Minneapolis News.

FACTS DRIVEN HOME

State Introduces Many Witnesses to Corroborate Edwards' Story

"STEERERS" ON STAND

Police Officers Testify to Arresting of Edwards and Taking Him to the Chief's Office Instead of Central Station.

The state got out its little hammer yesterday and drove a few more tacks into the indictment charging Irwin A. Gardner with having received a bribe of $500 from certain "big mitt" men, and when the day's work was finished Attorney Al J. Smith said he was satisfied with the progress for the day.

On the other hand, the defense appears to be somewhat disgusted with the regularity with which the state puts witness on the stand who corroborate, in part if not wholly, the story told by "Billy" Edwards when on the stand in direct examination. In many cases they are unable to tell the story just as Edwards did, but they bring out certain points in the story that make Edwards' story look true.

The defense still continues to enter objections to many questions, and is invariably overruled by the court. Exceptions are always noted, and in each case their objections are made so strongly that it is apparent they want them to appear as part of the records in the case.

Edwards, Howard and Crossman were all in the court room yesterday, and were interested listeners in the proceedings. Edwards at times was of considerable assistance to Atorney Smith when the latter got an unwilling witness on the stand, whose memory was defective and did not actually know what had occurred at a certain point in the proceedings, Smith would consult with Edwards, and then, in a few well directed question, the witness' memory would be refreshed so that he could answer the questions that were put to him.

Loomis Surprised Them.

The first witness for the state yesterday morning was Attorney A. P. Loomis, who defended Edwards and Howard when they were found guilty of swindling before Judge Harrison. He was asked in regard to a conversation between himself and Gardner about the time that the first indictments were returned against Edwards and Howard. He said: "Mr Gardner said that he had been told by Crossman to come and see Loomis about some money, that which had been paid for someone else to have it returned to them. He said in a general way that they had paid about $500 for the privilege of doing some work for a number of weeks. The privilege had been withdrawn, and there was a rebate amounting to $300 which was due. The money was paid to some high police officials."

The witness testified that he had several talks with Gardner in relation to the "big mitt" joints and houses of prostitution, and what his duties were in contion with the police department and these places. He also testified as to his connection with the Meix draft, and as how he had been engaged by Edwards and Howard to settle the matter with Meix, which he did by giving Meix about $400 cut of the $775 draft. Of the $375 he received $125 for his services, and the balance was turned over to his client.

Edward M. Connor was placed on the stand and was cross-examined by the defense. He testified as to the knowledge he had with reference to the "big mitt" joints being in operation, and of certain information given him by Edwards on one occasion of his visit to their place of business at 39 Washington avenue south. He also told the story of the Bonge deal, and the connection which Bonge had with attempting to show up the administration. He also swore to having talked with the chief of police and the mayor regarding the story which he intended to submit to the paper for publication which related to the crookedness of the police department. He did this in order to give them a chance to defend themselves or set the matter straight.

Corroborative Evidence.

Police Officer Rhodes was the first witness called in the afternoon. His testimony was largely to corroborate the statement of Edwards regarding a grip that had been taken from their place of business at 32 South Sixth street, and was later left at the confectionery store of Carrie Emerson by Norbeck, where Edwards received it in the presence of the officer.

Officer Long was next called by the state, and he gave the circumstances of the arrest of Edwards at his joint, 32 South Sixth street, and taking him to the police headquarters, and of leaving him there with the chief. He could not, however, give a satisfactory explanation of why he took the prisoner to headquarters instead of to the jail, as is the usual custom. This seemed like a strong point for the state from an unwilling witness.

George A. Harvey, a plain clothes man, was the next witness to take the stand and tell his story regarding a draft of $275 that he was detailed to locate and return to the rightful owner. The draft was lost in a gambling game at Edwards' place. Edwards had told on direct examination that Norbeck had got this draft, and it was through him that Harvey got it. This fact was corroborated by Harvey. This made another score for the state.

APOSTLES TURNED OUT NOBLY.

Thousands From the Sister City Visited Elks' Fair.

St. Paul day at the Minneapolis Elks' fair drained the population of both cities and concentrated within the limits of the show grounds the largest, the most representative and enthusiastic crowds which have assembled at a public exhibition in years. The city council and the entire official staff of the down river town permitted themselves a day off and arrived at 2 p. m. on a special Interurban car. They were met by a committee of Elks headed by Mayor Ames and were escorted through the show, every feature and exhibit of which, from the breathless whirl of the wonderful cycle dazzle to the stray organ grinder dancing his dirty monkey along the crowded street, was under orders to do or die in the endeavor to make the visitors enjoy themselves.

