MR. CHAMBERLAIN THROWS LIGHT ON FISCAL SCHEME

Colonial Secretary Declares He Has Never Suggested a Tax on Raw Materials and That His Policy if Adopted Would Not Increase Cost of Living.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, replying to a request for a short, definite statement of his fiscal proposals, has written:

"I have never suggested any tax whatever on raw materials, such as wool or cotton, and believe that such a tax would be entirely unnecessary for the purposes I have in view; namely: For mutual preference with the colonies and for enabling us to bargain for better terms with our foreign competitors. As regards food, there is nothing in the policy of tariff reform which I have put before the country which need increase in the slightest degree the cost of living of any family in the country."

CARNEGIE EMPLOYES AGENTS IN CHARITY

Organizing a Corps of Women Investigators Into the Needs of Widows and Orphans.

Special Foreign Service.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Andrew Carnegie's philanthropic activity is not entirely confined to the endowment of universities and the building of free libraries. His private charity has not so far become a matter of public interest because he insists upon a promise from those he helps to keep their relations with him a secret.

For some time past he has been inundated with applications from all classes and conditions of people who represented themselves to be on the verge of starvation, but on making his usual careful inquiries he discovered, of course, that many of the applicants were frauds. He has now instructed his secretary that applications from needy widows and orphans only are to command his attention in the future. Mr. Carnegie has gone to a great amount of trouble in perfecting a scheme for assisting such people. It was suggested to him that a number of persons interested in charitable institutions would be useful to him in making the necessary inquiries, so that his charity might not run into the wrong channels.

"No," said Carnegie, "I can manage my own charity."

He has already appointed inquiry agents in London, Manchester, Glasgow and Edinburgh, who will be paid according to the number of inquiries they will be called upon to make. They are all women, because Carnegie says that women are necessary to understand womankind. About a dozen of them have been appointed so far.

CROKER LOST ON KEENE IN IRISH AUTO RACE

His Son, Bertie, Is Now Learning to Be a Motor Expert.

Special Foreign Service.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—It seems that Richard Croker was one of the heaviest losers over the defeat of Foxhall Keene in the recent motor race in Ireland. He backed his fellow American heavily in London with a firm of bookmakers who have begun to make a specialty of motor racing. In spite of the fact that he lost his money, he still thinks that Foxhall Keene is the best motorist in the field, and he declared on his return to London that he would back him against the world provided he was driving a car whose machinery would stand the test of high speed.

Croker's son, Bertie, has been practicing high speed lately, and it is expected that he, too, may figure in the next big motor contest. He has been traveling on the continent for some months, and had a course of lessons in motor driving from some of the best English and continental experts.

WHERE ALEXIEFF IS SUPREME.

New Governor in the Far East Has Dictatorial Powers.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 17.—The press here universally dwells upon the magnitude of the powers conferred upon Admiral Alexieff, the new viceroy of the Amur territory and Kwang Tung province, as even exceeding the authority conferred on the governor general of the Caucasus during an insurrection, and explains the difference as being due to international complications. The newspapers agree that the innovations will greatly advance Russia's interests in having a man with authority on the scene.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—According to a dispatch to the Daily Mail the Japanese consider Vice Admiral Alexieff, the new viceroy of the Amur territory and the Kwang Tung province, their ablest and most bitter enemy.

SETTLING WITH A SULTAN.

Tribal Leader of the Lanao Moros Bids Defiance to Americans.

MANILA, Aug. 17.—Maj. Robert L. Bullard has demanded redress from Sultan Deseen, the tribal leader of the Lanao Moros. Although professing a warm friendship for Americans, the sultan recently surrounded a small detachment of United States troops paying him a friendly visit with a strong force of warriors and offered battle, his men insultingly bearing an American flag. So far the only reply from the sultan to Maj. Bullard's demands has been defiance.

THERESE PROMISES AGAIN.

Says She Will Produce Alleged Securities in Court Today.

