MINNEAPOLIS NEWS

WHO CAN DISCHARGE

QUESTION OF CITY PHYSICIAN NELSON'S AUTHORITY NOT SETTLED

EARNEST PLEA FOR HARMONY

Reasons for Discharging an Employe Must Be Given at a Regular Meeting of the Board.

The question of City Physician Nelson's authority to hire and discharge employes of the board of correction and charities at the city hospital, other than physicians and nurses, was not settled at the special meeting of that body held last night.

The reason for the special meeting was the discharge of Chief Engineer McConville by Dr. Nelson, and the appointment of A. W. Turner in his stead. Mr. McConville believed that his discharge resulted from the information he gave Commissioner Moore regarding the steam plant at the city hospital.

Mayor Ames reminded the board that there was no information regularly before the board that Engineer McConville had been discharged, and then Dr. Nelson was asked to enlighten the board if such was the case. He replied that it was, but quoted the city ordinance to the effect that he was not required to state his reasons until the first regular meeting after the discharge of the employe in question. The board, therefore, did not press him on that point.

Before the board went into the question of the legal status of its authority and that of Dr. Nelson's ever city hospital employes, Commissioner Russel began a long discourse, the principal part of which was a plea for harmony.

He suggested that the city physician and the chairman of the hospital committee could settle the question.

Commissioner Woodard was willing that a committee consisting of the members of the hospital committee, the city physician and his attorney, if he preferred it, carefully investigate the causes for the dismissal of Engineer McConville, if any, and report fully to the board the result of such investigation when finished. Commissioner Rinehart believed that the question of legal rights of the board and that of the city physician should be asked of the city attorney, and his amendment to add the city attorney to that committee was adopted. Commissioner Moore raised the point that the board could not delegate its authority, and the president of the board, coinciding with that view, declared Commissioner Russell's motion to refer the matter for final adjustment to the chairman of the hospital committee and the city physician to be outside the power of the board, and it was defeated.

RETAILERS TURNED DOWN.

Wholesale Lumber Dealers Refuse to Grant Retailers' Request.

The Northwest Retailers' Lumbermen's association and the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen's association did not get together on terms Tuesday afternoon. The retailers made a request for a strict enforcement of the agreement between the two associations, and the suggestion of a joint committee for the adjustment of the differences was turned down.

The old agreement bound the wholesalers to recognize members of the association in preference to dealers outside of the organization. The manufacturers are willing to remit 10 per cent to the retailer on lumber sold direct to consumers in towns where there are no lumber yards, but they refuse to discriminate against small dealers outside of the association.

An amendment to the constitution was passed, the principal feature providing for the assessment of manufactures on the amount of lumber actually manufactured rather than on any amount of sales.

The following officers were elected: President, Sumner T. McKnight, Minneapolis; first vice president, R. L. McCormick, Hayward, Wis.; second vice president, L. C. Colman, La Crosse; treasurer, H. C. Akeley, Minneapolis. J. E. Rhodes was re-elected secretary by the board of directors.

HE SUES FOR DAMAGES.

Rev. Richter Wants $5,000 Damages for Defamation of Character.

Rev. Louis Richter, the Presbyterian minister who was debarred by an action taken by the Presbyterian assembly on Jan. 26 last, has brought suit against the North and West Publishing company for $5,000 damages on account of an editorial published by that company which Richter claims was derogatory to his character and which appeared in the magazine previous to his disbarrment.

He claims that at the time the article appeared he was in good standing, and that no action had been taken by the assembly. Richter was debarred on account of his connection with the local brewing concern. A legal demand for retraction was made upon the editor of the magazine in question on Feb. 7, but as no retraction has been forthcoming, action has been brought for damages, costs and disbursements. The magazine has retained counsel to fight the case.

MURDER IN SECOND DEGREE.

This Was the Jury's Verdict in the Johnson Case.

The jury in the Johnson murder case after being out brought in a verdict yesterday of murder in the second degree.

It is understood that the majority of them stood for murder in the second degree from the first ballot. The balance of them were for murder in the first degree, and at no time were any of them in favor of a less degree for the crime committed.

The crime for which Johnson is convicted was the stabbing of Claus W. Carlson in a saloon on Christmas day. The wound which was inflicted at that time caused Carlson's death two days afterward. The attorneys for the defense set up the claim that Carlson's death was caused from double pneumonia.