St. Paul people generally were out in force. As one of the overworked conductors on the Interurban expressed it: "He never knew there were so many folks at the other end of the line." In addition to this the local attendance was vastly larger than on either of the preceding days. About 27,000 afternoon and evening were the figures out at the counting booth on the grounds last night. The thick of the throng developed at about 9:30, when the entire stretch between the brilliantly lighted booths along the industrial street leading to the Midway was an almost unbroken mass of humanity moving in two continuous opposite streams.

Within the area embraced by the tents of the Midway performances the crowd was wedged about the central platform where the Moorish acrobats were executing their strange dances and remarkable feats of agility, and the dainty lady on the balanced ladder smiled upon them in various dizzy attitudes to the mock terror of her co-partner, the clown.

Another disappointment awaited the many visitors in the second failure of the "loop the loop" performance to materialize in spite of repeated announcements that the feat would be pulled off each day. It was given out that the delay was due to the fact that a mistake had been made in constructing the loop at its first erection and the change could not be completed before this afternoon, when the performance is positively promised to come off.

EAGLES GET DOWN TO BUSINESS.

Yesterday Was Principally Devoted to Reports of Committees.

The Fraternal Order of Eagles got down to business yesterday. In the morning the report of the committee on credentials was made and accepted. Several proxies were thrown out because they had been improperly drawn.

At the afternoon session the reports of general officers were presented. The report of the grand secretary showed an increase of 712 aeries, and an increase in membership of 20,258 for the year. The receipts for the year were as follows: From dues, $168,565.66; initiation fees, $97,888; other sources, $31,423.08. Total, $4,347,879.74. Disbursements were: Benefits, $23,962.72; funeral benefits, $11,548.91; special relief, $7,709.01; current expenses of aeries, $236,168.36. Total, $279,390. Cash on hand is $94,942.04, and total assets, $200,570.

There is considerable rivalry developing regarding the choice of the next grand worthy president. The friends of J. B. Schwatka, of Baltimore, say that they have 400 votes pledged already and are working on the basis of "rotation in office" for their candidate.

At today's meeting there will be an amendment to the constitution presented which will provide that no grand president may succeed himself in office. If this is adopted it will compel the present incumbent, Del Cary Smith, to withdraw from the race and leave the coast practically clear for Schwatka.

In case there is a deadlock in regard to the choice of president, A. P. Loomis the local candidate, may be selected as a compromise.

Last evening an imposing street parade was given by the Eagles, and was witnessed by thousands of people along the line of march. The ladies of the eagles accompanied the delegates in carriages.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES TODAY

Memorial Services Will Be Held for Late Gov. Pillsbury.

This morning at 10 o'clock will occur the annual commencement exercises of the state university. The exercises will be held in the Armory, and President Northrop will deliver the principal address.

At the conclusion of the exercises will be held the memorial services to the late Gov. Pillsbury. The speakers for the occasion will be Judge Clark and Judge Mahoney, of the board of regents, and ex-Gov. John Lind and President Northrop.

At a meeting of the senior class of the university yesterday the report of the class play committee was received showing a balance of $350. It is the intention of the class to apply the sum towards the commencement of a chapel organ fund, the balance of which Prof. Frankforter has guaranteed to raise.

LANDSETH'S CASE IS DISMISSED.

Expert Testimony of Physicians Knocks Out State's Case.

Andrew Landseth, who was on trial in Judge Simpson's court charged with murder is a free man. The case was dismissed yesterday morning on a motion of the county attorney. The reason for the dismissal was expert testimony given by physicians who attended Peter Hansen. They claimed that his death was due to erysipelas, and that it was impossible to say whether the wound he received in the saloon brawl in which Landseth bit a piece out of Hansen's cheek was the direct cause.

Dr. Phillips said that a wound or even an abrasion of the skin was not necessary to the development of erysipelas, which was a specific contagious disease. Hansen received immediate medical attention, at which antiseptics were applied, but erysipelas set in and he died a few days later.

AMES MUST STAND TRIAL.

He Is Charged With Receiving a $25 Bribe.

Chief of Police Fred Ames will have to stand trial on the charge of receiving a $25 bribe from "Link" Crossman on condition that Crossman and his place would be immune from arrest, and allowed to continue his swindling operations in the city.

Judge Simpson overruled the demurrer interposed by Victor Welch, attorney for Ames, yesterday afternoon, and the case was set for trial next Monday.

HE CONFESSES TO ARSON.

Former Preacher Supposed to Be Insane.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., June 4.—Rev. James Laurier Rogers, formerly a well known Baptist minister, who recently embraced Mohammedanism, has confessed himself guilty of arson, and is now in custody. He set fire to several buildings at a dairy, where he was working for the benefit of his health, as he explained. His motive for the crime, he says, was revenge on those who had compelled him to do menial service.

