawrence was not as indifferent as he was when he was committed to prison. He was as uncontrollable and self-assertive as Guiteau, nearly fifty years later, without, however, the vulgar vituperation of that criminal. He declared he was the king of Britain and of this country also, and demanded to know by what right he was brought here. He declared that the president had caused his lack of occupation, and he believed to put him out of the way was the only remedy of the evil. In other ways he showed himself evidently insane, and the jury in five minutes returned a verdict of not guilty, on that ground.

He was, however, confined in an asylum during his life. The escape of Jackson, seemingly miraculous, made a profound impression on the public mind.

SHIFTING THE TROOPS

TWENTY-THIRD INFANTRY GOES TO PLATTSBURG BARRACKS

Four Transports to Take Several Squadrons of Cavalrymen to the Philippines Early in December.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The war department has completed preliminary arrangements for the accommodation of troops expected to arrive in this country from the Philippines in a short time and for the transportation of other troops to the Philippines.

Headquarters and the first and second battalions of the Twenty-third infantry will take station at Plattsburg barracks, New York. They are expected to arrive at New York on the transport Buford, Nov. 27.

The Third battalion of the Twenty-third infantry, now stationed in Colorado, Wyoming and Utah have been transferred to Fort McPherson, Ga.

Troops will proceed to the Philippines according to the following schedule:

On the transport Crook, leaving New York about Dec. 5, the second squadron of the Eleventh cavalry at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont; one battalion of the Twenty-seventh infantry at Plattsburg barracks and sixty men of the hospital corps, 870 in all.

On the transport Hancock, sailing from San Francisco about Dec. 12, band, non-commissioned officers and seven troops of the Fifteenth cavalry at San Francisco and 433 recruits, making 1,052 in all.

On the transport Sheridan, leaving San Francisco about Dec. 16, the first squadron of the Eleventh cavalry at Jefferson barracks; headquarters and band of the Twenty-seventh infantry at Plattsburg barracks; First battalion, Twenty-seventh infantry at Fort McPherson, a total of 781 men and 1,051 recruits, making 1,842 men in all.

On the transport Buford, sailing from New York about the 15th of January, band, non-commissioned officers and third squadron of the Eleventh cavalry at Fort Myer and one battalion of the Twenty-seventh infantry at Plattsburg barracks and 59 recruits, a total of 791 men.

TRAIN BROKE IN TWO.

One Man Killed and Nine Others Are Injured.

STERLING, Ill., Nov. 20.—A Chicago, Burlington & Quincy stock train broke in two near Walnut this morning, and the rear section and caboose ran down grade and collided with a freight engine, killing one passenger, who was burned in the wreck, and injuring nine others. The man killed is:

JOHN J. BESSE, Erie, Ill.

The injured are:

J. A. Baker, Pleasant Valley, Iowa, slightly.

Harry Buck, Iowa City, Iowa, head and legs injured.

F. P. Carl, Bennett, Iowa, slightly.

Daniel Donovan, Iowa City, slightly.

E. H. Howson, Clinton, Iowa, severely cut about the head.

Benjamin D. Hughes, Iowa City, slightly.

G. M. Hunter, residence unknown, internal injuries; serious.

A. W. Haley, Solon, Iowa, internal injuries; serious.

Charles Swift, Morse, Iowa, slightly.

Five carloads of cattle were in the wreck, and most of the cattle were killed.

How the Devil Looks.

The latest phase of the discussion of the devil is not an attack upon the devil's definite existence, but a defense of his comeliness. The popular idea of the devil, with cloven feet, a forked tail, and leering countenance, does not seem to be borne out by scriptural description. The Rev. Dr. J. B. Mack, a distinguished Presbyterian clergyman of South Carolina, feels that the mission of the devil is demeaning enough, without detracting from his personal attributes. The devil was chief among the angels, therefore must have had angelic loveliness. According to Ezekiel he was "perfect in beauty," and St. Paul refers to him as "an angel of light." The devil, therefore, is an angel, with purposes made malignant, but with all his original comeliness. There have been painters who preferred to present him thus, and the picture of the fallen archangel driven out of heaven, as described by Milton, recalls a strong man indignant.—Atlanta Constitution.

