The St. Paul Globe

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THINGS VITAL TO FARMERS

Their Prosperity or Adversity Bound Up With That of the Railroads

ADDRESS BY J. J. HILL

Grant County Men Told That the Great Northern Is Able to Reduce Rates.

SPEAKER DENIES THAT HE WANTS TO EAT PEOPLE UP

Refers to Certain Trusts That Are Not Intended to Be Prosperous—Discussion of the Proposition That the Running of Business Concerns Be Turned Over to Congress.

Special to The Globe.

ELBOW LAKE, Minn., Sept. 26.—James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railway, addressed farmers of Grant county here tonight and was warmly applauded. The crowd that heard Mr. Hill was large, comprising mostly farmers drawn here by the county fair. Mr. Hill said:

"No one in the state or out of it has as great an interest in the people of the state and the people who are cultivating the land as myself. No man has a greater interest, put it all on selfish ground if you want to, in the welfare of the producers. If your labor fails what becomes of us? If you are poor, we are poor. I am glad to see the evidence of your prosperity, for we must share your prosperity with you. It cannot be otherwise. All that we have been doing, all that I have tried to do in the way of building up the success of the country, is on the ground that the man who cultivates the soil must earn the money before he can pay it.

"The lumber trees in Minnesota are practically all counted. We have on the Pacific coast enormous forests. You want them here. They want them as far south as Baltimore and as far east as Portland. Now bear this in mind. What helps you, what you need and what we need is the assistance of other shoulders to help us bear our burdens. The people who own and manufacture that lumber on the coast are seeking a market for it. How does that affect you beyond the price of lumber? It affects you by contributing so many tons of freight to be hauled over our line, after we have gathered all these tons from the Pacific coast and from beyond the Pacific and brought them here. There are four or five times as many trains on the line as there were years ago.

Can Reduce Rates.

"The capital of the road is practically the same. The increased earnings and the increased amount of business has placed us in a position where we can reduce rates. We have reached a point where we can earn our dividends. That is all we can get. If we earned three dividends we would divide only one. We get 7 per cent on our stock, and on a safe investment that is good enough. We ought to be satisfied.

"Some people try to persuade you that we want to eat you up; that we want your farms. Some think I dine off the fresh roast shoulder of my neighbors every day, but I assure you I don't. I don't want to. I don't eat any more than I ever did. I don't wear any more than I ever did and I am easily satisfied with both. But if you will consider this on the lines I have stated you cannot this year, next year, or in all time separate the land from the railroad. A man might quarrel with the railroad company or become dissatisfied or for another reason sell his land and move away and I might sell out and someone else might come and run the railroad, but the railroad will be there and the land will be there and they will have the same interest and they will prosper together or be poor together. Now and forever, to the end of time, we are the nearest neighbors.

Dependent Upon Railways.

"Many of you came here leaving your old homes and your parents elsewhere. You or your children cannot go to see your mother or grandmother without buying a ticket. You cannot buy clothing or shoes that have not paid something to the railroad. Depend upon it, you are our supporters and we are sane enough to try to see that you are able to support us. If not, we fail. I want to impress that upon you because it shows you the ground upon which we stand.

"There are so-called industrial enterprises whose only industry is in running printing presses to print shares of stock. If there is no harm in an enterprise, if there are five or ten of them that are good, if there is no bad in them, when you put them together there is no bad in the entire mass. But if the object is to get something for nothing, to get something that does not belong to you, to get money out of another man's pocket, the money he has worked for, and put into your own, if that is the object it is all wrong."

The speaker referred to the enterprises of Krupp and Carnegie as examples of those which are right. He referred to the malting, leather, bicycle and other trusts as among those which are not intended to be prosperous. He continued:

Turning Business Over to Congress.

"Some people advocate, our good president advocates, turning everything over to congress. What sort of a congress would we have after a while if all the business of the country were turned over to it? I think they would be doing business in the halls of congress, but the business they would do might not be the kind of business you would want. I think we should hold every man responsible for his own acts. If he does wrong, punish him. If he does right, protect him. There is not a single dollar represented in the capital of the Great Northern road that has not behind it 100 cents of honest money.

