

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 71 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

BLAST HOPE FOR SCHOOLS

Continued From First Page.

Senator Peterson attempted to have the report of the committee overruled and the bill advanced to general orders, and explained at length the good the measure would accomplish. Senator Morgan refused to entertain the arguments of the author, and declared that the cities had no more right to go into the telephone business than they had to begin the operation of a municipal grocery store. He ridiculed the idea of a municipality forcing a long distance company to make connections with the municipal company, and in this way conduct a business far beyond the limits of its police power.

TESTIMONY TOO VOLUMINOUS.

Nolan Says Rosenwald's Brief Would Lead a Dray.

Representative Rosenwald yesterday made an unsuccessful attempt to have his maximum freight rate bill made a special order for Saturday morning. The bill was reported in without recommendation by the railroads committee. With the bill was a report reviewing the bill at length and setting forth the opinion of the committee that it was entirely impracticable. The committee was disposed to recommend the bill for indefinite postponement, but on account of the importance of the subject decided to send it to the house and let that body in committee of the whole, pass upon its merits. Mr. Rosenwald declared that he stood for the people as against the corporations, and insisted that his bill should be made a special order. He was inclined to charge the committee with misconduct by inuendo, and was indignant because all the testimony given by him before the committee was not transmitted to the house with the bill. Chairman W. A. Nolan explained that his report summarized Rosenwald's contribution, and that the reason the bill was not brought into the house was that a dray would have been required for its transportation. The house refused Mr. Rosenwald's request for a special order by a vote of 54 to 36. The bill will take its regular course and come to the house on general orders tomorrow morning.

MINNEAPOLIS NOT STATE.

Gjertsen's Railroad Commission Headquarters Scheme Shelved.

The Gjertsen bill for an act authorizing the railroad and warehouse commission to acquire a suitable building with site in Minneapolis for the erection of a department office building was opposed in the senate yesterday by Senator Somerville. Despite the protests of Senator Gjertsen that it was a state and not a Minneapolis measure, the senator from Brown succeeded in having the bill adopted to indefinitely postpone the bill adoption. Senator Somerville suggested that there would be an abundance of room for the department offices when the new capitol was completed.

Afford Entrance to Cities.

The bill permitting interurban or cross-country electric railway companies to use the tracks of existing companies within city limits passed the house yesterday. The bill is designed, it is claimed, to make it possible for companies organized in the future to secure entrance to the Twin Cities.

Pass Anti-Vaccination Bill.

The house yesterday concurred in the senate amendments to the Gregory anti-vaccination bill, on motion of Mr. Gregory, and re-passed the measure by a vote of 64 to 4.

Pass Library Laws.

The house yesterday passed Senator

Schaen's bill codifying the state library laws and appropriated \$9,600 for its maintenance for the biennial period. Representative Ekman tried unsuccessfully to increase the librarian's salary from \$2,000 to \$2,400 per year.

May Purchase Water Plant.

The house yesterday passed Senator Brower's bill authorizing the city of St. Cloud to purchase and maintain a municipal water works plant. Representative Clague broke the iron-clad regular-course rule of the house and had the bill advanced to general orders and passed under suspension of the rules.

Pare Examiner's Income.

Representative Burns' bill, taking away from the public examiner the fees collected for the inspection of building and loan associations was recommended for passage by the senate yesterday afternoon.

Abandon Eight-Hour Scheme.

Senator Johnson's bill regulating the working hours of laborers, workmen and mechanics employed upon public works or work done by the state was rejected by a large majority of votes, and the report of the committee was then adopted without protest.

MAY AVOID THE USUAL EXAMS

State Department of Public Instruction Adopts New Rules for Teachers.

The state department of public instruction has opened to candidates for teachers' positions in the state public schools new means of securing certain of the different grades of certificates issued, without the necessity of examination.

High school students without experience in teaching who have completed the first three years' work of the high school course, and in addition have taken one year's instruction in normal school work in a state high school with a review of the common school branches, may receive without examination a limited certificate, valid for one year, upon recommendation of the city superintendent, the teacher in charge of the normal department and a second-grade teacher's certificate, with standing not lower than 80 per cent in each branch.

