The St. Paul Globe

VOL. XXV.—NO. 253. WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1902.---TEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS—{On Trains, FIVE CENTS.

ST. LOUISANS ARE BAGGED

One of the House of Delegates Boodlers Turns Upon His Companions

TELLS OF CASH THEY GOT

Each of the Combine of Nineteen Is Said to Have Been Paid $2,500 for Services.

FAILING TO SECURE BONDS FIVE ARE LOCKED UP

Ex-Speaker Lamblin Is Arrested at Cleveland—Seven of the Men Wanted Are Still at Large and Officers Are Scouring Country for Them—Startling Developments of Day.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 9.—When Judge Douglas adjourned court tonight seven of the nineteen members of the alleged boodle combine of the house of delegates were still at large, and the police and deputy sheriffs are using their best efforts to find them. Developments in the famous case began early and throughout the day came with startling rapidity. The most important feature of the day's developments was the finding of new indictments against eighteen members of the combine. In addition to the charges of bribery and perjury, in connection with the suburban street railway deal, the members of the alleged combine now rest under additional indictments charging bribery. These were found by the grand jury before which J. K. Murrell testified today as to the city lighting scandal of 1900, in which each member of the combine is said to have received $2,500 in payment for his services in securing the passage of the bill.

Sensations Are Looked For.

According to his own confession Murrell was the go-between of the boodling members of the house, of which he had been speaker, and the representatives of the corporations seeking franchises. Although Murrell has made a full and free confession of his connection with the boodling schemes in the house of delegates since his connection with it, implicating many of his colleagues, there are other deals in which they and he were concerned in which prosecution is barred by the statute of limitation.

Murrell's testimony today, therefore, while confined mainly to the methods by which the city lighting bill passed the municipal assembly, also dealt with other measures that had come before the body during the existence of the combine. As a result, some sensational indictments are looked for before the end of the week against persons other than members of the combine. The "legislative agents" of corporations seeking these franchises, among whom may be mentioned a well known broker and an equally well known politician, whose names have been mentioned frequently in connection with the proceedings of previous grand juries, are said to be implicated in Murrell's confession.

Five Go to Jail.

Bonds were fixed at $15,000 for every indictment, making a total of $45,000 necessary to be secured for the release of any one of the accused. Early in the day, former Delegate J. H. Schnettler, John Helms, Otto Schumacher and Charles Gutke and Delegate J. J. Hannigan, who spent the night at their respective homes in the custody of deputy sheriffs, were locked up in jail because of their failure to secure bonds. Charles Gutke was later released on bonds of $30,000 on the first two indictments, but was soon rearrested on the bribery indictment returned today, and is still in custody, having failed to secure additional surety.

Ex-Delegate Bersch was taken into custody sometime during the forenoon, but was soon liberated, Ed Butler, a wealthy local politician, signing his bond to the amount of $45,000. Butler also went surety in a like sum for Delegate Charles J. Denny and former Delegate T. E. Albright. He also wanted to secure Gutke's release by filing an additional bond of $15,000, but Judge Douglass refused to let him sign any more. The police and sheriff's deputies are still looking for Delegate Charles J. Kelly, former Delegates Emil Hartmann, Louis Decker, John A. Sheridan, Julius Lehmann and Harry A. Faulkner. The last named was released on bond yesterday and the authorities want him on the indictment found today.

An Arrest at Cleveland.

Faulkner has already been convicted on the charge of perjury in connection with the suburban case and found guilty. He was out pending an appeal when Folk's bombshell burst. Ex-Speaker of the House of Delegates William M. Lamblin, who has been in Cleveland since Circuit Attorney Folk began his crusade, will return to St. Louis, having been arrested there today. Former Delegate Adolph Madera is somewhere in Colorado, where the authorities are searching for him at the request of St. Louis officials.

Ex-Speaker J. K. Murrell, Delegate Ed E. Murrell and former Delegate J. F. Robertson have turned state's evidence and are where Circuit Attorney Folk can find them when wanted.

Like the Tweed Ring.

Circuit Attorney Folk, when seen this evening, expressed satisfaction at the progress being made in the fight for pure government in St. Louis. He compared the present expose to that of the Tweed ring in the '70s, and said he believed that never before, with that exception, had corruption in public office held such sway as it had here during the past few years. He believed the authorities were in a fair way to weed out the element that looked on the public office as a place for personal enrichment. Mr. Folk said that for many years past the municipal assemblies in St. Louis had been dominated

Continued on Fourth Page.