"I do not want my name connected with any enterprise that is bogus; that is, trying to get something for nothing. I am satisfied with what we have done and care more that people should remember after I am gone that I tried to be honest rather than I tried to be great. There are no great men."

DAY'S NEWS SUMMARIZED

Weather for St. Paul and vicinity: Clearing and cooler; fair and warmer Sunday.

LOCAL—

In spite of confirmatory evidence from Toledo, the home of his wife and of Blanche Crane, Olaf E. Olson declares he will return there and prove he is not twice married.

Mrs. J. H. Randall is elected president of Twin City Sunday school institute.

Omaha railroad will connect with South St. Paul stock yards within the month.

Squatters on river-made lands will resent efforts to oust them.

Civic league delegates say St. Paul public baths are object lesson to entire country.

Charter commission seeks decisive opinion as to whether amendments may be submitted at coming election.

Another accident occurs at Dead Man's Curve.

Foley Bros. & Kelly Mercantile company will put up big building in the wholesale district.

Audacious thief loots barber shop and steals detective's tools.

Madison School union gives reception to the district teachers.

DOMESTIC—

Arrests are made in connection with the attempt of Laura Biggar, the actress, to establish her claim to the estate of the late Henry M. Bennett, the Pittsburg millionaire.

Judge Brewer, of the national supreme court, is badly burned while burning brush.

Chicago young woman who had joined a secret order is missing.

Microscopic experts find no trace of dangerous matter in President Roosevelt's wound.

Prof. A. M. Teneycke, of North Dakota, is elected to the chair of agriculture of the Kansas State Agricultural college.

Pupils in a Milwaukee school are obliged to furnish their own fuel.

Former mine foreman of Scranton, Pa., is accused of trying to bribe miners to return to work.

Attempts are made to wreck two excursion trains in South Dakota.

James J. Hill addresses Grant county farmers.

FOREIGN—

Four hundred people are drowned in a flood in Sicily.

Bolivia has a revolution. Several battles are fought. The revolutionists are trying to start a new republic.

Important work of Archbishop Guidi, papal delegate to the Philippines, is outlined.

Grand Duke Boris gives his impressions of Newport and other parts of the United States.

WASHINGTON—

Secretary of the treasury issues an offer to buy bonds.

Large number of diplomatic appointments is made.

Counsel for Miss Rebecca J. Taylor file a demurrer to Secretary Root's answer to her petition for a mandamus to compel the secretary to restore her to a clerkship.

POLITICAL—

Democratic state central committee plans stumping tour to commence in St. Paul.

Col. Foster says announcement of his withdrawal from congressional contest was premature.

University men organize a Jones club.

BUSINESS—

There is considerable strength in stocks, St. Paul and Louisville & Nashville leading.

Commercial and industrial activity continues unabated.

All grains are higher but oats. Wheat withstands some bearish conditions.

SPORTING—

American league: St. Louis 5, Chicago 4; Detroit 4, Cleveland 2.

National league: Cincinnati 7, St. Louis 3.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
Queenstown		Commonwealth.
Southampton		Auguste Victoria.
Genoa	Aller.	
Boulogne		Statendam.

RELINQUISHES CLAIM TO A LARGE ESTATE

Arrests in Connection With Actress Laura Biggar Attempt to Get the Bennett Property.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 26—The suit of Actress Laura Biggar to establish her claim to the $2,000,000 estate of the late Henry M. Bennett, the Pittsburg millionaire, had a sensational finish today when Miss Biggar's counsel announced that his client had decided to forego all claims to the estate except the 60 per cent interest she was given under the terms of Bennett's will.

It looked like a termination of proceedings there, but the sensation which the lawyers representing the other heirs had promised came like a thunderbolt. A representative of Peter J. McNulty, one of the heirs, arose and said to the court:

"Your honor, there are warrants now out for Laura Biggar, Samuel Stanton and Dr. C. C. Henricks, charging them with conspiracy. Miss Biggar is not here, but the other two are, and the warrants will be served at once. I make this announcement that you may fix bail."

Stanton and Henricks were immediately arrested and bail fixed at $5,000. Stanton formerly was a justice of the peace at Hoboken. At a former hearing on the claims of Miss Biggar to Bennett's entire estate, the attorneys for the actress put in a claim that shortly before Bennett's death she had been married to the millionaire in Hoboken and that a posthumous child had been born.

TAKING AN OATH IN OPEN COFFIN

Shameful Law Pertaining to the Jews Still in Force in Roumania.

BUCHAREST, Roumania, Sept. 27.—There is an old law by which a Jew may be compelled by the Roumanian courts of law to take an oath in a shameful and mediaeval manner.

The Jew is placed in an open coffin in the synagogue, clad in his grave clothes, and is forced to repeat the curse and maledictions uttered by the rabbi upon him and every member of his family if he fails to tell the truth.

All agitation to get this law repealed has been futile, and although it has fallen into desuetude, it may still be invoked, if the Christian party in a lawsuit demands it and the judge consents.

NO BLOOD POISONING

ALL FEARS REGARDING THE PRESIDENT'S CONDITION ALLAYED SCIENTIFICALLY.

MISCROSCOPIC EXPERTS EXAMINE CONTENTS OF WOUND

No Trace of Dangerous Matter Is Found, Thus Controverting the Opinion Expressed by the Quintette of Doctors at the Time the Operation Was Performed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 26.—A microscopic examination of the contents of president Roosevelt's wound has been completed by Drs. F. B. Wynne, Charles Ferguson and W. T. S. Dodds, of this city, and all three of the physicians agree that no trace of dangerous matter was found in the serum.

THE GHOST WILL NOT VANISH

The five doctors who performed the operation to relieve the abscess of the president's leg, expressed the conviction at the time that there was no danger of blood poisoning, but as a matter of precaution the serum was submitted for examination to the three microscopic experts.

Satisfactory Progress.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—The condition of President Roosevelt's injured leg shows steady and satisfactory progress toward improvement. There is only a slightly perceptible change from day to day, as the healing process is naturally slow and tedious. The president spent the day very quietly, his principal visitor being Secretary Moody, who had navy department matters to bring to his attention.

SECRETARY SHAW WILL BUY BONDS

In a Circular He Calls for 5 Per Cent of the Loan of 1904.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26.—The secretary of the treasury has issued the following circular:

"This department will purchase any of the United States 5 per cent bonds of the loan of 1904, if presented for that purpose on or before Oct. 15 next, and will pay for them at the rate of 105 flat. Bonds may be presented at this department, division of loans and currency, or at the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States, at New York."

Secretary Shaw today issued a circular carrying out his announcement of yesterday regarding the prepayment of the interest on bonds of the United States.

Democratic Candidate Withdraws.

LANCASTER, Ohio, Sept. 26.—Charles M. Martin, Democratic candidate for congress in the new Eleventh Ohio district, has declined to accept the nomination. No reason is given. This is Gen. Grosvenor's district and it is overwhelmingly Republican.

GUIDI'S WORK IN THE PHILIPPINES

Will Reorganize the Church, Settle the Friar Question and Establish Seminaries.

ROME, Sept. 26.—The publication of a pontifical bull on the apostolic constitution of the Philippines is imminent. It will indicate the general object and aims of Archbishop Guidi's mission to Manila. The apostolic delegates will have to reorganize the whole ecclesiastic hierarchy of the archipelago, will create three new diocesans and will propose prelates for the archbishopric of Manila and the remaining bishoprics, after which he will convoke a synod to establish rules for governing ecclesiastic affairs in harmony with the customs of the islands, as is done in South America.

Archbishop Guidi is animated by the most liberal ideas regarding the settlement of the Philippine questions. In his letter to Gov. Taft he said he was glad he had been chosen to co-operate with him in the pacification of the islands and hoped to be able to count on his assistance.

One of the first projects of the archbishop is the establishment at Manila of two seminaries to educate the native clergy which are destined ultimately to replace the foreigners. These seminaries will be entrusted to a religious order, which has not hitherto been represented in the archipelago. A portion of the students of the seminaries will be sent to Rome to complete their education either at the North American or South American colleges or in a special Filipino college if it is found practicable to establish the latter.

The questions regarding the friars, it is suggested, may be solved without recourse to the recall of the friars by "opening the doors in the Philippines to all the clergy of all the religious orders, without distinction of nationality, thus quickly overshadowing the few hundreds of Spanish friars remaining there."