WOMAN FIGHTS FIRE.

Hannah Pett, Single-Handed, Extinguishes a Bad Blaze.

Hannah Pett, a housekeeper living with Mrs. Main in a flat at 1568 Hennepin avenue, saved the fire department considerable trouble a few days ago by fighting to a finish single-handed what promised to be a disastrous fire. The fire started in the front hall supposedly from a match which ignited the curtains, and when discovered by the housekeeper had attained such headway that the room was full of smoke and the woodwork already in flames. Miss Pett got some water and with the judicious use of this and a couple of rugs extinguished the flames in short order.

EDITORS MEET TODAY.

Committee on Arrangements Has Made Its Plans Well.

The annual meeting of the Minnesota Editorial association will begin this morning, and will be held in the ladies' ordinary of the West hotel. It is expected that there will be at least 300 persons in attendance.

A reception committee of newspaper men and allied interests will meet the visiting guests when they arrive, and an address of welcome in behalf of the city will be made by Mayor Ames.

President W. J. Munroe, of Morris, will respond. The feature of the evening's entertainment will be a smoke social to be held at Elks' hall.

The local ladies' committee has made complete arrangements for the entertainment of the wives and daughters of the visiting editors. This includes a visit to Donaldson's green houses, the public library, and in the evening a reception will be given at the residence of Mrs. W. J. Murphy, where a musical programme will be given. The editors and their ladies will also be supplied with tickets to the theater.

On Friday forenoon the women will gather at the West hotel, and at 10 o'clock take a special car, provided through the courtesy of General Manager Hield, and will visit the university. At the chapel the Ladies' Thursday Musicale will furnish a musical programme.

CASES GO OVER.

Megaarden Cases Are Continued Until the April Term.

Phil T. Megaarden will not be compelled to submit to the ordeal of another criminal trial at this term of court.

All the cases against him will be continued to the April term.

It is likely that the indictment upon which he was tried at this term, and which resulted in a disagreement of the jury, will be the same one upon which he will be tried the second time, if that event comes to pass.

"It would not surprise me if Megaarden is not tried again," said a politician yesterday.

"It seems to be the general impression that Gov. Van Sant will remove the sheriff from office. Megaarden has paid back all money that has been demanded of him, although he does claim that some of it belongs to him, and that he will sue the county for it."

County Attorney Boardman said that he had heard nothing to the effect that the indictments would be dismissed, and expressed himself strongly to the opposite effect. He said that the cases would be tried.

WOULD REMAIN IN JAIL.

Herman Krumroy, Charged With Assault, Loath to Accept Liberty.

Herman Krumrey, the man who was arrested, charged with stabbing George Martinson, was released from jail yesterday on his personal recognizance. At first he refused to leave the jail. He said he had been guilty of murder, and justice demanded that he remain in custody of the officers, and be made to suffer the penalty.

After more talk the significance of the instrument was explained, and he signed it and left the jail.

ODD FELLOWS MEET.

Many Candidates Are Initiated Into the Mysteries.

The thirty-second annual encampment of the I. O. O. F. was held yesterday in the Odd Fellows' hall, Central avenue and Fourth street southeast. The forenoon was devoted to initiating a class of sixty into the mysteries of the grand encampment. This is the largest class that has ever been initiated at one time.

There were about 200 members present. Grand Patriarch Henion, of this city, reported that there were forty-seven encampments in the state, with a membership of 2,028, and that the order was in a flourishing condition.

The session closed last evening with the conferring of the Canton degree on forty-eight candidates. Election was held and J. F. Cramer, of Crookston, was elected grand patriarch for the ensuing year. The meeting next year will be held in St. Paul.

WILL ADVANCE RATES.

Underwriters Say That Conditions Warrant a 25 Per Cent Advance.

Minneapolis fire underwriters believe that conditions warrant the 25 per cent advance in rates as agreed upon in New York Tuesday.

This advance will apply to all territory east of the Rocky mountains except New York and vicinity.

The new rate will be the same as that of 1897. Higher rates will be imposed in cities shown to be extra hazardous.

The underwriters argue that risks increase with propsperous conditions, as factories are kept running longer, and in the rush of business employes neglect precautions.

BOOM THE FAIR.

Delegates From the St. Louis World's Fair Are Entertained.