PARIS, Aug. 17.—The proceedings in the Humbert trial today were chiefly devoted to the affairs of the Rente Viagere, an insurance concern founded by the Humberts, in the collapse of which many poor people lost all their savings. Mme. Therese Humbert made declarations, in which she affirmed that the alleged securities representing the Crawford inheritance of 100,000,000 francs would be brought into court tomorrow.

Receives the Pallium.

ROME, Aug. 17.—The ceremony of the imposition of the archiepiscopal pallium on the Most Rev. J. J. Harty, archbishop of Manila, was performed today by Cardinal Macchi in his own private chapel. The first chaplain celebrated the mass, Cardinal Macchi assisting. When Archbishop Harty had been invested with the episcopal robes and miter the cardinal placed the pallium on his shoulders, and the archbishop took the oath to observe the rules of the church.

Chinese Famine Disappearing.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—According to mail advices from Hongkong, missionaries returning from the famine district in Kwang Si province, South China, report that the conditions there have improved. The harvest has commenced and the free distribution of cereals had ceased in many places early in July. It was expected that the necessity for the further distribution of food would disappear entirely in a few weeks from that time.

Pope Gives to the Poor.

ROME, Aug. 17.—The pope has given $20,000 for distribution among the poor of Rome. The pontiff seems to have quite recovered his health, as he is giving more audiences than before he suffered from his recent fainting fit, although the heat is still suffocating.

GENOA, Italy, Aug. 17. — Cardinal Gibbons left here today bound for Chambery, France.

Searching for Nordenskjold.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden, Aug. 17.—The Nordenskjold relief expedition, commanded by Capt. Glynden, of the Swedish navy, sailed today on board the Frithkof. It numbers twenty-three men and includes six scientists. The members of the expedition expect to return here in April, 1904. Prof. Otto Nordenskjold's south polar vessel, Antartic, sailed from Gothenburg Oct. 16, 1901.

FORTY FINNS KILLED.

Upper Deck of Steamer Carrying People From Church Collapses.

HELSINGFORS, Finland, Aug. 17.—A terrible accident occurred on Lake Tykojarvi yesterday. The upper deck of a vessel conveying people from church collapsed and forty persons were drowned or killed and many others were injured.

Russian Troops Kill Strikers.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Fourteen strikers were killed and 150 wounded in a military onslaught which occurred in the vicinity of Kieff as late as Aug. 11, according to a Russian correspondent of the Times. The troops, he says, fired several volleys into the strikers at close quarters.

LOST MANHOOD!

BROUGHT ON BY

Follies of Youth, Abuses, Excesses, Blood Poison, Private Diseases or Improper Treatment.

This Is How You Feel

There is a pain across the small of your back; blue rings under your eyes; specks before your eyes; your sleep does not rest you; you get up in the morning feeling tired; your mind at times wanders; your memory is poor; you are losing flesh; hollow-eyed; whites of your eyes are yellow; hair falling out and has a dry, lifeless, dead appearance; you are fearful, always expecting the worst to happen; very nervous; have bad dreams; start in your sleep and awake out of a dream very much frightened; stinging pain in the breast; no appetite; hate society; rather be alone. Do you know what causes you to feel like this? This condition will not improve of its own accord, but instead you will gradually get worse. Call on or write the Master Specialist at the Heidelberg Medical Institute, corner Fifth and Robert streets, St. Paul. He will guarantee to cure you, stop that drain upon your system and give back to you your manhood. Consultation and examination free, and not a dollar need be paid for medicine or treatment if you fail to get cured. Everything strictly confidential. Every train brings some man from a distance to be cured. Railroad fare deducted for out-of-town patients coming to the city.

NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID UNLESS CURED.

Secret Diseases —Varicocele, Rupture, Night Losses, Sexual Weakness, Enlarged Prostate, Dwarfed Organs, Stricture, Gonorrhea, Blood Poison (Syphilis), and all diseases cured of a private nature for which you dislike to go to your family doctor.