DAY'S NEWS SUMMARIZED

Weather forecast for St. Paul and vicinity: Fair and warmer Wednesday; fair and cooler Thursday.

DOMESTIC—

Gov. Stone, of Pennsylvania, and P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, fail in an effort to end the big anthracite strike.

Member of the alleged St. Louis boodle gang turns state's evidence and several arrests are made.

Mrs. Harriet Benson, of Philadelphia, leaves $500,000 to various charities.

Senator C. L. Benedict is to be the new postmaster at Mankato.

Contract let at Stillwater for the cutting of 70,000,000 feet of logs.

President Roosevelt makes a trip through South Carolina.

Mayor Rose starts through Wisconsin by special train and makes many speeches.

Much alarm is felt over the disappearance of Henry W. Grady, of Atlanta.

Minnesota is leading Wisconsin by ten points in the artillery contest at Camp Douglas.

Nazina district, Alaska, is proved to be the richest since the discovery of Nome.

Mrs. Franklyn W. Lee is married to Col. John F. Stone, at Rush City.

LOCAL—

Neighborhood house management plans to educate adults as well as children in bread-winning vocations.

Assistant County Attorney O'Neill tells county commissioners they are attempting illegal procedure.

University opens with largely increased attendance and much enthusiasm on the part of students.

Board of aldermen refuses to concur in action of assembly in selection of election judges and list is rejected.

Summit avenue belle grows hysterical when her pet dog is captured. Season's roundup begins six week late.

Dr. Ohage closes the public baths for the season.

Park board holds a session on wheels and orders five miles of boulevard construction along the Mississippi.

B. Sommers buys valuable building property on Sixth and Wacouta streets.

Supreme court hears arguments for and against construction of primary ballots and promises early decision.

Federation of Women's Clubs in Minnetota must soon grapple with color problem.

Mrs. John Sterling, wife of confessed highwayman, mysteriously leaves the city.

POLITICAL—

Tawney men unearth Van Sant's work for Knatvold carried on through state central committee.

C. N. Peterson says Rosing will hold Lind vote in Southwestern Minnesota.

Colorado Democrats nominate Edward C. Stimson for governor.

SPORTING—

American Association—Milwaukee, 4, 13; St. Paul, 0, 12. Minneapolis, 9, 13; Kansas City, 7, 8. Louisville, 8; Toledo, 4.

National League—Boston, 7; Chicago, 6. Rain elsewhere.

American League—Washington, 3; Boston 2. Rain elsewhere.

BUSINESS—

Marked advances in stocks on heavy sales.

Wheat, corn and oats close somewhat higher on firmer cables and light receipts.

Crop reports indicate that but slight damage was done by the recent frosts.

The Union Pacific throws the Denver gateway open.

WASHINGTON—

Postal receipts of fifty American cities show a net increase of 50 per cent.

Gen. Miles is to leave for the Philippines on Thursday.

FOREIGN—

German soldiers play at war at Frankfort-on-Oder.

Venezuelan revolutionists are completely defeated, according to government reports.

The volcano on Stromboli Island is in full eruption.

MINNEAPOLIS—

"Reddy" Cohen is arraigned and gives bond in sum of $5,000 for appearance Sept. 15.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
New York	Lombardia	Wilhelm der Grosse.
New York	Grosser Kurfust	Graf Waldersee.
New York	Aller	Nicodemia.
NewYork		Southwark.
Sydney	Sierra.	
Hull	Consuelo.	
Malin Head	Ethiopia.	
Liverpool	Boric.	
Rotterdam	Noordam.	
Antwerp	Pennland.	
Moville	Ethiopia.	
Yokohama		Empress of India.

NEARLY $5,000,000 IN A SINGLE JUDGMENT

Charles B. Brown Gets a Big Award Against the Memphis, El Paso & Pacific Company.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—A judgment for $4,984,000 in favor of Charles B. Brown, was entered today in an action brought by him in the supreme court against the Memphis, El Paso & Pacific Railroad company. Brown claimed to be the owner of 1,667 bonds of the defendant company, valued at $1,000 each, which were issued in 1867. The bonds when they reached maturity were not paid, and Brown sued to recover their value, with the costs of the suit and the interest which had accumulated on the bonds.