Rev. C. H. Patton and Clinton Rowell, two members of the St. Louis world's fair delegation at present in Minnesota, were entertained at the Commercial club yesterday.

Mr. Rowell called attention to the fact that Minnesota was the third state of importance in the Louisiana purchase, and believed that it should be well represented at the coming fair. Public sentiment in the West gives assurance of success.

The visitors were reminded of the fact that St. Paul is located on ground not in the Louisiana purchase proper, while Minneapolis is.

LABORING MAN DROPS DEAD.

Death of W. W. Parker Due to Natural Causes.

Wesley W. Parker, aged sixty-five, residing at 122 East Twenty-sixth street, dropped dead yesterday morning at the corner of Fifth avenue south and High street. The body was removed to the morgue. It is believed that death was due to natural causes, but the coroner will hold an autopsy.

Parker was a carpenter, and has been for many years a resident of Minneapolis. He is survived by a widow and four daughters, two of whom are married.

Hennepin County Bar Elects.

The Hennepin County Bar association has elected the following officers:

President, Willard R. Cray; vice president, Emanuel Cohen; secretary John T. Baxter; treasurer, E. S. Waters; executive committee, Ralph Whelan, J. B. Phelps, A. B. Choate and E. C. Gale; library committee, A. M. Keith, J. R. Vanderlip and John D. Smith.

His Eye Injured.

Richard Whittaker, residing at Elwood, Wis., was brought to Asbury hospital yesterday suffering from an eye so badly injured that it may have to be removed. Elwood, who is twenty-five years old, was cutting wood, when a splinter of steel from the ax flew off and lodged in his eyeball, cutting the organ badly and inflicting a painful wound.

WORKING ON NEW TAX CODE

Continued From First Page.

series idea and with avidity, when Mr. Wallace introduced a series covering nineteen sections of the code. Mr. Laybourn had amendments for those sections of the personal property sections covering the taxation of grain in elevators, and the house was laboring with them severally when Mr. Wallace proposed to wipe out the whole new personal property sections and substitute for them the present law. The Wallace amendments cut out entirely the inquisitorial features of the bill, so far as they apply to personal property, and they were hailed with very evident favor. They would undoubtedly have been adopted, but Mr. Laybourn asked that with his amendments they be printed and placed on the members' desks this morning.

Mr. Roberts returned to his series and secured the adoption of an amendment placing the date for listening at May 1 instead of April 1. His amendment provided that the word May should be substituted for April wherever it appeared. Later it developed that in numerous sections April, May and June appeared in conjunction, and he was laboring to straighten out the tangle when the house adjourned.

The adjournment was taken with the understanding that all amendments ready should be given the clerk, who was instructed to have them printed and on the members' desks at roll call this morning. There were over fifty sets sent up, and the house will be in shape to do a big day's work today.

TWO LONG HOURS OF TEDIOUS DEBATE

WINDY WAR OF WORDS WAGED PRELIMINARY TO REAL WORK.

The opening guns of the long-expected fight on the tax code indicated that the house was up to a long campaign that would be a war of words rather than parliamentary practice or real battling for the passage of a tax bill. The first session under the special order, which the speaker announced at 10:35 yesterday morning, resulted in two hours' talk—absolutely nothing more.

James A. Peterson, Minneapolis, had the floor almost before the speaker's announcement of the special order was complete and at once launched into a harangue which consumed fifty-five minutes. Then Mr. Roberts broke in with a few suggestions which consumed another fifteen minutes. Mr. Dobbin, of Hennepin, one of the large faction which wants to get to work on the code and secure the passage of an amended bill, was thoroughly incensed with the innuendoes and charges made by Mr. Peterson and took the occasion to pay his respects without stint to the so-called "friends" who are behind the railroading movement and incidentally to the code itself.

Mr. Peterson charged the opposition to the bill in its present form to the corporate interests which, he said, will be materially affected by it, if enacted, and made to bear their just share of the burden of taxation. He said the arguments presented to the committee against the bill were efforts to throw dust in the eyes of the legislators. He said there was no oposition to the code or the session extraordinary until it was stirred up by the corporations. He paid his respects to the grain men and the Duluth delegation by the statement that the situation had so resolved itself that it seemed to be necessary for the legislature to go to Duluth when it desired information on the subject of taxation. Then he got around to the newspapers. He charged them with collusion with the corporate interests and the fomenting of the sea of criticism on which he said, the friends of the bill and the people have been tossed about for more than two weeks.

