

SPAIN, TOO, HAS CRANKS

One Injects a Jar Into Ceremonies Incident to King Alfonso's Accession

WOULD MARRY INFANTA

YOUNG MAN NOT REGARDED DANGEROUS, FOR ALL THAT HE WRITES LOVE POEMS

DISPLAY PROPERLY POMPOUS

But Little Enthusiasm Aroused by Parade-Ceremonies in Chamber of Deputies and Church.

MADRID, May 17.—The splendid ceremonies in connection with the attaining of his majority by King Alfonso today were attended by an incident which, for the moment, created considerable excitement among those who witnessed it, and in the chamber of deputies, where the story first arrived, in a more sensational form than the facts warranted.

Just as the royal coach emerged from the Plaza de Armas into the square in front of the palace, amid the sound of cannon, Jose Puga, a young man among the sightseers behind the cordon, suddenly pushed through the ranks of soldiers and police and rushed toward the door of the chariot, with his hat in one hand and holding in the other a paper. Before he reached the door the state lackeys and equerries hurried to the scene and quickly overpowered him, though not before the disturber had received a severe mauling.

The prisoner was taken to the guard room of the palace, where he was interrogated. The letter he had in his hand proved to be an address to the king, stating that the Infanta Maria Teresa, who was with the king in the royal coach, had promised him her hand, and begging the king, as the brother of the Infanta, to accede to the marriage.

Carried No Weapon. The prisoner was carefully searched, and it was found that he carried no weapon. His remarks regarding the Infanta Maria Teresa left no doubt as to his mental condition.

He had in a pocket a piece of poetry in which he declared his love of the Infanta Maria Teresa.

On arriving at the chamber the king whispered to the president of the house, and the latter turned pale. When the king entered the hall the president said to those present:

"Be assured: A madman or a miscreant has attempted an outrage on the king. Happily no damage was done. The criminal was arrested."

The whole assembly burst out into a frantic and prolonged ovation. Beautiful waltzes followed this, the central day of the fete. At an early hour all the bands of music of the troops composing the garrison marched through the principal streets, playing lively marches, to the royal palace, where they performed beneath the windows of the king's apartments.

The Royal Procession was formed on the plaza de Armas, in front of the palace, shortly after 2 p. m., and proceeded to the cathedral of Seville, where in the presence of the senators and deputies, the king took the oath to uphold the constitution. The procession was a spectacle of mediæval magnificence. Great crowds, on horseback, opened the march. They were followed by four buglers and cymbal players from the royal stables, whose horses were led by grooms on foot; four mace bearers on four horses, with Oriental trappings, led by hand; two of the king's riding horses, two of the queen's recent riding horses, ready saddled, led by grooms, and six other royal horses, covered with handsome velvet and clothes of red, blue, green and yellow, embroidered with armorial bearings in gold and silver.

Then came twelve of the principal outsiders, who directly preceded a line of quaint historical coaches, emblazoned with armorial bearings and embellished with massive gilt ornamentation. The coachmen and the ostlers, in brilliant Lewis XIV. liveries and the trappings of the horses were of the most gorgeous description. The first vehicle, bronze colored, drawn by five black horses, was occupied by four masters at arms. After it came the so-called Paris coach, occupied by the court chamberlains and

Continued on Ninth Page.

DAY'S NEWS SUMMARIZED

Weather for St. Paul and Vicinity—Showers; showers Monday and cooler.

WASHINGTON—Congressmen Heatwole and McCleary are at loggerheads over a fish hatchery. President Roosevelt gives up the Cuban reciprocity fight and will not call an extra session this year.

Heavy roses are returned at Arlington, President Roosevelt speaking at the grave. The provisions of Admiral Sampson's will are made public.

The itinerary of the seventeen-year locusts, which are beginning to appear, is announced by government entomologists.

FOREIGN—King Alfonso of Spain is crowned and a lunatic causes a sensation by claiming the infanta in marriage. Sufficient supplies for Martinique sufferers are on the way and the United States government will suspend its efforts in this direction.

China and the powers are not able to agree on the amount of indemnity to be paid, owing to the low silver rate.