Billing and Cooing.

Stern Father—Didn't I tell you not to call again, sir?

Suitor—I know; but I didn't call to see your daughter. I came on behalf of our firm, about that little bill—

Stern Father—Er—er—call again, won't you?—Boston Globe.

Tiger—My darling, I have a warm spot in my heart for you.
Monk—I'll bet you are mixed and it's in your stomach.

BLOOD POISON

CURED IN 30 TO 90 DAYS.

Specific Blood Poison is the root of most of the maladies that oppress modern civilization. It is a fetid stream that blights and poisons everything it touches; it is the plague of our own day and the curse of millions yet unborn. Scrofula is its child; Consumption, Catarrh, Syphilitic Heart Trouble, Rheumatism and other scourges are its descendants. It is not necessarily criminal to contract Blood Poison, **BUT IT IS ALWAYS CRIMINAL** to allow it to remain in the system when when you know that you can be permanently cured, right in the privacy of your own home and at a very small expense.

READER: If you are a victim of this loathsome disease, producing sore throat, mucous patches in the mouth, copper-colored spots on the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, pains in bones, pimples and sores on any part of body or limbs; then it is your duty to investigate this New Treatment. We positively cure every case we treat, or your treatment will cost you nothing. **THE GUARANTY DOCTORS** are the originators of this marvelous New Treatment, and our records will show more actual permanent cures than all our followers and imitators combined, and in less time than any Hot Springs on earth.

WRITE for free symptoms blank if you can't call.

VARICOCELE AND ITS NEW TREATMENT.

We guarantee an absolute painless and perfect cure without an operation.

Varicocele is in substance an accumulation of sluggish blood in the veins of a weakened and diseased scrotum. It is both a cause and effect of seminal weakness. Our new and original method of curing varicocele without an operation is distinctly different from the usual forms of treatment for this ailment, and its use is attended with universal success. By means of our treatment the swollen, sagging veins are emptied of their contents and gradually reduced to their natural size. The parts regain their tone and normal condition, strength is restored, all pain and the dragging sensations disappear, the swellings vanish; power and vigor, which were lacking, return, and the patient realizes that at last he has found permanent relief from this terrible affliction.

WE ALSO CURE TO STAY CURED

By Our Combined Electro-Medical Treatment,

SEXUAL DEBILITY IN THIRTY TO NINETY DAYS.

Young, middle-aged and old should consult our master specialist in nervous diseases.

STRICTURE IN TEN TO THIRTY DAYS.

(No cutting. No dilating. No pain. Cured while you sleep.)

GONORRHOEA AND GLEET IN TEN TO TWENTY DAYS.

(By an entirely new method. No poisonous drugs to destroy your stomach.)

☞ **NOTICE**—We guarantee a cure in every case we treat. **We want nothing we do not honestly earn.** If we fail to cure we do not want your money. You can be cured at home. Write for free symptom blank if you can't call. Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 1.

THE GUARANTY DOCTORS, 230 Hennepin Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn.

Latest Ticks of the Telegraph.

Got Life for Train Robbery.

SOUTH McALISTER, I. T., Nov. 20.—W. D. Stearnes, leader of the Caney, I. T., train robbers, pleaded guilty at Antlers today, and was sentenced to life imprisonment in the penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kan.

Bulgaria Resents Insinuations.

SOFIA, Nov. 20.—The foreign office here resents the insinuations published abroad that the government is acting in bad faith in the matter of effecting the release of Miss Stone, and in regard to its attitude toward Mr. Dickinson affirms its entire readiness to take action suggested by him.