Write People who live in the smaller outside towns or in the country should write for examination, advice and 200-page book FREE. Many cases can be cured by home treatment.

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Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

PREPARED BY

J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

German Bonds Droop.

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—Imperial three per cents fell one-half per cent today to 90, the lowest point reached in two years, owing to a report that the government intends to propose a new military measure which will add largely to the present establishment.

Americans Shoot Chinese Rioters.

HONGKONG, Aug. 17.—The rioting which recently occurred at Fatshan, six miles from Canton, has spread to towns along the railroad. The American engineers at work on the road have fired at the rioters. Several casualties are reported.

Polar Explorer Missing.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 17.—The imperial academy of sciences is beginning to entertain most serious fears for the polar explorer, Baron Toll, from whom nothing has been heard since he left the yacht Zaria, May 23, 1902, in company with two Yakouts, and started for Bennett's island.

Arrested for Spying.

VIENNA, Aug. 17.—Two men have been arrested at Moena, Austrian Tyrol, on suspicion of being spies. They were found to be in possession of sketches of fortresses on the Austrian frontier. One of the prisoners is a professor at Venice and the other is an official of the postoffice at Florence. Both are held for trial.

Mountain Climbers Killed.

CHAMONIX, France, Aug. 17.—Seven tourists, it was announced today, were killed recently while attempting to climb the Aiguilles Grises, behind Mont Blanc, on the Courmayeur side of the mountain.

BOAT IS RAMMED AT NAVAL REVIED

Continued From First Page.

trance to Oyster Bay. President Roosevelt, in company with Secretary of the Navy Moody, Admiral Dewey, Rear Admiral Taylor, Rear Admiral Rogers, Capt. Brownson, Gen. Chaffee and Gen. Barry, stood on the bridge of the auxiliary cruiser Mayflower, as she steamed slowly down one column of the warships and up the other. The two columns extended 2,500 yards, the ships being anchored at intervals of 500 yards.

As the Mayflower passed each ship in the two columns, the yards and rails of each were manned by jackies in white duck, the marines were paraded and presented arms, the president's salute of twenty-one guns was fired, the buglers sounded a flourish, the drummers gave four ruffles, the band played "Hail Columbia," and the entire crew stood at salute. As the Mayflower swept majestically past each ship, the crew of the saluting vessel gave the president three cheers.

Receives the Officers.

At the conclusion of the review President Roosevelt received on board the Mayflower Rear Admiral Albert S. Barker, commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic fleet; Rear Admiral James A. Sands, commander of the Carribean squadron; Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan, commanding the coast squadron and Rear Admiral William C. Wise, commanding the training squadron. He also received the captains and commanding officers of the 22 vessels in the fleet.

He received also the naval attaches to the legations of the great powers to the legations of four of the great powers, Capt. Dechair, of the British embassy; Capt. Edwin Schaefer, of the German embassy; Commander W. C. Boutakoff, of the Russian embassy, and Lieut. Commander Isam Takesh.ka, of the Japanese legation. Among the other guests of the president on board the Mayflower were Assistant Secretary of War Sanger, Sir Thomas Lipton, C. Oliver Iselin, Butler Duncan, Commodore Bourne, of the New York Yacht club, Sharman Crawford, a representative of the Royal Ulster Yacht club, and Emlen Roosevelt.

Then They Lunch.

President Roosevelt entertained his guests and all the commanding officers of the fleet at a luncheon on board the Mayflower. The president said: "We have with us today representatives of the great powers, Great Britain, Germany, Russia and Japan. I ask you to drink to these great powers and to their sovereigns."

The toast was drunk standing. Then the president continued: "We also have with us representatives of an international incident. As to that, may the best boat win."

With laughter and applause that toast likewise was drunk by the guests standing.

Capt. Dechair, of the British embassy, toasted the president.