DOMESTIC—The names of the first Cuban cabinet are announced. Four white men and three negroes are killed and others wounded at Atlanta as the result of negro desperadoes resisting arrest.

Many men in other lines have been rendered idle by the coal tie-up which is complete. Judge Tuley, of Chicago, discussing the tariff, says he would dynamite all the custom houses.

W. S. Gray is arrested upon his release from Stillwater for attempting to shoot Chief of Police Murphy, of Fargo. Heavy rains in Red river valley will materially reduce the wheat acreage.

Military prisoner speaks for the first time in four years upon being released. Julius Lehman, former member of St. Louis house of delegates, is convicted of perjury.

The greater part of the town of Houlton, Mo., is destroyed by a \$400,000 fire. Members of the executive and finance committees of the Democratic congressional committee are announced.

J. F. Jacobson prosecutes still hunt for auditor's nomination. In his annual message to the common council Mayor Smith will recommend the extension of the sewer system and issuing of bonds for street improvements.

Naval veterans will observe Decoration day by strewn flowers in the river in memory of drowned heroes. Preparations are complete for the Ohage-Hall-Clarke debate on vaccination at the Metropolitan this afternoon.

State board of control issues preliminary statement in re St. Peter asylum case. Dr. Ohage will discuss circumstances leading up to his resignation at mass meeting to be held Tuesday or Wednesday evening.

Louis Betz, city comptroller, has named his office force; Swan Pouthan is chief deputy. Board of control raises salaries of employees in state institutions 10 per cent.

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LEAF FROM HISTORY

Berlin Paper Draws It in Connection With Emperor's Gift to America

FREDERICK THE GREAT

When Americans "Withdraw From Berlin With Longer Faces Than Oom Paul From the German Empire.

BERLIN, May 17.—The statue of Frederick the Great, presented to the people of the United States, will be executed, by the emperor's command, by Prof. Uphues, after a bronze statue standing in the park grounds at Potsdam. Prof. Uphues is one of the foremost sculptors of Germany.

He exhibited a bronze statue of Frederick the Great at the Paris exposition, thereby winning a medal. The statue for Washington will be a reproduction of the one shown in Paris. Another copy stands at the free port of Emden.

The Vorwaerts (Socialist) is the only paper inclined to disparage Emperor William's gift. It says that if congress

JUDGE WOULD BLOW UP CUSTOM HOUSES

Chicago Jurist's Decidedly Emphatic Opinion on the Republican Policy of Protection.

Special to the Globe. CHICAGO, May 17.—Judge Murray F. Tuley woke applause before the Iroquois club this afternoon at a discussion of the Cuban tariff issue, when he said:

"If I had my way in this tariff question there would be no need of any discussion. I would put dynamite under every custom house in the country and blow it up."

Judge Tuley is one of the most honored members of the local bench and has for years wielded great influence in the councils of the Democratic party. His remarks were made in a light vein and followed a discussion by several leading club members of the Republican policy of protection in the light of latter-day trust encroachments.

RELIEF FROM THE HEAT OF SUMMER

Prof. Moore, of the Weather Bureau, Invents a Machine to Keep Houses Cool.

From The Globe's Washington Bureau, Post Building. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—The

WHEAT ACREAGE LOW

Rains in Red River Valley Are Doing Considerable Damage to Crops

FARMERS CANNOT PLANT

Heavy Showers Are Falling in Best Sections of Country, and Barley and Flax Will Have to Be Substituted This Year.

Special to the Globe. FARGO, N. D., May 17.—With the exception of a short intermission this afternoon it has rained steadily here for forty-eight hours and tonight there is a heavy thunderstorm and regular summer showers.

While the conditions immediately along Red river were bad enough prior to this last rainfall, the present situation is extremely serious. The soil was just drying up so seeding could be commenced Wednesday and Thursday and now it will be impossible to get on the fields under a week of hot sunshine.

No effort will be made in many localities to seed wheat and if the land finally

NOW McCLEARY AND HEATWOLE ARE OUT

Minnesota Congressmen Clash Over Small Fish Hatchery Measure.