Mr. Roberts, Jacobson's other chief-of-staff, was constrained to take issue on the dust throwing proposition. Mr. Roberts attempted to head off the winded debate that the house seemed about to be embroiled in. He asked that the house start the work by taking up his proposed amendments to the code, which he said, started in with the personal property exemption clause and followed logically through the bill. He made a strong plea for the code in the main basing his argument on the alleged desirability of its form.

Dobbin Defends Bankers.

Mr. Dobbin got the floor as the spokesman of the conservative element. He protested vigorously against shutting off debate after the "railroaders" had had their chance to discuss the bill and the merits of the so-called opposition. Mr. Dobbin said:

"I was ready to go to work at once after the promulgation of the special order. I believed that the time for action had arrived, but the gentleman from Hennepin has said so much about the merits of the bill and the motives of the so-called friends and opponents of the measure that I feel that it would be an injustice to shut off debate at this time. I do not wish to criticise the tax commission or the friends of the bill the tax commission has prepared, but the charges made by the gentleman from Hennepin force me to state another side of the case. It is evident that neither he nor the commissioners read carefully the act which created the commission and authorized the tax code. Neither the legislature nor the people have changed their minds as suggested by Mr. Peterson, but both he and the commissioners seem to have placed a new construction on the intent of the legislature and the letter of the act. If you will refer to the act which you have before you, you will find that it specifically states that it shall be the duty of the commission to prepare a complete code for the just and equitable taxation of all property and that it shall prepare the constitutional amendments necessary to put that code into effect. As I understood the English language, I thought the commission was not limited by the constitution. The commission has, however, given us a code complying with the present constitution. We have not changed our minds. We all want a just and equitable law, but the commission has not given us one.

"Some of you gentlemen have referred sneeringly to the delegations of bankers and other business men who appeared before the committee to protest against the bill. You charge sneeringly that they have suddenly developed into philanthropists, and say that their interest in the widow and orphan is altogether an unique role for them to appear in. I want to call your attention to the statements made by those bankers. Their protest was not so much in their own behalf. They told you this law would affect the small depositors. The man with lots of capital can escape taxation, and he will escape.

"Enact all the inquisitorial features you please, the rich man may send his money into another state for investment and bid you defiance. The widow and the orphan to whom you sneeringly allude, and the poor man with his little savings, must give up half or all of the income derived from them. I represent a district composed largely of working people. I do not work for any corporation, either on the floor of the house or in private life. No corporation pays me a dollar, and I am ready to make them pay their just share of the taxes, but, gentlemen, you want to hesitate before you begin to grind the poor. The rich man, who has not the brains to escape taxation, I am sorry to say, can hire counsel of sufficient brains to assist him, and when you assist the rich man in escaping taxation, you strike at the poor man, who cannot escape. This talk of faction, friend and foe is folly. I say let us get to work and do the best we may with this code. Do our duty fairly and honestly, without fear or prejudice. Let every man act for himself and his constituents. Recognize no leader. Let every man be his own leader and let us get to work."

SENATORS DRAW THEIR SNICKERSNEES

RECEPTION COMMITTEE THE OBJECT OF THEIR ATTACK.

While the senate reception committee still has official life, it has a precarious tenure on existence, and its vitality after yesterday's session of the senate was at a low ebb. There was an attempt, led by Senator Halvorsen, to end its existence yesterday morning, but it was a failure. Senator Halvorsen moved to obrogate rules 68 and 69, which are the essence of the committee, and after considerable discussion and explanation of votes, the motion was lost by a vote of 38 to 20. Having decided to retain the committee the senators turned around and at every opportunity reversed the reports of the reception committee in regard to the indefinite postponement of bills.

Having done this much for the reception committee, the senate started on the reports made by this same committee. First was Senator Stockwell's bill providing that the Social Democratic party should be allowed to change its name to the Socialist party, which had been recommended for indefinite postponement by the committee. The report of the committee was completely overturned. Senator Larson's bill providing that when a change of venue is taken in criminal cases from one county to another, the county in which the case was begun should stand the expense, was taken from the table and referred to the judiciary committee. Senator Schaller's bill, which rovided that cities of a population of 5,000 or less, should not be affected by the primary election laws, was referred to the committee on elections. Senator Snyder's resolution changing the state flower from the "Moccasin" to the "Lady of the Slippers," was taken up and passed.

