Our Wonderful Growth and Present Size

Are not these two facts sufficient evidence that our beer is about as near perfection as possible?

For forty years we have brewed beer continuously.

Last year our output was 250,000 barrels.

This year it will be 300,000 barrels, an increase of 500 per cent in five years. Do you suppose that our sales would have reached this figure if our beer was not of the highest quality?

Hamm's

We have never spared any time or money in producing the best beer.

The finest material, modern brewing methods and months of aging, combined, have made HAMM'S an

ABSOLUTELY PURE AND PERFECTLY AGED BEER

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TOBACCO DEALERS MUST DO BETTER

Their Goods Will Be Seized if They Continue Violating the Law.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—A circular of instructions to internal revenue officers and all others concerned has been issued by the commissioner of internal revenue calling attention to the gross irregularities and violations of law that now exist in the handling and sale of manufactured tobacco, snuff, cigars and cigarettes by jobbers and dealers. A practice generally prevails of exposing the taxable articles for sale separated from the packages bearing the stamps denoting the payment of the internal revenue tax.

This, it is said, is a serious violation of the law and regulations. Jobbers and dealers are given until Nov. 1, 1903, to get their stock on hand in order, after which date all found on the market exposed for sale not protected by the tax paid stamps will be seized and the holders proceeded against.

MOLINEUX WANTS THOSE RECORDS BADLY

Says the State Has No Right to Keep Him Booked as a Criminal.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 14.—Attorney General Cunneen was served with notice of appeal by Roland B. Molineux from the decision of Justice Howard denying him a mandamus to compel the return to him, by the state prison department, of photographs, Bertillon measurements and other personal records. These records are wanted in connection with Molineux's incarceration on sentence of death for the murder, by mailed poison, of Mrs. Kate Adams. He claims that as he was eventually acquitted the state has no right to record him as a criminal. The case now goes to the appellate division.

No Bridge Just Now.

NEW YORK, July 14.—The board of aldermen today defeated the appropriation of $6,533,000 for the new Manhattan bridge by 41 noes to 23 ayes. It needed 40 negative votes to defeat the appropriation. The proposed bridge was to connect Manhattan and Brooklyn.

Twice Reported Dead.

LONDON, July 15.—A dispatch from Rome, timed 6:50 this morning, says while the pope passed a fairly quiet night he had some moments of delirium. The rumor of the pontiff's death was twice circulated during the night, but was promptly denied.

ANTI-ADMINISTRATION ELEMENT IN KENTUCKY

All Hands Will Be Stand Patters on the Tariff, However.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 14.—On account of the fierce struggle between two Louisville candidates for governor, the Republican state convention, which opens here tomorrow, promises to be an exceedingly exciting one. There are three active candidates in the field Mr. Belknap, Col. Morris B. Wilson, a Louisville lawyer, and Judge Clifton J. Pratt, state's attorney general.

The Belknap leaders are claiming the nomination of their candidate on the first ballot. There is an element, very respectable in numbers, which opposes an indorsement of President Roosevelt's candidacy at this time, but as it is part of the Belknap strength, it is not believed the anti-administration men will jeopardize their candidate for governor by opposing Roosevelt resolutions. The resolutions on the tariff and trust questions will be of the "stand pat" flavor.

CINCINNATI INTERESTS ARE TO CONSOLIDATE

Quasi-Public Concerns Involved in a $29,000,000 Deal.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa. July 14.—The United Gas Improvement company is about to take over a controlling interest in the Cincinnati Gas & Electric Company. This deal involves $29,000,000 and is a step preliminary to the consolidation of all the quasi-public concerns in and around Cincinnati.

The deal will be followed by the transfer of the Cincinnati Traction company, the Citizens' National bank and a newly organized trust company to the same interest, if not directly to the United Gas Improvement company.

DEATHS OF THE DAY.

Special to The Globe.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., July 14.—B. M. Greisen, aged forty, dropped dead today while working with a surveying party. He was justice of the peace of Cold Spring and candidate for the legislature last fall. He leaves a widow and four children.

PORTAGE, WIS, July 14.—The Rev. Samuel S. Benedict, one of the best known ministers of the Methodist Episcopal church in the state, died at his home in this city today. Mr. Benedict was born near Chautauqua, N. Y., seventy years ago, and came to Wisconsin in 1849. He graduated at the University of Wisconsin in 1856, and later was president of Bronson Collegiate institute. He also served in the Forty-ninth Wisconsin regiment during the Civil war.

