THE WEATHER:
In St. Paul and vicinity today: Fair.

THE ST. PAUL GLOBE.

The Housewife is the **Purchasing Agent** for the Home. She buys her supplies **DURING THE DAY.** She finds out where the **Best Bargains** are to be had by reading the **Advertisements** in the **MORNING PAPER.**

VOL. XXVI.—NO. 102. TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 21, 1903.---TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS. On Trains, FIVE CENTS.

Death Claims Mortal Part of Leo XIII.

Roman Pontiff Gives Up the Struggle Which Held World in Awe and Pays the Tribute to Nature---Cardinal Oreglia Is Head of the Church.

AS CARDINAL JOACHIM PECCI BISHOP OF PERUSA IN 1857.

POPE LEO XIII.

AS CARDINAL JOACHIM PECCI IN 1877.

TERRIBLE WORK OF MINNESOTA HAIL

Immense Area in the Southwestern Part of the State Is Swept Clean of Crops, Loss in Rock County Being Million Dollars—Not a Straw Is Left in a Third of the County—Hail Takes the Bark from the Trees and Denudes the Buildings of Paint.

Special to The Globe.

LUVERNE, Minn., July 20.—The most destructive hail storm that ever visited this section passed over the east portion of Rock county this afternoon. The area covered by the storm is the largest ever known in the Northwest. It is reported that the storm of hail started at Watertown, S. D., and continued at intervals from that city to Troskey, near the north line of Rock county. Here the storm seemed to spread out, extending east nearly to Worthington and South to Sheldon, Iowa.

The storm reached the most destructive stage a few miles north of the Rock county line. From that point it continued south with unabated fury to Ellsworth, a distance of thirty-six miles The area of this part of the storm was fifteen miles wide and thirty-six miles long.

Over the vast area, with but few exceptions, there is not a straw reported standing in this county. Six townships were struck by the storm, totally destroying fully one-third of the crops in the county. While the storm lasted less than ten minutes, between two and three inches of hail fell, fairly beating the grain into the ground. Cornstalks were chopped down close to the ground and trees were stripped clean of their leaves. On young trees the bark was fairly peeled off. Not a pane of glass remains unbroken on the side from which the storm came, while the paint on buildings is practically scraped off.

The crop in this county this year as a whole was one of the best ever raised. No grain had been cut and farmers

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CARRIES OFF A WOMAN AND DEFIES ARREST

But Hesse Is Captured in Sensational Style After Breaking Jail.

Special to The Globe.

LA CROSSE, Wis., July 20.—Simon Hesse, a riverman, residing in a boathouse near Lynxville, was arrested charged with abducting Edna Bateman, a young and prety woman residing in Lynxville. Hesse carried the woman off into the woods and was followed and arrested. The crowd dragged him to the Lynxville jail and during the night he escaped by prying off the three bars from a rear window.

A night watchman discovered the escape and a posse was organized and sent after him immediately. Hesse was discovered in his boathouse, but leaping into a skiff pulled rapidly to an island in the river. He was folowed, but standing upon the bank with a loaded Winchester defied the posse to take him. As a result of a piece of strategy he was grasped from behind before he could fire. He has again been confined in the Lynxville jail under strong guard. Hesse served two terms in the penitentiary heretofore.

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PUTS AWAY EARTHLY CROWN

Beaten by Infirmity the Supreme Pontiff Falls Asleep and Roman World Is Plunged in Profound Grief---Death to Be Officially Pronounced by Cardinals Today.

ROME, JULY 20.—POPE LEO IS DEAD. THE LAST FLICKER OF LIFE EXPIRED AT FOUR MINUTES PAST 4 O'CLOCK THIS AFTERNOON.

The period of over two weeks that Pope Leo passed in the shadow of death was no less wonderful than his life. His splendid battle against disease was watched the world over with sympathetic admiration and ended only after a series of tremendous efforts to conquer the weakness of his aged frame by the marvelous will power of his mind. The pleuro-pneumonia with which his holiness had been suffering was scarcely so responsible for his death as that inevitable decay of tissue which ensues upon ninety-three years of life. The tested steel which had bent so often before human ills was bound to break at last.

Tonight the emaciated and lifeless frame which held so brave a spirit lies on the bed in the Vatican beside which almost all the world has prayed. The red damask coverlet rests lightly over the body, the cardinal's scarlet cap is about the shoulders, while on his head has been placed the papal hood of velvet, bordered with ermine. A white silk handkerchief is bound about his chin, and in the hands which have blessed so many thousands has been placed a crucifix. So Pope Leo will remain until tomorrow, watched by uniformed officers of the Noble guard and rough-clad Franciscan penitentiaries, who will keep a ceaseless vigil until the burial ceremonies.

Tomorrow the sacred college of cardinals will assemble for the impressive ceremony of officially pronouncing Pope Leo dead. After this the body will be taken to the small throne room adjoining the death chamber, where it will be embalmed. The funeral ceremonies will extend over nine days, the remains being removed to the Cathedral of St. Peter's, where they will lie in state. The ultimate resting place of the dead pontiff will be in the magnificent basilica of St. John the Lateran.

HIS LAST MOMENTS WERE PAINFUL

Pope Leo's final moments were marked by that same serenity and devotion, and when he was conscious that calm intelligence which is associated with his twenty-five years' pontificate. His was no easy death. An hour before he died, turning to Dr. Lapponi and his devoted valet, Pio Centra, he murmured: "The path I suffer is most terrible." Yet his parting words were not of the physical anguish that he suffered, but were whispered benedictions upon the cardinals and his nephews, who knelt at the bedside, and the last look of his almost sightless eyes was toward the great ivory crucifix hanging in the death chamber. Practically all the cardinals now in Rome, kneeling at the bedside, watched the passage of his soul. Earlier in the day Cardinal Serafino Vannutelli had impressively pronounced the absolution in articulo mortis.