At the conclusion of the luncheon the officers returned to their ships. At 12:28 the president left the Mayflower in a barge for the flagship Kearsarge, to return the call of Rear Admiral Barker. He was accompanied by Secretary Moody, Admiral Dewey, Rear Admiral Rodgers, Rear Admiral Taylor, Gen. Chaffee and Commander Albert G. Leaves, of the Mayflower. The Mayflower fired a president's salute as the barge cleared the ship. As the president went aboard the Kearsarge, his flag was broken out at the main peak and every one of the twelve saluting ships in the fleet fired a president's salute.

The president, before visiting the other flagships, to return the calls of the rear admirals, addressed the enlisted men and officers of the ship. He complimented their appearance and work, spoke words of encouragement and said the navy was never so efficient as now.

Steam Past the Mayflower.

During the entire ceremonies of the day 2,604 shots were fired, all from six-pounders. Upon the return of the president to the Mayflower, after his call upon the flag officers, the vessel got under way and steamed eastward for several miles, coming to anchor then in order that the fleet might pass in review. The vessels of the fleet weighed anchor and in a single column, headed by the Kearsarge, steamed slowly past the Mayflower. The yards and rails of every vessel were manned, the marines were paraded and the bands played "Hail Columbia."

President Roosevelt, with his distinguished naval guests, reviewed the fleet from the Mayflower's bridge. As a termination of the review, Lieut. Chandler's squadron of destroyers passed the Mayflower in flying wedge formation. The vessels were reforming for the maneuvers when the accident already described occurred.

The North Atlantic fleet will proceed directly to Penobscot bay, where the summer maneuvers will be continued until about the first of September. The Mayflower returned to her anchorage in Oyster Bay, the president and Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Alice Roosevelt, Admiral Dewey and Capt. Brownson leaving the ship at 5:25 to the thunder of a final presidential salute.

CANAL TREATY IS REJECTED BY THE COLOMBIANS

Continued From First Page.

moreover, seems to have been influenced by the communication made by the American minister in which the introduction of any amendments to the treaty was objected to.

Will Roosevelt Do This?

COLON, Colombia, Aug. 17.—High authorities on the isthmus express the opinion that President Roosevelt possibly may insist on the right of the United States to purchase the canal enterprise from the French company, Colombia already having sanctioned the sale, and then take immediate steps to show Colombia that the United States is determined to go on with the matter, at the same time informing the Colombian government that the obstacles in the way of the transfer—the questions of money and the sovereignty and jurisdiction over the territory involved, etc.—are questions for subsequent settlement and possible arbitration at The Hague.

Other people think that Colombia will soon recognize the seriousness of her mistake in rejecting the treaty, as the United States and the European nations will surely lose no time in forcing a settlement of their claims on Colombia.

COLON, Colombia, Aug. 17.—The rejection of the2canal treaty has produced tremendous excitement on the isthmus. It was generally believed that the treaty would pass with some modifications.

There is good reason to suppose that the majority of the members of the senate regard the Spooner amendment to build a canal by the Nicaraguan route, if the Panama route was rejected by Colombia, as a mere threat on the part of the United States. They are convinced that the Nicaraguan project is impossible and that the United States will again deal with Colombia. The rejection is a heavy blow to property owners here who have been investing heavily on the prospects of the treaty's being ratified.

"What Will Become of Panama?"

PANAMA, Colombia, Aug. 17.—The unanimous rejection of the canal treaty has caused a profund impression here in all circles. The question on all lips is, what will become of Panama? The only consolation the isthmians have is that the rest of the republic, with the exchange at a very high figure and with an upward tendency, will suffer a great deal more. The government never expected the treaty to be ratified, and it was not supported at all in the senate. Gen. Lucio Valazoo, an old veteran and a distinguished army officer, has been appointed military commander of the department of Panama. It is thought that the fears caused by the rumors of a secession movement on the isthmus may have influenced the appointment.