News of the Northwest

TOWN OF FARRIS IS SAVED FROM FOREST FIRES

Cass Lake Fire Department Subdues the Flames After Much Damage is Done to Standing Pine.

Special to The Globe.

CASS LAKE, Minn., July 14.—A special train was ordered out from here by the superintendent of the Larimore division last evening with the fire department to put out a forest fire which threatened to destroy the town of Farris and the railway bridges and tracts. Mayor Stein and business men accompanied the department. It was discovered that the forest was ablaze in two places.

After a hard fight the fire was beaten out and men were left to watch the embers. The fire was discovered by the J. J. Hill special train which had to pass within a few feet of the blazing forest. Considerable damage was done to the standing pine.

SALT AND OLEO.

Michigan Supreme Court Justices Don Their "Knocking" Clothes.

LANSING, Mich., July 14.—A majority of the supreme court, Justice Grant dissenting, today set aside a judgment of $10,000 secured by the Detroit Salt company in the Wayne circuit court against the National Salt company for salt purchased under contract. The court says that the officials of the Detroit company knew that the National company was endeavoring to secure control of the salt market and the contract is therefore declared to be illegal, being in restraint of trade, and the court will not aid in the inforcement of illegal contracts.

In affirming the case of Bennett vs. Carr, the supreme court practically gives a death blow to the Michigan anti-colored oleomargarine law by declaring it not a violation of the law to manufacture or sell oleomargarine colored with an ingredient coloring matter, such, for instance, as crude cottonseed oil, which is an ingredient and when not refined gives the product the desired butter color.

FRATERNAL INSURANCE.

South Dakota Scandanavians in a New Secret Order.

Special to The Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 14.—At a meeting of local Scandinavians held in this city, the organization of a new fraternal insurance order was perfected. The name is the Freda Branch No. 68, of the Independent Scandinavian Workmen's association. The following officers were elected:

President, Wallert Hildahl; vice president, A. H. Rogness; financial secretary, Martin Monson; recording secretary, H. U. Rogness; treasurer, A. S. Johnson.

Grand Secretary Erickson, of Minneapolis, was present for the purpose of instituting the new order, which starts out with a charter membership of about forty.

VERY SEVERE ON CROPS.

Tornado in Nebraska Also Knocks Buildings Over.

CURTIS, Neb., July 14.—Frontier and Willow River counties were visited last night by a genuine tornado. The territory covered by the wind is from four to seven miles wide, and so far twenty-seven wind mills were totally destroyed, also one or two houses and several barns. The damage to crops is very heavy.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 14.—Reports from last night's storm in Central Nebraska show it to have been one of the severest of the summer in damage to growing crops.

HEAD PRINTER.

Col. Cressey Becomes Connected With South Dakota Reform School.

Special to The Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 14.—Col. E. T. Cressey, of this city, who is well known throughout South Dakota and adjoining states, has, upon the request of Supt. S. E. Young, of the state reform school at Plankinton, accepted the position of superintendent of the printing department of the institution.

Col. Cressey is probably the oldest printer in years of service in the state. He began working at the trade before the war, and has since been connected with the business at intervals. In the 50s he published a paper in Nebraska, and claims the distinction of having established the first daily paper in Dakota Territory, between Yankton and the Northern Pacific railroad.

AGAINST STEVEDORES.

Longshoremen's Association Would Abolish the System Entirely.

BAY CITY, Mich., July 14.—The convention of the International Longshoremen, Marine and Transport Workers' association took another determined stand against the stevedore question, seeking to eliminate the system entirely at the only place it now exists on the lakes—Chicago. A resolution was adopted directing that hereafter all local unions make contracts with the vessel interests directly. This it is claimed, will do away with the stevedore and be a more satisfactory method of transacting business.

That a widespread demand exists on the Atlantic and Pacific coasts for organization was made manifest today when applications were received from points in Oregon, California and British Columbia, that an organizer be sent through these sections to gather the marine workers into the main organization. A request came from New York for a salaried organizer to be permanently stationed there. The Knights of Labor, of Boston, sent an application for affiliation in the international body.

Delegate McKittrick, of Detroit, asked that the convention take steps to include the marine engineers in the organization.

CONVICTED OF MURDER.

John M. Use Did Not Kill the Man He Aimed At.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 14.—John M. Use, a saloonkeeper, was found guilty of murder in the second degree here tonight. He had intended to shoot and kill Ald. Charles A. Hilton, on the night of June 1, because the city council had refused to grant him a liquor license. He missed the alderman and killed Albert Schultz.

COAL OPERATORS IN ARMS.

Iowa Men Accuse Miners of Violations of Their Contract.

DES MOINES, Iowa, July 14.—Sixty Iowa coal operators met in secret session heretoday and formulated charges against local unions of the United Mine Workers which will be submitted to the state executive board of that organization for action. If the board does not take action it is intimated the operators will consider their contract with mine workers at an end. The agreement provides that grievances of miners shall be submitted to an arbitration board and that pending a decision by the board the miners shall remain at work. The operators claim that in violation of this contract there have been numerous small strikes and stoppages of work which have proved costly to the operators involved.

OUSTING ALDERMEN.

Mayor of Butte Holds They Are Not Tax-Paying Freeholders.

BUTTE, Mont., July 14.—Mayor Mullins today began quo warranto proceedings to oust five aldermen, James Doull, A. G. Siebolt, J. G. Gallagher, M. Ryan and R. J. Lally, from office on the ground that they were not at the time they were elected and are not now tax-paying freeholders.

REACHING MINERS' BODIES.

Experts Will Make a Last Effort at the Hanna Mine.

HANNA, Wyo., July 14.—Fifty expert miners have arrived here from Rock Springs and others are en route from Diamondville, Cumberland and Spring Valley. They will make a last effort to extinguish the flames and reach the bodies of the victims of the disaster of June 30.

STEAMER COWLES IS SOLD.

Rafter Disposed of at Dubuque for the Benefit of Creditors.

Special to The Globe.

WINONA, Minn., July 14.—The steamer C. W. Cowles, attached by the federal officials a few weeks ago, has been sold at auction at Dubuque to Maj. Day, of the Standard Lumber company, for $3,450. The boat was seized at the request of creditors of Capt. Bussion, who owned $6,000 on the boat. This amount will go to satisfy the creditors. It is believed that Maj. Day bid in the boat for Capt. Buisson.

The steamer is one of the best rafters on the upper river.

Pastor's Resignation "Goes."

Special to The Globe.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 14.—At a special meeting of the members of the First Baptist church the pastor, Rev. F. P. Leach, announced that notwithstanding the favorable vote of the church, which rejected his resignation of the pastorate, he must hold to his original decision to accept the general superintendency of the State Sunday School association, and therefore requested that his resignation be accepted by a unanimous vote. The church granted his request. The resignation will take effect Sept. 1.

Insurance Men in Session.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 14.—The Northwestern Mutual Life Underwriters' association in convention today elected D. E. Murphy president to succeed H. D. Rodman, of Louisville, Ky.; J. I. D. Bristol, of New York, was elected president, and A. W. Stevens, of Chicago, secretary-treasurer, relieving J. F. Schindler, of Cleveland. The afternoon programme included addresses by Associate Justice of the Supreme Court David J. Brewer and H. L. Palmer, president. The annual meeting of the company will be held tomorrow.

Tired of Multitudinous Name.

SEATTLE, Wash., July 14.—John Anderson, a naturalized citizen, who states that he is a son of Frederick VII., of Denmark, and who avers that his proper name is Karl Christian Frederick Vascen Turdensiult, has petitioned the superior court to change his name. He was born in 1844 in the state of Scandia, Sweden. He says that in the Civil war he served as sailor commander under the name of Earl C. Vascen. He has been known as Anderson.

Banker Makes Assignment.

DETROIT, Mich., July 14.—Charles Montague, capitalist and president of the Exchange Bank of Maro, Mich., a private institution, which closed its doors yesterday, made a common law assignment in Detroit today for the benefit of creditors to the Union Trust company of this city as trustee, turning over all his property.

Michigan Central Appointments.

DETROIT, Mich., July 14.—Richard H. T. Hommedieu, general superintendent of the Michigan Central railway, has been appointed to the new position of general manager. S. P. Hutchinson, assistant general superintendent, succeeds Mr. Hommedieu as general superintendent, and the office of assistant is abolished.

Archbishop Alarmingly Ill.

FOND DU LAC, Wis., July 14.—A decided change for the worse is reported in the condition of Archbishop Katzer. Alarm is felt in the sanitarium of St. Agnes, where he is staying. The archbishop is suffering with a complication of kidney and liver disease.

Light for Slayton.

Special to The Globe.

SLAYTON, Minn., July 14.—Work has begun by a local company on a $10,000 crude oil gas plant for public and private lighting.

Burned in Oregon.

OREGON CITY, Or., July 14.—Fire tonight destroyed a portion of the Oregon City Manufacturing company's woolen mills, the loss on which is about $40,000.

Osier Gets a Postoffice.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14.—The president has appointed Robert P. Osier postmaster of Clarion, Iowa.

GREAT WESTERN MISHAP WITH MANY VICTIMS

Fireman Killed and Passengers and Trainmen Injured in a Collision.

SAVANNA, Mo., July 14.—A head-on collision on the Great Western near here early today resulted in the death of one person and the injury of several others. South-bound passenger train No. 9 crashed into a freight train at full speed.

FIREMAN STEWART, Des Moines, was killed.

Engineer Brownfield and Fireman Tom Howard, both of Des Moines, were injured.

Brownfield and Stewart constituted the engine crew of the passenger train. Howard was on the freight train.

Brownfield will probably recover. Howard's injuries were slight. William Benson, the other member of the engine crew of the freight train, was seriously cut and bruised. Over twenty passengers were injured and some of them seriously, but all will recover.

The wreck was due to an accident which delayed the passenger train and prevented it from reaching Schuster, where the two trains were to pass on time.

ELEPHANT'S TRUNK.

Egyptian Discoveries Enable Scientific Men to Solve Its Evolution.

The recent discoveries of fossil remains of ancestral proboscideans in the tertiary deposits of the Fayum district of Egypt, combined with a careful study of the skeleton of certain species of mastodon known to science for many years, have enabled Dr. C. W. Andrews to indicate very clearly the manner in which the trunk of the modern elephants has been gradually evolved.

The ancestral proboscideans were comparatively small and short-legged animals, which had, of course, no difficulty in putting their mouths to the ground. As the successors of these primitive forms gradually increased in bodily stature, and more especially in length of limb and size of head, it will be obvious that in order to be able to obtain food or water from the level of the ground they must either have increased the length of the neck or have developed a special prolongation of the muzzle. But in the case of large and heavy-headed animals, whose successors were destined to carry the enormous tusks of the extinct mastodons and modern elephants, it will be further manifest that an increase in the length of the vertebrae of the neck, and whence of the neck itself, would from mechanical considerations, have been impossible. Accordingly, the only practical course was the elongation of the muzzle.

In the earliest forms the lower jaw was short and heavy, with the union between the two branches (symphysis) very massive. On the other hand, in many of the early mastodons the lower jaw had become trough-like symphysis. To accord with this prolongation of the lower jaw it is quite evident that the upper lip and nose must likewise have been elongated, and they probably formed a kind of proboscis, of which the tip was most likely more or less prehensile.

For some reason or other, no sooner had the prolongation of the lower jaw attained its maximum development than the length of its trough-like symphysis began to diminish, till the structure culminated in the short snout found in the later mastodons and the modern elephants. During these changes the length of the probiscis must have continued to increase, while its flexibility and tactile power were likewise at the same time augmented, till the structure attained its full development in the elephants of today.

In this connection it may be noticed that the trunk of the African elephant differs very materially in structure from that of its Indian cousin, thus indicating that these two types diverged from the common ancestral stock at a comparatively early date. In addition to the well-known difference in the form of the tip, the trunk of the African elephant is distinguished from that of the Indian species by its segmented structure, so that it has the appearance of being composed of a number of distinct pieces, one of which slides into the other, like the joints of a telescope.

The Indian's elephant's trunk, on the other hand, is uniformly elastic throughout, and may be compared to a tapering India-rubber hosepipe. It is evidently a more highly specialized structure than is the proboscis of the African species. During the time that the lower jaw and trunk were being gradually developed into their present form the tusks and cheek teeth were likewise undergoing a process of development, which has culminated in the condition obtaining in the Indian elephant.