The condition of his holiness varied from agony to coma. Wishing to relieve him, Dr. Mazzoni suggested that morphine should be administered, but Dr. Lapponi did not agree, fearing that the end might be quickened.

Of this supreme moment Dr. Lapponi gives this description:

"Death occurred through exhaustion, although in the last two hours Pope Leo made a supreme effort to gather together all his energies. He succeeded in recognizing those about him by the sound of their voices, as his sight was almost lost. Still, he made a marvelous display of his energy, and even his death was really grand. It was resigned, calm and serene. Very few examples can be given of a man of such advanced age, after so exhaustive an illness, showing such supreme courage in dying. The pontiff's last breath was taken exactly at four minutes past 4. I approached a lighted candle to his mouth three times, according to the traditional ceremonial, and afterward declared the pope to be no more.

"I then went to inform Cardinal Oreglia, the dean of the sacred college, who immediately assumed full power and gave orders that the Vatican be cleared of all curious persons having no right to be therein. Contemporaneously, the cardinal instructed Mgr. Righi, master of ceremonies, to send the Swiss guards from the Clementine hall to close all the entrances to the Vatican and dismiss all persons from the death chamber, the body being intrusted to the Franciscan penitentiaries."

POWER PASSES TO CARDINAL OREGLIA

Meantime events of momentous importance to Catholic Christendom were occurring. The death of Pope Leo meant the passing of the supreme power into the hands of the sacred college of cardinals as its temporary custodian during the interregnum.

The perfect administrative machinery of the church provided against the slightest interruption of the governing authority. As the senior member of the sacred college, Cardinal Oreglia, to whom the pope today solemnly confided the interests of the church, has now become the exponent of the cardinals until Pope Leo's successor has been elected. This has brought forth

Continued on 6th, 7th and 8th Pages.

PAPAL CANDIDATES' CHANCES EQUAL

None of the Elements for a Protracted Contest in the Conclave Are Lacking---Fortunes of Various Candidates Have Changed of Late---Comparison With Conditions at the Time of Pope Leo's Election---Widespread Change in All Departments of the Church.

ROME, July 20.—The greatest interest is now centered in the work of the holy conclave which is to select the successor to Leo XIII. It will probably meet August 3. Speculations, prophecies and predictions come from every direction in favor of the various candidates. The comparatively long illness of Leo has had the effect of narrowing the chances of some who entered the contest with what was thought to be the brightest prospects, while it has brough into prominence others who at first were hardly considered. The result is that they are all now on about the same level.

It is said that there has never been a conclave in which there are so many candidates who have a fair chance of winning. Such a situation might lead to a struggle of much longer duration than that of 1878, when Leo was elected. That conclave lasted scarcely three days. The contest may be prolonged, especially if, after the early ballots, the different parties whose exact strength could only then be established, persist in remaining faithful to their favorites instead of joining forces with those of candidates having better chances. In 1878, when Pius IX. died, it was evident to all that the cardinals who had the best chance of success were Cardinals Bilio and Pecci. The former would certainly have been elected if he had not made in the conclave a written statement declaring that he would not accept the tiara, as, having compiled the syllabus, he would be open to an attack which would have been detrimental to the church. Therefore, the nomination of Cardinal Pecci followed without obstacle.

Their Chances Equal.

Now there are a half dozen at least who are entering the conclave with equal chances of success. It is believed that the foreign cardinals will ultimately give the casting votes, as, living far away from Rome, where different factions form and flourish, they will be impartial, and especially as it is admitted by all that the new pope will be chosen from among the Italian candidates. For the later reason there cannot be national rivalry among the foreigners.

The considerable talk which is going the rounds that certain foreign powers might exercise the right of veto in the conclave is unfounded. What the powers desire is not that the new pope should be friendly to any particular power, but that he should conduct the affairs of the papacy in a peaceful, equitable, religious manner, without stirring up international strife. Indeed

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IMMENSE FIND OF IRON ORE REPORTED

Section 30 on the Vermillion Range Richer Than Had Been Dreamed of.

Special to The Globe.

DULUTH, Minn., July 20.—Information given out at a meeting today of the company which is conducting the explorations on the famous section 30 on the Vermillion range near Ely indicates that an immense find of ore has been made there, possibly fifteen million tons. The ore body ranges from fifty to one hundred feet wide and has been proved up for a distance of a quarter of a mile.

Owing to the crumbling nature of the ore it has been difficult to get through it with diamond drills and the full extent of the find is not known. This is the property in which the Clergues are interested and the option is said to have been taken in the interest of the Consolidated Lake Superior company.

ST. PAUL MAN IS FOUND DEAD IN CHICAGO

William Fritz Crawled Into a Lumber Car for His Final Sleep.

Special to The Globe.

CHICAGO, July 20.—While switching cars in the Fordham yards at Eighty-third street and the Illinois Central tracks today the crew of a freight train found the body of a man in a car that was half filled with lumber. A card in the man's hippocket read:

"William J. Fritz, 364 Minnesota street, St. Paul. In case of accident notify my brother, Louis Fritz, 213 Twelfth street, Oshkosh, Wis., and Gustav, 712 State street, Milwaukee, Wis."

The body was removed to Pierson's morgue. Two watches, one gold and the other silver, a pocket knife and 90 cents were found in his pockets. It is believed by the police that the man crawled in the car to sleep and died from natural causes.