Chairman Lord, of the reception committee, who had been watching the reports of his committee being buffeted about the senate chamber, arose and said:

"I still have implicit confidence that life exists in the reception committee, and therefore I wish to give notice that there will be a meeting of this committee immediately after adjournment."

The motion was made to adjourn just before the arrival of two messages from the governor. One related to the proposed amendments to the Lord bill, and the other to matters in the office of the public examiner. Neither bill was read, and both were laid on the table. They will be considered by the senate when it convenes at 10 o'clock this morning.

WAITING FOR HOUSE.

Senate Tax Committee Will Defer Action for a Few Days.

The senate tax committee came to the conclusion yesterday afternoon that the tax bill was entirely to large a proposition for any effective consideration on its part, and it will recommend this morning that the bill be placed on general orders of the senate.

The aim of the committee apparently is to have the bill postponed on general orders from day to day until the house will have decided on something definite.

Later the tax committee held an oratorical session, S. P. Childs, real estate owner and banker, being the eloquent one. Mr. Childs adjured the committee to be careful about how it protected urban industries at the expense of the farmers, and assured them that if it did not do so the farmers would make themselves felt in the land in a manner that would be well understood. He maintained that the farmers could make the grass grow in the streets of every city in the country, and he foretold that they might possibly do so if they were not treated properly in regard to taxation. He was much in favor of the present tax code, with whatever amendments the legislators might see fit to tack onto to it, and he wanted it impressed upon the minds of the committee that, although the farmers had not come before the committee for a hearing, as had other interests, they nevertheless were well aware of the import of the bill.

In regard to the exemption clause, he said the less the exemption was the better because it gave every person who paid taxes the dignity of feeling that he was helping to keep up his end of the great American government. He greatly deplored the system of hiding taxable property from the assessor, and on being asked by Senator Stockwell if he knew of any place or any time that this was not the practice, Mr. Childs answered that twenty years ago, when he was an assessor, there was no such thing as "holding out" on the assessor, but that everybody took a pride in paying his just share of the state's burdens.

Senator Stockwell thought he was mistaken about this, and dated the practice back 2,000 years. Senator Miller wanted to know whether that was any reason why the practice should be kept up, and Mr. Childs mournfully admitted that if the practice was that old that there was little hope of reforming the world.

The committee will recommend that Senator Sivright's bill repealing the dog tax law be favorably considered by the senate.

Recommendations for Today.

The judiciary committee will make a favorable recommendation on the following senate bills today:

S. F. 37, Schaller—Relating to sheriff's certificates of sale.

S. F. 38, McCarthy—Legalizing village bonds.

S. F. 39, Larson—Relating to change of venue in criminal cases.

S. F. 32, Ives—Relating to the salaries of judges.

S. F. 29, Smith, E. E.—Relating to insurance.

S. F. 33, McGowan—Proposing a constitutional amendment. Referred to the subcommittee on constitutional law.

S. F. 24, Stockton—Legalizing the conveyance made direct from husband to wife.

S. F. 26, Hawkins—Relating to clerk hire for probate judges.

H. F. 17, Dorsey—Legalizing certain mortgage foreclosures.

The following bills will be recommended for the consideration of the senate by the reception committee:

S. F. 27, Smith, J. H.—Relating to representatives from the Sixtieth district.

S. F. 43, Daly—Relating to county commissioners.

S. F. 44, Brower—Relating to decrees of probate judges.

S. F. 45, Brower—Legalizing certain instruments and records.

The following will be recommended for indefinite postponement:

S. F. 31, McGowan—Providing for the appointment of the members of the railroad and warehouse commission.

S. F. 46, Sweningsen—Relating to public libraries.

Fatal Accident at Mason City.

Special to The Globe.

MASON CITY, Iowa, Feb. 19.—Agnes, the ten-year-old daughter of G. W. Barr, was shot and instantly killed by her brother today. He was cleaning an old shotgun, and did not know it was loaded. Both parents were away from home when the accident occurred.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought
Every One
In the family try it. Count the dots for a $500 piano. Do it today. See page 2.

CONTRACT WORK.

Pave Payne Avenue, From Beaumont Street to North Line of Lawson Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 19, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 2 p. m. on the 3rd day of March, A. D. 1902, for the paving of Payne avenue, from Beaumont street to the north line of Lawson street, in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent, or a certified check on a bank of St. Paul, in a sum of at least ten (10) per cent of the gross amount bid, must accompany each bid. Said check shall be made payable to the Clerk of said Board.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

F. O. HAMMER,
President.

Official: C. H. BRONSON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Feb 20-1902-10t

ROYAL NEIGHBORS OF AMERICA.

Home office, Rock Island. J. W. White, President; Myrtle E. Dode, Secretary. Commenced business March 21, 1895. Attorney to accept service in Minnesota, Insurance Commissioner.

Net assets, December 31, previous year	$19,071.01
INCOME DURING 1901.	
Mortuary and reserve assessments	$375,945.35
Membership and Examiners' Fees	14,530.50
Total paid by members	$390,475.85
From all other sources	1,481.15
Total income	$391,957.00
DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1901.	
Death and permanent disability claims paid	$319,000.00
Return and other payments to members	2,155.85
Total paid to members	$321,155.85
Salaries of officers, employes and examiners' fees	9,490.64
All other disbursements	7,010.06
Total disbursements	$337,656.55
Excess of income over disbursements	$54,300.45
ASSETS.	
Cash in office and in bank	$73,370.46
Assessments in hands of subordinate bodies	37,000.00
Total admitted assets	$110,370.46
Assets not admitted	$1,086.63
LIABILITIES.	
Losses adjusted	$3,000.00
Losses unadjusted	33,000.00
Losses resisted	11,000.00
Total liabilities	$47,000.00
Balance to protect contracts	$63,370.46

EXHIBIT OF CERTIFICATES OR POLICIES, BUSINESS OF 1901.

Total Business—	No.	Amount.
In force Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	49,592	$54,063,000
Written during the year	13,583	15,896,500
Total	63,175	$69,959,500
Ceased during the year	2,463	2,879,500
In force Dec. 31 (end of year)	60,722	$67,080,000
Claims unpaid Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	36	$42,000
Claims incurred during the year	306	329,500
Total	342	$371,500
Claims settled during the year	300	324,500
Unpaid Dec 31 (end of year)	42	$47,000
Business in Minnesota—	**No.**	**Amount.**
In force Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	3827	$4,059,500
Written during the year	1,299	1,456,000
Total	5,126	$5,505,500
Ceased during the year	266	283,500
In force Dec. 31 (end of year)	4,860	$5,222,000
Claims unpaid Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	3	$4,000
Claims incurred during the year	17	18,500
Total	20	$22,500
Claims settled during the year	17	18,500
Unpaid Dec. 31 (end of year)	3	$4,000
Amount collected during year		$29,955.05

State of Minnesota,
Department of Insurance,
St. Paul, Jan. 31, 1902.

Whereas, the Royal Neighbors of America Insurance company, a corporation organized under the laws of Illinois, has fully complied with the provisions of the laws of this state relative to the admission and authorization of insurance companies of its class.

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned Insurance Commissioner, do hereby empower and authorize the said above named Company to transact its appropriate business of Fraternal Insurance in the State of Minnesota, according to the laws thereof, until the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1903, unless said authority be revoked or otherwise legally terminated prior thereto.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at St. Paul, this 31st day of January, A. D. 1902.

ELMER H. DEARTH,
Insurance Commissioner.

CONTRACT WORK.

Sewer on Farrington Avenue.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 8, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 2 p. m. on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1902, for the construction of a sewer on Farrington avenue, from Sherburne avenue to Charles street, in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent, or a certified check on a bank of St. Paul, in a sum of at least ten (10) per cent of the gross amount bid, must accompany each bid. Said check shall be made payable to the Clerk of said Board.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

F. O. HAMMER,
President.

Official: C. H. BRONSON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Feb. 11, 1902-10t.

CONTRACT WORK.

Sewer on George Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 10, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 2 p. m. on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1902, for the construction of a sewer on George street from Winslow avenue to Bidwell street, in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent, or a certified check on a bank of St. Paul, in a sum of at least ten (10) per cent of the gross amount bid, must accompany each bid. Said check shall be made payable to the Clerk of said Board.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

F. O. HAMMER,
President.

Official: C. H. BRONSON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Feb.14-1902-10t

CONTRACT WORK.