The fire destroyed his clerical library, three ministerial suits and a gold watch presented to him by his former congregation at Ocala, Fla. While in charge of a church at Jacksonville he taught English to many Cuban refugees. He will be examined as to his sanity.

MAGISTRATE IS IN TROUBLE.

Justice of Peace Charged With Receiving Stolen Goods.

NEW YORK, June 4.—Jacob Simon, a justice of the peace in Paterson, N. J., has been arrested on a charge of receiving stolen property. Frederick Kreyer, a silk manufacturer, was arrested later as an alleged accomplice. Numerous silk robberies recently from Paterson mills have puzzled the police and the arrest just made is the first move in an attempt to clear up the affair.

Simon is a barber, whose shop has been the rendezvous of many of the prominent politicians in Paterson. It is alleged Simon was the receiver for the thieves and that he bought the goods, shipped them to Lyndhurst, N. J., whence they were sent to a mill in another place and from there forwarded to New York as the product of that mill. He was released in $2,000 bail.

CAPT. HOBSON IS IN POLITICS.

He Will Seek Election to the Senate of Alabama.

GREENSBORO, Ala., June 4.—It is authoritatively announced today that Capt. Richard P. Hobson, U. S. N., will return to this city and run for the Alabama senate from this district at the next election.

DR. WYATT

Suite 3, 4 and 5, 230 Hen. Av., Minneapolis. The Oldest and Most Reliable Specialist in the Northwest for the cure of CHRONIC, NERVOUS AND PRIVATE DISEASES

Men suffering from evil effects of youthful indiscretion, later excesses, recent exposure, nervous debility, varicocele, unnatural discharges, lost vitality, failing memory, unfitness to marry, blood, skin, kidney or nervous diseases are speedily cured. Dr. Wyatt employs the most approved methods and will attend you personally, and complete a perfect cure, in strict confidence, at moderate expenses.

Ladies suffering from any form of Female Weakness, Painful or Irregular Sickness are quickly restored to health.

Dr. Wyatt has had thirty years' experience and been located in present offices sixteen years, proving himself an honorable, reliable and skillful physician.

Free Consultation. Call or write for list of questions. Home treatment safe and sure.

Office Hours—9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 12.

MORE JOIN STRIKE

Engineers, Firemen, Pumpmen Are Obeying Orders to Quit Work

MAY BE A WATER FAMINE

Colliery at Nanticoke, Which Supplies Town With Water, Forced to Shut Down—Several Workmen Stoned by Strikers.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 4.—More engineers, firemen and pump runners obeyed the call of the Miners' union and struck today, but in most instances the coal company officials were able to fill the places of the strikers. The Susquehanna Coal company's Colliery No. 5, at Nanticoke, was the worst sufferer, all the firemen refusing to go to work, which compelled the company to shut down the engines.

This colliery furnishes the power for the water supply of Nanticoke, and unless the engines are again started the borough will have a water famine to contend with. There was a slight fire in the town today, and as the fire alarm is sounded by means of a colliery whistle, there was considerable trouble and delay before the volunteer firemen could be called to the scene of the fire. The company, it is said, will allow its mines to fill with water and let the borough get its water supply as best it can.

Workers Are Stoned.

It was comparatively quiet in the Wyoming valley today. There was the usual gathering of crowds at several collieries at starting and stopping time, but nothing of a serious nature occurred. Some men were stoned on their way to and from work, and several were thrown into pools of water. The fear of bodily harm is causing more men to quit work than are the arguments of the strikers.

President Mitchell was kept busy all day in his headquarters. He had nothing to say regarding his visit to Scranton last night, where he met Frank P. Sargent, chief of the locomotive firemen. Regarding the general strike situation, he said everything was progressing satisfactorily; that more men were coming out each day, and that the idle men are behaving themselves well.

In emphasizing the latter statement, Mr. Mitchell said the chief of the Wilkesbarre police told him that during the twenty-one days the strike had been on there have been fewer arrests than during the same number of days prior to the suspension of work. Among the arrests that were made, not one was a miner.

The national president had no comment to make when informed that the New York board of trade had decided to ask President Roosevelt to take up the task of trying to end the great struggle.

Mines Are Filled With Water.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., June 4.—Because they refused to man the pumps and fire rooms the fire bosses at Henry Clay shaft, operated by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, were discharged today. The mine, which has been idle since Monday, is filling with water, and in a short time, unless the water hoist is operated, will reach an upper level and flood the Sterling colliery, owned by the same company.

The water in Excelsion and Corbin collieries slopes, owned by Andrew Robertson & Co., is ascending the workings, as no men have taken the strikers' places.

