TO MEET AT MANKATO

TEN THOUSAND OUTSIDERS EXPECTED IN THE CITY NEXT MONDAY

STATE CATHOLIC BENEVOLENT SOCIETY

Large Parades to Be a Feature of the Gathering—Some of the Best Known Speakers of the State to Give Addresses Upon Pertinent Topics.

Special to The Globe.

MANKATO, Minn., Sept. 26.—All arrangements have been completed for the State Catholic Benevolent convention to be held in this city next Monday. Mankato citizens have commenced to decorate their places of business and Main street will be lighted at night by numerous electric arches. Ten thousand delegates and strangers will be in Mankato Monday to witness the monster parades. Special trains will be run from the Twin Cities on both the Omaha and Chicago Great Western roads on Monday.

The programme of the convention covers four days. The officers of the association are George N. Gerlach, St. Paul, president; Martin Walser, Mankato, vice president; J. Q. Juenemann, St. Paul, secretary, and Peter M. Kerst, St. Paul, treasurer. On Sunday the reception committee will meet all trains and a large number of delegates are expected on that date. Sunday evening the first performance of Schiller's "Maid of Orleans" will take place in the school hall.

Pontifical High Mass.

On Monday morning at 10 o'clock the delegates will meet at the Catholic church, where pontifical high mass will be celebrated, Bishops Cotter, of Winona, and Trobec, of St. Cloud, being present.

At 1 o'clock the monster parade will take place and at 3 o'clock the first business session will be held at the opera house, where Mayor Peterson will deliver the address of welcome. At 7 o'clock Monday evening there will be a mass meeting of all Catholics, Hon. Matt Nachbar, of Jordan, will speak on "Socialism and the Social Question." Prof. John Stelyle, of St. Cloud, will deliver an address on "The Right Man." Other prominent clergymen from various parts of the state will address the meeting.

Pontifical high mass and sermon at the St. Peter and St. Paul's church are set for Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon the directors will hold a session at school hall. Morning solemn requiem for the deceased members of the societies will take place on Wednesday morning at 8 o'clock. The final meeting of the directors will then be held in school hall.

VICTORY FOR LORD BRASSEY.

His Company Gets Favorable Decision in Michigan Land Case.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Sept. 26.—Judge Wanty, of the federal court, has decided in favor of the Michigan Land and Iron company, Lord Brassey's corporation, in its fight with homesteaders over lands in the old Marquette, Houghton & Ontonangon railway grant, purchased by it in 1881. The title to thousands of acres of choice upper peninsula lands is involved. It is held that the title of the company is affirmed by acts of congress and that the tracts are not subject to homestead entry. This brings to an end a costly litigation that has been going on for many years.

HIGH SCHOOL IS DEDICATED.

Memorable Day for the People of Plainfield, Wis.

Special to The Globe.

PLAINFIELD, Wis., Sept. 26.—The new high school was dedicated today. School children and citizens marched through the streets, headed by bands of music. Addresses were delivered by notable educators from abroad. Citizens were shown through the new building by ushers. A banquet was given, with entertainment and speeches, in the evening.

ROSING SPEAKS AT LUVERNE.

Enthusiastic Crowd Listens to the Next Governor.

Special to The Globe.

LUVERNE, Minn., Sept. 26.—The Democratic state campaign was opened at this place tonight by Hon. L. A. Rosing and C. N. Andrews. The meeting was held in the court house, which was packed with a very enthusiastic audience. The speakers were introduced by Hon. Jay Ladue. Mr. Rosing confined his remarks to state issues and Mr. Andrews discussed the tariff.

MARTIN DEE FOR CONGRESS.

Montana Populist Nominated and Will Try for Fusion.

HELENA, Mont., Sept. 26.—The Populist state convention nominated Martin Dee, representative in the last house from Silver Bow county (Butte), as candidate for congress. The only other candidate will be associate justice, and he will be named by a conference committee which will try to effect fusion. The party indorsed the woman suffrage movement.