Figuring Out Consequences.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 17.—Section four of the isthmian canal act provides that should the president be unable to obtain a satisfactory title to the property of the new Panama canal company and control of the necessary territory to the construction of the canal from the republic of Colombia, he shall make the necessary treaties with Costa Rica and Nicaragua and proceed with the construction of a canal by the Nicaraguan route.

It will be impossible for President Marroquin to submit again the treaty to the Colombian congress in its present form. The senate having rejected it, the treaty cannot again come before that body except by the senate's own vote. President Marroquin can send the treaty, slightly amended, to the senate and reopen the canal debate. It is believed at the Colombian legation that President Marroquin will adopt some such procedure.

The reason given for the rejection of the treaty, it is said here, was the alleged encroachment on Colombia sovereignty which its opponents contended would result from the treaty. This information was contained in a dispatch received tonight by Dr. Herran, the Colombian charge, from Foreign Minister Ricos at Bogota. This dispatch showed that in its present form the treaty was unacceptable to the senate for the reason above stated. The view taken by the senate was at variance to that held by the government of Colombia, which felt satisfied when it submitted the treaty to congress that there would be no impairment of Colombian sovereignty if the treaty should be ratified.

Incidental to the general question of sovereignty necessarily was that of the lease of the strip of land through which the canal was to be constructed, and the debate in the Colombian senate indicated that that body regarded this as amounting to a sale of the land, therefore objectionable.

An interesting feature of the whole debate in the Colombian senate and in the committee's report favoring the treaty is said to be the entire absence of reference to the question of indemnity offered by the United States. It was generally supposed that this would cut a considerable figure in the discussion.

Not Final, Says Cromwell.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—William Nelson Cromwell made the following statement, as counsel for the Panama Canal company:

"A committee of the Colombian senate on the 5th instant recommended the treaty with amendments. Various parliamentary motions have been made more or less involving these amendments, and a recent one indicates that the treaty is not acceptable without amendment, but this is not regarded as final."

RAINBOW COLORS FLASH FOR VETERANS

Annual Encampment of the G. A. R. Getting Started at 'Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 17.—San Francisco was ablaze with decorative lights tonight in honor of the members of the Grand Army of the Republic who have been thronging to the Golden Gate for several days to attend their thirty-seventh annual encampment.

The streets were crowded with the veterans, who stood amazed at the unexpected display of colored lights. The weather was fine and all things seemed propitious for an enjoyable campfire.

The events of the day were of the routine order, nothing special being on the programme. Arriving delegations were received and escorted to the quarters assigned to them.

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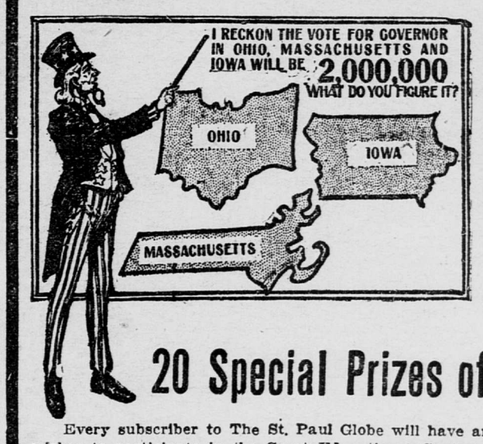
THE GLOBE'S GREAT Profit Sharing Contest



$40,000 IN 1,000 CASH PRIZES!

1st Prize, $10,000.

2d Prize, $3,000. 3d Prize, $1,000.

20 Special Prizes of $1,000 Each for Early Estimates.

Every subscriber to The St. Paul Globe will have an opportunity to share in these magnificent prizes if he wishes to participate in the Great Educational Contest in which these prizes are given.

The subject matter of this great contest is the total vote cast for Governor in the States of Ohio, Massachusetts and Iowa on the 3d day of November, 1903.