President May Appoint Hanna.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—President Roosevelt spent some time this afternoon considering the proposition of the New York board of trade and transportation that he appoint a commissioner to investigate the strike situation in the anthracite regions, with a view to effecting an arbitration of the differences between the miners and operators. It is stated that the president has not yet decided what action he will take in response to the suggestion.

It is intimated that if a commissioner is appointed, the president will look to Senator Hanna to undertake the task.

OPERATORS WON'T ARBITRATE.

President Baer Says No Concessions Will Be Made.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 4.—A representative of a local coal company, who returned today from a call on President Baer, of the Philadelphia & Reading, states that Mr. Baer told him there would positively be no concessions or arbitration to settle the strike and that the conflict will only end by the unconditional surrender of the strikers.

Mr. Baer, he said, further stated that the direction of the strike for the Morgan interests had been left exclusively in his hands, with instruction to win a complete victory at any cost. He accepted the task with the condition that he was not to be hampered in any way. He has no advisory board, executive committee or other body to share with him the responsibility he has shouldered, and receives advice and suggestions only when he seeks them.

Escort for Non-Union Men.

HAZELTON, Pa., June 4.—One thousand men tonight started from McAdoo on the first stage of a march to Philadelphia with two non-union men who arrived in the former town tonight and were captured by the strikers. At Silver Brook, two miles south of here, the men will be turned over to another large body of miners, who will proceed with them to Tamaqua, where they will be taken in charge by a delegation of Panther Creek valley miners, who will march them further toward their destination.

NIECE OF M'KINLEY MARRIED.

Miss Sarah Duncan United to a Pittsburg Man.

CLEVELAND, Ohio June 4.—Miss Sarah Duncan, a niece of the late President McKinley, was married to George Herbert Winslow, of Pittsburg, Pa., this evening. Rev. Chauncey Goodrich, Presbyterian, officiated. Only seventy-five intimate friends of the young couple attended the ceremony. The bride wore a magnificent gown of white crepe de chine over white taffeta. The maid of honor was her cousin, Miss Grace McKinley. Dr. Evyline Heard, of Pittsburg, was the best man.

Although the widow of President McKinley did not attend, she sent an affectionate note of good wishes to the bride, inclosing a check to buy a wedding gift.

CHAMBERLAIN IS ELECTED.

Democratic Candidate for Governor of Oregon Has 750 Majority.

PORTLAND, Or., June 4.—Practically complete returns from all but five small counties in the state, and estimated majorities from these five, give Chamberlain (Dem.) for governor 751 majority. Complete returns probably will not change this result materially.

Clergyman and Companion Drown.

DENVER, Col., June 4.—Rev. Cornelius O'Rourke, a well known Catholic clergyman of Silverton, Col., and John McComb, a mining man, whose home is in Denver, were drowned in the Las Animas river, near Durango, Col., today.

Fencing Contest a Draw.

LEXINGTON, Ky., June 4.—The fencing contest for the championship of the United States between W. P. Mayfield, of Lexington, Ky., and W. C. Doemer, of Brooklyn, resulted in a draw, the score being 17 to 17.

Another contest will take place at a date and place to be decided upon later.

MERE INDORSEMENT IN SOUTH DAKOTA

Republican State Convention Goes Heavily Into the Renomination Business.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., June 4.—The Republican state convention was called to order this afternoon by Frank Crane, chairman of the Republican state central committee. The invocation was pronounced by Rt. Rev. W. H. Hare, Episcopal bishop of South Dakota.

C. T. Brockway, of Brule county, was elected temporary and C. F. Buell, of Deadwood, permanent chairman.

United States Senator Kittredge was unanimously indorsed for election to the full term, commencing March 4, 1903.

Congressmen Martin and Burke were renominated by acclamation, as was also the case with Gov. Harried, Lieut. Gov. Snow and Secretary of State Berg. Philo Hall was nominated by acclamation for attorney general and J. F. Halliday for state auditor.

The rest of the ticket is:

Treasurer—C. B. Collins, of Groton.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—George W. Nash, of Canton.

Attorney General—Philo aHll, of Brookings.

Commisisoner of Schools and Public Lands—C. J. Bach, of Hurley.

The convention adopted resolutions indorsing the national administration and calling upon the members of the legislature to elect A. B. Kittredge United States senator to succeed himself.

NEW MINISTER FROM SPAIN.

Duke of Arcos Superseded by Senor de Odeja.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—The change in the Spanish legation here came as a distinct surprise to all but the intimate friends of the Duke De Arcos. He came to the United States as the first Spanish minister after the war, and naturally his position was a very delicate one, requiring the exhibition of infinite tact to avoid unpleasant incidents. He was very successful in his mission, while socially his relations have been pleasant.

It is understood that the change is attributable entirely to the retiring minister's desire to secure the best possible treatment for his impaired vision, which has caused him much and growing concern. Therefore he has secured a transfer to the Spanish legation at Brussels. There he will be as near as practicable to an eye specialist, who already has undertaken his treatment at inconvenient intervals.