From The Globe's Washington Bureau, Post Building. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 17.—Representatives Heatwole and McCleary are at odds over fish hatcheries. It promises to be a repetition of the feud between McCleary and Tawney, which grew out of the ambition of each to be known as the father of the anti-loose measure.

Hardly yet are Tawney and McCleary on speaking terms. And now McCleary has again indulged his propensity for offending his colleagues by stirring up the redoubtable Heatwole.

It began with Heatwole's introduction of a little bill for establishing a fish hatchery at Red Wing. It seems that Heatwole had learned that a certain amount of money was to be appropriated for hatcheries, and that the department for hatcheries was to appropriate it so that Minnesota would be entitled to one.

But no sooner had this bill been introduced than McCleary, ever vigilant, and on the lookout for things to benefit himself, poked in a bill for a hatchery at Fairmont, in the interior of the state. Heatwole protested. He said he was first and that his application for a hatchery on the river was much more logical and meritorious than McCleary's at Fairmont.

Moreover, if two applications were in from the same state there was every reason to believe that both might be defeated. Stevens, as member of the committee on fisheries, was to work for Heatwole's bill; but he was sure the other would do harm.

But McCleary persisted and in consequence he and the gentleman from the Third district find the entente cordiale about at the breaking point.

CAMPAIGNERS FOR DEMOCRACY ANNOUNCED

Lewis Nixon Heads the Finance Committee and Cable the Executive.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—Chairman Griggs, of the Democratic congressional committee, has announced the following as members of the executive and finance committees which will have charge of the conduct of the Democratic congressional campaign:

Executive committee—Benjamin T. Cable, Rock Island, Ill.; F. M. Cockrell, Missouri; Edward J. Sheppard, New York; J. D. Richardson, Tennessee; James M. Harmon, Ohio; David Overmyer, Kansas; Jacob Rupert Jr., New York; Josiah Quincy, Massachusetts; F. G. Newlands, Nebraska; E. C. Wall, Wisconsin; John S. Robinson, Nebraska; C. B. Randall, Texas; D. S. Gooch, Kentucky; James M. Griggs, Georgia.

Finance committee—Lewis Nixon, New York; W. A. Clark, Montana; James M. Guffey, Pennsylvania; Isador Straus, New York; George Turner, Washington; Henry S. Hark, New York; Clark Howell, Georgia; Frederick Peters, New York; Carter H. Harrison, Illinois; George P. Foster, Illinois; P. V. Deuter, Wisconsin; J. A. Norton, Ohio; James P. Tallaferro, Florida; John A. Dougherty, Missouri.

The general headquarters will be in Washington. The headquarters of the executive committee will be in Chicago. It is probable that Chairman Cable will select a sub-committee which will have charge of the campaign in the East and South with headquarters in Washington. A meeting of the executive committee will be held in this city, May 23.

DISTINGUISHED FRENCH REACH OUR SHORES

Members of the Mission to the Rochambeau Statue Dedication Give a Few Talks.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The French steamer Touraine, which arrived today in Washington, brought with it Count and Countess de Rochambeau, the Vicomte de Chambrun, great grandson of the Marquis de Lafayette, M. de Billy, who represents M. Delcasse, the French minister of foreign affairs; M. de Grosseval, Fernand Harm, the sculptor of the Rochambeau statue, who is accompanied by his father; Countess de Chambrun, M. Guillemin and M. la Grave, the French commission general to the Louisiana Purchase exposition.

The party, which comes to take part in the Rochambeau statue ceremonies at Washington, will remain in this city until Tuesday. An informal dinner in honor of the visitors will be given by Cornelius N. Bliss at the Union League club, on Monday evening. The following day the visitors will go to Washington.

Julius Boettner, chairman of the French embassy, and J. B. Reynolds, Mayor Low's private secretary, went down the bay to meet the party.

The Count de Rochambeau said tonight: "To the day of his death, which occurred in 1857, my father was always praising the American people and referring with pride to the part his grandfather had in establishing this magnificent republic. We haven't any monarchists in France today."

The most distinguished official in the party that is now the nation's guest is M. Guillemin, the official representative of the republic of France. He spoke once of the splendid generosity of the American people toward the stricken French colony of Martinique. He said: "I have learned of the work of your chamber of commerce from the papers brought abroad this morning, and I say it was glorious—employing the lightning of heaven to relieve the misery that the internal fires of the old earth had wrought."