Pave South Robert Street From the Bridge Over the Chicago Great Western Railroad Tracks to the South Line of Concord Street and Concord Street From South Robert Street to Ada Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 19th, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 2 p. m. on the 3rd day of March, A. D. 1902, for the paving of South Robert street, from the bridge over the Chicago Great Western Railroad tracks to the south line of Concord street, and Concord street from South Robert street to Ada street, in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent or a certified check on a bank of St. Paul, in a sum of at least ten (10) per cent of the gross amount bid, must accompany each bid. Said check shall be made payable to the Clerk of said Board.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

F. O. HAMMER,
President.

Official: C. H. BRONSON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Feb. 20-1902-10t.

EQUITABLE ACCIDENT COMPANY.

Home office, Boston, Mass. A. C. Smith, President. Organized, Dec. 11, 1891. Commenced business, Jan. 1, 1892. Attorney to Accept Service in Minnesota, Insurance Commissioner.

Net assets, December 31, previous year	$33,062.06
INCOME DURING 1901.	
Membership fees with applications	$6,525.00
Annual dues and expense assessments or premiums	22,418.06
Premiums or assessments for specific or temporary disability benefits	50,422.25
Total paid by members	$79,365.31
From all other sources	1,122.30
Total income	$80,487.61
DUSBURSEMENTS DURING 1901.	
Specific benefit claims, including installments, paid	$12,800.00
Temporary disability benefits and other payments to members	29,847.44
Total paid to members	$42,647.44
Commissions, salaries and expenses of agents and collectors	11,900.94
Salaries of officers and employes	8,816.19
All other disbursements	12,003.76
Total disbursements	$75,368.33
Excess of income over disbursements	$5,119.28
ASSETS.	
Value of real estate, bonds and stocks owned	$13,485.00
Cash in office and in bank	25,072.23
Accrued interest and rents	148.90
Assessments due and unpaid	4,921.00
Specific benefit assessments to become due	6,858.00
Total admitted assets	$50,485.13
Assets not admitted	$3,717.00
LIABILITIES.	
Claims unadjusted and reported	$1,204.00
Claims resisted	10,575.00
Advance assessments and dividend obligations	1,311.25
All other liabilities (not including contingent claims)	230.00
Total actual liabilities	$13,320.25
Balance to protect contracts	$37,164.88

EXHIBIT OF CERTIFICATES OR POLICIES, BUSINESS OF 1901.

Total Business—	No.	Amount.
In force Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	6,439	$21,613,200.00
Written during the year	2,055	1,590,700.00
Total	8,494	$23,203,900.00
Ceased during the year	2,280	5,011,625.00
In force Dec. 31 end of year)	5,914	$18,192,275.00
Claims unpaid Dec. 31 beginning of year)	30	23,387.00
Claims incurred during the year	635	38,694.10
Total	665	$62,081.10
Claims settled during the year	633	50,302.10
Unpaid Dec. 31 (end of year)	32	$11,779.00
Terminated by death or specific benefit during year	3	$10,200.00
Business in Minnesota.	**No.**	**Amount.**
In force Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	296	$653,900.00
Written during the year	47	39,450.00
Total	253	$633,350
Ceased during the year	122	6,400.00
In force Dec. 31 (end of year)	131	$686,950.00
Claims unpaid Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	3	$138.00
Claims incurred during the year	20	1,478.56
Total	23	$1,616.56
Claims settled during the year	21	1,503.56
Unpaid Dec. 31 (end of year)	2	$113.00
Received from members in Minnesota during the year		$2,889.00

State of Minnesota,
Department of Insurance,
St. Paul, Jan. 31, 1902.

Whereas, the Equitable Accident Company, a corporation organized under the laws of Massachusetts, has fully complied with the provisions of the laws of this State, relative to the admission and authorization of insurance companies of its class,

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby empower and authorize the said above named Company to transact its appropriate business of Accident insurance in the State of Minnesota, according to the laws thereof, until the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1903, unless said authority be revoked or otherwise legally terminated prior thereto.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at St. Paul, this 31st day of January, A. D. 1902.

ELMER H. DEARTH,
Insurance Commissioner.

CONTRACT WORK.

Fauquier and Jessie Street Sewer.

Office of the
Board of Public Works,
City of St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 8, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 2 p. m. on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1902, for the construction of a sewer on Fauquier street from Edgerton street to Jessie street, also on Jessie street from Fauquier street to a point 160 feet from Minnehaha street, in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent or a certified check on a bank of St. Paul, in a sum of at least ten (10) per cent of the gross amount bid, must accompany each bid. Said check shall be made payable to the Clerk of said Board

The said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

F. O. HAMMER,
President.

Official: C. H. BRONSON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Feb. 11-1902-10t.

CONTRACT WORK.

Wooden Sidewalks, 1902.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 8, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 2 p. m. on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1902, for the construction, repairing and relaying such wooden sidewalks as may be ordered built, repaired or relaid by the Common Council prior to the first day of November, 1902, in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond to the City of St. Paul in the sum of five thousand ($5,000) dollars, executed by the bidder and two (2) responsible sureties, conditioned that he will enter into and execute a contract to perform the work for the price mentioned in his bid, according to the plans and specifications, in case a contract shall be awarded to him, must accompany each bid. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

F. O. HAMMER,
President.

Official: C. H. BRONSON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Feb. 11, 1902-10t.

CONTRACT WORK.

Sewer on Sherburne Avenue.

Office of the Board of Public Works,
City of St. Paul, Minn., February 8, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Public Works in and for the corporation of the City of St. Paul, Minnesota, at their office in said city, until 2 p. m. on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1902, for the construction of a sewer on Sherburne avenue, from Victoria street to Milton street, in said city, according to plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board.

A bond with at least two (2) sureties in a sum of at least twenty (20) per cent, or a certified check on a bank of St. Paul, in a sum of at least ten (10) per cent of the gross amount bid, must accompany each bid. Said check shall be made payable to the Clerk of said Board.

The said Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

F. O. HAMMER,
President.

Official: C. H. BRONSON,
Clerk Board of Public Works.
Feb. 11-1902-10t.

INDEPENDENT SCANDINAVIAN WORKINGMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

Home office, Eau Claire, Wis. Martin Bergh, President; Peter J. Smith, Secretary. Organized March 2, 1893. Commenced business March 2, 1893. Attorney to accept business in Minnesota, Insurance commissioner:

Net assets, December 31, previous year	$5,522.81
INCOME DURING 1901.	
Dues for expenses	$4,006.15
Mortuary and reserve assessments	16,751.72
Membership and examiners' fees	280.50
Total paid by members	$21,038.37
From all other sources	242.50
Total income	$21,280.87
DISBURSEMENTS DURING 1901.	
Death and permanent disability claims paid	$12,375.02
Total paid to members	$12,375.02
Commissions, salaries and expenses of agents and organizers	814.71
Salaries of officers, employes and examiners' fees	662.13
All other disbursements	2,499.44
Total disbursements	$16,350.70
Excess of income over disbursements	$4,930.17
ASSETS.	
Value of real estate, bonds and stocks owned	$5,000.00
Cash in office and bank	4,406.81
Assessments in hands of subordinate bodies	2,674.70
Total admitted assets	$12,081.51
Assets not admitted	$1,046.17
LIABILITIES.	
Losses adjusted	$2,374.98
Total liabilities	$2,374.98
Balance to protect contracts	$9,706.53

EXHIBIT OF CERTIFICATES OR POLICIES, BUSINESS OF 1901.

Total Business—	No.	Amount.
In force Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	2,386	$2,095,250.00
Written during the year	817	716,750.00
Total	3,203	$2,812,000.00
Ceased during the year	217	210,000.00
In force Dec. 31 (end of year)	2,986	$2,602,000.00
Claims unpaid Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	1	250.00
Claims incurred during the year	15	14,500.00
Total	16	$14,750.00
Claims settled during the year	13	$12,375.02
Unpaid Dec. 31 (end of year	3	$2,374.98
Amount collected during year		$2,265.21
Business in Minnesota—	**No.**	**Amount.**
In force Dec. 31 (beginning of year)	134	$126,000.00
Written during the year	366	153,750.00
Total	500	$279,750.00
Ceased during the year	18	18,000.00
In force Dec. 31 (end of year)	482	$261,750.00

State of Minnesota.
Department of Insurance,
St. Paul, Jan. 31, 1902.

Whereas, the Independent Scandinavian Workingmen's Association, a corporation organized under the laws of Wisconsin, has fully complied with the provisions of the laws of this state relative to the admission and authorization of insurance companies of its class.

Now, therefore, I, the undersigned, Insurance Commissioner, do hereby empower and authorize the said above named company to transact its