STEAMER COTTAGE CITY WRECKED OFF ALASKA

All Its Passengers Saved and Taken to Skaguay.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 9. — The steamer Cottage City was wrecked Sunday below St. Petersburg in Wrangel Narrows. All the passengers were saved and are due at Skaguay this afternoon on the steamer Spokane, which will convey them to Seattle.

VENEZUELAN REBELS ARE BADLY WHIPPED

Government Believes There Will Soon Be National Peace.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—The consul general of Venezuelan has received the following undated cablegram from President Castro:

"A fierce battle was fought today at Finaquillo in which the revolutionary army, under Gens. Lucian Mondoza and Riera, were completely defeated, thus insuring national peace."

PLUM IS BENEDICT'S

THE SENATOR IS TO SUCCEED EDITOR HUNT IN MANKATO POSTOFFICE

LETTER FROM THE SCRIBE TO THE CONGRESSMAN

Expresses Appreciation of the Repeated Acts of Kindness and Confidence of the National Legislator and Hopes That Their Long Term of Warm Friendship Will Continue.

Special to The Globe.

MANKATO, Minn., Sept. 8.—As stated exclusively in The Globe several days ago, Congressman McCleary today recommended to President Roosevelt the appointment of Senator C. L. Benedict as postmaster at Mankato, in place of L. P. Hunt, whose term of office expired last May. Senator Benedict has been chairman of the Second congressional committee the past ten years, and is well known throughout Southern Minnesota.

The following letter from L. P. Hunt, editor of the Mankato Free Press and the retiring postmaster, is an explanation of his position in the matter:

"Mankato, Minn., Sept. 6.—Hon. James T. McCleary, Mankato, Minn.—My Dear Mr. McCleary: The commission issued to me as postmaster of the city of Mankato having expired last May and as I have reasons to believe that you have fully decided upon my successor, I beg to ask relief from my official duties at the earliest possible moment consistent with the proper transfer of the government business. I am solicitous that no delay follow this, as I have personal matters of considerable moment which require my undivided immediate attention. Retiring from the post which I have held for nearly four and one-half years, I do so with the feeling that I have served the public faithfully, and I trust, satisfactorily. The growth of the business of the Mankato postoffice has been gratifying. The improvements in the service during the past four years have certainly kept pace with the growth of the city, and the present high efficiency of the clerical and carrier force is to me, at least, a source of much pride and satisfaction. I can therefore say to you that in retiring I do so with only feelings of genuine satisfaction and with assurance to my successor that he will find on entering upon his duties a force of employes thorough in discipline, obliging and devoted to their work. In this connection, I cannot refrain from expressing to you my full appreciation for your repeated acts of kindness and confidence during the term of my official connection with the office and I trust that the many years of friendship that have existed between us may continue without end. Sincerely yours, —"L. P. Hunt."

STROMBOLI VOLCANO IN FULL ERUPTION

Throwing Up Great Columns of Fire and Torrents of Stone—Vesuvius May Spout.

ROME, Sept 9.—The volcano on Stromboli island is in full eruption and is throwing up great columns of fire and torrents of stones. The island is shrouded in smoke. Mount Vesuvius is showing signs of activity.

Sromboli is the northernmost of the Lipara islands of the Mediterranean off the north coast of Sicily. Its area is eight square miles. It is wholly of volcanic formation and has a constantly active volcano 3,040 feet high, with an extinct crater on top, also an active one on the side at the height of about 2,150 feet. On the east side of the island lies the small town of Stromboli. The population of the island is placed at 500 persons.

MINNESOTA LEADS BY GOOD MARGIN

North Star Artillerymen Make Big Gain at Camp Douglas—Now Lead by Ten Points.

Special to The Globe.

CAMP DOUGLAS, Wis., Sept. 9.—Firing in the interstate artillery contest at Camp Douglas commenced with a strong wind, which prevented high scores. Minnesota found the target first, making eight points out of two hits in their four preliminary shots, while Wisconsin failed to get on the target. After three more shots Minnesota scored the bullseye and kept on the target for the next five shots, while Wisconsin failed to land until the sixth shot, making two more hits on the seventh and eighth. At this point the score stood Minnesota 12, Wisconsin 11, on even shots. Wisconsin failed to score in the two shots following, while Minnesota gained six points, or a total of eighteen, which lead Wisconsin could not make up, and Minnesota gradually gained until they had made 42 and Wisconsin 33, which expresses the result of the second day of the contest, giving Minnesota a clear lead of ten points for the two days.