Gen. Horace Porter, United States ambassador to France, arrived in New York this evening on the American line steamer St. Louis. He is on his way to Washington to take part in the unveiling of the Rochambeau statue, May 24.

UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE GIVEN.

Therefore the Great Strike in Sweden Is Declared Off.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, May 17.—The action of both chambers of the riksdag being favorable to universal suffrage, the labor leaders ended the strike at 6 o'clock this evening, and the 2,000 men who went out will resume work.

Jail Attack Fails.

CUYAHOGA FALLS, Ohio, May 17.—A mob today made an attack on the jail here for the purpose of securing three negroes who are alleged to have brutally assaulted Miss Bertha Moore, nineteen years of age. Officers repulsed the crowd and the negroes were taken to the Akron jail.



MORE WORK FOR THE PEACEMAKER.

accepts it King Frederick's will be the only statue of a monarch at the republican capital, dug up from the memoirs of Frederick the Great, covering 1774 to 1778, his threat to levy cattle duty on the Hessian soldiers passing through the Prussian domain, because the men were sold like animals to the British. King Frederick's explanation of his motives is that "it was only a bit of revenge for the malicious action of the London court regarding Dantzig. However, I did not want to go too far, for experience taught me that one has enough enemies in the world without light-heartedly creating new ones."

When Americans Were Blue. King Frederick's grievance was that the English were balking his annexation of Dantzig. The Vorwaerts adds: "King Frederick permitted troops to cross Prussian territory a few months later, when the Bavarian war of succession made good relations with England desirable, and gave permission for friendly expressions. In the presence of such practical politics of course the American commissioners, who had been trying to get Frederick to interfere for the prevention of the scandalous traffic in men, withdrew from Berlin with long faces than Oom Paul from the German empire."

The Tagblatt, commenting on President Roosevelt's decision not to submit the acceptance of the statue to congress, praises the president's tact in not "exposing Emperor William to the attacks of the anti-German minority, ever ready for hostile demonstrations."

Mutual Esteem. VIENNA, May 17.—Commenting upon Emperor William's present to the United States, the Neue Freie Presse says: "The statue of the great Prussian king in the capital of the mightiest republic in the world has ever seen as a gift from Emperor William will constitute one of the most interesting and sympathetic historic mementoes in existence. Prince Henry of Prussia's visit, Miss Roosevelt's christening of the emperor's yacht and the present of the statue are merely symbols. The real motive of the approachment between the two people is mutual esteem, which, in politics, is always highly effective. The friendship of the two nations is the result of a historical process, and therefore, is not likely to be subjected to severe shocks in the immediate future, but more probably it will contribute to diminish economic differences."

MORE TIME FOR THE DANISH. Island Treaty Question Postponed Until September.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—In view of the action of the Danish rigsdag yesterday, which sets aside the Danish West Indian treaty question until after the election in September, Secretary Hay and Mr. Bunn, the Danish minister here, will prepare for submission to the senate a protocol extending the time allowed for the ratification of the treaty.

Santos-Dumont to Marry. PARIS, May 17.—Santos-Dumont, the aeronaut, is reported engaged to be married to a relative of a prominent Brazilian resident of this city.

possibility of living in rooms at a temperature of 70 or 72 degrees in the hottest weather, which means practically an end of summer heat suffering, is held out by Prof. Willis J. Moore, who today made application for a patent on what he calls a gravity air cooling, drying and purifying machine.

Prof. Moore says he thinks his apparatus solves the problem of cooling dwellings, houses, hospitals and other places of habitation, that it works automatically and involves so little expense that nearly all can avail themselves of its benefits.

It is based on the principle of evaporation. Prof. Moore says he has been at work on the invention several years, and has examined over 500 patents bearing on the subject, none of which covers the points upon which he relies for the success of his machine. He has fitted up at the top of the weather bureau a "cool house," in which he expects to do his work during the hot weather this summer.

Prof. Moore thinks that the invention will be especially adapted to the extreme South and the arid regions of the West.

