CITY NEWS

The Keystone club will hold its annual banquet at the Commercial club this evening.

The meeting of the Teacher's federation will be held at 4:15 this afternoon, in the parlors of the Commercial club.

The Second Ward Improvement association holds its regular monthly meeting at Bates and East Seventh streets, this evening.

Fred Lucier, a laborer, twenty-seven years old, was arrested last night by Officer O'Neil for the alleged larceny of some old iron.

There will be a meeting of the Robert A. Smith and Hinkins club in the Knights of Labor hall at Sycamore street and Park avenue this evening. The speakers are to be Thomas McDermott, Ald. D. L. Murphy and F. L. McGhee.

Mrs. Sarah Willoughby, wife of John Willoughby, of St. Paul Park, died yesterday morning at the advanced age of seventy-four years. The funeral will be held from the residence at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

John Ewald, twenty-three years old, fell on the sidewalk at Seventh and Jackson streets about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, and was taken to the city hospital. He was unconscious when picked up, and did not come to for some time after he had reached the hospital.

Albert H. Schuler, twenty-five years old, son of M. C. Schuler, died at his home, 772½ East Seventh street, early yesterday morning. The funeral will be held from the German Lutheran church, Margaret and Hope streets, at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The explosion of a lamp at the home of James Meenahan, 94 Eaton avenue, about 3 o'clock yesterday morning, caused the family to make a hasty exit in scanty clothing, and damaged the contents of the residence about $200, while the building suffered a loss of $50, covered by insurance.

Mrs. Maria Giesmann, wife of August Giesmann, a territorial pioneer, died Saturday at her home in Rosetown. Mrs. Giesmann come to her home in Minnesota in 1855 and lived in Ramsey county until her death. She leaves a daughter, Mrs. Louis Gluek. The funeral will take place from the residence at Rosetown tomorrow afternoon.

BEATING ALL RECORDS.

Whenever the American people find a thing of merit, absolute genuine merit, they appreciate it, and never hesitate to make liberal use of it. It is merit that counts for the enormous sale of Cascarets—over ten million boxes last year. It is the best bowel and liver regulator in the world and sells at prices that suit everybody—10c, 25c and 50c a box, put up in tablet form, and every tablet stamped "C.C.C." There is no waste. Cascarets are easy to take and are sold by the makers under an absolute guarantee to refund the money if Cascarets do not prove satisfactory. A 50c box is enough for a whole month's treatment for the worst case. We urge every sufferer to give Cascarets an immediate trial.

PROGRAMME FOR QUIET DAY.

Bishop Edsall Will Conduct Services at St. John's Church.

The annual "quiet day" will be conducted by Bishop Edsall in St. John's church, tomorrow. The programme will be as follows:

10:30 a. m.—Holy Communion.
11:30 a. m.—Introductory address—"Our Cause."
12:00 noon—Prayers for missions and litany.
12:30 to 1:30 p. m.—Intermission for luncheon.
1:30 p. m.—Hymn and collects.
1:45 p. m.—First meditation—"Our Motives for zeal."
2:30 p. m.—Hymn, collects and silent prayer.
2:45 p. m.—Second meditation—"Our Love in Doing."
3:30 p. m.—Hymn, collects and silent prayer.
3:45 p. m.—Closing address—"Via Crucis."
4:00 p. m.—Hymn, closing prayers and benediction.

Luncheon will be served by the ladies of the parish.

Deposits made on or before March 3 at The State Savings Bank, Germania Life Bldg., 4th and Minn. Sts., will be entitled to 4 months' interest July 1.

1c a Ride on Street Cars.

Call at Twin City Coupon Co., 220 Germania Life building, St. Paul.

BEST BY TEST!

The Best System,
The Best Equipment,
The Best Construction,

Enable us to give the *Best Service* and at lowest rates.

$2.50 Per Month for Residence.
$4.00 Per Month for Business.

Test It for Yourself.

Twin City Telephone Co.
515 Pheonix Building

CHINESE WAKING UP

REV. W. T. HOBART, OF PEKIN, TELLS OF PROGRESS IN CELESTIAL EMPIRE

UPRISING DID MUCH GOOD

Late Unpleasantness Has Shown the People Folly of Cherishing Fossilized Traditions of Antiquity.