Senor De Odeja, who succeeds the Duke De Arcos, comes to Washington with excellent credentials. He was secretary of the Spanish peace commission at Paris, and is at present minister to Tangier.

EXPEDITING EXPRESS MATTER.

More Expeditions Work at the Port of New York.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—The treasury department has determined on a new method of handling express matter from abroad through the customs port at New York which will expedite its delivery several days. The new plan is the result of a personal investigation by Secretary Shaw.

Hereafter each morning the express companies will deposit a lump sum with the subtreasury large enough to cover all possible customs charges on the day's consignment. Upon its arrival all express matter will be sent to the general storage. There the packages will be unpacked and examined. The amount of the duties will be paid by the express companies from the deposit in the subtreasury and thereupon the express packages will be released. It is estimated that in this way the saving in time will be from eight to ten days at least.

FOR TEACHERS OF INDIANS.

Summer Institutes Scheduled for the Northwest

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—By authority of the secretary of the interior a number of institutes will be held this summer for the benefit of the teachers of Indians. Among those at present scheduled are: Pine Ridge agency, S. D., June 25-27; Flandreau Indian school, S. D., July 1-5; department of Indian education of the N. E. A., Minneapolis, July 7-11.

At each of these institutes topics of general interest pertaining to the welfare of the Indian will be discussed.

TRACTION COMPANY IS LOSER.

Judge Seaman Rules Against It at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Judge Seaman, in the United States court today, sustained the demurrer of the city of Chicago in the suit brought by William L. Elkins, of the Union Traction company, in the ninety-nine-year charter suit, and dismissed the amended bills filed by the plaintiff for want of jurisdiction.

The plea of the traction company was that legislation passed many years ago gave both the Chicago West Division Railway company and the North Chicago City Railway company, constituent companies of the Union Traction company, a ninety-nine year lease of life.

SCHOOL LANDS IN MINNESOTA.

Bill Giving State Right to Select Lieu Acres Is Favored.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—The house committee on public lands today reported favorably a bill giving Minnesota the right to select lieu school lands as soon as they are surveyed.

The senate passed a joint resolution empowering the state of Minnesota to file selections of indemnity school lands in Minnesota, otherwise undisposed of, after the survey thereof in the field and prior to the approval and filing of the plat of survey thereof.

TRUSTS AND THE PHILIPPINES.

Iowa Democrat Thinks Silver Should Be Ignored in Campaign.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, June 4.—S. F. McConnell, of Bloomfield, chairman of the Democratic state central committee, in an interview today, gave it as his opinion that trusts and affairs in the Philippines would be the keynote of the next platform of the Democrats of Iowa.

Mr. McConnell said he believed the silver question should be entirely ignored. The state central committee will tomorrow select a city for the state Democratic convention.

MARK TWAIN DOCTOR OF LAWS.

Missouri University Honors the Former River Adventurer.

COLUMBIA, Mo., June 4.—Missouri state university today conferred the degree of doctor of laws on Samuel L. Clemens (Mark Twain). Mr. Clemens was invited to deliver the diplomas to the graduates and did so with a few happy remarks.

A similar degree was also bestowed upon Secretary James Wilson, of the department of agriculture, and Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock.

THEY WANT HIM IN ENGLAND.

Man Charged With Embezzlement Returns Without Requisition.

CHICAGO, June 4.—John W. Riley, wanted for the embezzlement of $5,000 from the London City and Midland bank of London, surrendered to the police here today and is being held subject to the orders of the English authorities.

Riley was employed in the banking company's branch in Hezham, Northumberland. Riley spent the time in traveling since his flight from England. The greater portion of the stolen money has been squandered. Riley says he will return to England without extradition.

FINISH OF FILIPINO

Buencanimo, Before Senate Committee, "Has a Kick Coming."

DENIES HE IS INTERESTED

Law Practice at Manila Would Pay Him Much Better Than Does His Mission to Washington, He Asserts.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Senor Buencanimo today continued his statement before the committee on insular affairs, acknowledging the address to the American congress made by him advocating Philippine independence. He said the original document showed that he wrote it as Aguinaldo's secretary. He said he might be obliged to divulge some secrets of Agoncillo and Lopez. He stated there were four Filipino agents abroad, working at odds and making independence impossible.

Some sharp talk occurred between Chairman Cooper and Representative Jones over questions put to the witness, especially regarding religious matters in the Philippines.

Chairman Cooper asserted that the question put by Representative Jones to the witness was a plain and palpable attempt to arouse religious prejudice. Mr. Jones commented on the fact that the witness, who had changed his views, "enjoyed a fat office," while Aguinaldo was a prisoner.

Senor Buencanimo stated that he as well as Aguinaldo had been captured, and that he was alive today was due to the humanity of the American army.

Palace for a Prison.

The witness said Aguinaldo had a palace for a prison. It was formerly occupied by Commisioner Worcester, and the government paid $500 Mexican per month as rental for it. It is as large as the White house in Washington. The witness said Aguinaldo lived in this house with his family, with a physician at his disposal, a retinue of servants, a carriage and an allowance to provide food for the establishment.

Senor Buencanimo resented the suggestion that a government office had influenced his testimony favorable to the United States, and declared that his law practice at Manila was worth $1,000 a month, so that the $290 paid him as salary could not have been an inducement to him to sacrifice his beliefs. He strongly opposed a colonial system, declaring that that system made Spanish rule a failure, saying that failure should be a warning to the United States. For the present, he said, the Filipinos were obliged to have American guidance, as they had just emerged from Spanish darkness into American civilization. Senor Buencanimo's hearing closed today.

Senate Bill in the House.

"Now, that the senate has passed the Philippine bill," said Chairman Cooper, of the house committee on insular affairs, today, I will confer with the speaker with a view to early consideration of the bill in the house. As to its passage there can be no doubt, and about the only question is about reconciling the house bill with that passed by the senate. Already the house bill is favorably reported, and the minority has formulated its opposing plan. The debate will begin probably in about ten days, and while there wil be no disposition to unduly curtail discussion, I am inclined to believe that a week will suffice for the consideration of the subject."

It is understood that Mr. Cooper is arranging to take up the bill one week from next Monday.

Natives May Come Freely.

The president today made response to a resolution adopted by the senate at the instance of Senator Hoar, making inquiry as to whether there is any law in force in the Philippines preventing natives from coming to the United States. The president expressed no opinion of his own, but inclosed the following statement from Secretary Root:

"The war department knows of no law or regulation in force in the Philippine islands which will prevent any native of those islands who may so desire, not under arrest, and against whom no charge of any offense against the United States is pending, from coming to the United States and stating his views or desires to the president or either house of congress."

WOULD PUT BAN ON DE KOVEN.

American Federation of Musicians Dislikes His Methods.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 4.—At today's session of the American Federation of Musicians, a national body, a delegate from Washington, D. C., introduced a resolution to the effect that members of all locals in the organization discontinue the use of Reginald De Koven's music.

It is alleged that Mr. De Koven, in his symphony concerts at the capital has drawn some of his musicians from the Marine band. These men are enlisted men and non-union. The resolution was not adopted by a vote, but it was decided to refer the motion to the different locals with a request that they comply with its spirit.

Cuxhaven Docks Finished.

BERLIN, June 4.—After twelve years of labor the great docks at Cuxhaven are now completed. They were built by the state of Hamburg, and were leased by it to the Hamburg-American Steam Packet company for twenty-five years.

Misunderstands His Intent.

Maj. McDowell, the clerk of the house, had a visitor from Fulton county, Pennsylvania, who reminded him of a story.

"They have strenuous political meetings up in Fulton," said McDowell. "There isn't much else to do, and the inhabitants just revel in politics. A local Democratic celebrity is 'Jim' Kennedy, the learned blacksmith. Kennedy can make a fairly good speech. One time in the last campaign a spellbinder from Philadelphia went up there to make a talk. Kennedy came to see the spellbinder and asked him, as a favor, to wait until Kennedy had finished before he spoke. The Philadelphian consented.

"'Now,' said Kennedy, 'I want you to do me another favor. Along in the middle of my speech I say that I belonged to the Whigs, but became a Democrat, and I want you to ask me how it is that a Whig became a Democrat. I make a strong point in answering that question.'

"The Philadelphian promised. He went down into the audience, and when Kennedy shouted, 'I was a Whig, but I became a Democrat,' he asked the proper question. Before the words were out of his mouth a burly ironworker who stood nearby hit him behind the ear and knocked him a rod away, shouting:

"'You dod-gasted Republican, I'll teach you to interrupt a Democratic meeting.'—New York World.

A PING-PONG PARODY.

I cannot ping the old pongs,
I pung six months ago,
For tendosynovitis has
O'erwhelmed me with all its woe,
To serve all I cannot, and it fills me with such pain
I cannot ping the old pongs,

Perhaps may not ping again,
I cannot ping the old pongs,
But visions come again
Of bisque balls swiftly flying
Of friends almost insane,
Who, when the earthly fetters shall have set their spirits free.
Will sit on the clouds ping-ponging
To all eternity.
—New York Commercial-Advertiser.