SEVENTEEN-YEAR LOCUSTS APPEAR

Wisconsin to Be One of the States Visited, According to Government Entomologists.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—Large numbers of seventeen-year locusts have made their appearance in this city, and reports of similar visitations have reached the department of agriculture from Altona, Pa., and Nashville, Tenn.

The department sent 5,000 postal cards throughout the country asking for immediate reports on the first appearance of the locusts. The department has a full record of their appearance in 1855, and its experts know where to look for them this year.

According to the charts, Maryland and Indiana, with the adjoining counties of their neighboring states, are to be most affected by the pests. The department entomologists say young nursery trees and young shoots of mature trees are all that will sustain injury from the visitation of the locusts, and that there is no cause for alarm over their appearance.

It is anticipated that the locusts will be reported from other portions of Pennsylvania and Tennessee, and from New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, North and South Carolina, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin and possibly a few other localities.

Their Fate Unknown. ADEN, Arabia, May 17.—The German steamer Ehrenfeld, belonging to the Hansa line, of Bremen, was lost on May 9 while bound to Hamburg from Calcutta. Part of the crew has been landed at this port. The captain and forty other persons who were on board of her left in small boats, and nothing has been heard of them.

dries up barley or flax will be put in. The wet belt extends all the way from Fargo to Grafton, making a strip of ten to twelve miles wide along both the Minnesota and Dakota sides of the river for 125 miles.

Many Counties Suffer. The Red river valley lands outside this wet territory have been generally seeded and the wheat is looking fine. The crops in the western and central parts of the state never looked better. The extreme wet belt will reduce the wheat acreage in Cass, Traill, Grand Forks and Walsh counties from 10 to 15 per cent. A large increase will be in the barley acreage, with the flax and corn following closely after. The worst feature of the excessive rain is the fact that it is hitting the section that has had poor crops for two years, but the conditions in other parts of the state are so nearly perfect that there is promise of greater yield this year than ever before. The absolute necessity of some method of drainage in the Red river valley is shown by the present conditions, which will practically nullify even on the finest wheat land in the world.

WISCONSIN WASHOUTS.

LA CROSSE, Wis., May 17.—Serious washouts at Ferryville and Oakdale have the railroad west of Burlington and Milwaukee roads. Much damage to crops by the storm is reported.

PRAIRIE DU CHIEN, Wis., May 17.—A heavy rain caused many washouts in Iowa and Wisconsin this morning. At McGregor, Iowa, across the river, the bridge was washed away, and the foundations of several business blocks, which have suffered seriously.

ARREST RECENTLY RELEASED CONVICT

W. S. Gray, Just Out of Stillwater, to Be Tried for Shooting Officer Who Arrested Him.

FARGO, N. D., May 17.—W. S. Gray was arrested on his release from the Stillwater penitentiary, and is held in Moorhead awaiting requisition papers to the Dakota side to answer to the charge of shooting Chief of Police Murphy two years ago. Gray committed a burglary in Moorhead and fled to Fargo. Murphy found him here, and while endeavoring to get him back across the bridge Gray shot the officer in the abdomen.

Murphy recovered after several weeks' illness, and Gray was sentenced on the burglary charge.

SAY NOTHING MORE ABOUT IT.

Sampson-Schley Dispute Resurrected in the House.

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The house spent the day in discussing the naval appropriation bill. The most important feature of the discussion involved a revival of the Sampson-Schley controversy. This arose over an amendment to the bill which was presented by Mr. Mudd (Rep.) and which was adopted prohibiting the use of Macley's history of the navy as a text book at the naval academy.

ROOSEVELT GIVES UP

President Abandons Struggle in Behalf of Reciprocity With Cuba

"TEDDY" MUCH WORRIED

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS KEEP HIM THINKING, AND HE WILL PROMOTE PARTY HARMONY

HE DESIRES TARIFF REVISION

Extra Session for the Purpose Will Be in Order After March 4, 1903, According to the President's View.

From The Globe's Washington Bureau, Post Building. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—President Roosevelt has abandoned the idea of calling an extra session this summer in case congress fails to pass the Cuban reciprocity bill, as will certainly be the case. The congressional elections have begun to worry the president, and he has made up his mind to devote his time now to promoting party harmony.

