

THE ST. PAUL GLOBE

THE GLOBE CO., PUBLISHERS. OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF ST. PAUL. Entered at Postoffice at St. Paul, Minn., at Second-Class Matter.

TELEPHONE CALLS. Northwestern—Business, 1065 Main, Editorial, 78 Main. Twin City—Business, 1065, Editorial, 78.

CITY SUBSCRIPTIONS. By Carrier: 1 mo \$2.25, 6 mos \$12.00, 12 mos \$24.00. Daily and Sunday: .50, .75, 1.00. Sunday: .15, .75, 1.00.

COUNTRY SUBSCRIPTIONS. By Mail: 1 mo \$1.50, 6 mos \$8.00, 12 mos \$15.00. Daily and Sunday: .35, .50, .75. Sunday: .10, .20, .30.

BRANCH OFFICES. New York, 10 Spruce Street, Chas. H. Eddy in Charge. Chicago, No. 87 Washington St., The F. S. Webb Company in Charge.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 27, 1903.

PACIFIC EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFFS.

It is only a few years since the entire exportation of American breadstuffs, barring a small amount of California wheat shipped from San Francisco, went to Europe via the Atlantic ports.

The total annual exportations of breadstuffs from Pacific ports now aggregate not far from \$50,000,000, or over one-fourth of the total from all ports.

The comparison of the export statistics of breadstuffs by ports for the year 1902 is an eye-opener. It is difficult to believe that so large a volume of breadstuffs already finds an outlet through the shipping port of the Northwest, and that Puget Sound has become at a bound the competitor of New York, Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and Newport News.

New York exported 19,955,526 bushels of wheat and 4,419,129 barrels of flour, or a total of 38,262,000 bushels expressed in wheat.

Baltimore exported 9,470,000 bushels of wheat and 3,074,335 barrels of flour, or a total of 23,304,000 bushels expressed in wheat.

Puget Sound exported 12,949,484 bushels of wheat and 1,630,555 barrels of flour, which expressed in wheat amounts to a total of 20,288,982 bushels.

Philadelphia exported a combined total of wheat and flour amounting to 20,164,000 bushels, San Francisco exports were 18,575,000, those of New Orleans were 18,399,000 and of Newport News 13,818,000.

to become, rightly and certainly enough, the Democratic opportunity to regain government supremacy at the hands of the people.

Mr. Wolcott finds it a "wicked and unforgivable" wrong that the Republicans were not allowed to unseat enough Democratic members to elect him United States senator, "yet, from the standpoint of highest citizenship, there is but one thing to be done," namely, to take their medicine and "issue a certificate of election to Mr. Teller," who is single-minded in his devotion "to the highest interests of the state."

WHO BEGAN THE BOMBARDMENT?

The war spirit in Germany seems to have fanned mightily and without just cause by recent criticisms of the American, British and French press on the bombardment of Venezuelan forts and cities by German warships after the beginning of the negotiations and arrangements for arbitration.

The defense offered by German war authorities and organs for the bombardments is interesting. It is this, that the German gunboat Panther was first attacked by the Venezuelan fort, and that its actions were in self-defense.

This version is entirely different from that which American government authorities and press correspondents received from the scene of the battle, and it is radically different from the information received by the other two allied powers.

German authorities substantially admit everything except that the first shot was fired at the Panther from the fort. But Gen. Bello, commander of the fort, in his written statement which was accepted by all authorities without question one week ago, held that the Panther not only fired the first shot, but had done so without provocation, without notice and without the issue of an ultimatum, and that the fort had only four guns with which to reply.

In regard to the point of veracity raised, this much is plain: That the Panther, in order to be attacked, if it was attacked, had to leave its post on the blockade line and steam six miles inland to the entrance of Lake Maracaibo; that the Venezuelans hitherto had shown no disposition to be aggressors, while the Panther and other German warships had been distinctly aggressive; that the fortress had nothing to gain and everything to lose in provoking a battle; that the Venezuelan government had turned over its affairs to Minister Bowen two weeks before and was waiting and praying for a peaceful settlement in order to avoid destruction; and finally, that the acts of both Venezuelan and German forces both before and after the first bombardment showed which was anxious for a fray and which was anxious to escape one.

American information, British information, Italian information and the reports of the Venezuelan authorities agree with the version as sent out by the Associated Press and all special press correspondents, that German warships first provoked and then maintained hostilities until the Venezuelan fortress, city and vessel were destroyed, and innocent lives and private property sacrificed.

What is the true-blue administration "trust buster" bill? Senator Hoar said he had it, and Littlefield says he has it, and Elkins also has it. And now the administration washes its palms of all the so-called "trust busters" and denies that any of them are of the simon pure brand.

SENTENCE OF COL. LYNCH.

If Col. Lynch has not already had his sentence of death commuted to life imprisonment there is no doubt but such action will be taken in a short time. His conviction was insisted upon by the English government for purposes of discipline—to discourage others who might be inclined to go and do likewise.