"The Boxer uprising in China has done more to advance the cause of Christianity and Western civilization in that exclusive country in the short time since it has closed than would have been accomplished in fifty years under the old routine way," said Rev. W. T. Hobart, of Pekin, China, in an address at the First M. E. church last night. "When the dowager empress returned to Pekin after the revolution she was so ready to show her change of attitude toward the foreigners that she bowed to a company of newspaper reporters at the depot when the royal party left the train. She has since invited the wives of the foreign ministers to visit her in the palace, and the indication is that she is now ready to lend her aid to the introduction of Western civilization in the exclusive empire of the Orient.

"This change of attitude is not exclusively in the royal household, but thousands of the subjects are coming out and expressing their approval of the innovation of the progressive idea. A missionary in the western part of China says that he has sold more books and tracts and met more anxious inquirers at the mission headquarters in the last six months than he did in the previous eighteen years that he labored among that people. They now feel that they are safe in coming out boldly in expressing their approval of the new idea, as the imperial household is also in sympathy with it."

"When the revolution was in existence, the Chinese government did all it could to spread abroad the idea that it was entirely an uprising among the people, for which it was not responsible. This was as far from the truth as it is possible for anything to be. The government issued an appropriation of $70,000 for the support of the boxers, as well as 100,000 sacks of rice for its sustenance. When the edict which was issued by the government forbidding any molestation of the property of the foreigners, and especially with the missions, was given out, it was shown to the missionaries with the view of convincing them that the frequent minor uprisings were not countenanced by the government. I have information that this edict was also accompanied by a secret missive which had the effect of nullifying it and leading the people to believe that the Boxer movement was encouraged by the imperial family."

The attitude of the government during the siege of Pekin was enough to convince anyone who witnessed those scenes, as was my lot, to conclude that the government was back of the uprising, and was exercising no power to put it down. The German minister was shot on the streets of the city by an officer in the Chinese army, and the imperial troops fired on the missionaries. These things are certainly evidence of the fact that the government was really in sympathy with the movement to drive all foreigners from the country."

Mr. Hobart was in Pekin during the siege, and has been in China for over twenty years. His work as a missionary has taken him in various parts of the domain, and his experience gives him an opportunity to speak on Chinese conditions with intelligence. He predicts a promising future for the country, and expects to see within a few years a great change in the civilization of the country.

Cold, Damp Feet Won't Give You a Cold

If you will take in time Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

Melodious Bells for Hoboken.

Health inspectors in Hoboken will hereafter have to qualify as musical experts as a new ordinance in that city gives peddlers, vendors and junkmen privilege to use not more than three bells, each to be no larger than two inches in length, and they can only use them between 8 a. m. and 8 p. m., but are prohibited from passing any hospital or school with them ringing. Cowbells are restricted, the ordinance prescribing that only "cast iron bells", which sound, can be used. Another new ordinance prohibits owners of houses from placing paper on the walls without first removing the old paper.—New York Times.

500 union men wanted daily by Adam Fetsch, 127 East Fifth street, to smoke "Wm. Windom" 5-cent union-made cigars. Try them. You'll like them.

Unreliable Brand.

Castleton—What's the matter with Clubberley's automobile? It seems a little wild.

Fittleton—He got caught in the country where there was no gasoline and had to use drug store whisky.—Judge.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY POPULAR HOMESEEKERS' AND SETTLERS' EXCURSIONS.

Three Series of Cheap Rates.

1st. Round-trip tickets to points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

2nd. One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

3rd. One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th and 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $6.000 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

Full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., from any Great Northern Railway agent, or F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.

KILLED AT CROSSING

MRS. ANNA KORSENO IS FATALLY INJURED EARLY YESTERDAY MORNING

STRUCK BY A FREIGHT TRAIN

Attempted to Cross Tracks at West Seventh Street and Did Not Observe Approaching Locomotive.

Mrs. Anna Korseno, forty-three years old, and living with her daughter, Mrs. George Gajewski, at 445 St. Clair street, was struck by a Milwaukee train at the short line crossing on West Seventh street, about 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning, and died from her injuries a few minutes later, while being taken to the city hospital. Coroner A. W. Miller was called, and is investigating the matter.

Mrs. Korseno's husband left her some time ago after a family quarrel, and is now supposed to be in Milwaukee. Since then she has been living with one of her married daughters, Mrs. Gajewski, at 445 St. Clair street. One of the daughter's children was taken sick Saturday night, and shortly after 2 o'clock Mrs. Korseno dressed and started for the home of another married daughter, Mrs. Meyer, living at 304 Colburne street, to see if she had some medicine that they could give the child. She had to cross the Milwaukee tracks at West Seventh and Colburne streets, and when she arrived there the gates were down and a train was coming. The watchman at the crossing claims that the gates were down, and that when he saw her coming he waved his lantern and called to her, but she did not seem to take heed. She passed in under the gates and was struck by the train and knocked into a ditch. The city hospital was notified and Dr. McCloud went to the scene. He found the woman still alive, and had her removed to the hospital, but she died on the way. It was found that she had been injured on the head and some bones were broken. She was also thought to have been injured internally. Death was due to shock.

The physicians found $85 on her, and this was turned over to the daughter by Coroner A. W. Miller yesterday. The family did not know of her sad death until early yesterday morning. Mrs. Korseno was born in Russia, and had lived in St. Paul for about twelve years. The remains were turned over to a local undertaker.

LOOK LONG WAY AHEAD

ST. PAUL ENDEAVORERS PREPARING FOR STATE CONVENTION.

President Larson, of the St. Paul Christian Endeavor union, has announced the following executive committee to have charge of the arrangements for the state convention to be held in this city next October: J. E. Frisby, chairman; M. B. Jarnigan, George M. Brack, Alexander Nicoll.

A meeting of this committee has already been held and plans made to keep the coming convention a live issue before the endeavorer's of the city throughout the spring and summer.

The St. Paul union intends by early and continued effort to insure the entire success of the state convention of 1902.

Below is a list of the subcommittee chairmen, as appointed by the president: Finance, E. J. Veith; entertainment, J. C. Simonton; decoration, Miss Eleanor Genshaw; reception, Miss Nina Whitman; registration, Ira C. Oehler; recreation, Alex Nicholl; press and advertising, W. D. Howell; pulpit supply, Rev. Murdock McLeod.

Inquiries regarding the convention itself or the preparations for it may be addressed to J. E. Frisby, 561 Grand avenue, or to the union's secretary, Miss Nellie Spencer, 817 Marshall avenue.

DIES IN WASHINGTON

MOTHER OF MESDAMES D. R. AND C. P. NOYES PASSES AWAY.

Mrs. Winthrop S. Gilman, the mother of Mrs. Daniel R. Noyes and Mrs. Charles P. Noyes, of this city, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. R. Davenport, in Washington, D. C., yesterday. The funeral service will be held on Wednesday at the Brick Presbyterian church, New York. Of this church Mr. and Mrs. Gilman were for many years members.

For several years, from 1890 to 1899, Mrs. Gilman and her daughter, Miss Alice Ives Gilman, were residents of St. Paul, and had many friends here, who will remember Mrs. Gilman's charm of person and character, and her unfailing interest in church and charitable work.

Mrs. Gilman was the daughter of Rev. Thomas Lippincott, a well known missionary of Illinois, and married in 1834 Mr. Winthrop S. Gilman, then of Alton, Ill. They removed in 1849 to New York, and most of their married life was spent in that city, where Mr. Gilman established the banking house of Gilman, Son & Co. Mr. Gilman was prominent in the Presbyterian church, and widely known in connection with his plan for systematic benevolence, and as chairman of the seven million memorial fund committee.

After Mr. Gilman's death, in 1884, Mrs. Gilman lived for a few years in Colorado Springs, Col., and came from thence to St. Paul. For the past three years her home has been in Washington, with her daughter, Mrs. Davenport.

Monday, March 3, is the last day on which deposits can be received by institutions doing business under the savings bank law of the state as amended and allow four months' interest July 1. The State Savings Bank is open Monday evenings from 6 to 8, in addition to the usual business hours.

TANK DID NOT EXPLODE

GASOLINE RESERVOIR OF CLEVELAND VAPOR CO. SCORCHED.

A shed inclosing a gasoline supply tank belonging to the Cleveland Vapor Light company, at Livingstone avenue and Concord street, was almost totally destroyed by fire about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The tank, which contained gasoline, did not explode, and the damage will not amount to very much. The lighting company recently secured a contract for lighting certain districts of St. Paul and have been building tank sheds in different parts of the city. Some boys were seen in the vicinity of the shed a short time prior to the blaze, and it is thought they started the fire.

FIREMAN'S EYES INJURED.

Melvin Montgomery Meets Painful Accident While Oiling Locomotive.

Melvin Montgomery, a fireman in the employ of the Northern Pacific railroad, was painfully injured about 9 o'clock last night while in the act of oiling his engine. One of the oil valves broke and he was struck in the face. Both eyes were painfully injured but it is not feared that he will lose his sight. The injured man was taken to his home, 462 Hopkins street and later was removed to St. Luke's hospital. He was attended by Dr. Fulton.

For Her Sake.

"I never was so happy," said the new benedict. "I tell you, marriage has made a different man of me."

"I'm glad to hear it," said his rival, "for your wife's sake."—Philadelphia Press.

MEMORIAL FOR GILBERT

ANNIVERSARY OF BISHOP'S DEATH OBSERVED AT CHRIST CHURCH.

Morning service at Christ church yesterday was characterized by memorial observance of the day as the second anniversary of the death of Rt. Rev. M. N. Gilbert, late bishop coadjutor of the diocese of Minnesota and for some years rector of Christ church.

The exercises consisted of the litany and holy communion service, as would have been usual; but, contrary to lenten custom, the altar hangings were white, and the bishop's chair was decorated, as at the time of the funeral of Bishop Gilbert, with purple ribbons and white flowers.

The subject chosen by the rector, C. D. Andrews, for his sermon was: "A Correct Creed for a Correct Life," and his discourse treated of positiveness of the faith as illustrated by the life and teachings of Bishop Gilbert.

As an offeratory hymn, Mrs. J. L. Snapp sang "There Is a Green Hill Far Away." Other hymns which were selected because they were favorites with Bishop Gilbert were: "My Faith Looks Up to Thee" and "For All Thy Saints Who from Their Labor Rest." The prayers were chosen for their appropriateness to the memorial occasion.

ROAD TO SUCCESS

DANIEL R. NOYES ADDRESSES Y. M. C. A. ON YOUNG MAN IN BUSINESS

PATIENCE AND APPLICATION

Success Cannot Be Withheld From One Who Is Conscientious and Anxious to Master Details of His Work.

Daniel R. Noyes, of the firm of Noyes Bros. & Cutler, delivered the address before the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon on the subject of "The Young Man in Business." The Globe Business college orchestra furnished the music.

Mr. Noyes spoke in part as follows: "When a man fails in business everybody says that he lacks the element of success. Just what this element is I am not able to say, neither do I know of any one who has been able to explain it. But there seems to be an element of success that man must possess in order to succeed in life. Some men say that they do not have the talent for success but this is not true for every man has the talent if it is directed in the proper way."

"In a discussion of the way to win success the question naturally arises, 'Is there anything in luck?' I must affirm that there is something beyond the control of the individual that has a great deal to do with the success that he makes in life. This is luck. It may come to him in any form, as physical disability and the like. It frequently happens that a man has some physical disability which he may consider to be a burden and yet it is often a thing that helps him in his battle with life. President Elliot of Harvard once told a friend that the birth mark which he has on the side of his face made him president of the great university.

"I would advise the young man who goes into business to have a conscience. It is necessary for business success but it is sometimes quite inconvenient. If a man is not honest both to himself and to others his chances for success are limited and once he fails he is lost. The Bible says the righteous man falleth seven times and rises again. The righteous man can fall but once for then his character is gone and he has nothing left.

"One of the frequent causes of failure in business life is the lack of patient continuance in well doing. A man is so apt to get discouraged when he compares his own slow gains with the brilliant successes made by others. He should remember that to make a success of his business he must be patient and contented with small gains until he wins success. I would in this connection also caution against continuing in business after it is evident that it is not profitable. It is wrong, and is apt to lead to disagreeable conditions if not to crime.

"To the young man who is working for a salary I would say be willing to do more than is expected of you. Do not say that you are not hired to do these things and refuse to do them. In my own office the man I would select for promotion is the one who is willing to do all he can whether it is expected of him or not. Be willing to work hard and get ready for the step above you as soon as possible.

"A great deal has been said about debt, and many have cautioned young men not to go into debt. Now debt and credit is the basis of all commercial transaction, and every business man must go into debt to a certain degree. Instead of warning the young man against going into debt, I would warn him against going too deeply into it. He must use his credit to a certain extent, but he should never abuse it.

"Take care of your health, be independent, acquire habits of industry and self-denial, know the value of time and money and learn the details of your business, and you will be successful."

Deposits made on or before March 5, will receive one month's interest on April 1. Security Trust Company, N. Y. Life Bldg.

TEAM HAD A BRISK RUN.

Horses Attached to Creamery Wagon Create Some Excitement.

A team attached to a Crescent creamery wagon ran away on the Robert street bridge about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and was caught by Officer Johnson, of the Ducas police station, almost in front of the station. The team was driven by a boy named Mann, seventeen years old, and when on the bridge the bolt came out of the whippletree. The horses became frightened, and started to run. The boy held on to the lines and was dragged about 100 yards before he let go. He escaped with a few slight bruises. The wagon was left on the bridge, and was not damaged.

GET MAD

When Friends Tell the Truth.

Many people become coffee topers before they realize it, and would be angry if thus described even by a close friend.

It will pay any one to examine carefully into whether or not coffee has gained the mastery over them. A coffee toper may suspect that his or her ails come from coffee drinking, but they will invariably charge the disease to some other cause, for right down in the heart they realize that it would be practically impossible to give up coffee, so they hope against hope, that it does not hurt them, but it goes on with its work just the same, and the result is complete collapse and nervous prostration, lasting sometimes for years, unless the poison that causes the disease is discontinued.

There are hundreds of thousands of illustrations of the truth of this statement.

Any person addicted to coffee can make the change from common coffee to Postum Food Coffee without trouble provided Postum is properly prepared so as to bring out the color, flavor, and food value. It has a rich black brown color and changes to the golden brown when good cream is added.

The change will work wonders in any one whose nervous system or stomach has been unbalanced or disturbed by coffee.

WILL GREET PRINCE

GOVERNOR AND MINNESOTA DELEGATION LEAVE FOR MILWAUKE TONIGHT

FULL TEXT OF THE ADDRESS

Audience Is to Be Granted Minnesotans Tuesday—Advance Guard Started Last Night for Beer City.

The committee of the German-American Central Bund, which will go to Milwaukee to convey to Prince Henry the greetings of the German-American citizens of Minnesota, will leave on a special car this evening. Gov. Van Sant and a portion of his staff and a number of representative German-Americans of the Twin Cities will accompany the party. The committee from the Central Bund is as follows: H. J. Nienstedt, president; Otto Keuffner, H. J. Hadbruch, A. Hanft and Julius Moersch.

Following is the text of the message of greeting which will be presented by the committee:

Your Royal Highness: In the name of the 50,000 residents of German descent of the city of St. Paul, we extend to you a hearty welcome to our new home.

Millions of hearts through which German blood pulsates are joined with us today in this greeting to an illustrious scion of the house of Hohenzollern, the representative of the emperor of the German people and of the German empire.

Will your royal highness assure his majesty, your brother, that we ever think of our fatherland with the deepest love, and that we pray to God to unite our old fatherland and our new home in the firm bonds of friendship.

The party will arrive in Milwaukee Tuesday, and on that day will be granted an audience with the prince.

P. J. Giesen and wife left for Milwaukee last evening to be present at the reception, and it is expected that F. W. Bergmeier, who has been in New York, will arrive in Milwaukee in time to attend.

THINK IT TOO HARSH

SOUTH CAROLINA HURT AT WAY TILLMAN AND M'LAURIN WERE TREATED

REGRET THE INCIDENT DEEPLY

It Is Felt That Both President and Senate Might Have Been More Lenient Under the Circumstances.