INTENTIONAL OR ACCIDENTAL?

Supposed Case of Murder or Suicide in North Dakota.

Special to The Globe.

JAMESTOWN, N. D., Sept. 26.—Coroner Baldwin was called this evening to Spiritwood Lake to investigate the mysterious death of George Negasek, a farmer sixty-five years old, whose body was found in the lake four miles from his home. It is supposed to be a case of murder or suicide.

Struck by a Freight Car.

Special to The Globe.

HASTINGS, Minn., Sept. 26.—Frank Spies, of Empire, aged thirty years, was struck by a freight car at the Third street crossing this evening and suffered a dislocation of the right hip. He was en route for Chicago.

Murders Her Offspring.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Sept. 26.—Delia Liddy, aged twenty-years, unmarried and residing near Elkader, Iowa, poured carbolic acid down the throat of her three-week baby, placed the dead body in a satchel and was arrested today as she was leaving the city. She confessed the crime.

Place for Keokukers to Swim.

KEOKUK, Iowa, Sept. 26.—C. R. Joy has presented the Keokuk Young Men's Christian association, of which he is president, a $15,000 natatorium. The building will be ready for use by Jan. 1.

More Fire Escapes at Winona.

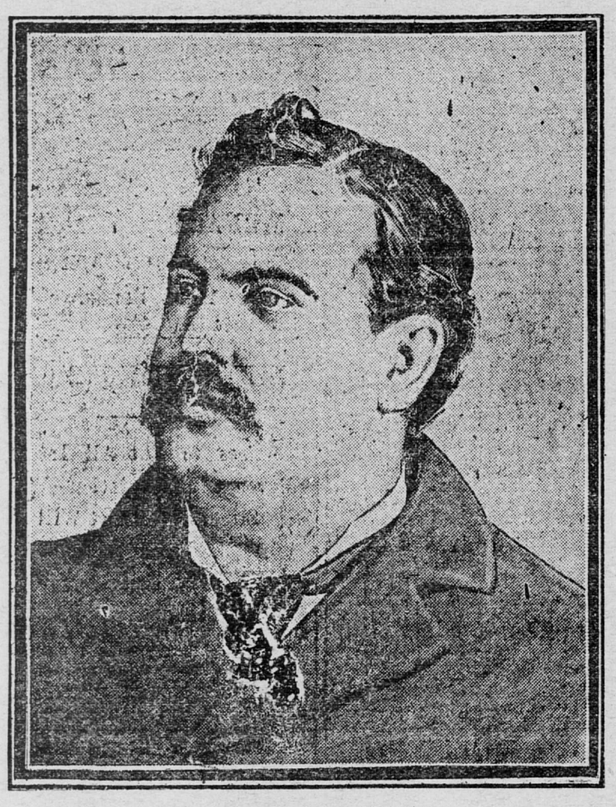
Special to The Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Sept. 26.—Chief Wise Norton, of the Winona fire department, has inaugurated a crusade for the placing of fire escapes on all buildings in the city over two stories in height.

Telephone Workers Strike.

BOISE, Idaho, Sept. 26.—The employes of the Rocky Mountain Bell Telephone company have gone on strike in the states of Montana, Idaho and Utah. They demand increased wages and recognition of the union.

NOMINATED TO SUCCEED D. B. HENDERSON.



BENJAMIN P. BIRDSALL.

Hospital for Huron.

Special to The Globe.

HURON, S. D., Sept. 26.—A movement, promising success, has been inaugurated for the establishment here of a hospital.

BRIBING MINERS TO RESUME WORK

Charge Against a Former Mine Foreman Which He Makes Haste to Deny.

SCRANTON, Pa. Sept. 26.—In a statement issued today District President Nichols accuses Michael Grimes, a former mine foreman, of being "at the head of a movement inaugurated by the coal companies to bribe a number of mine workers' locals for $2,500 apiece to vote to return to work." Mr. Nichols declares that "his informants stand ready to prove their assertions in court."

Mr. Grimes denies the Nichols statement and the coal companies also say it is not true.