A few years in prison is the penalty in store—for it seems to be taken for granted that full pardon will not be delayed a great many years. This will be true unless Col. Lynch's fellow patriots do something to particularly offend the English, in which case vengeance might be wreaked on the luckless prisoner in the way of keeping him locked up until death.

As soon as the asperities of the Boer war are softened it will be time to agitate for an unconditional pardon for Col. Lynch, and the success of such agitation could almost be assured beforehand.

With the "maximum-and-minimum" tariff resolution to hold up reciprocity, and the Tammey tariff commission resolution to hold up the "maximum-and-minimum" move, and three "trust buster" bills to hold up all tariff bills, and Quay's statchood combination to hold up the whole, the present congress is likely to achieve great fame as a hold-up and do-nothing session.

Our senatorial aspirant, Thomas Lowry, says that he learned his politics of the bluejay who yells for breakfast at 4 o'clock in the morning. But what has that to do with adequate power and seats and three-cent fares on a trolley ride?

AT ST. PAUL THEATRES

"San Toy," the latest musical comedy success, played to a crowded house at the Metropolitan last night and more than distinguished the hit parade at the opening performance. The play is a novelty as regards its leading features and the manner of their presentation.

"The Bostonians" opened an engagement of four performances at the Metropolitan in Minneapolis last night, presenting "Robin Hood" to "standing room only." The advance sale for the St. Paul engagement opened yesterday morning, and the day's receipts for "The Bostonians" were considerably larger than for the first day's sale in Minneapolis.

Warfield, in his familiar character portrayal of the New York side Hebrew will be seen at the Metropolitan Sunday night. His play, "The Auctioneer," in which he made his debut last season as a star, remains at a New York theater four months and establishing himself firmly as a metropolitan favorite, has proven an excellent medium, it appeals strongly to the heart as well as to the sense of humor, and Warfield's exposition of the character is very artistic.

There are two distinctly foreign features in the excellent bill offered by Irwin's company at the Star. Both are of the nature of a man and woman, and are of the nature of a man and woman, and are of the nature of a man and woman.

It is understood that Mrs. Patrick Campbell will play a series of Shakespeare and Sardou dramas on her tour next season.

Miss Elizabeth Tyree is to star under new management and in a new play, "The Girl of the Year," at the Metropolitan.

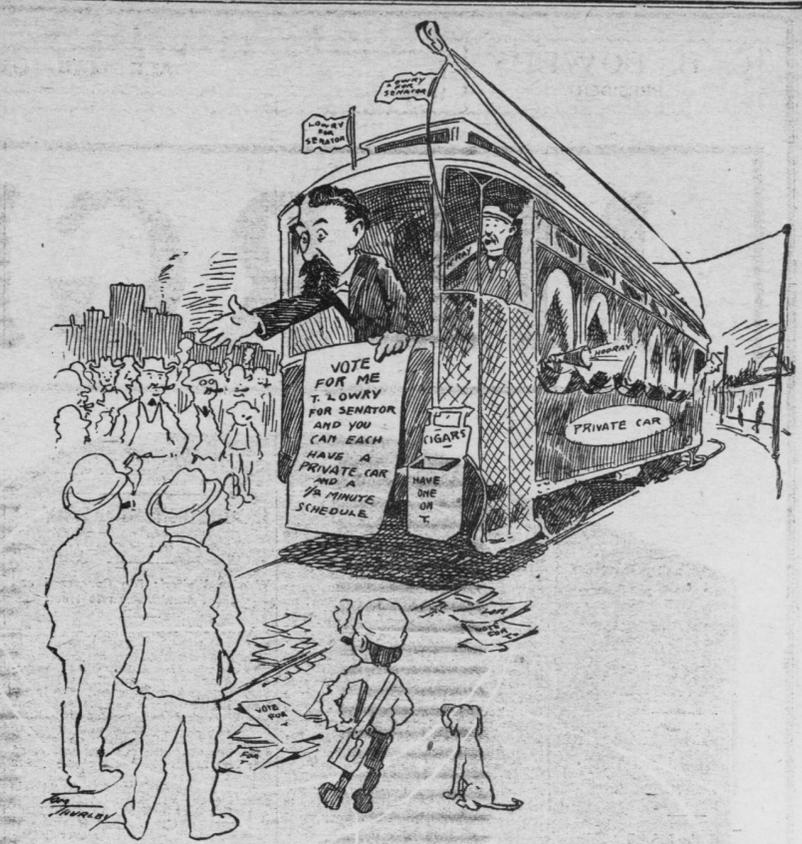
Mr. A. J. Dunn will be seen in "The Girl of the Year" at the Metropolitan.

MRS. SIMON DIES AT THE FAMILY HOME

Mrs. Sophia Simon died yesterday morning at about 1 o'clock at the family home, 641 Grand avenue. Mrs. Simon is the mother of Joseph G. Simon, who is in the employ of the clothing house of St. Paul, and also of David Simon, manager of the Palace Clothing house, of Minneapolis.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Minnesota—Fair and colder Tuesday, except snow flurry in northeast. Wednesday—Fair, fresh northwesterly. Upper Michigan—Snow and colder Tuesday; Wednesday—fair and colder; from Monday—fair and colder. Iowa—Fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday—increasing cloudiness. North Dakota—Fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday—fair and colder. Wisconsin—Fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday—fair and colder. South Dakota—Fair in east; snow in west portion Tuesday; colder Wednesday snow.



WHEN LOWRY GOES CAMPAIGNING.

LITTLEFIELD LETS LOOSE

Overcapitalization the Key-note of His Report on Anti-Trust Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 26.—A report prepared by Representative Littlefield to accompany the anti-trust bill was presented today by Representative Overstreet (Ind.).

It is through the medium of consumers, the purchase of its products, that the overcapitalization of the industrial and business combinations, which, in his opinion, prove injurious to the public welfare, it is believed to be a decided step in the solution of existing legislation.

MRS. SIMON DIES AT THE FAMILY HOME

Mrs. Sophia Simon died yesterday morning at about 1 o'clock at the family home, 641 Grand avenue. Mrs. Simon is the mother of Joseph G. Simon, who is in the employ of the clothing house of St. Paul, and also of David Simon, manager of the Palace Clothing house, of Minneapolis.

TODAY'S WEATHER.

Minnesota—Fair and colder Tuesday, except snow flurry in northeast. Wednesday—Fair, fresh northwesterly. Upper Michigan—Snow and colder Tuesday; Wednesday—fair and colder; from Monday—fair and colder. Iowa—Fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday—increasing cloudiness. North Dakota—Fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday—fair and colder. Wisconsin—Fair and colder Tuesday; Wednesday—fair and colder. South Dakota—Fair in east; snow in west portion Tuesday; colder Wednesday snow.

DORSEY REVIVES DEMOCRATS' TAX PLATFORM

Continued From First Page.

of towns adjacent to government lands to spend money in securing the opening of those lands to settlers and permits the liquidation of debts already incurred in such efforts.

LEGISLATIVE GOSSIP.

The house yesterday received a petition from citizens of Polk and Benton counties praying for an appropriation of \$10,000 for the continuation of work on the Polk county ditch and the construction of a highway.

Representative Hanson is the author of a house bill authorizing organized counties to issue bonds for the construction of roads.

Representative Dorman yesterday introduced a bill in the house prohibiting the closing of vacated roads until the same shall be duly ordered by the regular authorities.

Representative Fulton yesterday introduced in the house a bill authorizing the construction of a canal for the purpose of irrigating 150,000 or more inhabitants to appropriate money for improvements on navigable lakes.

Who Can Tell.

"To what extent we are now paying exorbitant prices to produce abnormal returns on one can tell, as no reports are made to any authority that give any adequate information on that point.

More Time for Cuban Treaty. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 26.—Secretary Hay and the Cuban minister today signed a convention extending for a considerable period the time limit for the exchange of ratifications of the Cuban reciprocity treaty.

Trunk Combine. NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—A meeting of trunk manufacturers will be held in this city tomorrow to form a combine. The meeting is expected to present the nature of a precaution to prevent the loss of the present treaty in case the senate does not ratify it this week.

FORESTS OF THE PHILIPPINES

Character, Extent and Opportunities Outlined by Government Forester.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 26.—Gifted Pinchot, chief of the bureau of forestry, has returned from the Philippines, where he was sent last August by Secretary Wilson at the request of the secretary of war, to report on the forest policy of the islands.

A personal examination of the Philippine forests and a study of market conditions have convinced Mr. Pinchot of the value of the timber and of the very great opportunities on the islands for government forestry.

On a gunboat placed at his disposal by Gov. Taft, Mr. Pinchot, with a party with him, made a trip of 3,000 miles among the islands.

Probably more than half the area of the islands is in forest, says Mr. Pinchot. "The best timber I saw was in Mindanao, on the road built by the army from the coast to Linao, where the fighting with the Moros has been going on.

Representative Dorman yesterday introduced a bill in the house prohibiting the closing of vacated roads until the same shall be duly ordered by the regular authorities.

Representative Fulton yesterday introduced in the house a bill authorizing the construction of a canal for the purpose of irrigating 150,000 or more inhabitants to appropriate money for improvements on navigable lakes.

Who Can Tell.

"To what extent we are now paying exorbitant prices to produce abnormal returns on one can tell, as no reports are made to any authority that give any adequate information on that point.

More Time for Cuban Treaty. WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 26.—Secretary Hay and the Cuban minister today signed a convention extending for a considerable period the time limit for the exchange of ratifications of the Cuban reciprocity treaty.

Trunk Combine. NEW YORK, Jan. 26.—A meeting of trunk manufacturers will be held in this city tomorrow to form a combine. The meeting is expected to present the nature of a precaution to prevent the loss of the present treaty in case the senate does not ratify it this week.