All of which is very pleasing to the Minnesota delegation. Representative Stevens, who has been fighting the reciprocity bill, now says that the fight is won. He does not anticipate any further effort at this session to get consideration for the subject. In the senate the steering committee has agreed that the Isthmian canal bill shall have the right of way, and as soon as the Philippine bill is voted on the canal bill will be debated until it is time to pass it or to adjourn.

Some good authorities on legislation are predicting that the canal bill will actually pass this session.

It was to Senator Clapp that the President communicated his change of heart in regard to Cuba. Clapp was called to the White house and told that it would not be necessary to push his resolutions for a Cuban investigation commission, coupled with the announcement that Cuba's case is to be abandoned as hopeless.

Roosevelt wants a general revision if the tariff. He does not think there is time for that now, or even next winter, but he thinks an extra session will be in order after March 4, 1903.

PRISONER BREAKS HIS LONG SILENCE

Military Convict Thanks Officers for Release, It Being His First Word for Four Years.

Special to the Globe. PORT SCOTT, Kan., May 17.—Jerry Chateau, who was today released from the penitentiary, spoke for the first time in four years. When he was convicted, he threatened to kill the officers, but during his term he became converted to Christianity and then vowed not to utter a sound until released.

His first utterance was to thank the officers for convicting him. Chateau has served terms in Illinois penitentiaries and confesses to robberies aggregating \$70,000. He says the remainder of his days will be devoted to making amends for his misdeeds.

MISSOURI TOWN IS DESTROYED BY FIRE

Houlton Is Visited by a Conflagration That Wipes Out Part of the City.

HOULTON, Mo., May 17.—Fire here today destroyed the greater part of the business section of the town, seventy-five residences and three churches, entailing a loss of \$400,000, only one-third of which is covered by insurance. One hundred and twenty-five families are rendered homeless. The fire started in the rear of a market and grocery store on the north side of upper Main street, and it was an incredibly short time before it was sweeping through the business section of the town.

Every business block from Mechanic street to East Main was leveled, also several fine residences. The Unitarian, Free Baptist and Methodist churches were destroyed.

LEHMAN IS FOUND GUILTY OF PERJURY

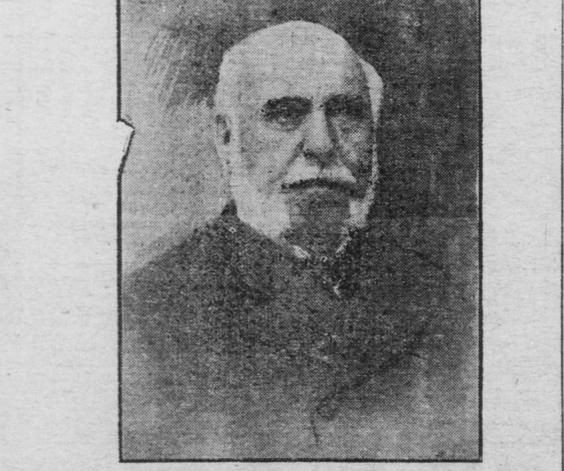
Former St. Louis Politician Is Sentenced to Serve Two Years in the Penitentiary.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 17.—Julius Lehman, formerly member of the St. Louis house of delegates, who has been on trial in the circuit court for the past three days, charged with perjury, was found guilty by the jury this evening, and his punishment fixed at two years in the penitentiary. Lehman was indicted on a statement he made before the grand jury while they were inquiring into the deal whereby the Suburban Railroad company is alleged to have offered to members of the house and council \$125,000 to pass a franchise.

There was no doubt with the jury as to Lehman's guilt. The only question was as to the punishment. The most the jury could give him was seven years and as to the least two years. It was decided finally to give him the minimum.

After the verdict was read and the jurors dismissed, Lehman furnished a new bond in the sum of \$10,000 and was released pending an appeal to the supreme court.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE, British Ambassador to the United States.



WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17.—The following statement was made at the British embassy tonight: "Lord Pauncefote is resting comfortably and his sleep is