Till the Egyptian discoveries, the origin of the proboscidea was a problem that had baffled palaeontologists, while evolutionists were equally at a loss to account for the mode of origin of that most marvelous structure, the elephant's proboscis. Thanks to Dr. Andrews, both problems have been satisfactorily solved and we are thus able to add one more fairly complete pedigree to the history of animal life.—London Field.

LOST PRIVILEGES OF STARS.

Manager Is Master Now—It Wasn't So Ten Years Ago.

Stars of the new school do not attempt to deceive even themselves as to the difference between their rights and privileges now and those of a star fifteen years ago or even ten years ago.

The position of the star was very different then. The star does not know nowadays in what play he is to act until the manager gives it to him in the fall. He may have a part not in the least suited to him, but he cannot help that in case the manager has decreed that he must act it.

Then there are few stars nowadays who can give out seats and boxes to any extent. In the old days the star could present half the house to his friends if he wanted to, because he was the whole thing. But nowadays the average star has to ask his manager for seats and doesn't always get them.

Nor do the young stars of the day have the right to bring friends into the dressing room as those of the old times could. The younger brood must follow the rules of the theater just like the other actors. Thus have the privileges of the star been curtailed.—New York Sun.

What We Eat, Where Does It Grow?

The common garden pea is supposed to have originated in Europe or in the west of Asia, but it is not found wild anywhere. The kidney bean is an American plant, and its seeds have been discovered in very ancient Peruvian tombs. The ground nut or peanut is a native of Africa. Buckwheat comes from central Siberia. Wheat is from the region of the Euphrates, and its cultivation is prehistoric in the old world. The most ancient Egyptian monuments show pictures of it, and the earliest lake dwellers, who were at least as old as the Trojan war, grew the plant. The Chinese are known to have cultivated it as far back as 2700 B. C.

The Falls Nothing by Comparison.

"Then you've been to Niagara?"

"Yes. I was quietly married last Tuesday week and the next day we reached Niagara. Soon as we got there I started out to see the falls with my wife."

"Magnificent, eh?"

"Yo bet. You should have seen all the other men turning around to look at her as she passed."—Philadelphia Press.

Schuneman & Evans

The Northwest's Greatest Store. Sixth and Wabasha Streets, St. Paul.

Your Summer Dress

or waist, or skirt, may be bought now for less money than at any other time. We are closing out all summer wash fabrics—including all the finer goods—at prices way below the profit line, better come while choosing is good. One item;

Remnants of fine Lace Batistes, Iris Organdies, fancy figured Lace Effects, fine Ginghams, Cheviot Shirtings, Covert and Duck Suitings, etc., values up to 25c, lengths 2½ to 10 yards, hundreds to select from. Remnant sale price, yard..... 9c

White Goods Must Go

Whether in remnants or full pieces, they must go—too late now to haggle over the matter of a few cents. If you are interested, come to the department today—make your selections ere it is too late. Two sample prices—

White corded and fancy Pique mercerized striped nainsook, checked and striped Dimities and lace effects—regularly 25c, now..... 15c

35c, 40c and 50c fine Damask, Mersileen, white Poplin Rep, corded Pique, fancy Oxfords and lace stripes, in this sale at, yard..... 25c

Just a few more of those

Iron Couches

We have a few of those sanitary couch beds left—and while they last you may buy one, including mattress and bolster, for only..... $8.50

The sale of broken sets of

Val Laces

Continues with choosing still good. There's an excellent lot of broken sets in Vals, Pt. de Paris and appliques, sold regularly as high as 35c a yard, to go now at..... 10c

Blood of the Grape

The finest grape juice that can be made is being demonstrated now in the drug aisle, come in and sample it and let the demonstrator explain its merits to you.

Leather Suit Case, $3.95

Going away? Off for a vacation? Look at these cases we are selling now as a leader. Substantially made, steel frame, linen lined, with shirt pocket, each..... $3.95

MINNEAPOLIS

ORGANIZE TO DEFEND LABOR INJUNCTION

Employing Electricians Alarmed at Decision of Unions to Carry Case Higher.

There was a rumor current about town yesterday to the effect that the six companies of electrical contractors at whose instance Judge Gray issued his now famous injunction had become alarmed at the decision of the Building and Trades council to carry the injunction to the supreme court of the state and had formed an organization similar in character to the organization of employers at Omaha. Among the leaders of organized labor here the opinion is very general that a meeting of contractors was held last Saturday evening at Century hall. Indeed, one man has been found who claims to have seen a circular which was issued by the contractors announcing the purpose of the meeting and calling for concerted action on the part of all electrical contractors.

When the representatives of the six electrical companies were approached yesterday on the subject of this meeting they all asserted that there had not been any such meeting and that there was no organization of this kind. Most of them were frank to say that, although they were greatly interested to know how the supreme court would decide the matter, they considered that their interest was now no greater than that of any other employer of labor.

NO WHITES ALLOWED.

Trespasser in Coon Joint Gets Into Trouble and Uses Revolver.

Trouble started early yesterday morning in a resort frequented by colored men over 205 Nicollet avenue between white men and the proprietor of the place.

The result of the affair was that the proprietor of the place ordered the man out, and upon his refusal to go struck him over the head with a billiard cue, splitting it in several places.

The white man whipped a revolver out of his hip pocket and fired at the proprietor of the place. The bullet went wild and the man made his escape down Washington avenue. By the time the police were notified the man that did the shooting had disappeared.

The proprietor of the place stated to the police yesterday that he did not strike the man until after he had fired the shot. The man was in the place contrary to the orders of Chief Conroy, who has issued emphatic rules against allowing whites to enter the places operated and frequented by colored people. The proprietor was warned against a repetition of the offense.

WAS A WALKING ARSENAL.

Razors and Knives by Wholesale Taken From a Prisoner.

Edward Johnson was arrested yesterday morning charged with being the assailant of Thomas Finn, who was slashed with a razor early Monday morning in front of the Saratoga restaurant on Hennepin avenue.

When searched at the central station, Johnson had a half dozen pocket knives and as many razors stored away in his clothes. He refused to make any statements to the police.

Finn's wound is a very ugly one and he had a very narrow escape from having his jugular vein severed. The wound was fully seven inches long from a point under the ear downward. It was necessary to take fourteen stitches in the gash.

The trouble started over Finn's refusal to hand over some money to his assailant. Finn came down town yesterday morning to the central police station and recognized the man under arrest as his assailant. Neither of the men claim to know each other, but close friends of both say that the two are acquainted and that there has been bad feeling between them for some time. Johnson will be arrigned in court this morning.

FURNITURE IS REDEEMED.

Only a Barber Chair Left of Articles Seized for Taxes.

Deputy Langum, in charge of the delinquent personal property tax books in the sheriff's office has completed the report on the collection of the delinquent taxes, and it was submitted to the county commissioners yesterday for the consideration at the next meeting.

One of the interesting facts in connection with the collection of the taxes is that only one lonely barber chair is left in the hands of the sheriff of all the furniture which was seized, and all the efforts to take property away in satisfaction of the warrants. In all cases, with this exception, the delinquents paid up when they saw that the sheriff meant business, or else had their property redeemed after it had been carried to the warehouse.

SUGAR OUTPUT INCREASES.

Minnesota Company Estimates Gain of Half Million Pounds.

The output of the Minnesota Sugar company's plant at St. Louis Park was 7,000,000 pounds of sugar last year, and it is expected that 8,500,000 pounds will be manufactured this year.

The farmers have increased their acreage of sugar beets this year, and the improvements in the plant will warrant a more prosperous year than last. The acreage last year was 3,600, and this year it is 3,850. Both land and manner of culture have been improved, so that 20 per cent increase is considered a fair estimate.

President F. W. Fink is now in Europe, but will return in time for the fall work.

PROFESSORS MAY RESIGN.

Threaten to Quit University Because Salaries Are Not Paid.

Several professors are planning to leave the state university because their salaries are not paid on time. Many still have two months' compensation due them, but promises to pay are all they can obtain. The same thing has occurred frequently during the past year.

Although the university funds were reported low at the time the salaries were due, improvements have been made on the grounds since then and the professors are still waiting.

LUXURIOUS SUMMER HOME IS DESTROYED

Mrs. Lindley Hoffman Chapin's Rock Lawn Laid in Ashes.