The highest score of the two days was made by a Minnesota gunner, Corporal Fred C. Wynne, who scored 26. Capt. Larson, the other Minnesota gunner, made 16. Lieut. Armitage and Sergeant Westfall, the Wisconsin gunners, made 17 and 14, respectively. The remaining three men on each team will probably complete the scores tomorrow. Ninety-six shots, including preliminaries, were fired in all by the two teams in the two days, resulting in 44 hits, 25 by Minnesota and 19 by Wisconsin. Comparing the result of the two days with the winning score last year, Minnesota now stands eight points ahead, with three more men to shoot. While both teams have made marked improvement over their former records, the Minnesota men plainly showed the result of intelligent training. A number of infantry officers and enlisted men congregated in safe positions around the target to watch the shooting. Interest was aroused by the close scores of Monday.

NOW THE SCHOOLBOY WITH HIS "SHINING MORNING FACE, CREEPING LIKE A SNAIL UNWILLINGLY TO SCHOOL."

MILES IS TO LEAVE FOR PHILIPPINES

Will Proceed Leisurely and Stop Off at Chicago on His Way to the West.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 9. — Lieut. Gen. Miles today presided over a meeting of the army board of ordnance and fortifications, which is giving final consideration to its annual report to congress. He will leave this city on Thursday for the Philippines, but will stop at Chicago, and possibly at other important points on the way to Portland, Or., from which city he will proceed leisurely down the coast of California in order to inspect the recent extensive improvements in the coast defense system on the Pacific.

His movements will be so timed as to enable him to take passage for Manila on the transport Thomas, scheduled to leave San Francisco about the 30th inst. Mrs. Miles, Col. M. P. Maur, aide-de-camp, and Mrs. Maur and a stenographer and a messenger from the army headquarters will accompany him. Col. H. H. Whitney probably will join the party later on and return with it to the United States. Gen. Miles expects to forward his annual report to the secretary of war before his departure from San Francisco.

GRAND DUKE BORIS FAILS TO START HOME

Accident to Vanderbilt Yacht Prevents Him From Leaving.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Grand Duke Boris of Russia was to have sailed today on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. He left Newport last night on Cornelius Vanderbilt's steam yacht Mirage for Wickford, R. I., where he was to have taken a train for this city. An accident to the yacht's machinery, however, delayed him, and he was unable to land in time to make connection with the train.

DENVER IS NOW OPEN

THE UNION PACIFIC TAKES ACTION WHICH CAUSES MUCH COMMENT

ROCK ISLAND ROAD MATERIALLY BENEFITED

Official of the Harriman Lines Explains That the Action Is Taken Because the Handling of Traffic West of the Colorado Capital Is Not So Costly as Formerly.

CHICAGO, Sept. 9.—The Denver gateway of the Union Pacific, which has remained closed since 1896, has been thrown open both for freight and passenger traffic, and the Burlington for freight traffic. This radical change in the policy of the Union Pacific caused great surprise today when it became generally known, and led to much speculation as to the cause. An official of the Harriman lines stated that there was nothing to be said regarding the matter, except that the Denver gateway was now wide open and it remained for the Rock Island officials to say how extensively it would be used for Pacific coast business. The new agreement regarding traffic was entered into early in August, but has been kept a fairly close secret until today.

Advantage to Rock Island.

The greatest advantage to the Rock Island will come in traffic destined for North Pacific coast points, which hitherto has been turned over to the Union Pacific at the river, the latter company refusing to accept it at Denver. Under the new arrangements the Rock Island will enjoy the long haul on all of this business, thereby securing an added advantage of over 1,000 miles.

An official of the Harriman lines stated the management had decided that conditions had changed since the closing of the Denver gateway and that there was no good reason why the roads east of the river should not have the long haul in traffic originating in their territory. For one thing, he explained, the cost of handling traffic west of Denver by the Union Pacific had greatly decreased, and this and other new conditions made it good policy to throw the Denver gateway open.

DEATHBED BRIDE GETS ABOUT $4,000,000

Woman Who Married Bradford McGregor Is Willed a Large Fortune.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—An estate estimated to be worth $4,000,000 was left by Bradford McGregor, son of the late Standard Oil magnate, who died yesterday at Mamaroneck after a surgical operation. McGregor is said to have signed a deed shortly before death, which is said to have transferred to his deathbed bride, who was Miss Clara Schemmler, of New York, the bulk of the property.

STEAMER STEVENS SINKS WITH COPPER AND FLOUR

The Crew Experiences Great Difficulty in Getting Ashore.

PORT ROWAN, Ont., Sept. 9.—The steamer Stevens, of Buffalo, bound from Duluth to Buffalo, with copper and flour, burned to the water's edge off Clear Creek early this morning. The crew was saved. A heavy sea was running and the crew experienced great difficulty in reaching shore. Mate Knapp, with eleven of the crew of twenty-one, put out first. The shore at that point is from 15 to 25 feet high.

After finding a safe place to land the mate and his men built fires on the shore for the guidance of the captain and the second boat load. The Stevens belonged to the Union Transit company and was valued at about $75,000. She was built in 1866 and measured 1,015 tons.

NAZINA DISTRICT FABULOUSLY RICH

Four Men Sluice Out $1,500 in Three Days—Robert Blei Made a Millionaire.

Special to The Globe.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 9.—Authentic reports received today from the new Nazina gold diggings in the Copper river valley, two hundred miles inland from Valdez, prove Nazina to be the richest strike made in Alaska since Nome was discovered. The best pay seemed to be on Rex gulch, where in three days four men sluiced out $1,500 in one sluice box. The pay streak extends along the whole distance of several hundred feet. Not over $50,000 will be taken out this year, as the principal owners prefer to prospect preparatory to opening up their properties on a large and economical scale next year.

About four hundred claims have been staked in the district, of which two hundred and twelve are owned or controlled by Robert Blei, of New York, who represents a large syndicate. Blei's men struck Nazina river just after gold was discovered and located claims in every direction. Blei is made a millionaire many times over.

Copper nuggets vary in size from a pinhead to a hundred pounds in weight and assay at 98 per cent. The whole bedrock is covered with this copper along with the gold. As now prospected the Nazina district covers two hundred square miles. Gold is found evenly distributed along the creeks, and the benches are as rich as the creeks. The average depth to bedrock is four to six feet, with an abundance of water and timber for mining purposes.

HENRY W. GRADY DROPS OUT OF SIGHT

Son of the Late Editor of the Atlanta Constitution Has Been Missing for Several Days.

ATLANTA, Ga., Sept. 9.—Henry W. Grady has disappeared and his friends and relatives are much concerned. Mr. Grady is the only son of the late Henry W. Grady, editor of the Atlanta Constitution, who at the time of his death, was probably the most popular man in the South. Young Grady was last seen at Norfolk, Va., on Friday of last week, when he left the hotel where he was stopping with his wife and child in order to secure transportation for the return trip to Atlanta, his home. Since that time no trace of him has been found. Mrs. Grady, prostrated with grief, has returned to Atlanta.

Eugene R. Black, a prominent attorney of this city and brother-in-law of Mr. Grady, is now in New York in quest of him, having abandoned all hope of finding him in Norfolk.

Mr. Grady had only a small amount of money when last seen. The theory of suicide is not entertained by his family or friends. His domestic life was happy and he was in comfortable financial circumstances. The police in every city, domestic and foreign, will be notified of Mr. Grady's disappearance.

The missing man has for some years been connected in various capacities with the Atlanta Constitution. His wife was Miss Grace Gould, of St. Louis, Mo.

BARS SALE OF LIQUOR IN SAMOAN ISLANDS

Government Decides Against Disposing of Intoxicants for Cash—Row With Blacklock.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 9.—The government has decided against the sale of intoxicating liquors of any description in our Samoan possessions. Shortly after the triparte agreement between England, Germany and the United States for the government of the Samoan islands was dissolved and the assumption of control of the American portion of the islands by the navy, under which the government was placed, a license for the sale of liquor at Tutuila, was granted. Subsequently, upon the recommendation of the naval governor, the license was revoked, not, however, before the United States vice consul at Apia, Mr. Blacklock, had erected a hotel at Tutuila in which the sale of liquor was carried on.

Shortly after the license was revoked he lodged a protest, claiming that the prohibition of the sale of liquor would work financial injury to him and representing that its sale would in no wise corrupt the morals of the natives who, he represented, were not addicted to the use of intoxicants. It was also represented to the department that the sale of intoxicating liquors was permitted in the English and German portions of the islands.

After duly considering the matter the navy department has decided against Vice Consul Blacklock, and the action of the naval governor in revoking the license has been sustained.