The reorganization of the church in the Philippines on a new basis will be carried out with funds from the sale of the agricultural lands belonging to the friars and from the indemnity which the United States will pay for war damages.

MORGAN ANTICIPATES OCTOBER INTEREST

Pays Out $14,000,000 to the Companies of Which He Acts as Fiscal Agent.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—J. P. Morgan & Co. today notified the shareholders of the various companies and corporations for which they act as fiscal agents that they would anticipate October interest and coupon payments next Monday, two days in advance of the required time. These payments will approximate $14,000,000. The action is taken to relieve existing financial conditions.

The United States Steel corporation announced today that it would mail checks tomorrow for the quarterly dividend on its common stock, due Sept. 30. The sum of the quarterly dividend is $5,083,025, and that sum will be released to the money market.

DICTUM OF THE DUKE

BORIS WOULD WANT TO BE AN AMERICAN WERE HE NOT A RUSSIAN

ADMITS THAT LIFE IN THE UNITED STATES IS RAPID

Grand Duke Gives His Impressions of Newport, Where They Walk on Gold, Breathe Gold, Talk Gold and Think and Dream Gold—But the Women There Don't Enjoy Their Life.

Special Cable to The Globe.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—"If I were not a Russian I should want to be an American," said the Grand Duke Boris, who has just arrived in Paris much the worse for wear. After confessing that he had passed the most exciting six weeks of his life while in the United States, he continued:

"I have come to Paris to rest. I used to come here to see life, but now my standards are all changed. Chicago and New York are the swiftest places to be met in our whole world. But American life is calculated to ruin inevitably the nervous system, even of those who are accustomed to its unreasoning fever. This is true of society as well as of business.

"Though it is ungrateful in me to criticise my hostesses at Newport, who are among the most graceful and courtly women to be met in any country, nevertheless, it is impossible to believe that they enjoy the social life which they have created. It is business with them rather than amusement. While their husbands struggle for the ascendency in Wall street, the wives fight another grim battle in Newport. Many distinguished strangers while visiting there must feel that they are not feted and entertained for themselves, but because they furnish stakes in a merciless game.

"Newport in itself constitutes the most fantastic little country I ever saw. There one walks on gold, breathes gold, talks gold and thinks and dreams gold. My visit to Newport will always rank among the most interesting and bizarre experiences of my life."

DEMURRER FILED BY MISS TAYLOR

Minnesota Woman Takes Exceptions to Secretary Root's Answer to Her Petition.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26.—Counsel for Miss Rebecca J. Taylor, who was dismissed recently from the war department as a result of her published criticisms of the administration's policy in the Philippines, today filed a demurrer to Secretary Root's answer to her petition for mandamus to compel the secretary to restore her to a clerkship.

From New York To Chicago on a Cowcatcher : : :

THE SUNDAY GLOBE WILL CONTAIN

The thrilling story of a boy's remarkable ride. It will also tell how a Wisconsin hunter took a woman's hat for a bird and filled her face with shot. Mr. Dooley will talk exclusively to Globe readers on Arctic exploration, and George Ade will contribute a screamingly funny Modern Fable.

Besides, tomorrow's paper will have at least a dozen timely features which no other newspaper in St. Paul or Minneapolis will carry and all the news worth printing from the forty-five states of the Union and from every nation of the world reached by telegraph wires.

PRETTY CHICAGO GIRL MISSING

She Subscribed to a Fearful Oath as Member of the Mystic Order of the Sacred Twelve.

Special to The Globe.

CHICAGO, Sept. 26.—Deep in the mysteries of the Mystic Order of the Sacred Twelve, an organization strong in Chicago but of which few Chicagoans know, is thought to lie the only information concerning the sudden disappearance of June 10 of pretty Rose C. Mahon.

On that date the girl, who is nineteen years old and pretty, disappeared from the home of her aunt, Mrs. Matilda Smaller. Matt Mahon, aged twenty-two years and a first cousin of Miss Mahon, also disappeared the same day. After three months of futile search for them, members of their families today appealed to the police for assistance in locating them. When she joined the order she took an oath, among other things, swearing as follows:

"I shall ever hold sacred the secret language and all knowledge imparted to me and I hereby pledge myself never, under any circumstance, to divulge, make known or transfer to another in any manner whatsoever such language and knowledge as aforesaid."

The officers of the order have been asked for information concerning her.

ELECTED TO LARGEST AGRICULTURAL SCHOOL

Prof. A. M. Teneycke Chosen to a Chair in the Kansas State Institution.

Special to The Globe.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 26.—The regents of the Kansas state agricultural college, the largest school of agriculture in the world, today elected Prof. A. M. Teneycke, assistant agriculturist at the agricultural college of North Dakota, to the chair of agriculture of this college.

Prof. Teneycke graduated from the Wisconsin state university with honors in 1892, took special work under Profs. Henry and King in soil physics and made a specialty of wheat and corn production. In North Dakota a great deal of his time has been devoted to work in breeding and testing grains and grasses. The place in Kansas pays $2,500 and a house.

MASCAGNI SPEAKS SWEETLY OF YANKEES

Composer on His Way to New York and Does Not Fear American Critics.

PARIS, Sept. 26.—Pietro Mascagni and his wife have arrived here on their way to America, where Mascagni will fulfill an engament to conduct a hundred performances of his own operas by a company formed under his supervision. He embarks at Cherbourg tomorrow. He is very enthusiastic over his trip to the United States, which he will now visit for the first time.

Mascagni will go from New York direct to Washington to be present at the first performance of Hall Caine's "Eternal City," for which he composed the incidental music. Mascagni remarked:

"I consider that America possesses great musical artists. I met a number of Americans who were studying in Italy and found them quite on a par with native artists. I am convinced I shall get fair treatment from the American critics, judging by the reception they have given to 'La Cavaliera Rusticana' throughout America."

Mascagni does not think he has been fairly treated by the Italian critics, who, he says, disapprove of his independent, revolutionary ideas.

FOUR HUNDRED PEOPLE DROWNED

Terrible Results of a Storm and Flood in a Town of Sicily.

SYRACUSE, Sicily, Sept. 26.—The stream flowing through Modica, swollen by the recent terrific storm, suddenly overflowed and inundated the town. Several houses collapsed and a number of families perished. The country in the vicinity is flooded.

It is reported from Modica that a hundred bodies have already been found, but that the number of dead bodies swept away by the current is unknown. The newspaper Fractissa expresses the belief that some 400 people have been killeld.

A large portion of the low-lying part of Modica has been destroyed.

Two torrents, the St. Francis and the Ste. Marie, which descend through the town, rose suddenly and brought with them masses of mud and heavy stones and invaded the buildings of Modica. They carried everything in their course. Many houses were utterly wrecked and others were seriously damaged. Numerous animals perished. Tascaro was destroyed. Enormous damage was done at Palazzolo, Acreide, Farla and Geratana.

PUPILS FURNISH THEIR OWN FUEL

Peculiar State of Affairs Results From Coal Famine in a Milwaukee School.

Special to The Globe.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 26.—In the schools of the Ninth ward the coal famine is being felt to such an extent that the children have been compelled to furnish their own fuel. Wood boxes have been placed in the barracks and the teachers have told each pupil to bring two sticks of wood each day so that the barracks may be heated.

Spanish Miners Killed.

MADRID, Sept. 27.—Thirty miners have been killed at Mazarron, province of Muncie, by poisonous gas.

SAY HE HAS TWO WIVES

Relatives of Blanche Crane Accuse Olof E. Olson

BROTHERS MAKE THREATS

Engineer of Twin City Rapid Transit Company Denies, However, That He Was Married to Girl

SAYS HE'LL GO TO TOLEDO AND STRAIGHTEN MATTERS

Minneapolis Man Declares He Is the Victim of Circumstances and That Marriage Ceremony Performed Sept. 8 by Rev. Shutter Between Olaf E. Olson and Miss Blanche Crane Had Nothing to Do With Him.

Accused of having deserted a wife and six children in Toledo, Ohio, in order to elope with Miss Blanche Crane, whom he married in Minneapolis and whose four brothers are threatening him with bodily harm, Olaf Edward Olson, an inspecting engineer in the employ of the Twin City Rapid Transit company, says that he will return to Toledo and attempt to settle the matter.