MEN MAKE NO MISTAKE

The best place in the Northwest where you can get cured the quickest and cheapest is at the Great Heidelberg Medical Institute, St. Paul. Honest, faithful service, new, advanced treatment, expert skill, rapid cures, reasonable charges. Written guarantee given in every case

NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNLESS CURED.

WEAK MEN With night losses unfitting them for work, business, study or marriage, resulting in lost manhood, are consulting this great specialist.

PRIVATE Diseases of Men, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Stricture, Hydrocele, Enlarged Prostate Gland and all Skin and Blood Diseases quickly cured. Rupture cured and no pay until cured.

BLOOD POISON (Syphilis), all sores on body, limbs, in mouth and throat soon disappear, and your Syphilis cured in less time than at the Hot Springs and at much less expense to you.

VARICOCELE Enlarged Veins in the Scrotum, corded and knotty, feeling like a bundle of earth worms when taken in the hand. For a limited time we will cure this manhood wrecker for half price. Remember if you have ever taken treatment and failed to get cured you never took treatment at the Heidelberg Medical Institute.

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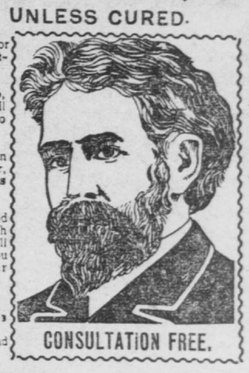

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MONEY STILL NEEDED

Continued From First Page.

ener has left for England, and Gen. Lyttleton is acting commander-in-chief of the British forces in South Africa.

LONDON, June 4.—In the house of commons today the government leader, A. J. Balfour, presented a message from King Edward, as follows:

"His majesty, taking into consideration the eminent services rendered by Lord Kitchener, and being desirous, in recognition of such services, to confer on him some signal mark of his favor, recommends that he, the king, should be enabled to grant Lord Kitchener £50,000."

John Dillon, William Redmond and Swift MacNeill, Irish-Nationalists, announced their intention of opposing the grant at every stage. A resolution giving effect to his majesty's message will be discussed tomorrow.

The fact that the Kitchener grant is only £50,000 has already created considerable discussion in the parliamentary lobbies, and some regret has been expressed that it was not equal to the award made to Lord Roberts (£100,000). The lesser amount was decided upon, owing to Lord Kitchener's lower rank and to the fact that he received £30,000 at the close of the Soudan campaign; also that he is a comparatively young, unmarried man, at the height of his military career, while Lord Roberts is old, has a family and not likely to have a further chance to distinguish himself.

It was announced this afternoon that Lord Kitchener had been created a viscount by King Edward. He has been promoted to be a general.

The report that Lord Kitchener will come home for the coronation of King Edward is incorrect. He still has much to do in South Africa, and it is not likely that he will leave there before the middle of July. The South African commands will then be divided. Gen. Lyttleton takes charge of the Transvaal and the Orange River colony and Gen. Ian Hamilton relieving Gen. French in the command of the forces in the Cape Colony.

In spite of the opinion expressed by Sir Michael Hicks-Beach in the house of commons tonight, there is a general idea that it would be dangerous to leave too small garrisons in the new colonies for some time to come.

MR. KRUGER IS SERIOUSLY ILL.

President of the Transvaal Reported Confined to His Bed.

BRUSSELS, June 4.—A dispatch received here from Utrecht, says that Mr. Kruger is seriously indisposed and confined to his bed.

TUCSON, Ariz., June 4.—The reported ambush of Gov. Torres and his forces by Yaquis is not based on facts. Torres was in Hermosillo Tuesday, and persons who have just returned from the district where the alleged rebellion exists say that there is no uprising of Yaquis there.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Popular Excursions.

Only $45 to Portland, Or., and return, with stop-over privileges at Spokane, Seattle and Tacoma. Only $50 to San Francisco and return. See Great Northern Railway agents for details, or write F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, for pamphlet, "Pacific Coast Conventions, 1902."

Minneapolis & St. Louis and Iowa Central Railways To Peoria, Marshalltown and Oskaloosa.

On and after June 8th, through trains with Pullman sleepers will leave St. Paul daily at 7:00 p. m., arriving Marshalltown 3:10 a. m., Oskaloosa 5:10 a. m., Monmouth 9:08 a. m., Peoria 11:30 a. m.

Burlington Route

Compartment Sleeping Cars

Run every day on our Limited, leaving St. Paul 8:25 p. m., arriving in Chicago 9:20 next morning.

These cars are 70 feet in length and contain seven state rooms and two drawing rooms. Each is a separate room in itself, complete with all toilet facilities, and furnished and decorated in the highest style of art. Upholstery and carpet materials are of different pattern for each.

So far as privacy is concerned, no room in the best hotels can have more. Electric reading lamps in the berths, and electric and gas lamps in the ceiling supply abundant light.

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ASKS ONLY FOR SOAP.

Ingenious Tramp Collects Enough to Sell to Laundries.

Nobody refused o give the beggar man a piece of soap. The request was so unusual that Bridget opened her eyes when he pleaded in a low voice for a piece of the very goods that tramps affect to shun. Without giving her time to ask what he wanted of it, he suggested with almost a faint blush tinging his dirty face, that he wanted to take a bath.

Bridget flew to the kitchen, after telling the ragged tramp to wait a moment. To be sure mistress would not object to giving a tramp, who had concluded to wash up, a piece of soap. While she was about it she would give him a good big piece. There was just half a cake on the wash stand; that could scarcely be too much.

She took it to the door and received the thanks of the man. Did he call at the next door? Oh, no! All the servant girls would see through his game. About the second door he called again, and this time received a good, generous piece. Keeping up his soap business all day, he had eight or ten pounds at night to sell to the Chinese washee, washee, and that functionary was glad to buy it at a good price, but a little lower than he could buy it at the stores.

Query: How much is the back door soap business of the city of Boston worth to such fellows if they keep it up?—Boston Herald.

He Was Too Fascinating.

An instructor in English in the Sheffield scientific school tells the following story at the expense of a professor in Yale. The incident happened at a faculty tea, where Prof. Blank was adorning the occasion in his usual irresistible way. The professor, it is claimed, does not realize just how effective his charming talk and romantic eyes are. In the course of the afternoon he was introduced to an especially attractive young woman, whose name, being mumbled in the presentations, he did not catch. The two repaired to a sofa where Prof. Blank was so thoroughly pleased with his new acquaintance that he determined to find out to whom he was talking.

"You must forgive me," he began tactfully, "but I am going to ask you a personal question. Please to tell me what your name is."

The young woman looked at him with large, timid eyes a moment, and then whispered sweetly, "Ethel."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

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DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION AND PRIMARIES.

A Democratic Delegate Convention for the County of Ramsey, State of Minnesota, will be held on Saturday, June 21, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at Pfeifer's hall, corner Eighth and Wabasha streets, in the City of St. Paul, in said county, for the purpose of selecting ninety-eight (98) delegates to the Democratic State Convention, to be held in the City of Minneapolis, on Wednesday, June 25th, 1902, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following state offices, to be voted for at the next ensuing general election, to be held Tuesday, the 4th day of November, 1902, to-wit: Governor, Lieutenant-governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, Attorney General, Treasurer, Clerk of the Supreme Court, and one member of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission. Also for the purpose of selecting two residents of said county as members of the State Central Committee, and transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

In accordance with the apportionment fixed upon by the committee, the several precincts, towns and villages will be entitled to the following number of delegates:

First ward—First precinct, 1; Second precinct, 1; Third precinct, 2; Fourth precinct, 1; Fifth precinct, 1; Sixth precinct, 2; Seventh precinct, 2; Eighth precinct, 2; Ninth precinct, 1; Tenth precinct, 2; Eleventh precinct, 2. Total, 17.

Second Ward—First precinct, 1; Second precinct, 1; Third precinct, 1; Fourth precinct, 2; Fifth precinct, 1; Sixth precinct, 1; Seventh precinct, 2; Eighth precinct, 1; Ninth precinct, 1; Tenth precinct, 1; Eleventh precinct, 2. Total, 14.

Third Ward—First precinct, 1; Second precinct, 1; Third precinct, 1; Fourth precinct, 1; Fifth precinct, 1; Sixth precinct, 1; Seventh precinct, 1; Eighth precinct, 2. Total, 9.

Fourth Ward—First precinct, 1; Second precinct, 1; Third precinct, 1; Fourth precinct, 1; Fifth precinct, 1; Sixth precinct, 2; Seventh precinct, 2; Eighth precinct, 1; Ninth precinct, 1; Tenth precinct, 1; Eleventh precinct, 1; Twelfth precinct, 1. Total, 14.

Fifth Ward—First precinct, 1; Second precinct, 1; Third precinct, 1; Fourth precinct, 1; Fifth precinct, 1; Sixth precinct, 2; Seventh precinct, 1; Eighth precinct, 2; Ninth precinct, 1; Tenth precinct, 1; Eleventh precinct, 1; Twelfth precinct, 2; Thirteenth precinct, 2; Fourteenth precinct, 1. Total, 18.

Sixth Ward—First precinct, 1; Second precinct, 1; Third precinct, 2; Fourth precinct, 1; Fifth precinct, 1; Sixth precinct, 1; Seventh precinct, 1; Eighth precinct, 1; Ninth precinct, 1; Tenth precinct, 2; Eleventh precinct, 1; Twelfth precinct, 1; Thirteenth