DRIVEN TO DEATH IN ALASKA STORM

President Roosevelt Has Ordered an Investigation of a Drowning at St. Michael's.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 9.—Word comes from St. Michael that President Roosevelt has personally requested an investigation into the drowning there last September of a man named Onyok and a woman named Breckey, who had lived with him. The couple were supposed to be on their way upon the river with a stock of liquors, but remained here for some time, and Capt. Howell, in command of the miltary reservation, convinced that they were selling liquor on the island, ordered them to leave within twenty-four hours.

A hard storm arose on the afternoon of the day they were ordered away. They asked Capt. Howell for more time, which, it is said, was refused. They set out in a small boat and were drowned. The investigation is being conducted by the son of Col. Grigsby, the new district attorney for this district and a personal friend of President Roosevelt.

FAILS TO END BIG STRIKE

Gov. Stone's Effort to Get Settlement of Anthracite Trouble Futile

J. P. MORGAN IS SEEN

P. A. B. Widener Calls on the Magnate, but He Declines to Offer Interference

COAL ROAD OFFICIALS TALK VERY GUARDEDLY

None of Them Say Much, Though Fowler, of the Ontario & Western, Says the Miners Must Surrender Unconditionally — President Mitchell Insists Workmen Are Ready to Stand Out.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 10.—3 a. m.—The North American this morning says that J. Pierpont Morgan has assented to a plan proposed by Gov. Stone, of Pennsylvania, for ending the coal miners' strike. The plan, according to the North American, was submitted to Mr. Morgan yesterday by P. A. B. Widener, of this city. The plan, in a brief, is for the mine workers to return to work without a signed agreement; that the operators, by concessions, adjust the differences existing between the men and the companies; that after waiting a reasonable time the operators fail to do this, an arbitrator be appointed, and that if the men deem the decision of the arbitrator as unjust, then the men can again go on strike.

The paper also says that Gov. Stone immediately telegraphed President Mitchell for a conference and that the meeting between the governor and the miners' chief will take place probably today.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 10.—President Mitchell early this morning said he had received no information from Gov. Stone with reference to a conference; as far as he knew, the strike situation was unchanged.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—Gov. William A. Stone, of Pennsylvania, who came to this city and made an effort during the day to see what could be done towards settling the anthracite coal strike, returned to Harrisburg, Pa., tonight without having apparently been able to accomplishe a settlement. There were rumors afloat that the governor's visit had results, but George W. Perkins, of J. P. Morgan & Co., denied tonight that there was any change in the situation. Word to the same effect was received by long distance telephone from President Truesdell, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railway, who is out of town. Gov. Stone was accompanied to the city by Attorney General Elkin, of Pennsylvania, and Senator Flynn, of Pittsburg. The three held a conference of several hours' duration with P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, in the offices of the United States Steel corporation.

After the conference had lasted an hour Mr. Widener went to see J. P. Morgan at the latter's office and asked him to use his influence to end the strike. Ten minutes later he returned to his fellow conferees and told them that Mr. Morgan had declined to interfere.

Gov. Stone Talks.

Before leaving the city Gov. Stone gave out the following statement "Attorney General Elkin, Senator T. Flynn any myself have been in consultation for several hours today with P. A. B. Widener, of Philadelphia, a director of the United States Steel corporation, and associated with Mr. Morgan in many business interests. Mr. Widener is very anxious to see the strike settled and today took the matter up with Mr. Morgan. We are doing what we can."

Gov. Stone was asked what progress towards a settlement had been made during the conference and whether any direct communication had been had from Mr. Morgan? To these questions he answered that he had nothing to say beyond what was contained in his statement, and that the other parties to the conference had also been pledged to silence.

George W. Perkins, speaking for J. P. Morgan & Co., said tonight: "We have no comment to make on Gov. Stone's statement. We, however, have no official statement as to what occurred at the conference, nor have we heard from Gov. Stone since the conference was closed. Nor have we anything to say on the strike situation."

Unconditional Surrender.

President George F. Baer, of the Philadelphia & Reading; President Truesdell, of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, and President Thomas P. Fowler, of the New York, Ontario & Western railway, had an informal conference.

After it was over President Fowler said the situation had been gone over thoroughly in an informal manner. Mr. Fowler said there was no change in the attitude of the operators and that nothing could end the strike but the unconditional surrender of the striking miners.

Later in the day when Gov. Stone's statement was submitted to President Fowler he sent out word by his secre-

Continued on Fourth Page.

DEFECTIVE PAGE