Philadelphia, Pa, Sept. 26.—President John Mitchell, of the United Mine Workers of America, took up at length the charges of lawlessness on the part of the miners in a speech at the Third regiment armory tonight, under the auspices of the South Philadelphia Business Men's league. He made the counter charge that the operators are guilty of lawlessness in the employment of professional criminals as coal and iron policemen.

No disturbances of moment occurred in the strike region today. At Lebanon, where the employes of the American Steel and Wire company have been fighting against the importation of laborers, there is a temporary truce, with a likelihood that all differences will be settled and the men shortly return to work.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26.—The coal shortage reached an acute stage today. The price of soft coal jumped to $8 a ton, $2.50 more than the price Wednesday and three times as much as before the strike was begun. The quoted price of hard coal was $15, but it was merely nominal, as there was absolutely none to be had at any price. The price of wood followed coal. Practically a complete fuel famine exists.

WANT TO KNOW ABOUT THOSE HISTORICAL CHECKS

Subpoenas Out in Connection With the St. Louis Bribery Inquiry.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 26.—Developments in the boodle investigation were rather sensational today, subpoena duces teum having been issued at the instance of Circuit Attorney Folk, commanding Broker James Campbell and William Reed, his cashier, to appear in court and bring two checks aggregating $47,500, dated Nov. 28, 1899, and payable to Ed Butler, a prominent local politician, and explain the purpose for which the checks were drawn.

It was found by the grand jury that both checks had been cashed and returned to Broker Campbell. The date of these checks was the same as the day on which the ten-year lighting bill passed the house of delegates, for which nineteen members are said to have received $2,500 for their votes. Up to a late hour deputy sheriffs were unable to serve the subpoena.

Seven Men Perish in a Gale.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Sept. 26.—A severe gale has been raging along the coast for the past few days, doing much damage to property. Three Labrador fishing schooners have been lost, with their cargoes, but the crews escaped. A fourth schooner has been lost and the crew of seven of this vessel perished.

MINNEAPOLIS

TELL OF EXTORTION

ALLEGED VICTIMS OF EX-CHIEF AMES DESCRIBE THEIR DEALINGS

TWENTY-FIVE WOMEN ARE SUMMONED BY THE STATE

Effect of Defense in Trial at Minneapolis to Confine Testimony to Transaction Mentioned in Indictment Fails—Will Admit Visits Were Made and Orders Given to Pay Nothing to Gardner.

When the Ames trial opened in Judge Brooks' court yesterday the space inside the rail was packed with women, called as witnesses for the state in its effort to prove the charges of extortion against the former chief of the Minneapolis police department.

Spectators filled every inch of space alloted to the public, and interest in the proceedings was intense.

From the opening of the trial Attorney Victor Welch, who, with Attorney Hubachek, is defending Ames on the charge of taking $15 from Addie Mills, made constant objection. He hotly contested every inch of ground, taking refuge behind every possible technicality. His last important stand was taken upon the admission of testimony of other women in regard to similar transactions. The objection was that the state was endeavoring to prove the commission of other crimes than that charged in the indictment. The objection was overruled and Attorney Welch's exception noted. Thereafter there was constant objection to questions and answers, and exceptions were noted for a possible appeal.

The state, according to the opening statement of County Attorney Boardman, will not only attempt to prove that Ames extorted money from Addie Mills but that he visited twenty-five other persons while chief of police and ordered them to pay no more money to Irwin A. Gardner nor to anyone else until they heard from him.

Paid by Number.

The state expects to prove that "Reddy" Cohen, under instructions from the chief, later informed the women that they must pay tribute to him at his jewelry store on Washington avenue; that the money was paid in numbered envelopes, no names appearing, and that three or four times this money was paid by the state's witness under those same circumstances.

The defense, as developed by the trial yesterday, will admit all but the actual crime of soliciting and receiving the money. The visit to the resorts will be acknowledged; the orders to pay nothing more to Gardner will be admitted, but the responsibility for Cohen's action or the receiving of any money, either from him or directly as a price of protection or for other reasons will be denied.

Tells Damaging Details.

Addie Mills, named in the indictment, was the first important witness. Her story was a detailed account of the call made by Supt. Ames; of his order not to pay any more money to Gardner; of the coming of Cohen, who said he was under orders from the chief, and of the arrangements made for the payment of tribute. On cross-examination the Mills woman surprised the attorneys for the defense, who attempted to secure an admission that she had paid the money under no promise of protection, by stating that Chief Ames personally had promised her such protection when she visited him in his office.

Jessie Harris, 251 Hennepin avenue, told practically the same story, but when asked why she paid the money said:

"I don't know."

The trial will proceed with her cross-examination this morning.

HERE AT HOME.

St. Paul Citizens Gladly Testify.

It is testimony like the following that has placed "the little conqueror" so far above competitors. When people right here at home raise their voice in praise there is no room left for doubt. Read the public statement of a St. Paul citizen:

Mr. Peter Zeller, of 577 Charles street, says: "It does not require a very long use of Doan's Kidney Pills to prove their great value. I suffered from pains in my back, and, learning of this remedy, procured it at F. M. Parker's drug store, corner of Wabasha and Fifth streets. In a short time its use freed me from all pains in my back. I know of others who have used Doan's Kidney Pills with wonderful benefit."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

THEY "DOCK" THE MAYOR.

Councilmen Disregard City Attorney's Advice, and Ames Gets No Pay.

The city council, at its meeting last evening, by a vote of 20 to 3, decided that Mayor Ames should not draw salary for the month of September. This was in face of the statement of City Attorney Healy, to the effect that A. A. Ames was de jure mayor of the city, and could collect the money in the courts. The three negative votes were cast by Ald. Foell, Mumm and Adams, one Democrat and two Republicans.

Acting Mayor Jones voted in favor of "docking" his honor the $166.66 to which he is entitled under the law. Ald. Schoonmaker was the man who proposed to cut the mayor off the pay roll. Ald. S. E. Adams asked for information, and when informed that the mayor had a legal claim against the city, moved to pay the mayor his salary.

Ald. Holmes, President Jones' colleague from the Fifth ward, gave notice that at the next meeting of the council he would move to reconsider the vote, so there is a possibility that the mayor may receive the money.

BEN DRAKE IS CHOSEN.

Seniors at University Hold Election—Students After a Policeman's Scalp.

The senior class of the university got together yesterday morning and after the usual amount of wrangling elected officers for the coming year. The customary "frat" and "barb" contest did not develop this year, owing to the withdrawal from the contest of William Deering, the only fraternity nominee.

After the first ballot for president had been taken it was found that a number of freshmen were in the room and had taken part in the balloting. After the objection of the daring underclassmen, the second ballot was proceeded with and it resulted in the election of Benjamin Drake over R. P. Chase by a vote of 92 to 84.

Considerable indignation is felt among both the faculty and students of the university over the action of a policeman in arresting several of the students for riding their bicycles on the campus sidewalks.

The students feel that the policeman is overstepping his duties in making the arrests. Several of the faculty have been caught by the officer while riding on the walk, but have been released after being warned. In every case the students have been taken to the lockup, and there is now some talk of organizing a vigilance committee among the students to "make it unpleasant" for the objectionable policeman.

Reception to Robertson.

A general reception, followed by a banquet, was given last night to State Chancellor James Robertson by Minneapolis Lodge No. 1, K. P., in their lodge rooms in the Masonic Temple.

ATTEMPT TO WRECK EXCURSION TRAINS

Lives of Hundreds of Passengers Imperiled by Miscreants in South Dakota.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, Sept. 26.—The lives of several hundred passengers were endangered in Union county, South Dakota, tonight by two attempts to wreck Milwaukee excursion trains. These trains left Sioux City thirty minutes apart and were crowded with passengers.

Four miles east of Elk Point the special for Canton struck a pile of ties. No damage was done and the train proceeded.

The special for Mitchell, thirty minutes later, struck another pile of ties at almost the same place and one tie was wedged in the pilot.

No motive is known for the act and there is no trace of the miscreants.

JUDGE BREWER USES GASOLINE TO BURN BRUSH

As a Result He Is Badly Burned About the Face and Hands.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 26.—Justice David J. Brewer, of the United States supreme court, was quite badly burned about the face and hands at his summer home at Thompson's Point, Lake Champlain. Judge Brewer was cleaning up some brush about his cottage, Liberty Hall. He used gasoline to make the brush burn and was lighting the pile when the accident occurred. His burns were promptly attended to and with good nursing he hopes to be out in a few days without scars.

NERVE RACKING TRICK FOR SOME BOLD BIKER

Double Loop-the-Loop, Which a Hoosier Is Getting Up, Is Next Trick.

LAFAYETTE, Ind., Sept. 26.—Harry King, a local trick bicycle rider, is designing a "loop-the-loop" apparatus, by which he expects to beat anything that has been done in that line heretofore.

There will be two loops, the second smaller and standing lower than the first, and King will make his first descent from a sixty-foot elevation. Professors of engineering at Purdue, to whom King has shown his design, say the trick is feasible if the performer has the nerve.

GOVERNORS OF MANY STATES TO SPEAK AT ST. LOUIS

Banquet to Be Given Them by the Business Men's League.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 26.—The principal event at the ceremonies in connection with the allotment of building sites at the World's fair, aside from the ceremonies at the Exposition grounds, will be a banquet given by the Business Men's league, at the Mercantile club, to the visiting governors of states.

Acceptances have been received from Govs. Orman, Colorado; Yates, Illinois; Heard, Louisiana; Van Sant, Minnesota; Dockery, Missouri; Toole, Montana; Ferguson, Oklahoma; Sayers, Texas; Wellls, Utah, and White, West Virginia.

BAD EFFECT OF ABOLITION OF THE ARMY CANTEEN

Gen. Funston Mentions Consequences That Are Deplorable.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26.—Gen. Funston, commander of the department of Colorado, declares that the recent anti-canteen legislation of congress has lowered the discipline of the army, ruined scores of good soldiers and enriched saloonkeepers, gamblers and dissolute women. His report announces a deplorable increase of offenses, particularly desertion, attributed to the abolition of the canteen and garrison life restrictions of men returning from field service.

Philippine Census.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 26.—President Roosevelt has signed the order providing for the taking of a census of the Philippines, upon the certificate of the Philippine commission that the insurrection has been supressed.

Murders a Prima Donna.

MOSCOW, Sept. 26.—A lovesick youth, belonging to an aristocratic family named Kramurma, has murdered Mlle. Efimoff, a Russian prima donna, at Kaluga.

POTATOES WILL HAVE TO BE IMPORTED

General Shortage of the Crop, So We Must Seek Them Elsewhere— Apples Are Plentiful Crop.

NEW YORK, Sept. 26. — The Irish potato famine of last year threatens to be almost repeated this winter, and the product will have to be imported again from Europe to satisfy the demand. Last year the trouble was due to prolonged drought, finally excessive rains and blight in the potato. This year it will be charged to drought and blight in the vines.

The Maryland and Pennsylvania crops are both about over, and the market is at present drawing on Delaware and New Jersey, but principally on Western New York. In the latter section the blight has already set in and its ravages have been great. It has also begun to manifest itself in the New England states, also a great potato growing country. Nowhere near is there anything like a good crop, and it is said that where the output seems to be fair the blight is worse.

In consequence of the short supply prices may be expected to shoot up like a rocket before long. Yesterday they brought from 75 to 80 cents a bushel. In some parts of the West—Michigan and Wisconsin, for instance—the crop is fair and the quality also, but the territory in which these growers will have to operate is so extensive that the Eastern and Southern markets will derive little benefit therefrom. In those sections the blight has thus far not appeared. The Eastern and more Southern crops are expected to become exhausted by the latter part of October, and then it will be up to Baltimore to draw on Europe again. Last year several hundred thousand sacks were imported from Germany, Ireland and Scotland for the Baltimore market alone. Probably not so many will be needed this year. The quality of the foreign product is considered superior to home-grown potatoes.

Apples will be plentiful this year. There is a condition in connection with this industry this year that occurs not more, it is said, than once in a century. Nova Scotia is importing from 15,000 to 30,000 barrels of apples from Boston, while, as a rule, Boston has to draw on that country to a much greater extent. Numerous factors are said to have brought about this condition. At present prices range from $1.75 to $2.25 a barrel, which are considered fair.

OLD WOMAN LIVED ON BERRIES AND HERBS

Woman 82 Years of Age Wanders for Weeks While Lost in the Woods.

ALTOONA, Pa., Sept. 26.—The relatives of Mrs. Mary Button, who disappeared Aug. 10 from her son's residence, at Haneyville, were overjoyed to find her last Friday. She had left her son's home to walk to the home of another son, several miles distant, and lost her way. She was discovered by two hunters at Cross Forks, and nearly dead from exposure and hunger. She was placed in a blanket and carried to Cross Forks, where physicians are trying to save her life.

Mrs. Button is eighty-two years old. She had frequently walked from Haneyville to her other son's home, and when she started this last time nothing was thought of it by her relatives. She spent the night of Aug. 10 at the lumber camp of Benjamin Herritt, at the head of state run. Then she continued her journey, only to drop completely out of sight.

During her wanderings in the woods she subsisted on berries and herbs.

Cotton Mills Combining.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 26.—The project to consolidate 60 per cent of the spinning and weaving mills in the South under the control of a holding corporation has finally materialized. The capital amounts to $25,000,000. This will be increased.

A LONDON PAPER FIGURES FROM FACTS

What May Happen to the Earth, Based on Recent Seismic Outbreaks.

Since the eruption of May 8 in Martinique volcanoes in many parts of the world have been showing marked activity, and earthquakes have been numerous. The list given herewith suffices to show the widespread nature of the vibrations and disturbances. From Alaska to South America. From Europe to New Zealand, where the great Waimangu geyser has burst into activity and thrown 800 feet high its column of blackish water, and far away to the ever boiling pit of the Mauna Loa, in the center of the Pacific, this awesome and often death dealing activity has passed as by some subterranean sympathy.

The insistence of the reports, according to the Sphere, of London, brings the question of a possible connection into vivid prominence, and emphasizes the fact that it is necessary for us to know more of the interior of the globe if we would guard ourselves as a race from these seismic and eruptive menaces. At present our knowledge is not by any means absolute.

It is known from actual experiments in deep boring that the temperature of the earth increases 1 degree Fahrenheit for about every sixty feet, and at the depth of a mile—the deepest bore made—the temperature had increased by 80 degrees Fahrenheit. It is known, too, that the surface layer, to about 100 feet deep, is subject to changes due to whether the sun is striking upon it or not, but that at the depth of 100 feet the temperature is constant at 52 degrees Fahrenheit, and is constantly flowing off from the interior.

But beyond the depth of a mile the temperature of the interior is uncertain. From astronomical calculations it is evident that the earth acts as a solid body, or at least as a rigid body. The temperature at the center must, from the superimposed pressure, be sufficient to not only melt, but vaporize, under ordinary conditions, any known substance, but matter at the center of the earth is not under surface conditions, and it also appears that the melting point of rock is raised under great pressure, so that for all the great heat the rock need not for this reason be in a fluid condition, and the fact that molten rock wells up from volcanoes may be explained by the fact that the pressure is released owing to buckling strains.

Seismograph records of distant earthquakes also show that vibrations are conveyed very rapidly through the earth's interior, denoting a rigidity not in keeping with the old-fashioned idea of a flaming interior. This does not, of course, mean that we have not had a flaming past, but that possibly as a planet we may be a little older than we thought.