Charles E. Roche, assistant manager of the Southern Shipping company, of Charleston, S. C., was in St. Paul yesterday on his way to the Pacific coast, where he goes to look after shipping matters in which his concern is interested. Mr. Roche has a personal acquaintance with both Senator Tillman and Senator McLaurin, and he feels deeply pained that they should have had a personal conflict on the floor of the senate, as it has placed the state in a delicate position. While he is willing to admit that the encounter was entirely out of place and an insult to the dignity of the senate, nevertheless he believes that the subsequent action of the senate and the president was not proper. According to Mr. Roche, the feeling is running high in South Carolina, and the people feel bitterly toward President Roosevelt, whose attitude they consider to be a direct slap at the state.

"The people of South Carolina regret more than any other that their representatives in the senate should have so far forgotten both their dignity and that of the senate as to indulge in a brawl, and had the senate and the president treated the affair in the proper spirit, the reproval of the people of the state would have been an ample reprimand for the conduct of both the senators. As it is now, a number are almost ready to glorify either of them, and some even both.

"Of course, I am only speaking from my own observation, which may be more or less erroneous. It was the one topic of Charleston at the time, and every person with whom I conversed apparently held the same opinion in regard to the matter. We consider the suspension of our senators as entirely erroneous and unjust to the state which they represented. From a broader standpoint, we think that we can see where, had the suspension not been revoked, a dangerous precedent would have been established, that would in all probability have resulted seriously in the future. If the suspension had been continued, South Carolina would have been without a voice in the senate, and it would not have been possible for us to send new representatives there, as we could have done had the been expelled.

"Then again, if a majority of the senate wanted to suspend enough members to pass a measure, I do not doubt but a way could be found, had the precedent once been established, and it is very easy to foresee what might be the result if the majority was unscrupulous in its methods.

"We are perfectly willing that Senators Tillman and McLaurin should be reprimanded severely for their conduct to any extent that will not infringe upon the constitutional right of our state to have its vote in the senate. Further than that we are not willing to go.

"The withdrawal of the invitation to Senator Tillman by the president was an unfortunate affair, in my opinion, in view the fact that the president had been specially invited to South Carolina for an occasion of great importance to the state. We were all looking forward with great pleasure to the visit of the chief executive of the nation, but as affairs have turned out, in my opinion, it is doubtful whether it will be advisable for President Roosevelt to be present, as the reception he would receive would not be what it ought to be. I don't want it understood that he would be subjected to anything like insult, or of an insulting character. That would be the last thing the citizens of Charleston would do, but I do believe that their reception will be cool to an embarrassing degree under the present circumstances. Of course this sentiment is not universal, as there are some people of the same political party as the president, who would do their utmost to make his sojourn in South Carolina as pleasant as possible, but I think the majority do not feel at all friendly toward President Roosevelt."

Fire Caused an Early Rising.

The home of Leo Pinkis, 159 Eva street, was damaged about $175 by fire shortly before 7 o'clock yesterday morning. The loss is covered by insurance. During the night one of the family, in putting wood in the stove, happened to put in a stick of wood that was too large for the stove. It took some time to get it out, when it was thrown outside. The burning ember was thrown too close to the house, however, with the result that it ignited the residence, and the family were forced to get up a little earlier than usual yesterday morning.

Pole Murders Wife's Paramour.

Special to the Globe.

WEST PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T., March 2.—Albert Grachak was shot and instantly killed this evening. Deceased was playing cards with Mrs. Walaschoik in his house. This woman was living with the deceased, and her husband has been arrested and charged with the crime. The shot was fired through a window and struck the victim's head. Walschoik is in jail and an inquest takes place Monday. All the interested parties are Poles and moved here from the United States last fall.

In the Game of Life Hearts are Trump.

"Leading Cards" or "Long Suit" may get a Trick Now or Then but Without good Trumps You Can't Win.

When Bobby Burns sang:

"The heart aye's the part aye
That makes us right or wrang."

he referred to the mythical seat of the emotions, but the lines are quite applicable to the bundle of muscles that every moment of our lives pumps the blood current throughout our bodies and only entirely rests with that long sleep that knows no waking.

The heart, so small that a cat could eat it at one meal, forcing the blood stream around its current moves approximately about two barrels of blood every hour, or nearly six tons of blood each day, averaging more than a beat each second from before the infant draws the first breath to the last sigh of departing life.

When the heart ceases to labor animation, warmth and life itself, soon departs. How expedient then it becomes that we keep this faithful slave, that works night and day that we may live, in the best possible condition—that we remove influences that will derange, weaken or embarrass it.

Real or organic diseases of the heart are always dangerous and frequently fatal. Fortunately most disturbances noticed in and about the heart are functional, usually reflex or sympathetic ills, that will disappear as soon as their exciting cause, which is most frequently stomach trouble, is righted.

Organic or structural heart disease is difficult and many times even impossible to cure, but functional disturbances of a sympathetic or reflex nature are easy to cure. Functional wrongs, which are easy to cure, may if neglected eventually induce organic disease that is both exceedingly dangerous and difficult to cure, therefore the wise will seek early relief for every disturbance they may notice about the heart.

Three-fourths of all cases of disturbed heart function are due to stomach trouble and may be entirely cured by taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals.

Branches of the same nerves (the sympathetic and the pneumogastric nerve) go to both heart and stomach and through this nerve supply the two organs are in close sympathy. Any unnatural irritation about the stomach may through sympathy by nerve connection produce a reflex disturbance of the heart characterized by either pain, oppression, irregularity, palpitation or fluttering, momentary stopping—the missing of one or more beats, etc.

Another way poor digestion may cause heart disturbances is because the gas due to the fermentation of partially digested food so distends the stomach as to cause pressure on the heart and interfere with its freedom of action. In this condition there may be a sensation of heaviness and oppression, short breath, smothered sensation and weak action of the heart, to which may be added any of the symptoms of sympathetic or reflex nervous disturbance.

Again the products of decomposition due to insufficient digestion, being absorbed into the blood poison the heart as indeed they do every other organ they reach.

This shows the wisdom of attending to the stomach whenever heart disturbance is noticed. For this purpose the most convenient, economical and efficient remedy is Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, as they can be obtained at every drug store for 50 cents a box, are easy to carry and take and will effectually correct every form of faulty digestion.

It is time enough to consult a heart specialist when you find Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets haven't removed all the symptoms of heart disturbance you experience. For functional wrongs of the heart you will find, in over seven cases in ten, that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are all the medicine you need.

Dr. Jennison says:—"Nine-tenths of the people who apply to me for treatment for various ailments I find on close examination have stomach trouble. For such patients I have but one prescription. I tell them to go to the nearest drug store for a 50 cent box of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and take a tablet before and after each meal. So great is my confidence in the preparation that if they do not cure I know of nothing that will."

Dr. Hartzman states that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets cure dyspepsia and weak stomachs because they digest whatever wholesome food is taken into the stomach. They do not act on the bowels like cathartics but by digesting the food thoroughly and quickly giving the stomach a chance to rest and recover its natural strength which it will invariably do after a course of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

BIG LUMBER SUIT

COMMONWEALTH COMPANY ASKED TO PAY $30,000 TO FEDERAL AUTHORITIES

CUT GOVERNMENT TIMBER

District Attorney Purdy Says Congress Alone Can Delegate Authority to Cut Green Timber.

United States District Attorney M. D. Purdy returned yesterday from the East, after a week's absence on official business with the attorney general at Washington.

Mr. Purdy's visit to the national capital was at the request of Attorney General Knox, in relation to the suit of the government against the Commonwealth Lumber company, of Frazee, Minn., the principal owners being Ray W. Jones and Thomas H. Shevlin. This suit is to be tried at the present term of court, and is for the illegal cutting of about 1,000,000 feet of green timber on the White Earth reservation, under the dead and down timber act of 1897.

During the past year this lumber company entered into a contract with the then Indian agent, Mercer, for the purchase of 13,000,000 feet of logs on that reservation. Agent Mercer hired the Indians to go on the reservation and cut the logs, but later inspectors reported that 1,000,000 feet of green timber, other than boom sticks and the timber from the roadways that was allowed to be cut in getting to the dead and down timber had been cut.

The Commonwealth settled for this amount at about $5 additional per thousand, but subsequently it reached the ears of Commissioner of Indian Affairs W. A. Jones that instead of 1,000,000 there had been 8,000,000 feet cut of green timber. Timber inspectors were sent from Wisconsin, and they found the reports true.

The defendant lumber company demurred to the decision of the authorities and to the payment of the $5 additional per thousand, or about $30,000.

United States District Attorney Purdy made the point that neither the secretary of the interior, the commissioner of Indian affairs, or any one else had the right to delegate this power of cutting government green timber, or to make such a settlement, that power alone being vested in congress. That was the ruling that had been made in the Pine River Lumber company case, and Mr. Purdy in a long communication to the attorney general outlined his views in the pending case.

After a consultation with the secretary of the interior, commissioner of Indian affairs, chief of the land office and the attorney general, Mr. Purdy's views have been accepted, and he has returned to fight the case along those lines. It the dead and down act of 1897 this cutting of dead and down has been placed under the supervision of the secretary of the interior, and the power delegated in the order named to the commissioner of Indian affairs, and the reservation agent, with certain rules and regulations.

There is another illegal timber cutting case of the government against E. W. Bacus, calling for the payment of $33,000 for 5,000,000 feet cut on government land. Mr. Purdy has been to Toledo, Ohio, while East, and taken the deposition of a former government timber inspector, named Le Seur, which he will use in fighting this case.

As soon as he arrived, Mr. Purdy went directly to his office, and there began preparing the papers in the habeas corpus case of Francis S. Mayer, which comes up before Judge Lochren today.

THE GRIP FOLLOWS THE SNOW

It can be prevented and the worst cases cured in two days by taking Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

May Shine by Contrast.

Joe—I paid $25 to get into that volume of "Great Americans."

Billy—Well?

Joe—All I got was half a column alongside of a man who is the most notorious humbug in our country.—Detroit Free Press.

MILLER HAS DOUBTS

AS TO WISDOM OF SUBMITTING CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS AT THIS TIME

ITS EFFECT ON THE TAX CODE

Any Amendments Proposed Will Be Defeated, Says Rock County Senator, and Will Retard Tax Legislation.

A great many of the members of the legislature do not think very much of the proposition to submit constitutional amendments to the people before passing a tax code of any kind. This argument will be used in the senate debate undoubtedly. The opponents of the bill who do not care to oppose the measure openly would do so on the ground that the proper procedure is to give the people a chance first by submitting constitutional amendments. Senator Miller, of Rock county, declares this to be not only a subterfuge, but a most impractical method. He does not believe that it will result in any progress of tax legislation whatever. He says:

"In considering the proposition to postpone the passage of the tax code until the proposed constitutional amendments can be adopted, we must reckon with the difficulties which stand in the way of amending the constitution. The fact is well known, of course, that under an amendment adopted several years ago, no amendment can be adopted unless the vote cast in favor of it is a majority of the highest number of votes cast at that election. The fact is noteworthy that since the adoption of the amendment mentioned, every amendment submitted has been defeated. Even so popular and meritorious an amendment as that which provided for increasing the amount of state school funds which may be loaned to school districts and municipalities failed of adoption. It may be said, therefore to be reasonably certain that any amendment to which there is even slight opposition will be defeated. Under these conditions even though public sentiment should be strongly aroused there would be but meager ground for hope that the proposed amendments in relation to taxation would be adopted. The one thing that might justify the expectation of better results at the next election is the law passed at the last session which provides that the constitutional amendments shall be placed at the head of the ballot."

What We Are Coming To.

"Looky here!" said the Chronic Grabber, "where's the rest of my Sunday Jaundice? I only got the fourteen news sections, the automobile, moth ball, spiritualistic, divorce and comic obituary sections, the free cremation coupon, popular song, lithographed chart of a drunkard's stomach, working plans of an ancient catapult, and a package of sachet powder. I'm shy the Pullman car section, three grand prize offers, diary of a chronic murderer, key to the humorous supplement, book of cigarette papers, water color portrait of Anneka Jans, illustrated map of Cambodia and the appendix and errata."—Life.

Clearance.

First Bulgarian Bandit—The chief has cut the ransom to $1.00.

Second Bulgarian Bandit—Yes, his idea is to close out all the missionaries on hand, to make room for new stock, I'm told.—New York Sun.

WE Sell, Rent, Repair and Exchange
Typewriters

We sell Tabulating Attachments.
We sell Typewriter Supplies.
We sell Typewriter Furniture.
We furnish Stenographers and Operators. . . . . .

Can We Serve You?

Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict
327 Broadway, New York
94 East Fourth St., St. Paul.