Olaf Edward Olson first appeared in Minneapolis during the later part of August to take a position with the street railway company. He secured apartments at the Westminster hotel, 903 Second avenue south, where on Aug. 28, he brought a woman whom he registered as his wife, to live with him. The couple lived together until last Wednesday, when Mrs. Olson announced that she was "going home," but did not tell where.

With a quiet wedding, unattended by any save the minister and the wedded couple, Olaf Olson, who gave his address as Chicago, and Miss Blanche E. Crane, of Toledo, Ohio, were married Sept. 8 by Rev. Marion Shutter at the Church of the Redeemer.

No Questions Are Asked.

Olson, according to the statement made by Dr. Shutter yesterday, appeared at the parsonage the afternoon of Sept. 8 and asked that he perform a marriage service at his home that evening. He brought a license for Olaf E. Olson and Miss Blanche E. Crane, made out at Stillwater Sept. 7. Dr. Shutter ascertained that the license was good in any part of the state, and promised Olson to perform the service.

The couple appeared at the house that evening unattended and the ceremony was performed. They gave no explanation why the service was performed in Minneapolis in perference to Stillwater, but as there were apparently no suspicious circumstances the ceremony was performed without questions being asked. The only unusual thing that occurred was when Olson gave the birthplace and date of birth both of his bride and himself. He said that his bride was born in Norwalk, Ohio, Dec. 25, 1877, and that he was born in Norway Aug. 2, 1870.

Rev. Shutter thought nothing of the wedding until he received, Sept. 22, a telegram signed by a Mrs. Olson, of Toledo, asking if he had performed the marriage service of Olson and Miss Crane. He replied in the affirmative. Next day he received a query from another source in Toledo upon the same subject, but left it unanswered.

Olson Denies Connection.

The record of the quiet wedding at Dr. Shutter's house did not become a matter of public property until inquiries began to be made concerning the marriage from Toledo, and no attempt was made to connect Olaf Olson, the engineer, with the man who preferred Minneapolis to Stillwater as a starting point in the married journey. The first dispatches reporting the desertion by Olson of his wife and six small children were shown to Olson, who denied being the man and insisted that there was a mistake in identity. Later dispatches drew forth the same answer.

When last seen Olson again denied that he was the man who was married at the home of Rev. Shutter Sept. 8.

"It is a mistake," he said. "cannot understand it. I am going back to Toledo to straighten the matter up. My wife has written me to return and I shall go back tomorrow morning.

"I have been asked by the street car officials to confront Mr. Shutter for purposes of identification. I have tried to meet him today, but could not find him. I shall ask the company to hold my job open for me until I get back after straightening the matter up. I know the Crane woman, but I never married her."

The Toledo End.

Special to The Globe.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Sept. 26.—Not in years has any sensation stirred Toledo like the marriage said to have taken place in Minneapolis of Olaf Edward Olson, who has a wife and six children here, to Miss Blanche E. Crane, a well known young woman of this city. The claim is now made by her people that she did not know Olson was a married man and her four big brothers threaten to make things interesting for Olson.

Today Mrs. Miller, a wealthy aunt of the girl, said Blanche had already left Olson and was in Chicago. Mrs. Miller said that the girl's father, D. A. Crane, of 1472 Norwood avenue, had gone to Chicago to bring his daughter home.

"The girl was as innocent as a baby." declared Mrs. Miller. "That man Olson knew her for a long time. He used to visit us frequently and often jumped off a passing street car. He was often a guest at dinner. He deceived my poor, innocent child and lured her into this marriage. The papers have been severe on her and she is entitled to justice. She was not in the least to blame."

Mrs. Miller insisted in her interview with the reporter that her niece was properly married to Olson, as announced in the papers. This has been thoroughly verified, she said. There was no disposition at the Olson home on Lawrence avenue today to volunteer any further information. Mrs. Olson No. 1 had left the house to consult with her lawyer, and a woman friend whom she left in charge sent word through the servant girl that:

"The case is going to be settled and we don't want to give out anything for publication. There has been too much in the papers about the matter."