Alabama Constitution Carried.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Nov. 20.—The governor, secretary of state and attorney general opened and counted the vote on the new constitution today. The result shows a majority of 28,429 for the constitution. The governor will issue his proclamation within a few days, and ten days thereafter the new law will go into effect.

Cost of Convicting Czolgosz.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 20.—The expense incurred in the trial and conviction of Leon F. Czolgosz, the assassin of President McKinley, was $1,739.50. Of this sum $500 was paid the attorneys who defended him; $1,000 was paid the alienists who examined him; $144 was paid the deputies who guarded him; $36 was paid for pictures taken, and there is a bill of $119.50 for the transporting of Czolgosz and his guards to Auburn. This bill, it is expected, the state will pay.

Ruling on Christmas Presents.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The secretary of war has directed that the order granting free admission of Christmas presents to the Philippines and Cuba shall extend only to the officers and men and civilian employes of the army and navy, but not to the civilian employes of the civil governments.

Goodly Sum for Conscience Fund.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—The secretary of the treasury has received through the mail from a person whose name is unknown a draft for $5,875 with the statement that it is the amount which should have been paid the internal revenue department years ago, with interest to date. The letter is signed "E. O." The money will be deposited to the credit of the conscience fund.

Smugglers in Swelldom.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 20.—Prominent Seattle women, the wives and daughters of wealthy business and professional men, according to United States secret service detectives, have been conducting systematic smuggling operations on a large scale. Their violations of the law have become so frequent that the matter is receiving serious consideration from government officers.

Death of an Iowa Veteran.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 20.—Col. Dorus M. Fox died at his home in this city early today, aged eighty-four years. In 1899 he was appointed registrar of the government land office in this city. He was a prolific writer and an author of considerable note.

Ballot Stuffers Fined Heavily.

DES MOINES, Nov. 20.—John Beuvers and John Steubenrach, of Knoxville, Marion county, charged in the Federal court with having illegally secured naturalization papers for a number of foreign coal miners in order to vote them at the election in 1900, entered pleas of guilty and were fined $400 each. The illegal votes came within one of making Marion county Democratic.

Mysterious Corpse Is Shipped.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 20.—Coroner J. M. Young again took charge of the body shipped here Nov. 10, as that of Newell C. Rathbun, and after communicating with Coroner Coots, of Jeffersonville, Ind., ordered it shipped tonight to that place. Mrs. Rathbun's attorneys stated that they did not desire the corpse.

Hague Court Cannot Interfere.

THE HAGUE, Nov. 20.—The administrative council of the court of arbitration decided today that it was incompetent to consider the Boer appeal for intervention in the war in South Africa.

Chinese Must Stay Out.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—President Roosevelt, in his message to congress, will not only recommend the re-enactment of the Chinese exclusion act, but will go further and recommend that it be strengthened to increase its efficiency. The president gave this information today to Representative Needham, of California.

Want Oleo Taxed.

LEWISTON, Me., Nov. 20.—The National Grange today adopted resolutions urging congress to put a tax of 10 cents a pound on oleomargarine and all substitutes for dairy butter and in favor of a universal peace congress in connection with the exposition at Charleston.

Australia to Levy Tariff.

MELBOURNE, Nov. 20.—The federal government has announced its intention to tax all imported wearing apparel 20 per cent, all cotton and linen piece goods 10 per cent and to reduce the duty on tobacco to 2s 3d per pound.

To Care for Mrs. Flagler.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Dr. Carlos T. MacDonald was today awarded $25,000 a year by Justice Clarke in the supreme court for the proper maintenance and care of Mrs. Ida M. Flagler, who has for a considerable period been a patient in the doctor's sanitarium. He was also allowed $5,000 for his services as custodian of her person.

Dr. Burgess Chosen Bishop.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—Rev. Dr. Frederick Burgess, of Grace church, Brooklyn, was elected bishop of the Long Island diocese on the tenth ballot. The vote was: Burgess, clerical 54, lay 46; McConnell, clerical 51, lay 20. The election must now be approved by a majority of the dioceses of the United States.

Senator Sewall Very Ill.

ASHEVILLE, N. C, Nov 20.—Senator Sewall, of New Jersey, who has been in Asheville for the past two months is not improving as much as hoped for. He left the Battery Park hotel last night for a sanitarium at Wynah, where he will be given treatment.

Gen. Pat Collins for Mayor.

BOSTON, Nov. 20.—Gen. Patrick A. Collins was nominated for mayor by the Democratic municipal convention.

O'Donnell Speaks in Gaelic.

MONTREAL, Nov. 19.—Messrs. Redmond, O'Donnell and McHugh, the Irish delegates, addressed an audience of 1,500 Irishmen in the Windsor hall this evening. The meeting was most enthusiastic. O'Donnell's speech in Gaelic aroused the audience to great applause. Mr. Redmond said the Irish intended remaining disloyal and rebellious until England wanted peace and paid the price she had paid in Canada—independent government.

Corbin Doesn't Want It.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Adjt. Gen. Corbin while in New York a few days ago was sounded as to his willingness to accept a proffer of the police commissionership of New York city from Mayor-elect Low. No formal tender was made to him, the reason perhaps being that the gentleman making the inquiry learned that Gen. Corbin was not likely to receive it favorably.

Combining Boston Banks.

BOSTON, Nov. 20.—Following the announcement yesterday of a combination of the Shawmut National bank and the National Bank of the Commonwealth came the news today that bids had been made for shares of Hide and Leather, New England National, Atlantic and Third National banks in accordance with a plan to combine them into one institution. Those in a position to know admit that proposals have been made, but give no details.

Kicks on Paying Beer Tax.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Nov. 20.—The state beer inspection law was attacked in the federal court here today by the Pabst Brewing company, of Milwaukee. This company refuses to pay an increased tax of 10 cents per gallon on the ground that the act of May 4, 1899, is in violation of the fourteenth amendment of the constitution.

Twenty Jews Murdered.

VIENNA, Nov. 20.—Rumors from Warsaw say that twenty Jews have been killed in anti-Semitic disturbanecs at Olivipol.

Plague Spreading in Russia.

VIENNA, Nov. 20.—There has been an alarming spread of the plague in South Russia, according to dispatches from Lemberg, hundreds of fatal cases being reported in Moscow, Odessa, Kieff, Karzon and other towns.

OCEAN LINERS.

New York—Arrived: Haverford, Antwerp. Sailed: St. Paul, Southampton; Vaderland, Antwerp (via Southampton and Cherbourg); Teutonic, Liverpool.

Halifax, N. S.—Arrived: Siberian, Glasgaw and Liverpool, via St. Johns, N. F., for Philadelphia.

Boston—Arrived: Norwegian, Glasgow.

Port Arthur—Arrived: Tyr, Portland, Or., via Vladivostock.

Coonimbo—Arrived: Glenlogan, Tacoma, for St. Vincent, C. V.

Cherbourg—Arrived: Pretoria, New York, via Plymouth, for Hamburg.

Moji—Sailed: Falls of Keltie, Tacoma.

Liverpool—Sailed: Lake Superior, Halifax; Oceanic, New York; Sylvania, Boston.

Queenstown—Sailed: Saxonia (from Liverpool), for Boston.

Southampton—Sailed: Kronprinz Wilhelm (from Bremen), New York, via Cherbourg; Philadelphia, from New York.

London—Arrived: Mesaba, New York.

Glasgow — Arrived: Sardinian, from Montreal.

Naples—Arrived: Columbia, from New York.

Plymouth—Arrived: Pretoria, from New York, for Hamburg.

Lizard—Passed: La Savoie, New York, for Havre.

Rotterdam—Arrived: Rotterdam, New York, via Boulogne sur Mer.

Hongkong—Arrived previously: Steamers Duke of Rife, Tacoma, via Yokohama; Kaga Maru, Seattle and Victoria, B. C., via Yokohama, etc.

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