Every person interested in the science of Government should be interested in the election in these three States, as much valuable information can be gained by a study of the political conditions involved in these elections.

CONDITIONS OF THIS GREAT CONTEST.

Every subscriber who remits $1.00 on old or new subscriptions to The St. Paul Globe will receive one certificate that will secure for him any prize which his estimates entitle him to claim, and for every additional dollar paid one certificate will be issued.

No commissions or premiums will be allowed on subscriptions on which advantage is taken of this contest.

When you send in your subscription, also send your estimates of the total vote for Governor in the three States. Write your name, address and estimate in the Subscription Blank below and mail it to The St. Paul Globe.

The contest will close at midnight, Nov. 2, 1903, and no estimate received after that hour will be allowed. The official certificates of the Secretaries of the three States, showing the total vote for Governor, will determine who are entitled to the prizes, and the awards will be made by a disinterested Committee of prominent judges, just as soon as the official figures can be obtained.

Here Is the List of Prizes:

To the nearest correct estimator	$10,000.00
To the second nearest correct estimator	3,000.00
To the third nearest correct estimator	1,000.00
To the fourth nearest correct estimator	500.00
To the fifth nearest correct estimator	200.00
To the sixth nearest correct estimator	100.00
To the seventh nearest correct estimator	50.00
To the eighth nearest correct estimator	35.00
To the next 12 nearest correct estimators, $15.00 each	180.00
To the next 27 nearest correct estimators, $10.00 each	270.00
To the next 933 nearest correct estimators, $5.00 each	4,665.00
980 prizes amounting to	$20,000.00

The Following Special Prizes Will Also Be Paid:

For the nearest correct estimate received before Dec. 15 1902	$1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Dec. 15, and before Jan. 1, 1903	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Jan. 1, and before Jan. 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Jan. 15, and before Feb. 1	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Feb. 1, and before Feb. 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Feb. 15, and before March 1	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after March 1, and before March 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after March 15, and before April 1	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after April 1, and before April 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after April 15, and before May 1	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after May 1, and before May 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after May 15, and before June 1	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after June 1, and before June 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after June 15, and before July 1	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after July 1, and before July 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after July 15, and before Aug. 1	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Aug. 1, and before Aug. 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Aug. 15, and before Sept. 1	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Sept. 1, and before Sept. 15	1,000.00
For the nearest correct estimate received on or after Sept 15, and before Oct. 1	1,000.00
Total 1,000 prizes, amounting to	$40,000.00

In case of a tie or that two or more estimators are equally correct, prizes will be divided equally between them.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

To aid in forming your estimate we furnish the official figures showing the vote for Governor in each of these States for the past ten years as well as to give the total vote for the three States combined. The total vote for the three States is found in the right hand column:

Year.	Ohio.	Mass.	Iowa.	Total.
1891	795,629	321,650	420,212	1,537,491
1893	823,653	365,012	415,806	1,604,476
1895	837,466	328,121	401,345	1,566,932
1897	854,986	269,795	438,292	1,563,073
1899	908,159	299,166	433,351	1,640,676
1901	827,566	324,526	390,489	1,542,581

What will be the total vote for Governor in these three States combined on the 3d day of November, 1903? Figure it out and send in your estimates. It may mean $10,000 in cash to you.

CERTIFICATE OF BANK PRESIDENT.

I hereby certify that the Press Publishing Association has deposited $40,000 in the Central Savings Bank, Detroit, Michigan, for the express purpose of paying the prizes to those making the nearest correct estimates of the Total Aggregate Vote cast for the Office of Governor in the States of Ohio, Massachusetts and Iowa, on the 3rd day of November, 1903, and that this fund can be used for no other purpose.

W. A. Pungs President Central Savings Bank.

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Inclosed find $..... to apply on Subscription Account.