Students who have had a successful teaching experience of not less than five months, attested by the superintendent under whose supervision this experience has been gained, may receive without examination a complete second-grade teacher's certificate valid for two years.

Those who have had a successful teaching experience of not less than eight months, attested by the superintendent under whose supervision this experience was gained, may, without examination in the second grade branches, receive a first grade state teacher's certificate, valid for five years, but examination will be required in elementary algebra, plane geometry, physics, geography or general history and civics; or, in lieu of examination in these subjects, state high school board certificates showing standing of not less than 75 per cent. It is provided that in no case will certificates of this class be issued to a person of less than eighteen years of age.

All of the grades of certificates above mentioned will be issued upon the same blank forms as the other state certificates, and will be subject to the same rules for extension and renewal.

Hero of Mafeking in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16.—Gen. Baden-Powell, of the British army, who gained distinction during the war in South Africa for his heroic defense of Mafeking, called on Secretary Root today to pay his respects. He is traveling through the country and is registered at a local hotel under the name of Col. Stevenson.

IRISH LAND BILL INDORSED BY LEAGUE

Enthusiastic Representative Convention in Dublin Overwhelmingly Votes Down a Motion Hostile to the Bill—Amendments Will Be Proposed.

DUBLIN, April 16.—The national convention of the United Irish league was held today in the historic round room of the Mansion house and committed itself in favor of the land bill. About 2,000 delegates were present. On the platform sat almost every Nationalist member of parliament, with scattering of prelates. Lord Mayor Harrington and Michael Davitt conducted. John Redmond into the chair and the delegates rose to their feet, cheered and waved their hats.

John Redmond opened the proceedings with an impressive speech. "This convention," he declared, "is the most solemn, the most momentous event in the history of Irishmen with the exception of the introduction of the home rule bill. There are in the lives of nations, as there are in the lives of individuals, opportunities which once lost can never be regained. Such an occasion I believe never again will occur. Mr. Redmond begged his hearers to remember their tremendous responsibility. If they rejected the bill, it was dead forever, and the greatest prospect of freedom since the "infamous act of union" would disappear.

William O'Brien, congratulating Ireland on the fact that the British ministry had introduced a bill accepting in principle, after centuries of struggle that the land should be restored to the people of Ireland, urged the delegates to press amendments enlarging the financial scope of the bill.

Mr. O'Brien, however, asked the convention to entrust to the parliamentary party the power and responsibility of eventually dealing in committee stage with the amendments.

Strong Test Vote. Patrick White, M. P., moved the rejection of the land bill as not meriting the support of the Irish party. The delegates hissed him and angry cries of "Withdraw" came from all sides. The motion was lost by an overwhelming majority.

T. P. O'Connor, summing up the results of the day's debate, said that he showed that they all practically agreed that the bill is the greatest measure ever introduced; that landlordism is condemned to die; that no more evictions will be shown to tenants than to landlords; that the financial terms have been improved, and that not one evicted tenant is left without redress.

Today, he added, they were celebrating one of the proudest victories over oppression that ever a nation had won. The bells throughout the land were ringing out the death of landlordism and ringing in the birth of a new Ireland.

O'Brien's original motion was carried unanimously and the convention adjourned until Friday.

The convention tomorrow will outline the shape of amendments to the land bill should take on Saturday. Lord Dunraven, Lord Mayo, Capt. Shawe-Taylor, John Redmond, Tom North, Metropolitan Opera House, St. Paul.

Miss Elita Buisson, Telephone Exchange, St. Paul. Miss Vava McMillan, Union Depot, St. Paul. Oscar Dahlby, Moorhead, Minn. Myron Hager, 209 Sherburne Avenue, St. Paul.

Miss Josephine A. Parnell, West Publishing Company, St. Paul. Edward Fitzgerald, 664 Ravine Street, St. Paul. Miss Mary Sweeney, Portland Block, St. Paul.

Mrs. J. H. Singleton, 14 Tilton Street, St. Paul. Miss Edith Elliott, Teacher Whittier School, St. Paul. Miss Cook, Teacher Lincoln School, St. Paul.

Miss Rose Barry, New Richmond, Wis. Miss Maud McMillan, Lake City, Minn. Miss Mabel C. Root, Rochester, Minn. Mrs. A. M. Horton, Eau Claire, Wis.

Miss Kathryn Steffen, Hastings, Minn. Miss Dora Starck, Stillwater, Minn. Miss Belva Curran, Northfield, Minn. Miss Beatrice Hverven, Chippewa Falls, Wis.

Miss Verne Funk, Warner, Belgrade, Minn. Miss Anna B. Reiquan, Belgrade, Minn. Miss Ann Sawyer, 1906 Milwaukee Avenue, St. Paul.

Miss Jennie Holmes, St. Peter, Minn. Miss Susan Shearer, Pine City, Minn. Godfrey Jalm, 1026 Front Street, St. Paul. Miss Kate Phelan, 429 York Street, St. Paul.

Miss A. Murgan, Ellsworth, Wis. Miss Julia Brandt, Mannheim Bros., St. Paul. Miss Mary Lawler, 533 Capitol Boulevard, St. Paul.

Miss Grace O'Brien, The Emporium, St. Paul. Mrs. J. H. Krebs, 187 Grove Street, St. Paul. Charles Madison, Shell Lake, Wis. Miss Mabel Ashley, Fairbault, Minn.

Mrs. C. Fellows, 313 Rice Street, St. Paul. Master Lyle La Pine, 460 Jackson Street, St. Paul. D. Paul Rader, Lake City, Minn. Miss Mabel McBride, Western Union Telegraph Company, St. Paul.

Miss Bessie Emanuel, Strong & Warner Company, St. Paul. Dennis Brundit, Great Northern General Offices, St. Paul. Sylvester Bell, Owatonna, Minn. William Lindberg, Foley Bros. & Kelly, St. Paul.

arrive at a common basis of parliamentary action. For six hours without a break the delegates sat or stood listening to the speeches of their leaders, spiritual and political. No day has such a representative gathering been seen in Dublin. Irish wit and eloquence lived up to its reputation. Speaker after speaker brought the audience to that pitch of enthusiasm where hats were thrown up and men stood upon chairs yelling their delight.

COMPERS GETS BACK AT PARRY

Indignantly Resents the Latter's Abuse of Labor Unions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 16.—President Compers, of the American Federation of Labor, today gave out a statement in reply to the annual report of President Parry, of the Manufacturers' association, which was read before that body in New Orleans. It says:

"If there were any doubt that Mr. Parry had taken leave of his reason the report (or rather harangue) which he has made to his convention demonstrates it beyond any doubt. If the Manufacturers' association indorses the production of wealth, it indorses the workers to secure material and moral improvement, it simply writes itself down to his low level and stands committed with him, for all the injury which must follow from his radical utterances, his venomous and ignorant antagonism, which must provoke only resentment and retaliation.

"Organized labor is the result of our industrial development and environment. It proposes to secure a larger share of the production of wealth. It seeks to secure these objects by peaceful and lawful methods. It aims to establish more rightful relations between man and man. Organized labor is here to stay—yes to stay long after Mr. Parry's name shall have been forgotten.

"We shall be enabled soon to discern what extent the manufacturers of the United States are in accord with him. At this writing we are confident that he represents but an infinitesimal part of the American employers. Organized labor seeks no conflict such as Mr. Parry would promote, nor will it run away from it. We desire industrial and social peace and are making for it. Mr. Parry and those who act with him to the contrary notwithstanding.

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Are You Popular?

A free trip to any point in the United States. Six persons selected by the readers of The Globe will be sent on an outing tour to any point in the United States which they may select. The time of going and the selection of various routes presented will be the choice of the successful contestants.

Four Consolation Prizes

A Ticket to Chicago, Omaha, Des Moines or Kansas City Will Be Given to Each of the Four Next Highest—Making a Total of

Ten Free Trips

If you are not a subscriber to The Globe order it at once and credit your votes to a friend.

OFFICIAL COUPON

Good for one vote for Street..... Town..... State.....

Contest Closes June 6th, 1913, 9 p. m.

Ask for a voting certificate when you send in your remittance. CUT OUT THIS COUPON AND VOTE YOUR CHOICE.

PARTITION OF POLK DECLARED VOID BY COURT

Organization of Columbia County Was Illegal Because Three Distinct Propositions Were Submitted to the Voters at One Election—Only One Is Permissible.

There is no Columbia county in Minnesota; there has been no partition of Polk county, and those men who have been exercising the powers and functions of county officers for the so-called county of Columbia are retired to private life.

Such is the effect of a decision of the state supreme court handed down yesterday. The title of the case is State of Minnesota ex rel. W. B. Douglas, attorney general, vs. Engbert Larson, et al., respondent, and it was instituted through the action of Mr. Larson and other supposed county commissioners of Columbia county to test the validity of the process whereby the county was organized, and they were elected as its officers.

When steps were taken toward the partition of Polk county it was found that harmony prevailed as to the desirability of making a new county, and as to the territory to be taken for the new county, but there was marked difference of sentiment as to what it should be called, and where the county seat should be and who should be the county officers. Hence there were three petitions filed with the secretary of state praying respectively for the organization of Columbia county, with its county seat at McIntosh; Nelson county, with its county seat at Fosston, and Star county, with its county seat at Erskine; but all contemplating the same territory to constitute the new county.

The petitioners on behalf of the proposed Nelson county were the first to file their petition, and under the ruling of the supreme court in this decision should alone have been recognized; but all three of the petitions were accepted and the three propositions were submitted in the last state election to the voters of the district to be affected. After the election the state officers recognized the Columbia county proposition as the one that had prevailed, and the county organization was duly put into operation.

The supreme court in its opinion there may be no more than one proposition to create a new county, in which the same territory is involved, submitted at the same election; and that in all cases to warrant the submission of more than one plan for the creation of a new county at the same

time, there must be a material difference in the propositions as to the territory embraced within their respective boundaries.

The court holds that in case of more than one petition contemplating the same territory the petition first to be filed should be the only one submitted to vote.

Court's Decision. The syllabus in the case is as follows: 1. Under the provisions of Laws, 1893, chapter 143, "An act to provide for the creation and organization of new counties and government of the same," but one proposition involving the same territory can be submitted at the same election. In all cases to warrant the submission at the same time of more than one proposition to create new counties there must be a material and substantial difference in the territory to be included within their respective boundaries.

2. The first petition presented to the secretary of state must be given priority by the state officials. Write of ouster to issue. —Collins, J.

CONTRACT IS LET FOR PAVING REPAIRS Barber Asphalt Company Will Do the Surfacing at \$1.65 per Yard.

The Barber Asphalt Paving company was yesterday afternoon awarded the contract for repaving the asphalt paved streets put down some years ago under the contract with Hennessey & Co.

MOREROADS REPORT GROSS EARNINGS

Additional to Public Examiner's Statement of March 23.

The public examiner's department has certified to the secretary of state gross earnings of railroads of this state amounting to \$29,206.76, and distributed as follows:

Wisconsin Central Railway Co., \$1,369.14
Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway Co., 2,298.94
Northern Pacific Railway Co., 11,429.94
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway, 532.24
Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railway Co., 7,594.50

Total \$29,206.76

These amounts, as stated above, have been agreed to by the railroad companies in question and will stand.

The various amounts embraced in this statement are in addition to the extended report made by the public examiner March 23 and should be added to the amount of \$117,000 showed in that report.

CURE VARICOCELE IN ONE VISIT

TO STAY CURED No Cutting or Pain I want every man afflicted with Varicocele, Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Nervous Debility, Hydrocele

or allied troubles to come to my office where I will explain to him my method of curing these diseases. I invite in particular all men who become dissatisfied with treatment elsewhere. I will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction why I can cure you permanently. My consultation is free and my charges for a perfect cure will be reasonable and not more than you will be willing to pay.

Certainty of Cure Is what you want. I give you a legal guarantee to cure you or refund your money. What I have done for others I can do for you. One personal visit is preferred, but I will send you a descriptive report of your case if you desire it, and you will receive in plain envelope a scientific and honest opinion of your case free of charge.

All Medicines Furnished FREE Until Cured

HEIDELBERG MEDICAL INSTITUTE Cor. Fifth and Robert Sts., St. Paul, Minn. Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—8 a. m. to 1 p. m.



Master Specialist.

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The Most Northern in America
Hardy and Reliable Everywhere
We Offer Many New and Valuable Varieties
Adapted to the Northwest
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