NEW LONDON, Conn., July 14.—Rock Lawn, one of the finest summer houses in this part of the country, the residence of Mrs. Lindley Hoffman Chapin, daughter of Chief Justice Andrews, of New York, was struck by lightning tonight and totally destroyed. The house, a handsome villa of more than thirty rooms, was situated on the sound at Great Neck in the town of Waterford. Only a young son and a daughter of Mrs. Chapin, besides the servants, were at home. A small portion of the costly furnishings were saved by removal. The loss is $100,000.

Epworth Will Charge Admission.

DETROIT, Mich., July 14.—Preparations for the sixth international convention of the Epworth league, which will begin here on Thursday, are rapidly nearing completion. The committee which has in charge the housing of the delegates and visitors, 20,000 of whom are expected, has received enough promises of accommodations so that it is said all will be housed. As a result of the failure of the finance committee to raise the desired amount of funds it has been decided to charge 25 cents admission to the general meetings Saturday night. Bishop J. M. Thoburn, who was expected to talk on missions, will be unable to attend.

THE HORRORS —OF THE— Drink Habit

Cured Speedily and Permanently by The St. Omer Remedy.

A BOTANICAL CURE for the disease, DRUNKENNESS. ST. OMER REMEDY can be administered without the patient's knowledge, in tea, coffee, milk, water or any liquid and has no taste, odor or color.

It will positively destroy the craving for alcohol in any form, in the most obstinate cases.

Indorsed by the W. C. T. U., Leading Physicians and Temperance Workers Everywhere.

Mr. Albert C. Smith, President of the Suffolk Dispensary, a charity chartered by the State of Mass., says:

"We use no other remedy in treating cases of drunkenness at our institution than the ST. OMER REMEDY, simply because we have found it to be reliable, highly effective and perfectly safe. The ST. OMER REMEDY is worthy of every claim made for it by its manufacturers."

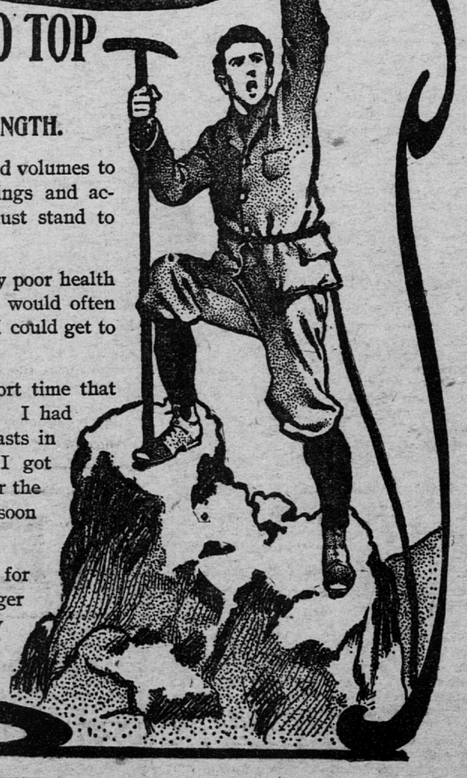
ABSOLUTELY no bad effects from its use. CURES GUARANTEED.

THE ST. OMER REMEDY is sold by druggists or sent prepaid for $1.00. Sample free by writing MRS. A. G. ELDRIGE, Secy, the ST. OMER SOCIETY, 133 Tremont St., Boston, Mass.

Sold in St. Paul by SCHUNEMAN & EVANS, DRUG DEPARTMENT.

Grape-Nuts

CLIMBED TO TOP



GRAPE-NUTS FOOD GAVE THE STRENGTH.

IT is a good thing to know of food that will add volumes to one's strength, for the strong can do things and accomplish work in this world while the weak must stand to one side.

A woman in Toronto writes: "I was in very poor health a long time and got so weak and run down that I would often stop at the foot of the stairs and wonder how I could get to the top.

"I began using Grape-Nuts and in a very short time that weak, broken-down feeling entirely disappeared. I had formerly been forced to give up my breakfasts in order to give my stomach a rest, but when I got hold of Grape-Nuts I could eat breakfast, for the food seemed to help digest other foods, and soon I began to gain in weight and strength.

"I regularly use fruit and Grape-Nuts for breakfast and can work harder and for a longer time than ever before." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.