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My Estimates of Vote for Governor in the Three States are:

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By Carrier.	1 mo	6 mos	12 mos
Daily only	.40	$2.25	$4.00
Daily and Sunday	.50	2.75	5.00
Sunday	.15	.75	1.00

COUNTRY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

By Mail.	1 mo	6 mos	12 mos
Daily only	.25	$1.50	$3.00
Daily and Sunday	.35	2.00	4.00
Sunday	...	.75	1.00

REMEMBER that the CAPITAL PRIZE is $10,000, and that there are 20 SPECIAL PRIZES of $1,000 each for EARLY ESTIMATES.

Send All Orders to THE ST. PAUL GLOBE, ST. PAUL, MINN.

CITY NEWS

WIELDED A CLUB TO RESENT INSULT

Woman Gashes the Head of an Offending Visitor.

Mrs. Ellen Shepard, who occupies, with her family, a few rooms on the third floor of the building at 48 East Seventh street, used forcible means last night to punish a man whom she said had tormented her. Her husband being away at work otu in Montana, she has been keeping house with her two shildren, and she claims two men have been annoying her. When they were coming up the stairs to the third floor last night she waited for them at the top, and when they appeared she struck one on the head a blow that sent him reeling down the stairs. The man received a cut on the head from which the blood flowed profusely.

Mrs. Shepard frankly admitted having struck the man. "He insulted me and I was obliged to do it," she said and told her reasons for her action.

When the man appeared on the street he was seen by Detective Fraser, who, after investigating the circumstances, sent him to the station in the patrol wagon. No charges were made against him when first sent up, but after the police had made a more thorough investigation he was placed under arrest and charged with disorderly conduct.

The man gave his name as Joe Doe, but it is said that his true name is William Paul. He refused to tell how he was injured. He was bailed out by his friends.

FUEL CONTRACT LET TO JONES-ADAMS COMPANY

Its Bid of 25 Cents a Cord for Wood Catches the Committee.

Somewhere in the mails between here and Chicago there is said to be a letter offering the St. Paul school board hard coal at $3.50 a ton. It is now paying $8.75 a ton.

This was a rumor flying about the city hall yesterday when the purchasing committee of the board met to place its annual contract for coal, but as nothing tangible was in evidence the members gave it no heed.

The contract for the season's coal, which amounts to about $36,000, was given to the Jones-Adams company, though not without some protest from the Holmes-McGaughey company, which contended that its prices on soft coal were the lowest.

The Jones-Adams company won the contract on its proposal to furnish wood fuel at 25 cents a cord. It was too good a thing to pass up and was accepted in a hurry. This price was contingent upon the company getting the entire coal contract.

Kills Woman and Himself.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Aug. 17.—Frank Shirtleff, an insurance agent, aged thirty, shot and killed Mrs. George Schofield at her home here today and then shot and killed himself. Shirtleff formerly boarded with Mrs. Schofield. Jealousy and unrequited love is presumed to have been the cause.

Slain by His Wife.

MONESSEN, Pa., Aug. 17.—Harry Lapresto, a well known Italian fruit merchant, is dead from a bullet wound in the abdomen fired from a revolver in the hands of his American wife, Ella Lapresto. Lapresto and his wife had been parted for several weeks, she claiming that he was unfaithful.

Charged With Stealing Wheels.

Special to The Globe.

WINONA, Minn., Aug. 17.—James Fitzgerald, an alleged bicycle thief, is in the city prison. It is charged that he stole three bicycles on Saturday, selling one for $2 and one for $4. He was arrested while attempting to sell the third wheel. The stolen wheels have all been returned to the owners.

R·I·P·A·N·S

The simplest remedy for indigestion, constipation, biliousness and the many ailments arising from a disordered stomach, liver or bowels is Ripans Tabules. They have accomplished wonders, and their timely aid removes the necessity of calling a physician for many little ills that beset mankind. They go straight to the seat of the trouble, relieve the distress, cleanse the affected parts, and give the system a general toning up. The five-cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion. The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year. All druggists sell them.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE