

Democrats throughout the Northwest are rallying to the support of the St. Paul Globe.

The only morning daily newspaper in the Northwest that is straight Democratic is The Globe.

## MR. MACK'S WARNING

ONLY A DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION CAN CHANGE THE PARTY PLATFORM

## RIGHTS OF THE SECTIONS

Southern and Western Men Must Receive the Consideration Demanded by Representatives of the East

## RESOLUTIONS ARE DANGEROUS

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Dec. 4.—National Democratic Committee Norman S. Mack, of New York, said today with reference to the McCallan and Fitzgerald resolutions that the Democratic national platform of 1900 would stand until a new one was made. He said nothing but harm and disruption to the party could come from any attempt to change it until it is done by the representatives of all Democrats in the national convention of 1904, for unless the Democrats of the Eastern states stand by the last declaration of the party, dominated by the Southern and Western states, there would be no good reason why the South and West should abide by the national platform dominated by the Eastern states in 1904. If they should succeed in controlling and dominating the convention, "The fact of the matter is," he said, "that the Democratic party cannot alter their national platform every minute. If they do not stand by the present one for four years, what assurance will the people have that they will stand by the next one for four years; and I don't mean by this that the 1904 convention would not be conducted on entirely different issues than that of 1900."

## COLOR LINE IN LABOR

PROSPECT OF A DISAGREEABLE FIGHT IN CONVENTION AT SCRANTON

## MAY SIDETRACK GOOD LAWS

Southern Assemblies Have Anti-Negro Provisions in Constitutions, but Colored Workers Ignore Them.

SCRANTON, Penn., Dec. 4.—Tonight the hotel corridors, especially that of the Jermyn, where the headquarters is located, are crowded with delegates from all over the United States and Canada, campaigning for and against the various measures that are scheduled to come up in the convention of the American Federation of Labor, which will open tomorrow. The Pacific coast delegation, headed by John T. Morgan, of Portland, is fighting for the enactment of the Chinese exclusion law, with amendments to make its provisions a permanent law, and its operation unlimited as to years.

Delegates from the shipbuilding trades are making a vigorous campaign for a demand from the federation that the government build its own ships and not let out the contracts to private parties, who pay less wages and exact more labor than does the government.

Almost every delegate is taking an active interest in the trade union matter, and of all the subjects billed for discussion it promises to provoke the most talking.

## Color Line May Cause Trouble.

The color line will also be the subject of what promises to be an animated discussion. It will be brought before the convention in the shape of a protest against the seating of William E. Seal, delegate of the Central Trades and Labor Council of Richmond, Va. The American Federation of Labor specifically provides in its constitution that the color line is not to be drawn by organization holding a separate charter. The Richmond Trades and Labor council has a clause in its constitution specifying that the delegate of the council must be a "male or female white over twenty years of age."

In Richmond are two locals of the Tobacco Workers' union, composed exclusively of negroes. Being barred from representation in the Richmond council, they federated with the Virginia state union, and thus attained membership in the American Federation of Labor. They are also members of the Tobacco Workers' International union.

## AN ANTI-SALOON LEAGUE

FATHER CLEARLY, OF MINNEAPOLIS, A VICE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The American Anti-Saloon league today elected the following officers: President—Rev. Luther B. Wilson, M. D., D. of this city; vice presidents, D. Stuart Dodge, New York; Bishop J. W. Hamilton, California; Secretary of the Navy Long; Bishop E. W. Arnett, Ohio; Judge James A. Pollock, North Dakota; Bishop C. E. Galloway, and Rev. Father James McCleary, Minnesota.

Following are the other officers elected: General superintendent, Rev. Howard H. Russell, D. D., Massachusetts; legislative superintendents, Rev. H. C. Dinwiddie, Washington, D. C.; secretary, S. E. Nicholson, Baltimore, Md., corresponding secretary, James Ewen, Washington, D. C.; treasurer, Daniel H. Carroll, Baltimore, Md.

National executive committee. The officers are the following: Rev. Floyd W. Tompkins, Philadelphia; Francis M. Bradley, Washington, D. C.; Col. Arnett, Ritter, Indianapolis, Ind.; Edward P. Haskell, Boston, Mass.; Mrs. L. M. E. Stevens, president National W. C. T. U.; Mrs. E. J. Phinney, Cleveland; G. W. Hawkshurst, Falls Church, Virginia; Rev. W. R. Palmer, St. Louis.

Reports on the work in various states and a "question box" method of answering queries for information occupied the rest of the day sessions. A delegation from the league called on President Roosevelt today.

Tower and I to Go to Gay Paree. ST. PETERSBURG, Dec. 4.—Charles Tower, ambassador of the United States in Russia, will leave here for Paris tomorrow. Marquis Ito, the Japanese statesman, will also proceed to Paris on the same train with Mr. Tower.

## MICHIGAN ROAD ACCEPTS

TWO CENTS A MILE ON CENTRAL AFTER JAN. 1.

DETROIT, Dec. 4.—In accordance with the act passed by the legislature of 1900, revoking the special charter of the Michigan Central railroad and giving that corporation until Dec. 31, 1901, to reorganize under the general railroad law of Michigan, the stockholders of the road met here today and took the necessary steps toward reorganization. There were present at the meeting President Ledyard, Vice President and Secretary E. D. Worcester, General Counsel Fred Pond and Mr. Pardee, of New York, one of the directors.

## RAPID RISE IN EXCHANGE

MEXICO MAY SOON GO TO THE GOLD BASIS

Downward Tendency of Silver Seems to Be Continuing, and a High Premium for Exchange Is Discouraging.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 4.—The rapid rise in exchange as shown by the gold premium is the theme of discussion in financial and business circles. Some bankers regard the depression in silver as temporary and hope for a speedy reaction; but there is a constant downward tendency and the expression of the belief that eventually Mexico will have to come to a gold basis is common.

New York exchange stands at 132 premium and this seriously affects importers and several heavy orders about to be sent to the United States have been held back pending a more settled state of exchange.

On the other hand, the low price for silver is very favorable to American capitalists and the United States.

President Roosevelt's message has been very favorably received in government and business circles. The general comment is that his declaration in favor of Cuban independence and a free-trade policy with the island, will greatly strengthen American prestige all over Latin-America. He has completely disarmed the clerical press of one of its principal weapons against the Washington government.

## GOVERNORS AT SHOW

SEVL CHIEF EXECUTIVES AT LIVE STOCK EXHIBITION

Record-Breaking Crowd on Intercollegiate Stock Judging Day—Fifty cents Per Pound for Fat Prize Winner.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—The fifth day of the international live stock exposition attracted the greatest crowd ever assembled at the Chicago stock yards, the pavilions, pens and yards being crowded really beyond their capacity. High officials of several Western states and Canadian provinces were among the spectators, including Gov. Shaw, of Iowa; Gov. Savage, of Nebraska; Gov. Van Sant, of Minnesota; Gov. Durbill, of Indiana. Gov. Decker, of Missouri; Gov. Toole, of Montana; Gov. Wells, of Utah; Senor Casaveras, of Mexico; Senor Alberto Serantes, of the Argentine Republic, and Hon. J. H. Dryden, Canadian minister of agriculture.

An interesting incident of the day was the selling at auction of the fat Herford steer Woods Principal, to which the championship of the show was awarded yesterday. A local packing firm started the bidding at one cent a pound. Fifty cents was the limit, and A. G. Swenson, of New York, was the purchaser.

The annual intercollegiate stock judging contest for the Spur trophy was another feature of the day. There were fifty-seven contestants, representing eight colleges of agriculture, from the following states: Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Ontario (Guelph) and North Dakota. Nineteen classes of live stock were judged. Each class was judged by a special judge in which the students had judged them, and the student's judgment will be compared with that of the judges.

The winners in this contest probably will be decided tomorrow. Students of agricultural colleges in the United States and Canada met this evening at the hall of the Chicago live stock exchange and organized the International Federation of Agricultural Colleges. Purdue, Mich.; Ontario, Iowa, Illinois, Oklahoma, Minnesota and other colleges were represented. The object of the organization is the promotion of agricultural science and of good fellowship among the students of agriculture.

The combination sale of Aberdeen-Angus and other breeds of the main pavilion this afternoon was most successful. Ninety-seven cattle sold at an average of \$34 per head.

Tonight closed "Governor's day" at the show, during which the heads of four of the leading live stock and farming states of the Middle West told how the farmer is the "backbone of the nation." Each speaker sounded especially the glories and resources of the state which claims him as its chief executive. The four governors whose addresses brought the fifth day of the show to a close were Shaw, of Iowa; Van Sant, of Minnesota; Bliss, of Michigan, and Savage, of Nebraska.

When Gov. Van Sant got the platform the crowd greeted him as the man who has opened the fight on the recent combination of railroad interests.

"Hit 'em hard" give it to the octopus!" was the cry. But the governor sidestepped any reference to the anti-corporation fight and confined himself to reciting the glories of Minnesota.

## SNOW IN SOUTHWEST

KANSAS AND MISSOURI CAN GO SLEIGH RIDING.

TOPEKA, Kan., Dec. 4.—Kansas is receiving a heavy snow storm tonight, which covers the entire eastern half of the state. In Topeka snow began falling at 5 o'clock this evening. Lawrence, Oaage City, Reading, Emporia and Strong City are included in the storm district. If the snow proves as heavy as expected, it will be of great benefit, giving a much needed supply of moisture.

## BANK TAX IS BOOSTED

CAPITAL, SURPLUS, UNDIVIDED PROFITS AND BORROWED MONEY LIABLE

## RATHER SWEEPING DECISION

Commissioner of Internal Revenue Interprets the Law to Apply to All Money Used in the Business

## RULE IS SHARP AND CLEAR

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The commissioner of internal revenue has rendered a decision in which he holds that banks must return for taxation capital, surplus, undivided profits and borrowed money used in the business of banking. The commissioner holds that capital is taxable, whether invested, as in the case of the United States bonds or the bank building, or circulating, as in the case of money, including money borrowed; also surplus, including undivided profits.

"In providing that surplus shall be included as capital," the decision says, "it is obviously the purpose of the law to have the tax imposed apply to all money used or employed by banks, as capital, in carrying on their business."

"Money borrowed by banks, and used as capital, is held to be taxable, and is clearly no less liable to tax because of the fact that it is borrowed by a bank from its own undivided profits."

"The fact that surplus so used consists wholly or in part of undivided profits, or that such undivided profits have or have not been formally set apart for such use, seems wholly immaterial, so far as the purpose of the act is concerned. It is the use, and not the authority to use, that brings such profits within the taxing provisions of the act."

"Banks should, therefore, return for taxation the capital, the surplus fund, their undivided profits or other profit and loss account, except so much thereof as may be actually necessary and has been set apart to meet ascertained liabilities and losses, or to pay dividends actually declared by the directors of the bank, to pay taxes, or to pay fixed annual charges, such as salaries and other necessary annual expenses."

## A PAN-AMERICAN ROAD

CONGRESS IN SESSION AT MEXICO APPROVES IT.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 4.—At today's session of the Pan-American conference, Lopez Portillo, of Mexico, presented an amendment touching the neutrality clause of the Pan-American railway project. Senator Davis asked that his recommendations be passed upon in their present form and that Mr. Portillo's amendment be incorporated as an addition. The chair ruled, however, that the amendment must go to the committee on Pan-American Railway.

Mr. Davis read twenty reasons in favor of the construction of the road. A vote was then taken on the project in general and it was approved by eighteen votes.

## WEBBER DRAWS FIFTEEN

ABANDONED BENCH FOR BURG-LARY TO HIS SORROW.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 4.—F. H. Webber, a burglar who operated extensively in St. Paul, Minneapolis and Kansas City, and was arrested in Denver and sent here for trial, was today sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary. Webber, who is a tall, thirty-seven-year-old, age, pleaded guilty. He said he began his lawbreaking in Minneapolis thirteen years ago, and since then has been both tallor and burglar.

## Live Bird Shoot Abandoned.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—Failure to secure the required number of entries before the time limit expired, has caused the abandonment of the proposed live bird contest which has been held at Watson's Park Dec. 3.

## STRIKE CLOSES MILLS

FIFTEEN HUNDRED MEN ARE OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 4.—The switchmen's strike, combined with the car shortage, is blamed for the closing down of six mills in Homestead tonight. The mills which closed are as follows: The 28-inch mill, the 33-inch mill, the 48-inch, the 28-inch, Bessemer converting and the blooming mill. The shut-down throws about 1,500 men out of employment for the time being and it is said if the situation is not soon relieved other mills will have to close down. The shut-down tonight will partially cripple several of the other mills, as they set their working materials from the closed mills.

There are 35,000 tons of finished product in the Homestead yards which cannot be moved. McKeesport suffers with iron-ore and in addition to the shut-downs there, the merchants are complaining bitterly at their inability to get goods in from the East.

## GAGE'S INSTRUCTIONS

SUPREME COURT DECISION KEEPS COLLECTORS GUESSING

Goods From Philippines to Be Delivered Free in Bond, but Refunds Will Go by Red Tape Route.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The secretary of the treasury today issued the following circular of instructions to collectors of customs, regarding the refund of duties collected from imports from the Philippine islands.

"Referring to the recent decision of the supreme court of the United States, relative to importations from the Philippine islands, I have to confirm department's telegram of the 2d inst., as follows: 'Discontinue requirement entry and collection of duty on merchandise shown by manifest of vessel to be shipped from Philippines. Allow free delivery goods in bond. Detail cigars and cigarettes until internal revenue stamps are affixed under circulars 81 and 85, current year. Refunds will be made by certified statement where protests duly filed.'

"With regard to the matter of refunds, I have to state that, in addition to forwarding certified statements as above directed, you will forward certified statements in cases where no protests have been filed, when so requested by the parties in interest, with a view to submitting estimates for appropriation to congress, should it be found that no existing appropriation is available."

## SURPRISE FOR LYNCH

ALEXANDER SULLIVAN'S DEFENSE IS STRONG.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—Two self-confessed perjurers, who admitted accepting bribes while acting as jurors, a third person who confessed to a part in the conspiracy to keep James J. Lynch from trial and the former bailiff himself, were the witnesses in the trial of Alexander Sullivan, in Judge Smith's court today.

Thomas Smallman and Frank S. O'Brien told under oath of committing perjury and accepting bribes from Lynch while on jury. These men were sprung as a surprise on the defense. Smallman said he received \$50 for his services, while O'Brien swore that Lynch paid him \$200. Both witnesses said that Sullivan was the trial lawyer in the cases.

## STANDARD OIL WINS.

Will Not Be Debarred From Nebraska as a Trust.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 4.—The supreme court today accepted the report of the referees in the suit of the state against the Standard Oil company. The court thereupon dismissed the suit, declaring there is insufficient evidence against the company to debar it from the state on the grounds that it is a trust.

## All Clear on Isthmus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The navy department today received the following cablegram from Capt. Ferry, commanding the battleship Iowa, dated Panama, Dec. 4: "I have re-embarked all of our force from the Isthmus, perfect security of transit being effectually restored."

## MR. HILL TO RETIRE

MASTER SPIRIT OF WESTERN RAILWAYS FEELS THAT HE HAS DONE HIS PART

## A LIFETIME OF HARD WORK

Crowned by a Great Achievement, Should Allow Him to Cut Loose From Attention to Mere Details

## WILL STILL BE GUIDING HAND

Special to The Globe.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—James J. Hill contemplates retiring from the presidency of the Great Northern railway. He has said this much to his friends, adding that, with the two great railways of the Northwest brought together under his control, he is at last ready to be relieved of some of the multitudinous duties he has carried so long. Mr. Hill does not intend to take respite from work and responsibilities, or from active direction of the policies of the Northwest railways; but he does not care to be longer tied down by the minutiae of the work attendant on the Great Northern presidency, and he is now ready to surrender his office. It is expected that he will go to his oldest son, James V. Hill, who has long been trained for ultimately taking up this office, and who was made first vice president of the Great Northern within the last week, to succeed Col. Clough, one of the oldest officers in Mr. Hill's service.

As president of the Great Northern railway James J. Hill will be the youngest president of a great railway in this country; but his father has great faith in his ability. He will, of course, have his father's advice and the support of capable officers, while the general policy of the company, as far as the Northern Pacific is concerned, will be decided by the Northern Securities company, and of this James J. Hill will continue as president and as the guiding spirit. He has no intention of giving up the direction of the policies of his railway, but he does want to be relieved from the close personal attention to details imposed on a railway president.

Mr. Hill is not likely to retire from the Great Northern railway directorate, and the resignation from the presidency is not related to the recent agitation in the Northwest over the railway consolidation in that section. He proposes to resign from the Northern Pacific board because of doubts raised as to his legal status on the board.

This decision to give up the Great Northern presidency is coupled with an intention to give up his residence in St. Paul, but will virtually remain in the greater part of the year in New York, and he proposes to have his family arrangements ordered in recognition that this change is permanent.

## ARCADIA FOR OPERATORS

ANDREW CARNEGIE WILL BE GOOD TO TELEGRAPHERS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Andrew Carnegie has under consideration the gift of a large sum of money to be used for the benefit of the aged telegraphers in all parts of the land. The propositions which Mr. Carnegie has in mind are the establishment of a combination club and hospital, a general pension fund and the founding of an arcadia in New Jersey.

## TO BOTHER THE TRUSTS.

Maryland Member Would Suspend the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Representative Pierce (Md.) has prepared a plan for dealing with trusts and monopolies similar to the plan prepared last session by Representative Babcock, which caused so much discussion. Mr. Pierce proposes the suspension of tariff upon imports when the trusts are organized and monopolized. Provision is also made for a commission to be appointed to report on the subject.

## POWDER MILL EXPLODES

TWO MEN KILLED AND ONLY A HEAD IS FOUND.

Ishpeming, Mich., Dec. 4.—The packing house at the Anthony Powder company's works, midway between Ishpeming and Negaunee, was wrecked by an explosion this evening, shelling two of the workmen, John Nelson and Linus Shively. Three other workmen in an adjoining building had a narrow escape, but only one was injured.

The building was completely wrecked, and the head of Shively was the only part of either man found. The loss to the company will be several thousand dollars. The packing house is where the caps used in setting off giant powder are filled. It is estimated that about one and a half tons of powder were stored in the packing house.

## M'CLEARY IS TOO SWIFT

DAIRYMEN WILL BACK THE TAWNEY OLEO BILL

Ambitious Little Schoolmaster Finds a Rock in His Path Toward Governorship of Minnesota.

FROM THE GLOBE BUREAU, Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—It has been decided after all that the Tawney bill against oleo is the measure for which the dairy interests will make a fight. This in spite of the fact that McCleary got his bill introduced first. The Tawney bill differs from McCleary's in that it does not tax uncolored oleo. As originally offered, McCleary's bill would tax uncolored products a quarter of a cent a pound, but since learning that the dairy interests favored the Tawney bill, McCleary has altered his bill to correspond. Both have the feature of a 10-cent a pound tax on colored oleo.

Right from the beginning McCleary has been trying to cut in an election Tawney's thunder. Tawney led the fight last session and the National Dairy union was satisfied with his work. It has been their plan to work for Tawney's bill this winter. Some confusion has been caused by McCleary's gratuitous activity, which, it is charged, is inspired solely by a desire to get some advertising in the dairying circles of Minnesota and help a boom which might do him good if he gets a chance later to run for governor.

"I have not been approached with an offer of compromise. I have heard of no compromise. So far as I know, there has been no thought of compromise—certainly not by those who have the safety and well being of Minnesota in their charge. We think that we see our way clear, and we shall follow that way."

## DR. MANN IS BISHOP

BECOMES DR. EDSELL'S SUCCESSOR IN NORTH DAKOTA

Ceremony of Ordination Carried Out With Due Ceremonial in the Home City of the New Bishop.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 4.—Dr. Cameron Mann, who has long been prominently identified with the Episcopal church in this city was today consecrated bishop of the missionary district of North Dakota at Grace Episcopal church, amid elaborate ceremonies. After the rendition of the professional hymn, the consecration sermon was preached by the Right Rev. Theodore Morrison, bishop of Iowa. The ceremony of consecration, which is a part of the communion office of the church, consisted of the introduction of the bishop-elect by two bishops appointed for the purpose, the Right Rev. Samuel C. Edsall, bishop of Minnesota, and the Right Rev. Frank Milne, bishop of Kansas. Then followed the reading of the certificates including the testimonial of the house of bishops and the house of deputies and the commission of the presiding bishop at the consecration. These set out the election of Dr. Mann by the San Francisco convention and the authority of the presiding bishop for the service of consecration.

Dr. Mann was next examined by the presiding bishop, the Rt. Rev. Daniel Tuttle, bishop of Missouri, in accordance with the order of examination set out in the Episcopal prayer book. The questions answered, Dr. Mann donned the vestments of his office, assisted by the attending presbyters, the very Rev. Hugo L. Purison and Rev. Robert Talbot. Following the rendition of "Vert Creator Spiritus," the antiphonally by Bishop Tuttle, by the choir, came the laying on of hands.

The program concluded with the singing of the recessional hymn. Bishop Tuttle was assisted throughout the service by two co-consecrators, the Right Rev. Elhelbert Talbot, bishop of Central Pennsylvania, and the Right Rev. Edward R. Atwill, bishop of West Missouri.

## SEEKS STOLEN HORSES

NORTH DAKOTA RANCHMEN HAVE LOST HUNDREDS.

Special to The Globe.

WINNIPEG, Man., Dec. 4.—E. Deffenback, manager of the Converse Ranch company, William, N. D., and party are in the city looking for hundreds of stolen horses from North Dakota ranches, which, it is believed, were sold in Manitoba. He states Dakota is terrorized by several organized gangs and will ask the Manitoba government to assist in hunting down the horse thieves.

"During the past season," he said, "ranchmen in Dakota have suffered severe losses because of the organized gangs. I have been instructed by several big ranches to spare no expense in locating the guilty parties. Our ranch lost over 300 head, and they certainly have not been taken to the grain elevators or Chicago. Brands are changed, and in several instances the marauders have been traced to the boundary. The Little Missouri ranch company has also lost hundreds of horses."

## BIG DISTILLING RECORD

PEORIA WHISKY OUTPUT OUTDOES ALL OTHERS COMBINED.

PEORIA, Ill., Dec. 4.—The output of spirits by the Peoria distillers for the month of November is greater than that of all other distilleries in the United States combined. This establishes the highest record of business for any one month since the organization of the internal revenue service. During the month the storerooms and barrels employed in the Peoria plants handled 104,108 barrels, comprising 4,700,587 gallons. Of this 1,000,000 gallons were for export, and were taxed at the rate of 10 cents a barrel.

## VAN SANT IN ROLE OF AJAX

MINNESOTA'S GOVERNOR HURLS DEFIANCE AT CORPORATE LIGHTNINGS IN CHICAGO

## CANT STRIKE IN THIS STATE

Railway Merger Will Not Be Allowed as Long as He Is Chief Executive

## PLAN OF ACTION OUTLINED

Special to The Globe.

CHICAGO, Ill., Dec. 4.—"I am prepared to stand by every statement I have made," said Gov. Van Sant, of Minnesota, in speaking of his attitude in the proposed consolidation of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railways. "I came here to see the stock show," he continued, "and for nothing else. The period of talk is past; the period of action has arrived. We will act immediately; you may be sure of that. I have not called an extra session of the legislature, and cannot say now when it will be done, or whether it will be done at all. We will follow the trail that seems to promise best results. We shall not stand still."

This proposed combine means robbery. There is no other thing to be said about it. Our people are opposed to it. Our law is plain against it. My oath of office compels my course. What I have done has been done from a sense of duty and right; what I shall do will be dictated by right. I could assume no other position, having in view the sanctity of my oath. I understand that the movers in the project say that there is no law against it, and that they will succeed. Well, they can't do it. They will not make one those parallel and competing lines, obviating their natural rivalry and fixing wrongful rates—not wily I am governor.

"I have not been approached with an offer of compromise. I have heard of no compromise. So far as I know, there has been no thought of compromise—certainly not by those who have the safety and well being of Minnesota in their charge. We think that we see our way clear, and we shall follow that way."

"We have three ways of reaching these men, and, if necessary, every way will be tried. Our railroad and warehouse commission will file particular charges. It may, if it sees fit, enact a prohibitory tariff on all classes of goods, and force the combiners to do legitimate business. We have a law which expressly prohibits the combination of parallel lines. The Northern Pacific and the Great Northern are parallel. Good lawyers seem to question the scope of this law. I shall again file this particular charge. I may, if it sees fit, enact a prohibitory tariff on all classes of goods, and force the combiners to do legitimate business. We have a law which expressly prohibits the combination of parallel lines. The Northern Pacific and the Great Northern are parallel. Good lawyers seem to question the scope of this law. I shall again file this particular charge. I may, if it sees fit, enact a prohibitory tariff on all classes of goods, and force the combiners to do legitimate business. 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